

WiNG 5.8.0.0-050R Release Notes

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Overview

WiNG 5.8 is a major software release for the Zebra WLAN portfolio of products delivering a variety of new features and capabilities including: Zebra NSight – a new network visualization engine with rich analytics that makes it easier than ever to manage and troubleshoot your WLAN; Application Visibility and Control (AVC) to give you a complete control over the applications that are running on your WLAN and fine-tune/rate-limit according the business need; a full-featured Guest access solution with self-registration, Social WiFi and large data-store for the user PII; Mobile extension enhancements for better wireless experience for Zebra mobile devices; Centralized EX-3500 switch management through NX.

WiNG 5.8 release will support the following new hardware platforms:

- NX-5500 Services platform for small/mid-sized environment with capacity up to 512 APs.
- NX-5500E WiNG Express Manager for multi-site deployments with capacity up to 512 Express APs.



Notes:

- 1. WiNG 5.8 includes all the features and SPR fixes from WiNG 5.7.2
- 2. WiNG 5.8 includes NX 9600 platform support that was originally released with WiNG 5.5.6
- 3. ADSP Interoperability: WiNG 5.8 has been tested against ADSP 9.1.2a6
- 4. Unified Mode (running ADSP VM on the NX-95XX along with WiNG) will no longer be supported starting with 5.8

1. Platforms Supported

WiNG 5.8 supports the following platforms with the corresponding firmware images. Note: Virtual Machine capability is supported on NX 45XX, NX 65XX and NX 95XX controllers only.

Controller Platform	Firmware Image	
RFS 4010 / RFS 4011	RFS4000-5.8.0.0-050R.img, RFS4000-LEAN-5.8.0.0-050R.img	
RFS 6000	RFS6000-5.8.0.0-050R.img, RFS6000-LEAN-5.8.0.0-050R.img	
RFS 7000	RFS7000-5.8.0.0-050R.img, RFS7000-LEAN-5.8.0.0-050R.img	
NX 9000	NX9000-5.8.0.0-050R.img (image without VM support)	
NX 9500/ NX 9510	NX9000-5.8.0.0-050R.img (image without VM support)	
NX 9600 / NX 9610	NX9600-5.8.0.0-050R.img	
NX 75XX	NX7500-5.8.0.0-050R.img	
NX 5500	NX5500-5.8.0.0-050R.img	
NX 45XX/ NX 65XX	NX65XX-5.8.0.0-050R.img	

Virtual Platform	Firmware Image
VX 9000–production iso/img image	VX9000-INSTALL-5.8.0.0-050R.iso, VX90005.8.0.0-050R.img
VX 9000 – demo iso image	VX9000-DEMO-INSTALL-5.8.0.0-050R.iso ¹

Note 1: The VX demo image is a 60-day trial image of the VX-9000 software VM that can be used for demos and in the lab environments. This image does not need any additional licenses; it comes with 16 AAP licenses built-in. There is no migration from the demo image to the production image.

WiNG Express Manager	Firmware Image	
NX 5500E	NX5500E-5.8.0.0-050R.img	
NX 7510E	NX7500E-5.8.0.0-050R.img	
VX 9000E	VX9000E-INSTALL-5.8.0.0-050R.iso	

AP Platforms	Firmware Image		
Dependent APs			
AP 621	AP621-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in all Controller images)		
AP 622	AP622-5.8.0.0-050R (included in all Controller images)		
AP 650	AP650-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in all Controller images)		
Independent /Adaptive APs			
AP 6511 / AP 6511E	AP6511-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in NX controller images)		
AP 6521 / AP 6521E	AP6521-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in all Controller images)		
AP 6522 / AP 6522E AP6522-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in all Controller in			
AP 6532	AP6532-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in all Controller images)		
AP 6562 / AP 6562E AP6562-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in all Controller image			
AP 7131 / AP7161 / AP 7181 AP71XX-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in NX controller images)			



AP 7532	AP7532-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in the NX controller images)		
AP 7522 / AP 7522E	AP7522-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in the NX controller images)		
AP 7562	AP7562-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in the NX controller images)		
AP 7502 / AP 7502E	AP7502-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in the NX controller images)		
AP 8132 / AP 8122 / AP 8163	AP81XX-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in NX controller images)		
AP 8222 / AP 8232	AP82XX-5.8.0.0-050R.img (included in NX controller images)		
Independent /Adaptive Wall Switch			
ES 6510	AP6511-5.8.0.0-050R.img (ES 6510 uses AP 6511 image)		

2. New Features in WiNG 5.8

Zebra NSight - Network Visualization, Monitoring, Reporting and Troubleshooting

- Visualizing network statistics and events Simplified and unified network views based on user's role. 20+ configurable widgets to view various trend charts and graphs on the network and user stats: utilization, bandwidth, client count and client mix, RF health/utilization, application visibility/usage by client/WLAN/AP/summary, etc.
- Custom live updating dashboards for every role
- Live troubleshooting tools packet capture, wireless debug logs, TCP/IP ping and traceroute
- Interactive floor maps with support for heat maps and the ability to visualize the RF attributes and identify issues / problems areas
- Real-time and historic trend analysis to simplify network growth planning
- Exceptionally responsive interface virtually any information is just a few clicks away

Guest Access / Captive Portal Enhancements

- Guest Self Registration
 - Device registration with (optional) one-time-password
 - o User registration with email/mobile number as user identity
 - Passcode notification over Email and/or SMS
 - o Social authentication based registration
 - Customizable registration forms (name, email, mobile, member, location, age, custom, and more)
 - Opt-out option for guests
- Social Authentication Facebook and Google
- Mobile friendly web portal with template customization (color, banner, preview)
- External success URL
- Analytics and capacity up to 2M user identity (storage/analytics supported on the platforms: NX 95XX, NX 96XX, VX 9000 and NX 75XX)

Application Visibility and Control (AVC)

- The Deep-Packet-Inspection engine on the Access Point such as 802.11ac AP (AP 7532, AP 7522, AP 7562) and on the Controllers (NX-5500, NX-7500, NX-9500, NX-9600), provides visibility and control over layer-7 applications right at the edge.
- Facilitates detecting and classifying applications with support for dynamic signatures and the IT admins can leverage the application context to create effective rules to fine-tune access to the wireless network, providing service differentiation and network capacity



planning.				
Mobile Extension Enhancements				
Client Assisted Diagnostics enhancement the uses 802.11k standards and adds Zebra spectrum WiNG Extensions to provide report on potent wireless infrastructure issues. Works with Zemobile devices MC18, MC40 and MC92				
Roaming Optimizations	Assisted Roaming: Enhanced roaming for sticky clients with 802.11v standards support. Works with any client device that supports 802.11v. Scan Assist and Fast BSS transition: WiNG Extensions to 802.11k and 802.11r standards to support faster scanning over DFS channels and fast roaming. Works only with Zebra mobile devices MC18, MC40 and MC92			
Controlized EV2500 Management				

Centralized EX3500 Management

- Centralized EX-3500 Ethernet switch management from the NX and VX platforms
- Adoption, provisioning and monitoring of EX-3500 switches along side WiNG APs for unified view of the network

Network feature enhancements

EAP Termination	Adds support to terminate EAP session on a Proxy RADIUS server and allow authentication on the external RADIUS for flexible deployment.	
Increase max VLANs per WLAN	Increases the number of VLANs in a pool from 16 to 32 to support high density deployments	
Traffic Shaping	Adds support for traffic shaping that can be applied to any locally bridged or tunneled traffic (both wired and wireless) through the device.	

Client Bridge

- Provides secure wireless connectivity to multiple devices without wireless interface.
- Supported on the AP-6522 and AP-6562 platforms

Centralized T5 Management Enhancements

Additional monitoring and provisioning from the central NX/VX platforms including:
 range command for the DSL ports, scheduled reload, VLAN override by RF domain, and show commands – show wireless clients, show MAC table



New packages

MongoDB package version 2.6.9 has been added to WiNG 5.8 release

Vulnerability updates

- 1. cURL and libcurl packages have been patched to address security vulnerability CVE-2015-3143, CVE-2015-3145 and CVE-2015-3148.
- 2. RC4 algorithm has been disabled in SSL/TLS package used to address security vulnerability CVE-2015-2808.
- 3. NTP package has been upgraded to version 4.2.8p2 to address security vulnerabilities CVE-2015-1798 and CVE-2015-1799
- 4. Linux kernel patched to address security vulnerability CVE-2014-8160.
- 5. Xen package has been patched to address security vulnerabilities CVE-2014-8866, CVE-2015-2044, CVE-2015-2150 and CVE-2015-2151.
- 6. OpenSSL package has been upgraded to version 0.9.8.zf to address security vulnerabilities CVE-2015-0289 and CVE-2015-0293.

3. Firmware Upgrade / Downgrade – Controllers and Dependent APs

3.1 Important Notes on Upgrade / Downgrade

1. When downgrading from WiNG 5.7.2 (or newer) to WiNG 5.7.1 (or older), the SNMP trap host configuration will need to be re-applied due to the newly introduced encrypted community string option.

v5.7.2 (or newer):

(config-management-policy-default)#snmp-server host 1.1.1.1 v2c community?

- 0 Enter a clear text trap community name
- 2 Enter an encrypted trap community name

WORD Enter Trap Community Name

v5.7.1 (or older):

(config-management-policy-default)#snmp-server host 1.1.1.1 v2c community ? WORD Enter Trap Community Name

- 2. When downgrading RFS 4000 from WiNG 5.8 to WiNG 5.7, the user needs first needs downgrade RFS 4000 to WiNG 5.7.2 before moving to WiNG 5.7.
- 3. Prior to upgrading to WiNG 5.7.1 or above if you have Onboard-Radius Server with LDAP Authentication configured, please note the following:

"(sAMAccountName=%{Stripped-User-Name:-%{User-Name}})" – is not supported.

"(sAMAccountName=%{Stripped-User-Name})" – is supported.

Configurations using "(sAMAccountName=%{Stripped-User-Name:-%{User-Name}})" need to be updated to "(sAMAccountName=%{Stripped-User-Name})" prior to performing the upgrade process.



- 4. When downgrading from WiNG 5.8 to WiNG 5.5.5 or WiNG 5.5.4 on AP 7532/7522, the user needs to apply patch AP75XX-CPU-Bringup-1.0.patch.
 - AP7532/AP7522 running wing 5.5.6/5.7.x has an updated kernel version and the patch is required when the AP downgrades to a firmware with a prior kernel version. Steps to apply the patch:
 - Load the kernel patch for AP7522 and AP7532 device models on controller using deviceupgrade load-image option:
 - "device-upgrade load-image ap7522 tftp://<server ip address >/AP75XX-CPU-Bringup-1.0.patch"
 - Execute "device-upgrade all force no-reboot" from the controller to upgrade the APs with the patch.
 - Use "boot system primary" or "boot system secondary" based on the WiNG 5.5.5/5.5.4 image location on the APs and reload the APs from the controller.
- 5. AP 300 support has been removed with WiNG 5.7.x release.
- 6. The "Lean Controller image" introduced with ONEVIEW in WiNG 5.5, does not include AP images.
- 7. Upgrading WiNG v4.x networks to WiNG v5.8 will not retain the 4.x configuration. Please use the configuration migration utility to convert a 4.x configuration to a 5.8 based configuration. This is an offline tool that assists with config migration.
- 8. When downgrading from WiNG 5.8 to a version prior to WING 5.4.x through rf-domain, the user needs to downgrade without reloading APs and then do a manual reload on the rf-domain. The following are the CLI commands for this procedure:

device-upgrade rf-domain <RF domain name> all no-reboot ... this downgrades all APs (including the RF domain manager) without rebooting them reload on <RF domain name> ... this reboots the entire RF domain.

Staggered reboot option is not supported in this downgrade scenario.

- 9. AP 622 v5.2.3.0-008R must be first upgraded to v5.2.3.0-040R before it can be upgraded to v.5.8.
- 10. Firmware upgrades can take several minutes; aborting an update by removing power may damage the AP or controller. Please allow time for devices to complete the upgrade. Where APs are powered through PoE connections to WLAN controllers, the controller needs to stay up during the upgrade process.
- 11. Both the controller and the AP should be upgraded to the same versions a firmware mismatch can cause network disruptions and should be avoided. When upgrading, the controllers should be upgraded first and then the APs. When downgrading, the APs should be downgraded first, and then the controller.
- 12. Upgrade for AP 650 from WiNG 4.x to WiNG 5.4.x or later is NOT seamless and requires additional steps. AP should first be updated to any WiNG 5.2.x or 5.3.x image. Please set in the controller profile "service wireless ap650 legacy-auto-update-image <PATH:/ap.img> to point to WiNG 5.2.x or WiNG 5.3.x AP 650/6532 image. For example:
 - 1. Copy AP 650/6532 5.2 image on the RFS flash rfs4000-22A1B8#copy tftp://<Server IP>/AP6532-5.2.0.0-069R.img flash:/AP6532-5.2.0.0-069R.img
 - 2. User the below command to first upgrade the AP650s to a 5.2 image rfs4000-22A1B8#configure terminal Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. rfs4000-22A1B8(config)#self



rfs4000-22A1B8(config-device-XXX)#service wireless ap650 legacy-auto-update-image flash:/AP6532-5.2.0.0-069R.img

- 3. If auto upgrade is enabled AP650 will get upgraded to 5.4.x once it adopts to the controller, else use the below command to upgrade the AP650 to 5.4.x or later rfs4000-22A1B8#device-upgrade ap650 < DEVICE> .
- 13. In Virtual Controller deployments, APs running version 5.4.x will not adopt to a virtual controller running WiNG v5.8. First upgrade APs to WiNG v5.8 (manually) and then upgrade the Virtual Controller. New APs need to be upgraded to 5.5.x manually before connecting to a WiNG 5.8 Virtual Controller network.
- 14. Downgrade to WiNG 4 is not recommended in countries following ETSI regulations as WiNG 4 is not compliant with current ETSI DFS regulations.

3.2 Upgrade/Downgrade Matrix

This section documents allowed upgrade/ downgrade combinations. Please ensure that the controller and AP are on the same WiNG version after the upgrade is complete.

Dependent/Adaptive with the RFS controller	Upgrade from	Downgrade to	Notes
RFS + AP 650	v4.3.x onwards	v4.3.x onwards on	AP 650 image is
	on the controller	the controller	contained within the
RFS + AP 7131/AP 7131N	v4.1.1 onwards	v4.1.1 onwards on	controller image
RF3 + AP /131/AP /131N	on the AP	the AP	AP 7131/AP 7131N v5.x image is not
	on the Ar	the Ar	within the controller
	v4.3.x onwards on the controller	v4.3.x onwards on the controller	image
RFS + AP 6532	v5.1 onwards	v5.1 onwards	AP 6532 image is contained within the controller image
RFS + AP 6511	v5.1 onwards	v5.1 onwards	AP 6511 image is not contained within the controller image
RFS + ES 6510	v5.4 and higher	v5.4 and higher	ES 6510 uses the same image file as the AP 6511. The image is not contained within the controller image
RFS 4011 with AP 650	v5.1 onwards	v5.1 onwards	
RFS/NX 9XXX + AP 7181	v5.4 onwards	v5.4 onwards	Controller assistance is not available for
Controllers need to be on 5.4			upgrade from 3.2.2 to
to be able to adopt AP 7181.			5.4. This can be
			performed standalone
			or with Wireless Manager.
		L	wanager.



Dependent/Adaptive with the RFS controller	Upgrade from	Downgrade to	Notes
RFS/NX 9XXX + AP 7161	v5.1.1, v5.1.4, v5.2 onwards	v5.1.1, v5.1.4, v5.2 onwards	
RFS/NX 9XXX + AP 6521/AP 621	v5.2 onwards	v5.2 onwards	AP 6521 image is contained within the controller image
RFS/NX 9XXX + AP 6522	v5.4 onwards	v5.4 onwards	AP 6522 image is contained within the controller image
RFS/NX 9XXX + AP 6562	v5.4.4 onwards	v5.4.4 onwards	AP 6562 image is contained within the controller image
RFS/NX 9XXX + AP 622	v5.2.3, v5.2.13 or 5.4 and higher.	v5.2.3, v5.2.13 or 5.4 and higher.	AP 622 image is contained within the controller image. WiNG 5.3.x does not support AP 622
NX 45XX/NX 65XX + AP 7131, AP 6532, AP 650, AP 6511, AP 6521, AP 621	v5.2.4, 5.4.2 and higher	v5.2.4	AP images are contained within the controller image
NX 45XX/NX 65XX + AP 7181, AP 7161, AP 6522, AP 622, AP 6562, AP 8132	v5.4.4 and higher	v5.4.4	AP images are contained within the controller image
RFS/ NX + AP 8132	v5.2.6, 5.4.2 and higher	v5.2.6, 5.4.2 and higher	AP 8132 image is not within the RFS controller image, but is contained within NX controller image
RFS/ NX + AP 82XX	v5.5.3 and higher	v5.5.3 and higher	AP 82XX image is not within the RFS controller image, but is contained within NX controller image
RFS/ NX + AP 8122	v5.5.2 and higher	v5.5.2 and higher	AP 8122 image is not within the RFS controller image, but is contained within NX controller image
NX7500	v5.5.2 and higher	v5.5.2 and higher	Note: WiNG 5.6 doesn't support NX 7500.
RFS/NX + AP 7532/AP 7522	v5.5.3.1 and higher, excluding v5.6.x	v5.5.3.1 and higher, excluding v5.6.x	AP image is contained within the NX controller image in v5.5.4



Dependent/Adaptive with the RFS controller	Upgrade from	Downgrade to	Notes
RFS/NX + AP 7562	v5.7.1 and higher	v5.7.1 and higher	AP image is contained within the NX controller image in v5.7.1
RFS/NX + AP 7502	v5.5.4.1 and higher, excluding v5.6.x	v5.5.4.1 and higher, excluding v5.6.x	AP image is contained within the NX controller image in v5.5.5
RFS/ NX + AP 8163	v5.6 and higher	v5.6 and higher	AP 8163 images are not within the controller image
VX + all supported APs	v5.6 and higher	v5.6 and higher	
NX 7510E/VX 9000E/NX 5500E + AP 6511E / AP 6521E / AP 6522E / AP 6562E / AP 7502E / AP 7522E	v5.5.3 and higher	-	NX 7510E and VX 9000E are supported starting with v5.7 NX 5500E is supported starting with v5.8
NX 96XX	v5.5.6 and higher	v5.5.6	NX 96XX is not supported with v5.6.x and v5.7.x
NX 5500	v5.8	v5.8	NX 5500 is supported starting with 5.8

3.3 Upgrade/Downgrade Procedure for WLAN Controllers

Customers upgrading from an earlier WiNG 5 release not requiring ONEVIEW, the procedure is the same as before.

Customers using ONEVIEW in WiNG 5.5, please see the WiNG 5.5 training for details of upgrade/downgrade. *Note in particular the use of the "Lean Controller image" which does not include AP image* – since the controller image size is now significantly larger than WiNG 5.4.x release.

The method described in this section uses the Command Line Interface (CLI) procedures. To log into the CLI, either SSH, Telnet or serial access can be used.

IMPORTANT: Always create config back-up before upgrade.

3.3.1 Upgrade from WiNG v5.x to WiNG v5.8

- 1. Copy the RFSX000-5.8.X.X-0XXR.img or NXXX00-5.8.X.X-0XXR.img to your tftp/ftp server.
- 2. Use the —upgrade ftp://<username>:<password>@<ip address of server>/<name of file>, or —upgrade tftp://<ip address of server>/<name of file> command from CLI or Switch->Firmware-



>Update Firmware option from the GUI. You may need to specify the username and password for your ftp server.

3. Restart the controller. From CLI the command is —reload.

3.3.2 Upgrade from WiNG v4.3.x (or higher) to WiNG v5.8

- 1. Copy the RFSX000-5.8.X.X-0XXR.img to your tftp/ftp server.
- 2. Use the —upgrade ftp://<ip address of server>/<name of file> command from CLI or Switch->Firmware->Update Firmware option from the GUI. You may need to specify the username and password for your ftp server.
- 3. Restart the controller. From CLI the command is —reload.

Note: Please use ftp to upgrade to WiNG v5.5.x on an RFS 6000, and not tftp, if using GE1.

3.3.3 Downgrade to a WiNG v4.3.X (or higher) from WiNG v5.8

- 1. Copy the RFSX000-4.3.X.X-XXXR.img to your tftp/ftp server.
- 2. Use the —upgrade ftp://<ip address of server>/<name of file> command from CLI or Operations>Device Detail>Load Firmware option from the GUI. You may need to specify the username and password for your ftp server.
- 3. Restart the Controller. From CLI the command is —reload.

Please note: due to hardware refresh changes on controllers RFS7000, RFS6000 and RFS40XX, downgrade/upgrade to version that doesn't support new hardware components will be prevented. Following currently released version don't support new hardware: v5.0.x, v5.1.x. v5.2.0, v5.2.1, v5.2.2, v5.2.1, v5.2.3, v5.3.0, all versions prior to v4.4.1.

<u>Configuration Restoration</u>

On upgrade from 4.x to 5.x the 5.x controller will save the configuration from 4.x in another file on flash (so that 'startup-config' will point to the 5.x default startup-config). The configuration file from 4.x is renamed to startup-config-wing4. The password encryption file is also moved to /etc2/encrypt-passwd-wing4.

On downgrade from 5.x to 4.x the controller will save the 5.x configuration and it is moved to hidden files of the same name (/etc2/.encrypt-passwd-wing5 and /etc2/nvram/.startup-config-wing5). Any previously saved wing4 config if present (ie. startup-config-wing4) is restored back.

3.4 Upgrade/Downgrade Procedure for dependent APs connected to RFS controllers

3.4.1 AP 650 upgrade

Note: If upgrading from any of the following releases 4.x, 5.0.x, 5.1.x, 5.2.0.x, 5.2.1.x, 5.2.3.x, 5.2.4.x, 5.2.6.x, 5.2.11.x, 5.2.12.x, 5.2.21.x or 5.3.x, you need to upgrade to 5.2.13 or 5.4.x before upgrading to 5.8



A WiNG 5.x controller can upgrade an AP 650 running 4.x code to 5.x using the WISPe upgrade. This capability is enabled using "legacy-auto-update" command for the controller, either under the device or profile. The controller will first adopt the access point using the standard WISPE protocol messages (just as a 4.x controller would adopt it) and then download the new image to it, which would convert the AP to WiNG 5.x version of code.

<u>Legacy-auto-update is enabled by default.</u> If legacy-auto-update is disabled, use the following CLI instructions to enable the Legacy-auto-update feature:

rfs4000-22A136#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
rfs4000-22A136(config)#profile rfs4000 default-rfs4000
rfs4000-22A136(config-profile-default-rfs4000)#legacy-auto-update
rfs4000-22A136(config-profile-default-rfs4000)#commit
rfs4000-22A136(config-profile-default-rfs4000)#

Important: In WiNG 5.4.x – please enable FTP server on the controller for legacy-auto-update to work.

The AP 650 can be automatically downgraded to a 4.x version of the AP by connecting it to a controller running the version 4.x. The AP tries to discover both 4.x as well as 5.x controllers by default, and if it does not find a 5.x controller, but does find a 4.x controller, then it will adopt to it, and as part of the adoption the 4.x controller will download a 4.x image to it.

Important: See also Section 4.1 Important Note #7

3.4.2 AP 7131 upgrade from AP 4.x

For AP 7131's running 4.x firmware the released 5.x firmware (AP71XX-5.7.X.X-0XXR.img) should not be used to upgrade the AP to 5.x. Instead for every 5.x release, there is a corresponding migration image to 5.x (AP7131-5.8.0.0-0XXR.bin).

3.5 Device upgrade options

WiNG 5.x supports device firmware upgrade from the controller. For firmware upgrade through controller, firmware image needs to be loaded onto a controller and the same can be used for the upgrade of all the corresponding devices.

Available firmware on the controller can be checked using the below command: nx9500-6C8647#show device-upgrade versions

If device firmware is not part of controller image, a new image can be uploaded using following command:

nx9500-6C8647# device-upgrade load-image

Once device firmware is loaded on the controller, below are the different options that are available for device firmware upgrade:

Manual Upgrade

Firmware upgrade can be initiated on a single or a list of Aps using the below command.

nx9500-6C8647# device-upgrade ap71xx-16C7B4?

no-reboot No reboot (manually reboot after the upgrade)

reboot-time Schedule a reboot time upgrade-time Schedule an upgrade time



nx9500-6C8647# device-upgrade ap71xx all? force Force upgrade on all devices

no-reboot No reboot (manually reboot after the upgrade)

reboot-time Schedule a reboot time

staggered-reboot Reboot one at a time without network being hit

upgrade-time Schedule an upgrade time

Scheduling Firmware upgrade

Firmware upgrade can be scheduled on a controller, that is upgrade time and reboot time can be configured. Firmware upgrade on the Aps follows the configured upgrade time.

nx9500-6C8647# device-upgrade all?

no-reboot No reboot (manually reboot after the upgrade)

reboot-time Schedule a reboot time

staggered-reboot Reboot one at a time without network being hit

upgrade-time Schedule an upgrade time

Upgrade through RF Domain manager

Manual Firmware upgrade can be initiated through a domain manager

nx9500-6C8647# #device-upgrade rf-domain?

DOMAIN-NAME RF-Domain name

all Upgrade all RF Domains

containing Specify domains that contain a sub-string in the domain name

filter Specify additional selection filter

3.6 Auto Upgrade

Auto firmware upgrade can be enabled on the controller using the below command. When enabled, any AP with a firmware version different than the controller will be upgraded to the controller's version on adoption.

rfs4000-22A1B8(config-device-XXX)# device-upgrade auto

The number of concurrent firmware upgrades can be configured using the below command based on the bandwidth available between the controller and the Aps.

rfs4000-22A1B8(config-device-XXX)# device-upgrade count?

<1-20> Number of concurrent AP upgrades

Note: Auto upgrade on the APs always happens through the controller.

3.7 AutoInstall

AutoInstall in v5.4.x and later works via the DHCP server. This requires the definition of Vendor Class and three sub-options that can be either sent seperately, or under option 43:

Option 186 - defines the tftp/ftp server and ftp username, password information (IP address and protocol need to enter as a string: —ftp://admin:admin123@192.168.1.10)

Option 187 - defines the firmware path and file name

Option 188 - defines the config path and file name

Autoinstall of firmware and autoinstall of configuration can be enabled or disabled. Ensure to enable "ip dhcp client request options all" on the vlan interface which is being used to perform the above autoinstall.

DHCP vendor class for platforms is noted below:

WingRFS.RFS4000

• WingNX.NX4500

WingNX.NX7500



- WingRFS.RFS6000
- WingRFS.RFS7000
- WingNX.NX4524
- WingNX.NX6500
- WingNX.NX6524
- WingNX.NX9000
- WingNX.VX
- WingNX.NX5500

3.8 Virtual Machine Installation on NX 95xx

The ADSP VM can be installed on NX 95XX Integrated Services Controllers; it does not come preinstalled with WiNG 5.8.

The procedure to upgrade the VMs on these controllers is similar to the example below, except that it will always require first uninstalling the pre-installed VM.

Note: The VM upgrade will not impact the currently installed/running VM. However, the "uninstall" will cause the VM's configuration and database entries to be wiped out. Please be sure to export and save the configuration and database prior to uninstalling.

If the NX 95xx is running an image without VM support, first upgrade to the NX 95xx image with VM support.

Note: When upgrading from WiNG 5.6/WiNG 5.5.4 or earlier versions to WiNG 5.8 with ADSP VM installed - due to ADSP MAC fix and memory fix, you first you need uninstall ADSP VM, upgrade and then install again on WiNG 5.8. There is no issue when upgrading from WiNG 5.5.5/WiNG 5.6.1 to WiNG 5.8 with ADSP VM installed.

The following outlines the steps to install ADSP VM image on NX95XX integrated series controllers:

- 1. Download the ADSP image and place it onto an FTP/TFTP server or USB key
- 2. Set WiNG memory to allow for VM image: virtual-machine set wing-memory 16384
- 3. Reload the controller
- 4. Using the *upgrade* CLI command or *Firmware Upgrade* option in the Web-UI, download the ADSP image onto the NX 95XX. Note if using the CLI it is recommended that you transfer the ADSP image to the NX 95XX using the background option! This will install the image in the /vmarchive partition.
- 5. Using the CLI ("virtual machine install") or App Center Install ADSP. The installation will take approximately 20 minutes to complete. Once installed the ADSP Virtual Machine will automatically start!

To upgrade a VM (instead of a first time install), you need to uninstall the currently installed VM and then install the new one. i.e. replace step (3) above with

NX9500#virtual-machine uninstall adsp # Uninstalls the ADSP-VM NX9500#virtual-machine install adsp # Installs the new ADSP-VM

4. Firmware Upgrade/Downgrade – Independent APs

4.1 Important Notes on Upgrade / Downgrade

1. When downgrading from WiNG 5.7.2 (or newer) to WiNG 5.7.1 (or older), the SNMP trap host configuration will need to be re-applied due to the newly introduced encrypted community string option.

v5.7.2 (or newer):

(config-management-policy-default)#snmp-server host 1.1.1.1 v2c community?



- 0 Enter a clear text trap community name
- 2 Enter an encrypted trap community name WORD Enter Trap Community Name

v5.7.1 (or older):

(config-management-policy-default)#snmp-server host 1.1.1.1 v2c community ? WORD Enter Trap Community Name

1. When downgrading from WiNG 5.8 to WiNG 5.5.5 or WiNG 5.5.4 on AP 7532/7522, the user needs to apply kernel patch **AP75XX-CPU-Bringup-1.0.patch**.

AP7532/AP7522 running wing 5.5.6/5.7.x has an updated kernel version and the patch is required when the AP downgrades to a firmware with a prior kernel version. Steps to apply the patch:

- Copy AP75XX-CPU-Bringup-1.0.patch to your tftp server.
- Apply the patch using upgrade command:
 - o "upgrade tftp://<server ip address >/AP75XX-CPU-Bringup-1.0.patch"
- Use "boot system primary" or "boot system secondary" based on the WiNG 5.5.5/5.5.4 image location on the AP and reload.

2. AP 8XXX new NAND:

WiNG 5.5.2 added support for hardware refresh NAND component on AP 81XX and AP 82XX. Following restrictions will apply when using those APs with new hardware component:

- New revision of hardware downgrade/upgrade will only be supported to releases that also support those components. Downgrade/upgrade to all other releases will be prevented.
- Older revision of hardware downgrade/upgrade procedure is unchanged.
- 3. Upon upgrade to v5.5.3 or above AP 6511, AP 6521, AP 6522, AP 6562 will have a new web UI.
- 4. When downgrading from WiNG 5.5.x to a lower WiNG 5.x version through rf-domain, the user needs to downgrade without reloading APs and then do a manual reload on the rf-domain. The following are the CLI commands for this procedure:

device-upgrade rf-domain AF domain name> all no-reboot ... this downgrades all APs (including the RF domain manager) without rebooting them reload on reload on reboot reboots the entire RF domain.

Staggered reboot option is not supported in this downgrade scenario.

- 5. Firmware upgrades can take several minutes; aborting an update by removing power may damage the AP. Please allow time for devices to complete the upgrade.
- 6. Upgrade for AP 6532 from release prior to v5.2.13 directly to v5.4.x or later is NOT seamless and requires additional steps. AP should first be updated to any WiNG 5.2.13 image.
- 7. Downgrade to WiNG 4 is not recommended in countries following ETSI regulations as WiNG 4 is not compliant with current ETSI DFS regulations.

4.2 Upgrade/Downgrade Matrix

This section documents allowed upgrade/ downgrade combinations.

Independent/Adaptive			
Access Point	Upgrade from	Downgrade to	Notes
AP 6511	v5.1 onwards	v5.1 onwards	
ES 6510	v5.4 onwards	v5.4 onwards	
AP 6521	v5.2.x onwards	v5.2.x onwards	
AP 6522	v5.4 onwards	v5.4 onwards	



Independent/Adaptive			
Access Point	Upgrade from	Downgrade to	Notes
AP 6532	v5.1 onwards	v5.1 onwards	See Note 2
AP 6562	v5.4.4 onwards	v5.4.4 onwards	
AP 7131	v4.1.1 onwards	v4.1.1 onwards	
AP 7161	v5.1.1 (adaptive)	v5.1.1 (adaptive)	
	v5.1.4 (adaptive)	v5.1.4 (adaptive)	
	v5.2 onwards	v5.2 onwards	
AP 7181	v5.4 onwards	v5.4 onwards	See Note 1.
AP 7502	v5.5.5 onwards	v5.5.5 onwards	No support in v5.6.x
AP 7532/ AP 7522	v5.5.3.1 onwards	v5.5.3.1 onwards	No support in v5.6.x
AP 7562	v5.7.1 onwards	v5.7.1 onwards	
AP 8132	v5.2.6, 5.4.2 onwards	v5.2.6	
AP 8122	v5.5.2 onwards	v5.5.2 onwards	
AP 8222/AP 8232	v5.5.3 onwards	v5.5.3 onwards	
AP 8163	v5.6 onwards	v5.6 onwards	
AP 6511E / AP 6521E / AP 6522E / AP 6562E / AP 7502E / AP 7522E	V5.5.3 onwards	V5.5.3 onwards	

Note:

- 1. AP 7181 WLAN Controller assistance is not available for upgrade from 3.2.3 to 5.4.x. This upgrade can be performed standalone or with Wireless Manager. The migration process will convert the necessary settings/configuration to maintain mesh connectivity. Please refer to section 4.3.3
- 2. Note: If upgrading from any of the following releases 5.0.x, 5.1.x, 5.2.0.x, 5.2.1.x, 5.2.3.x, 5.2.4.x, 5.2.6.x, 5.2.11.x, 5.2.12.x, 5.2.21.x or 5.3.x, you need to upgrade to 5.2.13 or 5.4.x before upgrading to 5.5.x.

4.3 AP Upgrade/Downgrade Procedure

The method described in this section uses the Command Line Interface (CLI) procedures. To log into the CLI, either SSH, Telnet or serial access can be used.

4.3.1 Upgrade from WiNG v5.1.x or higher to WiNG v5.8

- 1. Copy the APXXXX-5.8.X.X-0XXR.img to your tftp/ftp server.
- 2. Use the —upgrade ftp://<username>:<password>@<ip address of server>/<name of file>, or —upgrade tftp://<ip address of server>/<name of file> command from CLI or AccessPoint->Firmware->Update Firmware option from the GUI. You may need to specify the username and password for your ftp server.
- 3. Restart the Access Point. From CLI the command is —reload.



Note: WiNG 5.1.3 added support for the new NAND for AP 7131N. WiNG 5.1.4 added support for the new NAND for AP 7161. Hardware revs with the new NAND will be unable to downgrade below these versions or version 4.1.5 – as these support the new NAND, but previous versions do not.

Note: WiNG 5.5.2 added support for new NAND for AP 8XXX platforms. Downgrade to prior releases on hardware with new NAND will be prevented.

4.3.2 Upgrade/Downgrade for AP 7131/AP 7131N from WiNG v4.x to WiNG v5.x

Upgrade from WiNG v4.x to WiNG v5.x

If an AP 7131 has a firmware release version 3.2.0 or earlier, it is mandatory to upgrade the access point to release version 3.2.1.0 before an upgrade to release version 4.x or later can be attempted. Users on AP 7131 release version 3.2.2 need not downgrade to version 3.2.1 and can directly upgrade to a release version 4.x or later.

Users are strongly cautioned against upgrading from the AP 7131 System Boot OS prompt. Upgrading from the Boot OS prompt is not a recommended and supported upgrade methodology on the AP 7131.

To conduct a firmware update on the AP 7131 from the run-time system software from GUI:

- 1. Select 'System Configuration', 'Firmware Update' from the AP 7131 menu tree of the GUI.
- 2. Specify the name of the target firmware file within the 'Filename' field.
- 3. If the target firmware file resides within a directory, specify a complete path for the file within the 'Filepath (optional)' field.
- 4. Enter an IP address for the FTP or TFTP server used for the update.
- 5. Select either the FTP or TFTP button to define whether the firmware file resides on a FTP or TFTP server.
- 6. Set the following FTP parameters if applicable:
 - a. Username Specify a username for the FTP server login.
 - b. Password Specify a password for FTP server login.
- 7. Click 'Apply'.

Click the 'Perform Update' button to initiate the update. Upon confirming the firmware update, the AP reboots and completes the update. This step may take several minutes. After this upgrade the access point will reload and come up with wing 5.x firmware.

Note: Please use the special "migration image" (**AP7131-5.8.X.X-0XXR.bin**) when upgrading from 4.x to 5.x.

If the user upgrades an AP 7131/AP 7131N running a version of code older than 4.1.1.0 using the AP migration image, there is a possibility of the AP getting "stuck" on coming up with 5.x. If this occurs, the following error message is seen on the console after bootup:

cpu not running at correct speed. Expected(500Mhz) current> Speed(600MHz)

To work-around this issue, the administrators need to type the following command after the error message: 'achip fix-cpu-speed'

When the AP comes up to runtime, upgrade again using the 'upgrade' command to the latest 5.3 release.

Downgrading from WiNG v5.x to AP v4.x for AP 7131/AP 7131N



To downgrade an access point running 5.x back to 4.x the <u>reverse migration image</u> (AP7131-5.7.0.0-0XXR-040402000004R.img) needs to be used. This image is installed on the AP just as a regular 5.x firmware is installed using ap-upgrade/ device-upgrade from CLI or UI. Please refer to the AP 7131 v4.1.5 release notes for downgrade to an earlier version.

Downgrade the access points using the AP-upgrade/device-upgrade command from CLI of the AP and put all APs back to 4.x. All configurations from 5.x is lost as the AP is reverted to 4.x. However the original 4.x configuration, if any, could still be present on the AP.

Configuration Restore

Some of the configuration items from a 4.X AP 7131 are translated and migrated over to the 5.x version of the configuration after update. The items of configuration that are migrated are:

- Hostname
- Port phy configuration (speed, duplex)
- Port L2 configuration (trunking info)
- IP address of controller if available (translated to 'controller host' in 5.x)
- WAN interface IP addressing
- LAN interface /subnet1 IP address

If the configuration could not be read properly then the AP will come up with default 5.x configuration and create a logfile called legacyapn_<version>.dump.tar.gz in flash:/crashinfo indicating what was translated, what was the error etc, for post-analysis.

4.3.3 Upgrade/Downgrade for AP 7181 from v3.2.3 to WiNG v5.8

To upgrade an AP 7181 from v 3.2.3 to v 5.8, it must first be upgraded to v 5.4.x. Likewise for downgrading AP 7181's from v5.8, it must be downgraded to 5.4.x before downgrading to 3.2.3.

Please see the WiNG 5.4 release notes and "WiNG 5.4 How-To Guide AP7181 Migration" on support central for the procedure.

4.4 AutoInstall

AutoInstall in v5.8 works via DHCP. This requires the definition of Vendor Class and three suboptions that can be either sent separately, or under option 43:

Option 186 - defines the tftp/ftp server and ftp username, password information (IP address and protocol need to be entered as a string: —ftp://admin:admin123@192.168.1.10)

Option 187 - defines the firmware path and file name

Option 188 - defines the config path and file name

Autoinstall of firmware and autoinstall of configuration can be enabled or disabled. Ensure to enable "ip dhcp client request options all" on the vlan interface which is being used to perform the above autoinstall.

DHCP vendor class for platforms is noted below:

- WingAP.AP6511
- WingAP.AP6521
- WingAP.AP6522
- WingAP.AP6562
- WingAP.AP6532
- WingAP.AP7131
- WingAP.AP7161
- WingAP.AP7181
- WingAP.AP7502
- WingAP.AP7522
- WingAP.AP7532

- WingAP.AP8122
- WingAP.AP8132
- WingAP.AP8222
- WingAP.AP8232
- WingAP.AP8163



WingAP.AP7562

6. Important Notes

New in v5.8

- 1. WiNG 5.8 uses MongoDB database for Zebra NSight and Captive Portal data. Below are the best practice notes on DB operations and avoid conditions that lead to data loss:
 - [Note: Please refer to the "WiNG 5.8 Database/Cluster: Best practice guide" for detailed notes]
 - The user is expected to use NTP to synchronize network time in their deployment
 - o The user is encouraged to backup data on a regular basis to avoid any serious data loss
 - The user is encouraged to configure database events in the system policy to log relevant events in the case of a database issue.
 - The user is encouraged not to disable the automatic backup of guest registration data on the internal file system [Guest Management->guest-database-backup enable]
 - The user must avoid reloading the controller while backup/restore operations or the cluster election process are in progress
 - If reload prompt notifies the database is not stable, there could be: Cluster election in process, Cluster member synching database, Database backup/restore in process or some other error condition

To determine the prompt notification, do a show database status:

- If a member is in STARTUP2 or RECOVERING state, it is likely the synchronization of database from Primary to secondary is in process.
- The user must wait for the conditions to clear. It could result in data loss if the user continues to reload before the conditions are stable.
- If the reload is attempted due to the database is in an error condition, continue with the reload.

In the event of any database issue:

- o Please collect service copy techsupport (techsupport dump).
- If the database event log shows "database-election-fail":
 - Election heuristics could not choose a primary for the database replica set after a partition (or similar issue) occurred in the network.
 - It needs manual intervention to force device election
 - On the device to force it become secondary, use database drop that removes all the MongoDB files and forces the device to reload - the election will take place again and the reloaded member comes up as a secondary.
- o If the database event log shows "database-exception",
 - The housekeeper routine typically recovers the database from an exception.
 - Do show database status to check the DB status. If the results are normal, the database has recovered. If the database is down:
 - Do a service copy techsupport
 - Use database drop that removes all the MongoDB files and forces a device reload.
- Captive portal: If the database does not recover due to any unexpected device reboot, guest registration data can be recovered from the internal backup as described below:
 - Do show database status to check on the MongoDB status and identify the primary instance
 - In the (MongoDB) primary device
 - Do service copy techsupport



 Issue "service guest-registration backup restore" CLI to restore the user data

[Note: Use database drop command with caution. It removes the entire dataset and there is no recovery option]

2. Zebra NSight

- Zebra NSight is supported on the NX 9500, NX 9600 and VX 9000 platforms with the following scale limits:
 - VX 9000 : Supports up to 10,000 APs (@ 500 RF domains) / 5,000 (@ 1000 RF domains)
 - NX 9500 : Supports up to 6,000 APs (@ 200 RF domains)
 - NX 9600: Supports up to 3,000 APs (@ 200 RF domains)
 [Note: NSight scale numbers are relatively lower in NX 9600 than NX 9500 due to IOPS
 limits in RAID5 disk configuration. Future WiNG releases will change RAID configuration in
 NX 9600 to RAID1+0 for improved IOPS]

O VX 9000 - suggested minimum hardware recommendation:

Capacity (AP / RF Domain)	100	500/100	1000 / 200	2000 / 500	5000 / 1000	10000 / 500
СРИ	8 core @2.5 GHz	12 core @2.5 GHz	18 core @2.5 GHz)	24 core @2.5 GHz)	24 core @2.5 GHz	24 core @2.5 GHz
Memory (DDR3-L or DDR4)	16 GB	32GB	40 GB	64 GB	96 GB	128 GB
Storage / Config	500 GB RAID1+0	500 GB RAID1+0	500 GB RAID1+0	500 GB RAID1+0	2 TB RAID1+0 4x 500GB SSD (SLC)	5 TB RAID1+0 8 x 500GB SSD (SLC)
IOPS	2,000 sustained writes	2,000 sustained writes	3,000 sustained writes	4,000 sustained writes	4,000 sustained writes	4,000 sustained writes

- Zebra NSight license is preloaded in WiNG 5.8 (platforms: NX 9500, NX 9600, VX 9000) for immediate use, limited to 120 days from the date of install. The user is expected to purchase and install required number of Zebra NSight subscription license for continued operation.
- New dashboard created via one browser session will be not be visible/available on a different, already open session. It will be available for any new session logins.
- The filters, for instance selecting a specific WLAN, on the Dashboard widgets will apply even when the user moves across sites/levels on the left-side navigation tree.
- Top/bottom 10 grid tables in the summary page (and in the widgets) will not show any data if the table entries values are zero.
- For Zebra NSight system running for a limited amount of time (few hours), 'Top App by usage' may not show details for larger aggregate statistic duration (1 month, 3 months).
- o 'location' command in the rf-domain configuration will be used to store geo-coordinates of the site-location for MAPVIEW functionality.
- While using 'Heatmap' on the MapView/Floormap, user must select one channel at a time for correct heatmap view
- o In Hierarchical Mode, an offline AP may show up as online status under local controller details. The correct AP status shown on the Key Metric Strip or the device list/details.



- o In MapView/Floormap the user defined custom columns in show table option may not be retained after page refresh.
- The top X charts in the summary page may show incorrect client count when the clients are roaming

3. Captive-Portal

- Captive portal user database storage is supported on the NX 95XX/ NX 96XX/ VX 9000 and NX 75XX platforms with the following scale limits:
 - NX 95XX/ NX 96XX / VX 9000 2 Million user identities
 - NX 75XX 1 Million user identities

O VX 9000 - suggested minimum hardware recommendation:

Number of User entries	1 Million	2 Million
vCPUs (core)	6	12
CPU Clock (GHz)	2.4	2.4
Memory	16 GB	32 GB
Storage	500 GB	1 TB

- If client device roams (to a near by AP) between the initial connection redirect and the registration action, the registration may not work and user needs to close/open the browser to connect/register to the captive portal.
- Upgrade to 5.8 (from 5.5.x and above) will do a one-time import on the existing (SQlite) user database into the newer MongoDB database.
- Configure "bypass captive-portal-detection" in the captive-portal-policy to ensure the OAUTH functionality works properly on the iPhones and Windows mobile phones.
- While uploading logo/images for captive portal using sftp in CLI, the user will not be prompted for password and is expected to supply along with the username in the command line.
- With over 1.5 million user entries in the Captive-Portal database, the controller may respond with a delay for the CLI command "show guest-registration user trends time all" when issued after restart/reboot.
- User trend data graphs and charts are shown in UTC timezone

4. Application Visibility & Control

- The Blackberry/email, Blackberry/encrypted and Blackberry/messenger will be categorized under the application 'Blackberry'
- Clearing application stats resets the tx and rx counts to zero and does not affect the current active flows.

5. Client-Bridge

- Packet capture on the infra-AP with traffic using CCMP are unencrypted packets due to hardware based CCMP encrypt/decrypt operation.
- o The INF WLAN VLAN must match the VLAN used in the Client Bridge GE1, WLAN and SVI.
- 6. Wired 802.1x with Mac-Authentication enabled: Microsoft Windows clients must have "Fallback to unauthorized network access" enabled for mac-authentication to occur in the event of an 802.1x failure
- 7. EAP Termination
 - MS-CHAPv2 is mandatory for EAP termination functionality
- 8. VX 9000



- Flash partition has been increased to 1Gb with .iso install. Simple .img upgrade will continue to work with the old 64MB flash partition.
- User may observe "Low memory on the running VM" message when installing VX for the first time with large disk size allocations (1TB or more).
- 9. AP 7502
 - o AP 7502 does not support WEP-128 and Keyguard on the 5GHz radio
- 10. AP 7562
 - Extended-range is turned off by default and is not supported. Changing this configuration may result in performance degradation for 802.11b rates.
- 11. Centralized EX-3500 switch management
 - User must add VLAN to the VLAN database before assigning VLAN to a port
 - While configuring processor/memory threshold commands from a centralized NX/VX controller, the falling threshold must be set prior to rising threshold.
 - Switch port VLAN configurations may not get configured properly after the controller reload operation
- 12. Commit warning pop-up message will appear when VPN step-by-step wizard is selected to ensure the previous config changes are saved.
- 13. WiNG Express
 - Express Manager, NX 5500E, comes preloaded (default) with 128 Express AP adoption licenses.
 - The preloaded adoption licenses on the existing Express Manager platforms, VX 9000E and NX 7510E, has been changed from 64 to 128 starting with WiNG 5.8.
- To operate Cisco phones with AP 7532, the interface radio settings should include dynamicchain-selection strict
- 15. When downgrading RFS 4000 from WiNG 5.8 to WiNG 5.7, the user needs to downgrade RFS 4000 to WiNG 5.7.2 before moving to WiNG 5.7.

New in v5.7.2

- 1. WiNG 5.7.2 includes performance improvements for AP 7532/7522 when connected to 3af power source.
- 2. Added support for host alias for critical-resource ip-address that user can define on AP device or Profile context.
- 3. WiNG 5.7.2 adds NAND fixes and new bit error correction algorithm for AP 650/6532 to reduce potential flash corruption issues.
- 4. WiNG 5.7.2 validated VMM support on AP 7562.

New in v5.7.1

- 1. AP 622, 6522, 6562 Default value for radio lna control on 2.4GHz has been changed to improve receive sensitivity and range in low/medium AP density environments.
- 2. DHCP Vendor Class Identifier has been changed use "Wing" instead of Motorola (5.7)/Zebra (5.5.6) to be consistent with rest of re-branding changes, e.g. WingAP.AP7532, WingAP8132, WingRFS.RFS4000 and etc.
- 3. Captive Portal internal web-page templates are enhanced for mobile friendly rendering. Existing WiNG5.x deployments using internally hosted web-pages for captive portal will



automatically get this functionality on upgrading to WiNG5.7.1. Please note that there will be slight changes to pages – page style, background color, font color etc.

4. AP 7562 sensor functionality will be supported in later ADSP release.

New in v5.7

- 1. FIPS: Encrypted parts of configuration are lost when downgrading from WiNG 5.7. Workaround:
 - disable password encryption before the downgrade #no password-encryption secret 2
 <password>
 - perform the downgrade
 - enable password encryption#password-encryption secret 2 <password>
- 'no ip dhcp trust' functionality does not work on the AP 7502 FE ports.
 FE port on AP 7502 will not drop the packet because switch on AP 7502 is not configured to drop. FE port will pass discover packets from dhcp server irrespective of "no ip dhcp trust" to ge1. User can configure GE1 to drop.
- 3. The AP 6521 will include support for configuration and management of the on-board AAA server in the HTTP User Interface. This UI is found on the standard WiNG OS for the AP 6521, and the AP 6521 Express. Please note that the Virtual Controller function will be disabled when the on-board AAA server is enabled on a standalone AP 6521. To use the Virtual Controller function, you must disable the on-board AAA server.
- 4. Web Filtering: URLs in custom category will get priority over standard/predefined category irrespective of precedence configured
- 5. Web Filtering is not supported on the NX65xx/NX45xx platforms
- 6. Wired captive portal to support clients with MAC authentication, 802.1x configuration is also required on the controller
- 7. OpenDNS:
 - o the dhcp server/pool policy configuration is required to include the OpenDNS IP (208.67.220.220, 208.67.222.222) as the dns-server
 - The ip access-list is required to include the following firewall rules to prevent clients from using any unauthorized DNS server permit udp any host 208.67.222.222 eq dns rule-precedence 1 rule-description "allow dns queries only to OpenDNS" deny udp any any eq dns rule-precedence 10 rule-description "block all other dns queries"
- 8. VX 9000 MAC address of the device should not be changed once installed/configured.
- 9. WiNG Express Manager
 - a. Express Manager (NX 7510E) can be accessed using default IP 192.168.0.1 and 'admin' is the supported user role.
 - b. Smart-RF is enabled by default with channel override capabilities on individual APs. Any Smart-RF channel list change will take effect after the device reboot.



- c. RADIUS services will not be supported on AP 6511 and AP 6521.
- d. DHCP service should be started at the site-level and APs have to adopted to the Express Manager before starting the DHCP service.
- e. VLAN 1 and 2200 are reserved VLANs they are not available for user configuration
- f. GUI will be supported on the following browsers/version
 - i. IE10 and above
 - ii. Chrome
 - iii. Firefox
- g. Country code should be configured at the site-level for the AP radios to function.
- h. Auto-provisioning policy must be created before adopting APs to a site. Express Manager needs to be reloaded for any changes to the auto-provisioning policy to take effect.
- i. Event history page may experience slow to refresh when the event table size is large
- j. Default profile configuration (inherited from the system) can be modified at the sitelevel, however needs manual reconfiguration to revert to defaults
- k. Disable DFS checkbox under Advanced Smart-RF tab removes DFS channels from the available channel list
- I. Floor maps should be loaded independently on the standby in a cluster scenario
- m. Firmware upgrade for the Express Manager should be administered through the System basic configuration screen. Upgrading through the devices screen is not supported.
- n. Access to the NX 7510E USB port is not available from the Express Manager UI
- o. There is no periodic auto-refresh for the UI charts, tables and map. Needs manual page refresh using refresh button.
- p. Site icon can be removed from the Dashboard map only after the corresponding site profile has been deleted from the system.
- q. AP upgrade status is shown on the Active Express Manager while the upgrade is initiated from the Standby in a cluster setup
- r. Site connectivity to the Express Manager needs to be active for the mac-registration feature to function.
- s. For infinite lease option on the dhcp pool configuration, the user needs to set "0" for the day, hours and minutes.

10. ETSI 1.7.1 Adaptivity Limitation on AP 622, AP 6522, AP 6562

This note applies to the following APs that end with "-EU". These APs are sold to countries that comply with the EU directives - AP 622, AP 6522, and AP 6562. This does not apply to APs that end in "-US" or "-WR"

- Radio 1 will support operation as a 2.4Ghz data radio compliant with ETSI 1.7.1 adaptivity directive
- Radio 2 cannot be enabled for operation as a 2.4Ghz data radio. Radio 2 will support operation as a 5Ghz data radio only
 - o If using Radio 2 in 2.4Ghz, please enable Radio 1 for data access in 2.4Ghz
- When Radio 2 is configured as a dual-band security sensor with an ADSP appliance;
 - Radio 2 will not support Air Termination, AP Test, and Network Assurance at
 2.4Ghz band
 - o Radio 2 will support receive packet and forensic security analysis at 2.4Ghz band
 - Radio 2 will support Air Termination, AP Test, Network Assurance and all packet receive functions on the 5Ghz band



11. The following defaults and CLI commands / help-strings have been changed as part of the de-branding:

	WiNG 5.7.x	Older versions
Default username / password	admin / admin123	admin / motorola
Default DNS name	"WiNG-wlc"	"Motorola-wlc"
Default WLAN name	"WLAN-1"	"Motorola"
CLI command	"wing-extensions"	"motorola-extensions"
	"wing-ie"	"symbol-ie"
CLI help string	WiNG	Motorola or Symbol
802.1x default username / password	admin / admin123	admin / motorola

12. AP 6522/6532/6562/71xx - VRRP and OSPF feature support have been removed

New in v5.6.x

- 1. AP 6511 Firewall is disabled by default starting with WiNG 5.6 in order to meet the requirements for WiFi certification. Some features such as Captive Portal require firewall to be enabled.
- 2. IPV6 ACLs do not support the object oriented firewall feature in this release.
- 3. IPv6 implementation does not support IPsec VPNs in this release.
- 4. IPv6 MLD snooping is not supported on the ethernet switch ports on the NX 4524 and NX 6524 platforms. It is supported only on UP1, UP2 ports.
- 5. IPv6 When there are multiple DHCP servers (one for IPv4 and another for IPv6) that respond to option 191, ensure that both provide valid IP addresses/ hostnames. Otherwise, with both servers responding the later response will override the previous response. If the later response does not contain valid information, AP will not be able to adopt to the controller.
- 6. VX 9000 Only 1 GE1 interface is supported on the VX platform
- 7. VX 9000 instances running in Amazon EC2 must use "Elastic IP" to retain the public IP when the instance is stopped and restarted.
- 8. VX 9000 VMWare and other hypervisors need to be configured in promiscuous mode for features like VRRP to work correctly.
- 9. When creating a cluster between multiple VX 9000's, all instances should use identical resources (e.g. replication from one instance with higher memory to a smaller one can lead the smaller instance to run out of memory).
- 10. VX 9000 Ipv6 is not supported when using Microsoft HyperV as the virtualization platform. Dataplane support does not work correctly with Microsoft HyperV. It works fine with other supported hypervisors.



- 11. Captive Portal Time Based Voucher is only supported with Active: Standby configurations. Active: Active based clusters are not supported. The database gets replicated from the Active Controller to the Standby Controller periodically (default is 5 min).
- 12. eBGP Scaling by platform is as follows:
 - a. RFS 4000/RFS 6000 6000 routes
 - b. NX 9510 9000 routes
 - c. NX 4500/NX 6500 12 routes
- 13. T5 adoption https must be enabled on the WiNG controller for T5 adoption to work
- 14. Wired Captive Portal
 - a. If wired captive portal is being used along with wireless captive portal on the same controller, then same captive portal policy needs to be used for both wired and wireless captive portal enforcement.
 - b. If Wired captive portal is being implemented for a particular bridged vlan on the controller's physical interface that receives APs traffic, then applying wireless captive portal for the same bridge vlan is not valid, since the wireless client will then be subjected to captive portal enforcement twice.
- 15. The following default values have been changed/ corrected:
 - a. route-limit num-routes 12288 retry-count 5 retry-timeout 60 reset-time 1 route limit num-routes 12288 retry-count 5 retry-timeout 60 reset-time 3 reset time was changed from 1 to 3.
 - b. vrrp-state-check command previously present in "router ospf" context, has been moved to device/profile context
 - c. min-misconfiguration-recovery-time 120 Was increased from 60 to 120.

New in v5.5.6

- 1. Currently, for all events, forward-to-switch is on by default. Due to this setting a controller adopting many APs gets too many events sometimes. So for certain events, forward-to-switch setting will be off by default. This will apply whether event-system-policy is used on not. The events being changed are:
 - "dot11 client-associated", "dot11 client-disassociated", and "dot11 client-info".
- 2. Vulnerability updates in WiNG 5.5.6:

NTP v4.2.8p1 that addresses the following security vulnerabilities outlined in CVE-2014-9297, CVE-2014-9298, CVE-2014-9295, CVE-2014-9295, CVE-2014-9295, CVE-2014-9296 . CVE-2015-0235 - GHOST Linux Vulnerability. CVE-2014-4877 - wget updated to v1.16.

- **3.** Flow control on AP 6511 has been disabled to prevent transmission and receive of pause packets.
- **4.** AP discovery tool will work on windows 7 laptop only with static IP.

New in v5.5.5



- 1. When upgrading to WiNG 5.5.5 AP statistics will not be available on the controller until APs have also been upgraded to WiNG 5.5.5.
- 2. CPLD images on AP 7131/7161/7181 have been updated. AP 7131N CPLD image is without change.
- **3.** When upgrading to WiNG 5.5.5 with ADSP VM installed due to ADSP MAC address fix for SPR 26107 and memory fix, you first you need uninstall ADSP VM, upgrade and then install again on WiNG 5.5.5.
- **4.** "No service" page for captive portal enhancements:
 - WiNG 5.5 has introduced support for "no service" page support. However the failure page was ONLY displayed if the Access Point (or Wireless Client) can reach a DNS server. WiNG 5.5.5 addresses the issue with DNS reachability and provides option to configure "service monitor dns crm <crm-name> vlan <failover-vlan>". This service command will monitor DNS server reachability. When DNS server is not reachable, the clients are moved to failover-vlan. In the failover-vlan every time DNS request comes from captive portal clients, they are redirected to No-service page since DNS server is not reachable.

 In case of extended VLAN, CRM for service monitor should be configured on the controller
 - In case of extended VLAN, CRM for service monitor should be configured on the controller with sync-adoptees option. Any CRM state changes would be forwarded to the adopted devices which would redirect the wireless clients on the WLAN to no-service page in case the monitored CRM is down.
- **5.** AP 622/6522/6562 enhancement for radio 1 New configuration option to improve receive sensitivity of Radio 1 (2.4GHz) on AP622/AP6522/AP6562 platform. Useful for deployments with low AP density, high ceilings (warehouses), VOIP services etc.

Under radio configuration (profile/device → interface radio 1): service radio-lna ms
Default is "service radio-lna ang".

- **6.** WiNG 5.5.5 includes updated GNU bash program for NX series of controllers that fixes the Shellshock family of security vulnerabilities outlined in CVE-2014-6271, CVE-2014-7169, CVE-2014-7186, CVE-2014-7187, CVE-2014-6277 and CVE-2014-6278.
- 7. WiNG 5.5.5 includes ability to disable/enable sslv3 for https module under management policy context. This is to address CVE-2014-3566 aka Poodle attack. New command is "https sslv3". Default setting is "no https sslv3".
- **8.** MCD devices with Jedi radios can have connectivity issues when 5.5 and 11 mpbs rates configured on infrastructure. Impacted devices are: MC1790, MC5590, MC7590, MC7594, MC9590, MC9596, MC3190, MC75, MC9190, MC55, VC6090, VC6096, MT2090, MK3900, MK4900, MK590.
 - If SSID/band is used exclusively for 802.11g or 802.11gn devices (i.e. no 802.11b devices), configure the data-rates on the SSID/radio to be "g-only" or "gn" or custom with 5.5 and 11 Mbps excluded from the basic rate set.
 - If SSID/band is used by 802.11b-only devices as well, configure the data-rates on the SSID/radio to be custom with 1 Mbps and/or 2 Mbps as basic and exclude 5.5 Mbps and 11 Mbps from the supported rates.



New in v5.5.4

- 1. New event was added to track down IP address of associated client. All events are enabled by default in the system.
 - Rfs4000(config-event-policy)#event dot11 client-info
- 2. One can now configure SNMP community strings for SNMP traps. Previously it was using default community string public.
 - Rfs4000(config-management-policy-default)#snmp-server host <ip> <ver> <port> changed to

Rfs4000(config-management-policy-default)##snmp-server host <ip> <ver> <port> community ?

WORD Enter Trap Community Name

Host and Version is mandatory parameters while port (default 162) and community (default public) is optional parameters. Default community string is public.

New in v5.5.3

- The command "device-upgrade load-image <image-type> URL" changed to "device-upgrade load-image <image-type> <URL> <on device or domain name>". When on device or domain name is given then the image will be loaded on remote device or RF domain manager respectively. If URL is missing then location of the image will be images loaded on the self device
- 2. The command "show device-upgrade versions on rf-domain-manager" changed to "show device-upgrade versions on <device or domain name>".
- 3. New web UI:
 - a. When upgrading existing installations of controller managed AP 6522, AP 6521, AP 6511, AP 6562 it's not recommended to use new UI on the APs.
 - b. When using new web UI to configure Aps use of CLI at the same time is not recommended as it can lead to configuration corruption.
 - New web UI configuration can't be done though Nexus 7 chrome browser as all the fields are misplaced in UI.
 - d. New web UI doesn't have option to configure MCX feature.
- 4. Currently device upgrade on multiple rf-domains does not work from NOC controller when the RFDs are all controller managed. Each domain needs to be upgrade separately.
- 5. Smart-rf calibration has been removed in this release.
- 6. NX 9xxx controller will not reboot correctly if USB flash drive is mounted. Please remove the USB when rebooting the controller.
- 7. CDP and LLDP protocols are enabled by default on WiNG devices. If the wired infrastructure has a combination of managed and unmanaged switches and some are not CDP protocol aware, then CDP protocol needs to be disabled on AP profiles to avoid the L2 switch flooding the packets to all ports.
 - WiNG 5.5.x release introduced an enhancement to learn the APs wired side connected port through CDP or LLDP packet processing, so the CDP packet flooding needs to be avoided to eliminate the excessive packet flooding from the APS to controller.
- 8. WiNG 5.5.4 does NOT include support for ADSP unified mode for NX 7500 series.



New in v5.5.2

1. Change in behavior for "show wireless xxxxx" cli commands and techsupport for centralized controller deployments:

For centralized controller deployments (multiple RF-Domains across distributed locations), all "show wireless xxxxx" commands will resolve only to the local rf-domain. This will prevent a "show wireless xxxxx" cli command without any rf-domain specified or a techsupport dump operation initiated on the centralized controller from collecting statistics information from all the distributed locations (rf-domains). New mechanisms have been added to collect rf-domain specific statistics individually or globally.

2. New Display Mode in the CLI to view RF-Domain specific or global (across all rf-domains) wireless statistics:

From the CLI (in EXEC mode/privileged EXEC mode):

"on rf-domain_name>" sets the display mode for wireless statistics show commands to resolve to a particular rf-domain, all "show wireless xxxxx" commands executed in this mode will automatically return the output corresponding to that rf-domain without the user specifying the "on <rf-domain_name>" extension to every command.

"on rf-domain all" sets the display mode for wireless statistics show commands to run in global mode – i.e. for each "show wireless xxxxx" command that you run, the controller will display statistics across all rf-domains.

3. Ability to generate wireless stats summary report on a per rf-domain basis or globally (across all rf-domains):

From the CLI (in privileged EXEC mode) -

"service copy stats-report rf-domain <rf-domain-name> <URL>"

"service copy stats-report global <URL>"

Note: The above option could be utilized for generating inventory/reporting at a system level.

4. Deprecating the usage of TKIP Encryption:

From January 1st, 2014, the WPA TKIP is no longer allowed for Wi-Fi Alliance product certification. For AP/STA products wishing to support a legacy device that is capable of supporting only TKIP encryption, they are required to implement mixed mode with WPA/WPA2.

Following changes are enforced from WiNG 5.5.3 release onwards to comply with the above Wi-Fi Alliance requirement:

- a) Configuring encryption type as TKIP for a wlan will no longer be supported; wlans requiring to support TKIP clients should use tkip-ccmp as the encryption type.
- b) Upgrading from a prior WiNG 5.x to release to WiNG 5.5.3 will automatically modify the configurations for wlans using 'tkip' as encryption type to 'tkip-ccmp' and will add "service wpa-wpa2 exclude-ccmp" command to avoid any post upgrade incompatibility issues.



For new configurations, to handle certain legacy/non-Wi-Fi compliant client situations where the client driver is incompatible or does not operate properly in a mixed mode TKIP-CCMP configuration, add the following command "service wpa-wpa2 exclude-ccmp" to the wlan configuration. This configuration allows the wlan to operate in TKIP only mode until the non-compliant wireless clients are phased out of the network.

- 5. Change in terminology for adoption/upgrade related action commands/events/traps: With WiNG 5.5 One View deployment scenarios supporting controllers to be adopted and managed by a centralized controller cluster, existing "ap-xxxxx" action commands have been replaced with "device-xxxxx" action commands. For example: ap-upgrade xxxx will now be referred to as device-upgrade xxxxx. All adoption related events and traps are modified to reflect the "device" terminology
 - All adoption related events and traps are modified to reflect the "device" terminology instead of "ap".
- 6. Ability to optionally include 'dhcp client-identifier' as part of DHCP Discover/Request packets:
 - If your DHCP server uses dhop client identifier for static bindings (dhop lease reservations) and responds only to DHCP Discover/Requests with dhop client identifier present, then the client identifier can be included by configuring the following command "dhop client include client-identifier" under the SVI (interface vlan X) which is configured as DHCP client.
- 7. Auto-provisioning policy: 'reevaluate-everytime' command is modified to 'evaluate-always' and moved to 'auto-provisioning-policy' from device/profile context. Upgrade from 5.5.1 to 5.5.3 or later versions should work in accordance with location and syntax changes. However, downgrade from 5.5.3 to former versions would cause the command to disappear from all contexts.
- 8. Advanced WIPS feature is deprecated in this release. WiNG 5.6 will provide enhance WIPS functionality to replace deprecated feature.

New in v5.5.1

- 1. NIST SP 800-131A regulation made 1028 bit certificates obsolete as of January 1, 2014. All self-signed on-board certificates which are 1028 bits will be regenerated upon upgrade. Customers need to upgrade all third party certificates to be compliant to new regulations.
- 2. "show global domain managers" will show incorrect values for number of APs if domain has APs on version below WiNG 5.5.

New in v5.5

- 1. New images are introduced in WiNG 5.5 for the RFSxxx platforms. These images are labeled RFSxxx-LEAN-5.5.0.0-yyy.img. Where xxx is the target platform and yyy is the build version number. The new controller images do not include any AP images and are intended to be utilized on a site controller operating in a hierarchical typology.
 - For a controller operating in a non-hierarchical setup, the upgrade process doesn't involve copying the controller firmware to flash but rather it's copied to RAM. In this scenario, the traditional image (containing the AP images) can be used. However, in a hierarchical



- typology, during device-upgrade operation the controller image must be copied to flash. In this scenario the "lean" image must be used since the normal image does not fit in flash.
- 2. ONEVIEW Site Controller and access points must be in the same RF domain.
- 3. New notation has been introduced for channel width for all APs in WING 5.5. The new model is to specify the primary channel followed by 'w' or 'ww' to indicate 40MHz or 80MHz. Please see the product documentation for details.
- 4. ADSP-WiNG Integration:
 - The ADSP release 9.1 Unified mode image (released separately) that corresponds with WiNG 5.5 supports 1500 sensors by default. The administrator can run ADSP with fewer sensors per the table below to free resources for additional VMs, if required.

Sensor	CPU	RAM	HDD	Total WLAN devices	Total Active WLAN
Count	(vCPUs)	KAIVI	טטח	(BSS/Station)	devices
1500	12	16 GB	400GB	600,000	70,000

- When ADSP is in Unified Mode, it periodically synchronizes with WiNG tree hierarchy. If
 there are no Areas or Floors under an RF-domain it will create an Area and Floor under
 that RF-domain automatically in the ADSP scope tree. If later, an Area and Floor are
 created under that RF-domain within WiNG, they are automatically synchronized into
 ADSP (including synchronization of device placements).
- WiNG auto-provisioning rules have been expanded to include auto-placement of generic non-WiNG 5 devices. These rules are consumed by ADSP running in Unified mode to auto-place non-WiNG 5 and third party devices.
- 5. Leverage Level 2 MINT links when building out large multi-site deployments. This is not new in 5.5, but is a common issue when scaling large deployments. WiNG 5 uses Level 1 MINT links by default. There is direct communication between all Level 1 MINT neighbors increasing network traffic and database sizes on the WiNG nodes. Using level 2 MINT links summarizes this information, thereby creating a more efficient network design. Please see the NOC deployment guide for details.
- 6. WLAN controller does not retain saved auto upgrade configuration when downgrading from 5.5 to pre-5.5 release. This is because "ap-upgrade" commands were renamed to "device-upgrade" in 5.5. When upgrading to 5.5, the conversion happens automatically, however, when downgrading from 5.5 the previous firmware release does not understand "device-upgrade". The workaround is to manually fix the configuration.
- 7. Mesh Connex Migration With the introduction of Auto Channel Select, Mesh Connex Configuration will be migrated when the WLAN controller reboots. The following parameters get migrated:
 - Channel list from smart-rf is copied on to the rf-domain.
 - Priority meshpoint name and root recovery parameters are copied to the meshpoint-device configuration under device context or profile of the APs.
 - For Per-Area Smart RF, the channel list configured for that "Area" is directly configured to the device context of the APs which are part of that area.
- 8. Open up management access only to those subnets that the administrator will access the devices from. Leaving the management access open in general poses a risk to the network. This will also help eliminate known (medium/ low) vulnerabilities and unknown



- vulnerabilities that may be discovered in the future. At the time of the release there are no known high vulnerabilities (tested with Nessus/Qualys Guard/Tripwire-Purecloud).
- 9. Voice enterprise, Hotspot2.0, 802.11w and WIPS sensor features are currently not supported on AP 82xx Access Points. WiNG 5.7.x release supports the MOD-8132 3rd radio sensor module on the AP-8232 platform. LTE module is not supported.

10. Following is a list of clients that were validated for use with 11ac access points

MODEL	CONNECTIVITY	BAND	PHY
Macbook Air(2013)	PCle	ac+abgn	3x3:3
ASUS PCE-AC66	PCle	ac+abgn	3x3:3
Broadcom 11n - Asus G750J	PCle	ac+abgn	2x2:2
Edimax EW-7822UAC	USB 3.0	ac+abgn	2x2:2
Belkin F9L1106 v1	USB 2.0	ac+abgn	2x2:2
Netgear A6200	USB 2.0	ac+abgn	2x2:2
D-Link DWA-182 rev A1	USB 2.0	ac+abgn	2x2:2
Buffalo WI-U2-866D	USB 2.0	ac+abgn	2x2:2
Linksys AE6000	USB 2.0	ac+abgn	1x1:1
Asus AC1200	USB 2.0	ac+abgn	2x2:2
Zyxel NWD 6505	USB 2.0	ac+abgn	1x1:1
TRENDnet TEW-805UB	USB 3.0	ac+abgn	2x2:2

- 11. WiNG 5.5 extended L2tpv3 support for AP 6521, AP 621 and AP 6511. In addition on configuring l2tpv3 settings on those APs following is required to be set in AP profile for l2tpV3 to work "service l2tpv3 enable".
- 12. WiNG 5.5 introduced addition of precedence to ip nat rules.

ip nat inside source list mylist?

precedence Set precedence of access list

For example: ip nat inside source list mylist precedence 1 interface vlan2 overload

13. In WiNG 5.5 legacy mesh related show commands have been replaced with 'mint' to remove confusion with meshpoint functionality. Use "show wireless mint links" to see the legacy mesh links.

14. Captive Portal Deployments using External (or) Advanced pages:

Captive portal query string delimiter has been changed to '&' instead of '?' from WiNG 5.5 onwards. When upgrading to a 5.5.x based firmware, the JavaScript embedded in the external or advanced webpage(s) needs to be updated to parse the new style of query stings.

Following line needs to be modified under function getQueryVariable(variable),

var vars = query.split("?"); === change it to ==→ var vars = query.split(/[?&]/);

Please ensure that this function gets updated in all the captive portal pages that uses it.



New in version 5.4.x

1. Following vulnerabilities were addressed:

CVE-2010-4478 - OpenSSH J-PAKE Session Key Retrieval Vulnerability
CVE-2012-0814 - OpenSSH Commands Information Disclosure Vulnerability
Note: even though vulnerabilities were addressed – some vulnerability scan firmware that only checks the version number of the component as opposed to testing the actual vulnerability – might still report issue being present.

- 2. Transmit power adjustments for following platforms:
 - a. AP 6532 Adjustments to FCC, ETSI, and Japan
 - b. AP 8132 Adjustments to FCC, ETSI, and Japan
 - c. AP 622/AP 6522 Adjustments to FCC & ETSI
 - d. AP 6562 Adjustments to FCC & ETSI
- 3. When upgrading from prior versions new profiles for newly supported platforms will not be present in the startup-config. User can either create a default profile or do "erase startup-config".
- 4. Mismatch in controller and AP version (v5.4.2 and below) will cause extended VLANs not to work properly.
- 5. ADSP SA cannot be run through a mesh with AP7131N tri radio; non root AP has 3rd radio as sensor
- 6. Interoperability with Samsung S2 devices:

 A Samsung Galaxy S2 device sometimes fails t
 - A Samsung Galaxy S2 device sometimes fails to connect using EAP-MAC authentication and WEP64 encryption. It's recommended to reduce the number of attempts (authentication eap wireless-client attempts) from default 3 to 2.
- 7. With 802.11r enabled WLAN some clients might have problems associating. Please create a different WLAN for non 802.11r enabled clients.
- 8. ADSP Spectrum Analysis doesn't work over a mesh connection.
- 9. MCX max range feature the maximum range is 25 km except for 5Ghz 40Mhz channels where range is 24km.
- 10. WiNG 5.4 and above enforces the limit of policies on standalone APs. Current limit for DHCP, L2TPv3 policy and etc. is one policy per AP. When upgrading from WiNG 5.3 where the limit was not enforced only one policy will be maintained.
- 11. VMM please use following recommendations when configuring VMM feature:
 - Disable L2 Stateful Packet Inspection in Firewall Policy
 - o Disable Dynamic Chain Selection on the radio
 - o Use Opportunistic Rate Selection on the radio
 - o Disable A-MPDU Aggregation if vehicular speed is greater than 30 mph
 - Set RTS-Threshold to 1 on all mesh devices

Note: for more detail use case scenarios see AP 7161 VMM How-To guide.

- 12. It's recommended disabling IP DoS attacks in firewall policy when configuring IGMP snooping.
- 13. 10 GbE support on the NX 9510 is limited to SFP+ SR interfaces that are included in the controller. LR or XR SFP+ are not supported.



- 14. NX 9510 only supports extended VLANs in version 5.4.2. L2TPv3 tunneling, IPsec VPN, are not supported in v 5.4.2. These features will be supported in a future release.
- 15. When downgrading from WiNG 5.4 to a lower WiNG 5.x version through rf-domain, the user needs to downgrade without reloading APs and then do a manual reload on the rf-domain. The following are the CLI commands for this procedure:

ap-upgrade rf-domain <RF domain name> all no-reboot ... this downgrades all APs (including the RF domain manager) without rebooting them reload on <RF domain name> ... this reboots the entire RF domain.

Staggered reboot option is not supported in this downgrade scenario.

- 16. The Firewall has been enhanced in 5.4 to a per-VLAN firewall which can be enabled or disabled on a per-VLAN basis. Per VLAN Firewall is enabled by default. It can be enabled using "firewall" cli command and disabled using the "no firewall" command.
- 17. WiNG 5.4 adds support for the new USB chip for RFS6000. Previously support was added for the new power supervisor chip.
- 18. Number of CRM policies is limited to 1 for AP 6511, ES 6510, AP 6521, and AP 621. Number of CRM policies is limited to 4 for AP 6522, AP 6532, AP 650, AP 71x1, AP 622 and RFS 4011.
- 19. There is a single profile for AP71XX. However, for AP 7161 and AP 7181 placement is set to "outdoor" at the device level. So even though the profile in the controller doesn't have the "outdoor" setting, when configuration is pushed to the AP, the outdoor placement is automatically enforced.
- 20. Telnet is disabled on AP 621, AP 6521, ES 6510 and AP 6511, since these have limited memory.
- 21. On AP 6511, AP 6521, ES 6510 or AP 621, when adopted by a controller, the GUI is disabled, to make the memory available for other core functions such as additional mint routes. It is assumed that when an AP is adopted to a controller the controllers' GUI will be used for its configuration. To re-enable the GUI on these APs use the "memory profile" parameter. Note that when an adopted AP (6521, 6511) or ES 6510 is separated from a controller to operate in standalone mode, the GUI will remain disabled due to this feature, unless the above command is used.

If APs are already separated from the controller:

- a) Connect to AP CLI.
- b) Set memory profile to 'standalone' under device override or profile context.

If APs are adopted to controller then memory profile configuration change can be applied from controller CLI:

- a) Connect to Controller CLI.
- b) Set memory profile to 'standalone' under AP profile context.

Changing the memory profile reboots the AP which then comes up with GUI.

e.g. CONTROLLER(config-profile-default-ap6511)#memory-profile (adopted | standalone).

From previous releases (prior to 5.4.0.0):

- 1. Wireless Controller Access protocols
 - HTTPS/SSHv2/SNMP enabled by default
 - HTTP/Telnet Disabled is by default



- 2. Only two (2) controllers in a cluster are supported in WiNG 5.2 and higher, the same as in WiNG v5.1.x. Cluster creation changed in WiNG v5.2 as compared to WiNG v5.1.x To create a cluster, please do the following:
 - a. Controller 1 needs to be fully configured and functional
 - b. For controller 2 to be added:
 - Login to Controller 1. Configure "cluster name" if not already configured.
 - Log in to Controller 2, setup an SVI with a static IP address and make sure you can ping Controller 1 IP address. DHCP is not recommended for clustering since the IP address may change later on and the cluster may not form.
 - From Controller 2, execute "join-cluster < Controller 1 IP> username "admin" and the admins' password

rfs4000-22A3DE#cluster-join 10.10.1.1 username "admin" password <admin-password>

Joining cluster at 10.10.1.1... Done

Please execute "write memory" to save cluster configuration.

The requirement that user has to know the admin user name and pass word of Controller 1 makes sure that only the admin can add new controllers to the cluster. To make sure cluster config persists across reboots, user should do "write mem" explicitly after cluster is formed. The command "joincluster" changes only running-config, not startup-config.

- 3. When using Juniper ex2200-24p-4g or related models when connecting Zebra Access Points either disable IGMP snooping on the Juniper switches to ensure AP adoption or configure firewall policy filter that will allow the flow of traffic to specified destination-mac-address 01:A0:F8:00:00:00/48.
- 4. If using an 802.3af 10/100 power injector to power up the 802.11n APs, when plugged into a Gig E wired switch, please set link speed to 100 full, or user a GigE Power Injector.
- 5. Important Default Configuration Changes from 4.x to 5.x on the RFS

Description	4.x	5.x
ME1 default IP address	10.1.1.100	192.168.0.1
Auto upgrade enabled	On	On for all other platforms – controllers and AP. Disabled for the NX 9000 by default
HTTP enabled	On	Off
Default User Name/Password	admin/superuser	admin/motorola

6. APs (& ES) have a shadow or secondary IP for gaining access to the AP if the IP address of the AP is not known but the MAC address is known. To derive the shadow IP address of an AP, use the last two hex bytes of the AP's MAC address to determine the last two octets of the IP address.

AP MAC address - 00:C0:23:00:F0:0A

AP IP address equivalent - 169.254.240.10

To derive the AP's IP address using its factory assigned MAC address

a. Open the Windows calculator by selecting Start>All
 Programs>Accessories>Calculator. This menu path may vary slightly depending on your version of Windows.



- b. With the Calculator displayed, selct View>Scientific. Select the Hex radio button.
- c. Enter a hex byte of the AP's MAC address. For example, F0.
- d. Select the Dec radio button. The calculator converts the F0 to 240. Repeat this process for the last AP MAC address octet.
- 7. Default mode for a WLAN is tunnel. For Local bridging, please change config to "local bridging".
- 8. AP adoption: APs are adopted based on valid SKUs, once discovered under the Auto provisioning policy. AP's with mismatched SKU still get adopted to the controller, but their radio does not turn on.
- 9. If the system flash is full from packet traces, crash files or ap-images, then there may not be enough space left on the device to create hotspot pages. If this happens, users must clear enough space from flash to allow hotspot pages to be created.
- 10. Radius authentication of management users uses a different configuration model from 5.0. So if upgrading from 5.0 to 5.2 or higher and you are using radius authentication for management access, you need to either change it to local authentication before upgrade, or make the mode 'fallback' and then reconfigure after upgrade using the new config model (configuring under aaa-policy).
- 11. Client load balancing makes decisions based on the average load in a band, in a channel within a band and average AP load. Client load balancing ignores differences in what wlans APs are beaconing. Running client-load-balancing amongst APs with different wlan config, will lead to decisions that may cause clients to NOT associate on a certain wlan
- 12. Install wizard is available only on the RFS 40XX, among the controller platforms.
- 13. In WiNG 5.x, antenna power table for the AP 650 has been updated. User should confirm power settings for the AP 650s. In 5.3, the power table for AP 6521 has been updated.
- 14. Multicipher support: Some of clients keep on sending deauthentication request when associated to WEP security WLAN in multicipher configuration. Please use different BSSIDs with the same WLAN, with different ciphers.
- 15. Commit is not allowed with radio configuration having two WLANs mapped with different data rates, as this is not a supported configuration.
- 16. Mesh and SMART RF please exclude the Mesh APs from the SMART RF domain, as there may be channel changes due to RF interference that could disrupt the mesh link.
- 17. VPN feature has been re-implemented in WiNG 5.3 to provide a common, more optimized implementation on controllers and APs. Please use the config migration utility when upgrading from a WiNG 4.x release to WiNG 5.4.0. It is recommended that you save your old VPN config to assist in possible downgrades. Please see Note 2 on which VPN configurations cannot be converted using the migration utility, as they are not supported in 5.3. In particular, note that configurations containing AH and DES as IKE encryption algorithm cannot be migrated. For upgrades from WiNG 5.1.x or 5.2.x to WiNG 5.4.0, the VPN config migration is performed automatically (tool is not required).
- 18. IPsec VPN In comparison to VPN implementation on RFS controllers on WiNG 4.x or WiNG v5.x, here are the primary differences.
 - a. Authentication Header (AH) is not supported in v5.x, but was supported in WiNG 4.x VPN. Use ESP instead of AH.



- b. L2TP over IPsec is not supported in v5.x, but was supported in WiNG4.x VPN. WiNG 5.x supports XAUTH and can be used with a IPsec VPN clients. XUATH has been tested with Cisco and Safenet VPN clients.
- c. IKEv2 was not supported in WiNG 4.x, but is supported in WiNG 5.x.
- d. DES encryption is not supported in the IKE proposal.
- e. Transport mode is only supported for host-to-host rule, in other cases it will fall back to Tunnel mode.
- f. Transport mode NAT-Traversal not supported for IKEv1 and IKEv2 in 5.x. This is supported in tunnel mode.
- g. In the case of IKEv1, if PFS option for IPSec SA (under crypto map entry) is configured on both peers, then the value requested by the initiator is used for the tunnel. If the configured PFS value on the initiator end is lower than that configured on the responder, the lower value is used. If PFS is required, please configure the same PFS value in both the peers.
- h. The value of Kilobyte expiry of an IPSec SA (security-association lifetime kilobytes) can be configured to as low as 500KB. This has to be used with caution. If there is a lot of traffic on the tunnel and the value is set to very low value, the tunnel will end up in an indefinite rekeying IPSec SA state. This value has to be arrived at based on the maximum traffic that is expected on the tunnel and set such that there is an interval of at least a few minutes between rekeys. It is recommended that this value be set to a minimum of 512000 (500MB).
 - Impact from lack of the above 4.x features if any, is expected to be minimal.
- 19. IPsec VPN statistics following SNMP tables are not available for VPN statistics via SNMP they will be implemented in a future release wingStatsDevVpnIpsecSaTable, wingStatsDevVpnIpsecSaTrafficSelectorTable, wingStatsDevVpnIkesaTable.
- Built-in RADIUS server is available as a demo capability on AP 6521 and can be configured via CLI.
- 21. Auto-tunnel for VPN
 - a. A single group id/PSK is supported on RFS controllers. All APs use same group id/PSK.
 - b. When APs are behind NAT (e.g. two remote sites), it is required that the AP IP address are different.
 - c. Auto IPsec tunnel termination has been verified on Cisco Gateways with PSK/RSA authentication.

22. VRRP

- a. VRRP version 3.0 (RFC 5798) and 2.0 (RFC 3768) are supported. Default is version 2 to support interoperability. Please note that only version 3 supports sub-second failover.
- b. Services like DHCP, RADIUS, NAT, and VPN running on the virtual IP are supported
- c. For DHCP relay, you can point to the DHCP server as virtual IP
- d. For VPN, on the initiator side, remote peer can be configured as virtual IP
- 23. If using TFTP to upgrade an AP 6521, AP 6511, ES 6510 or AP 621, on the TFTP server please configure the following settings:
 - a. Per packet timeout in seconds: 15
 - b. Maximum retries: 20
- 24. When using iPods as clients, you may see WPA2 group key rotation handshake failures while MUs are idle (2.4GHz band). Change the handshake timeout to 2 sec to correct this problem. From the wlan config, the cli command is: wpa-wpa2 handshake timeout X (where X is the timeout in ms, within a range of 10-5000)



- 25. Auto assign sensor is not available for AP 6511, AP 6521, ES 6510 or AP 621 since this feature requires a reboot on low memory devices, which cannot be done with Smart RF enabled.
- 26. For IGMP Snooping version v2, v3, source specific multicast is not supported, this will be addressed in a future release.
- 27. To safeguard against unknown attacks, it is recommended that management access be restricted to authorized hosts/subnets. This can be done using the restrict-mgmt-access host/subnet cli command under management-policy.
- 28. RFS 7000 Compact flash card will not work on pre-Rev F RFS 7000 hardware.

29. NX 9XXX:

- NX 9000 requires a laptop with a minimum of 4GB RAM for viewing GUI with greater than 3000 AP.
- Extended VLANs are not supported on the NX 9000/NX 9500. Only Local VLANs are supported.
- There is no VPN, or Advanced WIPS support on the NX 9000/NX 9500.
- 30. AP 7131: PoE and Gigabit Ethernet Ports:

The AP 7131 family features upgraded Gigabit Ethernet (GE) ports. These ports are labeled as follows:

- GE1/PoE: GE1 is the LAN Port and supports 802.3af, 802.3at (draft) PoE.
- GE2: GE2 is the WAN port.

Single radio models can operate fully with 802.3af power sources. Dual radio models and tri-radio models can also power up two radios and GE1 interface with 802.3af power sources. At higher power levels, 2 radios and both Ethernet interfaces are fully functional in the dual and tri-radio models. Single, dual and tri- radio models can also operate using an A/C power supply. The third radio (dedicated WIPS sensor radio or a future modular off-the-shelf 3G WAN Express Card) on the tri-radio model requires 802.3at power levels, A/C power supply or a Gigabit Ethernet PoE+ injector.

The following table shows the radio and LAN resources available under various power configuration modes for the AP 7131 family:

		Ethernet Port
Available Power	Radio Resources	Configuration
Power Status: 3af (12.95W)	2 Radios	GE1 10/100/1000
Power Status: 3at (24W)	3 Radios (Express Card option	GE1 10/100/1000
	supported with radios at lower	GE2 10/100/1000
	power)	
Power Status: Full Power	3 Radios (with Express Card)	GE1 10/100/1000
(30W)		GE2 10/100/1000

When a Zebra 802.3af power injector (AP-PSBIAS-1P2-AFR) is used with AP- 7131 or AP 7131N, then the GE1 or LAN1 port will be limited to 10/100 Mbps. Zebra recommends the 802.3at (Draft) power injector (AP-PSBIAS-1P3-AFR) to be used with AP 7131/AP 7131N configurations.

31. When AP adopts to Controller, the clock is not getting sync with controller clock immediately. It happens over period of time depending on time delta.



7. DFS Tables, Sensor and Radio Share

1. Following is the DFS support in WiNG 5.8 for the supported radio platforms:

Product	Master DFS FCC	Master DFS IC	Master DFS ETSI	Master DFS Japan	Client DFS FCC	Client DFS IC	Client DFS ETSI	Client DFS Japan
AP 650 /6532	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
AP 7131	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
AP 7161	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
AP 7181	Disabled	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled
AP 6511	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
AP 621 /6521	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
AP 622/6522 /6562	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
AP 8132	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
AP 8122	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled
AP 8163	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled
MOD-8132- 6001S-WW	NA	NA	NA	NA	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
AP 8222/8232	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled
AP 7502	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	Enabled	Enabled
AP 7532/7522	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
AP 7562	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
RFS 4011	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Enabled

2. Air Defense sensor capabilities are supported on the 802.11n/802.11ac APs in this release, and are available for enabling the WIPS functionality as well as the Network Assurance Capabilities. There are some caveats on managing the AP directly via ADSP, for certain AP platforms:

Network Assurance Toolset when Radio is dedicated as a sensor	AP 621 6511 6521 (Note 1)	AP 650 6532	AP 622 6522 6562	AP 7131 7161 7181	AP 7532 7522 7562 (Note 4)	AP 8132 8122	AP 8232 8222	AP 7502
Spectrum Analysis	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
Advanced Spectrum Analysis	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Live RF	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Live View	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
AP Testing	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No



Connectivity	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Testing								

Note 1: GUI is disabled and number of SSH sessions is limited to 1

3. Radio Share functionality (allows for enabling the Network Assurance toolkit in ADSP, without dedicating a radio as a sensor) is available on the 802.11n/802.11ac APs with some caveats – please see details below:

Network Assurance Toolset with Radio Share	AP 6511 621 6521 (Note 1)	AP 650 6532	AP 622 6522 6562	AP 7131 7161 7181	AP 7532 7522 7562 (Note 4)	AP 8132 8122 8163	AP 8232 8222	AP 7502
Spectrum Analysis (Note 2)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Advanced Spectrum Analysis((Note 3)	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No
Live RF	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Live View	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
AP Testing	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Connectivity Testing	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No

- Note 1: GUI is disabled when Radio Share is enabled.
- Note 2: Spectrum Analysis is not supported with Radio share enabled.
- Note 3: Advanced Spectrum Analysis in RadioShare mode may impact WLAN performance.
- Note 4: ADSP support for AP 7532/ AP 7522 will be available in v9.1.2.

8. Issues Fixed

Following issues have been fixed in WiNG 5.8 release:

SPR#	Description	
27472	SNMPD memory leak found on the 5.5.5.x version	
27522	AP 6532 flash corruption upon reboot/power-failure	
27765	AP 7532 sensor is not terminating clients associated to legacy Cisco AP at 5GHz on DFS channels	
27821	Auto-Provisioning Policy is not removed completely when deleted from the Express Manager UI	
27885	NX9510 stops responding and un-adopts APs due to large number of open sockets and eventually running out of FDs.	
27922	When creating an auto provisioning policy rule, the RF Domain drop down list is not in alpha/numeric order.	
27830	AP 8232 USB sensor module not initializing	
27860	SSM crash seen while processing neighbor report update from a radio in controller managed rf-domain	
27973	Not able to adopt 12 APs in train-car/mesh setup.	
CQ 87873	Need stats about the radius server on the AP.	
CQ 209676	Hostname command does not allow dot "." in the name	



9. Known Issues

Following issues are known issue in WiNG 5.8:

CQ/ SPR	Headline	Comments
CQ 202258	CP Bandwidth voucher: User is not getting configured data limit for bandwidth based voucher	This is seen for the upstream traffic which is the opposite of the general traffic in a hotspot, and TCP based applications will anyway back off once they are throttled
CQ 200221	Even after disabling routing "show ip route" has all static route entry and traffic between two network is not dropped	
CQ 204643	WiNG Express Manager – terminate rogue device function may not work in certain conditions	
CQ 204465	WiNG Express Manager – Cluster license count is not displayed on the UI page	
CQ 208461	Captive Portal: Disconnecting a session may not land user on a login page	Observed with 'https' and internal landing page
CQ 207156	Captive Portal: OAUTH may not work properly with Lumina phone running older Windows version (< 8.1)	
CQ 208835	Zebra NSight: Filter by WLAN is not relevant in Top/Bottom 10 APs by channel utilization widget	Channel utilization is a per-AP statistics and cannot be filtered by WLAN
CQ 207979	Zebra NSight: Modifying a scheduled report schedule may not work properly.	Workaround is to delete the existing schedule and recreate
CQ 209276	Application Visibility & Control: Few websites under directdownload may not get recognized for policy control	The list of unrecognized sites: bestsharing.com bigfilez.com data.hu easy-share.com fast-load.net filebase.to megafree.kz netuploaded.com rapidshark.pl shragle.com up.4share.vn upload.com.ua uploadbox.com uploader.pl videobb.com freespace.by



CQ 208333 Application Visibility & Control: Applications from the Symbian OS browser may not be correctly recognized for policy control CQ 208333 Application Visibility & Control: DOFUS game application version "v.2.28.9.94430.3" may not be recognized for policy control CQ 200221 NX 7500 may display error logs when reset to factory default CQ 208406 'sh boot' after software fallback does not reflect the fallback action CQ 208273 EX 3500 Management: Configuring class-map and policy-map description does not allow special characters CQ 209064 File operations in GUI does not work while using file names with special character CQ 206885 The WiNG GUI may become unresponsive in Firefox browser when 10,000+ adopted APs are displayed on the navigation tree CQ 207946 EAP termination functionality may not work with certain versions of Cisco-ISE CQ 206387 IPSec: Cannot configure multiple transform sets in crypto map using GUI CQ 207562 AP 8132 sends Aggregated FT response with both category code 126 and 6 in a certain configuration condition CQ 209002 WING Express Manager: option to upload main/small logo not available for the captive portal flash pages CQ 209653 Zebra NSight: Table data for sensor APs in the MAPVIEW / Floormap may show inapplicable channel value CQ 210074 EX 3500 Management: wwitch port VLAN configurations may not get configured properly after the controller reload operation			
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after the controller reload operation			console port on the EX switch
		after the controller reload operation	

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