

# **ADSP Infrastructure Management Compliance Audit**

## **How-To Guide**

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# Document Conventions

The following graphical alerts are used in this document to indicate notable situations:

✓ **NOTE** This symbol indicates something of special interest or importance to the reader. Failure to read the note will not result in physical harm to the reader, equipment or data.

 **CAUTION** This symbol indicates that if this information is ignored, the possibility of data or material damage may occur.

 **WARNING!** This symbol indicates that if this information is ignored the possibility that serious personal injury may occur.



# 1 Introduction

It is important for network operators to have the ability to monitor their WLAN network to ensure unauthorized configuration changes aren't being made. Unauthorized configuration changes can result in security risk or WLAN performance deterioration. The problem is compounded when large scale WLAN networks are deployed or a customer has a multi-vendor WLAN deployment.

The audit feature in Infrastructure Management allows operators to check for inconsistencies in device configurations and take corrective action.

## 2 Requirements

### 2.1 License Requirements

Devices that need to be audited require the WLAN Management license (AD-IMDV-P-X) and the service support license (SWS-AD-IMDV-X-Y).

### 2.2 Supported Devices

The APs and sensors supported by ADSP are as follows:

- AP 6511
- AP 621, AP 6521
- AP 622, AP 6522, AP 6562
- AP 650, AP 6532
- AP 7131, AP 7161, AP 7181
- APs 7522, 7532 (9.1.2 or later)
- AP 7652 (standalone)
- AP 8122, AP 8132, AP 8163
- AP 8232 (with 3rd radio sensor module only)
- TW 511

For detailed descriptions and installation instructions for specific APs, refer to *ADSP Infrastructure Management Supported Devices* at the following URL: [www.zebra.com/support](http://www.zebra.com/support).

## 3 Setup

Follow these steps to set up the audit devices.

1. Apply the WLAN Management License:
  - a. Go to **Configuration > Appliance Platform > Appliance Licensing**.
  - b. Select **WLAN Management** and click on **License Assignments**.
  - c. Select the device for which you wish to assign licenses. In Figure 1, a RFS4000 and an AP650 are selected.

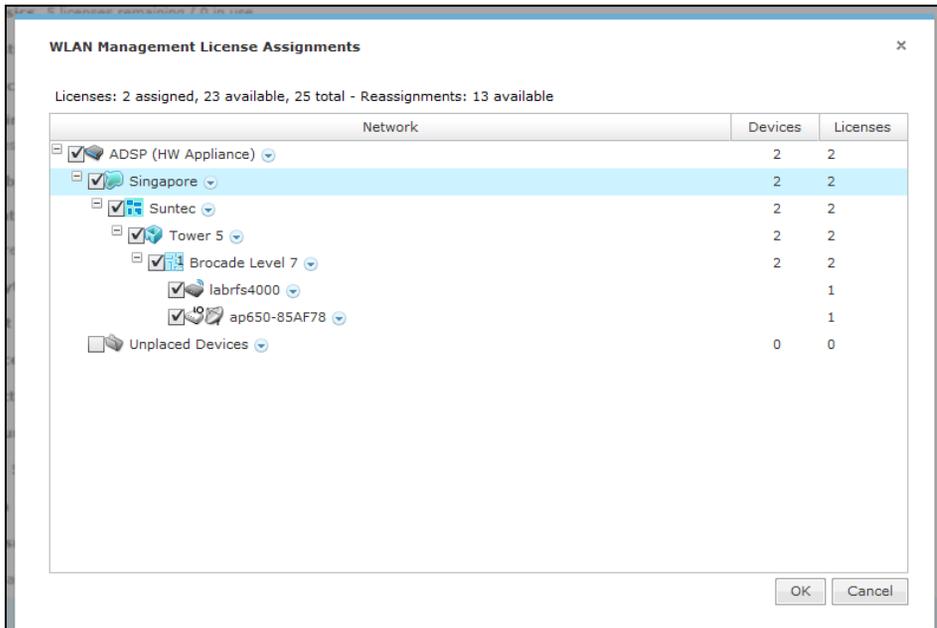
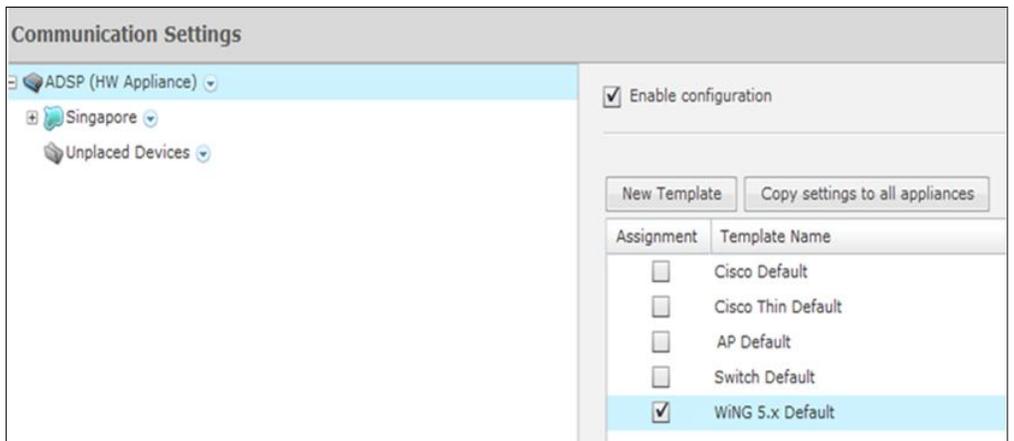


Figure 1: WLAN Management License Applied to RFS4000 and AP650

2. Configure the Communication settings between ADSP and the managed device.
  - a. Go to **Configuration > Communication Settings**.
  - b. Select **Enable Configuration** for the required scope.
  - c. Select an existing template or create a new one as required.
  - d. If WiNG 5.x is to be managed, select WiNG 5.x Default, as shown below:



**Figure 2: Assign the WiNG 5.x Default Template**

3. Select the template to be used and click **Edit** to configure the Configuration Settings Profile.



The screenshot shows a window titled "Communication Settings Profile" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The "Profile Name" field contains "WING S.x Default". Below this are three tabs: "SNMP", "Console", and "HTTP", with "SNMP" selected. Under the "SNMP" tab, there is a checked checkbox for "Enable SNMP settings". The "Versions" dropdown is set to "v2". The "Read Community" and "Write Community" fields both contain "\*\*\*\*\*". There is a "Display Passwords" checkbox which is unchecked. The "Port" field is "161", "Timeout in ms" is "300", and "Retries" is "3". The "User" field is empty. The "Auth Algorithm" and "Privacy Algorithm" are both set to "None", each with an associated "Passphrase" field that is empty. At the bottom right are "Save" and "Cancel" buttons.

**Figure 3: Communication Settings Profile**

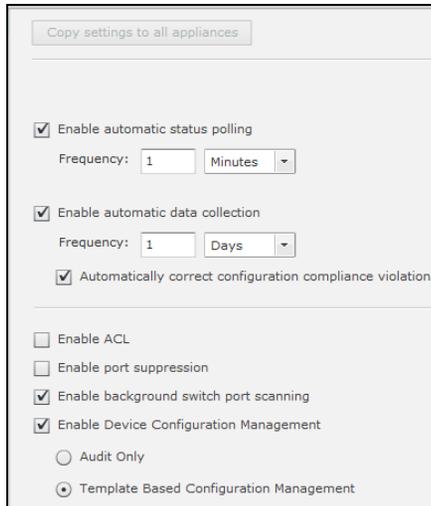
- a. Configure the SNMP and Console communication settings to match the SNMP and CLI settings on the device(s) to be managed.



**CAUTION** The SNMP and Console settings configured in ADSP must match the SNMP and Console settings on the managed device. For example, if ADSP is being used to manage a RFS controller and the RFS controller is using SNMP v2, then configure SNMP v2 in **Communication Settings** and enter the read/write community strings as defined in the RFS controller.

- b. Click **Save** when completed.

4. Enable Device Configuration Management.
  - a. Go to **Configuration > Appliance Platform > Polling**.
  - b. Select **Automatically correct configuration compliance violations** if you want ADSP to push a compliant configuration whenever a non-compliant configuration is detected on a target device. ADSP will check for compliance violations whenever it performs data collection.
  - c. Select **Enable Device Configuration Management**.
    - i. Select **Audit Only** if configuration management is not required.
    - ii. Select **Template Based Configuration Management** if configuration management is required.



Copy settings to all appliances

Enable automatic status polling  
Frequency:  Minutes

Enable automatic data collection  
Frequency:  Days

Automatically correct configuration compliance violations

Enable ACL

Enable port suppression

Enable background switch port scanning

Enable Device Configuration Management

Audit Only

Template Based Configuration Management

**Figure 4: Configuring an External Relay Server**

- ✓ **NOTE** Select **Template Based Configuration Management** if you want ADSP to change the configuration of a device from a non-compliant configuration to a compliant configuration.

- d. Click **Apply**.

2. Enable a relay server.
  - a. **Configuration > Appliance Platform > Relay Server.**
  - b. Select **Enable Configuration.**
  - c. Select **External Relay Server** if an external relay server is being used.

The screenshot shows the 'Relay Server' configuration page. At the top, there is a tab labeled 'Relay Server' and a dropdown menu for 'Import Parameters'. Below this, there is a section for 'ADSP' with a checked 'Enable configuration' checkbox and a 'Copy settings to all appliances' button. The configuration is set to 'External Relay Server' (radio button selected). The fields are: 'Upload / Download Host' (text input), 'Protocol' (dropdown menu showing 'FTP'), 'Path' (text input), 'Port' (text input showing '21'), 'Username' (text input), and 'Password' (text input). There is a 'Display Passwords' checkbox. At the bottom, there is a checkbox for 'Use a different server as the Appliance Relay Server (upload)' and a note: 'Static text describes NAT use case. This copy is for placement only.'

**Figure 5: Configuring an External Relay Server**

- i. Enter the download host name of the relay server ADSP uses to access and fetch device configurations. Normally, this is the IP address of the relay server.
- ii. Select a protocol from the dropdown menu (**FTP, TFTP, SFTP, SCP, HTTP, or HTTPS**).
- iii. Specify the path ADSP uses to download information. You should either leave the path blank or use root (/).
- iv. Define the port ADSP uses to connect to the relay server.
- v. Enter the username needed to update the relay server used by ADSP.
- vi. Enter the password required to update the relay server used by ADSP.

- 
- ✓ **NOTE** In networks where NAT is utilized, the relay server address might be different when being accessed by a device and when it is accessed by ADSP. In this case, select **Use a different host address for ADSP connection to relay server** and enter the required information.
- d. Select **Internal Relay Server** if the relay server in ADSP is being used.

## 4 Running an Audit

To audit a single device, select the device you want to audit.

1. Go to **Network > Show > Network Device**.
2. Select the device (s) which you want to audit.
3. Right-click and select **Device Polling > Audit**.

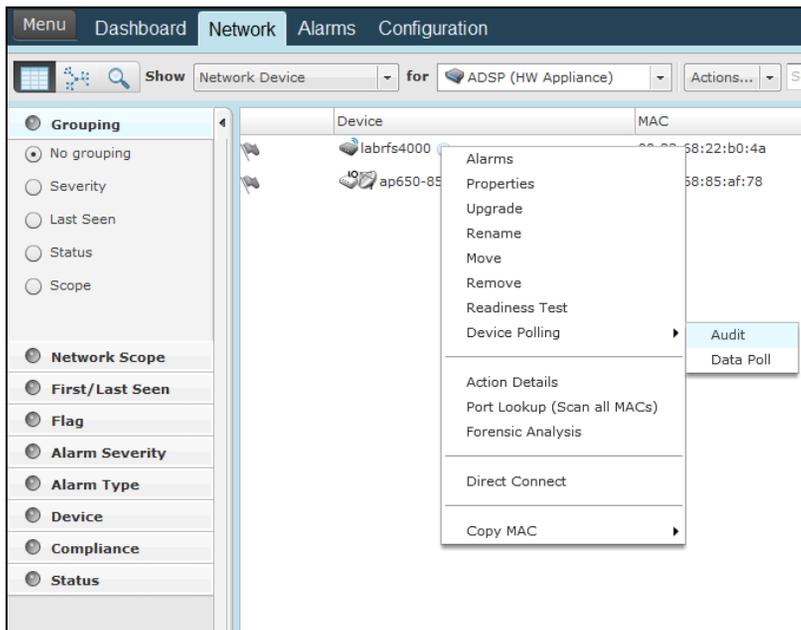
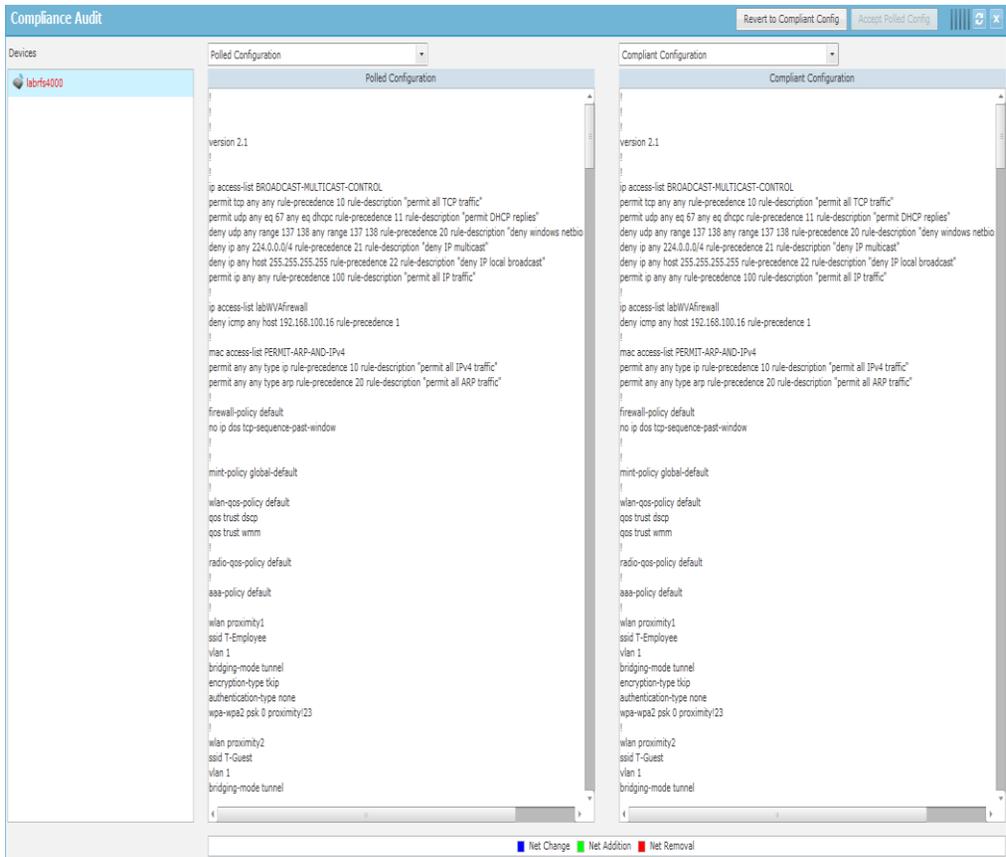


Figure 6: Running an Audit on a Single Device

To run an audit on multiple devices, select the devices and go to **Actions > Audit Devices**. The **Compliance Audit** screen is displayed.



**Figure 7: Compliance Audit Display Screen**

**Device Column**—the first column in the Compliance Audit screen shows the devices on which the audit was run. Devices highlighted in red are devices whose polled configuration is different from the compliant configuration.

If you select the drop down box above column 2 or column 3, you will see two or four options depending on whether you enabled **Template Based Configuration Management**. The four options are as follows:

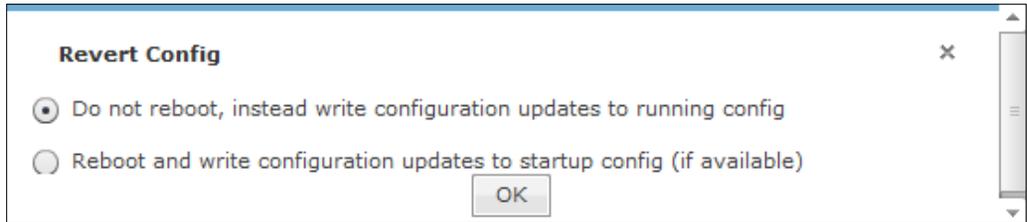
- **Polled Configuration**—this is the configuration polled from the target device. It is the device’s running-configuration.

- **Compliant Configuration**—this is the compliant configuration for the target device. ADSP sets the compliant configuration as follows:
  - When ADSP polls a device for the first time, the polled configuration is set to compliant configuration. Subsequently, you must manually **Accept Polled Configuration** as Compliant Configuration.
  - When ADSP pushes a CLI Template configuration to a target device, this configuration is set to compliant configuration.

The next two options are seen only if **Template Based Configuration Management** is selected. Select these options if you have created a CLI Template for WLAN Management. (**Configuration > Infrastructure Management > CLI Configuration**)

- **Generated Configuration**—this is the configuration generated by ADSP from the CLI Template created for the target device. The expansion/extraction variables in the CLI Template are replaced by corresponding CLI commands.
- **Configuration Template**—this is the configuration template set in CLI Configuration for the target device. If expansion/extraction variables are used in the CLI template, they are not replaced by corresponding CLI commands and are displayed as is. Inspect configuration differences by following these steps:
  1. Select one of the configurations from the drop down menu in column 2.
  2. Select one of the configurations from the drop down menu in column 3.
  3. Scroll down column 2 / column 3 to inspect differences between the 2 configurations selected. Usually, the polled configuration is compared to compliant configuration to check why a device is non-compliant.

To resolve configuration differences, click **Revert to Compliant Configuration** to override the polled configuration and push the compliant configuration to the target device. You will see the following alert:



**Figure 8: Revert Config Alert**

1. Select option 1 “Do not reboot...” if you want to overwrite the running-configuration. This will not reboot the target device.
2. Select option 2 “Reboot and write ...” if you want to overwrite the startup-configuration. This will reboot the target device.
3. Click on **Accept Polled Config** if you want do not want to make any change to the device configuration and want to set the polled configuration as the new compliant configuration.

## 5 Alarms

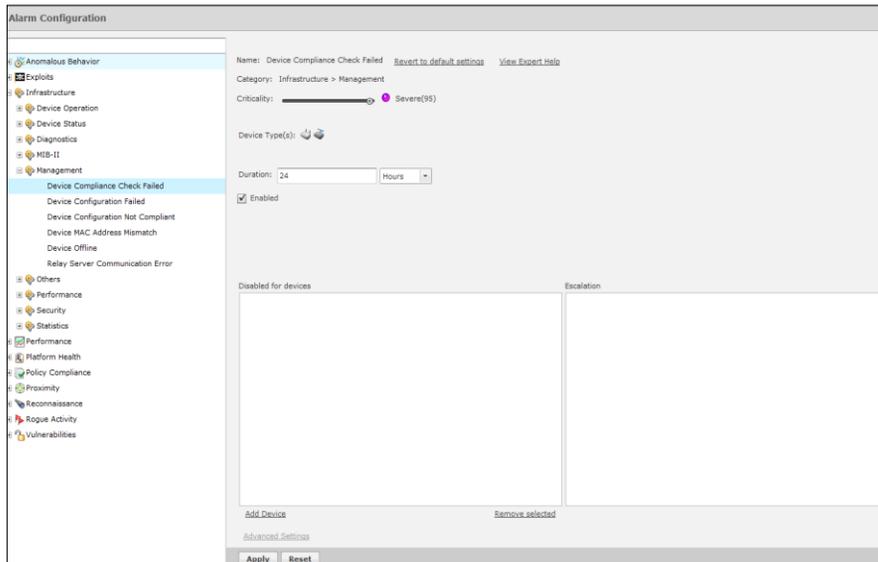
Two alarms (related to Audit) are raised by ADSP. These are as follows:

- **Device Compliance Check Failed:** Raised when ADSP is unable to run an audit on a device.
- **Device Configuration Not Compliant:** Raised when ADSP detects a non-compliant configuration on a device.

### 5.1 Alarm Configuration

Follow these steps to configure an alarm:

1. Go to Configuration >Operational Management >Alarm Configuration.
2. Expand Infrastructure >Management.
3. Select one of the audit alarms.



**Figure 9: Device Compliance Check Failed Alarm Configuration**

4. Customize Alarm Configuration: For most customers, the default alarm configuration is acceptable. However, if you need to customize the alarm configuration follow these steps:
  - a. Uncheck the **Enabled** box to disable the alarm.
  - b. Change the criticality of the alarm as required.
  - c. Change the **Duration** of the alarm as required. Duration refers to the amount of time the alarm will remain active in ADSP.
  - d. Add the devices for which the alarm needs to be disabled.
  - e. Click on **Revert to Default Settings** to reset the alarm configuration to default settings.

## 5.2 View Alarm in Alarms tab.

Below is a screenshot of the audit alarm as displayed in the **Alarms** tab:

Criticality	Alarm Type	Device	Start Time	Status
Severe(95)	Device Configuration Not Compliant	labrfs4000	Fri Aug 10 2012 12:49:00 PM	Inactive (expires in 22:50)

**Figure 10: Example of an Audit Alarm**

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## 6 Reports

The WLAN Infrastructure Status report is an Infrastructure Management canned report which provides information related to device audits. To run the report:

1. Go to **Menu > Reports**.
2. Scroll down to **Infrastructure Management Reports**.
3. Click on **WLAN Infrastructure Status**.
4. Select the date range and scope for which the report should be run.
5. Enter an email address if the report is to be sent via email.
6. Click **Run Report**. You will see the generated report. The following audit related information is contained in the report:
  - a. Configuration Compliance Failures
  - b. Historical Switch Audit Compliance Failure Details
  - c. Historical Compliance Audit Failures
  - d. Top Occurrences of Infrastructure Alarms
  - e. Top Criticalities Infrastructure Alarms.







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