



# ExtremeCloud Edge v5.12.01 Managed Orchestration Deployment Guide

Configuration and Management from Universal  
Compute Platform

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October 2025



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# Abstract

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The ExtremeCloud Edge v5.12.01 Managed Orchestration Deployment Guide provides comprehensive procedures for deploying ExtremeCloud Edge within the Universal Compute Platform environment. Version 5.12.01 introduces support for multiple availability zones within a multi-node cluster for added redundancy. Key setup requirements for Managed Orchestration include detailed hardware specifications and network configurations, such as Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for high availability and load distribution. The guide emphasizes the deployment of Kubernetes clusters and Docker containers for application orchestration, along with configuring firewall policies and network addressing schemes. It delves into the intricacies of inter-cluster communication for synchronization and node health monitoring over a 10 Gbps backplane. Additionally, the guide covers the configuration of cluster states, pre-deployment readiness checks, and software provisioning, including the integration with the ExtremeCloud IQ engine for centralized cloud management. Detailed instructions on network segmentation, private IP schemes, and persistent connections to ExtremeCloud services ensure robust operational performance. Revision AB of this guide adds a topic for how to complete the Network Service Configuration and an optional procedure for how to configure a persistent connection to ExtremeCloud.



# Preface

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Read the following topics to learn about:

- The meanings of text formats used in this document.
- Where you can find additional information and help.
- How to reach us with questions and comments.






## Text Conventions

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Unless otherwise noted, information in this document applies to all supported environments for the products in question. Exceptions, like command keywords associated with a specific software version, are identified in the text.

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**Table 1: Notes and warnings**

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	Tip	Helpful tips and notices for using the product
	Note	Useful information or instructions
	Important	Important features or instructions
	Caution	Risk of personal injury, system damage, or loss of data
	Warning	Risk of severe personal injury

**Table 2: Text**

Convention	Description
screen displays	This typeface indicates command syntax, or represents information as it is displayed on the screen.
The words <i>enter</i> and <i>type</i>	When you see the word <i>enter</i> in this guide, you must type something, and then press the Return or Enter key. Do not press the Return or Enter key when an instruction simply says <i>type</i> .
<b>Key</b> names	Key names are written in boldface, for example <b>Ctrl</b> or <b>Esc</b> . If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+). Example: Press <b>Ctrl+Alt+Del</b>
<i>Words in italicized type</i>	Italics emphasize a point or denote new terms at the place where they are defined in the text. Italics are also used when referring to publication titles.
<b>NEW!</b>	New information. In a PDF, this is searchable text.

**Table 3: Command syntax**

Convention	Description
<b>bold</b> text	Bold text indicates command names, keywords, and command options.
<i>italic</i> text	Italic text indicates variable content.
[ ]	Syntax components displayed within square brackets are optional. Default responses to system prompts are enclosed in square brackets.
{ <b>x</b>   <b>y</b>   <b>z</b> }	A choice of required parameters is enclosed in curly brackets separated by vertical bars. You must select one of the options.
<b>x</b>   <b>y</b>	A vertical bar separates mutually exclusive elements.
< >	Nonprinting characters, such as passwords, are enclosed in angle brackets.
...	Repeat the previous element, for example, <i>member[member...]</i> .
\	In command examples, the backslash indicates a “soft” line break. When a backslash separates two lines of a command input, enter the entire command at the prompt without the backslash.

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- A description of any actions already taken to resolve the problem
- A description of your network environment (such as layout, cable type, other relevant environmental information)
- Network load at the time of trouble (if known)
- The device history (for example, if you have returned the device before, or if this is a recurring problem)
- Any related RMA (Return Material Authorization) numbers



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4. Select **Subscribe**.
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- Broken links or usability issues.

To send feedback, email us at [Product-Documentation@extremenetworks.com](mailto:Product-Documentation@extremenetworks.com).

Provide as much detail as possible including the publication title, topic heading, and page number (if applicable), along with your comments and suggestions for improvement.

## Revision History

**Table 4: Revision History**

Revision	Date	Description
AA	24 Sept. 2025	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Initial publish</li></ul>
AB	08 Oct. 2025	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Added <i>Network Service Configuration</i></li><li>• Added procedure <i>Configure Persistent Connection to ExtremeCloud</i>.</li></ul>



# Introduction

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[Managed Orchestration Cluster](#) on page 11

[Kubernetes](#) on page 12

[Deployment Responsibilities](#) on page 13

The *ExtremeCloud Edge - Managed Orchestration Deployment Guide* provides comprehensive procedures for deploying and configuring the infrastructure that enables the running of ExtremeCloud applications at a customer's premises, as supported by the ExtremeCloud Edge - Managed Orchestration offering.

This document details the steps related to setting up the hosting environment, which consists of a variable-sized cluster of Universal Compute Platform hosts and the corresponding network and access requirements for the solution. The Universal Compute Platform cluster provides a Kubernetes-based containerized environment over which the components (container microservices) of the ExtremeCloud application portfolio are installed. The cluster essentially abstracts the local installation to mirror the platform and middleware dependencies of ExtremeCloud public installation.

This guide outlines the installation steps and setup for the hosting environment, in advance of the installation of ExtremeCloud application suites. Installation and management of the lifecycle of ExtremeCloud application software is provided by ExtremeCloud OPS as a managed service.

Network setup and Access configuration are key elements of the installation. This document provides configuration details pertaining to the setup of the cluster and the application interface to the network. The setup includes network addressing, configuring the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP), and crucial firewall settings. VRRP support provides high availability and load balancing while the firewall settings are required for egress and ingress of service operations as well as CloudOps lifecycle management.

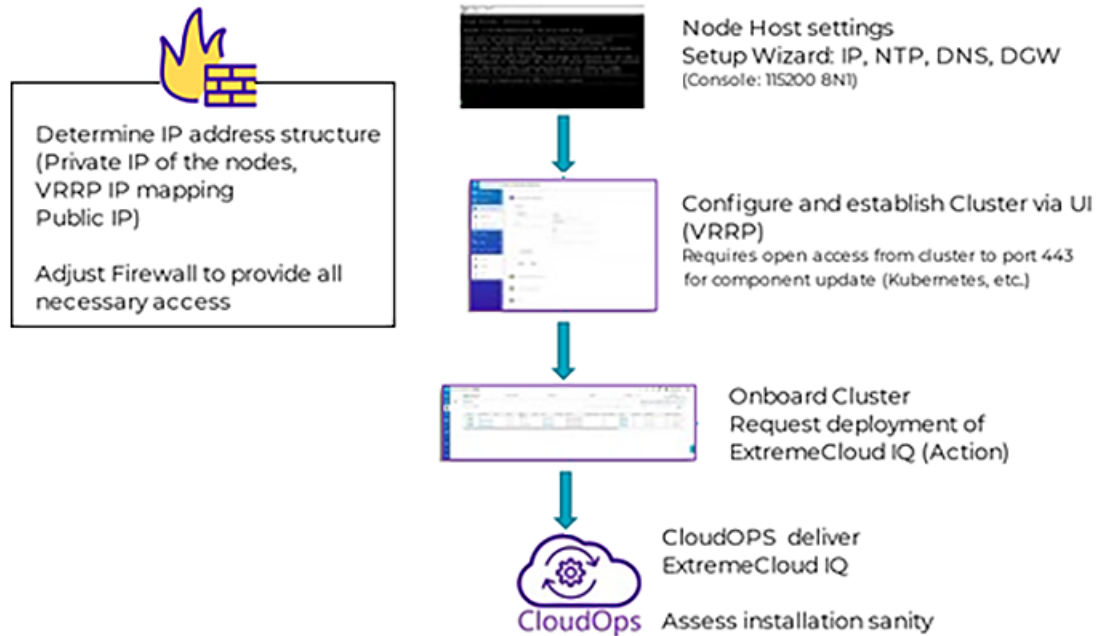
Additionally, the guide covers the configuration of cluster states, pre-deployment readiness checks, and software provisioning. This includes integration with the ExtremeCloud IQ engine for centralized cloud management. This guide provides detailed information about network segmentation, private IP schemas, and persistent connections to ExtremeCloud IQ services.

## Related Links

[Managed Orchestration Deployment Training Video](#)

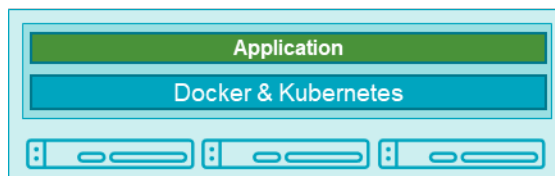
## Managed Orchestration Cluster

Universal Compute Platform leverages Kubernetes and Docker to deploy and manage the delivery of applications to the customer premises.



**Figure 1: ExtremeCloud IQ Deployment Workflow**

The following figure depicts the three physical host boxes required for Universal Compute Platform, with ports mapped as follows:



As an option, the system leverages VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) to provide support for both high-availability and load balancing, supported by an NGINX engine. All service operations to the cluster should be directed to the corresponding VRRP IP so that the load balancing logic can direct the request to the best node.

Deployment configuration requirements vary over different applications deployed into the Universal Compute Platform. One main requirement in the establishment and operation of the cluster is the Inter-Cluster Connection. This connection operates as the backplane between nodes in the cluster. This backplane carries all the synchronization data between nodes for both component and data states. It is a best practice to deploy the interface as a segregated 10 Gbps inter-connect (separate switch port), allowing for the best performance in synchronization between nodes.

- Inter-Cluster Connection: Backend interaction and synchronization between all the members of a cluster. Minimum required connection requires 10 Gbps between nodes.
- The internal Kubernetes engine requires the reservation of two (2x) /16 subnets. This set of IP Address ranges is for internal use only by inter-component and framework operations. This reserved range can be anything, but customer should ensure that this IP address range does not conflict with any routable address space within the organization.

## Kubernetes

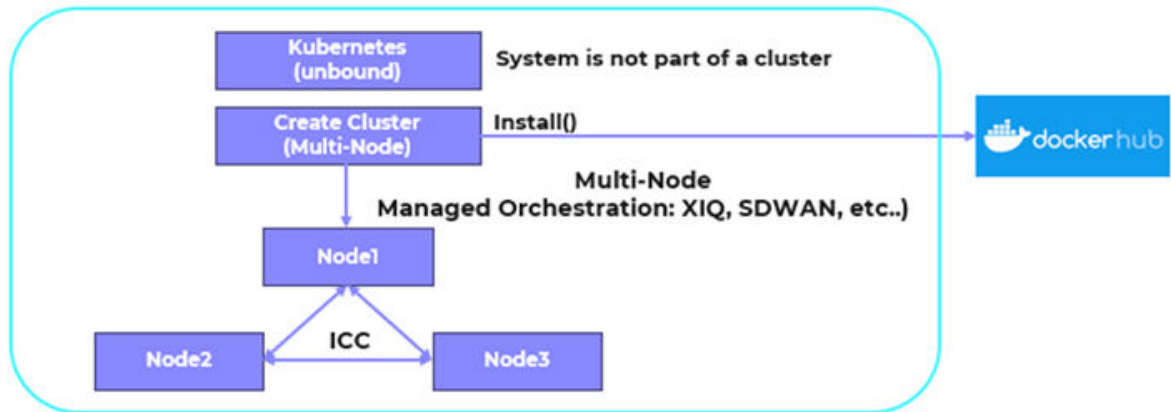
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Universal Compute Platform is built on Kubernetes middleware. Kubernetes provides a unifying structure for application delivery and provides integrated management of application state along with clustering capabilities.

Kubernetes components must be downloaded and installed during the cluster configuration stage. After you select **ExtremeCloud Edge – Managed Orchestration** as the cluster type and initialize the cluster, the appliance connects to Docker Hub to download additional Kubernetes components based on your installation requirements. The appliance installs the components and creates the cluster.

For example, the installation may reach out to Docker Hub and redirect to `registry.k8s.io` and `amazon.aws` as follows: `https://prod-registry-k8s-io-eu-central-1.s3.dualstack.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com`.

After the cluster is created, Kubernetes binds to the ICC VRRP address.



**Figure 2: Cluster Creation with Kubernetes**



#### Note

- Because of the ICC binding, it's recommended to use the data ports for application management rather than the ICC ports. If you change the ICC address or ICC VRRP address, the Kubernetes binding breaks and the Kubernetes installation unwinds, effectively wiping out the installation with the fix being to reinstall and reconfigure.
- Kubernetes requires the reservation of two /16 subnets for use by the Pod and Service Networks (the default ranges are 10.96.0.0 and 10.97.0.0). Make sure that the ranges that you use do not overlap with routing domains.

## Deployment Responsibilities

This topic outlines the key deployment responsibilities for deploying ExtremeCloud Edge on Universal Compute Platform. Each of the following key personnel have unique responsibilities:

- Customer On-Site Representative
- Extreme CloudOps
- System Administrator of Universal Compute Platform

### Customer On-Site Representative

Customer On-Site Representatives are responsible for the following tasks:

- Set up a firewall that enables cluster access to the appropriate internet ports (for example, port 443) and enables CloudOps access. Follow the firewall configuration guidelines under [Firewall Access for Critical Settings](#) on page 17.
- Configure each node for service — Provide the necessary IP, DNS, and Host addresses, ICC Configure and form cluster (VRRP).
- Register the cluster with an ExtremeCloud IQ Public account.
- Register an ExtremeCloud IQ deployment request. The request requires a valid XIQ-EDGEOPS-S-EW in good standing. This SKU is a required component of an ExtremeCloud Edge BOM quote.

For detailed information, see [Managed Orchestration Cluster](#) on page 11.

**Note**

The *ExtremeCloud Edge - Managed Orchestration Deployment Guide* covers tasks that are mostly completed by the Customer On-Site representative.

## Extreme CloudOps

ExtremeCloud IQ CloudOps is responsible for the following tasks:

- Deploy ExtremeCloud applications to the Universal Compute Platform cluster.
- Create monitoring and backup frameworks.
- Validate the state of all operational components.

## Universal Compute Platform Administrator

Universal Compute Platform Administrators are responsible for the following tasks:

- Create ExtremeCloud IQ user accounts for end-device management.
- Onboard managed devices from the ExtremeCloud IQ local account.



# Requirements

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[ExtremeCloud Edge Planning](#) on page 15

[Firewall Access for Critical Settings](#) on page 17

[Availability Zones](#) on page 18

[Prerequisites for ExtremeCloud Edge Installation](#) on page 20

[Supported Hardware for Managed Orchestration](#) on page 28

This section outlines requirements for deploying a Managed Orchestration Deployment of ExtremeCloud Edge.

## ExtremeCloud Edge Planning

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This guide outlines the steps required to prepare a cluster environment that will support deployment of ExtremeCloud Edge applications to the customers' premises.

### Minimum Requirements for Installation

- Four Public IP addresses exposed via the firewall and port-forwarded to the internal service sets
- Firewall adjustments to allow communication of system functions to external entities (licensing, component upgrades, device management) and CloudOPS access for lifecycle management of the installed applications/software. Please refer to section [Firewall Access for Critical Settings](#) on page 17.
- A cluster of Universal Compute Platform appliances.



#### Note

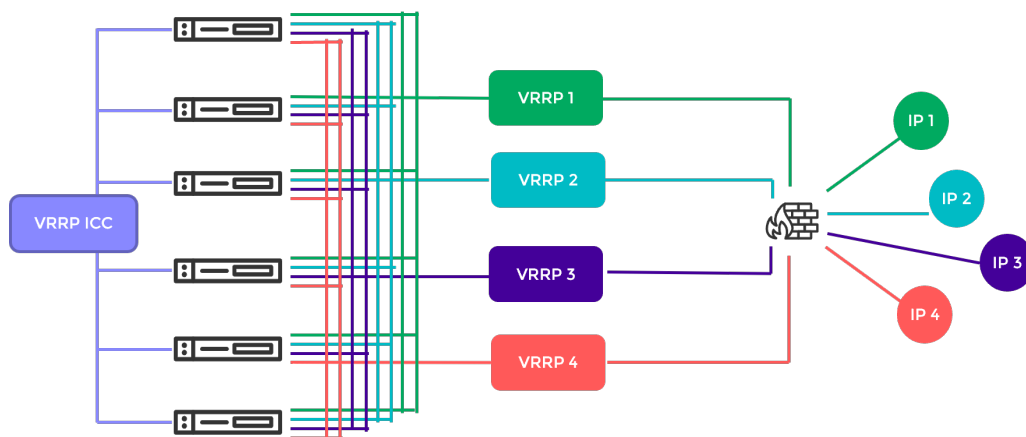
The cluster size must be a multiple of three. The minimum cluster size for ExtremeCloud IQ with up to 5,000 devices is three nodes. However, six nodes is the typical size for most deployments. Check with your sales representative to size your deployment according to your application choices and capacity requirements.

- Network Connectivity for the hosts both in backplane (ICC) and application data operations (data ports). 10 Gbps minimum links recommended.
- ICC: Interconnect (backplane) for cluster operations, component state and shared filesystem synchronization. Each node requires connection of ICC to common backplane network segment.
- Data: Interfaces that the applications will use with other devices or systems for operation management, such as remote device management (for access points

and switches) and license services. Data interface is also utilized for remote lifecycle management of installed software.

Application requirements for the cluster configuration:

- Four IP addresses representing the various services offered by the application to provide load balancing (Service Set 1 – 4).
- Each node in the cluster must map each of the services to a data interface, and all services can be mapped into the same interface. The same data interface can represent a direct point of reference for each of the front-end VRRP services.
- Four VRRP IP address are required to support port-overlap services for different services or a functional model (such as CAPWAP Master vs CAPWAP Server).



### Out-of-Bound Routing for Outgoing Traffic

The VRRP service set mappings provide load balancing and service abstraction for incoming traffic. For outgoing traffic that originates from installed components, including responding to incoming traffic that came through these mappings, is steered through the default gateway. At the internal firewall, the source address for the outgoing traffic is the address of the data interface on the node from which the traffic originated.

## Service Set 1: Administration, Account Access (https), CAPWAP Master, Diagnostics

**Table 5: Example port assignments for Service Set 1**

Port	Protocol	Service	Description
80	TCP	CAPWAP	CAPWAP Master
443	TCP	NGINX	ExtremeCloud IQ Admin, software management
1443	TCP	XAPI	ExtremeCloud IQ API
2083	TCP	IDM	IDM Auth
12222	UDP	CAPWAP	CAPWAP Master



## Service Set 2: AP Registration/CAPWAP Load Balancing

**Table 6: Example port assignments for Service Set 2**

Port	Protocol	Service	Description
80	TCP	CAPWAP	CAPWAP Master
443	TCP	SD-WAN	SD-WAN Communicator
5825	TCP	Inlets	Device Communication
8090	TCP	Inlets	Device Communication
9090	TCP	SD-WAN	SD-WAN Communicator
12222	UDP	CAPWAP	CAPWAP Master

## Service Set 3: AP Registration/CAPWAP Load Balancing

**Table 7: Example port assignments for Service Set 3**

Port	Protocol	Service	Description
80	TCP	CAPWAP	CAPWAP Master
443	TCP	SD-WAN	SD-WAN Communicator
12222	UDP	CAPWAP	CAPWAP Master

## Service Set 4: AP Registration/CAPWAP Load Balancing

**Table 8: Example port assignments for Service Set 4**

Port	Protocol	Service	Description
80	TCP	CAPWAP	CAPWAP Master
443	TCP	NGINX	ExtremeCloud GDC access
1443	TCP	XAPI	ExtremeCloud IQ API
1444	TCP	API	GDC API
1445	TCP	License	ExtremeCloud IQ License Management
12222	UDP	CAPWAP	CAPWAP Master

## Firewall Access for Critical Settings

In a typical on-premise installation, the cluster is installed behind an access firewall, providing network address translations between the public and private address spaces. Always allow access for CloudOps management of the cluster. The standard deployment of ExtremeCloud Edge requires four public IP addresses to front-end the installation. They are mapped to forward traffic into the four VRRP IP addresses of the service sets.

During system setup, the following configuration settings are critical to the deployment:

- Default Gateway: Each node in the cluster supports a single default gateway (0.0.0.0/0) definition. This gateway must be mapped to a next-hop attached on the data port interface.

**Note**

Do not configure the default gateway to map to the Inter-Cluster Connection (ICC) interface. The ICC is an internal connection between systems that is not used for management or operation of the cluster.

- DNS server: At least one reachable DNS server must be configurable, allowing the system to resolve several URLs during installation and interaction with ExtremeCloud IQ and CloudOps functions.
- Network Time Protocol (NTP) Servers: At least one reachable NTP, allowing the system to synchronize its time with a trusted time source. The same NTP must be configured, in the same order, on all nodes in the cluster.

A best practice is to have two NTP definitions to support availability of the primary server. If there is an issue with the primary server, the system resorts to the alternate server.

## Availability Zones

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Before you set up a multi-node cluster, decide on whether to deploy multiple availability zones.

Availability zones let you split a multi-node cluster into separate operational zones where cluster services and applications are distributed across zones. Availability zones add redundancy and improve reliability by ensuring that cluster services and applications remain active even if one of the zones becomes unavailable for any reason.

To deploy multiple availability zones, each zone requires a power supply, cooling, and internet connectivity that is independent of the other zones. You can house the different zones within a single location that has been segregated according to these requirements, or you could add geographic redundancy by housing each zone in a different geographic location.

Feature support includes:

- Maximum of three zones per cluster.
- Minimum of three nodes per zone.
- Each zone within a cluster must have the same number of nodes.
- Individual cluster nodes can belong to a single zone only.

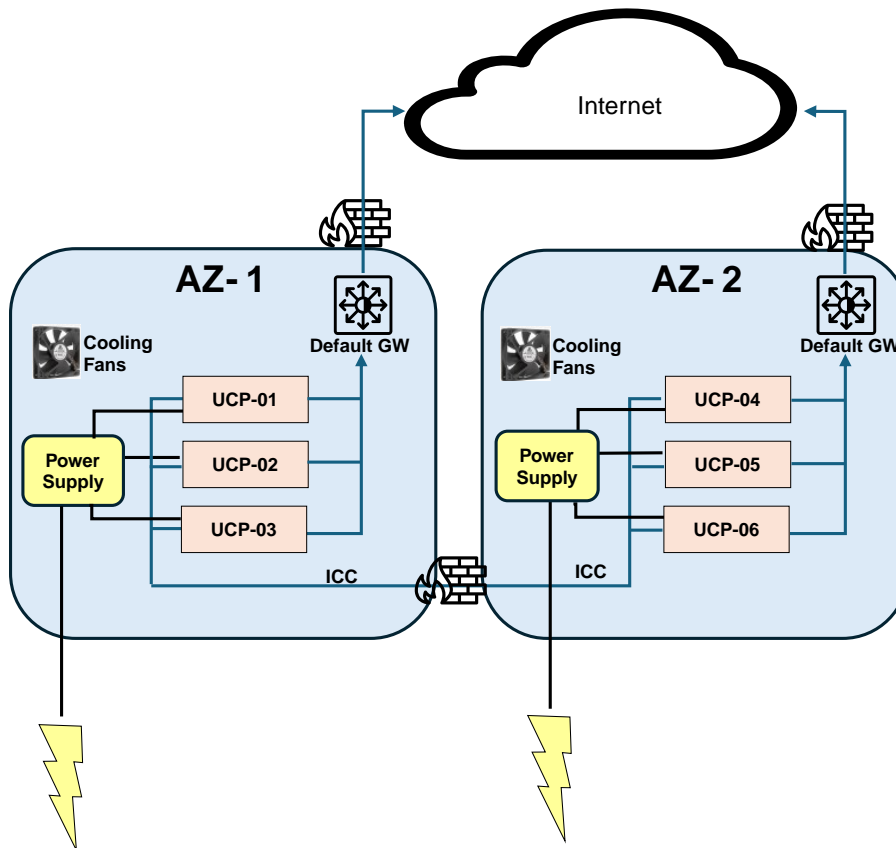
- Minimum cluster size to deploy multiple availability zones is six nodes. This cluster size can provide a two-zone cluster with three nodes in each zone.
- The default cluster setting is a single availability zone with all nodes being located within that zone.

**Note**

Availability zones can be configured only during the initial cluster creation phase. Once the cluster is created, there is no option to reconfigure the number of zones. You must reinstall and recreate the cluster to change the zone configuration. There is also no option to add or remove availability zones after an upgrade or while adding nodes to an existing cluster.

**Example**

The following example illustrates a six-node cluster that is split into two availability zones of three nodes each. Each zone has independent power, cooling, and connectivity.



**Figure 3: Multiple Availability Zones for a Six-Node Cluster**

## Prerequisites for ExtremeCloud Edge Installation

Address planning is the fundamental step in successful deployment of the Universal Compute Platform to support installing ExtremeCloud applications such as ExtremeCloud IQ. It is important to understand the following:

- Decide how you will deploy and access the services offered by the cluster. Is the cluster going to serve applications that operate only within the on-premises installation? Or is application access going to require external access? Pre-determination of the IP address and connectivity structure are fundamental to a successful deployment. These deployment decisions drive the configuration choices.
- Consider the address plan of the installation, including how the cluster is going to be presented externally via a firewall.

Each externally exposed address must be mapped to an internal VRRP of the cluster. You can either directly expose the VRRP IP addresses for the three service sets directly through a firewall, or in the case of NAT translation, ensure that the externally available IP addresses are mapped 1:1 to the internal services, and that the corresponding application ports are allowed for access (per firewall rules definition).



### Important

Before you begin step-by-step configuration, make sure that you clearly understand and document all the elements of the network presence and topology related to the deployment.

The Inter-Cluster Connection (ICC) IP address is critical to the continuous operation of the system. If address definitions for ICC require re-addressing, the entire cluster will need to be rebuilt and the application re-deployed in order to re-establish all the correct references of services within the cluster.

It is strongly recommended that the *entire* IP address structure for all services be defined once and not changed. Re-addressing can expose internal dependencies on references to mapped services and therefore affect the integrity and stability of the deployed installation.

## IP Addresses

The most important point of definition is to record the IP address relationship between the cluster's direct interfaces (Node, Service Set, Virtual IP address (VIP)), and external access. Each node has its own data interface IP address.

**Table 9: IP address relationship between the cluster's direct interfaces and external access**

Service Set	Virtual IP (VIP)	Public IP
Service Set 1 (cmudp, cmtcp, cmauth, https)	<i>VIP 1</i>	<i>Public IP 1</i>
Service Set 2 (csupd1, cstcp1)	<i>VIP 2</i>	<i>Public IP 2</i>

**Table 9: IP address relationship between the cluster's direct interfaces and external access (continued)**

Service Set	Virtual IP (VIP)	Public IP
Service Set 3 (csudp2, cstcp2)	<i>VIP 3</i>	<i>Public IP 3</i>
Service Set 4 (csudp3, cstcp3)	<i>VIP 4</i>	<i>Public IP 4</i>

## VRRP Configuration

In support of load balancing and high-availability functions, the Universal Compute Platform relies on Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) to provide IP abstraction to key functionality. VRRP is critical in the configuration model.

The following operation settings must be defined as part of the VRRP configuration of member nodes:

- **Priority**— VRRP uses priority settings as a mechanism to arbitrate mastery of the state of exchanges across members of the cluster.

The node with the higher priority defaults to the master. However, in the case of failovers of the master node, VRRP algorithms assign mastery to the next higher priority member of the cluster. Therefore, it is important to properly assign corresponding priority settings to each node, so that their hierarchical priority in terms of VRRP state ownership is clear.

As a best practice:

- Designate node 1 as the highest priority, node 2 for second highest priority, and nodes 3-6 as lower priority.
- The same priority should be used across all services (ICC, Services)
- **RouterID** — This setting allows segmentation of a routing domain, and it is important to separate from any other VRRP uses on the same network segment. The assigned value is arbitrary, but the value must not overlap when another VRRP usage is visible in the attached network segments.

*Inter-Cluster VRRP Configuration*

An Inter-Cluster Connection refers to the back-end interaction and synchronization between all the members of a cluster. Minimum required connection requires 10 Gbps between nodes.

**Table 10: Inter-Cluster Connection VRRP Configuration**

	Nodes 1 -6 (Port #)
ICC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Node 1 ICC IP /CIDR</li> <li>• Node 2 ICC IP/CIDR</li> <li>• Node 3 ICC IP/CIDR</li> <li>• Node 4 ICC IP/CIDR</li> <li>• Node 5 ICC IP/CIDR</li> <li>• Node 6 ICC IP/CIDR</li> </ul>
VLAN	VLAN Tagged/Untagged
Port type	Physical
<b>VRRP</b>	
VRRP IP addresses	ICC VRRP IP
Priority	Set a unique priority for each node. For example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Highest (200)</li> <li>• Next (150)</li> <li>• Medium (100)</li> <li>• Next (75)</li> <li>• Next (50)</li> <li>• Low (25)</li> </ul>
Router ID	ID (2)

*Services VRRP Configuration*

The VRRP configuration relates to the number of services you are exposing. Configure a VRRP IP address (VIP) for each service.

**Table 11: Services VRRP Configuration**

	Nodes 1-6 (Port #)
Data Port	Node Port IP /CIDR. Unique Port IP for each node.
VLAN	VLAN Tagged/Untagged
Port type	Physical
<b>VRRP</b>	
VRRP IP address (VIP)	6 VIP addresses. Unique VIP for each node
Priority	Unique priority value for each VIP
Router ID	ID (1)

## Reserved IP Addressing

Container orchestration by Kubernetes within the cluster requires reservation of private network segments for each Pod. Plan for network segmentation regardless of your deployment mode.



### Note

Review the default IP range values for your pod and service networks in the following table. Use them if they are suitable and do not conflict with the deployed infrastructure network routing definitions. If there is a conflict, adjust the segment IP range as required.

**Table 12: IP Address range for network segmentation**

Restricted IP Range	Default Value	IP Address /Range
Pod Network IP Range	10.96.0.0/16	<reserved ip>/16
Service Network IP Range	10.97.0.0/16	<reserved ip>/16
Application Network IP Range	10.0.2.0/24	<reserved ip>/24

VRRP operations require visual representation of where the IP addresses are allocated.

## Port Information for Firewalls

Map the following service ports to the Service Set VRRP IP addresses listed in [IP Addresses](#) on page 20.

- VLAN/VIP address for CAPWAP Master and API services (TCP 80/UDP 12222/TCP 2083/443)
- VLAN/VIP address for CAPWAP Server 1 service (TCP 80/UDP 12222)
- VLAN/VIP address for CAPWAP Server 2 (TCP 80/UDP 12222)

ExtremeCloud IQ on-premises installations require access to ExtremeCloud IQ core services. Make sure the firewall configuration allows for access to ExtremeCloud IQ core services.

The following tables list outbound ports for use when the firewall configuration requires rules that enable outbound traffic.

*Basic Access for ExtremeCloud Services*

This is required for ExtremeCloud applications to run properly on ExtremeCloud Edge RDC.

**Note**

The Readiness Assessment tool requires access to ucp0-console-extremecloudiq.com at 18.192.120.159 during initial deployment. Run the Readiness Assessment tool before you install the ExtremeCloud IQ engine. The tool accesses this server to test your firewall configuration and to assess whether your system is ready for the ExtremeCloud IQ engine installation.

**Table 13: Firewall Configuration Details (Outbound Traffic)**

Domain Name	IPv4 Addresses	Protocol	Port
hac.extremecloudiq.com	34.253.190.192 ~ 34.253.190.255	HTTPS	443
<rdc>-inlets.extremecloudiq.com	Dynamic IP range	TCP	8090
hmupdates-ng.aerohive.com	54.86.95.132	HTTPS	443
extremecloudiq.com	34.253.190.192 ~ 34.253.190.255	HTTPS	443
	18.194.95.0 ~ 18.194.95.15		
	3.234.248.0 ~ 3.234.248.31		
	44.234.22.92 ~ 44.234.22.95		
prod-mwapi.extremenetworks.com	134.141.117.210	HTTPS	443
informaticacloud.com	Dynamic	HTTPS	443
mx.extremecloudiq.com	34.202.197.56/57	TCP	587
stun.extremecloudiq.com	3.234.248.28 - 29	UDP	12222
api.ip2location.com	Dynamic IP range	HTTPS	443
docker.io	Dynamic IP range	HTTPS	443
gcr.io	Dynamic IP range	HTTPS	443
k8s.io	Dynamic IP range	HTTPS	443
maven.org	Dynamic IP range	HTTPS	443
Amazon S3	Dynamic IP range	HTTPS	443
amazonaws.com	Dynamic IP range	HTTPS	443
NTP Service	<Any NTP Server IP>	UDP/TCP	123
extremeportal.force.com	Dynamic IP range	HTTPS	443
prod.extreme.sentinelcloud.com	Dynamic IP range	HTTPS	443
cloud-status.extremecloudiq.com	18.67.39.6	HTTPS	443
cloud-cdn2.extremecloudiq.com	Dynamic IP range	HTTPS	443
rest.nexmo.com	Dynamic IP range	HTTPS	443
extreme-networks.my.site.com	Dynamic IP range	HTTPS	443



## Access

**Table 14: Outbound Traffic**

Domain Name	IPv4 Addresses	Protocol	Port
lc-eu2.extremecloudiq.com	3.64.95.0/29	HTTPS	443

**Note**

Rancher connection is required for day-to-day service operation. (It creates a tunnel to Kubernetes cluster for CloudOps remote access/management.)

For NAT deployments where you deploy your cluster with private addressing, you must provide the CloudOps team with direct admin access to the cluster nodes in your internal network. Use the mappings in the following table to map inbound ports on the public side of the NAT router to specific cluster nodes and ports in your private network.

**Note**

Make sure to let the CloudOps team know which IP address you are using for inbound connections. As a best practice, use the first public IP address, although you can use another address, including a public IP address that is dedicated to this connection type.

**Table 15: Inbound Traffic Port Mapping (when using NAT)**

Service	Source IP	Inbound IP (public NAT)	Inbound Port (public NAT)	Forward to UCP Node	On Port	Protocol
SSH	Restricted IP list Extreme Bastion servers: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Raleigh Bastion Host 134.141.117.45/32</li> <li>Salem Bastion Host 134.141.4.8/32</li> <li>San Jose: 208.185.247.165</li> <li>Thornhill: 216.123.81.194</li> <li>Bangalore AMR: 14.143.116.18</li> <li>Bangalore Bagmane: 121.244.44.28</li> <li>Bangalore Ecospace: 115.110.157.126</li> <li>LC-EU2: 3.64.95.2, 3.64.95.3</li> <li>usnh: 134.141.85.210</li> </ul>	Your public IP address	20001	Node 1	22	TCP
			20002	Node 2	22	TCP
			20003	Node 3	22	TCP
			20004	Node 4	22	TCP
			20005	Node 5	22	TCP
			20006	Node 6	22	TCP

**Table 15: Inbound Traffic Port Mapping (when using NAT) (continued)**

Service	Source IP	Inbound IP (public NAT)	Inbound Port (public NAT)	Forward to UCP Node	On Port	Protocol
UCP Remote Access	Restricted IP list	Your public IP address	20501	Node 1	5825	HTTPS
	Extreme Bastion servers:		20502	Node 2	5825	HTTPS
	• Raleigh Bastion Host 134.141.117.45/32		20503	Node 3	5825	HTTPS
	• Salem Bastion Host 134.141.4.8/32		20504	Node 4	5825	HTTPS
	• San Jose: 208.185.247.165		20505	Node 5	5825	HTTPS
	• Thornhill: 216.123.81.194		20506	Node 6	5825	HTTPS
	• Bangalore AMR: 14.143.116.18					
	• Bangalore Bagmane: 121.244.44.28					
	• Bangalore Ecospace: 115.110.157.126					
	• LC-EU2: 3.64.95.2, 3.64.95.3					
	• usnh: 134.141.85.210					

**Note**

For SSH or UCP Remote access, inbound access is needed only on-demand for the initial deployment, software upgrade, or issue troubleshooting. For <rdc>-inlets, inbound access is needed on an ongoing basis.

*Access for Readiness Assessment*

The Readiness Assessment tool requires access to the following address during initial deployment. The tool accesses this server to test your firewall configuration and initial settings. Run the Readiness Assessment before you install the ExtremeCloud IQ engine.

**Table 16: Access for Readiness Assessment**

Domain Name	IP Addresses	Protocol	Port
ucp0-console-extremecloudiq.com	18.192.120.159	HTTPS	443

*Access for Production Sanity Verification*

The Extreme QA team will run production sanity verification after the release upgrade to make sure all of the services are still working properly. The following table shows the

connection info they'll use, including the public-facing IPs from which they'll connect (column 1) and the destination ports mappings to access the cluster (column 5).

**Table 17: Inbound Traffic**

Source IPs	Protocol	IP Port	Description	Destination Port Mapping
Restricted IP list Extreme Bastion servers:	HTTPS (TCP)	443	GDC Web Service RDC Web Service	IP1:443 → VRRP1:443 IP4:443 → VRRP4:443
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Raleigh Bastion Host 134.141.117.45/32</li> <li>Salem Bastion Host 134.141.4.8/32</li> <li>San Jose: 208.185.247.165</li> <li>Thornhill: 216.123.81.194</li> <li>Bangalore AMR: 14.143.116.18</li> <li>Bangalore Bagmane: 121.244.44.28</li> <li>Bangalore Ecospace: 115.110.157.126</li> <li>LC-EU: 3.64.95.7</li> </ul>	TCP	80	CAPWAP Services	IP1:80 → VRRP1:80 IP2:80 → VRRP2:80 IP3:80 → VRRP3:80 IP4:80 → VRRP4:80
	UDP	12222	CAPWAP Services	IP1:12222 → VRRP1:12222 IP2:12222 → VRRP2:12222 IP3:12222 → VRRP3:12222 IP4:12222 → VRRP4:12222
	TCP	2083	RADSEC Proxy	IP1:2083 → VRRP1:2083

#### Source Address Information

For installations where APs are installed off-premises and connecting for service through a firewall, relax the access rules to specific service ports because source addresses are not always deterministic.

These settings are required to support remote diagnostics and to set up validation operations.

**Table 18: Source address information (examples):**

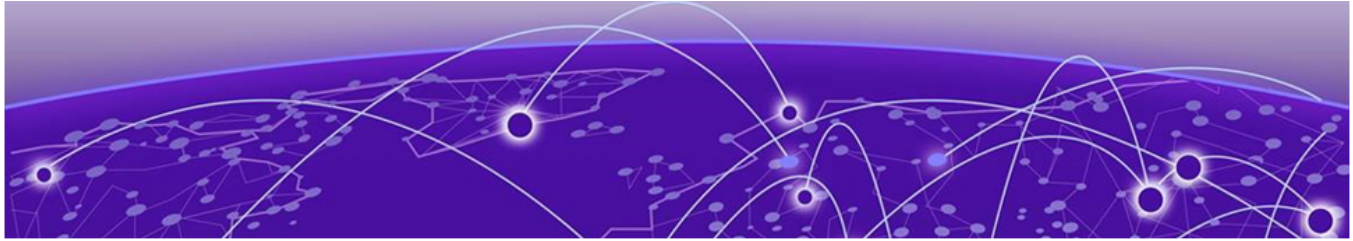
Source IP	Port	Description	Action
0.0.0.0/0	TCP 80	AP CAPWAP registration	Allow
0.0.0.0/0	TCP 443	ExtremeCloud IQ login access and software updates	Allow
0.0.0.0/0	TCP 2083	RADSEC	Allow
0.0.0.0/0	UDP 12222	AP CAPWAP	Allow

## Supported Hardware for Managed Orchestration

ExtremeCloud Edge - Managed Orchestration deployments of Universal Compute Platform support the following hardware appliances.

**Table 19: Supported Hardware for ExtremeCloud Edge - Managed Orchestration**

Hardware Appliance	Details
3160C	<p>Ports:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 2 x 1/10 Gbps ICC Ports/RJ45</li><li>• 2 x 10/25 Gbps Data 1-2/SFP28</li><li>• 2 x 10/25/50/100 Gbps Data 3-4/QSFP</li></ul> <p>For additional server specifications, along with hardware install information, see <a href="#">Extreme Networks Universal Compute Platform Appliance 3160C Installation Guide</a>.</p>
4120C-1	<p>Ports:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 2 x 1/10 Gbps ICC Ports/RJ45</li><li>• 2 x 1/10 Gbps Data 1-2/ RJ45</li><li>• 2 x 1/10/25/40/50 Gbps Data 3-4/QSFP</li></ul> <p>For additional server specifications, along with hardware install information, see <a href="#">Extreme Networks Universal Compute Platform Appliance 4120C Installation Guide</a>.</p>



# Configure the Deployment

- [Basic Configuration Wizard](#) on page 30
- [Upgrade the Appliance Software](#) on page 35
- [IP Address Configuration](#) on page 37
- [Configure the Cluster Settings](#) on page 39
- [Run Readiness Assessment](#) on page 42
- [Install ExtremeCloud IQ Engine](#) on page 44
- [Validate the Cluster](#) on page 45

Complete the following tasks to configure nodes for Managed Orchestration.

**Table 20: Configure the Deployment**

Step	Procedure	Description
1	Connect the hardware appliance to the network.	
2	<a href="#">Use the Basic Configuration Wizard</a> on page 30	For each node, run the wizard to connect that appliance to the network and to assign settings such as ICC1 and data port IP addressing.
3	<a href="#">Upgrade the Appliance Software</a> on page 35	For each node, upgrade the Universal Compute Platform software.
4	<a href="#">Configure VRRP (VIP)</a> on page 38	For each node, configure VRRP addresses and settings.
5	<a href="#">Configure the Cluster Settings</a> on page 39	Configure the ExtremeCloud Edge - Managed Orchestration cluster.
6	<a href="#">Run Readiness Assessment</a> on page 42	Run the assessment from a single node to test whether your planned configuration works.
7	<a href="#">Install ExtremeCloud IQ Engine</a> on page 44	Install the engine on one cluster node.

## What to do Next

[Onboard Cluster to ExtremeCloud IQ](#) on page 46—After the cluster is configured and the engine is installed, go to the onboarding chapter to onboard the cluster to the cloud. Also, complete an Extreme CloudOps registration request. CloudOps will

complete the deployment process by installing the required applications and notify the customer upon completion.

## Basic Configuration Wizard

The Universal Compute Platform software provides a **Basic Configuration Wizard** that can help administrators configure the minimum settings necessary to deploy a fully functioning appliance on a network.

Administrators can use the wizard to quickly configure the appliances for deployment, and then after the installation is complete, continue to revise the configuration accordingly.

The wizard is automatically launched when an administrator logs on to the appliance for the first time, including after the system has been reset to the factory default settings.



### Note

The wizard prompts you with a series of yes or no, multiple choice, or manual entry questions that you must answer with the desired configuration settings. The following conventions apply:

- The value in the [square brackets] represents the default value that gets applied if you press **Enter** without making a specific selection.
- Settings in the (round brackets) represent a list of options from which you must make a single selection, for example (y|n) [y] where y and n are options, and y is the default.
- You must press the **Enter** key after each entry to input the selection.
- For IP address and netmask settings where a [default] value displays, press **Enter** to select the default value, or enter a new value. If a [default] value doesn't display, you must enter a new value.
- After you assign all settings within a group, you must accept the changes for that group before moving to the next group of settings. Otherwise, you can reject the changes for that group and reconfigure the settings.

### Related Links

[Use the Basic Configuration Wizard](#) on page 30

## Use the Basic Configuration Wizard

After logging into the appliance, the **Basic Configuration Wizard** displays. You are presented a set of **Yes** or **No** commands.

1. To begin the Admin password setup, press **Enter**. The **Admin Password Configuration** screen is displayed.

The following is the default factory settings for a Universal Compute Platform appliance:

- The default username is: admin

- The default password is: abc123

**Note**

The values are case-sensitive.

- a. To change the password for the admin account, press **Enter**.
- b. Enter the new password for the admin account.

**Note**

The password must be between 8-24 characters.

- c. Repeat the new password for the admin account and press **Enter**.
  - d. Press **Enter** to accept the changes
2. To update the ICC1 (Admin Port):
    - Enter the new IP address of the ICC1 Admin Port.
    - Enter the new IP netmask for the ICC1 port.
    - Do you you want to configure VRRP? Type *y* or *n* and press **Enter** (*n* is the default). If you chose *y*, enter the ICC1 VRRP details.
    - Do you want to enable LAG on ICC1? Type *y* or *n* and press **Enter** (*n* is the default).

**Note**

Do not change the ICC addressing configuration once it is assigned. If you change the ICC IP address or ICC VRRP address, the Kubernetes binding breaks, and the Kubernetes installation unwinds, effectively wiping out the installation. In this case, the only fix is to reinstall and then reconfigure.

3. Press **Enter** to accept the changes.
4. Go to Data Port configuration.

### *Current Data Port Settings*

After you set up the **Admin Password configuration**, you are prompted to set up the **Current Data Port Settings**:

1. Change Port 1 settings: Select the number that corresponds to the port you will configure as the data port, and press **Enter**.
2. Set the default IP address for the data port **10.0.0.1**, or type a new IP address and press **Enter**.  
The IP Address is selected.
3. Set the Netmask to the default **255.255.255.0**, or provide a new IP address and press **Enter**.  
The Netmask is set.
4. Default VLAN: Set the default VLAN ID, or provide a new VLAN ID and press **Enter**.
5. Tagged Frames: Set the tagged frames to **No**, or type *y* to set tagged frames.
6. Management Traffic (admin interface): Set *y* to enable management traffic on the interface, or type *n* to not enable management traffic, and press **Enter**.

7. To accept the changes and keep the data port settings you have chosen, press **Enter**.

**Note**

If you need to reconfigure the data port settings, enter **n** and select your data port again.

The Data Port Interface is now set.

### *Current Host Attributes*

To set up the current host attributes:

1. Press **Enter** to enter the host name for the appliance.

**Note**

The host name must be all lower case letters.

2. Type the IP address for the ICC port.
3. Domain name: Configure the domain name that is relevant to your enterprise environment and press **Enter**.
4. IP netmask: Set the IP netmask for the ICC port, or enter an IP address and press **Enter**.
5. Primary DNS server: Set the IP address for the primary DNS server, or enter another IP address and press **Enter**.
6. If you need a secondary DNS server, type **y** and provide the IP address. Otherwise, press **Enter** to accept **No** as the default value.

The updated Host Attribute settings are displayed.

7. To accept the changes you have made, press **Enter**.

**Note**

Once the node's cluster state is configured, the ICC IP address, hostname, and domain name become immutable. To modify any of these settings, the node must first be reset.

**Note**

If you need to reconfigure the Host Attributes settings, enter **n** and enter the host name for the appliance again.

### *Current Global Default Gateway Settings*

The best practice is to define the default gateway to route via the data port topology/subnet.

**Note**

The system's default gateway must be pointing to a next hop connection through the service ports.

To configure the default gateway:

1. At the prompt, type the IP address for the default gateway.



2. Press **Enter** to accept the changes.

### *Current Time Settings*

The Current Time Settings option allows you to change the time zone as per your location.

1. To set the Time Zone, press **Enter** . The Region number list is displayed.



#### **Important**

Ensure that Universal Compute Platform is configured with the correct Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server settings. Several system functions are dependent on an accurate timestamp.

2. Pick a number from those displayed on the screen that corresponds to the Continent. Then, enter a number that corresponds to the Region.

You can enter **n** to move down the list, or **p** to move up the list. To go back to the Region selection, press **c**.

For example, for Toronto select Americas (2) then Toronto (141).

3. Provide the fully qualified domain name or IP address of the NTP server. Press **Enter**.
4. You are prompted to enter a second NTP server and the default option is **y**. Type **n** and press **Enter**.

NTP Client is enabled.

5. Accept the changes you have made to the time zone and NTP server by pressing **Enter**.



#### **Note**

If you need to reconfigure the current time settings, enter **n** and enter the settings again.

- If you want to revisit any of the previous screens or exit without applying the configuration changes, enter one of the corresponding numbers/alphabets displayed on screen.

```

Controller Post Installation Configuration

Admin password Configuration          1
Change ICC Port Settings             2
Change Data Port Settings            3
Change Host Attributes Settings       4
Change Global Default Gateway Settings 5
Change Time Settings                6
Apply Settings and Exit               A
Exit Without Applying                 E

Main Menu[A]:

```

**Figure 4: Controller Post Installation Configuration Menu Screen**

**Table 21: Controller Post Installation Configuration Menu**

Menu Option	Command
Admin password Configuration	1
Change ICC Port Settings	2
Change Data Port Settings	3
Change Host Attribute Settings	4
Change Global Default Gateway Settings	5
Change Time Settings	6
Apply Settings and Exit	A
Exit Without Applying	E

When you revisit any other screen, you will have to reconfigure all subsequent area settings. For example, if you decide to reconfigure the Admin Password, which is at the beginning of the configuration wizard, you will have to reconfigure all the subsequent configuration wizard settings.

- Press **Enter** to accept the settings. The default option for accepting the settings is **A**. Your settings are now applied successfully.

### Test Connectivity

Test connectivity to the external services in the cluster using the `ping` command.

- To test connectivity to external services such as DNS, ping the IP address of the DNS server.
- Ping the cluster IP address to test connectivity.

```
Extreme Universal Compute Platform
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-----+-----
c2-xca4.pinewoods.tor.lab.local# ping
Usage: ping [source-interface (name <name>) | (number <id>)] <ip address>
c2-xca4.pinewoods.tor.lab.local# ping 8.8.8.8
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=112 time=2.82 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=112 time=2.05 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=112 time=2.01 ms

--- 8.8.8.8 ping statistics ---
3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 2003ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 2.008/2.293/2.818/0.371 ms
c2-xca4.pinewoods.tor.lab.local#
```

**Figure 5: Example ping command**

## Upgrade the Appliance Software

Before configuring the cluster, use your Extreme Support account to download the latest revision of Universal Compute Platform software from the [Extreme Networks Support Portal](#).

The image file uses one of these extensions:

- .jmx (for 3160C)
- .rcx (for 4120C)


1. Log in to the Admin user interface at: `https://node ip:5825`
2. Go to **Administration > System > Software Upgrade**.
3. Select **Upload**.

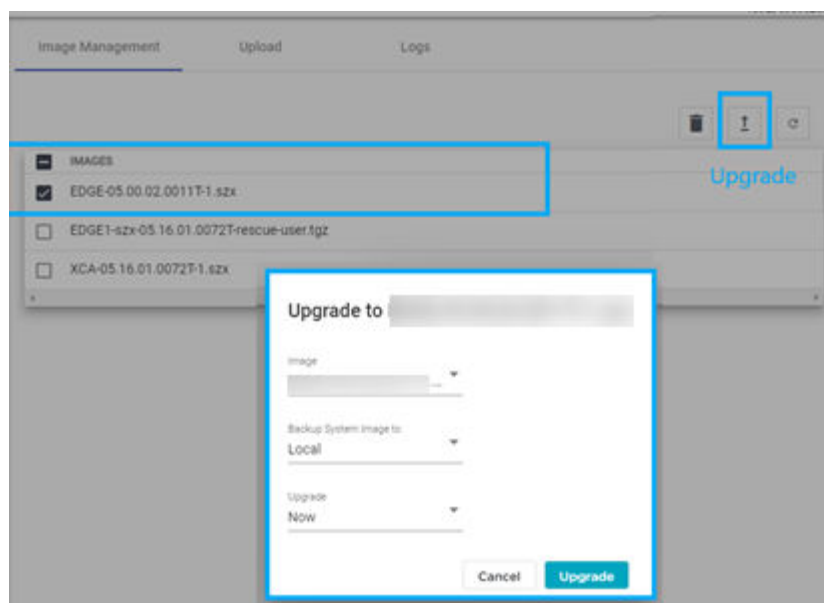
4. Upload the desired revision of Universal Compute Platform.

**Note**

A best practice is to upgrade each of the nodes on a new cluster to the latest revision before proceeding with the cluster set up and configuration.

**Figure 6: Select the upgrade image**

5. From the **Image Management** Tab, select the Upgrade image, and select .
6. In the popup window, complete the following fields:
  - **Image**—Select the platform image file.
  - **Backup System Image to**—Select **Local**.
  - **Upgrade**—Select **Now**.



**Figure 7: Upgrade the selected image**

7. Select **Upgrade**.

When all nodes in the cluster are upgraded to the latest revision, proceed to [IP Address Configuration](#) on page 37.

## IP Address Configuration

Use the configuration wizard to initialize nodes in a cluster to the pre-determined IP addresses.



### Note

IP address configuration for interfaces on the cluster must be set only once. If you change IP addresses after initial deployment (for example, due to a cluster relocation), you must rebuild and re-deploy the cluster, and re-install the application.

The following is example information that must be gathered during the prerequisite stages for each node in the cluster, and for the ICC VRRP:

#### IP Address

A unique IP address for each node. Example:192.227.109.81

#### Mask

Common Mask. Example:/26 (255.255.255.192)

#### Gateway

Common Gateway. Example:192.227.109.65

#### VRRP Precedence

Common Router ID with a unique precedence level for each node. Provide a unique precedence value for each node.

For example:

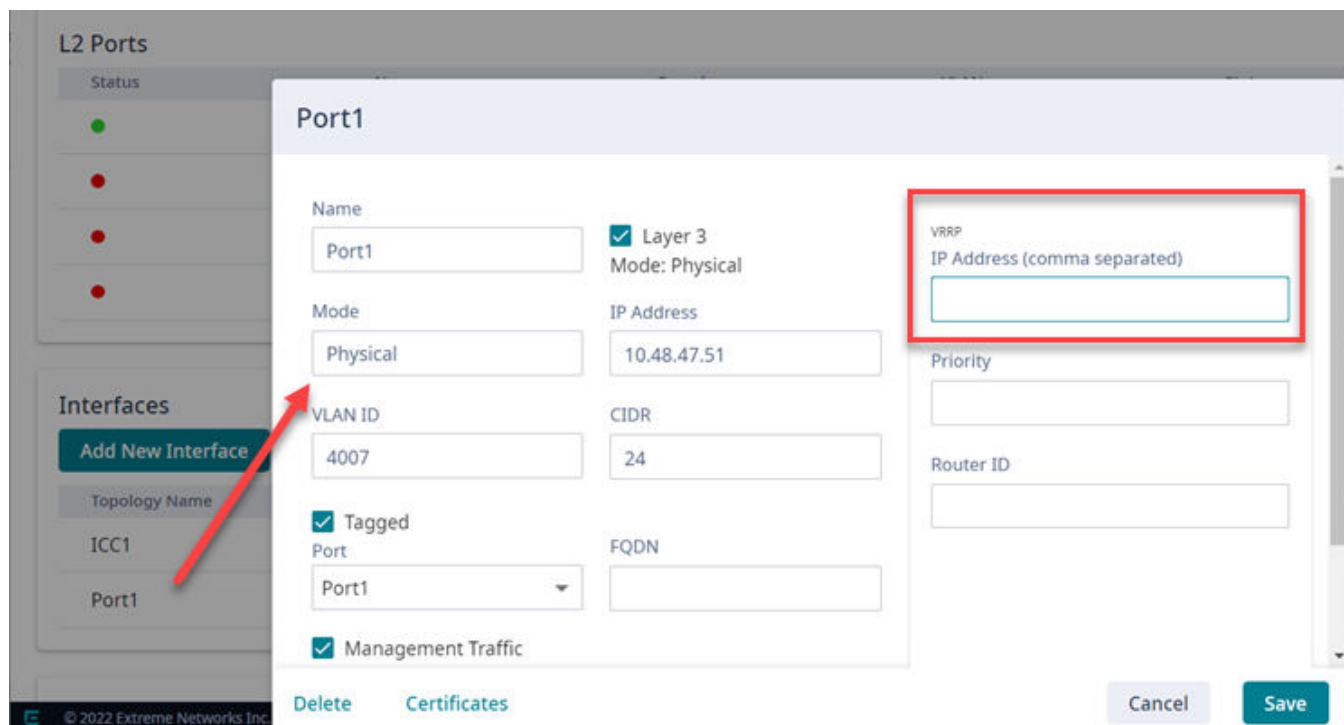
- Node1 - 100 Router ID1
- Node2 - 75 Router ID1
- Node3 - 50 Router ID1
- Node4 - 25 Router ID1
- Node5 - 10 Router ID1
- Node6 - 01 Router ID1

## Configure VRRP (VIP)

Take the following steps to configure the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) IP addresses.

1. Navigate to **Administration > System > Network Setup**.
2. From the **Interfaces** list, select the data access interface that you configured from the **System Startup Wizard** for (Port 1).  
The Port Configuration Settings menu displays.
3. Under **VRRP**, provide a list of IP addresses that will be offered via VRRP.
4. Set the **Priority** and **Router ID**.

Each node must have the same VRRP IP addresses and the same Router ID, but a unique Priority setting. The Priority setting determines which node in the cluster is the Primary node. The node with the higher priority is considered the default Primary node.



**Figure 8: User Interface showing properties window for Port 1**

5. Repeat this process in each of the nodes of the cluster.

## Configure the Cluster Settings

---

An engine is an instance of a containerized application. This process follows the user interface to configure the orchestration engine settings. From the management IP address, log into the user interface using the admin credentials that you configured when you ran the basic configuration wizard.

To configure the cluster, go to **Cluster Settings > Cluster Configuration** and use the wizard to configure the cluster using the order shown on screen:

1. Deployment Type
2. Cluster Mode
3. Pod Network Configuration
4. Finish

Complete these steps to configure the cluster:

1. From the **Deployment Type** drop-down list, select **ExtremeCloud Edge - Managed Orchestration** and select **Next**.
2. In the **Cluster Mode** section, select **Cluster** mode and enter the ICC IP addressing scheme:
  - a. From the **Number of Nodes to Add** drop-down, select the number of nodes for the cluster.
  - b. From the **Number of Availability Zones** drop-down, select the number of availability zones for the cluster. You can assign up to three zones (the default is one).
  - c. Enter the ICC IP addresses that you have assigned to each node.



### Note

If you are deploying multiple availability zones, make sure that each ICC address falls under the zone where you want to deploy that node. Note that each zone requires a minimum of three nodes. For more information, see [Availability Zones](#) on page 18.

- d. Select **Next**.

The screenshot shows a configuration wizard with four steps: 1. Deployment Type, 2. Cluster Mode, 3. Pod Network Configuration, and 4. Finish. Step 2, 'Cluster Mode', is active. It features two tabs: 'Standalone' and 'Cluster'. The 'Cluster' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there are two dropdown menus: 'Number of Nodes' set to '6 Nodes' and 'Number of Availability Zones' set to '2'. Below these are two columns of input fields for IP addresses, labeled 'AZ-1' and 'AZ-2'. Under 'AZ-1', there are three fields: 'Node 1 ICC IP Address' (containing '10.48.4.21'), 'Node 2 ICC IP Address', and 'Node 3 ICC IP Address'. Under 'AZ-2', there are three fields: 'Node 4 ICC IP Address', 'Node 5 ICC IP Address', and 'Node 6 ICC IP Address'. At the bottom of the form are 'Back' and 'Next' buttons.

**Figure 9: Appliance Configuration**

3. Provide the following network settings for **Pod Network Configuration**:
  - Pod Network IP Address—Enter a network address. The default is 10.96.0.0.
  - Pod Network CIDR—Enter the number of digits for the pod network mask. The default is 16.
  - Service Network IP Address—Enter a network address. The default is 10.97.0.0.
  - Service Network CIDR—Enter the number of digits for the service network mask. The default is 16.



☰

Extreme Universal Compute Platform (Cluster)

Cluster Node Information

3 Pod Network Configuration

4 Finish

Pod Network IP Address

10.96.0.0

Pod Network CIDR

16

Service Network IP Address

10.97.0.0

Service Network CIDR

16

Back

Create Cluster

**Figure 10: Pod Settings****4. Select **Create Cluster**.**

Deployment Type

Cluster Node Information

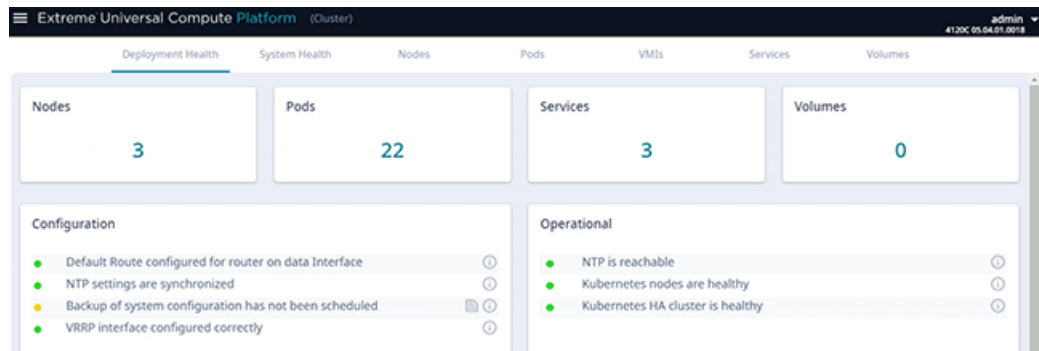
Pod Network Configuration

4 Finish

Resetting this node

Done

5. Select **Done**.



**Note**

Once the cluster has been created, going to the **Cluster Configuration** page displays a read-only view of cluster configuration settings.

## Run Readiness Assessment

The Readiness Assessment helps you resolve errors in your network configuration before the ExtremeCloud IQ engine is installed. Run the Readiness Assessment from a single node prior to onboarding and registering the cluster in Public ExtremeCloud IQ. The cluster registration process automatically notifies CloudOPS and provides basic information on the installation location and network access that is being deployed.

The Readiness Assessment is performed against a specific host at ExtremeNetworks. An assessment service runs that exercises the validation on the access setup through the firewall for the IP Ports that the application(s) require. The assessment services are installed at `ucp0-console.extremecloudiq.com`.

The assessment does the following:

- Pulls service groups and ports for inbound and outbound connections.
- Lets you enter the IP addresses that you plan to deploy.
- Tests your configuration and reports the results using a PASS and FAIL convention.



**Note**

Make sure that your firewall is configured to allow external and inbound access in relation to the firewall rules and service sets that appear in this document to ensure that the test succeeds.



**Note**

Make sure that your firewall is configured to allow external and inbound access in relation to the firewall rules and service sets that appear in the [ExtremeCloud Edge - Managed Orchestration Deployment Guide for Universal Compute Platform](#) to ensure that the test succeeds.

1. Go to **Engines > Installation**.
2. From the ExtremeCloud IQ pane, select **Readiness Assessment**.

3. When prompted, enter the **VRRP IP Address** and **External IP Address** that you plan to deploy for each service group and port. See the subsequent table for more information on these fields.
4. Select **Test**.
5. For any tests that received a FAIL result, or for any other error message, make the required configuration corrections and rerun the test.
6. If you receive a PASS for all checks, proceed to engine installation.

The following table provides information on the fields that display around the Readiness Assessment.

**Table 22: Readiness Assessment Field Descriptions**

Field	Description
<b>Outbound</b>	
Port	The port over which the outbound connection is tested.
Protocol	The protocol that is in use for outbound connections on this port.
Result	The result of the test. Possible results include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PASS</li> <li>• FAIL</li> </ul>
Error	For tests that fail, the value in this field provides information about the problem so that you can fix it.
<b>Inbound</b>	
Service Group Name	The name of the service group (or service set) that accepts incoming connections to this external IP address.
Port	The port over which the inbound connection is tested.
Port Name	The name of the port.
Protocol	The protocol that is in use for inbound connections to this port and external IP address.
VRRP IP Address	The internal VRRP IP address that provides load balancing and high availability for inbound connections to this service group.
External IP Address	The public IP address that accepts incoming connections for this service group. The connection is port-forwarded to the internal VRRP IP address for this service group.

## Install ExtremeCloud IQ Engine

ExtremeCloud™ IQ is the only available engine for an ExtremeCloud Edge - Managed Orchestration deployment. Install the ExtremeCloud IQ engine once from a single node.

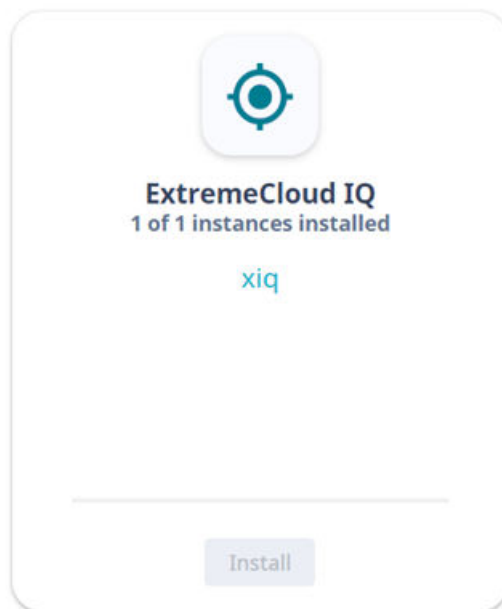


### Note

Installing the ExtremeCloud IQ engine prepares the cluster to receive the ExtremeCloud IQ application but does not install the application. Extreme CloudOps completes the application installation after you onboard the cluster and register your account.

1. Go to **Engines**.
2. From the ExtremeCloud IQ pane, select **Install**.

The system is prepared to receive the ExtremeCloud IQ application(s). Please proceed to onboard and register the cluster.



**Figure 11: Installed ExtremeCloud IQ Engine Instance**



### Note

An Edge Cloud deployment of ExtremeCloud IQ must be configured in a cluster of three or more nodes in multiples of three. The minimum number of cluster nodes is three for ExtremeCloud IQ only, and six nodes if you're also deploying other applications. ExtremeCloud IQ is not supported in stand-alone mode, requires a cluster, and does not support engine types other than ExtremeCloud IQ.

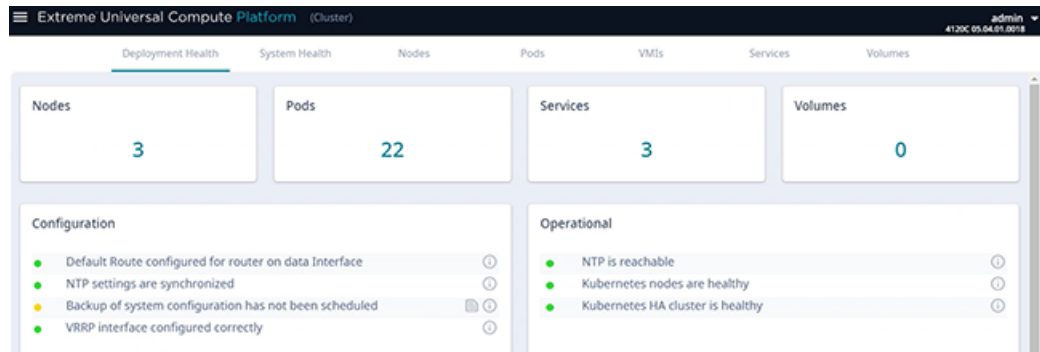
## Network Service Configuration

Map each core service set to the corresponding Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP). Assign a VRRP virtual router address for each set of services. VRRP enables a

virtual router to act as the default network gateway, improving host network reliability and performance.

## Validate the Cluster

Click the **Deployment Health** tab for information.





# Onboard Cluster to ExtremeCloud IQ

[Onboarding a Cluster to ExtremeCloud IQ](#) on page 47

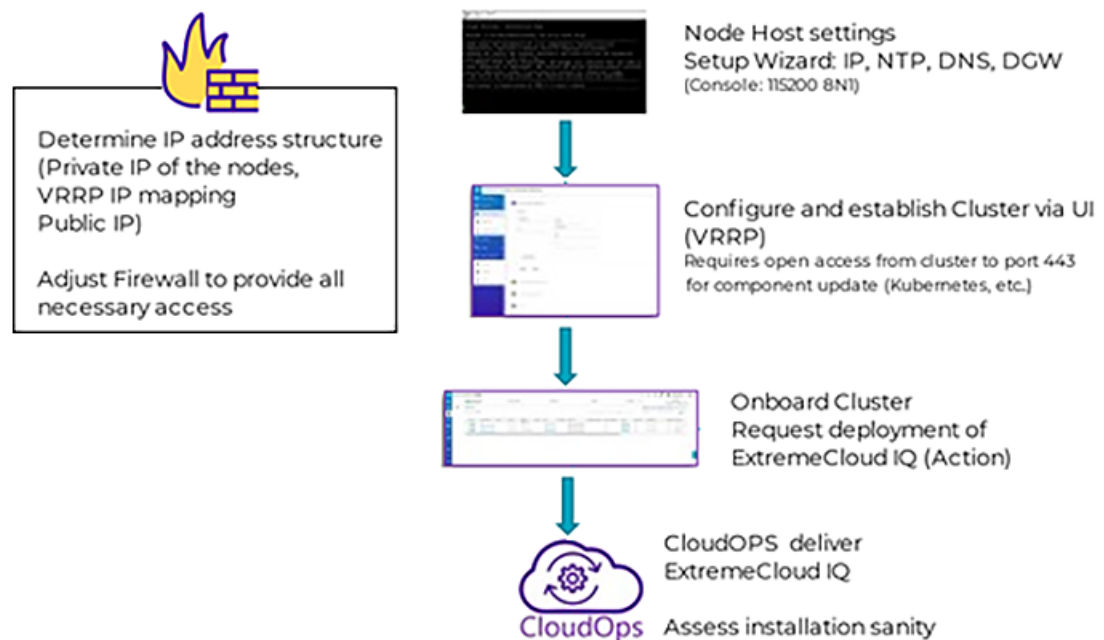
[Account Registration](#) on page 49

[Cloud Visibility](#) on page 49

[Configure Persistent Connection to ExtremeCloud](#) on page 49

After the Universal Compute Platform cluster is installed, associate the node cluster with your ExtremeCloud IQ account:



1. Onboard the cluster to your ExtremeCloud IQ account.
2. Initiate action for the ExtremeCloud IQ Operations team to deploy a Regional Data Center (RDC) for the cluster.
3. Register your ExtremeCloud IQ account.
4. Onboard your devices and operate the account.

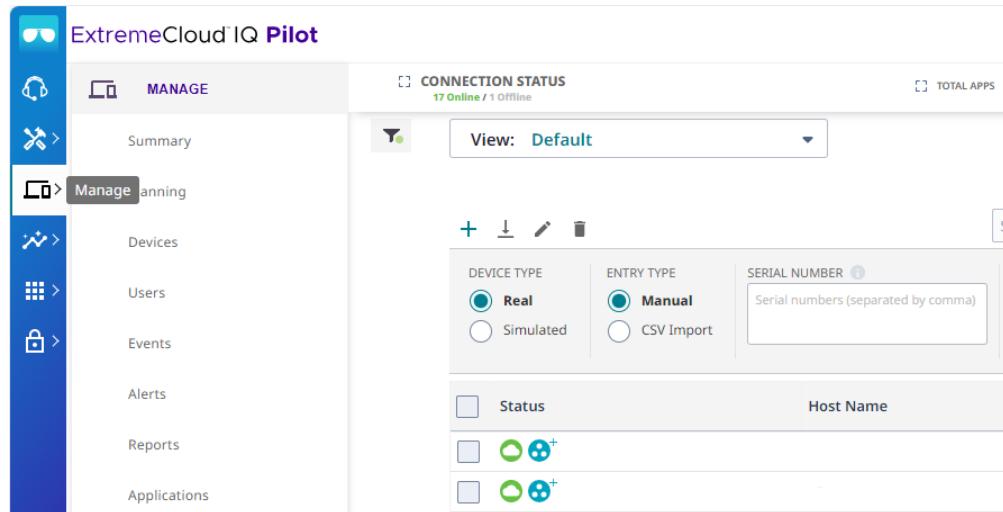


**Figure 12: ExtremeCloud Edge Deployment Workflow**

## Onboarding a Cluster to ExtremeCloud IQ

To onboard a Universal Compute Platform cluster into ExtremeCloud IQ use the ExtremeCloud IQ Quick Add function:

1. From the ExtremeCloud IQ main navigation pane, select  (Manage), and then select **Devices**.
2. Select  (**Add**) and then select **Quick Add Devices > Manage your devices directly from the cloud**.
3. In the **Serial Number** field, enter the serial number for one node in the cluster.



**Figure 13: Add Cluster to ExtremeCloud IQ**

The **Device Make** field displays.

4. From the **Device Make** menu, select **Universal Appliance**.
5. Select **Add Devices**.

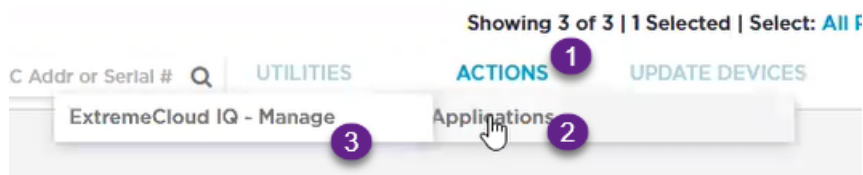
The full cluster is added based on the serial number of a single node in the cluster.



### Note

To view details about the cluster, select the **Host Name** link.

6. Select **Actions > Applications > ExtremeCloud IQ Manage**.



**Figure 14: ExtremeCloud IQ Actions menu**

This initiates the action for ExtremeCloud IQ OPs to deploy a Regional Data Center (RDC) for the cluster.

7. Fill out the online form:



### Note

Required fields are noted with an asterisk.

- Customer Information
- Primary Technical Contact
- Secondary Technical Contact
- Notification List — Provide a list of email addresses for notification.
- Nightly Backup
- Scheduled Upgrades
- RDC Name — Provide a meaningful name, up to 6 characters. The system will verify that the name is available.
- IP Address Mapping — Provide the mapping between the external Public IP Address to the internal virtual VRRP IP Address for each service set.

**c3-xca1.pinewoods.tor.lab.local** ×

**Customer Information \***

Business Name

Street Address

City  State  Zip/Postal Code

**Primary Technical Contact \*** ⓘ

Name

E-Mail Address  Office Phone  Mobile Phone

**Secondary Technical Contact \*** ⓘ

Name

E-Mail Address  Office Phone  Mobile Phone

**Notification List \*** ⓘ

E-Mail

**Nightly Backups ⓘ** ☒ ON

**Scheduled Upgrades ⓘ** ☒ ON Communications

**RDC Name \***

**IP Address Mapping \***

SERVICE SET	VRRP IP ADDRESS	PUBLIC IP ADDRESS
Service Set 1	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Service Set 2	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Service Set 3	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

DEPLOY CANCEL

**Figure 15: ExtremeCloud IQ Deploy a Cluster Form**



#### 8. Select **Deploy**.

A ticket is generated for ExtremeCloud IQ OPs. Operations personnel will provide an estimate for the expected deployment schedule.

During deployment, the OPs team will do the following:

- Deploy ExtremeCloud IQ software to the on-premise hosts
- Validate the deployment to ensure that the site is deployed and operating correctly
- Once validated, OPs will provide notification of readiness
- Provide the installation token that enables customers to create accounts directly on the newly deployed ExtremeCloud IQ private Regional Data Center (RDC).



#### Note

You can view the status of the deployment process from the **Application Status** column on the **Device List**

## Account Registration

---

For information about creating accounts after you set up ExtremeCloud Edge, consult the Managed Service Partner (MSP) documentation.

## Cloud Visibility

---

If your deployment is onboarded to ExtremeCloud IQ, you can view the cloud address from **Administration > System > Settings**. This page populates automatically when you onboard the cluster to ExtremeCloud IQ. For example, the URL may look like:

<RDC name>-cw.extremecloudiq.com where:

- <RDC name> is your Regional Data Center (RDC) information available under **About ExtremeCloud IQ**.
- -cw indicates a Universal Compute Platform appliance.
- .extremecloudiq.com is the ExtremeCloud IQ host address.

## Configure Persistent Connection to ExtremeCloud

---

Use this optional procedure to configure a persistent connection to the ExtremeCloud network using the **CloudOps Management** setting. CloudOps uses this persistent connection to manage software delivery for the cluster.

By default, the setting is On for all Managed Orchestration clusters. By turning the setting to Off, you can limit software installs and upgrades to specific maintenance windows.

1. Go to **Engines > Installation**.
2. Select the **ExtremeCloud IQ** engine.
3. Select the **Settings** tab.

4. Set **CloudOps Management** to one of the following settings:
  - On—The cluster maintains a persistent connection to the ExtremeCloud network. This is the default setting.
  - Off—The cluster disconnects from the ExtremeCloud network. A customer administrator or CloudOps administrator must turn this setting back to On before CloudOps can install or upgrade software.
5. Select **Save**.

**Note**

If **CloudOps Management** is Off, the setting can be turned back on by an administrator at the customer organization or by the CloudOps team (using remote GUI access).



# Appendix

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[Appendix A: ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Integration with ExtremeCloud Edge](#) on page 51

[Appendix B: Migrate Virtual IQ Account](#) on page 51

[Appendix C: Replace or Add a Node](#) on page 53

## Appendix A: ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Integration with ExtremeCloud Edge

---

To integrate ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine with an ExtremeCloud Edge - Managed Orchestration cluster, you must edit a pair of parameters in the `NSJBoss.properties` file on the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server. By default, these parameters point to ExtremeCloud IQ in the public cloud. However, you must edit the file so that these parameters point to services on the local ExtremeCloud Edge - Managed Orchestration cluster.

- `extreme.xiq.baseUrl`—The Base URL is used for authentication and points to the GDC (Global Data Center).
- `extreme.xiq.redirectorurl`—The Redirector URL is a public URL that redirects the application to the local RDC (Regional Data Center).

To configure the integration:

1. On the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server, open the `NSJBoss.properties` file and edit the following parameters:
  - Set `extreme.xiq.baseUrl=https://<EDGE_name>-g1.extremecloudiq.com` where `<EDGE-name>` is the name of your installation (aka prefix name).
  - Set `extreme.xiq.redirectorurl=https://hac.extremecloudiq.com`
2. Run the command `systemctl restart nsserver` to restart the server with the new settings.

## Appendix B: Migrate Virtual IQ Account

---

This Appendix describes how to migrate a Virtual IQ (VIQ) account to a new Regional Data Center (RDC). To migrate the account, complete each of the subsequent procedures in order:

1. Export VIQ Account

## 2. Import VIQ Account



### Note

Moving the VIQ account also moves the account inventory (for example, devices, floor plans, private pre-shared keys) as well as configurations and assignments.

## Export VIQ Account

Use this procedure to create and download an export file for a VIQ account.

1. In ExtremeCloud IQ Pilot, go to **Global Settings** and select **VIQ Management**.
2. Create a backup of the current VHM:
  - a. Under **VIQ Management**, select **BACK UP NOW**.
  - b. Select **YES**.  
VIQ suspends itself until the backup completes.
3. Export the VHM to a local drive:
  - a. Go to **Global Settings** and select **VIQ Management**.
  - b. Select **Export VIQ**.
  - c. In the **VIQ Export** popup window, select **Export Now**.
  - d. Click **YES**. VIQ suspends itself until the Export completes.
  - e. Once the export completes successfully, select **OK**.



### Note

If the export fails, click the **Detailed Report** link to get a detailed report on the issue.

## What to do Next

After the export file downloads, you can import the file into a different Regional Data Center (RDC).

## Import VIQ Account

Use this procedure to import the VIQ export file into the new RDC. Note the following:

- If a conflict occurs, imported objects get renamed.
  - Source and destination VHMs must be the same version. Otherwise, an incompatible data scheme occurs.
1. From ExtremeCloud IQ Pilot, go to **Global Settings > VIQ Management**.
  2. Create a backup of the current VHM:
    - a. Under **VIQ Management**, select **BACK UP NOW**.
    - b. Select **YES**.  
VIQ suspends itself until the backup completes.

3. Import the VHM export file that you created in the preceding procedure:
  - a. Select **Import VIQ**.
  - b. Select **Import VIQ from ExtremeCloud IQ**.
  - c. Select **Choose** and then browse and select the VHM export file.
  - d. Select **Import Now**.
  - e. After the import completes, select **OK**.

**Note**

- If the import fails, download the log file for information on the issues.
- If you need to roll back the import, restore the backup.

## Appendix C: Replace or Add a Node

---

Use the procedures in this Appendix if you need to replace a node or add a node.

### Prepare to Replace a Node

1. Gather the IP address settings of the failed node.

Unless stated otherwise, you will set the new node with the same IP address values as the unit being replaced:

  - ICC Interface IP Address—For the ICC interface, you must assign a new IP address to the replacement node.
  - Data Port Interface IP Address
  - DNS Server Address
  - NTP Server Address
2. Configure the VRRP priority for the replacement node.

**Note**

To ensure that the replacement node successfully joins the cluster, set the VRRP node priority of the replacement node to a value that is lower than the value of the existing nodes. This ensures that the VRRP address is pointing at a working node in the cluster during the joining process. After the replacement node has joined the cluster, you can set the VRRP node priority to first priority if desired, but this is not required.

3. Use the Basic Configuration Wizard to configure the replacement unit.

This is required if you are replacing the unit hardware. Node Replacement initially resets the node connections. It may not require new hardware.

For information about the Basic Configuration Wizard, see the appropriate Deployment Guide.

4. [Upgrade the Appliance Software](#) on page 35 and upgrade the node to the current software version.

### What to do Next

After you have gathered the necessary information and verified the software version of all nodes in the cluster, go to the [Replace Node](#) on page 54 procedure.

## Replace Node

Replacing a node in a cluster is performed when a node has failed and must be replaced. The replacement node gets delivered in a reset state. After initializing the node for its network presence, the new node is added to the cluster and assumes the service load of the removed node.

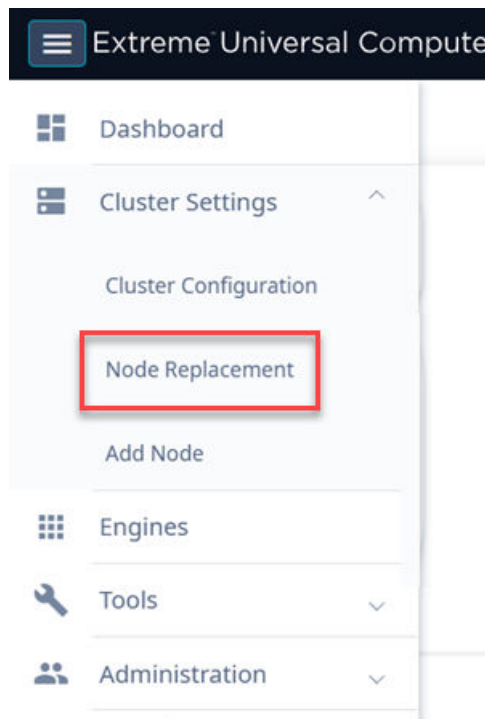


### Note

Before you replace a node, review the information in [Prepare to Replace a Node](#) on page 53.

From the primary node in the cluster (Node 1), take the following steps:

1. Go to **Cluster Settings > Node Replacement**.



**Figure 16: Node Replacement**

2. Select the failed node and select **Next**.

Existing credentials are used to establish connection to the failed node. Configuration and services information is transferred from the primary node to the failed node in an effort to re-establish a connection.

If it is necessary to replace the node hardware, refer to the [Installation Guide](#) for your Universal Compute Platform Appliance model for detailed information.

## Add Node



### Note

Before adding a new node, you must configure the new node and ensure that it is running the current software version. Refer to [Prepare to Replace a Node](#) on page 53.

A node is one appliance. Universal Compute Platform multi-node clusters can be deployed with three or more nodes, with the ability to scale up when the cluster reaches capacity. With a multi-node cluster, the cluster size must be a multiple of three (for example, three, six, and nine are acceptable cluster sizes).

To add one or more nodes to a cluster, take the following steps:

1. Go to **Cluster Settings > Add Node**.
2. In the **Number of Nodes to Add** drop-down, select the number of nodes that you are adding.
3. From the **Number of Availability Zones** drop-down, select the number of availability zones to which you are adding nodes.



### Note

This setting appears only if you have multiple zones configured already within the cluster. The new nodes that you want to add must be added to the configured zones.



### Note

When adding new nodes to an existing cluster that is split into multiple availability zones, keep the following points in mind:

- The cluster configuration, after the nodes are added, must align with availability zones requirements for an equal number of nodes per zone.
- The cluster size, after the nodes are added, must be a multiple of three.
- There is no option to reconfigure the number of zones after the initial cluster is created. This limitation also applies when adding nodes to an existing cluster.

For example, when adding nodes to a six-node and two zone cluster, you can add nodes only in multiples of six or the node addition would violate one of these rules. However, when adding nodes to a nine-node cluster that has three zones, you have the option to add three nodes (one node per zone) giving you a twelve-node cluster with three zones of four nodes each.

The screenshot displays a configuration interface for adding nodes. It features a progress bar at the top with two steps: '1 Add Nodes' (active) and '2 Finish'. Below the progress bar, there are two dropdown menus: 'Number of Nodes to Add' set to '9 Nodes' and 'Number of Availability Zones' set to '3'. The main area is divided into three columns representing availability zones: 'AZ-1', 'AZ-2', and 'AZ-3'. Each column contains three input fields for 'Node 1 ICC IP Address', 'Node 2 ICC IP Address', and 'Node 3 ICC IP Address' respectively. At the bottom left, there is a blue button labeled 'Add Nodes'.

**Figure 17: Add Nodes Example with Availability Zones**

4. Enter the ICC IP Address for each node and then select **Add Nodes**.
5. Select **OK** to begin the Add Node process.





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