

# **Customer Release Notes**

# S-Series® and S-Series® Standalone Firmware Version 8.62.02.0023 March 2017

# **INTRODUCTION:**

This document provides specific information for version 08.62.02.0023 of firmware for the S155, S150 and S130 class of S-Series Modules and the S-Series Standalone (SSA) 1RU chassis. The S155/S150 and S130 modules may be installed in the S8, S6, S4 and S1 chassis. The S130 class I/O modules may also be installed in the S3 chassis. This version of firmware supports the following S-Series chassis and SSA switches:

S155 Class Modules			
SK5208-0808-F6	ST5206-0848-F6	SG5201-0848-F6	
S150 Class Modules and SS	SAs	_	
SK1208-0808-F6	ST1206-0848-F6	SG1201-0848-F6	SK1008-0816
ST1206-0848	SG1201-0848	SSA-T1068-0652	SSA-G1018-0652
S130 Class Modules and SS	SAs		
ST4106-0248	SG4101-0248	ST4106-0348-F6	SSA-T4068-0252
Option Modules			
SOK1208-0102	SOK1208-0104	SOK1208-0204	SOG1201-0112
SOT1206-0112	SOK2208-0102	SOK2208-0104	SOK2208-0204
SOK2209-0204	SOG2201-0112	SOT2206-0112	SOGK2218-0212
SOTK2268-0212			

Extreme Networks recommends that you thoroughly review this document prior to installing or upgrading this product.

For the latest firmware versions, visit: <a href="http://support.extremenetworks.com/">http://support.extremenetworks.com/</a>

# PRODUCT FIRMWARE SUPPORT:

Status	Firmware Version	Product Type	Release Date
Current Version	8.62.02.0023	Customer Release	March 2017
Previous Version	8.62.01.0035	Customer Release	October 2016
Previous Version	8.61.02.0002	Customer Release	August 2016
Previous Version	8.61.01.0019	Customer Release	May 2016
Previous Version	8.42.03.0007	Customer Release	April 2016
Previous Version	8.42.02.0013	Customer Release	January 2016
Previous Version	8.42.01.0008	Customer Release	October 2015

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 1 of 121

Status	Firmware Version	Product Type	Release Date
Previous Version	8.41.01.0005	Customer Release	September 2015
Previous Version	8.32.02.0009	Customer Release	May 2015
Previous Version	8.32.01.0022	Customer Release	March 2015
Previous Version	8.31.03.0002	Customer Release	January 2015
Previous Version	8.31.02.0015	Customer Release	November 2014
Previous Version	8.31.01.0005	Customer Release	September 2014
Previous Version	8.22.03.0007	Customer Release	July 2014
Previous Version	8.22.02.0011	Customer Release	June 2014
Previous Version	8.22.01.0023	Customer Release	April 2014
Previous Version	8.21.03.0003	Customer Release	February 2014
Previous Version	8.21.02.0002	Customer Release	December 2013
Previous Version	8.11.05.0007	Customer Release	December 2013
Previous Version	8.11.04.0006	Customer Release	October 2013
Previous Version	8.11.03.0006	Customer Release	August 2013
Previous Version	8.11.02.0002	Customer Release	July 2013
Previous Version	8.11.01.0015	Customer Release	June 2013
Previous Version	8.02.01.0012	Customer Release	March 2013

The current image does not support the S180/S140 and SSA180/SSA150A classes. An alternate image is available for mixed class configurations that include the S140/S180 and S130/S150/S155 classes and SSA180/SSA150A and SSA130/SSA150 classes.

# HIGH AVAILABILITY UPGRADE (HAU) FW COMPATIBILITY:

This version will be HAU compatible with any future release whose HAU compatibility key is:

eb01a23b04b81c318448cc12185b1c523c714aa8

(The HAU key is reported using the CLI command 'dir images').

In an effort to reduce out of service time as much as possible for customers, HAU key changes are kept at a minimum. When HAU keys must change within a period of 18 months, maintenance releases will be available for the previous release. A maintenance release for the 8.4X train will be posted shortly after 8.61.01 is posted.

# **HARDWARE COMPATIBILITY:**

This version of firmware is supported on all hardware revisions.

# **BOOT PROM COMPATIBILITY:**

This version of firmware is compatible with all boot prom versions.

# **INSTALLATION INFORMATION:**

# Installing an I/O or I/O Fabric Module

When installing a new S130/S150/S155 type module to an existing system, the system's operating firmware image needs to be compatible with the new module. It is recommended that the system be upgraded prior to installation. If the system isn't upgraded prior to the installation, the new module may not complete initialization and join the rest of the chassis. It remains in a halted state until the running chassis is upgraded to a compatible firmware version.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 2 of 121

**Modules Minimum FW Version Required:** 

S155 Class		S150 Class		S130 Class	
SK5208-0808-F6		SK1208-0808-F6		ST4106-0348-F6	
ST5206-0848-F6	07.21.02.0002	ST1206-0848-F6		ST4106-0248	07.02.02.0002
SG5201-0848-F6		SG1201-0848-F6	07.01.01.000	SG4101-0248	
		SK1008-0816	07.01.01.000X		
		ST1206-0848			
		SG1201-0848			

Option Modules			
Ser	ies 1	Serie	es 2
SOK1208-0102		SOK2208-0102	
SOK1208-0104		SOK2208-0104	
SOK1208-0204	07.01.01.000X	SOK2208-0204	07.72.01.0021
SOG1201-0112		SOG2201-0112	07.72.01.0021
SOT1206-0112		SOT2206-0112	
	*Modules support MACsec		
*Modules su			08.02.01.0012
		*SOK2209-0204	08.42.02.0013

# Multislot Chassis Minimum FW Version Required:

Multislot Chassis		
S8-Chassis		
S8-Chassis-POE4		
S8-Chassis-POE8		
S4-Chassis	07.01.01.000X	
S4-Chassis-POE4		
S3-Chassis		
S3-Chassis-POE4		
S3-Chassis-A	07 72 01 0021	
S3-Chassis-POEA	07.72.01.0021	
S6-Chassis	07.22.04.0002	
S6-Chassis-POE4	07.22.01.0002	
S1-Chassis	07.73.01.0003	
S1-Chassis-A	08.11.01.0014	

# Matrix S Standalone Series (SSA) Modules Minimum FW Required:

SSA Class		
SSA-T4068-0252		
SSA-T1068-0652	07.01.01.000X	
SSA-G1018-0652		

# **Matrix S Power Supplies Series:**

S-AC-PS	07.01.01.000X	
S-AC-PS-15A	07.42.02.0002	

# **System Behavior**

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

The S-Series I/O modules when combined in a chassis selects a master module to control the overall management of the system. All information that the master module controls is distributed to all modules in the chassis. In the event that the master module is unable to continue the management task, another module automatically assumes responsibility for answering management queries and distributing system information.

If a new module is inserted into the system, the new module inherits all system parameters and all firmware files stored on each module in the system. Any firmware files stored on the new device, which are not common to the

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system, are automatically removed. If the new module does not have a copy of the current system's boot image, it is automatically upgraded, and then the module re-initializes and joins the system.

**NOTE:** If the new module requires a newer firmware image than the image running in the chassis, the master module MUST be upgraded to the newer firmware before inserting the new module. If the system isn't upgraded prior to the installation, the new module does not complete initialization and join the rest of the chassis. It remains in a halted state until the running chassis is upgraded to a compatible firmware version.

The system treats the following conditions as if a new module (I/O or I/O fabric module) has been installed:

- Moving module from one slot to another
- Moving module to another chassis
- If an Option Module is added or removed from a blade\* (see Option Module Behavior table below)

Configuration may be cleared for other reasons including (but not limited to):

- DIP switch 7
- CLI command
- MIB manipulation

If a module needs to be replaced, it inherits all the configuration settings of the previous module if the new module is an exact replacement of model number, slot number, and Option Module (if one was previously installed). Any configuration files that were stored in the file system of the newly inserted module are not deleted and are available to reconfigure the system.

# **Option Module Behavior:**

Original HW Configuration	New Hardware Configuration	Resulting Action
No Option Module	Option Module	No configuration change
Option Module	No Option Module	No configuration change
Option Module Rev. X	Option Module Rev. Y	No configuration change
Option Module Type A	Option Module Type B	Option Module configuration cleared

If configuration exists for an Option Module (or its ports) that configuration remains after the Option Module is removed until one of the preceding clearing events takes place. This means an Option Module could be removed, RMA-ed, and then replaced with a like type and the configuration for those ports is restored, even if the board is used without the Option Module in the interim.

# **MAC Address Capacity**

128K MAC addresses are supported.

## **Multi-slot Chassis User Capacities**

Each of the empty S-Series chassis (S1/S3/S4/S6/S8 and the POE variants) has a user capacity entitlement of 1024 users. The chassis combines its user capacity with the user capacity of the blades installed in the chassis to derive the total user capacity for the populated chassis.

# **Maximum User Capacity:**

Chassis Type	Maximum User Capacity	
S8-Chassis		
S8-Chassis-POE4	9,216 (9K)	
S8-Chassis-POE8		
S6-Chassis	C 122 (CV)	
S6-Chassis-POE4	6,122 (6K)	

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 4 of 121

Chassis Type	Maximum User Capacity
S4-Chassis	5,120 (5K)
S4-Chassis-POE4	5,120 (5N)
S3-Chassis	
S3-Chassis-POE4	2,560 (2.5K)
S3-Chassis-A	(S130 Class)
S3-Chassis-POEA	
S1-Chassis	8,192 (8K)
S1-Chassis-A	*Licensed

# S150/S155 Class modules Multi-user Capacities

Each of the S150 modules contributes 1024 users to the overall chassis capacity. Each S150/S155 class module has unrestricted access to the entire system user capacity. This allows for up to the entire system's user capacity to be consumed on a single port.

## S130 Class modules Multi-user Capacities

Each of the S130 modules contributes 512 users to the overall chassis capacity. Each S130 class module has restricted access to the user capacity based on port type.

Each S130 high density 10/100/1000Mb copper port supports up to 8 authenticated users per port. This applies to the ST4106-0248 module and SOT1206-0112 option module. Each S130 high density SFP port supports up to 8 authenticated users per port. This applies to the SG4101-0248 module.

Uplink ports installed on the S130 modules, defined as modular SFP, 10 Gbps, and 100Mb FX ports, support up to 128 authenticated users per port. This includes modules:

Series 1 Option Modules	Series 2 Option Modules
SOK1208-0102	SOK2208-0102
SOK1208-0104	SOK2208-0104
SOK1208-0204	SOK2208-0204
SOG1201-0112	SOG2201-0112
	SOGK2218-0212
	SOTK2268-0212
	SOK2209-0204

# **SSA User Capacities:**

Chassis Type	Default User Capacity	Licensed User Capacity
SSA-T4068-0252	512	1K
SSA-T1068-0652	2K	4K
SSA-G1018-0652	2K	4K

# S130 Class SSA Multi-user Capabilities

The S130 SSA supports a total capacity of 512 users. The S130 SSA has restricted access to the user capacity based on port type. The S130 high density 10/100/1000Mb copper port supports up to 8 authenticated users per port. Uplink SFP+ ports on the S130 SSA support up to 128 authenticated users per port. 802.3 LAG ports support 128 users. This applies to model number SSA-T4068-0252.

An 'S-EOS-PPC' license can be used to remove the per port restrictions, allowing unrestricted access to the total 512-user capacity.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 5 of 121

# **S150 Class SSA Multi-user Capacities**

Each of the S150 SSAs supports a total capacity of 2048 users. Each S150 SSA has unrestricted access to the entire user capacity. This allows up to the entire system's user capacity to be consumed on a single port. This applies to model numbers, SSA-T1068-0652 and SSA-G1018-0652.

# **SSA User Capacity Upgrade License**

An optional user capacity upgrade license is available for the SSA. The SSA-EOS-2XUSER license doubles the user capacity of the SSA it is installed on.

- In the \$130 class, the default capacity is increased from 512 to 1,024 user per SSA.
- In the SSA150 class, the default is increased from 2,048 to 4,096 users per SSA.

The license, when applied to the SSAS130 class, also removes the per port user restrictions, allowing for the entire capacity of the device to be authenticated on a single port.

# **Multi-user Capacities Licensing**

An optional license for the S1-Chassis and S1-ChassisA is available. The S1-EOS-USER User Capacity license can be applied to the S1 and allows the chassis to support up to 8K users in total.

An optional license for the S130 Class is available. The S-EOS-PPC license removes the per-port user capacity restriction, allowing access to the entire system capacity. The S-EOS-PPC license is applied to a module and is required if the default port user capacities on that module are to be exceeded.

# S-EOS-PPC - Port Capacities License

A license is required for each S130 module requiring additional port user capacity.

The license removes the per-port restriction of 8 or 128 users per port for a specified module.

Users per port increases to the system capacity, with a default value of 256 users/port.

When present, the PPC license defaults the user capacity at 256 users per port. This value can be overridden using the CLI command 'set multiauth port numusers' and increased to the maximum allowable by the system.

# **Port Mirroring**

The S-Series device provides support for 15 mirrors.

A mirror could be a:

- "One-to-one" port mirror
- "One-to-many" port mirror
- "Many-to-one" port mirror
- IDS mirror\*
- Policy mirror\*\*
- Remote Port Mirror
- Mirror N Packet mirror

For the "one-to-many", there is no limit to the amount of destination ports.

For the "many-to-one," there is no limit to the amount of source ports.

For the port mirror case, the source ports(s) can be a physical port or VLAN.

The port and VLAN mirror function does not mirror error frames.

\* Support for no more than 1 IDS mirror. An IDS mirror can have up to 10 destination ports in it. (Note the major change from 6.X series FW on the N-Series—an IDS mirror now takes only one mirror resource. This allows support for an IDS mirror and 14 other active mirrors.)

Note that the preceding examples show the number and types of mirrors we support, as well as how they can be used concurrently. The mirror configurations are not limited to these examples.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

<sup>\*\*</sup> Destination ports of a policy mirror can be single or multiple (no limit) ports.

Remote Port Mirrors are supported and provide the ability to send port mirror traffic to a remote destination across the IP network. Traffic is encapsulated in a L2 GRE tunnel and can be routed across the network. (Licensed Feature).

#### **Class of Service**

Class of Service (CoS) is supported with and without policy enabled. Policy provides access to classes 8–255. Without policy, classes 0–7 are available.

# **Class of Service Support**

- Supports up to 256 Classes of Service
- ToS rewrite
- 802.1D/P Priority
- S150/S130 Class, 12 Transmit Queues per port (1 reserved for control-plane traffic)
- S155 Class, 16 Transmit Queues per port (1 reserved for control-plane traffic)
  - Queues support Strict, WFQ, and Hybrid Arbitration
  - o All queues support rate-shaping
- 32 Inbound-Rate-Limiters per port (\$130-class 10/100/1000 ports support 24)
- 16 Outbound-Rate-Limiters per port (\$130-class 10/100/1000 ports support 4)
- Support for Flood-Limiting controls for Broadcast, Multicast, and Unknown Unicast per port.
- Management
  - Support for Enterasys CoS MIB

# Link Aggregation (LAG)

The S-Series chassis, S1/S3/S4/S8, supports a total of 190 LAGs per chassis with up to 64 ports per LAG. The SSA products support up to 62 LAGs per SSA with up to 64 ports per LAG.

#### Multi-User 802.1X

Authentication of multiple 802.1X clients on a single port is supported. This feature only operates correctly when the intermediate switch forwards EAP frames, regardless of destination MAC address (addressed to either unicast or reserve multicast MAC addresses).

To be standards compliant, a switch is required to filter frames with the reserved multicast DA. To be fully multiuser 802.1X compatible, the intermediary switch must either violate the standard by default or offer a configuration option to enable the non-standard behavior. Some switches may require the Spanning Tree Protocol to be disabled to activate pass-through.

Use of a non-compatible intermediary switch results in the 802.1X authenticator missing multicast destined users' logoff and login messages. Systems used by multiple consecutive users remain authenticated as the original user until the re-authentication period has expired.

The multi-user 802.1X authenticator must respond to EAP frames with directed (unicast) responses. It must also challenge new user MAC addresses discovered by the multi-user authentication/policy implementation.

Compatible supplicants include Microsoft Window XP/2000/Vista, Symantec Sygate Security Agent, and Check Point Integrity Client. Other supplicants may be compatible.

The enterasys-8021x-extensions-mib and associated CLI are required to display and manage multiple users (stations) on a single port.

# **Power over Ethernet Controller Code Upgrade**

Each release of S-Series firmware contains within it a copy of PoE microcontroller code. This code is installed in the microcontroller's flash memory system any time the S-Series boots and discovers the installed code is not the appropriate version. When up- or down-grading S-Series firmware, you may experience an additional delay in PoE delivery of a few minutes while this upgrade step completes.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 7 of 121

# Features, Scale, and Capacity

Each release of S-Series firmware contains specific features and associated capacities or limits. The CLI command "show limits" provides a detailed description of the features and capacity limits available on your specific hardware with its current licensing. Use this command for a complete list of capacities for this release.

# Router Capacities (Brief)

ARP Entries (per router/per chassis)	65,000
Static ARP Entries	1,024
IPv4: Route Table Entries – RIB (S155)	1,600,000
IPv4: Route Table Entries – RIB (S130/S150, SSA130/SSA150)	100,000
IPV4: Route Table Entries - FIB	800,000
IPv6: Route Table Entries – RIB (S155)	128,000
IPv6: Route Table Entries – RIB (S130/S150, SSA130/SSA150)	25,000
IPV6: Route Table Entries - FIB	100,000
IPv4: Router interfaces	1,024
IPv6: Router interfaces	256
OSPF Areas	16
OSPF LSA(s)	50,000
OSPF Neighbors	60
Static Routes	2,048
RIP Routes	3,000
Configured RIP Nets	300
VRRP Interfaces	1,024
Routed Interfaces	1,024
ACLs	1,000
-Access Rules	5,000
-Access Rules – Per ACL	5,000
Policy Based Routing Entries	100
ECMP Paths	8
Static VRFs (S150/S155 Class)	128/256
Dynamic VRFs (S150/S155 Class)	64/128
Static VRFs (Licensed S130 Class)	128
Dynamic VRFs (Licensed S130 Class)	16
Router Links in Area	100
Secondaries per Interface	128
Secondary Interfaces per Router	2,048
IP Helper addresses (per router/ per interface)	5,120/20

# **Multicast Capacities**

IGMP/MLD Static Entries	64
IGMP/MLD *,G and S,G Groups <sup>1</sup>	64K
IGMP/MLD Snooping Flow Capacity(SSAs/S130 Class)	8K
IGMP/MLD Snooping Flow Capacity (S150/S155 Class)	16K
Multicast Routing (PIM/DVMRP flows) (SSAs/S130 Class)	8K
Multicast Routing (PIM/DVMRP flows) (S150/S155 Class)	16K
Multicast Routing (PIM/DVMRP flows) (S150/S155 Class)	8K
When Virtual Switch Bonded in a S4, S6 or S8 chassis	ON.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

IGMP/MLD Clients <sup>2</sup>	64K

- Group entries may be consumed for each egress VLAN of a routed flow.
- A client is defined as a reporter subscribing to a \*, G or S, G group, or sourcing a multicast flow.

# **DHCP Capacities**

DHCP Server Leases	5,000
DHCP Pools	100

# **TWCB Capacities**

Bindings (SSA S150 Class)	131,072
Bindings (S150/S155 Class)	131,072
Caches	500
Server Farms	50
WebCaches	50

# **LSNAT Capacities**

LSNAT Bindings (SSA S150 Class)	131,072
LSNAT Bindings (S150/S155 Class)	131,072
SLB Real Server IPs (S150/S155)	500
SLB Real Server IPs (SSA150)	640
SLB Server Farms	320
VIP Addresses	1,000
SLB Virtual Servers	500
Sticky Entries (SSA S150 Class)	131,072
Sticky Entries (S150/S155 Class)	65,536

# **NAT Capacities**

Bindings (SSA S150 Class)	131,072
Bindings (S150/S155 Class)	131,072
IP Addresses	2,000
Source List Rules	10
Address Pools	10
Dynamic Port Mapped Addresses	20
Static Translation Rules	1,000
Translation Protocol Rules	50

# **Shortest Path Bridging**

SPBv	Up to 100 VLANs mapped	Up to 100 SPBv nodes
(constrained by 4094 VLANs)	as base VIDs	in SPB region

# **Tunneling Capacities**

Total Number of Tunnels (S155)	62
Total Number of Tunnels (S150/S130)	62
Total Number of Tunners (3130/3130)	*Licensed
Total Number of Tunnels (SSA150(A)/SSA130)	62
Total Number of Turners (33A130(A)/33A130)	*Licensed

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 9 of 121

## **SDN Mode Capacities**

OpenFlow Capacities	S180 or S155 Fabric in an S1-CHASSIS, SSA180, or SSA150A only	
OpenFlow Tables	256 – each for general purpose	
Maximum Number of Flows	500,000 <sup>1</sup>	
Changes to Scale of Traditional Forwarding Methods when Using SDN Mode		
IPv4: Route Table Entries (RIB)	16K	
IPv4: Route Table Entries (FIB)	16K	
IPv6: Route Table Entries (RIB)	16K	
IPv6: Route Table Entries (FIB)	16K	
ARP Entries (per router / per chassis)	16K	
LS-NAT Bindings	1K	
NAT Bindings	1K	

Some of the limits listed in the tables above may **not** be enforced by the firmware and may cause unknown results if exceeded.

## **License Features**

The S-EOS-L3-S130 license adds VRF, BGP and tunneling features to the S130 class of hardware. A single license is required per chassis or SSA. The license is applicable to:

- S130 class SSA
- S3 chassis (using S130 I/O modules)
- The S1, S4, S6 and S8 chassis using the S130 Class fabrics or a combination of S150 and S130 Class fabrics (The VRF functionality in the S150 class is included without the need for a license.)

The S-EOS-L3-S150 license adds GRE tunnel support to the S150 Class of hardware. This license will be extended in the future to add additional tunneling options. The S155 class supports these features without the need for the license.

SSA-EOS-2XUSER license doubles the default user capacity of the SSA. In the S130 class, the default capacity will be increased from 512 to 1024 users/SSA and the per port restrictions will be removed allowing for the entire user capacity to be consumed on a single port. In an SSA150 class the default will be increased from 2,048 to 4,096 users per SSA.

S1-EOS-USER S1/S1A User Capacity License - User Capacity license allows support up to 8,000 users. Used for single fabric systems installed in S1/S1A chassis.

S-EOS-Flow - Flow capacity license for SSA/Purview appliance 10G ports to allow 1M flows per CoreFlow2 ASIC. Applicable to 10G ports only, see port to ASIC mapping.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Flow installation times will vary. Please speak with your Extreme Networks representative to set appropriate expectations for OpenFlow capacities based on your application.

The MACsec licenses are applied a on a per module basis (not per chassis) and require a unique license per module when using MACsec. There is a hardware dependency required to support MACsec. The table below describes the capable hardware.

Model Number	Description	Notes
SOTK2268-0212	S-Series Option Module (Type2) - 10 Ports 10/100/1000BASE-T via RJ45 with PoE and 2 ports 10GBASE-X via SFP+ (Compatible with Type2 option slots) SFP+ports are MACSec capable	10Gb Ports only
SOK2209-0204	S-Series Option Module (Type2) - 4 Ports 10GBASE-T with PoE (802.3at) (Compatible with Type2 option slots), MACSec capable	

#### MACsec License:

S-EOS-MACSEC – MACsec license for 1Gb S-Series modules and modules with MACsec capable uplinks.

# **Virtual Switch Bonding Licenses**

SSA-EOS-VSB S-Series SSA Virtual Switch Bonding License Upgrade, (For use on SSA Only)

S-EOS-VSB S-Series Multi-slot chassis Virtual Switch Bonding License Upgrade, (For use on S130/S150

Class Modules and S140/S180 Class Modules without Hardware VSB ports)

S1-EOS-VSB S-Series S1 Chassis Virtual Switch Bonding License Upgrade, (For use on S1-Chassis Only)

# **NETWORK MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE:**

NMS	Version No.
NetSight Suite	6.1 or greater

**NOTE:** If you install this image, you may not have control of all the latest features of this product until the next version(s) of network management software. Review the software release notes for your specific network.

# **PLUGGABLE PORTS SUPPORTED:**

#### 100Mb Optics:

SFP Optics	Description
MGBIC-N-LC04	100 Mb, 100Base-FX, IEEE 802.3 MM, 1310 nm Long Wave Length, 2 Km, LC SFP
MGBIC-LC04	100 Mb, 100Base-FX, IEEE 802.3 MM, 1310 nm Long Wave Length, 2 Km, LC SFP
MGBIC-LC05	100 Mb, 100Base-LX10, IEEE 802.3 SM, 1310 nm Long Wave Length, 10 Km, LC SFP
MGBIC-100BT	100 Mb, 100BASE-T Copper twisted pair, 100 m, RJ45 SFP

## 1Gb Optics:

MGBICs	Description
MGBIC-LC01	1 Gb, 1000Base-SX, IEEE 802.3 MM, 850 nm Short Wave Length, 220/550 M, LC SFP
MGBIC-LC03	1 Gb, 1000Base-SX-LX/LH, MM, 1310 nm Long Wave Length, 2 Km, LC SFP
MGBIC-LC07	1 Gb, 1000Base-EZX, IEEE 802.3 SM, 1550 nm Long Wave Length, 110 Km, LC SFP
WIGDIC-LCO7	(Extended Long Reach)
MGBIC-LC09	1 Gb, 1000Base-LX, IEEE 802.3 SM, 1310 nm Long Wave Length, 10 Km, LC SFP
MGBIC-MT01	1 Gb, 1000Base-SX, IEEE 802.3 MM, 850 nm Short Wave Length, 220/550 M, MTRJ SFP
MGBIC-02 <sup>2</sup>	1 Gb, 1000Base-T, IEEE 802.3 Cat5, Copper Twisted Pair, 100 m, RJ 45 SFP

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 100Mb speed is also supported for MGBIC-02 on S-Series & K-Series.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 11 of 121

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MGBICs	Description
MGBIC-08	1 Gb, 1000Base-LX/LH, IEEE 802.3 SM, 1550 nm Long Wave Length, 80 km, LC SFP
MGBIC-BX10-U	1 Gb, 1000Base-BX10-U Single Fiber SM, Bidirectional 1310nm Tx / 1490nm Rx, 10 km,
WIGDIC-DX10-0	Simplex LC SFP (must be paired with MGBIC-BX10-D)
MGBIC-BX10-D	1 Gb, 1000Base-BX10-D Single Fiber SM, Bidirectional, 1490nm Tx / 1310nm Rx, 10 km,
MIGDIC-DX10-D	Simplex LC SFP (must be paired with MGBIC-BX10-U)
MGBIC-BX40-U	1 Gb, 1000Base-BX40-U Single Fiber SM, Bidirectional, 1310nm Tx / 1490nm Rx, 40 km,
WIGBIC-BX40-0	Simplex LC SFP (must be paired with MGBIC-BX40-D)
MGBIC-BX40-D	1 Gb, 1000Base-BX40-D Single Fiber SM, Bidirectional, 1490nm Tx / 1310nm Rx, 40 km,
WIGBIC-BX40-D	Simplex LC SFP (must be paired with MGBIC-BX40-U)
MGBIC-BX120-U	1 Gb, 1000Base-BX120-U Single Fiber SM, Bidirectional, 1490nm Tx / 1590nm Rx, 120 km,
IVIGDIC-DX12U-U	Simplex LC SFP (must be paired with MGBIC-BX120-D)
MGBIC-BX120-D	1 Gb, 1000Base-BX120-D Single Fiber SM, Bidirectional, 1590nm Tx / 1490nm Rx, 120 km,
INIGDIC-DX120-D	Simplex LC SFP (must be paired with MGBIC-BX120-U)

# 10Gb Optics:

SFP+ Optics	Description	
10GB-SR-SFPP	10 Gb, 10GBASE-SR, IEEE 802.3 MM, 850 nm Short Wave Length, <b>33/82 m</b> , LC SFP+	
10GB-LR-SFPP	10 Gb, 10GBASE-LR, IEEE 802.3 SM, 1310 nm Long Wave Length, 10 km, LC SFP+	
10GB-ER-SFPP	10 Gb, 10GBASE-ER, IEEE 802.3 SM, 1550 nm Long Wave Length, 40 km, LC SFP+	
10GB-LRM-SFPP	10 Gb, 10GBASE-LRM, IEEE 802.3 MM, 1310 nm Short Wave Length, 220 m, LC SFP+	
10GB-ZR-SFPP	10 Gb, 10GBASE-ZR, SM, 1550 nm, <b>80 km</b> , LC SFP+	
10GB-USR-SFPP	10Gb, 10GBASE-USR MM 850nm, LC SFP+	
10GB-SRSX-SFPP	10Gb / 1Gb DUAL RATE, MM 850nm 10GBASE-SR / 1000BASE-SX, LC SFP+	
10GB-LRLX-SFPP	10Gb / 1Gb DUAL RATE, SM 1310nm 10GBASE-LR / 1000BASE-LX, 10 km LC SFP+	
10GB-BX10-D	10Gb, Single Fiber SM, Bidirectional, 1330nm Tx / 1270nm Rx, 10 km SFP+	
10GB-BX10-U	10Gb, Single Fiber SM, Bidirectional, 1270nm Tx / 1330nm Rx, 10 km SFP+	
10GB-BX40-D	10Gb, Single Fiber SM, Bidirectional, 1330nm Tx / 1270nm Rx, 40 km SFP+	
10GB-BX40-U	10Gb, Single Fiber SM, Bidirectional, 1270nm Tx / 1330nm Rx, 40 km SFP+	
SFP+ Copper	Description	
10GB-C01-SFPP	10Gb pluggable copper cable assembly with integrated SFP+ transceivers, 1 m	
10GB-C03-SFPP	10Gb pluggable copper cable assembly with integrated SFP+ transceivers, 3 m	
10GB-C10-SFPP	10Gb pluggable copper cable assembly with integrated SFP+ transceivers, 10 m	
SFP+ Laserwire	Description	
10GB-LW-SFPP	SFP+ Laserwire Transceiver Adapter	
10GB-LW-03	Laserwire Cable 3 m	
10GB-LW-05	Laserwire Cable 5 m	
10GB-LW-10	Laserwire Cable 10 m	
10GB-LW-20	Laserwire Cable <b>20 m</b>	
10GB-F10-SFPP	10Gb, Active optical direct attach cable with 2 integrated SFP+ transceivers, <b>10m</b>	
10GB-F20-SFPP	10Gb, Active optical direct attach cable with 2 integrated SFP+ transceivers, <b>20m</b>	
SFP+ DWDM Optics	Description	
10GB-ER21-SFPP	10GB-ER, DWDM CH21 SFP+	
10GB-ER23-SFPP	10GB-ER, DWDM CH23 SFP+	

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

10GB-ER24-SFPP	10GB-ER, DWDM CH24 SFP+
10GB-ER29-SFPP	10GB-ER, DWDM CH29 SFP+
10GB-ER31-SFPP	10GB-ER, DWDM CH31 SFP+
10GB-ER33-SFPP	10GB-ER, DWDM CH33 SFP+
10325	10 Gb, 10GBASE-ZR 102 channel DWDM tunable SFP+ Transceiver
SFP+ CWDM Optics	Description
10GB-LR271-SFPP	10Gb, CWDM SM, 1271 nm, 10 km, LC SFP+
10GB-LR291-SFPP	10Gb, CWDM SM, 1291 nm, 10 km, LC SFP+
10GB-LR311-SFPP	10Gb, CWDM SM, 1311 nm, 10 km, LC SFP+
10GB-LR331-SFPP	10Gb, CWDM SM, 1331 nm, 10 km, LC SFP+

# **Dual speed operation:**

The SFP+ ports support the use of SFP+ transceivers and SFP transceivers. (10Gb/1Gb)

The SFP ports support the use of SFP transceivers and 100Mb transceivers. (1Gb/100Mb)

For detailed specifications of supported transceivers, see the *Pluggable Transceivers* data sheet.

**NOTE:** Installing third party or unknown pluggable ports may cause the device to malfunction and display MGBIC description, type, speed, and duplex setting errors.

# **SUPPORTED FUNCTIONALITY:**

Features		
Multiple Authentication Types Per Port - 802.1X, PWA+, MAC	Layer 2 through 4 VLAN Classification	Entity MIB
Multiple Authenticated Users Per Port - 802.1X, PWA+, MAC	Layer 2 through 4 Priority Classification	IP Routing
DVMRPv3	Dynamic VLAN/Port Egress Configuration	Static Routes
SNTP	Ingress VLAN Tag Re-write	RIP v2
Web-based configuration (WebView)	VLAN-to-Policy Mapping	OSPF/OSPFv3
Multiple local user account management	RMON – Statistic, History, Alarms, Host, HostTopN,	OSPF ECMP
Denial of Service (DoS) Detection	RMON Matrix groups, Host, HostTopN, Events, Capture and Filter	OSPF Alternate ABR
Passive OSPF support	SMON – VLAN and Priority Statistics	Graceful OSPF Restart (RFC 3623)
802.1X – Authentication	Distributed Chassis Management (Single IP Address)	RIP ECMP, CIDR configuration
802.1D – 1998	SNMP v1/v2c/v3	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)
802.1Q – Virtual Bridged Local Area Networking	Port Mirroring/Remote Port Mirror	ICMP
GARP VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP)	Flow Setup Throttling	Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse Mode (PIM-SM)
802.1p - Traffic Class Expediting	MAC locking (Static/Dynamic)	Proxy ARP
802.1w - Rapid Reconfiguration of Spanning Tree	Node/Alias table	Basic Access Control Lists
802.1s – Multiple Spanning Trees	Policy-Based Routing	Extended ACLs
802.1t - Path Cost Amendment to 802.1D	SSH v2	Auto MDI-X Media Dependent Interface Crossover Detect (Enhanced for non auto negotiating ports)
802.3 – 2002	OSPF NSSA, equal cost multi-path	DHCP Server
802.3ad - Link Aggregation (128 users)	Audit trail logging	DHCP Relay w/option 82

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 13 of 121

Features		
802.3x – Flow Control RADIUS Client Jumbo Frame support		
Load Share Network Address Translation (LSNAT)	FTP/TFTP Client	Directed Broadcast
Static Multicast Configuration	Telnet – Inbound/Outbound	Cisco CDP v1/2
Broadcast Suppression	Configuration File Upload/Download	CLI Management
Inbound and Outbound Rate Limiting	Text-based Configuration Files	DFE CPU and task Debugging
Strict and Weighted Round Robin Queuing	Syslog	RADIUS (Accounting, Snooping)
IGMP v1/v2/v3 and Querier support	Span Guard	Split RADIUS management and authentication
SMON Port and VLAN Redirect	RAD (Remote Address Discovery)	Link Flap detection
Spanning Tree Loop Protection	Cabletron Discovery Protocol (CDP)	Daylight Savings Time
TACACS+	NetFlow v5/v9	RFC 3580 with Policy support
Type of Service (ToS) Re-write	LLDP and LLDP-MED	Flex-Edge
NAT(Network Address Translation)	TWCB (Transparent Web Cache Balancing)	eBGP
iBGP	BGP Route Reflector	BGP 4 byte AS number
BGP Graceful Restart	BGP Route Refresh	BGP Extended Communities
Multi-VRF (IPv4/IPv6)	VRF-Aware NAT	VRF-Aware LSNAT
VRF-Aware TWCB	VRF-Aware Policy Based Routing	VRF-Aware DHCP Relay
VRF Static Route Leaking (IPv4/IPv6)	IPv6 Static Routing	IPv6 ACLs
IPv6 Policy Based Routing	IPv6 DHCP Relay	PIM-SSM
PIM-SSM v6	PIM-SM v6	RIPng
MLDv1/MLDv2	IPsec support for OSPFv3	IPv6 Node Alias Support
802.1Qaz ETS, (Data Center Bridging – Enhanced Transmission Selection)	802.3-2008 Clause 57 (Ethernet OAM – Link Layer OAM)	Virtual Switch Bonding (Like Chassis)
High Availability FW Upgrades	Fabric routing/ Fabric Routing with Host Mobility	IP Service Level Agreements
Tracked Objects	L3VPN over GRE	User Tracking and Control
Zero Config - Proxy Web	IEEE 802.1ak MVRP (Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol)	VLAN Provider Bridging (Q-in-Q)
Unidirectional Link Detection	Dynamic Arp Inspection (DAI)	IEEE 802.1Q-2011 (Connectivity Fault Management)
DHCP Snooping	IP Source Guard	RADIUS Server Load Balancing
Routing as a Service (RaaS)	802.1aq-2012 Shortest Path Bridging (SPBv)	MACsec IEEE802.1AE-2006 and 802.1X-2010
IEEE 802.1Qbb Priority Flow Control	VXLAN (RFC 7348)	OpenFlow V1.3

# FIRMWARE CHANGES AND ENHANCEMENTS:

# No changes in 8.62.02.0023

# **NOTICE: Minimum Firmware Revision Support Change**

The SOK2209-0204 option module minimum firmware version has changed to 8.42.02.0013. You should upgrade to this level or later when using this module.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

# Features Enhancements 8.62.01.0035

# 802.1D Filter Database Enhancement in 8.62.01.0035

A customer configurable mode for EOS which will disable learning the Source MAC address of control frames has been added. With control-frame-learning disabled, the source MAC address for control frames will not be learned. Control-frame-learning mode is configurable for the entire chassis.

## Remote Port Mirror Enhancements in 8.62.01.0035

Remote tunnel mirroring CPU usage reduced by half.

# VXLAN Enhancements in 8.62.01.0035

VLAN names can now be used to map VNIs to VLANs.

# Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035

ACL Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
While running a show config command, an ACL mismatch may cause the comment to enter a loop and display the following error message:	7.63.01
"Unable to perform access list entry show config".	
A policy ACL can be created with the same name as an IPv4 extended ACL.	8.32.02

BFD Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
A failover of the host master results in the BFD control packets not being transmitted to the peer after a new host master is selected. The BFD sessions on the device where the host master had a failover show the BFD sessions up. However, the peer shows the BFD sessions down.	8.31.02
The slave blades were not updating the BFD Min Rx Interval, nor indicating that the echomode was activated by the master. Therefore, when a slave blade becomes the master during a failover, the BFD timing information is out-of-sync with the peer, and either the peer or the new master may cause the BFD session to transition to the DOWN state. This causes the routing protocols relying on BFD to bounce their neighbor.	8.31.02

CLI Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
While displaying Port VLAN information, an extra "," may be placed at the end of the string.	7.03.03
When display port egress the -verbose option may display the wrong VLAN for non static VLANs.	7.91.01

Cryptography Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
The switch's cryptographic library pseudo-random number generator (PRNG) is seeded with random data from various sources during bootup. The entropy (randomness) of the data provided by one of these sources was being overestimated.	7.40.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01	Subject to Change Without Notice	Page: 15 of 121

Hardware Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
Some blades, that have only 1G of RAM, may go to reset loop, logging a message similar to the following:  ===================================	8.61.01

ICMP Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
The help for ping and traceroute (interface) options are not descriptive.	7.01.02

IPv4 Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
Recognizing an IP address as both source and destination address may incorrectly produce an ICMP error.	8.32.01

Link Aggregation Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
A LAG with 10 gig ports used as 1 gig may go down and affect higher end protocols under the situation where the lowest numbered port of a LAG rejoins the LAG after a down event.	1.07.19

MACsec Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
The 'show macsec' command can take up to a minute to complete on a large switch, such as bonded S8's. Command execution time has been reduced, and is now on the order of 10 seconds for bonded S8's. The command's syntax and output remain the same.	8.41.01
Adding support for the following IEEE802-SECY-MIB (i.e., MACsec) counters:  SecyRxSCStatsEntry secyRxSCStatsUnusedSAPkts Counter64 secyRxSCStatsNoUsingSAPkts Counter64 secyRxSCStatsNotValidPkts Counter64 secyRxSCStatsInvalidPkts Counter64 secyRxSCStatsOKPkts Counter64 SecyTxSCStatsEntry secyTxSCStatsProtectedPkts Counter64 secyTxSCStatsEncryptedPkts Counter64 These newly supported counters are accessible via SNMP or via the CLI commands "show macsec secy stats <pre>port-string&gt;" and "show macsec all <pre>cyport-string&gt;".</pre></pre>	8.41.01
MACsec Secure Connectivity Association Keys (CAKs) can be configured via CLI as either a raw value (i.e., a 128-bit secret key) or as a secret passphrase (which is hashed into a 128-bit secret key).  If the CLI user chooses to enter a secret passphrase in interactive non-echo mode, the CLI will	8.41.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 16 of 121

MACsec Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
now prompt the user to re-enter the passphrase and will continue with the command only if both passphrases match.	
MACsec Secure Connectivity Association Keys (CAKs) can be configured via CLI as either a raw value (i.e., a 128-bit secret key) or as a secret passphrase (which is hashed into a 128-bit secret key).	8.41.01
The maximum passphrase length allowed by CLI has been increased from 16 to 64 characters. Longer passphrases increase the entropy of passphrase generated CAKs.	

Management Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
The switch generates a new SSH Server hostkey whenever a new system boots, whenever the hostkey type is changed to/from DSA/RSA, whenever the the security mode is switched from non-FIPS to FIPS and vice versa, and whenever a "set ssh hostkey reinitialize" command is executed. SSH Clients attempting to connect to the switch must explicitly trust each new hostkey. To prevent a Man-in-the-Middle (MITM) attack, the SSH Server should provide its hostkey (or a fingerprint of the hostkey) out-of-band to SSH Client users.  The switch now facilitates an out-of-band fingerprint check. The "show ssh" command displays the hostkey's type (DSA or RSA) and fingerprint (MD5 hash in non-FIPS mode, SHA1 hash in FIPS mode).	7.00.01
command "show ssh", make a note of the hostkey fingerprint, and then verify that this fingerprint matches the fingerprint of the hostkey presented during the SSH handshake.	
If the final 10gig port does not have an egress assigned lag ports may not display with the command "show port egress -v".	7.91.01
Memory is leaked when an SSH client attempts to connect to the switch and the Diffie-Hellman key exchange does not succeed. Numerous key exchange failures deplete memory and cause the switch to reset.	7.00.01

Mirroring Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
S-140 and S-180 class blades, in hardware VSB or non-VSB chassis, exhibit the following ingress port mirror issues:  - For a many to one port mirror, if mirroring is disabled on any port or any of the source mirror, ports go operationally down, ingress port mirroring will cease to function on all ports in the mirror.  - For a mirror with a LAG as a source port, if any underlying port in the LAG detaches from the LAG, ingress port mirroring on the entire LAG will cease to function.	8.11.01
When a tx port mirror is created or deleted, and it is not the first port in the mirror (i.e. it is a many to one mirror), the mirror create or delete action will not be applied to active flows.	7.30.01

MSDP Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
Misconfiguring MSDP peers may cause the system to reboot.	8.01.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 17 of 121

Multicast Protocol Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
IGMP/MLD protocol packets are not forwarded to querier and/or router on a LAG port after physical ports of the LAG have state/forwarding change.	8.01.01

NAT Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
If an ICMP error packet matches a NAT list rule the inner packet may not be properly natted back to the original source.	7.00.01

OpenFlow Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
Core may result if more than 50 groups of type all are created.	8.61.01
A system limit for the number of available groups of type all was not available.	8.61.01
The debug command "rtr flow debug table all print" would result in a reset. The work-around is to specify the tables individually instead of using the "all" keyword.	8.61.01
Certain distributions of values in match fields could result in excessive search times.	8.61.01

PoE Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
When a PoE-capable SSA is bonded with an SSA that is not PoE-capable (or PoE-capable S1 is bonded with S1 that is not PoE-capable), the "inlinepower" configuration may be missing from the command.	7.40.01

Port Status/Control Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
Messages similar to the following may unexpectedly be logged on S180 I/O Fabric Module and S180 I/O Module assemblies:	
<164>Jun 6 14:07:27 10.50.65.155 NIM[6.tNimErrMon]MAC 12 port 6 transmitted 699995 malformed packet(s) in last 60 seconds (total = 699995) <164>Jun 6 14:07:27 10.50.65.155 NIM[6.tNimErrMon]MAC 12 port 8 transmitted 904537 malformed packet(s) in last 60 seconds (total = 904537) <164>Jun 6 14:08:27 10.50.65.155 NIM[6.tNimErrMon]MAC 12 port 6 transmitted 1099510927781 malformed packet(s) in last 60 seconds (total = 1099511627776) <164>Jun 6 14:08:27 10.50.65.155 NIM[6.tNimErrMon]MAC 12 port 8 transmitted 1099510723239 malformed packet(s) in last 60 seconds (total = 1099511627776)	8.32.01
The messages indicate that an internal error may have occurred when reading counter values from switch hardware. Normal packet switching/routing is not affected.	
When MGBIC-02 is installed into a disabled port it will not go operational when enabled.	8.61.01
If a SOV3208-0202 option module is installed on a SK8208-0808-F8 fabric module, and one or more of the 10G ports on the fabric module contain 1G SFPs, then link may not be properly established on the ports with SFPs following system initialization.	8.42.01

Radius Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
The RADIUS client may fail initialization at boot time. The following message appears in the log:	8.41.01
<3>Radius[2.tusrAppInit]Unable to initialize master socket database.	

Routing Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
L3VPN between directly connected PE routers without a tunnel in the core is no longer supported.	8.21.01

LLDP Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
"PSE Allocated Power Value" returned in "Power Via MDI" LLDP TLV might be greater than "PD Requested Power Value" potentially causing some PDs to ignore the allocated power.	7.00.01
LLDP commands that set port tx-tlv to "all" are not executed.	8.41.01

Tunneling Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
If all the boards' reframer databases are not matching during a chassis sync, it is possible that connections would not get removed when updating entries. This would cause flows using those connection to go out malformed or not transmit.	8.61.01
Routing into or from a VLAN where the packet destination or source resides across an L2 VXLAN tunnel may result in a packet drop.	8.61.01

VRF Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
If all ports of a chassis bond are severed when the bond is reestablished, the VRRP may not be properly configured.	7.40.01
In rare cases, when a Virtual Router is being removed and VRRP is active on interface(s) in that router, a blade may reset, leaving a message similar to the following in the message log:	
Exc Vector: DSI exception (0x00000300) Thread Name: tVrrpRX Exc Addr: 0x0058cb70 Thread Stack: 0x25a740000x25a70000 Stack Pointer: 0x25a73c40 Traceback Stack: [0] 0x0058c924 [1] 0x0057d188 [2] 0x01af23e4 [3] 0xeeeeeeee GENERAL EXCEPTION INFO: srr0: 0x0058cb70 srr1: 0x0000b032 dar: 0x0000010c cr: 0x44000822 xer: 0x00000000 fpcsr:0x00000000 dsisr:0x0a000000 GENERAL REGISTER INFO: msr: 0x0000b032 lr: 0x0058cb40 ctr: 0x00000000 pc: 0x0058cb70 cr: 0x44000822 xer: 0x00000000 r[0]:0x00000003 r[1]:0x25a73c40 r[2]:0x042ce870 r[3]:0x00000ca69 r[4]:0x4f129ce2 r[5]:0x00000000c r[6]:0x25a73d20 r[7]:0x000000010 r[8]:0x000000003 r[9]:0x00023594 r[10]:0x000000000 r[11]:0x000000008	8.31.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 19 of 121

VRF Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
r[12]:0x24000844 r[13]:0x05dd41f0 r[14]:0x0354d680 r[15]:0x25a73e6c	
r[16]:0x00000020 r[17]:0x00000000c r[18]:0x000000000 r[19]:0x000000000	
r[20]:0x00000000 r[21]:0x00000016 r[22]:0x000000000 r[23]:0x000000001	
r[24]:0x0000004b r[25]:0x00000000 r[26]:0x000000000 r[27]:0x4f129cc2	
r[28]:0x0000000c r[29]:0x00000014 r[30]:0x4f129cd6 r[31]:0x258c3bb0	

VSB Problems Corrected in 8.62.01.0035	Introduced in Version:
In rare cases, a software VSB chassis may have low throughput between VSB bonded chassis.	7.40.00

## Problems Corrected in 8.61.02.0002

Management Problems Corrected in 8.61.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Failed SSH client attempts cause a memory leak. Numerous key exchange failures deplete	7.00.01
memory and cause the switch to reset.	7.00.01

Node Alias Problems Corrected in 8.61.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Node Alias MDNS, LLMNR, and SSDP entries are not recognized properly in IPv6 packets.	8.11.01

Platform Problems Corrected in 8.61.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Blades with 1GB of memory may go into a reset loop.	8.61.01

#### Features Enhancements 8.61.01.0019

## OpenFlow Enhancement in 8.61.01.0019

Support for OpenFlow 1.3 has been added to S150A and S180 class SSAs, as well as S1 chassis with an S180 or S155 class fabric I/O module. OpenFlow is used as a southbound protocol in some Software Defined Networking (SDN) architectures.

Running OpenFlow requires the S-Series to run in a new operational mode which limits the scale of traditional protocols and forwarding behavior to free space for OpenFlow to run. This operational mode uses "hybrid mode" forwarding behavior where OpenFlow takes precedence for forwarding decisions. For each packet, the switch first looks for a match in the OpenFlow rule set, and if one is not present, traditional forwarding behavior is used.

#### Trasnceiver Enhancements in 8.61.01.0019

Added support for 10G tunable DWDM single mode SFP+ transceiver (part number 10325).

# VXLAN Overlay Enhancements in 8.61.01.0019

Extensions have been added to OSPF that allow automatic discovery of VXLAN VTEPs and VNIs.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 20 of 121

# Problems Corrected in 8.61.01.0019

ACL Problems Corrected in 8.61.01.0019	Introduced in Version:
While restoring an <i>ip access-group</i> ACL within an interface in a non-global VRF, the restoration may fail and display a message similar to the following:	8.21.01
"Failed to restore the apply of ipv4 access list in non global VRF ifindex 38 vr 7"	
The time required to apply ACLs with append is unexpectedly long.	8.32.01

Broadcast Problems Corrected in 8.61.01.0019	Introduced in Version:
If the router receives a subnet broadcast and the Layer 2 destination address is also	7.63.01
broadcast, the router does not forward the frame.	7.03.01

LS-NAT Problems Corrected in 8.61.01.0019	Introduced in Version:
Increased Reframer Database to support NAT 128k bindings.	8.42.01

MACsec Problems Corrected in 8.61.01.0019	Introduced in Version:
Executing show port status or show port operstatus on MACsec ports (*U.*.* or *C.*.*) may	8.41.01
falsely report operational when the common port has no link or is admin down.	0.41.01
You can enable IEEE802.1X-2010 Message Key Agreement (MKA) protocol on a MACsec-	
capable port and then disable encryption by setting the IEEE8021X-PAE-MIB object	
'ieee8021XKayMacSecDesired' to FALSE. Although MKA without MACsec encryption is a valid	0 /1 01
mode of operation per IEEE802.1X-2010, the intended usage for the MacSecDesired object is	8.41.01
to be read-only and always TRUE. This ensures that data protection and integrity cannot be	
compromised by a mis-configuration.	
The MACsec set macsec secy window < num-packets > < port-string > command was limiting the	
maximum window size to 65,536 packets. The command now accept the entire window range	8.41.01
(0–4,294,967,295) as defined by 'secylfReplayProtectWindow' in IEEE8021-SECY-MIB.	l
The IEEE8021X-PAE-MIB object 'ieee8021XPaeSysAnnouncements' was accepting SNMP set	
TRUE operations; however, announcements are not supported, so SNMP writes to this object	8.41.01
are now rejected with reason 'notWritable'.	
The IEEE8021X-PAE-MIB object 'ieee8021XPaeSysAccessControl' was accepting SNMP set	
TRUE operations; however, global enabling and disabling of MKA and MACsec is not	8.41.01
supported. MKA and MACsec can only be enabled and disabled on a per-port basis. SNMP	
writes to the SysAccessControl object are now rejected with reason 'notWritable'.	

Management Problems Corrected in 8.61.01.0019	Introduced in Version:
Over time there may be a loss of available Telnet or SSH connections.	7.00.01
Scheduling a system reset more than 248 days in advance crashes and resets the system immediately. Resets scheduled using the CLI (reset at <hh:mm> [<mm dd="">] [reason]) as well as any delayed configuration management change operation configured using SNMP (ENTERASYS-CONFIGURATION-MANAGEMENT-MIB's etsysConifgMgmtChangeDelayTime object) are susceptible to this issue. To resolve the issue, the system does not allow delays longer than 248 days.</mm></hh:mm>	7.00.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 21 of 121

Management Problems Corrected in 8.61.01.0019	Introduced in Version:
On the command line, if you enter '!' followed by some special character (not alpha or numeric; for example "#"), unexpected output may be echoed to your session.	1.07.19
The SSH protocol allows an SSH client to specify an optional command that is to be executed on the remote host. For example:	
ssh <username>@<hostname> [<command/> <arg1> <arg2>]</arg2></arg1></hostname></username>	7.00.01
The SSH server on EOS switches never executes any supplied command. However, a requested command that contains 20 or more arguments causes the switch to stop responding. This issue only occurs if user authentication succeeds; therefore, unauthorized users cannot cause this issue on a switch.	

NAT Problems Corrected in 8.61.01.0019	Introduced in Version:
At times a NAT binding may become 'stuck' causing NAT to report "duplicate bindings" and	
producing binding create failures, and causing high CPU utilization. To allow processing to	7.03.06
continue, when this issue is detected, force a delete of the 'stuck' binding.	

OSPFv3 Problems Corrected in 8.61.01.0019	Introduced in Version:
OSPFv3 may not originate a new Intra-Area-Prefix-LSA if the set of addresses for an active	8.31.01
OSPF interface is changed.	0.51.01

Tunneling Problems Corrected in 8.61.01.0019	Introduced in Version:
The IPv6 tunnel code is looking for Traffic Class, when it needs to check for Traffic Class or TOS to encapsulate the packet, causing malformed packets when tunneling ICMPv4 using IPv6 GRE with TOS rewrite.	8.21.01
Tunneled packets looping through an encapsulating device may cause a crash.	8.21.01
A memory leak occurs when displaying tunnel probe configuration.	8.32.01

Transceiver Problems Corrected in 8.61.01.0019	Introduced in Version:
The command debug sfp show baseinfo displays the 10GBASE-LR as 10GBASE-ER.	8.32.01H1
The MGBIC-02 copper SFP fails to link in 10G ports.	8.32.01

# Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007

ACL Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
If an L2 access list has 3 or more rules, any rule specifying a destination MAC address is not matched correctly.	8.20.06

BFD Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
BFD sessions using a LAG port are not re-established after failover.	8.31.01
BFD removing a probe and re-adding the same probe does not always recover the session.	8.31.02

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01	Subject to Change Without Notice	Page: 22 of 121
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BFD Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
BFD session transitions to the DOWN state and causes the routing protocols to flap when the device modifies the clock for daylight savings time. The same situation occurs if you modify	8.31.02
the clock using the set time command.	

Host Services Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
Running CLI commands displaying router configuration might cause the host management to become unresponsive/locked.	8.20.02
When transfering a new image using FTP, CLI prompt becomes unresponsive and a "Waiting for chassis to distribute image to compatible modules" message appears.	8.42.02

ICMP Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
ICMP redirects are offered to hosts with different subnets. ARPs with the source and destination on the same interface, but with different subnets, send out ICMP redirects.	8.32.02
ICMP redirects are sent to incorrect VLAN/ES destination.	8.31.01

LSNAT Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
Occasionally, when processing NAT-controlled FTP control packets, the system might deadlock and create a watchdog timer event.	8.22.03

MultiAuth Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
MultiAuth port mode changes may cause authentication to stop working on LAG port(s).	8.21.01

Multicast Protocol Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
When a downstream interface is deleted first, and then an upstream interface is deleted, DVMRP may crash causing reset.	8.20.02
PIM-SM may build an incorrect join/prune message resulting in a source being pruned when it should be joined.	8.11.01

NLB Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
NLB traffic is dropped by host-access ACLs.	8.32.01

Tunneling Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
When a GRE tunnel is enabled, the blade that the tunnel port is on may reset.	8.20.02

VSB Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
If software chassis bonding is enabled on an SFP+ port of a S130/S150/S155 S-Series chassis blade assembly, and an SFP module is present in a neighboring SFP+ port, then one or more of the SFP+ ports may fail to properly forward packets.	8.42.01
A blade may reset on a software VSB chassis shortly after boot.	7.40.00

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 23 of 121

VSB Problems Corrected in 8.42.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
When soft VSB bonding is used while receiving an MPLS flow, and the MPLS label is swapped	8.41.01
and sent out the software bonding port, the software bonded header is not added.	0.41.01

# Features Enhancements 8.42.02.0013

# Spanguard Enhancement in 8.42.02.0013

The Spanguard feature is enhanced by the addition of a configurable setting (by CLI and SNMP) that controls the locking behavior on link loss. When enabled, link loss clears the lock. When disabled, link loss has no impact on the lock status.

# Problems Corrected in 8.42.02.0013

802.1D Filter Database Problems Corrected in 8.42.02.0013	Introduced in Version:
MAC addresses that should be learned in the filtering database are not learned and packets	7.01.04
destined to those MAC addresses are flooded rather than forwarded using unicast.	

File Management Problems Corrected in 8.42.02.0013	Introduced in Version:
On larger bonded systems (greater than 8 blades) image distribution to some of the blades	
may fail, producing the following log messages:	
<164>Sep 1 08:05:43 100.10.10.22 FileMgr[16.tlmageSync]Data connection error (4) for	
(13::/images/03)	7.60.01
<163>Sep 1 08:05:42 100.10.10.22 FileMgr[7.tlmageSync]downloadImage: Failed checksum	
<163>Sep 1 08:05:42 100.10.10.22 FileMgr[12.tlmageSync]downloadImage: Failed remote	
open(12:/images/03); errno = 0x00380003 [S_dosFsLib_FILE_NOT_FOUND]	

MACsec Problems Corrected in 8.42.02.0013	Introduced in Version:
If MACsec is configured and enabled on a 10GBase-T port operating at 10Gbps, the secure MACsec connection with the peer may go down if the port speed is reduced to 1Gbps. To use MACsec on such a port, the corresponding blade assembly must be initialized with the port operating at 1Gbps.	8.41.01
When MACsec mode is enabled, MKPDU protocol packets are occasionally lost. If two or more consecutive protocol packets are lost, the secure connection temporarily disconnects as indicated by the following messages:  <166>Aug 27 14:19:30 192.168.1.90 MACsec[4][tg.4.204] KaY: Rx MKPDU: MKA Peer List (1) contains my MI but wrong MN (Acutal:6675, Expected:6677)  <166>Aug 27 14:19:30 192.168.1.90 MACsec[4][tg.4.204] KaY: Discarding Rx MKPDU: A live peer did not include me in their PEER-LIST  <166>Aug 27 14:19:32 192.168.1.90 Last message repeated 1 time  <165>Aug 27 14:19:34 192.168.1.90 MACsec[4][tg.4.204] KaY: Live peer removed (no valid MKPDUs rcv'd in last 6.16 seconds)  <166>Aug 27 14:19:34 192.168.1.90 MACsec[4][tg.4.204] Connecting PENDING: auth(0) secure(0) fail(0), unauthallowed(never) unsecuredallowed(mkaServer)  <165>Aug 27 14:19:34 192.168.1.90 LinkTrap[4]Interface tgC.4.204 is Down.  <165>Aug 27 14:19:34 192.168.1.90 LinkTrap[4]Interface tg.4.204 is Down.	8.41.01

MACsec Problems Corrected in 8.42.02.0013	Introduced in Version:
If MACsec is being used on a 10GBase-T port and the port is subjected to continual reconfiguration (enabling/disabling MACsec), a message in the form "KaY: Rx MKPDU: MKA Peer List (2) contains my MI but wrong MN" may appear and the secure connection with the peer is dropped. You must restart of the port's blade assembly to restore proper operation.	8.41.01

Management Problems Corrected in 8.42.02.0013	Introduced in Version:
Transceiver information may not be updated for up to 10 minutes after link up or link down events on the port.	8.31.01
SSH sessions occasionally stop responding. After four sessions unresponsive sessions, the switch rejects all SSH and Telnet connection attempts. If this happens, you can only connect to the switch through the console port. Resetting the switch fixes this problem. Frequent SSH connections/disconnections by applications or users increases the occurrence of this problem.	7.00.01
The following blades:     ST1206-0848     SG1201-0848     ST1206-0848-F6     SG1201-0848-F6     when installed with following option modules:     SOK1208-0204     SOK2208-0204     SOK2209-0204     SOGK2218-0212     are vulnerable to running out of memory and resetting with a message similar to: ====================================	
Message 10/267 EDR Record 08.42.01.0008 12/07/2015 16:59:13 Severity/Facility: FATAL/KERNEL Task: tSshM1 Injection Point: memPartLib.c:2853 Address: 0x00000000 memPartAlloc: block too big 65536 bytes (0x10 aligned) in partition 0x68b03c0 Traceback Stack: 0x006ca5cc 0x006c9048 0x00424ab0 0x01ab11fc 0x01ab139c 0x01ab19a8 0x00f579a8 0x01a7c9a8 0x01a7c9a0 0x0078424c 0x00784cf8 0x005c5164 0x005c5930	8.42.01

Management Problems Corrected in 8.42.02.0013	Introduced in Version:
0x027c1020	
General Registers:	
msr: 0x0000b032 lr: 0x01ab117c ctr: 0x00000000	
pc : 0x01ab117c cr : 0x88008288 xer : 0x20000000	
r[ 0]:0xffffffff r[ 1]:0x3df397f0 r[ 2]:0x0436f2b0 r[ 3]:0x3df39870	
r[ 4]:0x01ab1d24 r[ 5]:0x00000000 r[ 6]:0x000000000 r[ 7]:0x00010000	
r[8]:0x00000010 r[9]:0x00000000 r[10]:0x000000000 r[11]:0x3df3986c	
r[12]:0x03521580 r[13]:0x05e75450 r[14]:0x000000002 r[15]:0x1fd13cc0	
r[16]:0x00000001 r[17]:0x035dbcf4 r[18]:0x00000000 r[19]:0x1abad010	
r[20]:0x3df9f060 r[21]:0x1fd13cc0 r[22]:0x00000000 r[23]:0x1c0b7ce0	
r[24]:0x00110001 r[25]:0x00000000 r[26]:0x000000010 r[27]:0x00010000	
r[28]:0x00000000 r[29]:0x00000000 r[30]:0x01ab1d24 r[31]:0x068b03c0	
They are especially vulnerable to this after issuing the commands show config and show	
support.	

Multicast Problems Corrected in 8.42.02.0013	Introduced in Version:
PIM-DM: After configuring <i>pim dense-mode</i> and rebooting, the PIM operating mode is restored as sparse-mode.	8.41.01
PIM-SM IPv4: After configuring <i>ip pim graceful-restart</i> and rebooting, the graceful-restart setting is not restored.	8.41.01

RADIUS Problems Corrected in 8.42.02.0013	Introduced in Version:
Receiving corrupted RADIUS frames may cause improper processing of future RADIUS	7 00 01
requests.	7.00.01

Routing Problems Corrected in 8.42.02.0013	Introduced in Version:
BGP: After configuring bgp maxas-limit and rebooting, the maxas-limit setting is not	8.41.01
restored.	8.41.01

#### Features Enhancements 8.42.01.0008

# NAT/LSNAT/TWCB Bindings Enhancement in 8.42.01.0008

The number of global NAT bindings available on an S-series, including LSNAT and TWCB, increased to 128K from 64K.

## Port Speed Enhancement in 8.42.01.0008

100Mb operation is supported on MGBIC-02 transceivers purchased since January 1, 2013, and labeled Finisar.

Attempting to set 100Mb speed on an older version of the MGBIC-02, which does not support 100Mb, causes the following message to appear:

S3-A Chassis(su)->set port spe ge.1.7 100 default speed 100 mbps not supported on port ge.1.7.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 26 of 121

# Problems Corrected in 8.42.01.0008

File Management Problems Corrected in 8.42.01.0008	Introduced in Version:
On multi-module chassis or bonded systems, remote modules may boot in a state where they do not respond to remote procedure calls. This effects commands such as "dir" or "show file" from remote modules.	8.41.01

Host Problems Corrected in 8.42.01.0008	Introduced in Version:
On multi-module chassis or bonded systems, remote modules may boot in a state where they do not respond to remote copy requests. The following appears in the log:	
<165>Jul 23 02:34:13 1.1.1.1 System[1]Requesting a copy of the non-volatile store for slot 2.	8.41.01
<164>Jul 23 02:34:56 1.1.1.1 Default[2.tNvBulk]dfeNfsMountNonvol: Unable to	
communicate with remote slot(1); ip=127.0.3.1, exporting=/flash1/nonvol,	
path=/nvNfsRem.001; errno=3155732	
entPhySensorValue corresponding to ambient-temp-sensor-1 might not reflect current ambient temperature.	7.60.01

MACsec Problems Corrected in 8.42.01.0008	Introduced in Version:
When MACsec is enabled, the chassis might experience coherency issues and error messages	8.41.01
may appear. These messages might initiate a system reboot.	

Management Problems Corrected in 8.42.01.0008	Introduced in Version:
MIB walks of the ctAliasMacAddressTable and ctAliasProtocolAddressTable may not return all present and active node and alias entries. NetSight Compass relies on the ctAliasMacAddressTable to display all node and alias entries, causing Compass to not function properly.	8.01.01
When MIB walking ctAliasMIBAddress table, occasionally IP entries with the invalid address 0.0.0.0 might be returned.	8.01.01
Node and alias entries that correctly appear on ports that they are received on also incorrectly appear as being received on host port (host.0.1).	7.00.01
Occasionally, when ports are disabled for node and alias processing, some entries still appear on that port.	2.00.13

OSPF Problems Corrected in 8.42.01.0008	Introduced in Version:
An OSPF network that is an exact match for the range configured in the following command,	7.00.01
area <areaid> range <network> <mask> not-advertise, is still summarized into other areas.</mask></network></areaid>	7.03.01

PoE Problems Corrected in 8.42.01.0008	Introduced in Version:
PoE controllers might become inaccessible and not recover until module reset.	7.00.01

Spanning Tree Problems Corrected in 8.42.01.0008	Introduced in Version:
Bad BPDUs may be processed, since is no check for CRC error on BPDUs delivered to the	7.00.01
Spanning Tree process.	7.00.01

Tunneling Problems Corrected in 8.42.01.0008	Introduced in Version:
Large RIP/RIPng packets do not cause a "too big" message to be sent to the source when sent over L2GRE or VXLAN tunnels.	8.21.01
You cannot configure more than 62 remote VXLAN VTEP IP addresses in aggregate on a single switch.	8.41.01

VSB Problems Corrected in 8.42.01.0008	Introduced in Version:
During initialization, heartbeat transmit errors to remote bonded slots may occur, such as: "<3>FtmLi[5.tHBChk]heartBeatCheck: Transmit errors(10) to slot 12 are preventing heartbeat checks."	7.70.00
If software VSB is enabled on either (1) pre-S140 S-Series chassis module assemblies that includes SFP+ ports, or (2) S140/S180 assemblies that include option modules with SFP+ ports, SFP modules present in one or more of the SFP+ ports prior to system initialization may fail to properly link up.  Workaround: Remove, and then reinsert, all such SFP modules after the system boots.	8.41.01

#### Features Enhancements 8.41.01.0005

## MACsec Enhancements in 8.41.01.0005

MACsec is defined by IEEE802.1AE-2006 and 802.1X-2010 and can be used to provide hardware-based point-to-point link layer security using authentication and encryption with pre-shared key exchange between two MACsec-capable devices. S-Series MACsec capability is hardware-dependent and requires a license; for details, see the hardware support table.

# New Licenses Enhancements in 8.41.01.0005

MACsec 1Gb module/SSA/uplink License: To support the MACsec feature set, the S-EOS-MACSEC license is required per module to enable MACsec for 1Gb modules, all capable uplink modules, and capable SSA ports. For details, see the MACsec license table.

#### VXLAN Encapsulation Enhancements in 8.41.01.0005

Support for VXLAN encapsulation is included in the IP tunneling feature set. VXLAN encapsulation can be used as a Layer 2 data center interconnect solution or as a small-scale L2 fabric overlay.

# Cryprography Enhancements in 8.41.01.0005

The switch now allows AES CTR Ciphers.

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The allowed ciphers and allowed MACs lists used by the switch's SSH Client and SSH Server are hardcoded as follows:

Ciphers:

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 28 of 121

## Cryprography Enhancements in 8.41.01.0005

aes128-cbc,aes192-cbc,aes256-cbc,3des-cbc,none,blowfish-cbc, cast128-cbc,rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se

#### MACs:

hmac-sha1-96,hmac-sha1,hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-ripemd160, hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com

One (1) cipher has been removed from SSH:

none (""none"" cipher is used to bypass encryption)

Three (3) new ciphers have been added to SSH:

aes128-ctr AES in Counter mode, with 128-bit key aes192-ctr AES in Counter mode, with 192-bit key aes256-ctr AES in Counter mode, with 256-bit key

Five (5) new Encrypt-then-MAC (ETM) MACs have been added to SSH:

# hmac-sha1-etm@openssh.com:

SHA-1 with 20-byte digest and key length, encrypt-then-mac

# hmac-md5-etm@openssh.com:

MD5 with 16-byte digest and key length, encrypt-then-mac

# hmac-ripemd160-etm@openssh.com:

RIPEMD-160 algorithm with 20-byte digest length, encrypt-then-mac

# hmac-sha1-96-etm@openssh.com:

SHA-1 with 20-byte key length and 12-byte digest length, encrypt-then-mac

#### hmac-md5-96-etm@openssh.com:

MD5 with 16-byte key length and 12-byte digest length, encrypt-then-mac

Additionally, both the allowed cipher list and allowed MACs list used by the SSH client and SSH server are now configurable using the CLI:

set ssh ciphers <cipher-list> (list is in order of precedence from high to low) set ssh macs <macs-list> (list is in order of precedence from high to low)

clear ssh ciphers (that is, revert to default ciphers list) clear ssh macs (that is, revert to default MACs list)

The default values for these lists contain all possible ciphers or MACs.

Names with an asterisk indicate not supported in FIPS mode:

Allowed Ciphers List (default):

aes128-ctr, aes192-ctr, aes256-ctr, aes128-cbc, aes192-cbc,

aes256-cbc, 3des-cbc, blowfish-cbc\*, cast128-cbc\*,

rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se\*

Allowed MACs List (default):

hmac-sha1-etm@openssh.com, hmac-md5-etm@openssh.com\*,

hmac-ripemd160-etm@openssh.com\*, hmac-sha1-96-etm@openssh.com,

hmac-md5-96-etm@openssh.com\*, hmac-sha1, hmac-md5\*, hmac-ripemd160\*,

hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com\*, hmac-sha1-96, hmac-md5-96\*

# VRF Capacity Increase Enhancements in 8.41.01.0005

The number of static VRFs supported is increased to 256 static VRFs from 128. The number of dynamic VRFs supported is also increased to 128 dynamic VRFs from 64. This increase is only applicable to modules with 2GB of RAM. (\$155 and \$SA150A).

#### Netflow Enhancements in 8.41.01.0005

Additional support has been added for encapsulated traffic to include NetFlow support for Multi-label MPLS and VXLAN encapsulated traffic.

# Route Table Capacity Increases Enhancements in 8.41.01.0005

IPv4 Route table Capacity:

The S-Series IPv4 FIB has been increased to 800K from 525K. The IPv4 RIB remains unchanged at 1.6M. IPv6 Route table Capacity:

The S-Series IPv6 RIB has been increased to 128K from 50K, and the IPv6 FIB has also been increased to 100K from 50K.

#### SPB CLI Enhancements in 8.41.01.0005

CLI support has been added to configure hello interval and multiplier parameters per port:

set spb port <port-string> hello-interval

set spb port <port-string> hello-multiplier

# "show support" CLI Enhancements in 8.41.01.0005

"show flowlimit stats", which shows flow stats per port, now appears in "show support" output.

# VLAN CLI Enhancements in 8.41.01.0005

Added support for "show vlan fid <fid>" command.

#### Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005

802.1D Priority Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
An unexpected reset may occur while configuring interfaces.	8.11.01

ACL Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
If ACL logging is enabled on a policy ACL, it causes the policy ACL to be persisted as an extended ACL. After rebooting, the ACL is restored as an extended ACL and the "set-dscp" action is missing. To recover from this, remove the ACL, and then re-create it.	8.32.01
When ACL logging is enabled on a policy ACL, the policy-ACL-specific field "set-dscp <value>" does not appear in the log message.</value>	8.32.01

Auto Negotiation Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
10GBASE-T ports sometimes do not establish links with Intel Quad i340-T4 systems. When	7.91.03
connecting/disconnecting a cable repeatedly after a number of interactions (not always the	7.31.03

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 30 of 121

Auto Negotiation Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
same from 2 to 15), ports no longer link. The links can be recovered by disabling/enabling negotiation on the system.	
This problem is addressed by implementing the command: set port low-power-mode <port-string> disable</port-string>	
Execute this command to prevent the problem from happening. Using this command disables auto power-down mode on the port that is linked to the Intel Quad i340-T4 system.	

BGP Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
BGP peers are not immediately deleted causing update-source to fail.	8.11.01
Reset may occur after deleting an active BGP router with message log: "Assert in ntlavII.c line 644".	8.01.01
Graceful restart may fail when switches have a second VRF provisioned, but not configured.	8.31.01
DSI reset may occur after adding or changing the loopback address of active BGP routers.	8.01.01
BGP update messages containing duplicate MEDs of zero are accepted by the router.	8.21.01
BGP may reject routes if aggregate-address is used.	8.22.01
With BGP graceful-restart configured, MPLS label table may not be synchronized on all modules in a chassis after failover.	8.31.01

DHCP Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Whenever an IPv6 DHCP lease is released, the router crashes.	8.32.01
DHCP relay agents do not work over L3VPN.	8.01.01

Distributed Services Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Module might reset with messages similar to:	7.62.07
"Chassis coherency timeout exceeded".	7.02.07
After a denial of service attack, in a multi-slot configuration, the 'dir' command only	8.20.02
produces a list of the files on a single slot.	0.20.02
Chassis might experience stability/distribution issues during DoS LAN attacks.	8.20.02
Denial of service (DoS) attacks result in warning messages:	1.07.19
"this server has been invalidated".	1.07.13

EtheranetOAM Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
OAM LoopBack sessions are not maintained for longer than three seconds.	8.31.01
OAM enable causes an increase in CPU usage, but usage does not decrease when disabled.	8.31.01

File Management Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Programmed boot image fails to load with commands "clear config 1" or "reset 1" with a	4.05.08
standalone chassis.	4.05.06

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 31 of 121

Flow Limiting Management Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Flow limiting, limits, have actions applied when flow counts reach one less then configured	1.07.19
limits.	1.07.19

GVRP Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
GVRP may fail to propagate dynamic VLANs on a LAG following a topology change, resulting	
in the switch on the remote side of the LAG failing to add the LAG to the tagged VLAN egress	7.00.01
list. The only way to recover from this failure is to disable, and then re-enable the LAG.	

Hardware Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Messages similar to the following might appear causing dropped packets:  - <163>Jan 29 13:06:59 100.10.10.22 Dune[1.dTcmTask]Petra[0] Received Interrupt PB_IHB_INVALID_DESTINATION_VALID instance 0, count 3, value= 0x13deb  - <3>Dune[1.dTcmTask]Petra[0] Received Interrupt PB_IHB_INVALID_DESTINATION_VALID instance 0, count 2159, value= 0x1  - <165>Jun 5 11:32:19 100.10.10.22 Dune[16.tDuneErrM]Petra[0] Interrupt PB_IHB_INVALID_DESTINATION_VALID instance 0 still active  - <165>Jun 5 11:32:29 100.10.10.22 Dune[11.tDuneErrM]Petra[0] Interrupt PB_IHB_INVALID_DESTINATION_VALID instance 0 is off	8.11.01

HAU Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
The following Syslog message may appear when completing an HAU upgrade:	8.01.01
RtrVRRP[13.tVrrpRX]dispatchLib error -25	6.01.01

IGMP Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When running in provider bridge mode, IGMP queries are not transmitted properly.	8.32.01

IPv6 Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When using the router as an IPv6 DHCP (DHCP6) relay agent, the router may generate a response to a discovery packet even if DHCP6 has not been configured on the router. The response tells the host that the address range is not valid (since it was not configured on the router) and the host never assigns an IP address, even if the valid packet from the DHCP server pointed to by the relay agent returns a valid packet.	
For Exmaple: H1 Rtr1 DHCP6S	7.62.10
H1 = Host Number 1	
Rtr1 = Router Number 1	
Rtr2 = Router Number 2	
DHCP6S = DHCP6 Server	
In the preceding example, Rrtr1 is a relay agent for the DHCP6 server.	

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

IPv6 Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Normally, when H1 sends a discover packet to DHCP6, DHCP6 should respond with a valid IP address and the normal operation DHCP operation should complete.	
Currently, Rtr1 also processes the DHCP discover packet (even though it is not configured to do so) and responds to the DHCP packet with an error. Because of this, the host does not complete the DHCP process despite getting a valid packet from DHCP6S.	

LLDP Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
LLDP sends incorrect requested and allocated power values in the 802.3 power using MDI	Uknown
TLV.	OKIIOWII

Management Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
EDR memory in free list error occurs while setting snmpTargetAddrTDomain to a value other than snmpUDPDomain without changing snmpTargetAddrTAddress to match the domain type.	4.11.17
Pressing TAB key functions as '?' whenever a command cannot be completed.	1.07.19

Multicast Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
If a module resets, or if a new module is inserted into a chassis, some egress ports on a static MAC multicast are removed.	1.07.19
When a multicast router/querier port on a VLAN times out of the IGMP multicast router	
table, multicast flows on that VLAN may not be delivered correctly due to hardware being	8.32.01
mis-programmed.	

MVRP Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
VLAN egress registered dynamically by MVRP may bounce when the system is in a steady state.	7.91.01
The CPU utilization may peak at up to 99% indefinitely due to MVRP. The system may stop responding or require manual intervention to force a reset.	8.31.01
MVRP may fail to propagate SPB Base VLANs on ports that are forwarding in the CIST context after disabling SPB on a device.	8.31.01

NAT Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
The reply of IPv6 ICMP NATTED packets may be dropped if the NAT outside interface is also configured as a NAT inside interface.	7.91.01
An existing IPv6 NAT binding may continue to be used after the NAT outside interface has been unconfigured.	7.91.01

NetFlow Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
The help string for the "netflow set export-rate" command does not specify valid rate range.	8.01.01
The "clear netflow all" command does not clear non-default netflow export rate settings.	8.01.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 33 of 121

NetFlow Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When exporting NetFlow V9 records for switched flows that have a tunneled header encapped (for example, GRE), the records are incorrectly exported as routed flows.	8.22.01
For flows that have a tunneled header present, the L2, L3, and L4 fields in NetFlow-exported records are not valid.	8.22.01
Non-IP flows that the switch encapsulates with a tunnel header have NetFlow records generated with invalid fields.	8.22.01

PIM-SM IPv4 Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
PIM may drop neighbor adjacencies when running with a large number of PIM neighbors.	7.00.01
PIM bootstrap messages slightly exceed the MTU, requiring unnecessary IP fragmentation.	7.00.01
When running PIM or DVMRP to route multicast traffic, errors similar to the following appear:  RtrMc[1.tRMcEvnt]Error deleting tmpFlow from TmpDb (2,723,1.1.1.1,225.1.1.1) =	8.31.01
notFound[1.tRMcPkt]Hash find - flow vrflds don't match (0,2)	

Platform Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Installing a new module might cause network disruption.	7.00.01
Modules might reset with messages similar to: "application Chassis Coherency (2) failed to run".	6.11.01
The message "watchDogTask() application Chassis Coherency failed to run in 300 seconds" might appear on the console.	Unknown
When tunneled bridge ports are active, infrequently, messages similar to the following may appear:	
Message 5/241 Syslog Message 08.30.01.0033 08/02/2014 10:45:31  <3>PiMgr[16.tDispatch]piMgrBindSystemPortAndHwPort(0,0x3000):Port(s) are already bound. pimSystemPortToHwPort[0]=0x8000;pimHwPortToSystemPort[0x 3000]=0x580	8.20.02
Message 24/173 Syslog Message 08.30.01.0033 03/11/2014 05:22:38  <3>chassis[1.tBcastStRx]remoteModuleInfoPowerUpdate(6,""""):Unsupported board type found.	
Module might fail to initialize with message similar to: <163>Mar 13 20:14:57 0.0.0.0 MII[1.tusrAppInit]MdioBcastVerifyOnBus: invalid checksum on phyAddr 89!	8.22.01

Port Status/Control Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Setting port speed to 1,000 on a SOK2209-0204 module may reset the device.	8.32.01
Setting port speed on a SOK2209-0204 modules while auto negotiation is enabled may cause the link speed to change.	8.32.01
Transitioning from a port speed of 10G to 1G on SOK2209-0204 modules may produce the following message: "IntrHand[5.tNimIntr]PCIe Core Status Interrupt on NIM 0 inst 0 (sts=0x00300000)".	8.32.01

Port Status/Control Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Traffic indication LEDs on SOK2209-0204 modules may not signal the correct information when transitioning from 10G to 1G operation.	8.32.02

QoS/CoS Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When switch is in Layer 2 mode, Layer 3 multicast protocols such as VRRP and OSPF are not prioritized above user data.	7.00.01
CoS flood control is applied to protocol packets.	7.00.01

Radius Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Enabling and/or disabling the RADIUS accounting state over time may cause terminated	
network sessions (macauthentication, 802.1x, PWA, etc.) to continue to transmit RADIUS	4.00.50
accounting requests after their termination.	

Shortest Path Bridging Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Running multicast (IGMP snooping) over SPB-V may lead to mis-programmed hardware, leading to packet processing errors and Syslog messages similar to the following: <163>Apr 16 14:14:32 100.10.10.4 System[1]Switch Chip 1 (Slot 1 Mainboard) detected excessive number of reframer interrupts pointing to misprogrammed hardware (code 0x0C008142)	8.31.01
Traffic traversing an SPBV network does not egress out access ports. Filter database entries indicate traffic is not received on the correct internal ports. If the filter database is cleared, traffic correctly egresses out the access ports.	8.31.01
Ports may not become internal to the region even though ISIS adjacency is indicated.	8.31.01
MVRP may propagate SPBV Base-VID registrations on ports within the SPBV domain.	8.31.01
In Shortest Path Bridging, an SNMP query with a context of getNext on the ieee8021SpbTopNodeTable table causes the device to stop responding. The system ID index passed into the getNext query actually exists in the topology, which is the underlying problem. This effect may also occur when issuing SPB commands to show topology information, such as "show spb neighbors."	8.31.01
Configuring multiple bridges with different SPBV SPVID allocation modes can lead to high CPU utilization.	8.32.01
There is no user-evident notification that SPB ports go operationally down when setting that port's spantree adminPathCost to a value greater than 16777213.	8.32.02
After clearing and recreating a static multicast MAC address, traffic destined through a Shortest Path Bridging network is dropped.	8.32.01
When backuproot is enabled for the CIST on a device that is part of an SPB region and the directly connected root bridge is external to the region, and backuproot is triggered for that device due to failure of the root bridge, the new topology resulting from the change in bridge priority is not effected. This results in a loss of connectivity. Spanning tree modifies the CIST bridge priority, but fails to convey the change to ISIS-SPB, which is responsible for calculating the topology within the SPB region.	8.32.01

SNTP Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
With SNTP unicast client configured, after 497 days, SNTP time requests may stop being	4.05.08
sent.	4.05.00

Spanning Tree Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Module might reset with messages similar to:	6.11.01
"serverWatchDog.3 client 18(MstpCInt) not ready in 3365".	0.11.01
When a switch that has backup root activated relinquishes root status, the bridge priority	
does not automatically revert to the configured bridge priority. This has no effective impact,	
but it does produce an unexpected value. Once the switch is no longer the root bridge for	7.00.01
the given SID, there is no reason to maintain the temporary bridge priority value. It should	
return to the configured value.	
Spanning tree consumes all packets with the destination address for the IEEE Bridge Group	
Address/Nearest Customer Bridge group address. This has two effects. First, other	7.30.01
applications for which the PDU is intended do not receive it. Second, a PDU, which is not a	
BPDU, is processed by spanning tree and marked as an invalid BPDU.	
Spanning tree debug counters are incorrect for RSTP.	8.20.02
Connecting an SPB device in customer bridge mode to a bridge running in provider mode	
can result in malformed adjacencies with other devices, leading to network instability and	8.31.01
Spanning Tree ports in "listening" state.	
On boot up, in a device with multiple connections to root, there may be an initial delay of up	7.63.01
to 10 seconds for the root port to reach the forwarding state and pass traffic.	

Syslog Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Logging server list identifiers are translated incorrectly between releases causing logged messages to be directed to the incorrect logging server, console, file, or secure file.	7.40.00

Tunnel Manager Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When loading a configuration from a file, the tunnel configuration may fail with the error message:  Error: Incompatible ip version with source endpoint or tunnel mode.	7.41.03
Host sourced IPv6 packets entering an L2 tunnel may not be forwarded if the resulting packets are too big. This causes router protocols to fail over tunnels.	8.31.01
Non-IP packets entering an L2 tunnel may not be properly encapsulated.	7.40.01
Traffic may not be flooded to local ports if a tunnel bridge port is configured on the same VLAN's egress list, and there is no route to the remote IP address of the associated L2 tunnel.	8.31.01

VLAN Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When a large amount (thousands) of dynamic VLANs are deleted together (created by GVRP/MVRP), a core may be taken, followed by a reset.	7.91.03
Clearing VLANS created through "set vlan create" occasionally causes traffic destined to GVRP- or MVRP-configured ports to be lost on the cleared VLANs in a multi-module system.	7.91.01

Page: 36 of 121

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice

VLAN Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
DHCP relay agent does not work over L3VPN.	8.01.01

VRRP Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Some routing protocol traffic received through a Shortest Path Bridging network is not correctly reflected in the protocol's operations.	8.31.01
When Host Mobility is enabled, OSPF routes redistributed within an NSSA area are not translated into the backbone due to the propagate bit not being set.	8.31.01
The router may stop responding when adding VRRP IP addresses to the existing configuration.	8.31.02
It is possible to enter an IPv6 address as a VRRP address when the VRID is a VRRPv3 IPv4 VRID. The address entered becomes a seemingly random IPv4 address in the configuration.	8.01.01
When a host route created by host mobility is removed, the corresponding ARP is not removed.	8.32.01

VSB Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
A module added to a bonded system infrequently remains in a reboot loop enabling, and then disabling bonding.	8.11.01
VSB can cause watchdog timeout when slots are added or removed from extremely busy systems.	7.62.00
In a bonded chassis, the reframer DB may remove entries in use by a connection.	7.11.01
In software VSB chassis that has Shortest Path Bridging or tunnels active, very infrequently modules may reset with a message similar to:	
<0>Fuji[12.tNimIntr]Switch Chip 3 (Slot 12 Mainboard) detected fatal con dition. ( 0x00ebfdb0 0x01827aa8 0x01821394 0x00443130 0x00470ea4 0x00472 498 0x01b2de24 0xeeeeeeee ),	
or	
<1>MCNXMGR[7.tFujiAge]ASIC failed to write callback, transaction = 0, ch ip = 1 ( 0x00ec0078 0x019e8acc 0x0184b054 0x0184b3f0 0x01b2f3e4 0xeeeeee ee ),	
or	8.11.01
<0>mazama[12.interrupt]Host buffer manager error. rxInterrupt error:0x8739 if:1 buffNum:1849 bufferUseLog:0x88883456 availCnt:0x35e2 actChain:0xa12 fqData:0x7090400 fqHead:0x522 fqTail:0x3dcb btRdata:0 bmgrIntf:0x2136b9 getBuf:0x84b4a9ca link0Buf:0xa9c6a9c6 link1Buf:0x84b084b0 walk0Buf:0 walk1Buf:0 freeBuf:0 freeChainPkt 0:0xd743d743 1:0xdee1dee1 2:0x6e406e4 0 ( 0x00ec0078 0x01858574 0x01856bbc 0x00470058 0x00000518 0x00000004 0x 01b1a9f0 0x007116d0 0x0070096c 0x007009cc 0x03369dd4 0x006f1bb8 0x0070c9 4c 0x0070c8c4 0x0070d018 0x018611dc 0x018557d4 0x0185eb24 0x01b2f424 0xe eeeeeee ) The following non-reset level messages may also be logged:	
The following non-reset level messages may also be logged:	

VSB Problems Corrected in 8.41.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
<3>mazama[8.tDispatch]Host buffer already free. freeBuffer:10897  If that message is logged, there is vulnerability to the resets mentioned above."	
System instability might occur with messages similar to "Interhost Unit 1 no rx space in Net	6.00.02
Pool".	6.00.02

# Features Enhancements 8.32.02.0009

# CLI Enhancements in 8.32.02.0009

A CLI command has been added, "show flowlimit stats". The command shows flow stats per port and is included in "show support" output.

# Problems Corrected in 8.32.02.0009

ACL Problems Corrected in 8.32.02.0009	Introduced in Version:
When ACL logging is enabled on a Policy ACL, the Policy ACL specific field "set-dscp <value>"</value>	8.32.01
does not appear in the log message.	0.32.01
If ACL logging is enabled on a policy ACL, it causes the policy ACL to be persisted as an	
extended ACL. On reboot, the ACL is restored as an extended ACL and the "set-dscp" action	8.32.01
is missing.	

Host Problems Corrected in 8.32.02.0009	Introduced in Version:
When a chassis is booting and one or more modules in the chassis continually reset or halt at initialization (usually, but not limited to, hardware failure reasons), this may cause other modules to reset before fully booting. A message similar to appears: <0>Rdy2swch[5.tRdy2Swtch]Initialization failed to complete(388 seconds allotted, 413 seconds elapsed). DistServ:[13], incomplete. ( 0x00e8a334 0x00990d8c 0x01af23e4 0xeeeeeeee)  It is possible that the chassis cannot fully boot until the originally resetting modules(s) are removed.	7.00.01

IGMP Problems Corrected in 8.32.02.0009	Introduced in Version:
When running in provider bridge mode, IGMP queries are not be transmitted properly.	8.32.01

MPLS Problems Corrected in 8.32.02.0009	Introduced in Version:
When running BGP in multiple VRs on a multi-module system, module reset may occur with	
the following message logged:	8.31.01
"SMS assert in asejoifm.c at line 2370 : (null) INVALID BRANCH 0 (null) 0"	
On failover, MPLS labels remain in forwarding plane leading to connectivity issues.	8.31.01

Multicast Problems Corrected in 8.32.02.0009	Introduced in Version:
After clearing and recreating a static multicast MAC, traffic destined through a Shortest Path	8.32.01
Bridging network is dropped.	0.32.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 38 of 121

Port Status/Control Problems Corrected in 8.32.02.0009	Introduced in Version:
Setting port speed to 1,000 on a SOK2209-0204 module may reset the device.	8.32.01
Setting port speed on a SOK2209-0204 module while auto negotiation is enabled may cause the link speed to change.	8.32.01
Transitioning from a port speed of 10G to 1G on a SOK2209-0204 module may display the following: "IntrHand[5.tNimIntr]PCIe Core Status Interrupt on NIM 0 inst 0 (sts=0x00300000)"	8.32.01

Spanning Tree Problems Corrected in 8.32.02.0009	Introduced in Version:
On boot up, in a device with multiple connections to root, there may be an initial delay of up	7.63.01
to 10 seconds for the root port to reach the forwarding state and pass traffic.	7.03.01

VRF Tree Problems Corrected in 8.32.02.0009	Introduced in Version:
DHCP relay agent does not work over L3VPN.	8.01.01

#### Features Enhancements 8.32.01.0022

#### Additional Module Supported in 8.32.01.0022

#### SUK3300-0304

S-Series Option Module (Type2) - 4 Ports 10GBASE-T with PoE (802.3at)

# Slip Horizon L2 Tunneling Support in 8.32.01.0022

**Split Horizon L2 Tunneling:** L2 Tunnel Enhancement providing for a loop free mesh topology without requiring a loop prevention protocol such as Spanning Tree. With Split Horizon configured on the switch, the switch does not forward packets between tunnel bridge ports if the associated tunnels bound to these tunnel bridge ports belong to the same Split Horizon group.

#### Layer 3 Policy ACL Support in 8.32.01.0022

Layer 3 Policy ACL: Policy ACLs allow the administrator to specify an IPv4 packet signature and set the DSCP value for matching packets to prioritize relatively short duration connections between specific end points (such as VOIP traffic). Policy ACLs are intended to be used by an application capable of dynamically configuring the ACL to prioritize relatively short duration connections between specific end points. With external integration, entries in the policy ACL are updated rapidly with an entry created for each new connection (VoIP call) and deleted when the connection terminates. The creation and application of policy ACLs does not persist after a system reset due to the transient nature of the connections to which they are applied.

# IP Host Mobility and Fabric Routing Support in 8.32.01.0022

**IP Host Mobility/Fabric Routing:** The following behavioral enhancements have been made to Fabric Routing and IP Host Mobility features. There are no specific configuration requirements related to these behavioral enhancements.

**Virtual Subnet Support** – This removes the 8.31 requirement for a layer 2 connection between sites (virtual or otherwise) for IP host mobility.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

Subject to Change Without Notice

Page: 39 of 121

# IP Host Mobility and Fabric Routing Support in 8.32.01.0022

Foreign Subnet Support – Support has been added to allow devices with foreign IP addresses (not belonging to the subnet) to utilize Fabric Routing infrastructure as well as become reachable with the IP Host Mobility feature with Proxy-arp enabled.

# **Routing Capacity Change Support in 8.32.01.0022**

FIB Capacity Increase: Capacity is increased from 525K to 600K.

### Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022

BGP Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
BGP may reject routes if aggregate-address is used.	8.22.01
When entire internet route table is loaded the following message may appear: "FwdMgr[1.tRtrPtcls]FIB entry pool exhausted". The IPv4 FIB can now support approximately 600,000 routes.	8.32.01
Graceful restart may fail when switch has a second VRF provisioned, but not configured.	8.31.01
With BGP graceful-restart configured, MPLS label table may not be synchronized on all modules in a chassis after failover.	8.31.01

Distributed Services Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
Module might reset with messages similar to: "Chassis coherency timeout exceeded".	7.62.07
Installing a new module might cause network disruption.	7.00.01
Denial of service (DoS) attack causes warning messages "this server has been invalidated" to appear.	1.07.19

Ethernet OAM Services Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
A CPU under heavy load may prevent transmission of OAMPDUs, which can lead to a	8.31.01
discovery timeout on an OAM peer.	

Introduced in Version:
8.11.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

Hardware Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
It is possible that during initialization, a module might halt with the following message: "This device has encountered a hardware failure. Fabric chips SPI4.2 initialization failed. Please contact Support for a possible repair/replacement. Press <r> to reset board."  If you do not see this message on subsequent board initializations, ignore this error.</r>	8.01.01

Host Mobility Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
The host-mobility aging feature has been removed to support host-mobility in a segmented network design whereby the routers' VRRP interfaces are not connected.	8.11.01
Host-mobility is now supported in a segmented VRRP network design where the router's VRRP interfaces are not connected.	8.31.01

Host Services Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
When tunneled bridge ports are active, infrequently, messages similar to the following appear:	8.20.02
Message 5/241 Syslog Message 08.30.01.0033 08/02/2014 10:45:31 <3>PiMgr[16.tDispatch]piMgrBindSystemPortAndHwPort(0,0x3000):Port(s) are already bound. pimSystemPortToHwPort[0]=0x8000;pimHwPortToSystemPort[0x 3000]=0x580 and/or	
Message 24/173 Syslog Message 08.30.01.0033 03/11/2014 05:22:38 <3>chassis[1.tBcastStRx]remoteModuleInfoPowerUpdate(6,""):Unsupported board type found.	

IGMP Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
If a configuration is enabled for IGMP on a VLAN that becomes an SPVID, you cannot delete the configuration.	8.31.01
When using a BaseVid without SPVID allocation due to an insufficient SPVID pool or a lack of boundary egress, IGMP may not forward traffic.	8.31.01

IPStack Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
Within a network environment where DHCP clients are active, over time, resources may be exhausted preventing IP host communication and loss of device management.	7.91.01

IPv4 Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
After router failover, any next hops that are no longer reachable remain in the route table.	8.31.01

IPv6 Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
Traffic from server to client might not be forwarded by the hardware over SPB due to	0 21 01
incorrect VID being used.	8.31.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 41 of 121

LSNAT Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
Using LSNAT or NAT an FTP binding is not deleted immediately when the FTP connection is removed with a "FIN".	7.31.02

Management Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
SFP entity MIB sensor does not support VSB ports. "Show port transceiver" CLI output indicates that sensor data is not available for these ports.	8.31.01
When Syslog servers are configured, if any of the following cli commands are issued:	
<ul> <li>show support</li> <li>show config</li> </ul>	
show config logging	
the switch loses (leaks) 144 bytes of memory. If commands are issued frequently enough the switch resets, logging a message similar to:	7.11.01
Message 3/30	
EDR Record 07.62.05.0001H 07/27/2014 19:55:11	
Severity/Facility: FATAL/KERNEL	
Task: tCLI0	
Injection Point: memPartLib.c:2498	
Address: 0x00000000	
memPartAlloc: block too big 84624 bytes (0x10 aligned) in partition 0x2234548	

MPLS Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
Cutting/pasting a large configuration from a text file into a router may cause a message similar to the following to appear: "<0>sms[2.tRtrPtcls]SMS assert in ahlij.c at line 737 : == mj_cb->desired_state 1 AHL_MJI_DEL_JOIN 2".	8.31.01
The output of 'show mpls forwarding-table' cannot be stopped with Ctrl-C or by entering 'q' during pagination.	8.31.01
The results from the 'show ip-binding' command may appear in random order.	8.31.01
When setting the ldp-label-retention mode, this message appears: "Err setting LDP entity admin up."	8.31.02

MSDP Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
MSDP can't be removed when only msdp originator-id exists.	8.20.02
Exceeding MSDP multicast flow limit may result in a SMS assert similar to:  "sms[3.tRtrPtcls]SMS assert in nbbpd.c at line 691 : != proc_type 0x0x  0 NULL 0x0x0 ( 0x00e86580 0x01e9d714 0x004c54ac 0x004c556c 0x004ccfec 0x02629250 0x02629938 0x0263e9fc 0x0263f380 0x0260dfb0 0x004b4cc8 0x004b5184 0x004b54b8 0x004bad08 0x004e64b4 0x01ea7674 0x01ea5ce4 0x01ad56e4 0xeeeeeeee )"	8.11.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 42 of 121

Multicast Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
When running S130/S150/S155/SSA130/SSA150 only software it is possible to see the following message at the CLI when exceeding the limits of the number of hardware resources for reframing when using IGMP:  "Invalid MCI -1, for asic "x", where "x" can be any number"	8.31.01
Multicast cache entries show up in the router even without a multicast routing protocol enabled on an interface.	8.31.01
Toggling LACP interfaces may result in module reset with message similar to: "<0>sms[1.tRtrPtcls]SMS assert in msnmcfsm.c at line 1023: (null) INVALID BRANCH 0 (null) 0 ( 0x00ea7d44 0x01ed54a0 0x004c8034 0x004c835c 0x027a9c80 0x0252e2b4 0x02793444 0x0278ae04 0x027889a8 0x02788dd8 0x004b6648 0x004b6c0c 0x004b6f40 0x004bd890 0x004e903c 0x01edf31c 0x01edd974 0x01b0c064 0xeeeeeeee )".	8.11.01
Multicast frames that are buffered and forwarded do not have TTL decremented.	8.31.01
IP Multicast is not forwarded correctly to local or remote ports after a port goes down that has a Router or Querier attached.	8.31.01

MVRP Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
VLANs that are either forbidden or mapped to the SPBV MST at bootup will not allow dynamic registration via MVRP or GVRP after the VLAN forbidden egress status or MST mapping is cleared.	8.31.01
The CPU utilization may spike up to 99% indefinitely due to MVRP. The system may crash or require manual intervention to force a reset.	8.31.01

NAT Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
An existing IPv6 NAT binding may continue to be used after the NAT outside interface has been de-configured.	7.91.01
The reply of an IPv6 ICMP NATTED packets may be dropped if the NAT outside interface is also configured as a NAT inside interface.	7.91.01
An FTP transfer of data may fail while on an inside interface and using NAT.	8.31.01
If Tunneled Bridge Ports or Network Address Translation are active, traffic may not be forwarded correctly.	8.31.01

OSPF Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0021	Introduced in Version:
If an OSPFv2 virtual link is configured with an invalid timer value of 0, the router will crash with the following syslog mesage, "sms_get timeout: oid=3e000001, tRtrPtcls state: running, last wakeup: 1 tics, IPS in use cnt: 1968, Bytes: 6527728"	7.00.01

PIM-DM Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
Negating PIM DM incoming interface may result in an assert similar to "SMS assert in	
qptukrcv.c at line 819 : == group_mode 5 QPTM_RPM_PIM_MODE_UNROUTABLE 1	
(0x00e84f50 0x01e9c158 0x004c54ac 0x004c57d4 0x0216f6c8 0x02170958 0x02168a04	8.21.01
0x0211c948 0x004b4cc8 0x004b5184 0x004b54b8 0x004bad08 0x004e64b4 0x01ea60b8	
0x01ea4728 0x01ad4124 0xeeeeeeee )"	

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 43 of 121

PIM-DM Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
"show ip mcache" shows a corrupted/incorrect Source/Destination IP in the display output.	8.31.01

PIM-SM Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
Non-DR may forward first multicast packets.	8.31.02
PIM-SM non-Designated Router (DR) may forward Register packets to the Rendezvous Point (RP).	8.31.01

Platform Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0022	Introduced in Version:
System logs the message "bcmStrat[1.tNimIntr]MEM_FAIL_INT_STAT=0x00000000, IP0_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP1_INTR_STATUS=0x000000000, IP2_INTR_STATUS=0x000000000, IP3_INTR_STATUS=0x000000000, IP3_INTR_STATUS_1=0x000000000, IP3_INTR_STATUS_2=0x000000000, IP3_INTR_STATUS_2=0x000000000, IP3_INTR_STATUS=0x000000000, IP3_INTR_INTR_INTR_INTR_INTR_INTR_INTR_INTR	8.31.02
When uploading new image to chassis, errors noticed when distributing image to compatible slots in the chassis.	4.21.19
"Unable to delete a file/image from the users directory if it has the same name as the current running image. You will get the following error return.  (su)->delete slot1/mylmage  The active image cannot be removed.  Failed to remove /slot1/mylmage"	7.30.01
Message similar to the following might be seen when bonding is disabled:<163>Feb 12 10:42:00 100.10.10.22 dot3Mgt[4.tEmanate10]dot3MgtDist::ifJackEntryGet():sendMessage(ackReq)!=kDs_good;sen dMask=0x10000	7.70.00
System logs the message "Default[1.tNimIntr]Assertion failed: SOC_REG_IS_VALID(unit, reg), file /firmware/common/bcmStrataDrv/04_12_50/sdk/src/soc/common/./reg.c, line 2897 ( 0x00dcd2dc 0x004108f8 0x010a9d80 0x010ad244 0x00ea94b4 0x00e9e82c 0x00444bc4 0x0046e4ec 0x0046ee40 0x019eec64 0xeeeeeeee )" and resets.	8.11.01
SFP sensors information may not present for some option module ports when multiple option modules are installed. "Show port transceiver" CLI output may incorrectly indicate that sensor data is not available on these ports.	8.31.01

RMON Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0021	Introduced in Version:
"show rmon stats" report might fail to include a bond port. This problem is intermittent (all of the bond ports might show up on some reboots), and the omitted bond port could	7.91.01
change from reboot to reboot.	

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 44 of 121

Shortest Path Bridging Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0021	Introduced in Version:
Changes to the Shortest Path topology may take longer than expected time to converge on a new topology.	8.31.01
SPB devices may not agree topology agreement digest after changing master role.	8.31.01
Traffic may not recover after disable/re-enable SPB.	8.31.01
In a Shortest Path Bridging domain, when a device becomes the new regional root, designated ports on this new regional root go into listening state. Consequently, CIST traffic using this path is blocked. The issue is resolved by forcing a BPDU to be sent by the root port on the peer device.	8.31.01
In a Shortest Path Bridging-VLAN domain, when a device becomes the new regional root, customer traffic that ingresses the network on a base VID does not reach the intended destination endpoint(s). The associated SPVID lacks egress on some bridges throughout the SPBV network, and there is no clear indication of why this is so. The issue is resolved by forcing a BPDU to be sent by the root port on the peer device.	8.31.01
Occasionally on bootup, static layer 2 multicast traffic that runs through shortest path bridging will not recover.	8.31.01
In a Shortest Path Bridging VLAN (SPBV) domain, ports are incorrectly set to backup role and a state of blocking. The only ports affected are internal to the region and the consequence is limited network connectivity. Toggling the SPB configuration on the port may fix the problem, but not always.	8.31.01
For Software Bonded flows, from SPB ports, the first 4 bytes of the Software Bond Header is not getting removed properly, causing loss of L2 multicast traffic.	8.31.01
The agreement protocol for Spanning Tree internal to the SPB region requires an exchange of BPDUs greater in number than what is required for rapid failover in RSTP or MSTP.  Spanning Tree software rate limiters may cause a BPDU drop during this exchange causing the protocol to be interrupted for a HELLO period, two seconds by default, until the next periodic transmit of a BPDU. This will delay convergence when SPB has the digest convention configured for loopFreeBoth.	8.31.01
System crashes when reboot one blade in a multi-blade system with message similar to: "<161>Oct 30 08:40:27 0.0.0.0 System[7]Chassis coherency timeout exceeded, resetting. delta:222000 curr:335186 nts:113186 nto:30000 hw:0x37000000 lnk:0x37000000 nv:0x37000000 img:0x37000000 max:0x37000000 ( 0x00e8535c 0x0071b18c 0x01ad4564 0xeeeeeeee )".	8.31.01
Port state may be listening for SPB internal port due to neighbor transmitting BPDUs with the agreeDigestValid flag persistently false.	8.31.01
Traffic traversing a SPBV network does not egress out access ports. Filter database entries indicate traffic is not received on the correct internal ports. If the filter database is cleared, traffic correctly egresses out the access ports.	8.31.01
Routed traffic will fail on a helper router when Routing-As-A-Service is configured and the SPB domain fails over to Cist.	8.31.01
Occasionally when a port's operational state is changed, layer 2 static multicast traffic over Shortest Path Bridging is lost on that port.	8.31.01
Ports may become blocked when adding a BVLAN or SPVID and then immediately removing it. Spanning tree reinitializes the port topology information calculated by ISIS-SPB, but the	8.31.01

Shortest Path Bridging Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0021	Introduced in Version:
information is not refreshed because the topology calculated by ISIS-SPB has not actually changed.	
When Shortest Path Bridging is globally disabled, Layer 2 multicast traffic will not be forwarded across a Virtual Switch Bond when using a configured Shortest Path Bridging BaseVLAN.	8.31.02
When an SPB regional port becomes a boundary port and then reenters the region, ISIS-SPB and Spanning Tree may become out of sync with respect to the value the port is using for agreement digest. The value transmitted in an SPT BPDU may differ from the value transmitted in the SPB-Digest sub-TLV of the SPB Hello PDU. This may result in traffic loss due to agreement not being reached between the connected ports.	8.31.03
CIST root port may become stuck in the listening state when disabling and reenabling the global SPB status for all the nodes in an SPB region.	8.31.03
In a shortest-path-bridging network, hardware connections for routed traffic may not be removed when the routes affecting the traffic change.	8.31.01
If Shortest Path Bridging is enabled, or enabled then disabled, a "show mac addr" command could take minutes or tens of minutes to complete. All matching Filter Database entries should still be returned.	8.31.01
SPB configurations using manual SPVID allocation mode without manually configured SPVIDs can lead to high CPU utilization and network instability.	8.31.01

Spanning Tree Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0021	Introduced in Version:
A root or alternate port may get stuck in a state where it will not respond to a proposal BPDU with an agreement BPDU. This will cause port forwarding for the connected designated port to use timers rather than the rapid forwarding mechanism. Additionally, if the designated port is configured for lp (Loop Protect), it will detect a loop protect event and remain in the listening state.	7.60.01
The Multisource function detects multiple BPDU sources received on a point-to-point link and sets the point-to-point operational status to false. The point-to-point operational status is an input into the rapid transition to forwarding capability for rapid spanning tree. It is also a factor in the Loop Protection mechanism and in Shortest Path Bridging.  A port that receives BPDUs from multiple sources where those sources are exclusively different ports on the same transmitting bridge will not be triggered for multisource and will	8.31.01
remain operationally point-to-point.  FDB entry not removed for IST port in an SPB region during a topology change. This can cause traffic assigned to VLANS mapped to SID 0 to be directed out the wrong port until the FDB entry times out.	8.31.01
A port on the root bridge may select a backup role instead of a designated role if it receives a BPDU from another bridge where the role in the flags field indicates a designated role, the root identifier is the ID of the receiving bridge and the transmitting port ID is lower than the receiving port ID.	7.00.01
A temporary loop may be created when the root bridge relinquishes its root status and the direction of root in the network reverses, i.e. designated ports become root/alternate ports and root/alternate ports become designated.	7.00.01

Tunnel Manager Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0021	Introduced in Version:
LLC packets might not be received at destination when sent across an L2 tunnel due to IPX being filtered inside tunnel flows.	8.11.01
Downgrading from a future version that requires only a source tunnel endpoint to be configured on a tunnel, causes the tunnel to be deleted.	7.41.02
The switch may crash when changing the VLAN membership of a tunnel bridge port.	8.21.01

VLAN Problems Corrected in 8.32.01.0021	Introduced in Version:
VLAN egress registered dynamically by MVRP may bounce when the system is in a steady	7.91.01
state.	7.91.01

# Problems Corrected in 8.31.03.0002

Shortest Path Bridging Corrected in 8.31.03.0002	Introduced in Version:
In a large Shortest Path Bridging network, running the command "show spb path" will cause the Shortest Path network traffic to stop forwarding.	8.31.02
SPB Port configuration will be lost if hello parameters are configured and lower port numbers do not have hello parameters configured.	8.31.02

Spanning Tree Corrected in 8.31.03.0002	Introduced in Version:
A temporary loop may be created when the root bridge relinquishes its root status and the direction of root in the network reverses, i.e. designated ports become root/alternate ports	7.00.01
and root/alternate ports become designated.	

# **Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015**

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802.1d Filter Database Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
If Tunneled Bridge Ports or Network Address Translation are active, traffic may not be forwarded correctly.	8.31.01

802.1q Relay Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
The switch may crash when changing the VLAN membership of a tunnel bridge port.	8.21.01

BFD Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
Not all of the BFD sessions recover from a failure of master blade. In the event there are unrecoverable BFD sessions, the user should completely remove the BFD configuration on both sides and then reconfigure.	8.31.01
Module might reset with message indicating DSI Exception in Thread Name: tTrackBfdS.	8.31.01

BGP Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
BGP update message containing duplicate MED's of zero are accepted by the router.	8.21.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 47 of 121

Chassis Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
Module might reset with messages similar to: "application Chassis Coherency (2) failed to run".	6.11.01

CoS Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
When switch is in layer 2 mode, layer 3 multicast protocols (such as VRRP and OSPF), when switched, are not prioritized above user data.	7.00.01

Distributed Services Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
Bonded Chassis module may infrequently reset after a message similar to the following is logged: "DistServ[4.tDsBrdOk]serverWatchDog.6(PortInfo) client 106(Bonding) not ready in 18399".	8.12.01
Module might reset with messages similar to: "DSI exception" and "Thread Name: tDSrecv4".	7.00.01

Ethernet OAM Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
A CPU under heavy load may prevent transmission of OAMPDUs which can lead to a discovery timeout on an OAM peer.	8.31.01

Hardware Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
USB drives formatted as FAT may not show up as "inserted" or show up when issuing a "dir" CLI command.	8.21.01
A blade may reset with a messages similar to:	
<1>MCNXMGR[12.tFujiAge]ASIC failed to write callback, transaction = 0, c hip = 2	
or <3>Fuji[1.tNimIntr]Fuji LU RAM 2 MAIN intr: Fuji=0, Adr=0, Reg=0x00000100 or	8.21.01
<3>mazama[8.tDispatch]Host buffer already free. freeBuffer:8715	
These resets will occur more frequently if the switch has Tunnels or Shortest Path Bridging enabled.	
It is possible that during initialization module might halt with the following message: "This device has encountered a hardware failure. Fabric chips SPI4.2 initialization failed. Please contact Support for a possible repair/replacement. Press <r> to reset board."</r>	8.01.01
If you do not see this message on subsequent board initializations you have hit this case and the error can be ignored.	

HAU Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
High-availability upgrade groups may not be displayed correctly in the show config output.	7.60.01

Host Services Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
"show neighbor" CLI command may generate the syslog message "DistServ[4.tCLI1]sendMsg.1(Config) msg (2147483660) too long(1405) from client 37(NDS)"	8.21.02
and some neighbor info may be missing.	

IGMP Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
It is possible for IGMP to have a non general query refresh the other querier present timers. Causes no functional issues.	7.30.01
User is unable to disable or delete an IGMP configuration for a VLAN if the Vid becomes configured as a Spvid.	8.31.01
CLI Syslog may indicate that a failed IGMP configuration succeeded, when it did not.	7.00.01
If adding an SPB base Vid, before enabling IGMP, IGMP may not recognize the base Vid, resulting in traffic issues.	8.31.01
A user is able to enable IGMP query on an SPBV Spvid.	8.31.01
IP Multicast is not forwarded correctly to local or remote ports after a port goes down that has a Router or Querier attached.	8.31.01

IPv6 Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
IPv6 traceroute ignores the -s source IPv6 address option.	7.00.01
The SPB Vid value was incorrect due to retrieving the Vid from the packet transformation	8.31.01
instead of from the Forwarding Attributes for the flow.	8.31.01

LSNAT Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
While running SLB traffic and creating bindings the module might reset with messages similar to:  Message 5/302 Exception PPC750 Info 08.31.02.0003 10/02/2014 16:49:03  Exc Vector: DSI exception (0x00000300)  Thread Name: tRtrASvcMain	8.31.01
Message 20/302 Exception PPC750 Info 08.31.02.0003 10/02/2014 15:56:57 Exc Vector: DSI exception (0x00000300) Thread Name: tDSrecv5	

Management Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
SFP entity MIB sensor does not support VSB ports. "Show port transceiver" CLI output indicates that sensor data is not available for these ports.	8.31.01

MPLS Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
The CLI command 'show mpls propagate-ttl' does not display the current system settings.	8.31.01
Toggling MPLS admin state causes 'bgp no enable' command to be removed from config file.	8.31.01

Multicast Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
mgmdStdMib InverseRouterCacheTable may not SNP walk properly.	7.60.01
IGMP/MLD snooping crashes with message similar to: "Recv base index out of range baseidx:3679 flowIdx:3679".	8.31.01
Static layer 2 multicast traffic is not forwarded through a hardware VSB device that is using Shortest Path Bridging.	8.31.01
When running S130/S150/S155/SSA130/SSA150 only software it is possible to see the following message at the CLI when exceeding the limits of the number of hardware resources for reframing when using IGMP:  "Invalid MCI -1, for asic ""x"", where ""x"" can be any number"	8.31.01

MVRP Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
VLANs that are either forbidden or mapped to the SPBV MST at bootup will not allow dynamic registration via MVRP or GVRP after the VLAN forbidden egress status or MST mapping is cleared.	8.31.01

NAT Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
'overloaded' option of a NAT list rule may not be allowed if "inside_vrf" is configured.	8.31.01

OSPF Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
If an OSPFv2 virtual link is configured with an invalid timer value of 0, the router will crash	
with the following syslog message: "sms_get timeout: oid=3e000001, tRtrPtcls state:	7.00.01
running, last wakeup: 1 tics, IPS in use cnt: 1968, Bytes: 6527728"	

PIM-DM Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
Multicast frames that are buffered and forwarded do not have TTL decremented.	8.31.01

PIM-SM Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
IP Multicast flows may revert to a "register state" after PIM events such as neighbor loss, RP loss, etc.	8.31.01
Multicast cache entries show up in the router even without a multicast routing protocol enabled on an interface.	8.31.01
Toggling LACP interfaces may result in module reset with message similar to: "<0>sms[1.tRtrPtcls]SMS assert in msnmcfsm.c at line 1023: (null) INVALID BRANCH 0 (null) 0 ( 0x00ea7d44 0x01ed54a0 0x004c8034 0x004c835c 0x027a9c80 0x0252e2b4 0x02793444 0x0278ae04 0x027889a8 0x02788dd8 0x004b6648 0x004b6c0c 0x004b6f40 0x004bd890 0x004e903c 0x01edf31c 0x01edd974 0x01b0c064 0xeeeeeeeee )".	8.11.01

Platform Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
System instability might be experienced with messages similar to "Interhost Unit 1 no rx space in Net Pool".	6.00.02

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 50 of 121

Platform Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
When writing to a file on a remote blade, if the connection becomes unresponsive, the local blade could reset. An example would be running the following command from the master slot to a slot across a bond link:  "show config all outfile slot13/showCfgAll.out"  The log should have something similar to the following:  Message 83/263 Exception PPC750 Info 08.30.01.0036 08/13/2014 08:54:27  Exc Vector: DSI exception (0x00000300)  Thread Name: tCLI0"	7.00.01
Underlying transport errors will cause the messages "TIPC discarding incoming Ethernet message with destination <mac_address>" to be displayed resulting in internal network buffer loss and a segmentation of a slot in a chassis to stand alone mode.</mac_address>	8.31.01
When displaying debug CLI base information for some copper SFP cable assemblies, the output may incorrectly display the interface type as "40G Act Cbl" instead of "1000BASE-CX".	8.22.02
SFP sensors information may not display for some option module ports when multiple option modules are installed. "Show port transceiver" CLI output may incorrectly indicate that sensor data is not available on these ports.	8.31.01
System logs the message:  "Default[1.tNimIntr]Assertion failed: SOC_REG_IS_VALID(unit, reg), file  /firmware/common/bcmStrataDrv/04_12_50/sdk/src/soc/common/./reg.c, line 2897 ( 0x00dcd2dc 0x004108f8 0x010a9d80 0x010ad244 0x00ea94b4 0x00e9e82c 0x00444bc4 0x0046e4ec 0x0046ee40 0x019eec64 0xeeeeeeeee)" and resets.	8.11.01
A performance reduction causes the throughput of new traffic processing to be reduced with default configuration.	8.31.01

PoE Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
PoE might occasionally stop delivering power to PDs.	7.00.01

RaaS Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
The command 'show raas' on a RaaS helper router may display more than 8 main routers even though only 8 are used in forwarding packets.	8.31.01
On a RaaS help router, when a main router leaves the forwarding list, connections for flows forwarded to that main router may not be deleted.	8.31.01

RMON Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
"show rmon stats" report might fail to include a bond port. This problem is intermittent (all of the bond ports might show up on some reboots), and the omitted bond port could	7.91.01
change from reboot to reboot.	

Routing Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
TLV with no in-service bit set is generated after router failover.	8.31.01

Shortest Path Bridging Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
SPB convergence times may take longer than expected when region topology changes.	8.31.01
n a multi-slot or bonded chassis, LAG port egress may not be set properly for an SPVID on a non-switch master blade. There is a small timing window where the distributed spannning cree port state information is missed.	8.31.01
nsertion or removal of a module in a bonded system can cause poor network convergence times as well as a temporary loss of traffic.	8.31.01
SPB devices may not agree withtopology agreement digest after changing master role.	8.31.01
Occasionally when a chassis blade is removed, Shortest Path Bridging traffic is temporarily ost even when no shortest paths pass through the blade.	8.31.01
When running spanning tree in SPB mode, traffic is lost when connected ports have differing configuration for SPB port status. One side sees the port as internal to the region while the other sees it as external. This results in a disputed BPDU status causing the port to remain in the listening state.	8.31.01
Changes in the topology of an SPB region result in convergence times above expectations. This is due to the number of BPDU transmit requests exceeding the txHoldCount value, ncluding when that value is set to the maximum of 10. TxHoldCount is the number of BPDUs which may be sent immediately after which the transmit rate becomes one BPDU per second for the given port.	8.31.01
Fraffic may not recover after disable/re-enable SPB.	8.31.01
SPB-ISIS packets are flooded when SPB is globally disabled.	8.31.01
P directed broadcasts transmitted to their destination subnet are not broadcast across SPB domain.	8.31.01
A new root port for an SPT may forward before the old root port on a remote blade disables forwarding, opening a transient loop.	8.31.01
When there is a change in the topology of the SPB region, ports might get stuck in the istening state.	8.31.01
Port may not become internal to the region even though ISIS adjacency is indicated.	8.31.01
n a Shortest Path Bridging-VLAN domain, when a device becomes the new regional root, customer traffic that ingresses the network on a base VID does not reach the intended destination endpoint(s). The associated SPVID lacks egress on some bridges throughout the SPBV network, and there is no clear indication of why this is so. The issue is resolved by forcing a BPDU to be sent by the root port on the peer device.	8.31.01
Occasionally on bootup static layer 2 multicast traffic that runs through shortest path oridging will not recover.	8.31.01
n a Shortest Path Bridging VLAN (SPBV) domain, ports are incorrectly set to backup role and a state of blocking. The only ports affected are internal to the region and the consequence is imited network connectivity. Toggling the SPB configuration on the port may fix the problem, but not always.	8.31.01
For Software Bonded flows, from SPB ports, the first 4 bytes of the Software Bond Header is not getting removed properly, causing loss of L2 multicast traffic.	8.31.01
MVRP may propagate SPBV Base-VID registrations on ports within the SPBV domain.	8.31.01

03/06/2017	P/N	9038885-	01
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Shortest Path Bridging Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
The agreement protocol for Spanning Tree internal to the SPB region requires an exchange of BPDUs greater in number than what is required for rapid failover in RSTP or MSTP. Spanning Tree software rate limiters may cause a BPDU drop during this exchange causing the protocol to be interrupted for a HELLO period, two seconds by default, until the next periodic transmit of a BPDU. This will delay convergence when SPB has the digest convention configured for loopFreeBoth.	8.31.01
System crashes when reboot one blade in a multi-blade system with message similar to: "<161>Oct 30 08:40:27 0.0.0.0 System[7]Chassis coherency timeout exceeded, resetting. delta:222000 curr:335186 nts:113186 nto:30000 hw:0x37000000 lnk:0x37000000 nv:0x37000000 img:0x37000000 max:0x37000000 ( 0x00e8535c 0x0071b18c 0x01ad4564 0xeeeeeeee )".	8.31.01
Port state may be listening for SPB internal port due to neighbor transmitting BPDUs with the agreeDigestValid flag persistently false.	8.31.01

Spanning Tree Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
Module might reset with messages similar to: "serverWatchDog.3 client 18(MstpClnt) not ready in 3365".	6.11.01
A root or alternate port may get stuck in a state where it will not respond to a proposal BPDU with an agreement BPDU. This will cause port forwarding for the connected designated port to use timers rather than the rapid forwarding mechanism. Additionally, if the designated port is configured for lp (Loop Protect), it will detect a loop protect event and remain in the listening state.	7.60.01
The Multisource function detects multiple BPDU sources received on a point-to-point link and sets the point-to-point operational status to false. The point-to-point operational status is an input into the rapid transition to forwarding capability for rapid spanning tree. It is also a factor in the Loop Protection mechanism and in Shortest Path Bridging.  A port that receives BPDUs from multiple sources where those sources are exclusively different ports on the same transmitting bridge will not be triggered for multisource and will remain operationally point-to-point.	8.31.01
FDB entry not removed for IST port in an SPB region during a topology change. This can cause traffic assigned to VLANS mapped to SID 0 to be directed out the wrong port until the FDB entry times out.	8.31.01
A port on the root bridge may select a backup role instead of a designated role if it receives a BPDU from another bridge where the role in the flags field indicates a designated role, the root identifier is the ID of the receiving bridge and the transmitting port ID is lower than the receiving port id.	7.00.01

VSB Problems Corrected in 8.31.02.0015	Introduced in Version:
In a software VSB chassis, Precision Time Protocol frames (PTP), will not be forwarded to any ports that are on the chassis remote from one that packet was received on.	8.11.05
In a software VSB chassis, if a blade with active VSB ports resets, there may be a failure to forward packets received on the chassis the blade reset in, to ports on the remote chassis.	7.40.01

#### Features Enhancements 8.31.01.0005

#### Enhancements in 8.31.01.0005

**Shortest Path Bridging** - IEEE 802.1aq Shortest Path Bridging (SPB) is a protocol that provides data traffic a shortest cost path between any pair of switches in the SPB network. SPB features dynamic route calculation in a loop-free Layer-2 network and fast convergence time using IS-IS. The S-Series supports Shortest Path Bridging VLAN (SPBV).

**Routing as a Service (RaaS)** - Routing as a Service (RaaS), also known as Virtual Fabric Routing, is an integrated routing service providing a simple, scalable and efficient virtualized routing over any L2 network infrastructure that eliminates all routing protocols within the SPB domain of the network. The RaaS Fabric can scale from a single or pair of chassis to a collection of devices where all of the devices in the SPB domain of the network work as a single and collective layer 3 forwarding mechanism.

**SFP/SFP+ Extended Information** - Diagnostic information for supported transceivers is provided. In addition to serial number and model details, digital diagnostic information is displayed such as Temperature, Voltage, Transmit Current, Receive Power, Alarm State as well as High/Low thresholds.

### **Bi-Directional Forwarding Detection (BFD) Enhancements:**

Shared Fate – With Shared Fate, all routing protocols can be notified within a single BFD session, previous releases supported OSPF protocol only.

*Graceful Re-start* – Support has been added to simultaneously use the routing protocol Graceful Re-start with BFD, in previous releases these features were mutually exclusive.

Local and Remote Echo – Echo functionality allows the BFD feature set to test a neighboring routers forwarding plane.

### **IP Tunneling Enhancements:**

NAT Services Support - NAT /LSNAT/TWCB functionality is now supported for IP tunnel interfaces. Layer Tunnel Switching - Support has been added to allow traffic to be switched directly from a tunnel interface to another tunnel interface. Previous releases supported switching to/from non-tunnel to tunnel interfaces.

### L3VPN Enhancements:

L3VPN over SPB Core - Support has been added to support L3VPN over BGP/Shortest Path Bridging Core network. This feature allows the use of a SPB transport for L3VPN functionality.

L3VPN over an IPv6 BGP/MPLS Core - Support has been added to support L3VPN over IPv6 BGP/MPLS Core network. Previous releases supported L3VPN over IPv4 BGP/MPLS Cores only.

L3VPN Graceful Re-start - Graceful re-start is supported with GRE / L3VPN implementations allowing forwarding of existing L3VPN traffic during protocol restart events.

**NAT Services Enhancement** - Basic Stateful Firewall like functionality utilizing the embedded NAT services engine to provide connection initiation only from designated "inside" to designated "outside" interfaces. This feature can help secure internal resources from being directly compromised from devices entering the network from "outside" interfaces. This feature uses the NAT services engine but does not require address translation.

**Multicast Buffering Enhancement** - Enhancement to support buffering of the initial packets of an IP Multicast flow that arrives prior to the Multicast Routing Protocol determining the proper route. Previous releases would drop the initial IP Multicast packets to be routed prior to the Multicast Routing Protocol determining the route.

**ISIS Graceful Re-Start** - Graceful Re-Start for the IS-IS protocol has been added. Graceful Re-Start provides for an IS-IS router to continue to forward existing traffic and remain on the forwarding path during a restart of the IS-IS software process.

### **IP Service Level Agreements Enhancements:**

This release adds two new types of UDP timing probes to the (IPSLA) feature suite.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 54 of 121

#### Enhancements in 8.31.01.0005

*UDP Timing Probe* - Uses a variation of the UDP echo paradigm to contact a destination device to determine the round-trip-delay as well as packet delay variation (jitter). Packet delay variation requires both endpoints support the IPSLA feature and have their clocks synchronized.

*DNS Timing Probe* - Uses the DNS protocol to transmit a DNS query a destination device to determine the round-trip-delay of the DNS answer.

*UDP/DNS State Probe* - Provides the ability to verify data in a DNS resource record in the answer section of the DNS response packet.

**VRF Capacity Increase** - The number of dynamic VRF's supported has increase to 64 dynamic VRF's from 16. This increase is only applicable to modules with 2GB of RAM. (S180/S140/S155, SSA180/SSA150A)

#### **New Feature Licenses:**

*S1/S1A Policy User Capacity License, S-EOS-USER* - Policy User Capacity license to allow support up to 8k users. Used for single fabric systems installed in S1/S1A chassis.

Flow Capacity License, S-EOS-Flow - Flow capacity license for SSA /Purview appliance 10G ports to allow 1M flows per CoreFlow2 ASIC. Applicable to 10G ports only, see port to ASIC mapping.

#### Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005

802.1d Filter Database Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
In customer bridge mode, packets destined for the provider bridge network group address are forwarded.	8.21.01
MAC addresses that should age out form filter database will fail to do so. The frequency of this will increase with lower mac age times.	1.07.19

802.1x Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When using EAP Authentication Methods that require passing certificates, if the packets for those certificates are greater then 1760 bytes, a portion of those packets may be	8.20.02
transmitted with invalid data.	

ACL Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When a packet with a protocol other than IPv4 or IPv6 matches an L2 ACL, the L2 source and destination addresses will be displayed in place of the IPv4 and IPv6 addresses and the ethertype will be displayed as a hex value.	8.11.01
When an L2 ACL is applied to an interface, removed from an interface or when an L2 ACL currently in use is modified, connections may not be removed. This can cause traffic to flow as it did before the change was made. Toggling the interface down then up will clear all connections and allow the L2 ACL to be correctly applied to traffic.	8.11.01

ARP Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Packets sent from a VRF host may be delayed while the ARP is resolved. Additionally the	7.60.01
destination host may see 10 or more ARP requests to the destination IP address.	7.00.01
If the ARP table contains an entry for 0.0.0.0 or 255.255.255 then an SNMP MIB walk	7.00.01
will result in a loop.	7.00.01
The router configured on a service provider switch may respond to ARPs received on a	7.91.01
customer VLAN when the VLAN ID matches a router's interface VLAN ID. Conversely, the	7.51.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

ARP Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
router configured on a customer switch may respond to ARPs received on a service provider	
VLAN when the VLAN ID matches a router's interface VLAN ID.	
Using the command "clear arp <ipaddress>" may not function properly when clearing an</ipaddress>	
ARP or ND entry in the stale state. If the host is still up a new ARP or ND entry will be added	7.00.01
immediately after it is deleted.	

BGP Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
The 'show ipv6 bgp dampened-routes' command does not support a 'wide' option in which all output appears on one line.	8.01.01
There is no CLI command to display all of the parameters associated with a BGP route-flap dampening configuration table.	8.20.02
The BGP peering session between two BGP peers may bounce if BGP is running over a tunnel interface, BGP is advertising a large number of routes, and jumbo packets are disabled on ports in which the BGP packets are transmitted.	8.21.01
A system reset may occur if BGP peering sessions bounce while loading the full Internet routing table. The following error message will appear: 'SMS assert in qbnmutil.c at line 478'	7.20.01
BGP does not provide a CLI command to allow the user to specify a per peer local AS number.	7.20.01
BGP prefix-lists referenced from a BGP route-map may not function in cases where the prefix-list has been configured, removed, and reconfigured in a short time period.	7.20.01
If a BGP Update message is received with no NLRI path attribute the peering session is torn down.	7.20.01
The "orf-association" setting for BGP route-maps matching the mpls-bgp-vpn sub address-family will not be internally programmed after the vpnv4 or vpnv6 address-family is disabled and then reenabled.	8.01.01
The BGP next-hop for ipv6 L3VPN routes will not change to the local ipv6 address after negating the vpnv4 address-family. The mapped ipv6 address based on the local ipv4 address is still used in this case.	8.01.01
The 'show ipv6 bgp' command does not support a 'wide' option in which all output appears on one line.	7.30.01
The 'show running-config' and 'show config' outputs may display extra white space between options for the BGP 'aggregate address' command.	8.22.01
Configuring OSPFv2/v3 administrative distance can cause a DSI in tRtrPtcls if BGP is also configured.	8.22.01

CFM Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
CFM PDUs that contain the SenderID TLV will be improperly discarded as invalid frames.	8.21.01
Remote MEP states may be incorrect on CFM MEPs that are configured on LAG ports that span more than one module.	8.02.01
Remote MEP states may be incorrect on CFM MEPs that have no VLAN configuration ("Port MEPs").	8.21.01
The "-verbose" modifier for the "show cfm linktrace" CLI command has been removed.	7.91.01
Sending CFM Linktrace messages from MEPs residing on a bridge running in customer mode will not interoperate with CFM MPs residing on bridges running in provider mode.	8.01.01

DHCP Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When using an ip-helper and the option 82 dhcp relay information option for VPNs, DHCP	7.40.01
packets may not be properly relayed.	7.40.01

DNS Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When a VLAN interface is removed from the configuration the associated DNS-Names are also removed but the DNS-Names count is not decremented. This makes it appear that more DNS-Names are configured than actually are and may cause an error when new DNS-	7.91.01
Names are configured. The count will be correct if the router is rebooted.	

Graceful Restart Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Graceful restart for BGP/OSPF is not working with VPN routes.	8.01.01
Graceful restart in an L3VPN environment may fail if the OSPF pe-ce option is enabled.	8.22.01

HostDos Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Enabling the HostDoS portScan feature mistakenly filters inbound packets on port 22 when SSH is enabled. HostDoS should only filter these packets when SSH is disabled. This may render the switches SSH server inoperable, and the DoS attack detection logic may produce false positives. A workaround is to not enable HostDos portScan, or to enable it but with a relatively high portScan rate limit. Another workaround is to disable and then re-enable SSH (via a Telnet or console connection). However, the problem will return following a system reboot.	7.30.01

IGMP Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
IGMP may lose track of where a flow entered the system. It may cause flow Interruption due to bad internal hardware programming.	7.79.00
It is possible for IGMP to lose track of which port a flow comes in, and cause an IGMP verify failed, status:0x00020000 message.	7.79.00
When the command "set igmp flow-wait" has both oper-state and time set on the same line, only the oper-state is set.	8.11.01

IP Interface Manager Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When removing a Layer-3 interface using the "no <interfacename>" command you may</interfacename>	7.41.02
receive a difficult to decipher error message if the interface does not exist.	7.41.02

IPSLA Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
The SLA scheduler sub-mode command 'reset' cannot be entered while the SLA entry is scheduled. In order to reset the attributes for the entry, the user must stop the SLA entry via the 'stop' command in the SLA scheduler sub-mode.	8.01.01

IPSLA Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
The user will see the following CLI error when attempting to configure an SLA entry that had	
been previously configured in another VRF:	
' Error: Command failed - create IpSla Entry '	8.11.01
The user will either have to remove the SLA entry from VRF in which it is configured, or	
choose a different SLA entry to configure.	

IP Stack Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
ICMP echo requests to IP interface addresses exceeding 100 per second will not all be	8.20.02
answered.	8.20.02

IPv4 Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Host routes advertised from the host-mobility routers are installed in other host-mobility	8.21.01
peers that direct frames to the core instead of the directly connected networks.	8.21.01

IPV6 Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Given overlapping IPv6 routes with different prefix lengths, the 'show ipv6 route <pre><pre><pre>cprefix/prefix length&gt;' CLI command will only successfully display the route with the shortest prefix length.</pre></pre></pre>	7.00.01
When overlapping prefixes exist in the IPv6 route table, the CLI command 'show ipv6 route <ipv6-address>' will return the route with the shortest prefix length instead of the longest prefix length.</ipv6-address>	8.01.01

IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
ARP/ND entries may expire early if the host does not respond to periodic ARP/ND refresh attempts.	8.21.01
It is possible to configure a Static ND entry which uses the same IP address as an interface address or VRRP address if the static ND entry is created before the other address.	7.00.01
The configuration commands "arp" and "ipv6 neighbor" allow invalid VLAN interfaces such as vlan.0.4095.	7.00.01
The router will ignore IPv6 Neighbor Advertisements if the Neighbor Advertisement does not contain a Target Link-layer address. This is true even if the neighbor solicitation was a unicast request.	7.41.02
If a router receives a Neighbor Solicitation without a Source Link-Layer address then the response for the solicitation may contain a destination MAC address of 00:00:00:00:00:00.	7.01.02

ISIS Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
CLI commands 'ip router isis' and 'ipv6 router isis' are not provided under loopback interfaces.	7.30.01
ISIS Hostnames exceeding 10 characters cannot be displayed with the 'isis database' command.	8.21.01
Processing very high rates of unknown traffic may cause ISIS routes to be lost.	7.91.01
When displaying complete ISIS database information for a router that has a hostname defined, the system ID may be displayed instead.	8.12.01

Jumbo Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Port Jumbo MTU settings allowed for values below 1519.	8.01.01

LSNAT Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Fragmented packets are not allowed to traverse across an LSNAT6/4 or LSNAT46 vserver, the packets will be dropped.	7.91.01
No translation of ICMPv6 Packet Too Big to ICMPv4 across an LSNAT64 router.	7.91.01
It is possible for the command "show ip slb statistics" to display '0' deleted Sticky Entries, regardless of how many sticky entries have been deleted.	7.11.01
The inner UDP/TCP hdr checksum on an "ICMP Error" may be incorrect.	6.00.02
The serverfarm must be removed before modifying the vserver serverfarm configuration.	7.20.01
When issuing an ICMP request to a VIP that is accessed using MPLS the ICMP Request will not reply.	7.99.00
LSNAT66/MPLS reverse translation has malformed IPv6 header (and bad TCP chksum).	8.20.02
The cli command 'show ipv6 route <address>' does not work for LSNAT virtual IP addresses.</address>	7.00.01

Management Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Message "masterTrapSem time out, dropping trap" may appear in message log indicating an SNMP trap being dropped.	7.62.06
Entity mib "modelNumber" data corruption.	7.00.01
Entity MIB is missing entries for fan tray modules present in the SSA180 class.	8.01.01
WebView Chassis display is limited to only 13 slots.	1.07.19

MLD Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When MLD includes sources different from the real multicast source, the following error message will appear: 'qptuaapi.c at line 1324'.	8.21.01

MPLS Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Ingress MPLS Labeled packets on a Service Provider port contains unexpected data after the MPLS header.	8.22.02
After router failover, some filter connections may not be removed in MPLS networks.	8.11.01
If IPv6 MPLS is deleted from the configuration and then restored, MPLS labels are not assigned to FECs for routes learned in the core.	8.21.01
The CLI command 'show mpls forwarding-table' consumes a large amount of available CPU to generate its output with large route tables in place.	8.20.02
The CLI command 'show mpls forwarding-table' operates very slowly with large routes tables in place.	8.20.02
The L2 MAC address were not being updated in the Soft Forwarding path for MPLS flow.	8.20.02
The 'prefix' suboption to the 'show mpls forwarding-table' command is not functional.	8.20.02
Transformation was using MPLS label TTL instead of Inner IP' TTL.	8.20.02

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 59 of 121

MPLS Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When MPLS is enabled after system boot, MPLS FECs are unnecessarily created for each connected subnet.	8.20.02
When there is more than one nexthop for a given route via ECMP, only one nexthop appears in output of 'show mpls forwarding-table'.	8.20.02
Wrong MTU value set in ICMP Fragmentation Needed/ICMPv6 Packet Too Big packet sent when MPLS/L3VPN labels added to packet making it too big for egress.	8.20.02

Multicast Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
If a VLAN has an egressing tunnel port, and IGMP/MLD is enabled on that VLAN, multicast may not follow proper forwarding rules.	8.20.02
It is possible for modules to reset with the following message: "Machine Check exception Thread Name: tlgmplnp", at boot time, and may also get stuck in a constant reboot loop.	8.11.01

MVRP Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
A dynamic MVRP vlan will not be deregistered on a port when the "set mvrp vlan restricted enable" command is entered.	7.91.01
Dynamic VLANs that were registered by MVRP may still show up in "show vlan" when there are no longer any egress ports. This can happen if the egress was registered on a module port that has since joined a LAG.	7.91.01
The "show vlan" command may show that egress on a port unexpectedly continues to be seen on a VLAN that once was dynamically registered by MVRP if the VLAN is configured statically on that port and then subsequently removed.	7.91.01

NAT Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Configuring a NAT static rule with the "allow_frag" option would not result in the "allow_frag" set on the configuration line.	8.11.01
For MPLS Soft Forwarding Path flows using NAT the ether offset was incorrect so the TCP/UDP checksum was not being updated.	8.20.02
If ACLs configured in multiple list rules configured on different VRF's yield the same permissions, a NAT binding may be created on the wrong VRF's.	7.20.01
It is possible to create a hairpin connection when an inside address is destined to a NAT global address used in another NAT binding.	7.91.01
MTU discovery packets may not be transmitted if the ingress is a jumbo and the packet is NAT'd.	8.21.01
Router does not respond to neighbor solicitations for NAT addresses.	8.11.01
When a "nat inside" and a "nat outside" is configured on the same interface it is possible that the return NAT'd packet will be dropped and the nat translation will not work.	7.91.01
When accessing NAT over MPLS the packet will not be NAT'd.	7.99.00
When using NAT route leak with an inside_vrf over mpls the NAT translation will be dropped.	7.99.00
While Processing many LSNAT TFTP packets it is possible that some TFTP data packets may be dropped.	7.91.01
Ingress MPLS labeled packets Soft path Forwarding offset was incorrect by 4 bytes.	8.20.02
When running NAT over MPLS the NAT packets will not be processed.	7.99.00

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 60 of 121

Neighbor Discovery Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
The "age" column for the command "show ipv6 neighbors" displays the last time the ND	7.40.01
entry was updated instead of the entry's age.	

NETFLOW Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When clearing config (clear linecard X), for a linecard that is not inserted and active,	
NetFlow port enabled settings will not be cleared. If same, or new linecard is re-inserted,	7.03.01
NetFlow will still be enabled on those ports.	
When running in Netflow Version 5 mode, records exported for routed flows may not have a	7.20.01
valid Next Hop Router field.	7.20.01

Node Alias Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
If nodealias is disabled on a given port and the maxentries value is set to default, after upgrading to firmware version 8.11.01 or newer will cause the maxentries value to be set to	8.11.01
the previous default value.	

OSPF Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
If a config file saved prior to version 7.60 contains an OSPF passive interface, it will cause the	
box to hang if a 'configure' is executed on an upgrade. The config file can be edited to	8.22.02
format vlan.0.# instead of vlan # to allow upgrade.	
If a saved config file contains an invalid OSPF area range command, it will log an error on configure. The invalid command had no effect.	8.22.02
The "debug ip ospf packet" display for virtual interfaces reads "Interface not found for ifIndex 0".	8.11.01
When changing an OSPF network's area id then failing over, the original area id is running	7.00.04
seen in "show ip ospf interface", though the config reflects the new area id.	7.00.01
With the removal of passive-interface default, the no passive-interface commands are	8.11.01
removed, but they return on reboot of the router. They have no adverse effect.	0.11.01
OSPFv2 default-information originate metric command incorrectly shows a range of 0-65535	8.22.01
instead of 1.	
An assert in thread tRtrPtcls may occur with the following message "SMS assert in	
qodmbld3.c at line 377 :    (ls_id == NULL) 0 (!NBB_MEMCMP(&return_cb-	8.11.01
>lsa_header.ls_id, ls_id, QOPM_ID_LEN" if OSPF AS external lsa's exist that fall under	
rfc2328 appendix E.	
If OSPF is configured to use a non-existent track object for cost, it does not calculate the	8.21.01
cost based on the configured reference bandwidth but leaves it at default.	
When running OSPFv3 with sham-links configured, an assert in tRtrPtcls can occur with the	
following log "SMS assert in qoamack.c at line 753 : != (if_cb->delayed_ack_list).prev 0x0x0	8.01.01
NULL 0x0x0"	
The OSPFv3 default-information originate metric command incorrectly shows a range of 0-65535 instead of 1.	8.22.01

Perisitence/NonVol Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Blade may reset with the following log message after a configuration change: <1>NonVol[5.tNVolCUp]cleanup:Remove() of first file on store=0, fileIndex=0 majorId=162 failed retval=3.	8.20.02

Platform Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
"show system utilization slot <slot>" allows invalid slot numbers such as 0.</slot>	6.00.02
Module might reset with message similar to <1>DistServ[4.tDsBrdOk]serverWatchDog.1(Config), client 63(PEME) in recv for 6007 tics "( 0x00d0f9e4 0x0067b420 0x006707ac 0x01683264 0x00000000)" while PoE Controller is being updated.	4.21.09
Replacement of a chassis line card in a Bonded chassis with the same hardware and firmware failed, resulting in a rolling DSI reset.	7.00.01
After slot removal and re-install, board present status is sometimes incorrect.	8.21.02
Setting the MAC age time to 10 seconds may cause the tNtpTmr task to use high amounts of CPU processing time.	8.21.01
MAC addresses were not learned before setting up connection. Once addresses are resolved the reframe RIB programs and CNX is established, message is removed.	8.20.02
An incomplete core file will be left after a reset for the following error message: <0>System[4]watchDogTask() application Chassis Coherency (2) failed to run in 300 seconds ( 0x00c77d1c 0x0045fcb0 0x01830ea0 0xeeeeeeee ).	1.07.19
Chassis may reset without any indication if too many boards are inserted causing the consumed power to exceed the chassis power supply available power configuration limit.	7.00.01
The CLI command 'show system' continues to display stale view of S-AC-PS after blade swap.	7.00.01
For S-chassis (S1/S4/S6/S8) which contains S150/S130 class modules, a backplane fabric link may rarely get into a bad state and cause packets dropped in fabric.	7.00.01
For S-chassis which contains S150/S130 class modules, a bad backplane fabric link may prevent the blade from booting up.	7.42.02
Very infrequently, when flooding frames that are larger then 10,000 bytes, a message similar to logged:  Fuji[3.tNimIntr]Fuji TXQ MAIN intr: Fuji=7, Adr=0, Reg=0x00000004  There are no negative effects, other then the message being logged.	8.21.01
When an S-Series system is initialized with SFP modules (operating at 1Gbps) inserted into multiple ports of a SOK2208-0104 or SOK2208-0204 option module or 10G ports of S130, S150 or S155 class module, one or more of these ports may fail to successfully link with its respective peer.	8.21.01

POE Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
PoE configuration might be lost when performing 'configure append' operation while PoE	7.70.00
Controller is being updated.	7.70.00

Policy Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Policy MAC address rules may not be immediately applied to flows on Tunneled Bridge	8.21.01
Ports.	8.21.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 62 of 121

Port Interface Manager Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Debug syslog message generated when an attempt to create a layer 3 interface is made with	
an out of range value:	7.00.01
PiMgr[1.tConsole]generateIfIndex():retval=0;owner(0);mediaType(7);mediaPos(4096)	

Port Status/Control Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
A message similar to: "Fuji MAC MAIN intr: Fuji=4, Adr=0, Reg=0x00080000" may be logged	
if a tagged packet between 10244 and 10247 bytes (inclusive) in length is received on a	7.00.01
jumbo-enabled port.	

RIPng Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
If RIP is configured with passive interfaces and RIPng is configured, the passive-interfaces will function correctly but be displayed under RIPng.	7.30.01
When a RIPng interface is configured to be passive, the passive setting takes effect but it is not displayed in show running.	7.30.01

RMON Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Changing the owner string within an RMON command will result in a small memory leak.	5.01.58

Spanning Tree Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
BPDUs are not processed when marked for discard by Policy. The port role and state will be designated forwarding. When the port is an inter-switch link and the attached port is designated forwarding, a loop will form if there is redundancy.	4.00.50
The "set spantree backuproot" command completes successfully but will not modify the value.	8.20.02

SYSLOG Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
Failed to set -101" error is seen during logging configuration.	3.11.04
"show support" or "debug messageLog message" result in an exhaustion of memory and an error message: "memPartAlloc: block too big".	1.07.19
Pushing the "Offline/Reset" button on the S-Series main board modules will not display any messages indicating it was pressed.	8.01.01

Tracked Objects Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
"Failed to set -101" error is seen during logging configuration.	3.11.04

Tunneling Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
After router failover, some filter connections may not be removed in L3VPN networks.	7.91.01
ICMP need fragmentation messages sent to a L2 tunnel source were not properly decoded and forwarded.	8.21.02
LSNAT is incompatible with tunnels.	7.22.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 63 of 121

Tunneling Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
NAT commands are note available on tunnel interfaces.	7.31.05
The TOS or TrafficClass value is not properly propagated from the inner IP header to the outer IP header when performing L2, 4 in 6, or 6 in 4 encapsulations.	7.41.02
When using the command "show port counters errors nonzero", error counters for Virtual Private Ethernet ports (tbp.0.*) may incorrectly show non-zero values when no errors have actually occurred.	8.21.03
The description command was missing from the tunnel interface CLI.	7.41.02
The description CLI command is unavailable on a tunnel interface.	7.42.01
Layer 3 VPN filter connections created on router failover are not removed when new labels are sent to forwarding plane.	7.91.01

VLAN Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
If the Ingress Priority and VLAN were both 0, the packet was being treated as untagged.	8.01.01
Ingress Service Provider tagged packets with Customers Q-tag and MPLS Labels are now supported.	7.91.01

VRRP Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When using VRRP fabric route mode, if a packet is sent to a host that is connected to the router that is in fabric-route mode (through the master router), the ARP response for that host will not make it back to the master router. This is because the ARP response will be consumed by the router in fabric route-mode.	7.60.01
A Neighbor Advertisement or Router Advertisement may be sent from an IPv6 interface using the hardware MAC address instead of the Virtual MAC address when VRRP is configured.	7.20.02
A VRRP critical IP address that is configured on a local interface may be reported as "down" when it is really up.	7.73.01
Adding or removing IP or IPv6 addresses to VRRP VRIDs may cause the Master IP address to be blank until the VRRP interface is disabled and re-enabled.	7.41.02
After a high-availability upgrade, the router will not respond to pings to the VRRP Virtual IP address.	7.00.01
Cannot use an ACL Name that is 64 characters long for the "vrrp host-mobility-acl" configuration command.	7.00.01
IPv4 VRRP advertisements may be transmitted with a TTL of 64.	8.20.02
The Master advertisement interval is reported for VRRPv2 when using the "show ip vrrp verbose" command.	8.21.01
The master down timer for VRRPv3 incorrectly uses the VRRPv2 protocol values.	7.00.01
The router may generate "Unable to bind to address" syslog messages when an IPv6 VRRP VRID becomes master.	8.02.01
The router may not respond to echo requests on the backup router after enabling VRRP "accept-mode".	7.00.01
The task tVrrpEvt may cause a core dump and result in a module reset.	7.00.01
When a VRRP VRID in backup mode receives an advertisement with a priority of zero it should become master after skew_time but waits 3 * ADV_INTERVAL + skew_time instead.	8.21.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 64 of 121

VRRP Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When a VRRP VRID is the master the "show ip vrrp" command will show the default "Master Advertisement Interval" when the correct value should match "Advertisement Interval" of the VRID (since it is the master).	8.22.01
When using the "probe-name" option for the "vrrp critical-ip" command the "remote" option is required but the CLI allows users to enter the command without the option causing the command to fail.	7.21.03
When removing a VRRP VRID from configuration the VIP may not be available to use on subsequent VRIDs if the command for the VIP address is negated just before the VRID is disabled.	8.21.01
VRRP drops packets from routers that use an IP pseudo header for IPv4 packets when running VRRP v2-ipv4.	7.00.01

VSB Problems Corrected in 8.31.01.0005	Introduced in Version:
When bonding is disabled on a VSB port, a message similar to:	
'mazama[4.tDispatch]txPacket Invalid txBlock:255 txFujiBlock:15' maybe logged. There are	8.11.01
no negative effects, other than the logging of the message.	
When the set bonding port enable command is given a list of ports, ports may fail to be	
enabled. This error will be accompanied by the syslog message ""Bonding[7]The system is	8.21.01
currently too busy to validate bonding port xx.yy.zz enable.	

# Problems Corrected in 8.22.03.0007

802.1x Problems Corrected in 8.22.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
When using EAP Authentication Methods that require passing certificates, if the packets for	
those certificates are greater than 1760 bytes, a portion of those packets may be	8.20.02
transmitted with invalid data.	

Host Problems Corrected in 8.22.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
ICMP echo requests to IP interface addresses exceeding 100 per second will not all be	8.20.02
answered.	0.20.02

VRRP Problems Corrected in 8.22.03.0007	Introduced in Version:
IPv4 VRRP advertisements may be transmitted with a TTL of 64.	8.20.02

# Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011

ARP/ND Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
The number ARP/ND packets dropped due to existing rate limiters is not accessible.	8.02.02

ARP Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
When the router receives a broadcast IP packet it may generate an ARP request to resolve	8.21.01
255.255.255.255.	0.21.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 65 of 121

BGP Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
MD5 Authentication over IPV6 BGP peering sessions will not allow peering sessions to	7.30.01
establish with third party devices.	

Hardware Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
System may log the message:	
"Default[4.tNimIntr]Assertion failed: SOC_REG_IS_VALID(unit, reg), file	
/firmware/common/bcmStrataDrv/04_09_22/sdk/src/soc/common/./reg.c, line 2884	8.02.01
( 0x00c77d1c 0x00414b2c 0x00f421f4 0x00f45d90 0x00d4be0c 0x00d43b9c 0x00447858	
0x0046f450 0x01830ea0 0xeeeeeeee )" and reset.	

IPv6 Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
A deferred IPv6 packet destined to subnet via a link-local nexthop address and deferred to neighbor discovery for MAC resolution may not be successfully transmitted when neighbor discovery completes.	8.22.01

LLDP Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
"set lldp port tx-tlv poe" and "set lldp port tx-tlv med-poe" commands may be missing in a chassis that contains non-poe blades.	8.01.01

LSNAT Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
When packets are fragmented only the first packet should change the L4 Header, filters	7.00.01
have been added to accomplish this.	

Management Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
Console session or telnet session gets stuck after login.	4.11.18
A message similar to "serverWatchDog.1(Config), client 75(ifMIB) in recv for 6058 tics" may be logged (followed by a system reset) when a card with SFP+ ports is booted and one or more of these ports contain SFP modules.	8.21.01

MPLS Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
A reset occurs when the MPLS/L3VPN data structures are exhausted.	8.21.01
In MPLS with minimum of two P routers in network, ICMP errors generated by all but last P router are not successfully transmitted to the source of the packet causing the error. For example, traceroute will report loss of packets.	8.20.02
'mpls ip propagate-ttl' and 'mpls ldp-label-allocate' settings are not cleared when the command 'clear router vrf global' is executed.	8.22.01

Multicast Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
Changing remote route to connected route may result in an assert similar to "sms[1.tRtrPtcls]SMS assert in qptufsms.c at line 1259".	8.20.02

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 66 of 121

OSPF Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
When OSPF routes are filtered from the RTM using a distribute-list, if a route that matches	
the filtered route, but does not match the distribute-list route-map, is introduced into the	7.00.01
RTM, it becomes stale and can never be removed.	

OSPFv3 Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
If running OSPFv3 and attempting to aggregate a range with more than the first six bytes containing a non-zero value will cut off bytes and neither aggregate correctly nor display the range correctly.	7.30.01

Persistence/Nonvol Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
When seeing the following error: <3>Default[1.tusrAppInit]moduleIsInSameLocation():Unable to open "/flash 2/moduleRecords/chassisSlotInfo.rec" for reading is usually due to a chkdsk repair of the DOS file system, any lost configuration is not recovered from other blades in the chassis.	8.21.01
Modules with corrupt file systems could get caught in a reboot loop if the parent and subdirectory structure are bad. A message similar to below would be seen in the log:  Message 8/346 Fatal Error 08.22.01.0020 04/07/2014 14:39:35  ERROR: file system check	8.21.01

Spanning Tree Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
When the spanning tree version is set to stpCompatible, it is possible for a multi-blade or stacked device to reset due to a watchdog timeout. The workaround is to set the version to any other value, which are all backwards compatible. The only configuration that requires the setting of stpCompatible is when an attached device will malfunction due to trying to process a type 2 BPDU (RSTP or higher) or due to not receiving an STP BPDU in a timely manner. It takes approximately 3 seconds for the Port Protocol State Machine to recognize a legacy device and switch to transmitting type 0 BPDUs.	8.21.01

Tunneling Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
When a tunnel becomes operationally up, proper forwarding to some tunnel destinations	8.21.03
may not start or resume.	0.21.03

VSB Problems Corrected in 8.22.02.0011	Introduced in Version:
A blade introduced into a bonded system may not be able to get a copy of the running image and get stuck in a reboot loop.	7.00.01
VSB enabled module stuck in a reboot loop, disabling then re-enabling VSB, when added to VSB disabled chassis. This failure will occur when the module is installed in the same location it last occupied. A workaround is to first move the module to a different location. By doing this the module's previous VSB configuration will be deleted.	8.21.01
The 'clear bonding chassis' command does not clear an 'inactive' chassis after a system reset.	7.62.00

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 67 of 121

#### Feature Enhancements in 8.22.01.0023

### Hardware Support Enhancements in 8.22.01.0023

Support for additional 10Gb active optical direct attach cable transceivers:

10GB-F10-SFPP 10Gb, Active optical direct attach cable with 2 integrated SFP+ transceivers, 10m 10GB-F20-SFPP 10Gb, Active optical direct attach cable with 2 integrated SFP+ transceivers, 20m

#### Captive Portal Re-direct Feature Enhancements in 8.22.01.0023

Captive Portal uses HTTP redirection to force a client's web browser to be redirected to a particular administrative web page. A network administrator can use this feature for authentication purposes (a user login and password), payment (i.e., at an airport hotspot), or usage-policy enforcement. This feature is an extension of the Policy infrastructure, where Policy Roles may be configured to force redirection of HTTP traffic.

### OSPF Default Route Injection Feature Enhancements in 8.22.01.0023

Support for directly advertising a default route into OSPF has been added via the "default-information originate" command. There are two options available, advertise the default route into the OSPF domain, provided the advertising router already has a default route. Alternatively, advertise the default route regardless of whether the advertising router already has a default route. Option 2 is chosen by adding the "always" keyword to the "default-information originate" command.

### BGP "Pass Through" Route Feature Target Support Enhancements in 8.22.01.0023

This enhancement provides the ability to adjust the route targets applied to routes exported from a VRF to the BGP backbone in an L3VPN network. Functionality includes the ability to merge existing route-targets with export route targets configured on a VRF or to replace export route targets configured on a VRF with the existing (pass through) route-targets.

# Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023

802.1x Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
802.1x may not require an 802.1x supplicant to wait the configured quiet period (set dot1x auth-config quietperiod <period> <port-string>) to start a new authentication after a failed</port-string></period>	8.21.01
authentication.	

ARP Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
If system sends packet to a remote IP address, an ARP request for the remote IP address	8.21.01
may be transmitted on a configured interface.	0.21.01

Auto-Negotiation Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
If "clear port advertise *.*.*" is executed on a system on which not all ports support autonegotiation, the message "failed to set ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertisedBits on port x.y.z" will	7.00.01
be displayed for each port that does not support auto-negotiation.	7.00.01
"Setting ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultAdvertised (1.3.6.1.2.1.26.5.1.1.12) MIB value to	
offline(2) for a port brings the port down until reset, even if	5.11.21
ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultAdvertised value is changed to noError (1)."	

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 68 of 121

Auto-Tracking Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
Auto-tracking radius-timeout-profile and radius-reject-profile per port configuration may allow profile ID configuration that is greater than allowed by the system.	8.01.01
Outputted log event from auto-tracking and quarantine-agent "Unable to set policy rule" port string is not user friendly.	8.01.01
If auto-tracking multiauth sessions are configured to be allowed on authentication required ports then unauthenticated traffic matching the auto-tracking multiauth session will be switched by the system.	8.01.01

BGP Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
When MPLS is disabled, established state with BGP peers are lost.	8.02.01
The S-Series router currently does not have a mechanism to replace the export route targets defined on a VRF with the existing route targets on an L3VPN route.	8.01.01
The 'show ip protocols' command output does not display the BGP max-as limit.	8.21.01
The "show ip bgp" output of the AS-Path will display incorrect AS numbers if the AS-Path is longer than 30 AS numbers.	7.20.01
The BGP Autonomous system number of 0 is accepted at the CLI even though the help indicates the minimum value is 1. In this case, "show configuration" output will not display the "router bgp <as>" command.</as>	7.20.01
The "show ip bgp <pre>command will display repeated instances of the same community and extended-community values in some cases.</pre>	7.91.01
The 'show ip bgp peer <ip> advertised-routes <pre>prefix/length&gt; detail' command does not always display the correct communities and extended-communities associated with the route.</pre></ip>	7.20.01
Negating the BGP peer-group soft-reconfiguration command does not take effect. The show running-config output will indicate the command is negated, however the setting is not negated internally.	7.20.01
Redistribution of IS-IS into BGP under non-vrf address-family mode will result in show running-config output that is inconsistent with the required command syntax for the "match" path type options.	7.30.01
The following error message may occur if deleting an instance of a routing protocol which contains redistribution entries with multiple references to the same route-map: "Error decrementing route map <name> ."</name>	7.20.01
The output of the "show ip bgp" command does not display any information under the AS- Path heading if the actual patch contains approximately 70 or more AS numbers.	7.22.01

Chassis Bonding Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
During a time of chassis instability, a module in a Bonded chassis may reset after logging an error with format similar to: "<0>Default[12.tBondProto]Assertion failed: hdr>reqGeneration == generation, file /firmware/common/chassisBond/01 06 16/src/chassis bond protoco l.cxx, line 599".	7.72.01

Chassis Bonding Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
A module in a Bonded chassis may reset soon after power up. When this failure occurs, a message with format similar to:  "Default[14.tBondProto]Assertion failed: hdr->reqGeneration == generation, file /firmware/common/chassisBond/01_05_15/src/chassis_bond_protocol.cxx, line 599" is logged.	7.72.01
Configure from file fails when enabling bonding. When this error occurs a message similar to "<2>System[12]Detected missing or reset module, aborting configure" is logged.	8.21.03
Bonding mode may be changed from software-assist to hardware at boot with mix of 8.12 and older firmware images in the chassis. When this occurs modules will reset and a message with following format will be logged: "Received Bonding mode = hardware from master. Rebooting"	8.11.01
Module in a software bonded system may reset while bonding ports are being enabled. A message similar to "1>DistServ[2.tDsBrdOk]serverWatchDog.6(PortInfo), client 106(Bonding) in recv for 6300 tics" is logged on this failure. A workaround is to wait 1 minute between bonding port enables.	8.21.01

CiscoDP Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
Cisco VTP packets are not forward when Cisco CDP is enabled.	7.91.01

ECMP Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
If an interface that is part of an equal cost multipath route goes down, host originated traffic	8.21.01
to destinations in the route's subnet may temporarily fail.	0.21.01

Host Services Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
Some devices may reset after logging a message similar to the one listed below. This may occur intermittently on S140 modules during initialization of the onboard power controllers.  Message 6/213 Exception PPC750 Info 08.11.04.0005 01/09/2014 11:14:31 Exc Vector: DSI exception (0x00000300) Thread Name: tRootTask Exc Addr: 0x0168ba70 Thread Stack: 0x7dfffd100x7dfec7c0 Stack Pointer: 0x7dfff4f0 Traceback Stack:  GENERAL EXCEPTION INFO	8.11.03
Messages like the following can be seen during slot resets in busy systems. Transmit errors(8) to slot # are preventing heartbeat checks.	7.72.01
No eligible master messages are misleading because slot/peer ID is mistaken for server ID.	7.03.05
"show system utilization storage" will report inaccurate size and available size for USB drives greater than 2G.	7.60.01

Host Services Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
When updating to a new image that has microcode updates there are error messages displayed about the DOSFS/DOS volume. Example:  ***********************************	
This board is updating its hardware microcode. This process may take up to 3 minutes to complete. Please do not reset or disconnect power during this update. The board will be reset when this process is complete. ***********************************	
Writing primary host controller: bank 1 block 0 Programming flash. Complete: 100% Verify succeeded. Writing alternate host controller: bank 0 block 0 Programming flash. Complete: 100%	8.21.01
Verify succeeded. /flash0 Not a DOSFS Device /flash1 Not a DOSFS Device /flash2 Not a DOSFS Device <163>Dec 18 08:27:57 0.0.0.0 System[1]Resetting after host controller microcode update. <163>Dec 18 08:27:57 0.0.0.0 System[1]DOS Volume /flash0 cannot be set to read-only on unmount. <163>Dec 18 08:27:57 0.0.0.0 System[1]DOS Volume /flash1 cannot be set to read-only on unmount. <163>Dec 18 08:27:57 0.0.0.0 System[1]DOS Volume /flash2 cannot be set to read-only on unmount.	
Usually on a reboot after an uncontrolled reset (power-loss, board pull, exception, DSI, watchdog reset) you may see the following file system error during initialization:  /flash2/ - disk check in progress  "/flash2/usrroot/someFileName" too many clusters in file, adjusted.  Errors detected. All corrections stored to disk and lost chains recovered.	7.30.01
Continuous poll of TCP or UDP MIBs may result in the exhaustion of memory resulting in an out of memory reset action on a specific slot.	7.40.00
The "show running-config" command may not display all static ARP/ND entries that are configured.	7.00.01
Performing the "show vlan portinfo" CLI command under configurations where there are many VLANs in use may lead to the CLI becoming inoperable, or the system to reset.	8.21.01
In the unexpected event where resources needed to transmit a routed L3 Multicast packet failed to be obtained, a blade will reset, and leave a message in log similar to:  Message 9/333 Exception PPC750 Info 08.21.02.0002 12/21/2013 23:22:53  Exc Vector: DSI exception (0x00000300)  Thread Name: tDispatch Exc Addr: 0x0191e77c  Thread Stack: 0x069210000x06914000  Stack Pointer: 0x06920f40  Traceback Stack	7.00.01

Host Services Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
Doing a set on a large range of data could cause a board reset. Example: cfm vlan-table primary 99 selector 1-98,100-4094. The syslog will show an error similar to below:	
<1>NonVol[1.tNVolCUp]cleanup:Remove() on store=0, fileIndex=2863311530 majorId=140	8.21.01
failed retval=8, write_file_num=50 ( 0x00d12590 0x00a79af4 0x00a81504 0x01686324	
0x00000000 ) A core file will be generated.	
Infrequently, when switch is adding (encaping) tunnel headers, a message similar to:	
<163>Dec 5 15:11:28 100.10.10.22	
PiMgr[16.tDispatch]piMgrBindSystemPortAndHwPort(0,0):Port(s) are already bound.	
pimSystemPortToHwPort[0]=0x8000;pimHwPortToSystemPort[0]=0x100	
<163>Dec 5 15:11:28 100.10.10.22	7.40.00
PiMgr[16.tDispatch]piMgrBindSystemPortAndHwPort(0,0):Port(s) are already bound.	
pimSystemPortToHwPort[0]=0x8000;pimHwPortToSystemPort[0]=0x100	
<165>Dec 5 15:11:28 100.10.10.22 PiMgr[16.tDispatch]piMgrHwPortRxIcpu	
(131072,2,63,0,0x7eb82188,1052):piMgrBindSystemPortAndHwPort(0,0)	
failed;hwPort=0;portCount=43;tmpBufLen=700 may be logged.	

IGMP Snooping Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
IGMP/MLD database entries (primarily, but not limited to IGMPv3/MLDv2 reporter state) do not age out correctly.	7.30.01
Legacy S-Series modules (\$130/\$150) with IGMP/MLD snooping enabled log messages similar to the following: <188>Jan 6 07:26:20 172.20.1.20 RfrmrHw[3.tDSrecv2]Invalid MCI - 1, for asic 0 <188>Jan 6 07:26:20 172.20.1.20 RfrmrApp[3.tDSrecv2]addPortReframing, Error: Could not convert mciIndex 8113 to UNTAGGED error status -2, then reset with a DSI exception in thread tDispatch.	8.21.01

IPV6 Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
IPv6 packets destined to a remote subnet whose route has a link-local nexthop address and deferred to neighbor discovery for MAC address resolution may be transmitted with a destination MAC address of 00:00:00:00:00:00.	7.40.00
Some IPv6 addresses may remain in the tentative state when the master blade changes from one slot to another.	7.30.01
The IPv6 /128 host address of tunnel interfaces appears in output of 'show ipv6 route'.	8.21.01

IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
The router may not accept router advertisements to generate IPv6 addresses when the	8.21.01
"ipv6 address autoconfig" command in applied to an interface.	

LSNAT Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
It is possible that while processing using sticky entries on a multiple blade system, that the sticky entry may not be deleted from all blades and subsequent sticky creations will fail causing a failure of processing LSNAT packets.	6.12.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 72 of 121

LSNAT Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
LSNAT FIN/RST timeout may not be properly set while running with multiple blades.	8.11.01
During debug session the command "/* rtr Isnat show data-plane bindings detail <id>" caused a reset.</id>	6.00.02

Mirroring Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
When the device acts as a Pseudowire tunneled endpoint the de-capsulated	8.21.01
packet would not egress out a software bond port.	0.21.01
The blade may be reset (and continuously reset) with the following messages if the LAG	
used by IDS mirror has more than 2 ports:	
<3>Dune[5.tSlac]Err_id=0x16a1d3af: error in fap21v_sch_is_subflow_valid() ExitPlace (40)	8.11.01
Params(0,0,0,0,0)	0.11.01
<0>Dune[5.tSlac]Err_id=0x16a1d3af: error in fap21v_sch_is_subflow_valid() ExitPlace (40)	
Params(0,0,0,0,0).	

MPLS Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
The command 'no mpls ip propagate-ttl [local]' did not affect packets originated by the local host. The packet's TTL was propagated to the MPLS label.	8.21.01
Learning the internet route table from BGP with LDP configured will exhaust system memory and cause a reset.	8.21.01
First hop may not respond when issuing traceroute from PE router across MPLS network.	8.21.01
The wrong MTU is specified in an ICMP Fragmentation Needed packet sent by an MPLS provider edge router for packets egressing an LSP and exceeding MTU of egress port.	8.12.01
Configuring LDP with the internet route table present in the system will exhaust memory and cause a system reset.	8.21.01
'mpls ip propagate-ttl' settings not stored in persistent storage.	8.21.01
Given MPLS/LDP enabled in the system, if it is disabled and enabled again, additional FECs are unnecessarily created for connected subnets.	8.21.01
When both IPv4 and IPv6 prefixes were in use with label switched paths, display commands showing the mpls forwarding table contained invalid characters when trying to interpret the next hop addresses.	8.21.01

Multi-Auth Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
When multiauth sessions-unique-per-port is disabled and multiple multiauth agents are enabled a failure of one agent may cause additional agents to fail outputting the error message "Unable to set policy rule for mac XX-XX-XX-XX-XX on system port 443".	8.01.01
Standardized multi-authentication session and idle timeout maximum values to be 172800 seconds.	8.01.01
With sessions-unique-per-port disabled and multiple authentication agents enabled and active, when a session moves from one slot to another, it may not session or idle timeout appropriately.	8.01.01
Multiauth Quarantine Agent sessions to not correctly apply policy if the policy maptable response is set to tunnel.	8.01.01

NAT Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
It is possible to for NAT to stop working due to running out of local buffers.	8.11.01

OSPF Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
If an OSPF area id is changed while an interface is transitioning to the DOWN state, an assert may occur in thread tRtrPtcls with the following log:  "SMS assert in qopmmim2.c at line 1958: is one of if_cb->repl.row_data.oper_status 4  qopm_mib_if_product_data.oper_states.down or  qopm_mib_if_product_data.oper_states.act_failed".	8.11.01
If multiple OSPF processes learn the same route, metrics are not compared between them, both routes are installed in the route table as the administrative distance is the same and cannot be changed for an individual process.	7.00.01
An OSPF NSSA ABR configured as "transrole always" may not always be the translator.	8.01.01
OSPF log-adjacency cannot be removed with a no log-adjacency under router ospf <pid>.</pid>	8.01.01
If OSPF is configured to run BFD on a non-existent interface, the interface will not be displayed in show running. When the interface is created, the display will show, and BFD will run on that interface.	8.21.01
The display of an OSPF external LSA metric has the first byte truncated so the largest number displayed is 4095, though the real value may be up to 65535.	7.00.01
Using OSPF with a route-map for redistribution that sets the metric to a number greater than 65535 will result in an assert in thread tRtrPtcls with the following log in OSPFv2: "SMS assert in qodmbld3.c at line 471 : == (NBB_INT ((route_entry_ptr->path_cost) >> 24) 255 nbb_zero 0" and log "SMS assert in qod3bld2.c at line 214 : == (NBB_INT)((route_entry_ptr->path_cost) >> 24) 255 nbb_zero 0" for OSPFv3.	7.00.01
If the display of OSPF passive-interfaces in show running exceeded 80 characters, no interfaces are displayed.	8.21.01

OSPFv3 Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
If debug logging is turned on for OSPF, and filter route-maps are in use, the route-src is seen as 0.0.0.0 for local routes from our router ID.	8.01.01
When an OSPFv3 NSSA translator is configured to always be translating, it will not always translate if a higher router ID is also eligible.	8.01.01

PIM-DM Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
Enabling a PIM-DM upstream interface may result in an assert similar to "sms[1.tRtrPtcls]SMS assert in qptuftmr.c at line 1134 : (null) NTL_CLTIM_IN_LIST(&s_g->sg_join_timer) 0 (null) 0".	8.21.01
Changing the route to sources may result in an assert similar to "<0>sms[2.tRtrPtcls]SMS assert in qptuwsn2.c at line 669 : (null) QPTM_USM_S_G_GET_JDES(s_g) 0 (null) 0".	8.21.01
The use of IGMP V3 to PIM DM may cause crash.	8.21.01
The use of exclude mode in igmpv3 may result in a PIM DM assert.	8.21.01
Rebooting PIM DM source router may result in an assert similar to sms[1.tRtrPtcls]SMS assert in qptuwapi.c at line 602 : == 0 0 (s_g_i->sgi_flags & QPTM_DSM_SGI_WP_ALL) 4096.	8.21.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 74 of 121

PIM-SM Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
IGMPv3/MLDv2 source-specific reporter state is missing from layer3/router.	7.30.01
The internal IGMP/MLD database may be inconsistent across all modules after a bonded system is segmented, then re-joined. This can lead to incorrect multicast operation and/or inconsistent aging of entries.	7.30.01

Platform Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
Infrequently a board will not boot up and will end up in a halted state after a failure to read chassis type. The following message is output to the console when this error occurs:  "A device within this chassis has encountered a hardware failure. Could not read chassis type. Please contact Support for the troubleshooting procedure to determine which device will possibly need to be repaired/replaced. Press <r> This may not be a real hardware failure and a module reset will result in successful module</r>	8.01.01
initialization.  A watchdog timeout exception message may be logged (followed by a system reset) when a card with SFP+ ports is booted and one or more of these ports contain SFP modules.	8.21.01
If a macsource policy is applied, packet statistics from the following apps may not be valid: Smon stats Rmon Host/Matrix Router ACL Policy Routing Tunneling Policy  In addition, if any SMON stats are enabled, messages similar to: SMON[6.tSmonCnt]getHwPrioStats(ge.6.3,0): packet count < previous 2/172401; detected 1 times, may be logged.  On a bonded system, a file may be left in an improper state which is identified and	8.21.01
corrected by the file system verification and recovery tool that is run at each boot up. If a file in this state is detected, a set of messages like the following will be displayed during boot up.  /flash2/ - disk check in progress  "/flash2/usrroot/foobar672" too many clusters in file, adjusted.  Errors detected. All corrections stored to disk and lost chains recovered.  This state is recoverable and should have no effect on the normal operation of the file system.	7.60.01
10G port with 1G SFP doesn't propagate its advertised speed to link partner.	8.11.04
If a 1G SFP is inserted into one of the 10G ports on a SOTK2268-0212 or SOGK2218-0212 option module, the system will reset.	7.91.01
Doing a "dir" on a remote directory with a large number of files has a long delay before the output starts. Ex: A directory with 1000 files may take around 34 seconds before being displayed.	7.91.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01	Subject to Change Without Notice	Page: 75 of 121
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Platform Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
When doing a "dir" from CLI, if the directory is currently being modified (file being added/deleted)an incomplete listing can be returned.	7.91.01
During a system reset or a module reset, removal or insertion, it is possible to receive a DSI exception containing the text "DuneCB::RemoteSlot". This exception can be ignored once the system completes normal initialization.	8.11.01

PoE Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
POE redundancy shown as Not Supported after POE blade is reset and boots up.	7.60.01

Policy Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
Unable to clear all policy profiles with a single CLI command.	1.07.19
VLAN authorization commands allow for configuration and display of tunnel bridge ports although they are not supported port types for VLAN authorization.	8.21.01
Policy "macsource" rules configured with a mask less than 48 are not applied to traffic immediately upon configuration.	8.21.01

PWA Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
The "set pwa ipaddress <ip-address>" CLI command allows invalid values for the <ip-address> field.</ip-address></ip-address>	4.00.50
PWA occasionally becomes unresponsive under heavy load. Device resets with this message in the log: <0>PWA[1.tPwaHtWD]pwaHttpReadWatchDog expired!	4.00.50

QOS Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
Default port group COS txq settings are applied to hardware VSB ports. No COS settings, default group or not, should ever be applied to hardware VSB ports.	8.11.01

RADIUS Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
RADIUS Server sticky sessions count may be inaccurate after session terminations.	8.11.01
If the radius algorithm is changed while multiauth sessions are active incorrect sticky session counters may be both displayed and used by the system.	8.11.01
RADIUS Dynamic Authorization responses cannot be sent in response to disconnect or change of authorization RADIUS Dynamic Authorization requests resulting in the error message "Unable to transmit the RADIUS frame" and retransmissions from the RADIUS server.	8.21.01

RMON Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
In rare instances, upon a blade reset in a multi-blade system with a large number of RMON	5.01.58
alarms configured DSI exception, resets may occur.	5.01.58

Security Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
PWA will discard HTTP GET requests with HTTP headers that exceed 2048 bytes.	4.00.50

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 76 of 121

Spanning Tree Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
When the root port of a bridge receives a value for remainingHops greater than 63, there will be overflow when storing the value. For example, if the remainingHops value is 100, it will be stored as 36. This is because the field width is six bits. This is enough to hold the standard defined maximum value of 40. This is true for both cistRemainingHops and remainingHops for any MSTI. This only has a practical effect within an MST region. These values are not used external to the region. Note that values greater than 40 are non-conformant as of 802.1Q-2005 so are not likely to be seen.	8.21.01
In a multi-blade chassis or stack, when setting Spanning Tree stpmode to the value _none_, the non-master blades will still operate as if the mode were _ieee8021_ until those blades are reset.	8.21.01
When a device in a multi-blade chassis or a bonded setup fails, and that device contained the spanning tree root port for the bridge, the new root port, if there is one, may not take on its root role and therefore be stuck in a discarding state. If this does occur then a workaround for this is to disable the new root port (which will show a role of alternate port) and then reenable the port.	8.21.01

Static Routes Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
Static route leaking between non-global VRFs does not work. The routes are not promoted to the FIB.	8.21.01
A static host route whose address matches an LSNAT virtual server address will not be displayed in the router configuration if the LSNAT virtual server is up.	7.00.01

Tunneling Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
Host generated IPv6 packets that are encapsulated into an IP or GRE tunnel could have an	
incorrect DIP.	7.60.01
The software forwarding path was retrieving the GRE header when it was not part	
of the flow. This would sometimes cause the IP-in-IP to be translated as a L2 IP-in-IP flow.	7.62.02
When the device acts as a Pseudowire tunneled endpoint, the de-capsulated	
packet would not egress out a software bond port.	8.21.01
For pseudo-wire tunnels, the soft forwarding path was not adding the Chassis	
Bond header when going across a software bond.	8.21.01
The egress point of a Tagged IPv6-GRE(with GRE Keyword) tunnel would not decrement	
the inner IPv4 TTL or change the TOS due to hardware limitations.	8.21.01
L2 Tunnels across a Software Bond was not updating the L2 IP's total length field when	8.21.01
adding the GRE header and Chassis Bondheader to the egress packet.	8.21.01
If tunnels are configured and at least one is up, then the connection database is no longer	8.21.01
flushed when a route changes.	8.21.01
The ifMib returns a valid ifIndex row with no other valid leaves for internal ports that should	8.21.01
be hidden.	8.21.01
Traceroute does not work from layer 3 VPN when configured over IP tunnels.	8.21.01
Infrequently, when switch is adding (encaping) tunnel headers, a message similar to:	
<0>chassis[9.tBcastStRx]powerSupplyComputeModuleConsumedPower :Invalid uplink	7.40.00
number 0x00 detected in remote info table, may be logged	

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 77 of 121

Tunneling Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
Infrequently, when switch is adding (encaping) tunnel headers, a message similar to: <3>chassis[1.tBcastStRx]remoteModuleInfoPowerUpdate(6,""):Unsupported board type found., may be logged.	7.40.00

VLAN Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
Performing the "show vlan portinfo" CLI command under configurations where there are	8.21.01
many VLANs in use may lead to the CLI becoming inoperable, or the system to reset.	0.21.01

VRF Problems Corrected in 8.22.01.0023	Introduced in Version:
When clearing a vrf router config, "clear router vrf <name>" the error message "Error destroying BFD process 22185496: AMB_RC_NO_SUCH_OBJECT" is displayed, but has no adverse effect.</name>	8.21.01
It is possible for show running to erroneously display "set router vrf vrf-management  disable".	8.21.01

#### Problems Corrected in 8.21.03.0003

IGMP Snooping Problems Corrected in 8.21.03.0003	Introduced in Version:
Legacy S-Series modules (S130/S150) with IGMP/MLD snooping enabled log messages similar to the following:	
"<188>Jan 6 07:26:20 172.20.1.20 RfrmrHw[3.tDSrecv2]Invalid MCI -1, for asic 0" "<188>Jan 6 07:26:20 172.20.1.20 RfrmrApp[3.tDSrecv2]addPortReframing, Error: Could	8.21.01
not convert mcilndex 8113 to UNTAGGED error status -2" then reset with a DSI exception in	
thread tDispatch.	

### Feature Enhancements in 8.21.02.0002

### Virtual Private Ethernet Service Enhancements in 8.21.02.0002

L2VPN capability to connect Layer 2 networks transparently over a Switched or Routed IP core network using GRE or IP tunnels. With this feature, Layer 2 traffic within the switch (VLANs) can be switched into and out of the encapsulated tunnel to be transmitted across the network.

# MPLS/BGP L3VPN over Native MPLS - RFC4364 Enhancements in 8.21.02.0002

Layer 3 VPN capability over MPLS transport. With this feature Layer 3 VPN traffic can be transported transparently over a native MPLS infrastructure.

# Bi-directional Forwarding Detection (BFD) Enhancements in 8.21.01.0002

Support for BFD probe as a mechanism to detect a communications failure with an adjacent system forwarding plane. This version of BFD probe supports monitoring OSPF neighbors.

# **BGP Route-Flap Dampening Enhancements in 8.21.02.0001**

Support for BGP Route-flap dampening to suppress routes that are being repeatedly advertised and withdrawn (flapping) due to mis-configuration or a badly behaving (i.e. rebooting or a link flapping) router.

### PIM Dense Mode Enhancements in 8.21.02.0001

Support for PIM-DM to allow dense mode multicast distribution utilizing PIM-DM flood and prune mechanism to build source distribution trees for multicast flows.

#### LAG Enhancements in 8.21.02.0002

The LAG capacity has been increased to 190 LAGs in multislot S-Series chassis.

#### Tunnel Enhancements in 8.21.02.0002

The S-Series IP tunnel capacity has been increased to 62 tunnels.

# Remote Port Mirroring Enhancements in 8.21.02.0001

Remote port mirroring is now included in the base firmware and does not need a feature license.

Remote port mirroring is now supported when user ports are used to create a "software" bonded VSB. Previously hardware VSB ports were required to bond chassis together AND use the remote port mirror feature.

#### CLI Enhancements in 8.21.02.0002

Show vlan portinfo CLI – CLI command has been added to display VLAN information regardless of forwarding state.

Added configuration to allow the UDP broadcast helper address to be configured to accept a classful network address. Global configuration mode: 'ip forward-protocol allow-classful'

'show ipv6 interface' list all multicast groups the VLAN has joined.

A command to disable DHCP server logging has been added.

'show support', now includes 'show linkflap' status.

'show running bgp' has add a keyword to only display modal configuration.

### Webview Enhancements in 8.21.02.0002

The left-hand WebView menu has been changed for better browser compatibility.

#### **HOST Enhancements in 8.21.02.0002**

Improved rate limiting and prioritization for Host traffic.

### VLAN Enhancements in 8.21.02.0002

Support for 2 secondary VLANs per primary VLAN has been added.

### Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002

802.1x Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
EAPOL frames may be switched when multiauth is in either forced-auth, auth-optional, or auth-required port mode.	7.00.01
802.1x global enable status may become enabled during a single board reset in multi-blade system.	8.11.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

Anti-Spoofing Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
'show config antispoof' may not display class names correctly.	8.01.01
IPv6 forwarding can be disabled on an interface that has IPv6 checkspoof configured.	7.31.02
Setting the antispoof notification interval to 0 and antispoof to enabled will consume all resources and cause the switch to be unresponsive.	8.01.01
Modifying the etsysAntiSpoofThresholdType MIB leaf to a value other than 1 (IPv4) will result in the following syslog: "Internal error: unknown remapping case (3) in make_error_pdu". The setting will not take effect as only the IPv4 Threshold Type is currently supported.	8.01.01

ARP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
In very rare instances a module may complete it's boot process with ARP/ND entries that are present on all other blades but missing from the blade that just booted.	7.00.01
Occasionally syslog messages may appear indicating that a MAC address for an existing ARP or ND entry has changed from: ec-c1-e5-ec-c1-e5 to a different MAC address. The MAC in question is a special purpose MAC address and the message does not indicate anything has gone wrong.	8.11.01
The commands "show arp" and "show ipv6 neighbors" will print "(null)" in the port column when the MAC address for the ARP/ND entry is a static multicast MAC address.	7.00.01

ARP/ND Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
When populating the ARP/ND static ARP table (either via configuration or during the boot cycle) the router will display a message indicating the chassis is 50% full. The message implies that the dynamic ARP/ND entries are triggering the messages but the message actually refers to the static ARP/ND limit.	Unknown
Stale ARP/ND entries are not removed if a filter database entry exists for the MAC address of the ARP/ND entry.	7.71.02

A	Auto-Tracking Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
H	Help string for auto-tracking port radius-reject-profile command is incorrect.	8.01.01

BGP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
The BGP network command for the default route (0.0.0.0/0) will not inject the route if a redistribution command exists which uses a route-map/access-list combination and this access-list does not permit the default route. To ensure that the route is injected the access-list must permit the default route.	7.20.01
BGP peering sessions may time out due to the deletion of internal connections when ACL's are deleted.	7.20.01
When redistributing loopbacks from one VRF to another on the same PE the loopbacks will not be redistributed.	7.91.01
A BGP ORF route-refresh message is not sent in a Layer-3 VPN network if the neighboring router reboots and the peering session supports graceful restart.	8.01.01
Filtering of BGP routes based on the length of the AS-PATH is not supported.	7.20.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 80 of 121

BGP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
BGP ORF capability for multicast routes is not supported. However the CLI allows the user to enable this capability. Attempts to disable the capability will result in the following error message: "Error:Command Failed - :No such object: Setting orf admin_status".	7.20.01
The 'show ip bgp groups' command always displays the BGP peer-group address-family as IPV4/Unicast.	7.30.01
The "show ip protocols" command output is missing the following BGP related information:  1. The default values of peer based timer related variables are missing.  2. Redistribution of ISIS into BGP is not shown.	7.20.01
The 'debug ip bgp notification' log messages do not display text descriptions of the numerical error code and subcode for sent and received BGP notification messages.	7.20.01
The BGP "neighbor <ip address=""> clear-counters" command resets the counters the first time the command is issued for a given peer. Subsequent attempts do not clear the counters.</ip>	7.20.01
The output of the 'show ip bgp neighbors' command displays the established time in seconds instead of the "day,hours:minutes:seconds" format.	7.20.01
The BGP route-map match and set parameters will appear in the show running-config output with their default values after they are negated.	7.20.01
The BGP route-map "set extended-community ospf-route-type" command error message indicates the range of valid values is 1-7. The valid route-type values are actually 1,2,3,5, and 7.	7.20.01
Negating the "set community" or "set extended-community" clause from a BGP route-map yields two copies of the error message if the "action" keyword is incomplete. For example if the abbreviation for "remove" is entered for the action.	7.20.01
BGP prefix lists configured with sequence number 65535 are stored with sequence number 0 and can't be deleted.	7.20.01
The 'show ip bgp' command output does not display the value of the weight attribute.	7.20.01
The output of the 'show ip bgp neighbors' command displays the established time in seconds instead of the "day,hours:minutes:seconds" format.	7.20.01
A system reset may occur if an IPV6 BGP peer is disabled and BGP route aggregation is configured. The following error message will appear when the system resets: SMS assert in qbpmreca.c at line 233: != *old_route 0x0x0 NULL 0x0x0.	7.30.01
The BGP neighbor activate command will not appear under the VPNv4 or VPNv6 address-family configuration if the address-family has not been enabled.	8.01.01
The 'show ip   ipv6 bgp summary' output display of the time in established state and time since last message received is in seconds instead of days,hours:minutes:seconds format.	7.20.01
The 'show running-config' and 'show config' output displays extra exclamation points in the BGP section.	7.20.01

Bonding Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Under heavy traffic conditions, a bonded system may see "failed to send message - Buffer	7.61.02
Full" in the message log.	7.01.02
If a VSB system is segmented, and the systems have different firmware versions, when the	
bond link is established between the two systems, a common image is not distributed and	Unknown
the system does not complete the bonding process.	

Bonding Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Cabling a VSB port to an ethernet port may cause modules to reset, and a message similar to" <0>Bond[14.tDispatch]getVsbInPort: learn inport:000037e3 outport:00000be7 binding failed" logged.	8.11.01
Configuration of RMON stats and history options on existing default entries will be lost on reboot.	8.11.01
Sometimes after a configure, bonding ports that are attached to a partner port are not activated for bonding. When this happens the following message is logged on the partner chassis for the partner port: "No Bond Partner found on port x.y.z, possible misconfiguration." To fix this issue disable the port for bonding then re-enable it.	7.72.01
In a bonded system, with logging for bonding set to debugging(8), messages with following format are infrequently logged: - Bonding[1]Starting inter-module communication to bonded slot <slot> - Bonding[2]Received first inter-module communication from bonded slot <slot></slot></slot>	7.72.01

Converged End Point (CEP) Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Active Convergent End Point (CEP) entries will remain even if CEP is disabled globally or on a per-port basis.	6.02.04
CEP detection-id enabled/disabled state will not be displayed in 'show config' if set to disabled.	7.91.01

CFM Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
The CLI command "show cfm default-md VID <vid-number>" will display an incorrect selector type when attempting to display a single CFM Default MD.</vid-number>	7.91.03

CLI Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
On bonded systems while copying files from one blade to another or off the system and the bond link goes down, the master blade could reset/DSI.	7.60.01
Syslog message status is OK when setting port duplex and speed fails.	7.70.00
If the "set system lockout port" is enabled and a user fails to login via SSH the maximum allowed attempts, the user login gets locked but the port lockout fails to get locked.	7.40.01
The "show config quarantine-agent" command may leak memory.	8.01.01
The "show config dot1x" command may leak memory.	8.11.01
The "show config auto-tracking" command may leak memory.	8.01.01
Issuing a "show config" or "show config pwa" will cause a small amount of memory to leak per iteration.	8.11.01
The traceroute command only executes once inside a CLI 'loop'.	7.00.01
Memory leak executing CLI command "show snmp counters".	4.05.08

COS Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
COS ORL actions may be applied to the equivalent port on the receiving blade if the egress port is on a remote blade.	7.00.01
"processCosPortConfig" message log entry may occur if removing and showing COS configuration at the same time.	7.00.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 82 of 121

COS Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
COS ORL rates less than or equal to 30pps may not work if the traffic is received on a remote blade.	7.00.01

DVMRP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
DVMRP may get crashed when sending upstream prune after routes change.	7.60.01
"With DVMRP configured, the Management Module (Router) resets with a message similar to the following: "SMS assert in ntlcltim.c at line 547 : < duration -296"	7.00.01

ECMP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0001	Introduced in Version:
The CLI command to show the current setting of the IPv6 ECMP forwarding algorithm is	7.00.01
missing.	7.00.01

Filter Data Base (FDB) Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0001	Introduced in Version:
When the maximum amount of MAC entries is attempted to be set to 128K, but all blades in	
chassis do not have required 2G of memory, the CLI command correctly fails. However, the	
status returned is OK rather than ERROR.	7.91.01
When multiple static mac address (unicast and/or multicast) are configured, at boot time	
messages similar to: "FilterDb[2.tusrAppInit]fast_add restore (local) failed 14,60968" may be	8.11.03
logged. There are no negative consequences, other then the messages being logged.	
If the source port of a static unicast MAC address is changed without first deleting exiting	
entry and recreating it, messages similar to: "FilterDb[2.tusrAppInit]restored	
duplicate(60126112,1 - 26-00-01-02-03-04.5 on 2" may be displayed at boot time. In	7.00.01
addition, after reboot an entry may not restore with correct source port, or a deleted entry	
may re-appear.	

GVRP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
The ctDot1qVlanGvrpRestrictedStatus MIB object cannot be set and the "set gvrp vlan" CLI	7.91.01
command is ignored in provider bridge mode.	7.91.01

High Availabilty Upgrade (HAU) Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
CLI does not reject out of range slot lists when configuring HAU upgrade groups. For example, "set boot high-availability group 1 1-256" should result in a CLI error, but instead the command is accepted and slots 1-N (where N is the highest slot in the system) are assigned to group "1".	7.60.01

IGMP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
When using SSM with IGMP, SSM packet drop counters may be incorrect.	7.30.01
After a chassis segments and reforms, message of the form: "Error: Mis-Matching MCI chain data tag:1 v6:1 for MCI:131 tag:1 v6:0" are displayed and the IGMP database may become corrupted.	7.00.01
IGMP/MLD IP Multicast traffic only utilizes a single underlying physical port of a LAG in a Bonded system.	7.60.01
IGMP will not correctly update the drop counter for leaves with a bad group address.	8.11.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 83 of 121

IGMP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
While running IGMP v3 with 'include' source-list, a module crashes with a message containing to: "Clgmp::GroupTableAddPortToGroupEntry Src port mismatch".	7.30.01
IGMP ignores reports immediately after booting until the connected interfaces are populated in the Route Table.	7.31.02
IGMP running in v1 mode will drop queries for missing Router Alert.	8.11.01
When loading a configuration from a file that contains IGMP config which has "set igmp disable <x>" where x is the VLAN, any command set after this will re-enable the IGMP config for this VLAN.</x>	7.00.01
It is possible for flows to continue egressing out a port that was removed from an IGMP static configuration.	7.91.01
IGMP and MLD frames ingressing at excessively high rates on VLANs that do not have IGMP/MLD enabled, but have a Layer 3 interface, can cause system instability including module/system resets.	7.00.01

IPv4 Frowarding Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0001	Introduced in Version:
'ip checkspoof strict-mode' will no longer be applied to packets destined to host address	7.00.01
configured on packet's ingress interface.	7.00.01

IPv6 Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Packets received on interfaces where IPv6 forwarding is disabled and destined to host address configured on a different interface are incorrectly delivered to the host.	7.00.01
An IPv6 address configured on a VLAN interface with a 128-bit mask is not reachable.	7.00.01
IPv4-mapped IPv6 addresses and IPv4 compatible addresses are not supported, but are accepted by the Command Line Interface. When entered an error occurs, but the address in some cases appears to be valid when in fact it is not working.	8.01.01
Route table updates may result in layer 3 VPN packets using VPN labels present before route updates occurred.	8.11.01

IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Attempts to send packets from the host to a directly connected IPv6 link-local address will	
not work because the incorrect MAC address will be used as the destination MAC address of	8.11.01
the destination Link-Local address.	

CFM Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0001	Introduced in Version:
The CLI command "show cfm default-md VID <vid-number>" will display an incorrect selector type when attempting to display a single CFM Default MD.</vid-number>	7.91.03

IS-IS Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Cisco LSPs are sometimes displayed incorrectly.	8.01.01
'show isis hostname' for a level-1 router displays hostnames for level-2 router instances.	8.01.01
ISIS hostnames do not appear in LSP Summary database.	8.01.01
'show isis topology' does not display configured hostnames.	8.01.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 84 of 121

IS-IS Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Within a VRF, a 32 bit summary address for ISIS is incorrectly displayed in the running config and cannot be negated.	7.73.01
When displaying ISIS LSP database information having Cisco routers, the multiple metric and IP information may be strung together.	8.01.01
When redistributing RIP into ISIS, the wrong metric is displayed.	8.01.01
When displaying the ISIS LSP database, the wide metric values shown are incorrect.	8.01.01
ISIS LSP database wide metrics are displayed incorrectly.	8.01.01
Deleting 'isis lsp-gen-interval' will result in the default value (in seconds) showing up in show running config.	8.11.01
'show running isis' may display additional blank line between authentication statements.	8.11.01
ISIS LSP databases with metrics associated with multiple IPs get displayed incorrectly.	8.01.01
When the connection between ISIS neighbors is tunneled and over-subscribed, the neighbors periodically lose connectivity.	8.01.01
ISIS database display shows an incorrect format after metric IS.	8.01.01
After 'no ip router isis' is done on an interface, hellos may continue to be sent.	8.01.01
When redistributing into ISIS the show running command displays command twice.	8.11.01

Jumbo Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Invalid sized non-tagged packets of size 1519 to 1522 bytes and tagged packets of size 1523	
to 1526 received on non-jumbo enabled ports are correctly dropped. However, the SA MAC	7.00.01
is incorrectly learned in MAC table.	
Invalid sized non-tagged packets of size 10240 to 10243 bytes and tagged packets of size	
10244 to 10247 received on jumbo enabled ports are correctly dropped.	7.00.01
However, the SA MAC is incorrectly learned in MAC table.	
For some flows that require reframing, if any one of the first few packets in flow are jumbo	7.60.01
sized, those packets could be dropped (and not forwarded).	7.00.01

L3VPN Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Using L3VPNs when BGP is attached to a route-reflector client will result in routes not propagated to the VRFs.	8.01.01
Creating domain-ID (primary or secondary) with an invalid <6 octet domain id> creates on with FF instead of returning an error message.	8.11.01

LACP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
LACP marker response not within frame rate limitation constraint for slow protocols.	1.07.19
In some instances, LACP is not setting, collecting, and distributing bits to false after a partner PDU change, resulting in the port not leaving the LAG as it should.	1.07.19
A set of a lag port attribute may fail without a message at the console.	1.07.19
Distribution of traffic over the ports in a LAG could vary over 10% port-to-port from a uniform distribution when an odd number of ports are in the LAG	7.30.01

LACP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
In rare instances, a port that joins a LAG briefly then stays down/is removed from the lag may still be considered an available egress port for a few percent of LAG traffic which would be undelivered. A subsequent change of state of any of the ports in the LAG or the addition/removal of a port in the LAG will clear the condition.	5.01.58

LLDP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
MIB IldpStatsRemTablesAgeouts is not incremented when a neighbor ages out.	7.00.01
IldpStatsRxPortTLVsDiscardedTotal may not increment for non-support LLDP TLVs.	7.00.01
LLDP Management Address TLV has incorrect interface index.	7.00.01
LLDP Link Aggregation TLV was using a format that was deprecated in IEEE 802.1AB-2009.	7.00.01
The PoE TLV in a transmitted LLDP packet correctly shows a TLV length of 12, but the extended information shows an incorrect Type/Source/Priority (TSP) field, PD requested power value, and PSE allocated power value.	8.11.01
Occasionally while under heavy processing load, LLDP may cause the system to crash.	7.62.00

LSNAT Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
In a previous release access to a VIP server from a VRF via a route was not allowed without	
the 'all_vrfs' configuration command option defined on the VIP server. Access to a VIP from	7.00.01
a VRF via a route leak is now allowed.	
In a previous release after modifying the global NAT SLB or TWCB binding limit, it may cause	6 12 OF
runtime issues while processing bindings.	6.12.05
"show config", "show running", and "show ip slb info" will not display the "real server access	6.12.08
client" configuration lines.	0.12.08

MAC AUTH Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Setting the authallocated macauthentication field ("set macauthentication authallocated <port string="">") to a value of 0 does not correctly result in an outputted error although the value is not set.</port>	5.01.58

Mirroring Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Infrequently, a chassis module with port mirrors configured resets. On this failure a message similar to "PortMirr[3.tDSrecv1]processMirrorDestination(1,61013): index mismatch detected: smon=2, mirror=5" is logged.	7.41.02
Port mirroring may reset and log a message similar to "PortMirr[12.tDSrecv1]setMirrorIndex(72028,162024): invalid mirror index transition 2->1".	7.00.01
The "clear port mirroring orl" command does not disable mirror outbound rate-limiting.	8.11.01
When mirroring, the physical loopback port does not go down when the tunnel goes operationally down.	8.11.03
The "clear port mirroring" and "set port mirrorring [enable disable]" commands do not set the lower numbered destination ports if the destination port-string is in descending order (i.e. tg.4.3;tg.4.2). These commands function properly when the destination port-string lists the lowered ports first.	7.91.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 86 of 121

Mirroring Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
In a software VSB chassis, if mirrors are active, very infrequently a blade may reset, leaving a message similar to: "<1>DistServ[12.tDsBrdOk]serverWatchDog.1(Config), client	7.60.01
88(mirrorMgr) in recv for 6721 tics".	7.60.01

MSDP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Multiple removing MSDP by 'no ip msdp originator-id' causes a crash similar to: 'SMS assert	
in qptujms.c at line 257 : == msdp_mj_cb-> j_mj_cb.mj_row_data.oper_status 8	8.02.02
AMB_NPG_OPER_STATUS_GOING_UP 3 '.	

MULTI AUTH Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Executing 'show multiauth session port <port-string>' might result in an error.</port-string>	7.30.01
The 'show multiauth station port' command displays multiple entries for each provisioning agent type.	5.01.58
If 'multiauth sessions-unique-per-port' is disabled and CEP multiauth sessions are moving from one port to another RADIUS accounting data may be output inconsistently for that session.	8.11.01
Multiauth sessions that port roam may not session timeout at the expected time.	8.11.01
Quarantine Agent Multiauth Sessions may not idle timeout as expected when port roaming.	8.11.01
Clearing multiauthentication stations using the etsysMultiAuthStationClearUsers MIB leaf may cause the multiauthentication software to treat the clearing as a failure for both logging and trap purposes.	7.72.01
When multiauthentication traps for authentication success, authentication rejection or port termaination are enabled and are being sent they result in duplicate notice level log events that indicate the same or similar information.	7.00.01
Networks utilizing multiauth session or idle timeouts greater than 65535 may have sessions that timeout inaccurately.	6.11.01

NAT Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0001	Introduced in Version:
No counter for NAT packets and NAT drop packets are included in "debug packet show-statistics".	1.07.19
It is possible that once the "ip nat log translations" config has been entered that it will remain persistent even when a "no ip nat log translations" command is entered.	6.00.02
It is possible when upgrading from 08.02.xx or downgrading to 08.02.xx that the following NAT config may be lost: ip nat ftp-control-port ip nat log translation ip nat inspect dns ip nat translation max-entries ip nat translation 'timeouts'	8.11.01

NETFLOW Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
When NetFlow is enabled, very infrequently, an error message similar to:  "<3>netflow[4.tNetflow]netflow_record_processing_task - unexpected error taking semaphore"may be displayed. When that message is logged, a single frame, which can consist of any where from 1 to 30 NetFlow records, is dropped and will not be delivered	8.01.01
to NetFlow collectors.	
When NetFlow export-data higher-layer is enabled, messages similar to: "PiMgr[7.tMcnxPer]generateIfIndex():retval=7;mediaType(0);mediaPos(8)" may be displayed. For each message generated, a NetFlow record with an invalid destination interface will be sent.	8.01.01
When the 'set default-nexthop[-v6]' option is used in route-maps and Netflow is in use, a reset may occur when route updates are being processed.	7.20.01
Very infrequently, when NetFlow export data higher layer is enabled, messages similar to: "PiMgr[7.tMcnxPer]generatelfIndex():retval=0;owner(1);mediaType(7);mediaPos(0)" may be logged. For every message logged, a NetFlow record would be generating with invalid source and/or destination interfaces.	8.01.01

OAM Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Disabling OAM on a port does not clear the OAM or ULD operstatuscause	7.30.01

OSPF Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
When running OSPF, and using the passive-interface default command, an assert could occur in thread tRtrPtcls with the following log, "SMS assert in qopmmim5.c at line 879: (null) AVLL_IN_TREE(if_cb->active_if_tree_node) 0 (null) 0".	7.00.01
A tunnel interface running OSPF will default to network type POINT_TO_POINT. If it is explicitly configured as POINT-TO-POINT and then removed, it defaults to BROADCAST instead.	7.41.02
If an OSPF interface running over a tunnel is explicitly configured as point-to-point this is displayed in the config even though it is the default.	7.41.02
OSPFv2 will accept the configuration of an invalid nssa-range and display it incorrectly.	7.00.01
Configuring an OSPF cost metric outside the range results in an unclear message error.	8.11.01
When issuing a "clear ip ospf process" and multiple OSPF processes exist, the ambiguous message "Resetting the OSPF process" is seen multiple times.	7.00.01
When running OSPFv2 or v3 with auto-cost reference bandwidth and tracked objects, it is possible with multiple cost changes to have the router LSA not reflect the cost seen on the interface.	8.11.01
If OSPF logging is enabled, and multiple OSPF processes are in use, an abundance of messages are seen about each process when the reference bandwidth is changed in a single process.	8.01.01
sham is spelled "shaml" on both OSPFv2 and OSPFv3 debug.	8.11.01
The wrong dead interval range was displayed in the help section of the CLI for sham links.	8.11.01
'show running config' for the sham link authentication would not be displayed.	8.11.01
When looking at the debug syslog, sham-link interval mismatch messages do not decode ifindex to text strings.	8.11.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

OSPF Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
The 'show ip ospf interface vlan.0.x' command may show additional space at the end if	8.01.01
multiple addresses are configured on that interface that are not running OSPF.	
On bonded systems while copying files from one blade to another or off the system and the	8.11.04
bond link goes down, the master blade could reset/DSI.	
When using a route map when entering the 'redistribute bgp global' command, the route	8.11.01
type will be changed to E2 and not use the correct domain id type.  OSPF has no warning message when the calculated cost metric for an interface due to an	
auto-cost reference bandwidth change results in a too large metric.	8.11.01

OSPFv3 Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
If an OSPF vlan interface is configured to be POINT_TO_POINT, then the configuration is removed with "no ip ospf network point-to-point", the interface network type is	7.41.02
POINT_TO_POINT instead of reverting to the default type of BROADCAST.	
If an OSPF auto-cost reference bandwidth is configured that causes the interface to calculate a cost greater than the maximum, the cost remained based on the previous auto-	8.11.01
cost reference bandwidth value.	

PIM-SM Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
IGMP/Multicast in a bonded chassis appears to take longer for some events than an identically configured single chassis.	7.61.02
"ip pim multipath" configuration is not cleared after executing a "clear router vrf <vrfname>."</vrfname>	8.01.01
PIM configuration for ipv4 is accepted after removal of L3 license.	7.00.01

PKI Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0001	Introduced in Version:
When configuring an X.509 certificate via the "set pki certificate <pki-cert-list>" command a warning is displayed if the same certificate already exists on the list, and the user is prompted as to whether or not they want to accept the new certificate.</pki-cert-list>	
The user can avoid this prompt (in order to avoid breaking automated scripts) by specifying the "no-confirm" option on the command line. The "no-confirm" option should suppress the duplicate certificate warning as well as suppressing the prompt.	8.11.01
If a configuration file which contains PKI data is modified by an external text editor and that editor adds control characters (such as '\r' 0x0D), then sourcing the modified config file may not restore very large certificates (on the order of 10K PEM characters, which is the maximum allowed by the device).	8.11.01

Platform Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Reading a file from another blade (Ex: 'show file' or 'configure') could cause a DSI/reset, usually if remote file is being updated, or remote connection goes away (other blade resets or bonding goes away).	7.00.01
Running "chkdsk repair" could cause a reset. This command is only available from debug, or during boot if filesystem corruption is detected.	7.00.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 89 of 121

Platform Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Performing a configuration operation via the command line interface may result in the old configuration remaining due to file access errors.	7.70.01
The following syslog messages may be seen on bonded systems when the remote blade is under heavy load or the remote system is resetting/booting: 'NonVol[1.tNvBulk]nonvol_copy: Copying of redundant store will need to retry (FIOSYNC of outFd failed errno(errno = 0x300005))' These are log level 5(NOTICE) messages and usually only an issue if persistent.	7.30.01
Setting port speed on 1G fiber port to a speed the SFP does not support, and disabling auto negotiation causes the port to go down and stay down.	7.91.01
Releases before 8.20.01 may fail at initialization time with large configurations causing continuous resets caused by denoted rdyToSwitch fault.	8.11.01
"set port mdix" CLI commands may display "Error: failed to set mdix configuration of swap on port tg.5.2." on RJ45 ports that don't support mdix commands.	8.01.01
Unsupported Option Module will halt the board and not allow software upgrade until removed.	8.11.01
System may log a message similar to <1>DistServ[1.tDsBrdOk]serverWatchDog.5(Host), client 26(Emanate) in recv for 6446 tics and then reset.	7.60.01
If a SFP+ Direct Attach cable assembly is used to connect two 1000Base-X ports (an unsupported configuration), the message "Incompatible pluggable module" will be logged on behalf of each port, but physical link will not be forced down.	7.00.01
10GB-LRW-SFPP Laser Wire transceivers not acquired through Extreme Networks that do not have a "-EN" part number will display "sfpDataAccess: CI2CBus::Access() failed to write transceiver data for slave 0xa2 on NIM x port y" message.	8.11.01
SFP pluggable failure messages are not as user friendly as they should be.	8.01.01
Port advertisement settings are not persistent when auto negotiation is disabled.	7.91.01
100M SFP inserted into 1G port shows default speed and negotiation disable in 'show config'.	7.00.01
"Core files might not be generated for defects which result in stack corruption whenever a DSI or ISI exception occurs, the system logs the original exception to NONVOL then attempts to generate a core file (i.e., /slot <x>/cores/<xxxx>.core.gz) which will include a stack trace of the offending task. If the stack is corrupted, then the process of printing the stack trace to the core file will itself create a new DSI. This new DSI prevents core file generation from completing and being saved to disk."</xxxx></x>	7.00.01
'show port status' is missing speed and duplex for 10G copper ports without a link.	8.01.01
No message is logged indicating a reason for board shutdown due to over temperature on S-Series.	7.00.01
"At boot a board could get into reset loop with the following syslog output: 'NonVol[1.tusrAppInit]Nonvol reached max fileIdx 4080, storeNum 1, major 1'. Sets will be dropped until space if freed."	7.30.01
Unsupported speed of 100M is allowed to be set for 1G SFP.	7.91.01

Policy Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Rules to drop GVRP or MVRP packets are ignored.	7.00.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Policy Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
IP addresses in "set policy rule" would be treated as octal if a preceding "0" is present.	6.00.02
The CLI command 'show vlanauthorization' will not display the vlan authorization status of all ports in the system.	6.00.02
Multiauth failure traps may be output for port roaming sessions that roam to ports with insufficient per port multiauth number of users to support the new session.	7.72.01

PWA Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
PWA set portcontrol CLI commands do not output an error if wildcarding is used for a port string which contains no valid ports.	5.42.04

RADIUS Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
8.11 RADIUS Enhancement documentation does not clearly indicate that round-robin handling occurs on a per blade basis.	8.11.01
RADIUS authentication server max-sessions configuration is not output as part of "show config" or "show config all" commands.	8.11.01
RADIUS authentication server realm is not displayed as part of the "show config all" command if it is set to the default of any.	8.11.01
RADIUS authentication, authorization, and accounting server configuration may be lost upon upgrade from any release prior to 7.40 to any release post 8.02.	8.11.01

RADIUS-SNOOPING Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
If multiple CLI sessions are concurrently accessing RADIUS Snooping information the system may crash or provide inaccurate results.	6.11.01
Show config of the RADIUS Snooping, auto tracking and quarantine provisioning agents displays default port parameters whenever at least one port field is set to a non-default setting.	6.11.01
Setting radius-snooping port configuration for unsupported ports may not result in proper CLI error messaging.	6.11.01

RMON Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Heavy use of RMON alarm and RMON event may result in a system reset and the log message "memPartFree: invalid block 0x3257c710 in partition 0x59a0a78 <memsyspartition>".</memsyspartition>	5.01.58
Configuration of RMON etherStats may return an incorrect value upon using an invalid index as input.	1.07.19
MIB leaf historyControlStatus can be set directly to under creation with non-existent index.	1.07.19
Configuration of an RMON function with an out of range index does not always return error.	5.01.58
"show rmon alarm" will show a negative value for alarm variables that are counters(unsigned), specifically for values between 2147483647 and 4294967294(rollover).	5.01.58

Routing Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Negating interface checkspoof setting without a keyword returns an error when checkspoof	7.00.01
loose-mode is configured.	7.00.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 91 of 121

SMON Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Infrequently, a chassis module with port mirrors configured resets. On this failure a message similar to "setMirrorIndex(103201,122024): invalid mirror index transition 2->1" is logged.	7.00.01
Polling the SMON Vlan Statistics MIB smonVlanidStatsCreateTime object returns an error.	7.91.01

SNMP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
For snmp view configuration, snmp view mask values entered as single byte hexidecimal values (without a colon) that are less than 0x7f (and are printable ascii characters) appear as printable ascii characters instead of hexidecimal values, and result in missing configuration lines.	4.00.50

SYSLOG Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Messages that should be logged to the console as part of the shut down process are not	7.80.01
seen.	
client 22(Syslog) not ready in <number_of_tics> tics' message seen on console.</number_of_tics>	5.51.xx

Tracked Objects Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
Taking a tracked object out of service ('no inservice' sub-mode command) while a state change is in progress does not remove the state change action from the delay queue. If the tracked object is put back into service ('inservice' sub-mode command) prior to the state change action expiring from the delay queue, the new state change action is not queued. The new state change action is triggered when the old state change action expires from the delay queue.	7.60.01

Tunneling Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
When either a tunnel probe or the GRE keepalive is down, the tunnel is held down. This has been changed. If either the probe or keepalive is up or neither are configured, then the tunnel will be operationally up given other conditions are correct.	8.11.01
The range check on a tunnel keepalive period prevented the user from entering anything larger than 255.	8.11.01
A GRE keepalive nested within another GRE tunnel would be dropped.	8.11.01
HW connections may be incorrectly installed to drop virtual private port flows that include nested GRE packets with the protocol=0x6558	8.11.01
IPv6 encapsulated flow of an IPv4 flow was using the IP version from the Transformation. It now uses the IP Version from the Ingress Flow.	8.01.01

VRF Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
When using the maximum length VRF name, it insists on a context, but when one is specified, it takes the VRF name and discards the extra characters.	7.62.02
From device command line, a ping to device's address configured in another VRF fails even though VRF route leaking is provided by static routes.	8.11.01

VRRP Problems Corrected in 8.21.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
After repeated enable/disable of VRRP accept-mode, the system may not reply to ICMP echo requests to the VRRP Virtual IP address.	8.11.01
Host routes added by host mobility may age out during first age pass after they are added.	8.11.01

# Feature Enhancements in 8.11.05.0007

Transceiver Enhancements in 8.11.05.0007
CWDM support:
10GB-LR271-SFPP - 10Gb, CWDM SM, 1271 nm, 10 km, LC SFP+
10GB-LR291-SFPP - 10Gb, CWDM SM, 1291 nm, 10 km, LC SFP+
10GB-LR311-SFPP - 10Gb, CWDM SM, 1311 nm, 10 km, LC SFP+
10GB-LR331-SFPP - 10Gb, CWDM SM, 1331 nm, 10 km, LC SFP+
Additional DWDM support:
10GB-ER21-SFPP - 10GB-ER, DWDM CH21 SFP+
10GB-ER24-SFPP - 10GB-ER, DWDM CH24 SFP+
10GB-ER31-SFPP - 10GB-ER, DWDM CH31 SFP+
10GB-ER33-SFPP - 10GB-ER, DWDM CH33 SFP+

# Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007

ACLs Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
When the platform connection look-up level has been raised from L3 to L4 by application of an ACL, removing the ACL does not cause the look-up level to be reduced to L3.	7.40.01
When adding entries to an access-list, duplicates of existing entries are no longer accepted.	7.00.01

Auto-config Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
On a chassis with 6 or more filled slots running with no/default configuration, if you do a	
"set configuration" command, during the reset you may see the following messages in the	
log: "<163>Sep 13 14:12:03 0.0.0.0 autoConfig[4.tDSrecv7]setConfigAtDefaultsBySlot:	8.11.01
Unable to send nonvol change to msgQ inslot(6) value(0)"	8.11.01
"<163>Sep 13 14:12:03 0.0.0.0 autoConfig[4.tlpAddrCb]autoConfig_IfEventCallback: Unable	
to send IF_DELETED-event(6), id(1) myid(0) to msgQ"	

IGMP Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
When issuing a "show config" and reaching the MLD section, the config may get stuck in a loop and not allow the config to finish displaying.	7.30.01
When a device goes through its synchronization process, it is possible for IGMP to cause an ISI exception, if internal structures get corrupted.	7.30.01

IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
When inserting a new blade into the system the new blade may end up with an interface in	
the "stalled" state which indicates that the IPv6 addresses have not passed Duplicate	7.41.02
Address Detection. The interface will not forward IPv6 packets until the interface is bounced	7.41.02
(the operational status goes down then back up).	

LLDP Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
Every time the command "show config" or "show config all" is run, the system loses as much	8.11.01
as 512Kb of memory. Enough memory losses eventually cause the system to reset.	

Multiauth Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
Modification or removal of multi-authentication users may cause prolonged high CPU	7.00.01
utilization and dropped traffic.	7.00.01

NAT Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
It is possible on a failover that a NAT Static Binding may be missing causing NAT translations to not function correctly.	8.11.01

NETFLOW Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
If Netflow higher-layer export is enabled and the cache is disabled at a time when flows are actively being exported, and then later re-enabled, messages similar to:	
"PiMgr[3.tDispatch]generateIfIndex() :retval=0;owner(3);mediaType(7);mediaPos(0)" may be generated.	8.01.01
For each message generated, a single Netflow record with invalid data will be exported.	

Node Alias Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
Under rare circumstances, the "ctAliasControlTable" will not return all valid entries.	7.91.01
If the switch is receiving MDNS or LLMNR or SSDP frames, and Node and Alias is not configured to have those protocols disabled (nor configured to have ports those frames are being received on disabled) and, in addition, one of the following is true:  - Is also receiving IP Fragment packets  - Receives at least one malformed MDNS, LLMNR, or SSDP frame.  One or more blades may get into a state where CPU usage is 100%.  When in this state the "Switch Node & Alias" process will be shown as taking significant CPU for a "show system utilization".  This will not affect packet forwarding or L2/L3 protocols, but will adversely affect all management. The only recovery method is to reset the individual blades that get into this state.	8.11.01

OSPF Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
An assertion failure and reset occurs and is recorded in message log as; "SMS assert in qoamlsts.c at line 1218"	7.00.01
When running OSPFv2 and flapping the passive value on an interface, an assert can occur in thread tRtrPtcls with the following message; "SMS assert in qopmmim5.c at line 879: (null) AVLL_IN_TREE(if_cb->active_if_tree_node) 0 (null) 0"	8.11.01
ien running OSPF a DSI can occur in thread tRtrPtcls, message displayed is: "SMS assert in avll.c at line 644: != AVL3_IN_TREE(*node) 0 0 0"	8.11.01

PWA Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
PWA is occasionally unable to respond to HTTP requests under heavy user login load.  Related syslog message: "PWA[2.tLwipRecv]pwaTransmitPkt() transmit failed"	7.00.01

Spanning Tree Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
Reset could occur when (1) changing spantree operational mode between "ieee" and	
"none" or (2) when spantree version is "stpcompatible" and entering or leaving a topology	7.00.01
change condition.	

Switching Problems Corrected in 8.11.05.0007	Introduced in Version:
Precision Time Protocol (PTPv1) UDP broadcast port 139, when being forwarded through	1.07.19
switch, may not function reliably.	

# Feature Enhancements in 8.11.04.0006

Transceiver Enhancements in 8.11.04.0006
Auto negotiation support for 1Gb SFP GBICs installed in SFP+ sockets.

# Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006

CLI Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
Login banner configured via "set banner login <message>" is not displayed when logging in</message>	8.11.01
via SSH. The banner is displayed when logging in via Console or TELNET.	

IGMP Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
The IGMP database can become corrupted leading to unpredictable multicast results and/or module crashes.	7.30.01
When using IGMP unknown-input-action setting "Flood To Routers", IGMP may not route these packets properly.	8.11.01
"IGMP may on board synchronization, or system reset, reset with the following message: IGMP[3.tDSsync2]ClgmpEtsc::DistGrpTblRecvDistributedAdd Recv base index out of range baseidx:xxxx flowIdx:xxxx	8.11.01

L3 VPN Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
After router failover, layer 3 VPN traffic may be transmitted with wrong label.	7.91.01
When configuring L3VPN on an access router the software license does not enable the feature. The user will not see any of the L3VPN commands.	8.11.01

NODE-ALIAS Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
Querying the ctAliasInterface table may not return all entries on a given interface.	8.11.01
Querying the ctAliasInterface table may not return all entries on a given interface in multislot systems.	8.11.01

NONVOL Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
The nonvol cleanup task can write incomplete files to the nonvol store that will not be detected until a reboot or the next time cleanup runs for that store and component: <3>NonVol[8.tNVolCUp]nvFilePtrMgr::verify(3) calcCsum() failed. store=5, fileIdx=10.51, udpSum=0x77e366a, sumCount=65534	3.00.33
At boot time the following errors may be seen in the log: <163>Sep 19 14:46:02 0.0.0.0 NonVol[1.tusrAppInit]validate_files: Unknown record type;store=1,offset=4105,file=0.80, type=0,rawMaj=0,rawMin=0,rawLen=0 <163>Sep 19 14:46:02 0.0.0.0 NonVol[1.tusrAppInit]validate_files: file=1/0.80 rewinding over incomplete record. Truncating to size 4105 <163>Sep 19 14:46:02 0.0.0.0 NonVol[1.tusrAppInit]nvFilePtrMgr::fFlush(5) fflush(0x72b03b0) retval=-1, errno=9  Configuration could have been lost due to file corruption and should be verified.	3.00.33
The nonvol cleanup task can write incomplete files to the nonvol store that will not be detected until a reboot: NonVol[1.tusrAppInit]nvFilePtrMgr::verify(0) checksum failure. store=4, fileIdx=0.37, udpSum=0x8f8dd5a, sumCount=65527	3.00.33
The nonvol cleanup task can cause a DSI reset:  Exc Vector: DSI exception (0x00000300) Thread Name: tNVolCUp	3.00.33
The nonvol cleanup task can become stuck causing high system utilization: debug utilization show -i  NAME TID PRI STATUS 5sec 1min 5min Got tid = 1 from successful call to getNextTaskId(). tNVolCUp 240412704 195 READY 99.37 99.28 99.27	3.00.33

PLATFORM Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
Ambient air temperature is inaccurate for S1 chassis, and false warnings about hot ambient temperature are generated.	7.72.01
If chassis eeprom can not be accessed board will reset with no additional cause information displayed to cli or added to message log.	8.01.01
"Some devices may reset after logging a message similar to the one listed below because memory requires an adjustment to the 1.0V power controller.  <163>Apr 7 15:05:51 0.0.0.0 Dune[5.tRootTask]PETRA[0] failed to initialize DRAM (0x65535). "	8.01.01
Some devices may reset after logging a message similar to the one listed below because memory requires an adjustment to the 1.0V power controller. <163>Mar 27 03:06:57 192.168.100.18 Dune[2.dTcmTask]Petra[0] Received Interrupt PB_IPT_CRC_ERR_PKT instance 0, count 1, value= 0x1	8.01.01
System logs the message "bcmStrat[1.tNimIntr]MEM_FAIL_INT_STAT=0x00200000, EP_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP0_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP1_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP2_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP3_INTR_STATUS=0x000000000 and resets.	7.70.01
System logs the message "bcmStrat[1.tNimIntr]MEM_FAIL_INT_STAT=0x00000000, EP_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP0_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP1_INTR_STATUS=0x00000001, IP3_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000" and resets.	7.70.01

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PLATFORM Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
System logs the message "bcmStrat[2.tNimIntr]MEM_FAIL_INT_STAT=0x00040000, EP_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP0_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP1_INTR_STATUS=0x000000000,	7.70.01
IP3_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000" and resets.	
System logs the message "bcmStrat[1.tNimIntr]MEM_FAIL_INT_STAT=0x00000000, EP_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP0_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP1_INTR_STATUS=0x000000000,	7.70.01
IP3_INTR_STATUS=0x00000002" and resets.	

PoE Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
'set inlinepower management class' configuration might not be persistent.	8.01.01

RADIUS Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
RADIUS authentication servers created via SNMP without the etsysRadiusAuthClientServerStickyMaxSessions leaf present will default to a maximum sessions value of 0. This will effectively cause the sticky-round-robin RADIUS algorithm to work like the round-robin RADIUS algorithm.	8.11.01

SSH Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
"The SSH configuration parameter 'set ssh server allowed-auth password {enabled disabled}' was added in release 8.11. The default value for this new parameter should be 'enabled'. However, if upgrading from a pre-8.11 image to 8.11 the parameter may initialize as 'disabled'. This will prevent users from connecting to the device using SSH.	8.11.01

TACACS+ Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
If no attributes are passed back in an authorized TACACS+ response when performing	
TACACS+ command authorization, results may be non-deterministic resulting in some	6.11.01
commands being authorized and others not. TACACS+ commands which fail authorization	6.11.01
will correctly not be allowed.	

TWCB Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
When NAT hardware connections are reaped it is possible that subsequent NAT requests	5.01.58
will not create a hardware connection.	

VRRP Problems Corrected in 8.11.04.0006	Introduced in Version:
If IPv6 hosts are connected to a switch which is connected to a VRRP master and VRRP backup router is running host-mobility, the IPv6 hosts will periodically move from master to backup and back again to the master due to router advertisement being sent by backup using VRRP virtual MAC address.	8.11.01
Master VRRP router does not reply to ARP requests sent for the VIP's IP when fabric-router mode is enabled.	8.11.01

# Feature Enhancements in 8.11.03.0006

# Automated Deployment Feature Enhancements in 8.11.03.0006

Auto Configuration feature requests configuration information from DHCP server when chassis has no configuration. A SNMP trap requesting configuration is now sent to the SNMP server notifying it that the system is ready to be configured.

# Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006

ACL Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
After updating to 8.11.01, any change made to the ACL configuration will cause any IPv4 and	8.11.01
IPv6 ACL's applied inbound to not be applied after a reset.	

Antispoofing Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
Issuing the CLI command "show antispoof binding" will result in a small amount of memory	8.01.01
being leaked.	0.01.01

ARP/ND Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
The chassis may crash when performing a distribution sync and when processing several	
ARP/ND related packets. A syslog produced during the crash will look similar to this:	8.11.01
DistServ[1.tDsBrdOk]serverWatchDog.5(Host), client 92(net2Phys)	

Autoconfig Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
The Automatic Deployment/Configuration feature will not start in S-chassis with IO modules even when running with default/cleared configuration.	8.11.01

BGP Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
Displaying FIB history via debug CLI may block BGP from maintaining connection to peers.	7.00.01
"Negating a BGP route-map ""match extended-community as-route-target"" command may result in a system reset. The following error message will appear at the CLI: SMS assert in qbmlrex3.c at line 414: >= string_len 0 (2 * QB_LEN_EXT_COMMUNITY) 16 "	8.01.01
A system reset may occur when running BGP with the full Internet routing table and resetting or changing the export policy of a neighboring router. The following error message will appear: SMS assert in qbdcnhr.c at line 959:    (old_loc_route == ari_route->loc_route) 0 (QBRA_CHECK_FLAG(ari_route->loc_route->flags, QBRA_LOC_FLAG_REMOVAL_DONE)) 0	8.11.01
Multiprotocol BGP peering with third party products may not establish if received update messages contain out of order path attributes such that AS-PATH is the last attribute.	7.30.01
A system reset may occur if peering is attempted with a router supporting multisession BGP. The reset will occur on receipt of a Notification message with the error code of 2 (Open message error) and subcode 8 (grouping conflict). The following error message will appear: SMS assert in qbnmpd.c at line 141: (null) INVALID BRANCH 0 (null) 0	8.11.01

Bonding Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
When inserting a module running 8.11.01.0001 into a Hardware VSB system, messages similar to the following will be stored the the message logs of the new module. <163>Apr 18 16:45:59 10.227.240.85 PPCtimer[6.tDispatch]PPC TBU has appeared to wrap during get_elapsed_time() <163>Apr 18 16:45:59 10.227.240.85 PPCtimer[6.tDispatch]1728088 17276bc c974ec 5d2314 5cdac8 155ea70	8.11.01
Bonded chassis may segment after a slot reset.	7.70.00
Modules in a hardware bonded chassis may reset when a VSB port is connected to a front panel port. A message similar to "<0>Bond[13.tDispatch]getVsbInPort: learn inport:000033eb outport:00002bef binding failed ( 0x00c77d1c 0x00574058 0x015830e4 0x015756f4 0x0157ebec 0x01830ea0 0xeeeeeeeee )" is logged on this error.	8.11.01
VSB protocol may reset when enabling/disabling VSB ports.	7.62.02
IGMP flow may pick mismatched VSB ports causing loss of traffic across the Bond links.	7.60.01

DHCP Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
"dhcps6[{slot#}.tDSsync5]claimAllData: failed to set option(#) in vxWorks" syslog error message appear at start-up when dhcpv6 server pool is configured.	8.11.01
'ipv6 dhcp relay source-interface' disappears when the master blade is reset in a chassis.	7.30.01

DHCPv6 Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
DHCPv6 server responds to DHCPv6 request on interfaces that do not have 'ipv6 dhcp	8.11.01
server' configured.	0.11.01

FDB Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
If the amount of MAC addresses is configured to be 128K, static Unicast and Multicast MAC entries may not function correctly. When attempting the create the entries, messages similar to:FDB: NonVol[2.tDSrecv3]writeData MAJOR_FDB_STATIC_ENTRIES minorTag=66651, may be logged.	7.91.01
When changing the number of MAC addresses supported to between 64K and 128K, a chassis reboot is needed for new value to take effect. If, between the time of the configuration change, and the chassis reboot, a blade resets, it will go into an infinite reboot cycle and display a message similar to: <3>FilterDb[6.tDSrecv3]Resetting for new fdb num entries = 65536, old number entries = 131072	7.91.01

Flow Limiting Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
When flow limiting is enabled on a port, the flow event counter for that port will not be	8.01.01
accurate.	6.01.01

Host Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
Traceroute using UDP does not work for layer 3 VPNs over tunnels.	8.01.01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 99 of 121

Host Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
After issuing the traceroute command, the string "runTraceroute: ifindex <number>" is displayed before the results.</number>	7.99.00

IPv4 Forwarding Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
It is possible that reframer resources could become disabled while still in use for some	
tunneled and IPv6Nat flows. The flows associated with these disable resources would be	8.11.01
dropped until it aged out of hardware.	
On router failover, layer 3 VPN filter connections may not be removed if label to VRF	7.99.00
mappings change.	7.55.00

LLDP Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
Occasionally running the show neighbor command will display a neighbor multiple times.	7.91.01

MAC Authentication Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
MAC-Authenication auth-mode may be set to radius-username when upgrading from older	8.11.01
firmware versions.	0.22.02

Multi User Authentication Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
Executing the CLI command show multiauth session port <port-string>" might result in an error.</port-string>	7.00.01
In multiauth sessions-unique-per-port enabled mode, antispoof IP bindings may not be updated for a MAC address with sessions on multiple ports.	8.11.01

NAT Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
It is possible for a NAT Static reserved binding to age out.	8.11.01
If a large number of binding are created with the same global address it is possible for the board to reset when deleting bindings.	7.91.03

Neighbor Discovery Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
CLI output for the "show neighbors" command will infrequently exclude one or more	7.31.02
neighbors from one or more modules.	

Node Alais Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
Node Alias is unable to decode packet information for LLMNR and mDNS packets after compression occurs.	8.11.01
In node alias, the protocol setting for LLMNR, SSDP, and mDNS are not displayed in the configuration.	8.11.01

OSPF Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
If OSPFv2 and OSPFv3 are both configured to use the same tracked object on a single interface, and then one of these is removed, a misleading message indicates that the track is	
in use and will not be deregistered. The track is only removed for the corresponding address-family and continues to be in-use for the other address-family.	8.11.01
If OSPF passive interfaces are configured, upgrading from any 7.X release to an 8.x release	0.01.01
could cause a DSI in thread tDsync5.	8.01.01

OSPFv3 Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
If an OSPFv3 interface is configured as passive under IPv6 router OSPF before it is enabled under the interface, and other OSPFv3 interface attributes had been applied, the passive	8.01.01
interface would remain down.	

PIM-SM Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
The "rtr mcast show debug fe" counters within Show Support always display counts of 0.	8.11.01

Platform Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
"System logs the message ""bcmStrat[2.tNimIntr]MEM_FAIL_INT_STAT=0x00000000, EP_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP0_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP1_INTR_STATUS=0x00000010, IP2_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP3_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000"" and resets.	7.70.01
System logs the message "bcmStrat[5.tNimIntr]MEM_FAIL_INT_STAT=0x00000000, EP_INTR_STATUS=0x00000080, IP0_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP1_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP2_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000, IP3_INTR_STATUS=0x00000000" and resets.	7.70.01
Some devices may reset after logging a message similar to the one listed below: <163>Mar 27 03:06:57 192.168.100.18 Dune[2.dTcmTask]Petra[0] Received Interrupt PB_IPT_CRC_ERR_PKT instance 0, count 1, value= 0x1	8.01.01
Some devices may reset after logging a message similar to the one listed below because memory requires an improved initialization sequence.<163>Apr 7 15:05:51 0.0.0.0 Dune[5.tRootTask]PETRA[0] failed to initialize DRAM (0x65535).	8.01.01
S chassis reporting an incorrect ambient temperature of -3C.	7.60.01
Sometimes SFP or SFP+ modules may be missidentified for both type and speed. This can result in the port being non functional when speed is wrong or prone to CRC or Link problems when type is wrong. Miss identification can occur at the time SFP(+) is inserted or during a subsequent boot of the blade. Four port SFP+ option modules, 8 and 16 port SFP+ modules are not affected.	8.11.01
Traffic in both directions may not be established on a 10Gb capable port, with a 10Gb SFP+ installed, on a chassis module or standalone after a 1Gb SFP had been inserted into such port.	8.11.01
Transceivers inserted into corresponding ports on each bank of ports (ex. port zero on each bank would be ports 1,9,17) might result in incorrect transceiver detection and functionality.	8.11.01
During module initialization a message may be logged similar to: "i2c[4.tusrAppInit]writeBatchCommand: master 4 empty interrupt timeouts".	8.11.01

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Platform Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
Querying the entPhysicalAssetID object for a module that has not yet been programmed might return unexpected string.	8.11.01
A module will sometimes report a message similar to "<163>Jul 15 15:52:54 0.0.0.0 System[1]Module moved from chassis: 20b399559169 to chassis: 20b399559dfd" even when it has not moved.	7.60.01

Routing Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
Layer 3 VPN filter connections created on router failover are not removed when new labels	7.91.01
are sent to forwarding plane.	7.91.01

SCP Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
Secure Copy (scp) file transfers do not work.	7.62.05
(i.e., "copy scp:// <user>@<host>//<path>/<source-file> slot1/<destination-file>").</destination-file></source-file></path></host></user>	7.02.03

SSH Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
If a user's account is configured for local-only authentication, and the account is disabled (administratively or due to excessive login failures), and the user tries to connect (even just once) using SSH with public key authentication, then a port lock out will occur (regardless of the configured number of system lockout attempts).	8.11.01

Tunneling Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
The switch may stop forwarding if an L2 encapped IPv6 in IPv6 GRE packet arrives from a tunnel dedicated to a pseudowire.	8.11.01
Tunnel probes are not restored properly on S-Series modules.	8.11.01

VRRP Problems Corrected in 8.11.03.0006	Introduced in Version:
"RtrVRRP[{MODULE}.tVrrpEvt]Failed: unable to update userData flags for IP {IP ADDRESS} for {INTERFACE}" syslog message is logged from an initializing module.	8.11.01
Checkspoof strict-mode enabled on host-mobility interface would be triggered by host transmitting packets into the router if router had learned about host via OSPF from VRRP host-mobility partner.	8.11.01

# Problems Corrected in 8.11.02.0002

Upgrade Problems Corrected in 8.11.02.0002	Introduced in Version:
After updating to 8.11.01, inbound ACLs (IPv4 and IPv6) are no longer functional. This occurs after a reboot when changes have been made to the ACL configuration.	8.11.01

# Feature Enhancements in 8.11.01.0015

# **Application Policy Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015**

A new Policy Classification rule type allows for control of additional application specific traffic. The Application Policy feature provides differentiation between requests and queries/announcements for common ZeroConf protocols to allow a simple granular policy assignment. These protocols include Apples Bonjour and Universal Plug and Play (UPnP).

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 102 of 121

# Fabric Routing with IP Host Mobility Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015

IP Host Mobility allows for optimized North/South traffic when deployed in a common route fabric environment. IP Host Mobility leverages host routing.

#### Isolated Private VLAN Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015

This feature adds the ability for a secondary VLAN to share an IP interface assigned to a primary VLAN. Users within the secondary VLAN can be isolated from each other such that communication must flow through the router.

#### Tunneling, 'Virtual Private Port Service' Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015

Layer 2 interconnect via GRE tunnel interface, allows for the encapsulation of all data entering a specified port for transport across the network infrastructure with a routable IP/GRE tunnel.

#### Inter-VRF Access Control List Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015

This feature adds Access Control List functionality for internal data traffic routed between multiple VRF instances running in the same device.

### RADIUS / Policy Enhancements Feature Enhancements in 8.11.01.0015

Server Load Balancing – Adds support for RADIUS authentication server load balancing.

**Authentication Timeout Policy** – Allows for the application of a specific RADIUS timeout policy profile to be applied during authentication timeout events.

**Authentication Failure Policy -** Allows for the application of a specific RADIUS failure policy profile to be applied during authentication failure events.

**Re-Authentication Timeout Enhancement** – Enhancement to allow for the use of the previous access level during a re-authentication timeout event.

**Accounting Enhancement** – Accounting has been extended to allow for accounting of additional provisioning agents that previously were unaccounted. Including CEP, RADIUS snooping, AutoTracking and Quarantine.

# SSH Public Key Authentication Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015

SSH enhancement to support Public Key Authentication as an additional client authentication method.

# RMON Stats and History Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015

Enhancement to the operation of RMON EtherStats and History, allowing for the configuration of the direction of statistics collection; TX, RX or TX+RX.

### Automated Deployment Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015

This feature allows a newly installed device with no configuration (default configuration), to obtain the latest firmware revision and/or configuration automatically from the network. Leveraging DHCP, the device will obtain a temporary IP address and notify NetSight of its status on the network allowing NetSight to provide the specified changes to the device.

### MAC Authentication Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015

Allows the MAC Authentication password to use the configured password or the username as password.

### IPv6 DHCP Server Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015

DHCPv6 server support has been added. The DHCPv6 server can be used to configure DHCPv6 clients with IPv6 addresses, IP prefixes and other configuration required to operate in an IPv6 network.

# Power over Ethernet LLDP advertisement update Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015

IEEE amendment 802.3at-2009 update to "power via MDI" TLV is supported. This update includes three new fields: type/source/priority, PD requested power and PSE allocated power.

# **OSPF Reference Bandwidth Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015**

Enhancement to support configuring OSPF reference bandwidth, allowing for more granular auto-costing of OSPF links.

### OSPF RFC 4577 Support Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015

Enhancement to allow OSPF to be used as the routing protocol between provider edge and customer edge devices when deployed in a BGP/MPLS L3VPN environment.

### Neighbor Discovery Enhancement Feature Enhancement in 8.11.01.0015

Enhancement to detect and display configuration mismatches, duplex mode and speed settings, between endpoints using the various neighbor discovery methods.

#### Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

#### **HW Feature Enhancements in 8.01.01.0012**

This image supports the hybrid TripleSpeed PoE/SFP+ option module part number;

**SOTK2268-0212**, S-Series Option Module (Type2) - 10 Ports 10/100/1000BASE-T via RJ45 with PoE and 2 ports 10GBASE-X via SFP+ (Compatible with Type2 option slots)

Support has been added for an 80Km SFP+ transceiver;

10GB-ZR-SFPP - 10 Gb, 10GBASE-ZR, SM, 1550 nm, 80 Km, LC SFP+

Support has been added for 100Mb copper SFP transceiver;

MGBIC-100BT - 100 Mb, 100BASE-T Copper twisted pair, 100 m, RJ45 SFP

### IP Service Level Agreements Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

This feature (IPSLA) adds the ability to perform scheduled packet timing statistics gathering and analysis at the IP layer. This feature also adds round trip time measurements for network paths on a per hop basis.

### Tracked Objects Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

Enhancement to existing feature to allow monitoring and actions on local physical interfaces. This feature also adds the ability to provide packet timing measurements for use with IPSLA feature.

### L3VPN over GRE Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

This feature adds support for creating L3VPNs transparently over an IP core network using GRE or IP tunnels. With this feature core network routers do not need to be VRF aware or carry knowledge of the specific routes.

### User Tracking and Control Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

Additional features for tracking and control of user sessions. These features are leveraged by the Anti-Spoofing Suite.

**Auto-Tracking** – This feature tracks non-authenticated sessions to allow for visibility and policy control. Non-authenticated sessions were previously not tracked in the session table.

**Quarantine agent** – This feature provides the ability to provision sessions based on both their policy profile and the type of traffic they are sending. Policy rules will allow for a quarantine action which will allow for a quarantine policy profile to be defined that can trigger when traffic matches the traffic filter specification in the rule. The Anti-Spoofing suite will leverage this feature.

### Anti-Spoofing Suite Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

A set of features to provide secure IP spoofing detection and prevention to the network dynamically through the use of a source MAC/IP binding table.

**DHCP Snooping** – tracks DHCP messaging and builds a binding table to enforce DHCP client/server access from specific locations in the network.

**Dynamic Arp Inspection**- utilizes the MAC to IP binding table to ensure that ARP packets have the proper MAC to IP binding

**IP source guard** –utilizes the MAC to IP binding table to limit/enforce a user's specific MAC and IP address access to the network.

### **DHCP Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012**

**Relay Option 82** – The DHCP relay option 82 feature has been enhanced to allow circuit-ID (VLAN-ID) and Remote-ID (Chassis MAC) fields to be populated by default when relaying DHCP packets. Each of these fields can be manually overwritten with ASCII text.

Lease Capacity enhancement - The DHCP server lease capacity has been increased from 1,024 to 5,000.

#### Port Mirror Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

**Sampled Port Mirror** – This feature adds the ability to allow a specific flow to have a specified number of packets mirrored. The first "N" packets and only first N packets are mirrored.

**Remote Port Mirror** – The feature provides the ability to send port mirror traffic to a remote destination across the IP network. Traffic is encapsulated in a L2 GRE tunnel and can be routed across the network.

# Network Address Translation Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

**NAT Cone with hair pinning support** – Enhancement to existing NAT functionality to allow connections to be initiated from external devices once the internal device has primed the NAT engine with an internal/external binding. With hair pinning, multiple devices on the internal network will not be routed externally regardless of the fact they may only have knowledge of external IP addresses. When NAT is in use, traffic like XBOX live requires the use of this feature.

**Network Address Translation** – Feature enhancement to support network address translation (NAT) for IPv6 to IPv6 addresses.

**Load Sharing NAT** – Feature enhancement to support load sharing network address translation (LSNAT) for IPv4 to IPv6, IPv6 to IPv4 as well as IPv6 to IPv6 addresses.

**Transparent Web Cache Balancing (TWCB)** – Feature enhancement to support Transparent Web Cache Balancing for IPv6 clients to IPv6 destination addresses.

**Proxy-Web** – This feature is an enhancement to TWCB that leverages NAT functionality so that web cache servers do not need to be local to the router performing TWCB. Web cache servers can be distributed throughout the network if desired. This feature enhancement is applicable to both IP4 and IPv6 implementations of TWCB. In addition the feature allows for a proxy environment without the need to configure user end stations.

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

#### Multicast Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

**PIM Graceful** –This feature allows PIM sparse mode to continue to forward existing multicast streams during a graceful restart. This feature will also allow updates to occur during the restart but will not forward new streams until after the restart is complete.

**PIM Multipath** - This feature provides the ability to define the mechanism by which PIM chooses the next-hop for choosing the "reverse path" to a source. The user can optionally choose to use the highest next-hop, or use a SourceIP hash to choose a next-hop based on a hash of the source IP address. The feature allows PIM multicast load sharing over ECMP paths, as well as the ability to have a single deterministic next-hop for ECMP paths.

**Multicast domains** – This feature allows a PIM router to be a Border Router, as well as support MSDP (Multicast Source Discovery Protocol). MSDP interconnects multiple PIM sparse mode domains enabling PIM-SM to have Rendezvous Point (RP) redundancy where multicast sources can be known across domains allowing for inter-domain multicasting.

**Multi-topology Multicast** -This feature provides the ability to create a separate topology for use by PIM in routing multicast traffic. Routing protocols BGP, OSPF, OSPFv3 and IS-IS may be configured to support this separate multicast topology in an effort to contain multicast to a subset of the Enterprise.

**IGMP input filters** -This feature allows the user to configure input filters for a range of incoming multicast packets. The input filters provide the ability to define actions to allow, drop, or flood the protocol packets as well as the flow.

# VLAN Provider Bridging (Q-in-Q) Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

This feature adds support for adding a second VLAN tag (S-tag) for transport of multiple customer VLANs across a common service provider infrastructure. The addition of the S-tag allows customer VLANs to be transported intact transparently across a layer 2 infrastructure.

# MVRP - IEEE 802.1ak Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol (MVRP) is the standardized replacement protocol for GVRP (GARP VLAN Registration Protocol), used to dynamically configure and distribute VLAN membership information throughout a network.

### CFM - IEEE 802.1Q-2011 Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) provides network operators a way to effectively monitor and troubleshoot services that may span single or multiple domain Ethernet networks. CFM supports mechanisms and diagnostics to insure devices along the path are configured properly, validate reachability and pinpoint connectivity loss.

# Unidirectional Link Detection Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

This feature provides the ability to detect a single direction link where the ability to pass traffic over the link is not functioning in one direction. The feature also enables the ability to take a port out of service when a unidirectional link is detected through the use of Link Layer OAM.

# Host Denial of Service ARP/ND Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

This enhancement, as part of the Host DOS feature, protects the CPU from receiving excessive Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) or Neighbor Discovery (ND) packets from the same host.

Page: 106 of 121

# IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

Support for RFC 4191 and 6106 have been added to this release. RFC 4191 provides default router preferences and specific route priority information to IPv6 hosts through router advertisements via neighbor discovery. RFC 6106 provides options for distributing DNS server and suffix information to IPv6 hosts through router advertisements via neighbor discovery.

# IPv6 Route table Capacity Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

The IPv6 route table capacity has been increased to 50,000 routes for the S155 module class.

#### SSH Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

SSH CLI now supports configuration of keep alive count and interval. This may be used to reduce liklihood that ssh clients like 'putty' will cause a disconnect when they fail to maintain keep alive protocol. (Due to a bug in putty this protocol is not run while holding the putty scroll bar down or accessing the putty configuration screens.)

#### LSNAT Feature Enhancements in 8.02.01.0012

'show running slb' now displays additional information.

#### Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012

ARP Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
When sending an ARP request to an interface address that exists on an interface other than the interface that received the ARP (proxy ARP), the MAC address of the interface that contains the destination IP address will be used in the ARP response instead of the MAC address of the interface that received the ARP request.  For example:  If interface vlan.0.11 contains IP address 11.0.0.1/8 AND interface vlan.0.12 contains IP address 12.0.0.1/8 AND proxy ARP is enabled on interface vlan.0.11 AND interface vlan.0.11 receives an ARP request for IP address 12.0.0.1 THEN the ARP response will contain the MAC address of vlan.0.12 instead of vlan.0.11	7.00.01

BGP Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
System may log a "BGP SMS assert in qbmlpar3.c" message and reset.	7.00.01

Config Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
Configs not cleared when moving modules to new chassis in the same slots.	7.60.01

Hardware Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
Faulty I2C device may cause I2C access failures to other devices in the system.	7.00.01

HOSDOS Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
Default rate settings for hostDos threats icmpFlood and synFlood may disrupt protocol operation and/or further configuration of the device.	7.20.01

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01 Subject to Change Without Notice Page: 107 of 121

LLDP Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
The SNMP MIB IIdpStatsRxPortAgeoutsTotal does not return the correct value.	5.42.xx

MTU Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
IP interfaces can exist with a Max Transit Unit (MTU) set to 0.	Unknown

NAT Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
An "ICMP Port Unreachable" message being NATted to an overloaded List rule will no longer	
generate a log "Failed to allocate ip address (Global IP addresses exhausted for pool)	6.12.08
reported x times" but will be silently discarded.	

OSPF Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
FIB may not be properly populated if routers with route entries pointing to loopback interfaces advertised by adjacent neighbors and virtual-link are being used, or the router across the virtual-link injects quite a few type-5 LSAs.	7.20.01
OSPF will reset and log a "SMS assert in qodmnssa.c" when user adds and all zeros NSSA route	7.00.01
When gracefully restarting a Designated Router, OSPF may not send hellos with itself as the DR.	8.01.01
A blade may reset repeatedly logging a DSI exception for thread tDSsync5.	8.01.01

Platform Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
Some types of failures in memory systems used by Switching ASICS lead to resets of chassis rather than shutdown of the line card that the Switching ASIC is on.	7.40.00
SSA may report multiple fan insert/removal messages when a single insert or removal occurs.	UNTARGETED
System may reset with Stats DMA error message. System should not reset when this condition occurs.	7.80.01

Policy Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
Some policy configuration may be missing after a reboot.	7.00.01

SNMP Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
S-Series returns no interface speed value for vtap interface.	1.07.19

STP Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
Reset could occur when (1) changing spantree operational mode between "ieee" and "none" or (2) when spantree version is "stpcombatible" and entering or leaving a topology	7.00.01
change condition.	

SYSLOG Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
Messages sent to syslog servers could contain unprintable control characters in the middle of the messages.	7.11.01

VLAN Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
A VLAN interface based mirror will continue to mirror traffic after the VLAN interface is	1.07.19
removed from the config with the clear command.	1.07.19

VRF Problems Corrected in 8.02.01.0012	Introduced in Version:
When doing a fail over, then a show running config, some limit commands will show up	7.70.01
even though they were not set.	7.70.01

#### KNOWN RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATION:

It is not possible to mix \$130/\$150/\$155 fabrics and the \$180 fabric class in the same chassis.

S140 and S180 class modules require the use of S180 class fabrics when used in the S4/S6 and S8 chassis. S150/S130 class I/O can be used with any fabrics class.

MPLS/LPD/L3VPNs will not function over an IPv6 core. This will be added in a later release.

When upgrading to 8.11.05, it is possible that some IPv6 interface configuration will be lost. This has been observed in bonded systems when doing a HAU upgrade.

When using VSB the number of configured bonding ports should be limited to no more than 16 on each physical chassis. Exceeding this limit may result in delays processing bond port link events.

When using VSB several features are resized or restricted:

LAG capacities are reduce to 189 for chassis, 61 for SSAs,

IP tunnels including VXLAN and GRE Tunnels are not supported, (Remote port mirrors are supported) Port Mirroring support for 5 mirrors,

- IDS mirror is not supported
- Frames can be the subject of one mirror only
- The 10GB-ER-SFPP (10 Gb, 10GBASE-ER, IEEE 802.3 SM, 1550 nm Long Wave Length, 40 Km, LC SFP+) is not supported as a VSB chassis interconnect.

Systems with the NAT/LSNAT/etc family of features enabled should not populate slot 16 in a VSB chassis.

The S1-Chassis requires the SSA-AC-PS-1000W power supplies. (The SSA-AC-PS-625W must not be used in the S1-Chassis.) The Fabrics/Option Modules and optics along with the Fans can exceed the power available in the 625W supply during the startup and when the fans operate at full speed.

The "script" command should not be used. Its use will result in memory corruption and reset or other undesired behavior.

When an SFP (1G) module is inserted or removed from an SFP+ (10G capable) port, all ports on the associated MAC chip are reset. This results in a momentary loss of link and traffic on affected ports and forces topology protocols to process a link bounce. On SSA all 10G ports are in the same group. All ports on a 10G Option Module are grouped together. For S blades shipping with factory configured ports the groups are: tg.x.1-4, tg.x.5-8, tg.x.9-12, tg.x.13-16.

MGBIC-100BT doesn't support automatic detection of MDIX (Medium Dependent Interface Crossover) or Auto-negotiation.

The S130 Class of blades supports Jumbo Frames on a maximum of 12 ports simultaneously. These ports can be any combination of the fixed 48 ports found on the module.

Route-map (PBR) counters may not display correctly, causing them to appear as though the counts are not changing.

Any problems other than those listed above should be reported to our Technical Support Staff.

## **IEFT STANDRDS SUPPORT:**

RFC No.	Title	
RFC0147	Definition of a socket	
RFC0768	UDP	
RFC0781	Specification of (IP) timestamp option	
RFC0783	TFTP	
RFC0791	Internet Protocol	
RFC0792	ICMP	
RFC0793	TCP	
RFC0826	ARP	
RFC0854	Telnet	
RFC0894	Transmission of IP over Ethernet Networks	
RFC0919	Broadcasting Internet Datagrams	
RFC0922	Broadcasting IP datagrams over subnets	
RFC0925	Multi-LAN Address Resolution	
RFC0950	Internet Standard Subnetting Procedure	
RFC0951	BOOTP	
RFC0959	File Transfer Protocol	
RFC1027	Proxy ARP	
RFC1034	Domain Names - Concepts and Facilities	
RFC1035	Domain Names - Implementation and Specification	
RFC1071	Computing the Internet checksum	
RFC1112	Host extensions for IP multicasting	
RFC1122	Requirements for IP Hosts - Comm Layers	
RFC1123	Requirements for IP Hosts - Application and Support	
RFC1157	Simple Network Management Protocol	
RFC1191	Path MTU discovery	
RFC1195	Use of OSI IS-IS for Routing in TCP/IP	
RFC1213	MIB-II	
RFC1245	OSPF Protocol Analysis	
RFC1246	Experience with the OSPF Protocol	
RFC1265	BGP Protocol Analysis	
RFC1266	Experience with the BGP Protocol	
RFC1323	TCP Extensions for High Performance	
RFC1349	Type of Service in the Internet Protocol Suite	
RFC1350	TFTP	
RFC1387	RIPv2 Protocol Analysis	
RFC1388	RIPv2 Carrying Additional Information	
RFC1389	RIPv2 MIB Extension	
RFC1492	TACAS+	
RFC1493	BRIDGE- MIB	
RFC1517	Implementation of CIDR	
RFC1518	CIDR Architecture	
RFC1519	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)	

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

RFC No.	Title		
RFC1542	BootP: Clarifications and Extensions		
RFC1624	IP Checksum via Incremental Update		
RFC1657	Managed Objects for BGP-4 using SMIv2		
RFC1659	RS-232-MIB		
RFC1721	RIPv2 Protocol Analysis		
RFC1722	RIPv2 Protocol Applicability Statement		
RFC1723	RIPv2 with Equal Cost Multipath Load Balancing		
RFC1724	RIPv2 MIB Extension		
RFC1771	A Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)		
RFC1772	Application of BGP in the Internet		
RFC1773	Experience with the BGP-4 protocol		
RFC1774	BGP-4 Protocol Analysis		
RFC1812	General Routing		
RFC1850	OSPFv2 MIB		
RFC1853	IP in IP Tunneling		
RFC1886	DNS Extensions to support IP version 6		
RFC1924	A Compact Representation of IPv6 Addresses		
RFC1930	Guidelines for creation, selection, and registration of an Autonomous System (AS)		
RFC1966	BGP Route Reflection		
RFC1981	Path MTU Discovery for IPv6		
RFC1997	BGP Communities Attribute		
RFC1998	BGP Community Attribute in Multi-home Routing		
RFC2001	TCP Slow Start		
RFC2003	IP in IP Tunneling		
RFC2012	TCP-MIB		
RFC2013	UDP-MIB		
RFC2018	TCP Selective Acknowledgment Options		
RFC2030	SNTP		
RFC2080	RIPng (IPv6 extensions)		
RFC2082	RIP-II MD5 Authentication		
RFC2096	IP Forwarding Table MIB		
RFC2104	HMAC		
RFC2113	IP Router Alert Option		
RFC2117	PIM -SM Protocol Specification		
RFC2131	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol		
RFC2132	DHCP Options and BOOTP Vendor Extensions		
RFC2233	The Interfaces Group MIB using SMIv2		
RFC2236	Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 2		
RFC2260	Support for Multi-homed Multi-prov		
RFC2270	Dedicated AS for Sites Homed to one Provider		
RFC2328	OSPFv2		
RFC2329	OSPF Standardization Report		
RFC2338	VRRP		
RFC2362	PIM-SM Protocol Specification		
RFC2370	The OSPF Opaque LSA Option		
RFC2373	RFC 2373 Address notation compression		
RFC2374	IPv6 Aggregatable Global Unicast Address Format		
RFC2375	IPv6 Multicast Address Assignments		

RFC No.	Title		
RFC2385	BGP TCP MD5 Signature Option		
RFC2391	LSNAT		
RFC2401	Security Architecture for the Internet Protocol		
RFC2404	The Use of HMAC-SHA-1-96 within ESP and AH		
RFC2406	IP Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)		
RFC2407	The Internet IP Security Domain of Interpretation for ISAKMP		
RFC2408	Internet Security Association and Key Management Protocol (ISAKMP)		
RFC2409	The Internet Key Exchange (IKE)		
RFC2428	FTP Extensions for IPv6 and NATs		
RFC2450	Proposed TLA and NLA Assignment Rule		
RFC2453	RIPv2		
RFC2460	IPv6 Specification		
RFC2461	Neighbor Discovery for IPv6		
RFC2462	IPv6 Stateless Address Autoconfiguration		
RFC2463	ICMPv6		
RFC2464	Transmission of IPv6 over Ethernet		
RFC2473	Generic Packet Tunneling in IPv6 Specification		
RFC2474	Definition of DS Field in the IPv4/v6 Headers		
RFC2475	An Architecture for Differentiated Service		
RFC2519	A Framework for Inter-Domain Route Aggregation		
RFC2545	BGP Multiprotocol Extensions for IPv6		
RFC2547	BGP/MPLS VPNs		
RFC2548	Microsoft Vendor-specific RADIUS Attributes		
RFC2553	BasiCSocket Interface Extensions for IPv6		
RFC2577	FTP Security Considerations		
RFC2578	SNMPv2-SMI		
RFC2579	SNMPv2-TC		
RFC2581	TCP Congestion Control		
RFC2597	Assured Forwarding PHB Group		
RFC2613	SMON-MIB		
RFC2663	NAT & PAT (NAPT)		
RFC2674	P/Q-BRIDGE- MIB		
RFC2685	Virtual Private Networks Identifier		
RFC2697	A Single Rate Three Color Marker		
RFC2710	Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6		
RFC2711	IPv6 Router Alert Option		
RFC2715	Interop Rules for MCAST Routing Protocols		
RFC2740	OSPF for IPv6		
RFC2763	Dynamic Hostname Exchange Mechanism for IS-IS		
RFC2784	GRE		
RFC2787	VRRP MIB		
RFC2796	BGP Route Reflection		
RFC2819	RMON MIB		
RFC2827	Network Ingress Filtering		
RFC2858	Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP-4		
RFC2863	IF-MIB		
RFC2864	IF-INVERTED-STACK-MIB		
RFC2865	RADIUS Authentication		
RFC2866	RADIUS Accounting		

Page: 112 of 121

RFC2899 RADIUS Extensions RFC2893 Transition Mechanisms for IPv6 Hosts and Routers RFC2894 RFC 2894 Router Renumbering RFC2918 RC2918 Router Renumbering RFC2918 RC2918 Router Renumbering RFC2922 PT0P0-Milb RFC2932 PT0P0-Milb RFC2933 PIM Milb for IPv4 RFC2960 Prefix Distribution with Two-Level IS-IS RFC2973 IS-IS Mesh Groups RFC2991 Multipath Issues in Ucast & Most Next-Hop RFC3005 Connection of IPv6 Domains via IPv4 Clouds RFC3005 Autonomous System Confederations for BGP RFC3006 VLAN Aggregation for Efficient IP Address Allocation RFC3101 The OSP Not-So-Sububy Area (NSA) Option RFC3102 Carrying Label information in BGP-4 RFC3137 OSPF Stub Router Advertisement RFC3105 RADIUS and IPv6 RFC3291 INFT-ADDRESS-Milb RFC3291 INFT-ADDRESS-Milb RFC3291 INFT-ADDRESS-Milb RFC33291 MPLS Label Stack Encoding RFC3333 MPLS Label Stack Encoding RFC3337 Three-Way Handshake for IS-IS RFC3359 IT-V Codepoints in IS-IS RFC3359 Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3317 MRSA MILB Advertisement With BGP-4 RFC3318 SMMP-PADHIST Internet Forup Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3319 SMMP Applications RFC3341 SMMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3319 SMMP Applications RFC3311 SMMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for SMMP RFC3413 SMMP Applications RFC3413 SMMP Applications RFC3414 SMMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3413 SMMP Applications RFC3414 SMMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3413 SMMP Applications RFC3414 SMMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3413 SMMP Applications RFC3414 SMMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3413 SMMP Applications RFC3414 SMMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3415 SMMP Applications RFC3416 SMMP Applications RFC3417 SMMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3418 SMMP Applications RFC3418 SMMP Applications RFC3419 SMMP Applications RFC3419 SMMP Applications RFC3419 SMMP Applications RFC3419 SMMP Applications SMMP Applications RFC3419 SMMP Applications of OSPF ABRS RFC3419 SMMP Applications of OS	RFC No.	Title	
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RFC3213 HC-RMON-MIB RFC3315 DHCPv6 RFC3315 DHCPv6 RFC3301 Multiprotocol Label Switching Architecture RFC3032 MPLS Label Stack Encoding RFC3345 BGP Persistent Route Oscillation RFC3359 TLV Codepoints in IS-IS RFC3376 Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3376 Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4 RFC3411 SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-Applications RFC3413 SNMP-Applications RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-RROXY-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-RASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-TARGET-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-VEW-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3416 SNMP-VEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2-TM RFC3419 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC 3512 IPv6 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3137	OSPF Stub Router Advertisement	
RFC391 INET-ADDRESS-MIB RFC3315 DHCPv6 RFC3031 Multiprotocol Label Switching Architecture RFC3032 MPLS Label Stack Encoding RFC3345 BGP Persistent Route Oscillation RFC3359 TLV Codepoints in IS-IS RFC3373 Three-Way Handshake for IS-IS RFC3376 Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3376 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4 RFC3411 SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for SNMP RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-TARGET-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-TARGET-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-TARGET-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3416 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3418 SNMPV2-TIM RFC3418 SNMPV2-TIM RFC3419 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3503 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3162	RADIUS and IPv6	
RFC3315 DHCPv6 RFC3031 Multiprotocol Label Switching Architecture RFC3032 MPLS Label Stack Encoding RFC3345 BGP Persistent Route Oscillation RFC3359 TLV Codepoints in IS-IS RFC3373 Three-Way Handshake for IS-IS RFC3376 Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4 RFC3411 SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for SNMP RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-TARGET-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3416 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2 MIB RFC3446 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRs RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3273	HC-RMON-MIB	
RFC3031 Multiprotocol Label Switching Architecture RFC3032 MPLS Label Stack Encoding RFC3345 BGP Persistent Route Oscillation RFC3359 TLV Codepoints in IS-IS RFC3373 Three-Way Handshake for IS-IS RFC3376 Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4 RFC3411 SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for SNMP RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-ROXY-MIB RFC3414 SMMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3416 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPV2-TIM RFC3418 SNMPV-Z IMIB RFC3418 SNMPV2-TIM SPC3418 SNMPV-Z IMIB RFC3419 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3291	INET-ADDRESS-MIB	
RFC3345 BGP Persistent Route Oscillation RFC3359 TLV Codepoints in IS-IS RFC3373 Three-Way Handshake for IS-IS RFC3376 Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3376 Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4 RFC3411 SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for SNMP RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3416 SNMP-USER-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2-TM RFC3419 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3494 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3315	DHCPv6	
RFC3345 BGP Persistent Route Oscillation RFC3359 TLV Codepoints in IS-IS RFC3373 Three-Way Handshake for IS-IS RFC3376 Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4 RFC3411 SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for SNMP RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-TARGET-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-TARGET-MIB RFC3416 SNMP-UEW-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPV-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3418 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2-TM RFC3440 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3440 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3031	Multiprotocol Label Switching Architecture	
RFC3373 Three-Way Handshake for IS-IS RFC3373 Three-Way Handshake for IS-IS RFC3376 Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4 RFC3411 SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for SNMP RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP Applications RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-PSER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3416 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2 MIB RFC3440 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3440 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRs RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3032	MPLS Label Stack Encoding	
RFC3373 Three-Way Handshake for IS-IS RFC3376 Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4 RFC3411 SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for SNMP RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP Applications RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3416 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2 MIB RFC3418 SNMPV2 MIB RFC3419 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3345	BGP Persistent Route Oscillation	
RFC3376 Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3 RFC3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4 RFC3411 SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for SNMP RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-ESER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3416 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3418 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV	RFC3359	TLV Codepoints in IS-IS	
RFC3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4 RFC3411 SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for SNMP RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP Applications RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-TARGET-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3416 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPv2-TM RFC3418 SNMPv2 MIB RFC3418 SNMPv2 MIB RFC3419 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3373	Three-Way Handshake for IS-IS	
RFC3411 SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks RFC3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for SNMP RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP Applications RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-ROXY-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-ROXY-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-TARGET-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3416 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2 MIB RFC3446 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRs RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3376	Internet Group Management Protocol, Version 3	
RFC3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for SNMP RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB RFC3413 SNMP Applications RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMPV2-TM RFC3416 SNMPV2-TM RFC3417 SNMPV2-TM RFC3418 SNMPV2 MIB RFC3418 SNMPV2 MIB RFC3440 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRs RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3392	Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4	
RFC3412 SNMP-MPD-MIB  RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB  RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB  RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB  RFC3414 SNMP-TARGET-MIB  RFC3415 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB  RFC3415 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB  RFC3417 SNMPv2-TM  RFC3418 SNMPv2 MIB  RFC3418 SNMPv2 MIB  RFC3446 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP  RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6  RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6  RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRs  RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture  RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt  RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3411	SNMP Architecture for Management Frameworks	
RFC3413 SNMP Applications  RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB  RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB  RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB  RFC3413 SNMP-TARGET-MIB  RFC3414 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB  RFC3415 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB  RFC3417 SNMPv2-TM  RFC3418 SNMPv2 MIB  RFC3446 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP  RFC3446 Anycast RP mechanism of IPv6  RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6  RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS  RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture  RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6  RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt  RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3412	Message Processing and Dispatching for SNMP	
RFC3413 SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-PROXY-MIB RFC3413 SNMP-TARGET-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPv2-TM RFC3418 SNMPv2 MIB RFC3446 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3412	SNMP-MPD-MIB	
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RFC3413 SNMP-TARGET-MIB RFC3414 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPv2-TM RFC3418 SNMPv2 MIB RFC3446 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRs RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3413	SNMP-NOTIFICATIONS-MIB	
RFC3414 SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB RFC3415 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPv2-TM RFC3418 SNMPv2 MIB RFC3446 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3413	SNMP-PROXY-MIB	
RFC3415 SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB RFC3417 SNMPv2-TM RFC3418 SNMPv2 MIB RFC3446 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRs RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3413	SNMP-TARGET-MIB	
RFC3417 SNMPv2-TM RFC3418 SNMPv2 MIB RFC3446 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRs RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3414	SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB	
RFC3418 SNMPv2 MIB RFC3446 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3415	SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB	
RFC3446 Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3417	SNMPv2-TM	
RFC3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRs RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3418	SNMPv2 MIB	
RFC3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6 RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3446	Anycast RP mechanism using PIM and MSDP	
RFC3509 Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRS RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3484		
RFC3513 RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3493	Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6	
RFC3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3509	Alternative Implementations of OSPF ABRs	
RFC3562 Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3513	_	
RFC3567 IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	RFC3542	Advanced Sockets API for IPv6	
	RFC3562	Key Mgt Considerations for TCP MD5 Signature Opt	
RFC3579 RADIUS Support For Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)	RFC3567	IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	
	RFC3579	RADIUS Support For Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)	

RFC No.	Title		
RFC3584	SNMP-COMMUNITY-MIB		
RFC3587	IPv6 Global Unicast Address Format		
RFC3590	RFC 3590 MLD Multicast Listener Discovery		
RFC3595	Textual Conventions for IPv6 Flow Label		
RFC3596	DNS Extensions to Support IP Version 6		
RFC3618	Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)		
RFC3621	POWER-ETHERNET-MIB		
RFC3623	Graceful OSPF Restart		
RFC3630	Traffic Engineering (TE) Extensions to OSPFv2		
RFC3635	ETHERLIKE-MIB		
RFC3678	Socket Interface Ext for Mcast Source Filters		
RFC3704	Network Ingress Filtering		
RFC3719	Recommendations for Interop Networks using IS-IS		
RFC3768	VRRP		
RFC3769	Requirements for IPv6 Prefix Delegation		
RFC3787	Recommendations for Interop IS-IS IP Networks		
RFC3809	Requirements for Provider Provisioned VPNs		
RFC3810	MLDv2 for IPv6		
RFC3847	Restart signalling for IS-IS		
RFC3879	Deprecating Site Local Addresses		
RFC3956	Embedding the RP Address in IPv6 MCAST Address		
RFC4007	IPv6 Scoped Address Architecture		
RFC4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)		
RFC4023	Encapsulation of MPLS in IP or GRE		
RFC4026	Provider Provisioned VPN Terminology		
RFC4087	IP Tunnel MIB		
RFC4109	Algorithms for IKEv1		
RFC4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)		
RFC4133	ENTITY MIB		
RFC4167	Graceful OSPF Restart Implementation Report		
RFC4188	Bridge MIB		
RFC4191	Default Router Prefs and More-Specific Routes		
RFC4193	Unique Local IPv6 Unicast Addresses		
RFC4213	Basic Transition Mechanisms for IPv6		
RFC4222	Prioritized Treatment of OSPFv2 Packets		
RFC 4250	The Secure Shell (SSH) Protocol Assigned Numbers		
RFC 4251	The Secure Shell (SSH) Protocol Architecture		
RFC 4252	The Secure Shell (SSH) Authentication Protocol		
RFC 4253	The Secure Shell (SSH) Transport Layer Protocol (no support diffie-hellman-group14-sha1)		
RFC 4254	The Secure Shell (SSH) Connection Protocol		
RFC 4256	Generic Message Exchange Authentication for the Secure Shell Protocol (SSH)		
RFC4264	BGP Wedgies		
RFC4265	Definition of Textual Conventions for VPN Mgt		
RFC4268	ENTITY-STATE-MIB		
RFC4268	ENTITY-STATE-TC-MIB		
RFC4271	A Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)		
RFC4272	BGP Security Vulnerabilities Analysis		
RFC4273	Managed Objects for BGP-4 using SMIv2		
	BGP-4 Protocol Analysis		

RFC No.	Title		
RFC4275	BGP-4 MIB Implementation Survey		
RFC4276	BGP-4 Implementation Report		
RFC4277	Experience with the BGP-4 protocol		
RFC4291	IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture		
RFC4292	IP Forwarding MIB		
RFC4293	MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)		
RFC4294	IPv6 Node Requirements		
RFC4295	Mobile IP Management MIB		
RFC4301	Security Architecture for IP		
RFC4302	IP Authentication Header		
RFC4303	IP Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)		
RFC4305	Crypto Algorithm Requirements for ESP and AH		
RFC4306	Internet Key Exchange (IKEv2) Protocol		
RFC4307	Cryptographic Algorithms for Use in IKEv2		
RFC4308	Cryptographic Suites for IPSec		
RFC4360	BGP Extended Communities Attribute		
RFC4364	BGP/MPLS IP Virtual Private Networks (VPNs)		
RFC4365	Applicability Statement for BGP/MPLS IP VPNs		
RFC4382	MPLS/BGP L3VPN MIB		
RFC4384	BGP Communities for Data Collection		
RFC 4419	Diffie-Hellman Group Exchange for the Secure Shell (SSH) Transport Layer Protocol		
	(No support diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256)		
RFC4443	ICMPv6 for IPv6		
RFC4444	MIB for IS-IS		
RFC4451	BGP MULTI_EXIT_DISC (MED) Considerations		
RFC4456	BGP Route Reflection		
RFC4486	Subcodes for BGP Cease Notification Message		
RFC4541	IGMP Snooping		
RFC4541	MLD Snooping		
RFC4552	Authentication/Confidentiality for OSPFv3		
RFC4560	DISMAN-PING-MIB		
RFC4560	DISMAN-TRACEROUTE-MIB		
RFC4560	DISMAN-NSLOOKUP-MIB		
RFC4577	OSPF as PE/CE Protocol for BGP L3 VPNs		
RFC4601	PIM-SM		
RFC4602	PIM-SM IETF Proposed Std Req Analysis		
RFC4604	IGMPv3 & MLDv2 & Source-Specific Multicast		
RFC4607	Source-Specific Multicast for IP		
RFC4608	PIMSSM in 232/8		
RFC4610	Anycast-RP Using PIM		
RFC4611	MSDPDeployment Scenarios		
RFC4624	MSDP MIB		
RFC4632	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)		
RFC4659	BGP-MPLS IP VPN Extension for IPv6 VPN		
RFC4668	RADIUS Client MIB		
RFC4670	RADIUS Accounting MIB		
RFC4673	RADIUS Dynamic Authorization Server MIB  The Secure Shall (SSII) Public Key File Format		
RFC 4716	The Secure Shell (SSH) Public Key File Format		
RFC4724	Graceful Restart Mechanism for BGP		

Page: 115 of 121

RFC No.	Title	
RFC4750	OSPFv2 MIB	
RFC4760	Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP-4	
RFC4835	CryptoAlgorithm Requirements for ESP and AH	
RFC4836	MAU-MIB	
RFC4836	IANA-MAU-MIB	
RFC4861	Neighbor Discovery for IPv6	
RFC4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Autoconfiguration	
RFC4878	OAM Functions on Ethernet-Like Interfaces	
RFC4878	DOT3-OAM-MIB	
RFC4884	RFC 4884 Extended ICMP Multi-Part Messages	
RFC4893	BGP Support for Four-octet AS Number Space	
RFC4940	IANA Considerations for OSPF	
RFC5036	LDP Specification	
RFC5059	Bootstrap Router (BSR) Mechanism for (PIM)	
RFC5060	PIM MIB	
RFC5065	Autonomous System Confederations for BGP	
RFC5095	Deprecation of Type 0 Routing Headers in IPv6	
RFC5132	IP Multicast MIB	
RFC5176	Dynamic Authorization Extension to RADIUS	
RFC5186	IGMPv3/MLDv2/MCAST Routing Protocol Interaction	
RFC5187	OSPFv3 Graceful Restart	
RFC5240	PIM Bootstrap Router MIB	
RFC5250	The OSPF Opaque LSA Option	
RFC5291	Outbound Route Filtering Capability for BGP-4	
RFC5292	Address-Prefix-Outbound Route Filter for BGP-4	
RFC5294	Host Threats to PIM	
RFC5301	Dynamic Hostname Exchange Mechanism for IS-IS	
RFC5302	Domain-wide Prefix Distribution with IS-IS	
RFC5303	3Way Handshake for IS-IS P2P Adjacencies	
RFC5304	IS-IS Cryptographic Authentication	
RFC5305	IS-IS extensions for Traffic Engineering	
RFC5306	Restart Signaling for IS-IS	
RFC5308	Routing IPv6 with IS-IS	
RFC5309	P2P operation over LAN in link-state routing	
RFC5310	IS-IS Generic Cryptographic Authentication	
RFC5340	OSPF for IPv6	
RFC5396	Textual Representation AS Numbers	
RFC5398	AS Number Reservation for Documentation Use	
RFC5492	Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4	
RFC5519	MGMD-STD-MIB	
RFC5601	Pseudowire (PW) MIB	
RFC5602	Pseudowire (PW) over MPLS PSN MIB	
RFC5643	OSPFv3 MIB	
RFC5798	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) V3	
RFC6104	Rogue IPv6 RA Problem Statement	
RFC6105	IPv6 Router Advertisement Guard	
RFC6106	IPv6 RA Options for DNS Configuration	
RFC6164	Using 127-Bit IPv6 Prefixes on Inter-Router Links	

RFC No.	Title	
RFC6296	IPv6-to-IPv6 Network Prefix Translation	
RFC6329	IS-IS Extensions Supporting IEEE 802.1aq Shortest Path Bridging	
RFC6549	OSPFv2 Multi-Instance Extensions	
RFC6565	OSPFv3 as PE/CE Protocol for BGP L3 VPNs	
RFC7348	Virtual eXtensible Local Area Network (VXLAN): A Framework for Overlaying Virtualized Layer 2	
	Networks over Layer 3 Networks	
Drafts	draft-ietf-idr-bgp4-mibv2 (Partial Support)	
Drafts	draft-ietf-idr-bgp-identifier	
Drafts	draft-ietf-idr-as-pathlimit	
Drafts	draft-ietf-idr-mrai-dep (Partial Support)	
Drafts	draft-ietf-isis-experimental-tlv (Partial Support)	
Drafts	draft-ietf-isis-ipv6-te (Partial Support)	
Drafts	draft-ietf-ospf-ospfv3-mib	
Drafts	draft-ietf-ospf-te-node-addr	
Drafts	draft-ietf-idmr-dvmrp-v3-11	
Drafts	draft-ietf-vrrp-unified-spec-03.txt	

# **EXTREME NETWORKS PRIVATE ENTERPRISE MIB SUPPORT:**

Title	Title	Title
CT-BROADCAST-MIB	ENTERASYS-JUMBO-ETHERNET-	ENTERASYS-SPANNING-TREE-
C1-BROADCA31-WIIB	FRAME-MIB	DIAGNOSTIC-MIB
CTIF-EXT-MIB	ENTERASYS-LICENSE-KEY-MIB	ENTERASYS-SYSLOG-CLIENT-MIB
CTRON-ALIAS-MIB	ENTERASYS-LICENSE-KEY-OIDS-MIB	ENTERASYS-TACACS-CLIENT-MIB
CTRON-BRIDGE-MIB	ENTERASYS-LINK-FLAP-MIB	ENTERASYS-UPN-TC-MIB
CTRON-CDP-MIB	ENTERASYS-MAC-AUTHENTICATION-	ENTERASYS-VLAN-AUTHORIZATION-
CINON CEL IVIIE	MIB	MIB
CTRON-CHASSIS-MIB	ENTERASYS-MAC-LOCKING-MIB	ENTERASYS-VLAN-INTERFACE-MIB
CTRON-ENVIROMENTAL-MIB	ENTERASYS-MAU-MIB-EXT-MIB	IANA-ADDRESS-FAMILY-NUMBERS- MIB
CTRON-MIB-NAMES	ENTERASYS-MGMT-AUTH- NOTIFICATION-MIB	IEEE8021-PAE-MIB
CTRON-OIDS	ENTERASYS-MGMT-MIB	IEEE8023-LAG-MIB
DVMRP-MIB	ENTERASYS-MIB-NAMES DEFINITIONS	IEEE8021-BRIDGE-MIB
CTRON-Q-BRIDGE-MIB-EXT	ENTERASYS-MIRROR-CONFIG	IEEE8021-CFM-MIB
CISCO-CDP-MIB	ENTERASYS-MSTP-MIB	IEEE8021-CFM-V2-MIB
CISCO-NETFLOW-MIB	ENTERASYS-MULTI-AUTH-MIB	IEEE8021-MSTP-MIB
CISCO-TC	ENTERASYS-MULTI-TOPOLOGY- ROUTING-MIB	IEEE8021-Q-BRIDGE-MIB
ENTERASYS-FLOW-LIMITING-MIB	ENTERASYS-MULTI-USER-8021X-MIB	IEEE8021-SPANNING-TREE-MIB
ENTERASYS-AAA-POLICY-MIB	ENTERASYS-NETFLOW-MIB (v5 & v9)	IEEE8023-DOT3-LLDP-EXT-V2-MIB
ENTERASYS-CLASS-OF-SERVICE-MIB	ENTERASYS-OIDS-MIB DEFINITIONS	LLDP-MIB
ENTERASYS-CONFIGURATION- MANAGEMENT-MIB	ENTERASYS-OSPF-EXT-MIB	LLDP-EXT-MED-MIB
ENTERASYS-CONVERGENCE-END-POINT-MIB	ENTERASYS-PFC-MIB-EXT-MIB	LLDP-EXT-DOT1-MIB
ENTERASYS-DIAGNOSTIC-MESSAGE- MIB	ENTERASYS-PIM-EXT-MIB	LLDP-EXT-DOT3-MIB
ENTERASYS-DNS-RESOLVER-MIB	ENTERASYS-POLICY-PROFILE-MIB	LLDP-EXT-DOT3-V2-MIB
ENTERASYS-DVMRP-EXT-MIB	ENTERASYS-POWER-ETHERNET-EXT- MIB	LLDP-EXT-DOT3-V2-MIB (IEEE 802.3-2009) ETS Admin table read only

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 117 of 121

Title	Title	Title
	ENTERASYS-PTOPO-MIB-EXT-MIB	RSTP-MIB
ENTERASYS-ETH-OAM-EXT-MIB	ENTERASYS-PWA-MIB	U-BRIDGE-MIB
ENTERASYS-IEEE8021-BRIDGE-MIB- EXT-MIB	ENTERASYS-RESOURCE-UTILIZATION-MIB	USM-TARGET-TAG-MIB
ENTERASYS-IEEE8021-SPANNING- TREE-MIB-EXT-MIB	ENTERASYS-RIPv2-EXT-MIB	ENTERASYS-TWCB-MIB
ENTERASYS-IEEE8023-LAG-MIB-EXT- MIB	ENTERASYS-RMON-EXT-MIB	ENTERASYS-NAT-MIB
ENTERASYS-IETF-BRIDGE-MIB-EXT- MIB	VSB-SHARED-SECRET-MIB	ENTERASYS-LSNAT-MIB
ENTERASYS-IETF-P-BRIDGE-MIB-EXT- MIB	ENTERASYS-SNTP-CLIENT-MIB	ENTERASYS-VRRP-EXT-MIB DEFINITIONS
ENTERASYS-IF-MIB-EXT-MIB	ENTERASYS-RADIUS-ACCT-CLIENT-EXT-MIB	SNMP-RESEARCH-MIB
ENTERASYS-IP-SLA-MIB	ENTERASYS-RADIUS-AUTH-CLIENT- MIB	ENTERASYS-ENTITY-SENSOR-MIB-EXT- MIB

Extreme Networks Private Enterprise MIBs are available in ASN.1 format from the Extreme Networks web site at: <a href="https://www.extremenetworks.com/support/policies/mibs/">www.extremenetworks.com/support/policies/mibs/</a>. Indexed MIB documentation is also available.

## **SNMP TRAP SUPPORT:**

RFC No.	Title
RFC 1493	New Root
	Topology Change
	ospflfStateChange
	ospfVirtIfStateChange
	ospfNbrStateChange
RFC 1850	ospfVirtNbrStateChange
M C 1030	ospflfConfigError
	ospfVirtIfConfigError
	ospfMaxAgeLsa
	ospfOriginateLsa
RFC 1907	Cold Start
	Warm Start
	Authentication Failure
RFC 4133	entConfigChange
RFC 2668	ifMauJabberTrap
RFC 2819	risingAlarm
	fallingAlarm
RFC 2863	linkDown
	linkup
RFC 2922	ptopoConfigChange
RFC 2787	vrrpTrapNewMaster
	vrrpTrapAuthFailure
RFC 3621	pethPsePortOnOffNotification
	pethMainPowerUsageOnNotification
	pethMainPowerUsageOffNotification

03/06/2017 P/N 9038885-01

**Subject to Change Without Notice** 

Page: 118 of 121

RFC No.	Title
RFC4268	entStateOperEnabled
	entStateOperDisabled
Enterasys-mac-locking-mib	etsysMACLockingMACViolation
<del>-</del>	boardOperational
	boardNonOperational
	wgPsInstalled
	wgPsRemoved
	wgPsNormal
Cabletron-Traps.txt	wgPsFail
Cabletton-Traps.txt	wgPsRedundant
	wgPsNotRedundant
	fanFail
	fanNormal
	boardInsertion
	boardRemoval
	etsysPseChassisPowerRedundant
	etsysPseChassisPowerNonRedundant
	etsysPsePowerSupplyModuleStatusChange
Power-ethernet-mib	pethPsePortOnOffNotification pethMainPowerUsageOnNotification
rower-ethernet-mb	pethMainPowerUsageOffNotification
Enterasys-link-flap-mib	etsysLinkFlapViolation
	etsysletfBridgeDot1qFdbNewAddrNotification
	etsysletfBridgeDot1dSpanGuardPortBlocked
Enterasys-ietf-bridge-mib-ext-mib	etsysletfBridgeDot1dBackupRootActivation
	etsysletfBridgeDot1qFdbMovedAddrNotification
	etsysletfBridgeDot1dCistLoopProtectEvent
Enterasys-flow-limiting-mib	etsysFlowLimitingFLowCountActionLimit1
Litterasys-now-minting-mib	etsysFlowLimitingFLowCountActionLImit2
Enterasys-notification-auth-mib	etsysMgmtAuthSuccessNotificiation
Litter asys-notification-auth-mib	etsysMgmtAuthFailNotificiation
	etsysMultiAuthSuccess
Enterasys-multi-auth-mib	etsysMultiAuthFailed
	etsysMultiAuthTerminated
	etsysMultiAuthMaxNumUsersReached
	etsysMultiAuthModuleMaxNumUsersReached
	etsysMultiAuthSystemMaxNumUsersReached
Enterasys-spanning-tree-	etsysMstpLoopProtectEvent
diagnostic-mib	etsysStpDiagCistDisputedBpduThresholdExceeded
	etsysStpDiagMstiDisputedBpduThresholdExceeded
Lldp-mib	IldpNotificationPrefix (IEEE Std 802.1AB-2004)
Lldp-ext-med-mib	IldpXMedTopologyChangeDetected (ANSI/TIA-1057)
Enterasys-class-of-service-mib	etsysCosIrlExceededNotification
Enterasys-policy-profile-mib	etsysPolicyRulePortHitNotification
Enterasys-mstp-mib	etsysMstpLoopProtectEvent
Ctron-environment-mib	chEnvAmbientTemp
Cu on-environment-mib	chEnvAmbientStatus

03/06/2017	P/N S	9038885	-01
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#### **RADIUS ATTRIBUTE SUPPORT:**

This section describes the support of RADIUS attributes on the S-Series modules. RADIUS attributes are defined in RFC 2865 and RFC 3580 (IEEE 802.1X specific).

### **RADIUS AUTHENTICATION AND AUTHORIZATION ATTRIBUTES:**

Attribute	RFC Source
Called-Station-Id	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
Calling-Station-Id	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
Class	RFC 2865
EAP-Message	RFC 3579
Filter-Id	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
Framed-MTU	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
Idle-Timeout	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
Message-Authenticator	RFC 3579
NAS-IP-Address	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
NAS-Port	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
NAS-Port-Id	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
NAS-Port-Type	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
NAS-Identifier	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
Service-Type	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
Session-Timeout	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
State	RFC 2865
Termination-Action	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
User-Name	RFC 2865, RFC 3580
User-Password	RFC 2865

#### **RADIUS ACCOUNTING ATRRIBUTES:**

Attribute	RFC Source
Acct-Authentic	RFC 2866
Acct-Delay-Time	RFC 2866
Acct-Interim-Interval	RFC 2866
Acct-Session-Id	RFC 2866
Acct-Session-Time	RFC 2866
Acct-Status-Type	RFC 2866
Acct-Terminate-Cause	RFC 2866
Calling-Station-ID	RFC 2865

#### **GLOBAL SUPPORT:**

By Phone: +1 800-998-2408 (toll-free in U.S. and Canada)

For the toll-free support number in your country:

www.extremenetworks.com/support/

By Email: <a href="mailto:support@extremenetworks.com">support@extremenetworks.com</a>

By Web: <u>www.extremenetworks.com/support/</u>

By Mail: 6480 Vía Del Oro

San Jose, CA 95119

For information regarding the latest software available, recent release note revisions, or if you require additional assistance, please visit the Extreme Networks Support web site.