

## Extreme Management Center User Guide Version 8.4



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# Help

Extreme Management Center provides access to web-based reporting, network analysis, troubleshooting, and helpdesk tools. Extreme Management Center includes wired/wireless dashboards, reports, end-system information and policy, interactive topology maps, application identification, web-based FlexViews, device views, and event logs. NetFlow diagnostics enable assessment of network issues and performance. Search functionality enables you to search for end-systems by MAC address, IP address, end-system name, or user name.

Contact your sales representative for information on obtaining an Extreme Management Center license.

For a list of instructions outlining the initial setup of your network in Extreme Management Center, see Extreme Management Center Initial Configuration Checklist.

Additionally, for information about using this help system, please see Using the Help System.

# **Extreme Management Center Features**

Extreme Management Center provides the following features:

- Network Device details for all managed devices in the network with sorting and filtering of relevant information for network troubleshooting and forensics. Additionally, create maps of the devices and wireless APs on your network. Import images of maps and building/floor plans, and then drag and drop your managed devices and wireless APs in the map. Use the Search to find a device, AP, or wired/wireless client or locate end-systems for a single AP on the map using RSS-based location services. If you have a NetSight Advanced License (NMS-ADV), this feature also includes maps with triangulated location.
- Alarms & Events Alarm and event details for all managed devices in the network with sorting and filtering of relevant information for network troubleshooting and forensics.
- **Control** Dashboards, reports, and control capabilities extending network management to the network attached end-systems. Allows better visibility and

control for IT analysts, troubleshooters, and helpdesk based on end-system and user identity. Create policies for users and ports, enabling network engineers, information technology administrators, and business managers to work together to create the appropriate network experience for each user in their organization.

- Analytics Real-time NetFlow data for enhanced network diagnostics such as flow details, applications, senders, and receivers.
- Wireless Wireless monitoring providing details, dashboards, and Top N information to monitor the overall status of the wireless network, as well as the ability to drill in to details as needed.
- **Governance** Oversight into the configuration of your devices and wireless threat alerts to ensure you are compliant with industry best practices.
- **Reports** Historical and real-time reporting offering high-level network summary information as well as detailed reports and drill-downs.
- Administration Extreme Management Center administration tools to monitor and maintain the Extreme Management Center application and its components.
- — Provides configuration to allow you to integrate third-party software with Extreme Management Center's ExtremeControl solution.
- Search A powerful diagnostic tool to search end-systems by MAC address, IP address, end-system name, or user name for fast troubleshooting. Includes a Search with Compass option that uses SNMP to provide information about the status, configuration, and activities at the ingress points of your network, and is an easy way to search for end stations or users on end stations.

# **Getting Started**

This topic provides information to help you get started using Extreme Management Center to view network data. It includes information on configuring Extreme Management Center access requirements, including several different access scenarios. It also provides steps for enabling the statistics and flow collection that provides Extreme Management Center reporting data, and information on Extreme Management Center scalability.

- <u>Requirements</u>
  - Extreme Management Center Access Requirements
    - Full Read/Write Access
    - <u>Read-Only Access</u>
    - Limited Read-Only Access
    - End-System Information, Read-Only Access
    - End-System Information, Read/Write Access
  - <u>Browser Requirements</u>
  - Screen Resolution
- Enable Report Data Collection
  - Enable Device Statistics Collection
  - Enable Interface Statistics Collection
  - Enable Wireless Controller Statistics Collection
- Enable Flow Collection
  - Enable Flow Collection on a Device
  - Enable Flow Collection on an Interface
- Extreme Management Center Scalability
- Extreme Management Center Timeout

## Requirements

This section provides information on license requirements for the different Extreme Management Center features, as well as access requirements, browser requirements, and screen resolution requirements.

### **Extreme Management Center Access Requirements**

Access to the Extreme Management Center application and its features is determined by the user's membership in an Extreme Management Center authorization group and the group's assigned capabilities. The following table lists the different Extreme Management Center access options and features, and their corresponding capabilities.

To have full read/write access to all Extreme Management Center functionality, a user must be a member of an authorization group with the capabilities shown in the following table. Optionally, users can be configured to have read-only and limited read-only access to Extreme Management Center functionality by selecting a combination of capabilities.

Extreme Management Center Access Options and Features	Required Capabilities
Launch Extreme Management Center. Allows the ability to launch the Extreme Management Center application.	NetSight OneView > Access OneView
<b>View Extreme Management Center Reports.</b> Adds the ability to view reporting data.	NetSight OneView > Access OneView Reports
<b>View Extreme Management Center Maps.</b> Adds the ability to view maps.	NetSight OneView > Maps > Maps Read Access
<b>View and Configure Extreme Management Center Maps.</b> Adds the ability to view and configure maps.	NetSight OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access
<b>View Extreme Management Center Wireless.</b> Adds the ability to view wireless data.	NetSight Console > Wireless Manager > Launch
View Extreme Management Center Administration. Adds access to the Extreme Management Center administration tools and the ability to enable data collection.	NetSight OneView > Access OneView Administration
<b>View Extreme Management Center Search.</b> Adds the ability to use the Extreme Management Center Search functionality.	NetSight OneView > Access OneView Search
<b>View Extreme Management Center Network and Alarms and Events.</b> Adds the ability to view device information and event log details.	NetSight OneView > Events and Alarms > OneView Event Log Access
<b>View Extreme Management Center alarms.</b> Adds the ability to view current alarms in the Alarms and Events page.	NetSight OneView > Events and Alarms > OneView Alarms Read Access
<b>View and clear Extreme Management Center alarms.</b> Adds the ability to view and clear alarms in the Alarms and Events page.	NetSight OneView > Events and Alarms > OneView Alarms Read/Write Access
<b>View Extreme Management Center Control.</b> Adds the ability to view Dashboard, System, Health, and Data Center reports under the <b>Control</b> tab.	NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > Access OneView Identity and Access Reports
<b>View Extreme Management Center Control end-systems table.</b> Adds the ability to view end-system information under the <b>Control</b> tab.	NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > OneView End-Systems Read Access
View and modify Extreme Management Center Control end-systems table. Adds the ability to perform actions in the end-systems table, such as forcing reauthentication and changing an end-system's group membership.	NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > OneView End-Systems Read/Write Access

Extreme Management Center Access Options and Features	Required Capabilities
<b>View Extreme Management Center Control Group Information.</b> Adds the ability to launch the Group Editor tool from the <b>Control</b> tab > End- Systems view, and view group information.	NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > OneView Group Read Access
<b>View and Edit Extreme Management Center Control tab Group Information.</b> Adds the ability to launch the Group Editor tool from the <b>Control</b> tab > End- Systems view, and add, edit, and delete groups.	NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > OneView Group Read/Write Access
<b>View Extreme Management Center Flows.</b> Adds the ability to view NetFlow data for devices in the network.	NetSight OneView > NetFlow Read Access
<b>View Extreme Management Center Flows and allow NetFlow Sensor Write</b> access. Adds the ability to view NetFlow data and configure the Console NetFlow Sensor Configuration view.	NetSight OneView > NetFlow Read/Write Access
Allow Web FlexView read access. Adds the ability to launch a FlexView from the Extreme Management Center Network tab.	NetSight OneView > FlexView > OneView FlexView Read Access
Allow Web FlexView Write access. Adds the ability to launch and edit a FlexView from the Extreme Management Center Network tab.	NetSight OneView > FlexView > OneView FlexView Read/Write Access
Allow Wireless Controller Automatic WebView Login ability. Adds the ability to launch local management for wireless controllers without requiring a login, as long as the user's credentials are good. Users who do not nave this capability are required to log in.	NetSight Suite > Device Local Management WebView > Auto Login to Web Local Management for ExtremeWireless Wireless Controllers
Allow Check for Firmware Updates ability. Adds the ability to check for firmware updates from the Extreme Management Center Network tab.	NetSight Suite > NetSight All User Options > Request and Configure ExtremeNetworks.com Support
Allow Create Policy Rule ability. Adds the ability to create a policy rule in NetFlow tables.	NetSight Policy Manager > Read/Write capabilities for Policy Enforcement and Management
Add Devices. Adds the ability to add devices in the Extreme Management Center <b>Network</b> ab.	NetSight Suite > Devices > Add, Discover and Import
<b>Delete Devices.</b> Adds the ability to delete devices in the Extreme Management Center <b>Network</b> ab.	NetSight Suite > Devices > Delete
<b>Compare Configurations.</b> Adds the ability to compare archived device configurations in either the Extreme Management Center <b>Network</b> tab or the Archive Details Report available in the Extreme Management Center <b>Reports</b> tab.	Inventory Manager > Configuration Archive Management > View/Compare Configurations

Here are several scenarios that show how different Extreme Management Center user access levels can be configured based on assigned capabilities.

#### Use Case 1: Full Read/Write Access

To provide full read/write access to all Extreme Management Center functionality, configure user membership in an authorization group assigned the following capabilities:

- NetSight OneView > Access OneView
- NetSight OneView > Access OneView Reports

- NetSight OneView > Access OneView Search
- NetSight OneView > Access OneView Administration
- NetSight OneView > NetFlow Read/Write Access
- NetSight OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access
- NetSight Console > Wireless Manager > Launch
- NetSight OneView > Events and Alarms > OneView Event Log Access
- NetSight OneView > Events and Alarms > OneView Alarms Read/Write Access
- NetSight OneView > FlexView > OneView FlexView Read/Write Access
- NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > Access OneView Identity and Access Reports
- NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > OneView End-Systems Read/Write Access
- NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > OneView Group Read/Write Access
- NetSight Policy Manager > Read/Write capabilities for Policy Enforcement and Management
- NetSight Suite > Device Local Management WebView > Auto Login to Web Local Management for ExtremeWireless Wireless Controllers
- NetSight Suite > NetSight All User Options > Request and Configure ExtremeNetworks.com Support
- NetSight Suite > Devices > Add, Discover and Import
- NetSight Suite > Devices > Delete
- Inventory Manager > Configuration Archive Management > View/Compare Configurations

#### Use Case 2: Read-Only Access

To provide read-only access to all Extreme Management Center reports and FlexViews, configure user membership in an authorization group assigned the following capabilities:

- NetSight OneView > Access OneView
- NetSight OneView > Access OneView Reports
- NetSight OneView > Access OneView Search
- NetSight OneView > NetFlow Read Access

- NetSight OneView > Maps > Maps Read Access
- NetSight Console > Wireless Manager > Launch
- NetSight OneView > Events and Alarms > OneView Event Log Access
- NetSight OneView > Events and Alarms > OneView Alarms Read Access
- NetSight OneView > FlexView > OneView FlexView Read Access
- NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > Access OneView Identity and Access Reports
- NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > OneView End-Systems Read Access
- NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > OneView Group Read Access

#### Use Case 3: Limited Read-Only Access

To provide limited read-only access to only Extreme Management Center reporting and wireless data, configure user membership in an authorization group assigned the following capabilities:

- NetSight OneView > Access OneView
- NetSight OneView > Access OneView Reports
- NetSight Console > Wireless Manager > Launch

#### Use Case 4: End-System Information, Read-Only Access

To provide read-only access to Extreme Management Center end-system information, configure user membership in an authorization group assigned the following capabilities:

- NetSight OneView > Access OneView
- NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > OneView End-Systems Read Access

#### Use Case 5: End-System Information, Read/Write Access

To provide read/write access to Extreme Management Center end-system information, configure user membership in an authorization group assigned the following capabilities:

- NetSight OneView > Access OneView
- NetSight OneView > Identity and Access > OneView End-Systems Read/Write Access

### **Browser Requirements**

The following web browsers are supported:

- Microsoft Edge and Internet Explorer version 11
- Mozilla Firefox 34 and later
- Google Chrome 33.0 and later

Browsers must have JavaScript enabled in order for the web-based views to function.

While it is not required that cookies are enabled, impaired functionality results if they are not. This includes (but is not limited to) the ability to generate PDFs and persist table configurations such as filters, sorting, and column selections.

## **Screen Resolution**

For optimum display of graphs and tables, Extreme Management Center is best viewed on a system with a minimum screen resolution of 1280x1024.

# **Enable Report Data Collection**

To view Extreme Management Center reporting data, you must enable statistics collection for your network devices. You must be a member of an authorization group that has been assigned the NetSight OneView > Access NetSight OneView and Administration capability to enable data collection. Data collection is only available with the NMS license and above.

## **Enable Device Statistics Collection**

To view Extreme Management Center device reports, you must enable statistics collection for your network devices from either Extreme Management Center Devices, or the Console device tree or **Device Properties** tab. Statistics can be collected in a historical collection mode or a monitor collection mode.

• Historical Mode — Device and physical port statistics are saved to the database and aggregated over time, and are then used in Extreme Management Center reports. The device statistics are also used for active threshold alarms configured in the

Console Alarms Manager.

**NOTE:** Enabling Historical Device Statistics Collection may use substantial disk space.

• Monitor Mode — Device statistics are saved to a Monitor cache for one hour and then dropped. These statistics are used for active threshold alarms, configured in the Console Alarms Manager, but not for Extreme Management Center reporting.

**NOTE:** The Monitor mode option is not available if you have disabled Monitor Collection in the OneView Collector Advanced Settings window in Administration > Options.

If you are enabling statistics collection on an ExtremeControl engine, Application Detection engine, or ExtremeWireless Controller, read through the following notes:

#### • ExtremeControl Engine

When collecting statistics on an ExtremeControl engine, the engine must be added to Extreme Management Center to collect all engine statistics. In addition, Monitor mode is not supported on ExtremeControl engines.

#### • Application Detection Engine

When collecting statistics on an Application Detection engine, the engine must be added to the Analytics > Configuration > ExtremeAnalytics Engines table in order for Extreme Management Center to collect all Application Detection statistics. In addition, Monitor mode is not supported on Application Detection engines.

#### • ExtremeWireless Controller

Wireless Controller <u>statistics collection</u> is configured separately from other devices.

#### Enabling Device Statistics Collection

Use the following steps to enable device statistics collection.

- 1. You can enable statistics collection from either Extreme Management Center or Console:
  - In the Network tab, right-click one or more devices (multiple devices must be in the same device family) and select Device > Collect Device Statistics. You can also click the Menu icon ( ≡) in the upper left corner of the Network tab and select Device > Collect Device Statistics.
  - In the Console device tree or **Device Properties** tab, right-click one or more devices (multiple devices must be in the same device family) and select

OneView > Collect Device Statistics.

2. From the Collect Device Statistics window, select the statistic collection mode you want to use: **Historical** or **Monitor**.



All active threshold alarms configured in the Extreme Management Center **Alarms and Events** tab (for the selected device family) that use the collected statistics display in the Active Threshold Alarm Summary box. If the selected devices do not match any active threshold alarms, this box is blank. To reduce unnecessary statistic collection, do not enable Monitor mode on devices that do not match any active threshold alarms.

- **TIP:** A summary event is generated daily in the **Alarms and Events** > **Events** tab that shows the number of device with statistic collection enabled where corresponding threshold alarms are not configured.
- 3. Click **OK**. Extreme Management Center begins collecting statistics for the selected devices.

## **Enable Interface Statistics Collection**

To view Extreme Management Center interface reports, you must enable statistics collection for your device interfaces from either the Extreme Management Center **Network** tab, or the **Console Port Properties** tab or Interface Summary FlexView. Statistics can be collected in a historical collection mode or a monitored collection mode.

- Historical Mode Interface statistics are saved to the database and aggregated over time, used in Extreme Management Center reports. The interface statistics are also used for active threshold alarms configured in the **Alarms and Events** tab.
- Monitor Mode Interface statistics are saved to a Monitor cache for one hour and then dropped. These statistics are used for active threshold alarms configured in the

Console Alarms Manager, but not for Extreme Management Center reporting. (Note that the Monitor mode option is not available if you have disabled Monitor Collection in the OneView Collector Advanced Settings window in the **Administration** > **Options** tab.)

#### Enabling Interface Statistics Collection

Use the following steps to enable interface statistics collection.

- 1. You can enable statistics collection from either Extreme Management Center or Console:
  - On the **Network** tab, click on the device name link to open the Interface Summary FlexView. In the FlexView, right-click on one or more interfaces and select Collect Interface Statistics.
  - On the **Network** tab, right-click on a device and select Port Tree. In the Port Tree, select an interface, right-click and select **Collect Interface Statistics**.
  - In the **Console Port Properties** tab or Interface Summary FlexView, right-click one or more interfaces and select the OneView > Collect Interface Statistics.
- 2. From the Collect Device Statistics window, select the statistic collection mode you want to use: **Historical** or **Monitor**.

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All active threshold alarms configured in the Extreme Management Center **Alarms and Events** tab (for the selected device family) that use the collected statistics display in the Active Threshold Alarm Summary box. If the selected devices do not match any active threshold alarms, this box is blank. To reduce unnecessary statistic collection, do not enable Monitor mode on devices that do not match any active threshold alarms.

**TIP:** A summary event is generated daily in the **Alarms and Events** > **Events** tab that shows the number of device with statistic collection enabled where corresponding threshold alarms are not configured.

3. Click **OK**. Extreme Management Center begins collecting statistics for the selected interfaces.

# **Enable Wireless Controller Statistics Collection**

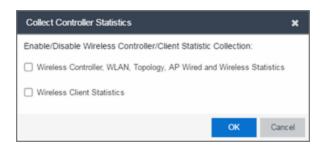
Wireless Controller statistics collection is configured separately from other devices. When you enable Wireless Controller statistics collection, it includes Wireless Controller, WLAN, Topology, and AP wired and wireless statistics, and you also have the option to collect wireless client statistics.

You can enable statistics collection for multiple controllers, however the group cannot contain a mix of devices and wireless controllers. The group must include only controllers.

#### Enabling Wireless Controller Statistics Collection

Use the following steps to enable wireless controller statistics collection.

- 1. You can enable statistics collection from either Extreme Management Center or Console:
  - On the Network tab, right-click one or more wireless controllers and select Device > Collect Device Statistics. You can also click the menu icon (≡) in the upper left corner of the Network tab and select Device > Collect Device Statistics.
  - In the Console device tree or **Device Properties** tab, right-click one or more wireless controllers and select OneView > Collect Device Statistics.
- 2. From the Collect Controller Statistics window, select the statistics you want to collect.



3. Click **OK**. Extreme Management Center begins collecting statistics for the selected controllers.

# **Enable Flow Collection**

To view Extreme Management Center Flow and Application reports, you must enable NetFlow or application telemetry on the device and enable flow collection for the device interfaces. N-Series, S-Series, and K-Series devices support NetFlow flow collection and ExtremeXOS devices support application telemetry flow collection. You must be a member of an authorization group assigned the NetSight OneView > NetFlow Read/Write Access capability to view NetFlow data or the NetSight OneView > Application Telemetry Read/Write Access capability to view application telemetry data and enable flow collection in Extreme Management Center. Flow collection is only available with the NMS-ADV license.

# **Enable Flow Collection on a Device**

In Extreme Management Center, open the Advanced Configuration panel. Select an ExtremeAnalytics engine and use the Flow Collection Type drop-down to select the type of flow collection supported by your device. Use the Flow Sources or Application Telemetry Sources section of the window (depending on the Flow Collection Type selected) to add a device as a flow collection source.

# Enable Flow Collection on an Interface

In PortView, you can enable flow collection from the Configure Collection State section of the **Interface Details** tab.

# **Extreme Management Center Scalability**

Extreme Management Center supports reporting on 20,000 objects as determined by the number of devices and interfaces being monitored, along with polling interval and data storage periods. Below are two example network configurations resulting in collected objects under 20,000. For additional information on tuning your deployment, please contact Extreme Networks Support.

Variables		Scenario 1	Scenario 2
Data Retention	Raw Data	7 Days	7 Days
	Hourly Rollups	8 Weeks	8 Weeks
	Daily Rollups	6 Months	6 Months
Polling Interval		15 Minutes	15 Minutes
Devices	Wireless Controllers	5	10
	Wireless APs	1000	2000
	Advanced Switch/Routers	150	50
	Advanced Interfaces	1000	200
	Servers	150	50
Collected Objects		19,450	18,630

# **Extreme Management Center Timeout**

Extreme Management Center automatically times out after a specified amount of time, specified in the HTTP Session Timeout section of the Web Server view in the Administration > Options tab. A dialog box appears to warn you when you are two minutes from timing out of an Extreme Management Center web page. For additional information, see the Web Server Options Help topic.

# **Upgrading Fabric Manager**

Use the following procedure to upgrade your version Fabric Manager.

# Prerequisites

- Upgrade Extreme Management Center to the later version before you upgrade Fabric Manager to the corresponding build number.
- Ensure that both the current and target Extreme Management Center and Fabric Manager build numbers are the same.
- Download the latest upgrade bundle from the Extreme Networks software download Portal.
- Change Login Information from Anonymous to appropriate SCP

credentials in the SCP Server Properties section in the Administration > Options > Inventory Manager > File Transfer tab.

**NOTE:** After you deploy Fabric Manager and then register with Extreme Management Center, only the user credential associated with the Fabric Manager profile has SSH login access.

## **Upgrade Procedure**

- 1. Open the **Network** tab in Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Click the Firmware tab.

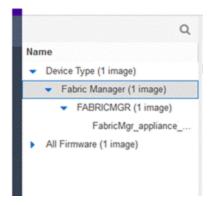
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- 3. On the left panel, click Upload
- 4. In the Directory field, select the SCP radio button and click Upload.

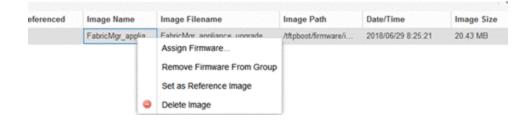


- 5. Click on **Drop files here or click to browse** and select the previously downloaded upgrade bundle.
- 6. Click the **Upload** button to initiate the bundle upload to the Extreme Management Center server.

Once the upload is completed successfully, if not previously added after clicking on the **Refresh** button, a new entry appears under Device Type called Fabric Manager.



- 7. Navigate through the newly added Device type until you see the bundle image listed.
- 8. Right click on the bundle listed on the main panel and click on **Set as Reference Image**.



This step sets this image bundle as the Reference upgrade image for Fabric Manager. The upgrade process to get triggered by default can take **up to five minutes** depending on the poll interval set on Extreme Management Center.

9. Open the **Operations** log on Extreme Management Center and wait until a log of type 'ZTP+' with the message Successfully upgraded FabricMgr\_appliance\_upgrade\_bundle\_version\_number>.zip appears.

C ZTPs - Tue Nov	04 2018 10-64	55 GMT-0500 (Eastern	Standard Te	na) Propra	as 1005 - Surress	For Chick and the second state of a dependence of the second state of the second st
Tue Nov 06 2018 10	ZIP+	VMware-564d6ca56	Success	100%	Tue Nov 06 2018 10	Successfully upgraded FabricMg_appliance_upgrade_bundle_8.2.1.57.zig
Tue Nov 06 2018 10	ZTP+	VMware-564d6ca56	Success	100%	Tue Nov 06 2018 10	Successfully upgraded FabricMgr_appliance_upgrade_bundle_8.2.1.57.zip

This is followed by a message Finished without error to indicate the upgrade operation has been completed by the ZTP+.

ZTP+ - Tue Nov 06 2018 10:56:50 GMT-0500 (Eastern Standard Time)> Progress: 100% - Success												
Tue Nov	06 2018	10	ZTP+	VMware-564d6ca56	Success	100%	Tue Nov 06 2018 10	Finished without eno				
Tue Nov	06 2018	10	ZTP+	VMware-564d6ca56	Success	100%	Tue Nov 06 2018 10	Finished without erro				

10. When the upgrade is complete, the details on Fabric Manager are updated to the latest version.

Dashboard Devices Discovered	Females	Archives	Configuration Templa	tes Reports						Q 7 II
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O World	Status	Name 1	Site	P Address	Status	Details	Device Type	Family	Females	Reference
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	•	RF56000	705948	10.54.37.88	Aubble 10.	Up 225 Dee .	RF56000	Extremettle	5.8.6.6411R	
		9005	Alland	10.54.165.16	Autobe 81.	58 2193 De	12110	Wireless Co	10.41.02.0014	
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## Post Upgrade Steps

- 1. Ensure that the same user credential associated with the Fabric Manager profile has SSH login access.
- 2. Navigate to the previously added and referenced upgrade image and un-reference it by right clicking on the bundle and then clicking **Unset as Reference Image**.

## **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Fabric
- Fabric Connect

# **Extreme Management Center Licensing**

The Extreme Management Center base license called, NetSight Base (NMSBASE), includes access to all the Administration features including Diagnostics. Under the Administration > Diagnostics tab, you can select from three levels of information: Basic, Advanced, and Diagnostic. The Extreme Management Center licensing information is available in all three levels. From the Server > Server Licenses menu, you can see a Server Licenses report that displays all server licenses and allows you to add a new license.

## **Related Information**

For information on the other Extreme Management Center tabs:

• **Diagnostics** 

# **Extreme Management Center Port List**

## UDP

Port	Purpose
69	TFTP — Inventory Management
123	NTP
161	SNMP monitoring of Extreme Management Center
162	SNMP traps and informs from monitored devices
514	Syslog from monitored devices
2055	Default NetFlow collector
2058	VMware NSX IPFIX collector
2075	ExtremeXOS IPFIX collector
2095	Wireless NetFlow collector
4739	VTAP IPFIX collector
6343	SFlow for ExtremeAnalytics / Application Telemetry
8514	Rule Hit Reporting - The Policy Manager legacy java application supports the "Rule Hit Reporting" feature that has not been ported to Extreme Management Center. This opens UDP port 8514 to register a listener for syslog events sent from devices configured to send them in order to track policy rule hits for accounting purposes. At present this feature is not planned to be ported and the port can be blocked with the only side effect being the rule hit accounting functionality would no longer work.
9191	Default IPFIX collector

#### UDP ports open some systems, but not all

Port	Purpose
33487	Ephemeral port (probably tftp)
37371	Ephemeral port (probably tftp)
38231	Ephemeral port (probably tftp)
43901	Ephemeral port (probably tftp)
47479	Ephemeral port (probably tftp)
56438	Ephemeral port (probably tftp)

## TCP

Port	Purpose
22	SSH access to engine
514	Syslog from monitored devices
4589	MySQL
8080	HTTP Extreme Management Center redirect to HTTPS
8443	HTTPS Extreme Management Center
10010	Docker
20504	Langley (wireless)

# Network

Selecting the **Network** tab displays details for the managed devices in Extreme Management Center, with sorting and filtering of relevant information for network troubleshooting.

## **Navigating the Network Tab**

Clicking **Network** in the Menu Bar to the left of Extreme Management Center opens the **Network** tab. The **Network** tab provides access to the following sub-tabs:

- <u>Dashboard</u> Displays summary Extreme Management Center data including switch, network and interface statistics, the five most recent alarms, important wireless data, as well as archive, backup, database, and scheduled event information.
- <u>Devices</u> Provides you with information about the devices on your network and the relationships between devices. The **Devices** tab also allows you to organize devices into groups, geographically in maps, and configure default settings for newly discovered devices using sites.
- <u>Discovered</u> Displays newly discovered devices on your network and allows you to configure those devices.
- Firmware Allows you to view and upgrade firmware for network devices.
- <u>Archives</u> Displays all device archives, or saved device configurations grouped by device type.
- <u>Configuration Templates</u> Provides you with device configurations you can use as a template for your device types.
- <u>Reports</u> Provides a variety of system reports that give information about your devices, ports, and network traffic.

Additionally, the **Menu** icon (=) at the top of the screen provides links to additional information about your version of Extreme Management Center.

## Dashboard

Select the **Dashboard** tab to view graphical data about devices on your network. Click **Info** (1) at the top-right of the page to access detailed information about each of the reports. Some of the charts and tables can be selected to provide additional information.

The **Dashboard** contains three options, the Impact Analysis, Overview, Inventory dashboards.

### **Impact Analysis**

The Impact Analysis dashboard displays a real-time summary of Availability, Performance, Capacity/Health, and Configuration data for your network. The dashboard provides you with charts that identify the scope and scale of faulting elements in the network or location. Charts display an impact status and an impact summary for a particular factor that are updated automatically when conditions change.

### Overview

This shows twelve panes containing statistical information about devices on your network. The information presents a sampling of the performance of individual devices.

## **Multi Cloud**

The Multi Cloud dashboard provide an overview of all virtual machines on the network broken down into VM distribution per ExtremeControl profile, Operating System, Switch, and Hypervisor technology. It also provides detailed information on all VMs. For each supported Hypervisor technology, sub-reports provide more indepth data. Additionally, the Multi Cloud dashboard includes information about Google Compute, Amazon Web Service, and Microsoft Azure instances.

## Inventory

The <u>Inventory Dashboard</u> includes a <u>Summary tab</u>, which displays several pie charts that enable you to view the activity and status of the devices and ports that comprise your network. The criteria for each chart is configurable, and you can drill down from each chart to access reports displaying details about the device and port activity.

The Inventory Dashboard also includes <u>Asset Tracking</u> and <u>Device Tracking</u> tabs. Use these tables to monitor changes made to assets and devices in your network.

## **Devices**

Select the **Devices** tab to display information about devices in your network and the maps and sites in which they are added. The left-panel of the **Devices** tab

contains a drop-down list, allowing you to view all of your devices, a subset of devices, your maps, or your sites. Selecting a device, device group, map, or site in the Groups/Maps navigation tree displays details about the item you selected in the right-panel. Additionally, you can contact the selected devices with the currently configured profile and execute CLI commands on devices or device groups.

The information in the right-panel is organized into tabs. The tabs available depends on the item selected in the left-panel.

- Devices The Devices tab contains a table of information about the devices selected in the left-panel (or the devices included in the map or site selected in the left-panel), including the status of the device, the IP address, the device type, the firmware version, and the serial number.
- Site The Site tab allows you to create a default configuration for devices being added to the selected site.
- Summary The Summary tab opens the Device View for the device selected.
- Map The Map tab displays the geographic, topology, or floor plan map as well as a graphic representation of the devices contained in that map.
- Site Summary The Site Summary tab contains a table of information about the sites on your network, including the path, addresses, and configuration.
- Endpoint Locations The Endpoint Locations tab displays the geographic locations of your devices and sites.
- FlexReports The FlexReports tab contains reports available for the device, controller, map, or site selected in the left-panel.

## Discovered

Select the **Discovered** tab to view devices new to your network not yet added to the Extreme Management Center database. Devices appear on the **Discovered** tab when they are:

- Discovered via the **Site** tab and one of the following occurs:
  - The Automatically Add Devices checkbox is not selected in the Site Actions section of the tab.

- The serial number of the device matches:
  - The serial number of another device being discovered.
  - The serial number of a device already in the Extreme Management Center database.
- The serial number is not defined for a device and the base MAC address matches:
  - The base MAC address of another device being discovered.
  - The base MAC address of a device already in the Extreme Management Center database.
- The serial number and base MAC address are not defined for a device and the IP address matches:
  - The IP address of another device being discovered.
  - The IP address of a device already in the Extreme Management Center database.
- The device uses a profile different than those associated with devices that already exist in the Extreme Management Center database.
- Discovered using the Pre-Register Device window for your ZTP+ (Zero Touch Provisioning Plus) enabled devices.
  - **NOTE:** ZTP+ functionality is supported on ExtremeXOS devices on which version 21.1 (or greater) is installed, FastPath devices, Fabric Manager, ExtremeAnalyticsengines, and Access Controlengines.
- Discovered using a trap to discover a ZTP (Zero Touch Provisioning) enabled device.

**NOTE:** ZTP functionality is not identical to ZTP+ functionality.

## Firmware

Select the **Firmware** tab to assign a firmware or boot PROM image to one or more product families or device types. This enables you to download the assigned image to any of your network devices of that family or type. Use the Details section of the tab to display the firmware or boot PROM image details and save the image to the device.

## Archives

Select the **Archives** tab to create new archives for your devices and view a list of existing archives grouped by device type in the left-hand panel. This tab provides information about archive operations performed on the selected device or device group. Additionally, use your archives to compare your device configurations against industry best practices.

## **Configuration Templates**

Select the **Configuration Templates** tab to view and use device configuration templates grouped by device type in the left-hand panel. This tab provides information about configurations you can use as templates for your devices.

## Reports

Select the **Reports** tab to view information about the devices and ports on your network as well as information about network traffic. Available reports are accessible via the **Reports** drop-down list at the top of the tab and are grouped into the following three reporting areas:

- Device
- Interface
- Network

Click **Information** (1) in the top-right corner of a report to view more information about that report.

Click **Export to CSV** ()) to export the information contained in the report to your default CSV application, where it can then be manipulated or saved.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- How to Add Fabric Manager
- Fabric Manager ZTP+ Configuration

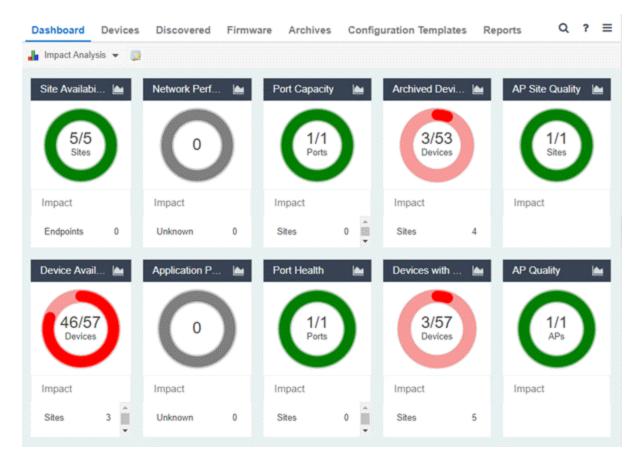
- <u>Device Operations</u>
- <u>Search</u>

For information on related tasks:

- <u>Create Device Group</u>
- Add Devices to Maps
- New Device Configuration in Extreme Management Center

# Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

Accessible from the **Network** tab, the **Impact Analysis Dashboard** displays a real-time summary of Availability, Performance, Capacity/Health, and Configuration data for your network.



Click the report button () to open the Impact Analysis Report page window in the Reports Designer tab.

- A network element is considered **"faulting"** if it is non-optimal relative to a certain factor; for example, a device that has not been archived recently or an application that is responding poorly.
- A network element is considered **"impacted"** if it has a relationship to a faulting element which might affect its operation; for example, an endpoint connected to a device that failed.

## Charts

The dashboard provides you with ring charts and data that identify the scope and scale of faulting elements in the network or site. Charts display a name and impact status for a particular factor, and are updated automatically when conditions change.

The center of each chart contains a ratio of the non-faulting elements compared to the total number of elements. Hover over a ring color to display a complete description of the ratio. Extreme Management Center uses these ratios, converts them to a percentage, and uses them to determine the impact status. Below each chart is an Impact Summary, which displays the network elements impacted by any faulting elements.

The Impact Status is reflected by color:

Impact Status	Color	Description
Low	0	None, or few, faulting elements
Medium	0	Some, but not many, faulting elements
High	0	Many faulting elements

The thresholds that determine the Impact Status (Low, Medium, or High) for each chart is configurable in the Impact Analysis options on the **Administration** tab.

When the Impact Status changes for network elements (e.g. device availability changes from Low to Medium or from Medium to High), an event is generated and is available in the event log on the **Events** tab.

## Site Availability

The center of the Site Availability ring chart indicates the ratio of sites with which Extreme Management Center can communicate to the total number of sites with at least one device. The number of end-points impacted by sites Extreme Management Center can not reach is listed in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart.

- Click the ring chart to open the Unavailable Sites report that displays sites Extreme Management Center can not reach.
- Click **Endpoints** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Endpoints Impacted by Unavailable Sites report that provides more details about endpoints with devices.

• Click the report button () to open the Site Availability History report that provides a historical view of the Site Availability chart.

## **Device Availability**

The center of the Device Availability ring chart indicates the ratio of devices with which Extreme Management Center can communicate to the total number of devices. The number of sites and endpoints that contain devices with which Extreme Management Center can not communicate are listed in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart.

- Click the ring chart to open the Unavailable Devices report that provides detailed data for all unavailable devices.
- Click **Sites** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Sites Impacted by Unavailable Devices report that provides more details about sites with unavailable devices.
- Click **Endpoints** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Endpoints Impacted by Unavailable Devices report that provides more details about endpoints with unavailable devices.
- Click the report button () to open the Device Availability History report that provides a historical view of the Device Availability chart.

## **Network Performance**

The center of the Network Performance ring chart indicates the ratio of sites with a network response time in the expected or better-than-expected range to the total number of sites. The number of tracked applications and network services and endpoints with a slower-than-expected response time are listed in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart. Data displayed in the chart includes all engines on your network. Applications at different sites are counted separately.

- **NOTE:** Enable Dynamic Thresholding to allow Extreme Management Center to automatically determine the expected response times based on previously observed response times. If you do not use ExtremeAnalytics or do not want to enable Dynamic Thresholding, you can remove this chart from the Impact Analysis dashboard in the Report Designer.
  - Click the ring chart to open the Slow Sites report that displays sites with slower-than-expected network response times.
  - Click **Applications** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Applications Impacted by Slow Sites report that provides more details about

the tracked applications and network services impacted by slower-thanexpected network response time.

**NOTE:** Enable Event Collection to allow Extreme Management Center to report specific end-points impacted by slower-than-expected response times.

- Click **Endpoints** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Endpoints Impacted by Network Response Time report that provides more details about endpoints impacted by slower-than-expected network response time.
- Click the report button () to open the Network Performance History report that provides a historical view of the Network Performance chart.

## **Application Performance**

The center of the Application Performance ring chart indicates the ratio of tracked applications and network services with an application response time in the expected or better-than-expected range to the total number of tracked applications and network services. The number of sites that contain tracked applications and network services with slower-than-expected application response times are listed in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart. Data displayed in the chart includes all engines on your network. Applications at different sites are counted separately.

- **NOTE:** Enable Dynamic Thresholding to allow Extreme Management Center to automatically determine the expected response times based on previously observed response times. If you do not use ExtremeAnalytics or do not want to enable Dynamic Thresholding, you can remove this chart from the Impact Analysis dashboard in the Report Designer.
  - Click the ring chart to open the Slow Applications report, which is filtered to display tracked applications and network services with slower-than-expected application response times.
  - Click **Sites** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Sites Impacted by Slow Applications report that provides more details about the sites impacted by tracked applications and network services with slower-thanexpected response times.
  - Click **Endpoints** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the that provides more details about endpoints impacted by slower-than-expected application response time.

**NOTE:** Enable Event Collection to allow Extreme Management Center to report specific end-points impacted by slower-than-expected response times.

• Click the report button () to open the Application Performance History report that provides a historical view of the Application Performance chart.

### **Port Capacity**

The center of the Port Capacity ring chart indicates the ratio of ports with an acceptable level of utilization to the total number of ports on which data collection is enabled and which recently reported utilization measurements. The number of sites and devices that contain ports with excessive utilization are listed in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart.

- Click the ring chart to open the Highly Utilized Ports report that displays the utilization of ports filtered to include only those ports with an excessive port rate.
- Click **Sites** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Sites Impacted by Highly Utilized Ports report that provides more details about sites impacted by port capacity.
- Click **Devices** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Devices Impacted by Highly Utilized Ports report that provides more details about devices impacted by port capacity.
- Click the report button () to open the Port Capacity History report that provides a historical view of the Port Capacity chart.

### Port Health

The center of the Port Health ring chart indicates the ratio of ports with an acceptable error rate to the total number of ports on which data collection is enabled and which recently reported error rate measurements. The number of sites and devices that contain ports with an excessive error rate are listed in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart.

- Click the ring chart to open the High Error Ports report that lists the ports with an excessive error rate.
- Click **Sites** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Sites Impacted by High Error Ports report that provides a list of sites with ports with an unacceptable error rate.

- Click **Devices** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Devices Impacted by High Error Ports report that provides a list of devices with ports with an unacceptable error rate.
- Click the report button () to open the Port Health History report that provides a historical view of the Port Health chart.

### **Archived Devices**

The center of the Archived Devices ring chart indicates the ratio of devices for which an archive was created in the past 30 days to the total number of devices that support archiving. The number of sites with devices not archived in the past 30 days is listed in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart.

- Click the ring chart to open the Unarchived Devices report that provides a list of the devices not archived in the last 30 days.
- Click **Sites** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Sites Impacted by Unarchived Devices report that provides a list of the sites associated with devices with no archive in the last 30 days.
- Click the report button () to open the Archived Devices History Report that provides a historical view of the Archived Devices chart.

#### **Devices with Reference Firmware**

The center of the Devices with Reference Firmware ring chart indicates the ratio of devices on which firmware you define as a reference image is installed to the total number of devices. The number of sites containing devices on which reference firmware is not installed is listed in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart.

**NOTE:** The Devices with Reference Firmware ring chart only includes devices discovered via SNMP.

- Click the ring chart to open the Devices Without Reference Firmware report that displays a list of affected devices not running reference firmware.
- Click **Sites** in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Sites Impacted by Devices Without Reference Firmware report that provides a list of the sites with devices not running reference firmware.
- Click the report button () to open the Reference Firmware History Report that provides a historical view of the Devices with Reference Firmware chart.

## **AP Site Quality**

The center of the AP Site Quality ring chart indicates the ratio of ExtremeCloud sites with applications that meet the required RFQI or quality standards to the total number of sites. Quality indicators of 1 (low) to 5 (good) are determined via the ExtremeCloud engine.

- Click the ring chart to open the **AP Sites with Low Quality** report that includes details about the sites with APs that are experiencing both good and poor quality.
- Click Impact in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the Sites Impacted by APs with Low Quality report that provides a list of the sites with devices not running reference firmware.
- Click the report button () to open the **AP Site Quality History Report**, which provides a historical view of AP site quality totals and counts.

## **AP Quality**

The center of the AP Quality ring chart indicates the ratio of applications that meet the required RFQI or quality standards to the total number of APs. The number of APs experiencing low quality is listed in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart. Quality indicators of 1 (low) to 5 (good) are determined via the ExtremeCloud engine.

- Click the ring chart to open the **APs with Low Quality** report that displays details about APs experiencing low quality.
- Click Impact in the Impact Summary beneath the ring chart to open the APs Impacted by Low Quality report that provides a list of the APs experiencing low quality.
- Click the report button () to open the **AP Quality History Report**, which provides a historical view of the quality experienced by APs.

## **Related Information**

- Impact Analysis Options
- <u>Extreme Management Center Network Overview</u>

## **Unavailable Sites Report**

The Unavailable Sites report provides a list of sites Extreme Management Center considers to be down. Use the **Devices Up for Site Up (percent)** field on the **Impact Status Options** tab to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine if a site is up. The threshold is calculated as the ratio of devices in a site with a **Status** of **Up** to the total number of devices in the site.

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The following columns are included in the report:

#### Alarms:

Shows the most severe alarm triggered by a device included in the site. The severity of the alarm is indicated by the following icons:

- Critical  $(\mathbf{V})$  A problem with significant implications.
- Error (▶) A problem with limited implications.
- Warning  $(\triangle)$  A condition that might lead to a problem.
- Info (\_) Information only; not a problem.
- None  $(\bigcirc)$  No alarms on the device.

## Status:

Indicates whether the site is up or down, based on the percentage of devices in the site with which Extreme Management Center can communicate (**Status** of **Up**). A green check mark indicates the site is up, while a red X icon indicates the site is down.

Use the **Devices Up for Site Up (percent)** field on the **Impact Status Options** tab to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine if a site is up. The threshold is calculated as the ratio of devices in a site with a **Status** of **Up** to the total number of devices in the site.

## Name:

The name of the site.

## **Devices Up**

This column indicates the number of devices with a **Status** of **Up** in the site.

### **Devices Down**

This column indicates the number of devices with a **Status** of **Down** in the site.

## **Interswitch Links Up**

This column indicates the number of Interswitch Links with a **Status** of **Up** in the site.

#### **Interswitch Links Down**

This column indicates the number of Interswitch Links with a **Status** of **Down** in the site.

## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

## **Endpoints Impacted by Unavailable Sites Report**

This report provides detailed information about end-systems impacted as the result of Extreme Management Center unable to communicate with a site (**Status** of **Down**). The report also shows any <u>events</u> that pertain to the end-systems selected in the top table. Additionally, the report lists the <u>risks and vulnerabilities</u> for the device and assigns a score based on the severity of the risk.

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Events											

The report contains three tables:

- End-System Information
- Events
- <u>Health</u>

## **End-System Information**

The table at the top of the report lists the end-systems that are affected as the result of unavailable sites.

#### ID

The identification number for the end-system. This column is hidden by default.

#### State

The end-system's connection state:

- Scan The end-system is currently being scanned.
- Accept The end-system is granted access with either the Accept policy or the policy returned from the RADIUS server in the filter-ID.
- Quarantine -The end-system is quarantined because the scanning test failed.
- Reject The end-system was rejected because the assigned ExtremeControl profile was set to Reject, the MAC Locking test failed, or the RADIUS server was reachable but rejected the authentication request.

- Error Indicates one of nine problems:
  - the MAC to IP resolution failed, if assessment is enabled
  - the MAC to IP resolution timed out, if assessment is enabled
  - all RADIUS servers are unreachable
  - the RADIUS request was non-compliant
  - all assessment servers are unavailable
  - the assessment server can't reach the end-system
  - no assessment servers are configured
  - the assessment server is not compatible with the current version of Extreme Management Center
  - the username and password configured in the Assessment Server section of the Access Control options (Administration > Options > Access Control) are incorrect for the assessment server

#### Last Seen

The last date and time the end-system was seen by the ExtremeControl engine.

#### **IP Address**

The end-system's IP address.

#### **OV MAC Key**

OV MAC Key. This column is hidden by default.

#### **MAC Address**

The end-system's MAC address. MAC addresses are displayed as a full MAC address or with a MAC OUI (Organizational Unique Identifier) prefix, depending on the option you select on the **Access Control Options** tab.

#### MAC OUI Vendor

The vendor associated with the MAC OUI.

#### Host Name

The end-system's host name.

#### **Device Family**

The hardware family or the operating system family for the end-system.

#### **Device Type**

The hardware type or the operating system type for the end-system.

### **User Name**

The User Name used for device access.

### Switch IP

The IP address of the switch to which the end-system is connected.

### Switch Nickname

The nickname defined for the switch to which the end-system is connected.

## **Switch Port**

The port alias (if defined) followed by the switch port number to which the endsystem is connected.

### Policy

The policy role assigned to the end-system.

### Authorization

The Authorization granted to allow access to the end-system.

### **Risk Level**

The overall risk level assigned to the end-system based on the health result of the scan:

- Red High Risk
- Orange Medium Risk
- Yellow Low Risk
- Green No Risk
- Gray Unknown

#### **Profile Name**

The name of the profile assigned to the end-system when it connected to the network.

#### Reason

Provides additional information about the reasons why the end-system is in its particular connection state. It gives you an idea as to why a certain policy was applied to the end-system or why the end-system was rejected.

## Authentication Type

Identifies the latest authentication method used by the end-system to connect to the network.

## **State Description**

This column provides more details about the end-system state. For example, if the end-system's connection state is Reject, this column might list the RADIUS server (primary or secondary) that rejected the authentication request.

## **Extended State**

Provides additional information about the end-system's connection state.

## Access Control Engine/Source IP

The Engine to which the end-system is connecting.

## **Engine Group**

Displays what Engine group the ExtremeControl engine was in when the end-system event was generated. For example, if the Engine was in Engine group A when an end-system connected, but then later the Engine was moved to Engine group B, this column still list Engine group A for that end-system's entry.

### RFC 3580 VLAN ID

For end-systems connected to RFC 3580-enabled switches, this is the RFC3580 VLAN ID assigned to the end-system.

### Warning Time

Shows the time for warning. This column is hidden by default.

#### Last Quarantined

The last date and time the end-system was quarantined. This column is hidden by default.

## Score

The total sum of the scores for all the health details that were included as part of the quarantine decision.

#### **Top Score**

The highest score received for a health detail in the health result.

#### Actual

The actual score is what the total score would be if all the health details including those marked Informational and Warning were included in the score.

## Switch Port Index

The SNMP index (ifIndex) of the port to which the end-system connected.

#### **Switch Location**

The physical location of the switch to which the end-system connected.

## ELIN

An extended set of data for an end-system based on a MAC address.

## Port Info Raw

Displays unformatted information as it is received from the port.

## All Authentication Types

This column displays all the authentication methods the end-system has used to authenticate.

## Last Scan Result State

The last scan result assigned to the end-system: Scan, Accept, Quarantine, Reject, Error. This is the state that was assigned to the end-system as a result of the last completed scan. This will typically match the end-system State if scanning is currently enabled and has been performed recently.

## Last Scanned Time

The last time an assessment (scan) was performed on the end-system.

## **First Seen Time**

he first time the end-system was seen by the ExtremeControl engine.

## **NAP Capable**

Indicates whether the end-system is Microsoft NAP (Network Access Protection) capable: **Yes** or **No** 

## Custom 1-4

Use these column to add additional information you want to display. You can add information for up to four Custom columns.

## **Registered User**

The registered username supplied by the end user during the registration process.

## **Registered Email**

The registered email address supplied by the end user during the registration process.

## **Registered Phone**

The registered phone number supplied by the end user during the registration process.

## Sponsor

The registered user's sponsor, if sponsorship is enabled.

## **Registration 1-5**

The text from the Custom 1-5 registration fields supplied by the end user during the registration process.

## **Registration Description**

The device description supplied by the end user during the registration process.

### Groups

End-system groups are rule components that allow you to group together devices having similar network access requirements or restrictions.

## Group 1-3

Displays the names of up to three end-system groups.

## Zone

This field only displays if you have displayed the Zone column in the Access Control Configuration Rules table. Select the end-system zone assigned to any end-system matching this rule. See End-System Zones for more information.

### **Request Attributes**

Displays the RADIUS attributes injected when the end-system requested authentication.

## **Registration Type**

Shows the type of registration

## **RADIUS Server IP**

The IP address of the RADIUS server with which the end-system is associated.

## Source

Displays the origin of the event:

- Access Controlengine An Access Controlengine.
- Wireless Manager An ExtremeWireless Controller or AP.
- ExtremeXOS ID Manager An Extreme switch running ExtremeXOS with the Identify Manager feature configured to send events to NetSight.
- OneFabric Connect An ExtremeConnect module (e.g. Solutions Architecture and Innovation (SAI) integration)
- One Controller The Extreme SDN Controller.

## DCM

Data Center Manager. This column is hidden by default.

## TLS Client Certificate Expiration

Expiration date of the TLS Client Certificate issued for 802.1x authentication.

## **TLS Client Certificate Issuer**

Name of the issuer of the TLS Client Certificate issued for 802.1x authentication.

## **Events Log**

The Events table displays end-system events related to the unavailability of the site.

## ID

The identification number for the end-system. This column is hidden by default.

## State

The end-system's connection state:

- Scan The end-system is currently being scanned.
- Accept The end-system is granted access with either the Accept policy or the policy returned from the RADIUS server in the filter-ID.
- Quarantine -The end-system is quarantined because the scanning test failed.
- Reject The end-system was rejected because the assigned ExtremeControl profile was set to Reject, the MAC Locking test failed, or the RADIUS server was reachable but rejected the authentication request.
- Error Indicates one of nine problems:
  - the MAC to IP resolution failed, if assessment is enabled
  - the MAC to IP resolution timed out, if assessment is enabled
  - all RADIUS servers are unreachable
  - the RADIUS request was non-compliant
  - all assessment servers are unavailable
  - the assessment server can't reach the end-system
  - no assessment servers are configured
  - the assessment server is not compatible with the current version of NAC Manager

 the username and password configured in the Assessment Server section of the Access Control options (Administration > Options > Assessment Server) are incorrect for the assessment server

#### Timestamp

Shows the date and time when an event occurred.

### ExtremeControl engine / Source IP

The ExtremeControl engine to which the end-system is connecting.

### Profile

The Profile assigned to the end-system in the Extreme Management Center database.

### **IP Address**

The end-system's IP address.

### **MAC Address**

The end-system's MAC address. MAC addresses are displayed as a full MAC address or with a MAC OUI (Organizational Unique Identifier) prefix, depending on the option you have selected in the Display section of the Access Control Options (Administration > Options > Access Control).

### **User Name**

The name of the user that triggered the event.

#### **Host Name**

The end-system's host name.

## **Device Family**

The hardware family or the operating system family for the end-system.

## **Device Type**

The hardware type or the operating system type for the end-system.

## **State Description**

This column provides more details about the end-system's state. For example, if the end-system's connection state is Reject, this column might list the RADIUS server (primary or secondary) that rejected the authentication request.

## **Extended State**

Provides additional information about the end-system's connection state.

### Reason

Provides additional information about the reasons why the end-system is in its particular connection state. It gives you an idea as to why a certain policy was applied to the end-system or why the end-system was rejected.

## Authorization

The attributes returned by the RADIUS server for this end-system. If the end-system is connected to a switch that supports multi-authentication, then this column may not reflect the actual active policy for the authenticated user. For Layer 3 Access Control Controller engines, this column displays the policy assigned to the end-system for its authorization.

## Auth Type

Identifies the authentication method used by the end-system to connect to the network. For Layer 3 Access Control Controller engines, this column shows **IP**.

## Switch IP

The IP address of the switch to which the end-system connected. If the end-system is connected to an Access Control Controller engine, this is the Access Control Controller PEP (Policy Enforcement Point) IP address.

### Switch Nickname

The nickname defined for the switch to which the end-system is connected.

## **Switch Port Index**

The switch port index to which the end-system is connected.

## **Switch Port**

The switch port interface name to which the end-system is connected.

## **Switch Location**

The physical location of the switch to which the end-system connected. If the endsystem is connected to an Access Control Controller engine, this is the Access Control Controller PEP (Policy Enforcement Point) location.

## ELIN

An extended set of data for an end-system based on a MAC address.

#### **Port Info Raw**

Displays unformatted information as it is received from the port.

## Last Scan Time

The last time an assessment (scan) was performed on the end-system.

## Zone

Displays the end-system zone to which the end-system is assigned.

## **Registration Type**

The end-system type supplied by the end user during the registration process.

## **RADIUS Server IP**

The IP address of the RADIUS server with which the end-system is associated.

## **Event Source**

Displays the origin of the event:

- Access Control Engine A Access Control engine.
- Wireless Manager An ExtremeWireless Wireless Controller or AP.
- ExtremeXOS ID Manager An Extreme switch running ExtremeXOS with the Identify Manager feature configured to send events to NetSight.
- OneFabric Connect A custom project (e.g. Solutions Architecture and Innovation (SAI) integration)
- One Controller The Extreme SDN Controller.

## Health Log

This tab provides summary information on health results (assessment results) obtained for the end-system selected in the table above. You can specify the number of health result summaries displayed using the Health Result Persistence options in the Data Persistence Options.

## Risk

The risk level assigned to the end-system based on the health result of the scan: High Risk, Medium Risk, Low Risk, or No Risk.

## Name

This column lists the name of the test that is reported by the health result detail.

## Test Case ID

The unique number assigned to the test case.

## Score

The score assigned to the test case. The score is a value between 0.0 and 10.0. In the case of agent-based test cases, the score is either 0.0 for a passed test, or 10.0 for a failed test, unless specifically overwritten by the scoring override configuration.

## **Scoring Mode**

The scoring mode that was used at the time the test was performed.

- Applied The score returned by this test was included as part of the quarantine decision.
- Informational The score returned by this test was reported, but did not apply toward a quarantine decision.
- Warning The score returned by this test was only used to provide end user assessment warnings via the Notification portal web page.

## **CVE IDs**

The CVE (Common Vulnerability and Exposures) ID assigned to the security vulnerability or exposure. For more information on CVE IDs, refer to the following URL: <u>http://www.cve.mitre.org/</u>.

### Description

This column lists information about the health result detail.

## Solution

This column lists a solution for the health result.

## Port ID

The port on which the end-system the security risk was detected.

## **Protocol ID**

The well-known number (ID) assigned to the IP Protocol Type.

## Assessment

The list of test sets that were run during assessment, for example, Default Nessus, Default Agent-less, and Default Agent-based. Test sets are defined as part of the assessment configuration. If the end-system is NAP capable, then this column displays Microsoft NAP indicating that NAP performed the assessment.

## Remediation

For agent-based assessment, this column lists the results of remediation attempts: Success, Failed, or Not Attempted.

## Туре

A "type" is assigned to each security risk found on a port during an assessment, and is used to determine whether to Quarantine an end-system. Types are configurable on the assessment agent. There are three types:

- Hole The port is vulnerable to attack.
- Warning The port may be vulnerable to attack.
- Note There may be a security risk on the port.

## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

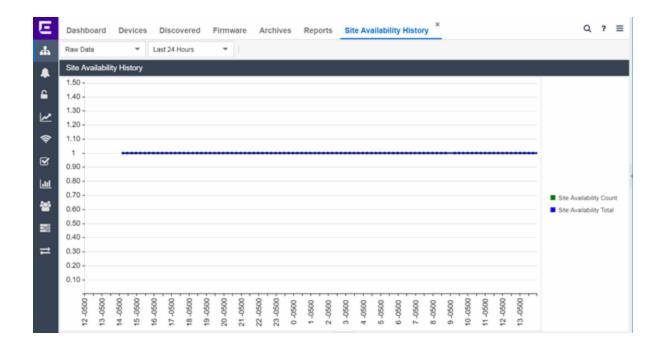
# Site Availability History Report

The Site Availability History report contains a graph that displays the number of sites with a **Status** of **Up** (depending on the number of devices with which Extreme Management Center can communicate) (green), and the total number of sites that have devices (blue) for the duration you define. The values here are the values displayed in the Site Availability ring chart over the time span you define.

Use the **Devices Up for Site Up (percent)** field on the **Impact Status Options** tab to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine if a site is up. The threshold is calculated as the ratio of devices in a site with a **Status** of **Up** to the total number of devices in the site.

Select the increment between which Extreme Management Center analyzes sites from the data drop-down list. Available options are **Raw**, **Hourly**, or **Daily** data.

Select the time span for which the report displays from the time span dropdown list. Available options are Last 24 Hours, Yesterday, Last 3 Days, Last Week, Last 2 Weeks, Last Month.



## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

## **Unavailable Devices Report**

The Unavailable Devices report provides detailed information for devices with which Extreme Management Center cannot communicate (**Status** of **Down**).

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The following columns are included in the report:

#### **Device Status**

This column, hidden by default, indicates whether there is contact with the device. The color of the circle indicates the degree to which the device is communicating:

- Green icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center is in contact with the device.
- Yellow icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center has issues contacting the device.
- Red icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center can not contact the device.

Hover over the Device Status icon to view additional details about the status for that device.

#### Status

Indicates the device/alarm status for the device. The icon indicates the severity of the most severe alarm on the device:

- Red icon  $(\mathbf{V})$  A critical problem with significant implications.
- Orange icon ( $\triangleright$ ) An error with limited implications.
- Yellow icon ( $\triangle$ ) A warning that might lead to a problem.
- Blue icon (\_) Information only; not a problem.
- Green icon (•) Extreme Management Center can contact the device.

Hover over the status icon to view the number of alarms. Click on the alarm/device status icon to open a new page with detailed information about the alarms for that device.

### **Device ID**

This column, hidden by default, displays a number that serves as a database identifier automatically created for the device. This number increments as you add additional devices.

#### Name

The device name, nickname, or IP address.

### Site

The site in which the device is located.

## Poll Type

This column, hidden by default, indicates the poll type Extreme Management Center uses to discover devices: SNMP, Ping or Not Polled.

## **Poll Group Name**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the name of the Poll Group you define in the Poll Groups section of the Status Polling options.

## **Admin Profile**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center administrative access to the device.

## **Client Profile**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center client access to the device.

## **IP Address**

The device's IP address.

## Context

The Context column, hidden by default, displays a string that indicates how the device behaves, depending on whether the device is a router or a switch.

## **IP Context**

The IP Context column, hidden by default, displays a device's IP address with the context appended to the end of the address following a colon.

## **Trap Status**

Indicates whether a trap receiver is configured, not configured, or not supported for the device. This column is hidden by default.

## **Syslog Status**

Indicates whether the device is configured to send information to the syslog or if it is not supported for the device. This column is hidden by default.

## **Display Name**

The IP address of the device. This column is hidden by default.

## **Device Type**

The type of device.

## Family

The device product family.

## Firmware

The revision for the firmware running in the device.

## **Running Reference Firmware**

Indicates if the device's thresholds have been configured for Reference Firmware

## Updates

The firmware release status for the device according to the results from the latest Check for Firmware Updates operation. Place your cursor on the column to see a tooltip describing the status.

## Archived

Indicates if the device has been archived in the last 30 days.

## **Config Changed**

Indicates if the archived configuration for the device has changed in the last 30 days.

## **Policy Domain**

The policy domain assigned to the device.

## **Boot PROM**

The revision for the BootPROM installed on the device.

## **Base MAC**

The base MAC address for the device.

#### **Serial Number**

The serial number for the device.

### Stats

Displays whether statistics collection is enabled or disabled on the device. A black check mark indicates that historical collection is enabled, a blue check mark indicates that monitor collection is enabled.

### Location

The physical location of the device. You can set the location for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set Selected Location from the menu.

### Contact

The name of the responsible contact person. You can set the contact for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set Selected Contact from the menu.

#### System Name

Hostname for the device taken from the **System Name** field on the **Device** tab of the **Configure Device** window. You can set the system name for a device by selecting the device in the table, right-clicking, and selecting **Device** > **Configure Device**.

## Uptime

The amount of time, in a days hh:mm:ss format, that the device has been running since the last start-up.

## Nickname

The user-defined nickname for the selected device.

#### Description

A description of the unavailable device.

## User Data 1-4, Notes

These columns can provide additional information about the device.

## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# Sites Impacted by Unavailable Devices Report

The Sites Impacted by Unavailable Devices report provides detailed information about sites that have one or more unavailable devices within your network.

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The following columns are included in the report:

## Alarms

Shows the most severe alarm triggered by a device included in the site. The severity of the alarm is indicated by the following icons:

- Critical  $(\mathbf{V})$  A problem with significant implications.
- Error (▶) A problem with limited implications.
- Warning  $(\triangle)$  A condition that might lead to a problem.
- Info (\_) Information only; not a problem.
- None ( $\bigcirc$ ) No alarms on the device.

#### Status

Indicates whether the site is up or down, based on the percentage of devices in the site with which Extreme Management Center can communicate (**Status** of **Up**). A green check mark indicates the site is up, while a red X icon indicates the site is

down.

Use the **Devices Up for Site Up (percent)** field on the **Impact Status Options** tab to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine if a site is up. The threshold is calculated as the ratio of devices in a site with a **Status** of **Up** to the total number of devices in the site.

### Name

The name of the site.

### **Devices Up**

This column indicates the number of devices with a **Status** of **Up** in the site.

### **Devices Down**

This column indicates the number of devices with a Status of Down in the site.

### **Interswitch Links Up**

This column indicates the number of Interswitch Links with a **Status** of **Up** in the site.

### **Interswitch Links Down**

This column indicates the number of Interswitch Links with a **Status** of **Down** in the site.

## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# Endpoints Impacted by Unavailable Devices Report

This report provides detailed information about end-systems impacted as the result of failing devices (**Status** of **Down**). An end-system is considered impacted if it was session-authenticated on the device at the time that the device became failing.

**NOTE:** Use the **Devices Up for Site Up (percent)** field on the **Impact Status Options** tab to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine if a site is up. The threshold is based on the percentage of devices in a site with which Extreme Management Center can communicate.

The report also shows any <u>events</u> from the <u>event log</u> that pertain to the device selected in the top table. Additionally, the report lists the <u>risks and vulnerabilities</u> for the device and assigns a score based on the severity of the risk.

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The report contains three tables:

- End-System Information
- Events
- <u>Health</u>

## **End-System Information**

The table at the top of the report lists the end-systems that are affected as the result of unavailable devices.

ID

The identification number for the end-system. This column is hidden by default.

## State

The end-system's connection state:

- Scan The end-system is currently being scanned.
- Accept The end-system is granted access with either the Accept policy or the policy returned from the RADIUS server in the filter-ID.
- Quarantine -The end-system is quarantined because the scanning test failed.
- Reject The end-system was rejected because the assigned ExtremeControl profile was set to Reject, the MAC Locking test failed, or the RADIUS server was reachable but rejected the authentication request.
- Error Indicates one of nine problems:
  - the MAC to IP resolution failed, if assessment is enabled
  - the MAC to IP resolution timed out, if assessment is enabled
  - all RADIUS servers are unreachable
  - the RADIUS request was non-compliant
  - all assessment servers are unavailable
  - the assessment server can't reach the end-system
  - no assessment servers are configured
  - the assessment server is not compatible with the current version of Extreme Management Center
  - the username and password configured in the Assessment Server section of the Access Control options (Administration > Options > Access Control) are incorrect for the assessment server

#### Last Seen

The last date and time the end-system was seen by the Access Control engine.

## **IP Address**

The end-system's IP address.

## OV MAC Key

OV MAC Key. This column is hidden by default.

#### **MAC Address**

The end-system's MAC address. MAC addresses are displayed as a full MAC address or with a MAC OUI (Organizational Unique Identifier) prefix, depending on the option you select on the **Access Control Options** tab.

## MAC OUI Vendor

The vendor associated with the MAC OUI.

#### Host Name

The end-system's host name.

#### **Device Family**

The hardware family or the operating system family for the end-system.

#### **Device Type**

The hardware type or the operating system type for the end-system.

#### **User Name**

The User Name used for device access.

#### Switch IP

The IP address of the switch to which the end-system is connected.

#### Switch Nickname

The nickname defined for the switch to which the end-system is connected.

#### **Switch Port**

The port alias (if defined) followed by the switch port number to which the endsystem is connected.

#### Policy

The policy role assigned to the end-system.

#### Authorization

The Authorization granted to allow access to the end-system.

#### **Risk Level**

The overall risk level assigned to the end-system based on the health result of the scan:

- Red High Risk
- Orange Medium Risk
- Yellow Low Risk
- Green No Risk
- Gray Unknown

#### **Profile Name**

The name of the profile assigned to the end-system when it connected to the network.

## Reason

Provides additional information about the reasons why the end-system is in its particular connection state. It gives you an idea as to why a certain policy was applied to the end-system or why the end-system was rejected.

## **Authentication Type**

Identifies the latest authentication method used by the end-system to connect to the network.

## **State Description**

This column provides more details about the end-system state. For example, if the end-system's connection state is Reject, this column might list the RADIUS server (primary or secondary) that rejected the authentication request.

### **Extended State**

Provides additional information about the end-system's connection state.

### **Access Control Engine/Source IP**

The Engine to which the end-system is connecting.

### **Engine Group**

Displays what Engine group the ExtremeControl engine was in when the end-system event was generated. For example, if the Engine was in Engine group A when an end-system connected, but then later the Engine was moved to Engine group B, this column still list Engine group A for that end-system's entry.

## RFC 3580 VLAN ID

For end-systems connected to RFC 3580-enabled switches, this is the RFC3580 VLAN ID assigned to the end-system.

## Warning Time

Shows the time for warning. This column is hidden by default.

#### Last Quarantined

The last date and time the end-system was quarantined. This column is hidden by default.

#### Score

The total sum of the scores for all the health details that were included as part of the quarantine decision.

#### **Top Score**

The highest score received for a health detail in the health result.

## Actual

The actual score is what the total score would be if all the health details including those marked Informational and Warning were included in the score.

## Switch Port Index

The switch port index to which the end-system connected.

## **Switch Location**

The physical location of the switch to which the end-system connected.

## ELIN

An extended set of data for an end-system based on a MAC address.

## Port Info Raw

Displays unformatted information as it is received from the port.

## All Authentication Types

This column displays all the authentication methods the end-system has used to authenticate.

## Last Scan Result State

The last scan result assigned to the end-system: Scan, Accept, Quarantine, Reject, Error. This is the state that was assigned to the end-system as a result of the last completed scan. This will typically match the end-system State if scanning is currently enabled and has been performed recently.

## Last Scanned Time

The last time an assessment (scan) was performed on the end-system.

## **First Seen Time**

he first time the end-system was seen by the ExtremeControl engine.

## NAP Capable

Indicates whether the end-system is Microsoft NAP (Network Access Protection) capable: **Yes** or **No** 

## Custom 1-4

Use these column to add additional information that you would like displayed. You can add information for up to four Custom columns.

## **Registered User**

The registered username supplied by the end user during the registration process.

## **Registered Email**

The registered email address supplied by the end user during the registration process.

### **Registered Phone**

The registered phone number supplied by the end user during the registration process.

#### Sponsor

The registered device's sponsor.

### **Registration 1-5**

The text from the Custom 1-5 registration fields supplied by the end user during the registration process.

### **Registration Description**

The device description supplied by the end user during the registration process.

### Groups

End-system groups are rule components that allow you to group together devices having similar network access requirements or restrictions.

## Group 1-3

Displays the names of up to three end-system groups.

#### Zone

This field only displays if you have displayed the Zone column in the Access Control Configuration Rules table. Select the end-system zone assigned to any end-system matching this rule. See End-System Zones for more information.

#### **Request Attributes**

Indicates if attributes have been requested

#### **Registration Type**

Shows the type of registration

#### **RADIUS Server IP**

The IP address of the RADIUS server with which the end-system is associated.

#### Source

Displays the origin of the event:

- Access Controlengine An Access Controlengine.
- Wireless Manager An ExtremeWireless Controller or AP.

- ExtremeXOS ID Manager An Extreme switch running ExtremeXOS with the Identify Manager feature configured to send events to NetSight.
- OneFabric Connect An ExtremeConnect module (e.g. Solutions Architecture and Innovation (SAI) integration)
- One Controller The Extreme SDN Controller.

## DCM

Data Center Manager. This column is hidden by default.

## **TLS Client Certificate Expiration**

Expiration date of the TLS Client Certificate issued for 802.1x authentication.

## **TLS Client Certificate Issuer**

Name of the issuer of the TLS Client Certificate issued for 802.1x authentication.

## **Events Log**

The Events table displays end-system events related to the unavailability of the site.

## ID

The identification number for the end-system. This column is hidden by default.

## State

The end-system's connection state:

- Scan The end-system is currently being scanned.
- Accept The end-system is granted access with either the Accept policy or the policy returned from the RADIUS server in the filter-ID.
- Quarantine -The end-system is quarantined because the scanning test failed.
- Reject The end-system was rejected because the assigned ExtremeControl profile was set to Reject, the MAC Locking test failed, or the RADIUS server was reachable but rejected the authentication request.
- Error Indicates one of nine problems:
  - the MAC to IP resolution failed, if assessment is enabled
  - the MAC to IP resolution timed out, if assessment is enabled
  - all RADIUS servers are unreachable
  - the RADIUS request was non-compliant

- all assessment servers are unavailable
- the assessment server can't reach the end-system
- no assessment servers are configured
- the assessment server is not compatible with the current version of NAC Manager
- the username and password configured in the Assessment Server section of the Access Control options (Administration > Options > Assessment Server) are incorrect for the assessment server

### Timestamp

Shows the date and time when an event occurred.

### ExtremeControl engine / Source IP

The ExtremeControl engine to which the end-system is connecting.

#### Profile

The Profile assigned to the end-system in the Extreme Management Center database.

#### **IP Address**

The end-system's IP address.

#### **MAC Address**

The end-system's MAC address. MAC addresses are displayed as a full MAC address or with a MAC OUI (Organizational Unique Identifier) prefix, depending on the option you have selected in the Display section of the Access Control Options (Administration > Options > Access Control).

#### **User Name**

The name of the user that triggered the event.

#### **Host Name**

The end-system's host name.

#### **Device Family**

The hardware family or the operating system family for the end-system.

#### **Device Type**

The hardware type or the operating system type for the end-system.

#### **State Description**

This column provides more details about the end-system's state. For example, if the end-system's connection state is Reject, this column might list the RADIUS server

(primary or secondary) that rejected the authentication request.

## **Extended State**

Provides additional information about the end-system's connection state.

## Reason

Provides additional information about the reasons why the end-system is in its particular connection state. It gives you an idea as to why a certain policy was applied to the end-system or why the end-system was rejected.

## Authorization

The attributes returned by the RADIUS server for this end-system. If the end-system is connected to a switch that supports multi-authentication, then this column may not reflect the actual active policy for the authenticated user. For Layer 3 Access Control Controller engines, this column displays the policy assigned to the end-system for its authorization.

## Auth Type

Identifies the authentication method used by the end-system to connect to the network. For Layer 3 Access Control Controller engines, this column shows **IP**.

## Switch IP

The IP address of the switch to which the end-system connected. If the end-system is connected to an Access Control Controller engine, this is the Access Control Controller PEP (Policy Enforcement Point) IP address..

## Switch Nickname

The nickname defined for the switch to which the end-system is connected.

## Switch Port Index

The switch port index to which the end-system is connected.

## **Switch Port**

The switch port interface name to which the end-system is connected.

## **Switch Location**

The physical location of the switch to which the end-system connected. If the endsystem is connected to an Access Control Controller engine, this is the Access Control Controller PEP (Policy Enforcement Point) location.

## ELIN

An extended set of data for an end-system based on a MAC address.

### Port Info Raw

Displays unformatted information as it is received from the port.

#### Last Scan Time

The last time an assessment (scan) was performed on the end-system.

#### Zone

Displays the end-system zone to which the end-system is assigned.

## **Registration Type**

The end-system type supplied by the end user during the registration process.

### **RADIUS Server IP**

The IP address of the RADIUS server with which the end-system is associated.

### **Event Source**

Displays the origin of the event:

- Access ControlEngine A Access Controlengine.
- Wireless Manager An ExtremeWireless Wireless Controller or AP.
- ExtremeXOS ID Manager An Extreme switch running ExtremeXOS with the Identify Manager feature configured to send events to NetSight.
- OneFabric Connect A custom project (e.g. Solutions Architecture and Innovation (SAI) integration)
- One Controller The Extreme SDN Controller.

## **Health Log**

This tab provides summary information on health results (assessment results) obtained for the end-system selected in the table above. You can specify the number of health result summaries displayed using the Health Result Persistence options in the Data Persistence Options.

## Risk

The risk level assigned to the end-system based on the health result of the scan: High Risk, Medium Risk, Low Risk, or No Risk.

#### Name

This column lists the name of the test that is reported by the health result detail.

## Test Case ID

The unique number assigned to the test case.

## Score

The score assigned to the test case. The score is a value between 0.0 and 10.0. In the case of agent-based test cases, the score is either 0.0 for a passed test, or 10.0 for a failed test, unless specifically overwritten by the scoring override configuration.

## **Scoring Mode**

The scoring mode that was used at the time the test was performed.

- Applied The score returned by this test was included as part of the quarantine decision.
- Informational The score returned by this test was reported, but did not apply toward a quarantine decision.
- Warning The score returned by this test was only used to provide end user assessment warnings via the Notification portal web page.

## **CVE IDs**

The CVE (Common Vulnerability and Exposures) ID assigned to the security vulnerability or exposure. For more information on CVE IDs, refer to the following URL: <u>http://www.cve.mitre.org/</u>.

## Description

This column lists information about the health result detail.

## Solution

This column lists a solution for the health result.

## Port ID

The port on which the end-system the security risk was detected.

## **Protocol ID**

The well-known number (ID) assigned to the IP Protocol Type.

## Assessment

The list of test sets that were run during assessment, for example, Default Nessus, Default Agent-less, and Default Agent-based. Test sets are defined as part of the assessment configuration. If the end-system is NAP capable, then this column displays Microsoft NAP indicating that NAP performed the assessment.

## Remediation

For agent-based assessment, this column lists the results of remediation attempts: Success, Failed, or Not Attempted.

## Туре

A "type" is assigned to each security risk found on a port during an assessment, and is used to determine whether to Quarantine an end-system. Types are configurable on the assessment agent. There are three types:

- Hole The port is vulnerable to attack.
- Warning The port may be vulnerable to attack.
- Note There may be a security risk on the port.

## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Device Availability History Report**

The Device Availability History report contains a graph that displays the number of devices with which Extreme Management Center can communicate (**Status** of **Up**) (green) and the total number of devices on your network (blue) for the duration you define. The values are the values displayed in the Device Availability ring chart over the time span you define.

Select the increment between which Extreme Management Center analyzes devices from the data drop-down list. Available options are **Raw**, **Hourly**, or **Daily** data.

Select the time span for which the report displays from the time span dropdown list. Available options are Last 24 Hours, Yesterday, Last 3 Days, Last Week, Last 2 Weeks, Last Month.

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## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Slow Locations Report**

The Slow Locations report displays the tracked applications and network services that are experiencing slower-than-expected network response times for at least three consecutive minutes. Network response times that are slowerthan-expected for less than three consecutive minutes are not displayed in the report.

In a network with two locations, a tracked application accessed at each location appears twice, once for each location. Only affected applications for each site are displayed. If no applications have slower-than-expected network response times, the chart may display no data. The data in this report updates every 60 seconds.

NOTE: The graph displays network locations observed on all of your ExtremeAnalytics engines.

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Use the menu at the top of the report to configure the information presented:

#### Top:

Choose the number of locations in networks with the slowest response times to display response times in the chart.

#### **Time Span**

Select the span of time for which network response times are displayed from the drop-down list. Available options are: Custom, Today, Yesterday, Last 30 Minutes, Last Hour, Last 2 Hours, Last 6 Hours, Last 12 Hours, Last 24 Hours, Last 3 Days, Last Week. The line graph displays detailed response time for each application over the length of time you define.

#### **Min Data Required**

Select the minimum number of response time data points required to display in the report.

#### **Display Format**

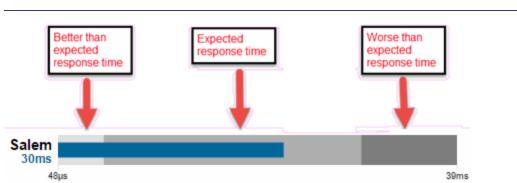
Select how data is displayed: Click (IIII) to display the data in columns or (III) to display the data in rows.

The report contains two types of graphs:

- Expected Response Time
- Historical Response Time

## **Expected Response Time**

The Expected Response Time bar graph displays the range of network response times, the most recently measured network response time, and the expected network response time for an application a specific site (or all sites) during the date range you configure in the **Time Span** drop-down list. The value displayed on the far right of the graph is the slowest network response time observed during the selected time period. The vertical blue or red bar indicates the most recently observed network response time for the application.



NOTE: The values in this graph are an average of all response times observed every minute.

Hover over the Expected Response Time graph to display a pop-up with the most recent network response time for the site as well as the date and time the measurement occurred.

Extreme Management Center uses the standard deviation of the values gathered as network response times to determine the expected network response time for an application at a location. In the bar graph, the medium gray color indicates a network response time that falls within the "expected" range. This range is the average value of all observed network response times plus or minus two standard deviations, or about 95 percent of all response time values. A network response time in the light gray range is better than expected, while a network response time in the dark gray is worse than expected.

When a network response time is determined to be worse than expected, the location name and the network response time indicator turn red to flag the application.



## **Historical Response Time**

The Historical Response Time line graph shows all of the network response times observed for the application at a location (or all locations).

**NOTE:** The values in this graph are an average of all response times observed every hour.

## um ha

Hovering over a point in the graph causes a dot on the line graph to appear, indicating the point in the network response time at which you are looking. Additionally, a pop-up with the date, time, and network response time appears for that point.

This is the data set from which Extreme Management Center creates the Expected Response Time graph. The wider the expected network response time range in the Expected Response Time graph (indicated by the medium gray color), the greater the variance in the values in this graph.

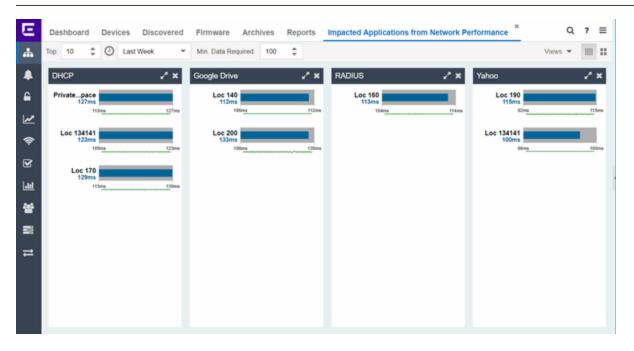
## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Applications Impacted by Slow Locations Report**

The Applications Impacted by Slow Locations report provides detailed information about tracked applications and network services that are experiencing slower-than-expected network response times for at least three consecutive minutes. Network response times that are slower-than-expected for less than three consecutive minutes are not displayed in the report. In a network with two sites, a tracked application accessed at each site appears twice, once for each site. Only affected applications for each location are displayed. If no applications have slower-than-expected network response times, the chart may display no data. The data in this report updates every 60 seconds.

**NOTE:** The graph displays network locations observed on all of your ExtremeAnalytics engines.



Use the menu at the top of the report to configure the information presented:

## Тор

Select the number of sites to include in the report. The sites shown are those with the slowest network response times.

## Time Span

Select the span of time for which network response times for locations are displayed from the drop-down list. Available options are: **Custom**, **Today**, **Yesterday**, **Last 30 Minutes**, **Last Hour**, **Last 2 Hours**, **Last 6 Hours**, **Last 12 Hours**, **Last 24 Hours**, **Last 3 Days**, **Last Week**. The line graph displays detailed response time for each application at each location over the length of time you define.

## **Min Data Required**

Select the minimum number of response time data points required to display in the report.

## **Display Format**

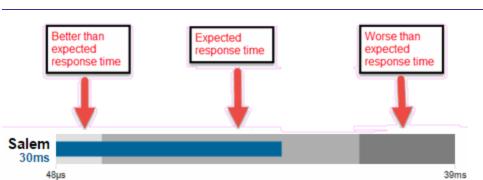
Select how data is displayed: Click (IIII) to display the data in columns or (III) to display the data in rows.

The report contains two graphs:

- Expected Response Time
- Historical Response Time

# **Expected Response Time**

The Expected Response Time bar graph displays the range of network response times, the most recently measured network response time, and the expected network response time for an application a specific site (or all sites) during the date range you configure in the **Time Span** drop-down list. The value displayed on the far right of the graph is the slowest network response time observed during the selected time period. The vertical blue or red bar indicates the most recently observed network response time for the application.



**NOTE:** The values in this graph are an average of all network response times observed every minute.

Hover over the Expected Response Time graph to display a pop-up with the most recent network response time for the application, as well as the date and time the measurement occurred.

Extreme Management Center uses the standard deviation of the values gathered as network response times to determine the expected network response time for an application at a site. In the bar graph, the medium gray color indicates a network response time that falls within the "expected" range. This range is the average value of all observed network response times plus or minus two standard deviations, or about 95 percent of all network response time values. A network response time in the light gray range is better than expected, while a network response time in the dark gray is worse than expected.

When a network response time is determined to be worse than expected, the site name and the network response time indicator turn red to flag the application.



## **Historical Response Time**

The Historical Response Time line graph shows all of the network response times observed for the application in the network (or all networks).

**NOTE:** The values in this graph are an average of all network response times observed every hour.

## um have

Hovering over a point in the graph causes a dot on the line graph to appear, indicating the point in the network response time at which you are looking. Additionally, a pop-up with the date, time, and network response time appears for that point.

This is the data set from which Extreme Management Center creates the Expected Response Time graph. The wider the expected network response time range in the Expected Response Time graph (indicated by the medium gray color), the greater the variance in the values in this graph.

## **Related Information**

Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

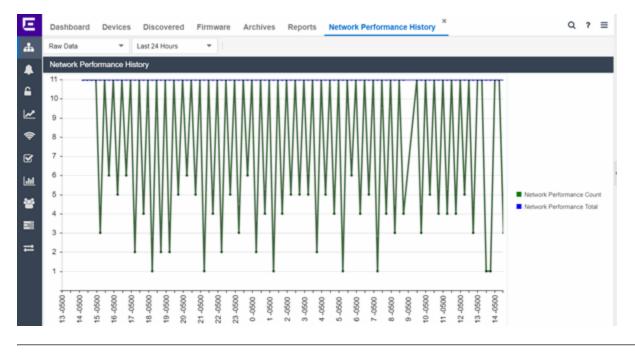
# **Network Performance History Report**

The Network Performance History report contains a graph that displays the number of sites that have no tracked applications or network services with slower-than-expected network response times (green) and the total number of network locations (blue) for the duration you define. The values here are the values displayed in the Network Performance ring chart over the time span you define.

NOTE: The graph displays network locations observed on all of your ExtremeAnalytics engines.

Select the increment between which Extreme Management Center analyzes network locations from the data drop-down list. Available options are **Raw**, **Hourly**, or **Daily** data.

Select the time span for which the report displays from the time span dropdown list. Available options are Last 24 Hours, Yesterday, Last 3 Days, Last Week, Last 2 Weeks, Last Month.

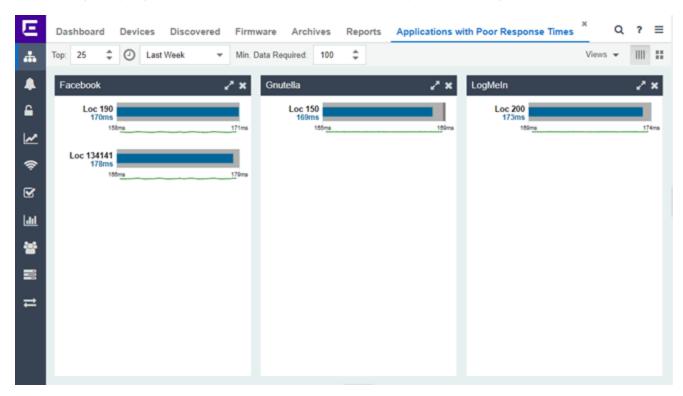


## **Related Information**

Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Slow Applications Report**

The Slow Applications report displays the tracked applications and network services at sites with slower-than-expected application response times. In a network with two sites, a tracked application accessed at each site appears twice, once for each site. Only affected applications for each site are displayed. If no applications have slower-than-expected application response times, the chart may display no data. The data in this report updates every 60 seconds.



Use the menu at the top of the report to configure the information presented:

#### Top:

Choose the number of tracked applications and network services with slower-thanexpected application response times to display application response times in the chart.

#### Time Span

Select the span of time for which application response times are displayed from the drop-down list. Available options are: **Custom, Today, Yesterday, Last 30 Minutes, Last Hour, Last 2 Hours, Last 6 Hours, Last 12 Hours, Last 24 Hours, Last 3 Days, Last** 

Week. The line graph displays detailed response time for each application over the length of time you define.

## **Min Data Required**

Select the minimum number of response time data points required for a tracked application or network service to display in the report.

## **Display Format**

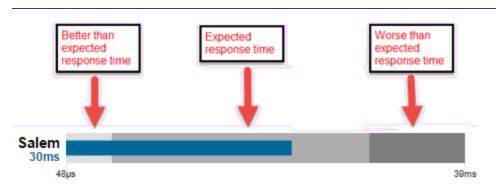
Select how data is displayed: Click (IIII) to display the data in columns or (III) to display the data in rows.

The report contains two types of graphs:

- Expected Response Time
- <u>Historical Response Time</u>

## **Expected Response Time**

The Expected Response Time bar graph displays the range of application response times, the most recently measured response time, and the expected application response time for an application a specific site (or all sites) during the date range you configure in the **Time Span** drop-down list. The value displayed on the far right of the graph is the slowest application response time observed during the selected time period. The vertical blue or red bar indicates the most recently observed application response time for the application.



NOTE: The values in this graph are an average of all response times observed every minute.

Hover over the Expected Response Time graph to display a pop-up with the most recent application response time for the application as well as the date and time the measurement occurred.

Extreme Management Center uses the standard deviation of the values gathered as application response times to determine the expected application response time for an application at a site. In the bar graph, the medium gray color indicates an application response time that falls within the "expected" range. This range is the average value of all observed application response times plus or minus two standard deviations, or about 95 percent of all application response time values. An application response time in the light gray range is better than expected, while an application response time in the dark gray is worse than expected.

When an application response time is determined to be worse than expected, the site name and the application response time indicator turn red to flag the application.



## **Historical Response Time**

The Historical Response Time line graph shows all of the application response times observed for the application at a site (or all sites).

**NOTE:** The values in this graph are an average of all response times observed every hour.

Hovering over a point in the graph causes a dot on the line graph to appear, indicating the point in the application response time at which you are looking. Additionally, a pop-up with the date, time, and an application response time appears for that point.

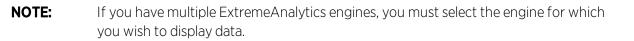
This is the data set from which Extreme Management Center creates the Expected Response Time graph. The wider the expected application response time range in the Expected Response Time graph (indicated by the medium gray color), the greater the variance in the values in this graph.

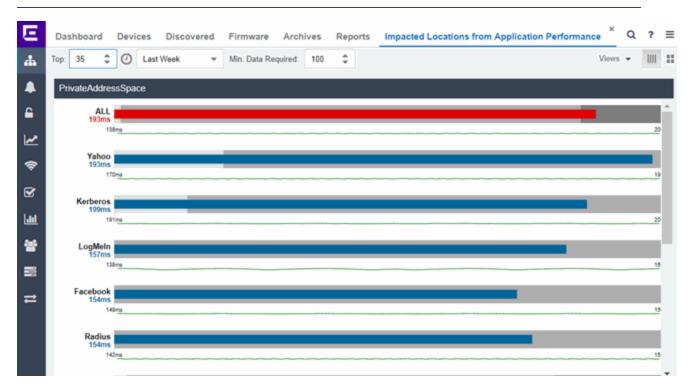
## **Related Information**

Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Locations Impacted by Slow Applications**

The Locations Impacted by Slow Applications report provides detailed information about sites with at least one application with a slower-thanexpected application response time. All applications for each location are displayed, including those with better-than-expected or expected application response times. If no locations have applications with slower-than-expected application response times, the chart may display no data. The data in this report updates every 60 seconds.





Use the menu at the top of the report to configure the information presented:

## Тор

Select the number of locations to include in the report. The locations shown are those with the slowest response times.

## Time Span

Select the span of time for which application response times for locations are displayed from the drop-down list. Available options are: **Custom, Today, Yesterday, Last 30 Minutes, Last Hour, Last 2 Hours, Last 6 Hours, Last 12 Hours, Last 24 Hours, Last 3 Days, Last Week**. The line graph displays detailed response time for each application at each location over the length of time you define.

## **Min Data Required**

Select the minimum number of response time data points required to display in the report.

## **Display Format**

Select how data is displayed: Click (IIII) to display the data in columns or (III) to display the data in rows.

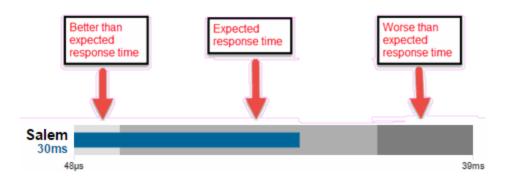
The report contains two types of graphs:

- Expected Response Time
- Historical Response Time

## **Expected Response Time**

The Expected Response Time bar graph displays the range of application response times, the most recently measured application response time, and the expected application response time for an application at a specific location (or all locations) during the date range you configure in the **Time Span** drop-down list. The value displayed on the far right of the graph is the slowest application response time observed during the selected time period. The vertical blue or red bar indicates the most recently observed application response time for the application.

**NOTE:** The values in this graph are an average of all response times observed every minute.



Hover over the Expected Response Time graph to display a pop-up with the most recent application response time for the application, as well as the date and time the measurement occurred.

Extreme Management Center uses the standard deviation of the values gathered as application response times to determine the expected response time for an application at a location. In the bar graph, the medium gray color indicates a application response time that falls within the "expected" range. This range is the average value of all observed application response times plus or minus two standard deviations, or about 95 percent of all application response time values. An application response time in the light gray range is better than expected, while an application response time in the dark gray is worse than expected.

When an application response time is determined to be worse than expected, the location name and the application response time indicator turn red to flag the application.



## **Historical Response Time**

The Historical Response Time line graph shows all of the application response times observed for the application at a location (or all locations).

NOTE: The values in this graph are an average of all response times observed every hour.



Hovering over a point in the graph causes a dot on the line graph to appear, indicating the point in the application response time at which you are looking. Additionally, a pop-up with the date, time, and application response time appears for that point.

This is the data set from which Extreme Management Center creates the Expected Response Time graph. The wider the expected application response time range in the Expected Response Time graph (indicated by the medium gray color), the greater the variance in the values in this graph.

## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

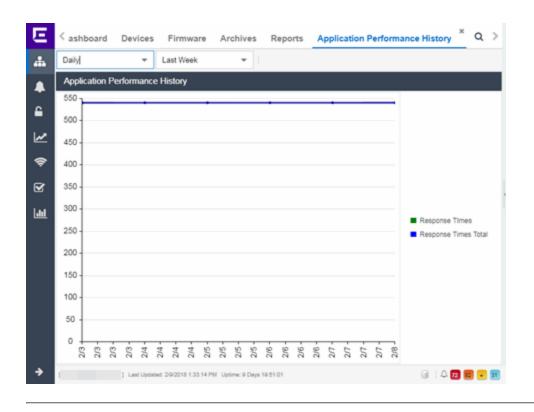
# **Application Performance History Report**

The Application Performance History report contains a graph that provides the number of tracked applications and network services at all of your sites with an application response time within the expected range (green) and the total number of tracked applications and network services at all sites (blue) for the duration you define. If no sites have application response times within the expected range, the chart may not display data (green). In a network with two sites, a tracked application accessed at each site appears twice, once for each site. The values here are the values displayed in the Application Performance ring chart over the time span you define.

**NOTE:** The graph displays tracked applications and network services observed on all of your ExtremeAnalytics engines.

Select the increment between which Extreme Management Center analyzes applications from the data drop-down list. Available options are **Raw**, **Hourly**, or **Daily** data.

Select the time span for which the report displays from the time span dropdown list. Available options are Last 24 Hours, Yesterday, Last 3 Days, Last Week, Last 2 Weeks, Last Month.



## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Highly Utilized Ports Report**

The Highly Utilized Ports report provides detailed information about the ports for which utilization statistics are above the threshold you configure. A port is displayed in the report if the port is up and historical data collection has been enabled on the device long enough for statistic collection.

**NOTE:** Use the Port Capacity Chart section of the Impact Analysis options to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine port utilization.

0	•									
Name		% Utilization	Default Role	Alles	Stats	Port Type	Neighbor	Port Speed	PVID	VLANs
	▼ 📷 X460-24x [7 ports]									
	<b>W</b> 121	0.00		22.99_1:21	*	Interpetch	[00.00.00.00.00.00] Port ge. 1.17	1 Obps	4093	2001(E
	123	0.00		lag23-port	*	Interswitch (LAG Member)	[10.54.22.119] Port 1:13	1 Gbps		100(er;
	124	0.00		22.99_1:24	*	Interswitch (LAG Member)	[10.54.22.119] Port 1:14	1 Gbps		
	1.25	0.00		22.99_1.25	-	Interpetich	[10.54.22.119] Port 1:15	1 Gbps		7[creat
	<b>Q</b> 126	0.00		22.991.26		Interpetich	[10.54.22.129] Port 1:16	1 Gbps		7]creat
	1.27	0.00		22.99_1:27		Interswitch (LAG Member)	[10.54.22.129] Port 1:17	1 Gbps		100jerp
	<b>W</b> 1.25	0.00		22.991:20	*	Interswitch (LAG Member)	[10.54.22.129] Port 1:18	1 Gbps		
	👻 🎆 X8(0-24t [11 ports]									
	<b>U</b> 11	0.00		22.99_11	1	Access		100 Mbps	4094	409401
	17	0.05		22.9917	*	Interpatich	[10.54.22.129] Port 1.7	1 Gbps	2002	1234(T
100										

The following columns are included in the report:

#### Name

The interface name for the port.

#### % Utilization

The percentage of utilization last reported for the port.

#### **Default Role**

If the end-user is unauthenticated, the port implements its default role. You can select to use the current default role on the device or set a default role. If there is no default role specified, there is no role on the port.

#### Alias

Shows the alias (ifAlias) for the interface, if one is assigned.

#### Stats

Displays information about the port, if configured in PortView.

#### Port Type

The type of port. Possible values include: Access, CDP, CDP FTM 1 Backplane, FTM 1 Backplane, and Logical.

#### Neighbor

The port to which the port is connected.

#### **Port Speed**

The speed of the port. Possible values include: 10/100, speed in megabits per second (for example, 800.0 Mbps), Unknown (displayed for logical ports).

## **PVID**

Displays the VLAN ID of the VLAN assigned to the port. When you assign a VLAN to a port, that VLAN's ID (VID) becomes the Port VLAN ID (PVID) for the port.

## VLANs

The VLANs to which the port is associated.

#### Description

A description of the port and the device.

#### Port Type Details

Additional information about the type of port.

### **Serial Number**

The serial number of the device.

## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# Sites Impacted by Highly Utilized Ports Report

The Sites Impacted by Highly Utilized Ports report detailed information about the ports for which utilization statistics are above the threshold you configure. A port is displayed in the report if the port is up and historical data collection has been enabled on the device long enough for statistic collection.

**NOTE:** Use the Port Capacity Chart section of the Impact Analysis options to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine port utilization.

							🖓 ShowFilters   🕻
Alarms	Status	Name 1	Devices Up	Devices Down	Interswitch Links Up	Interswitch Links Down	# Overutilized Ports
Critical	1	/World	10	3	0	0	2
Error	×	/World/Site1	2	0	9	0	18
► Error	1	/World/Site2	2	0	11	0	36

The following columns are included in the report:

## Alarms

Shows the most severe alarm triggered by a device included in the site. The severity of the alarm is indicated by the following icons:

- Critical  $(\mathbf{V})$  A problem with significant implications.
- Error (▶) A problem with limited implications.
- Warning  $(\triangle)$  A condition that might lead to a problem.
- Info (\_) Information only; not a problem.
- None  $(\bigcirc)$  No alarms on the device.

## Status

Indicates whether the site is up or down, based on the percentage of devices in the site with which Extreme Management Center can communicate (**Status** of **Up**). A green check mark indicates the site is up, while a red X icon indicates the site is down.

Use the **Devices Up for Site Up (percent)** field on the **Impact Status Options** tab to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine if a site is up. The threshold is calculated as the ratio of devices in a site with a **Status** of **Up** to the total number of devices in the site.

## Name

The name of the site.

## **Devices Up**

This column indicates the number of devices with a **Status** of **Up** in the site.

## **Devices Down**

This column indicates the number of devices with a **Status** of **Down** in the site.

## **Interswitch Links Up**

This column indicates the number of Interswitch Links with a **Status** of **Up** in the site.

## **Interswitch Links Down**

This column indicates the number of Interswitch Links with a **Status** of **Down** in the site.

## **# Overutilized Rate**

The number of ports with utilization percentage you configure as unacceptable in the Port Capacity Chart section of the Impact Analysis options

## **Related Information**

Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Devices Impacted by Highly Utilized Ports Report**

The Devices Impacted by Highly Utilized Ports report detailed information about the ports for which utilization statistics are above the threshold you configure. A port is displayed in the report if the port is up and historical data collection has been enabled on the device long enough for statistic collection.

**NOTE:** Use the Port Capacity Chart section of the Impact Analysis options to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine port utilization.

E	Dashbo	ard Devices	Discovered	Firmware	Archives	Reports D	evices Impac	ted by Highly I	Utilized Po	rts <sup>×</sup>		Q, 7 ≣
4											9.8	ovities   Q
	Status	Name 1	Site	IP Address	Device Type	Family	Firmware	Reference	Updates	Archived	Config Changed	Policy Domain
•		device-1	///orld/Site1		X460-24x	Summit Series	15.7.1.2					
<u>۵</u>	۳. ۲	device-2	///unid/Site1		X460-24t	Summit Series	15.7.0.26					
		device-3	Allorlo/Sile2		X400-24t	Summit Series	16.1.2.14	*				
2	- F	device-4	///unld/Ste2		X460-24p	Summit Series	16.1.3.6					
1	•	kevin-appid-1	Allond		Virtual Appli	Extreme An	8.1.0.44					
		_										,
	«	Page 1 of	1 > > 4	C   🐻 Reset							1	Saplaying 1 - 5 of 5
•		to be	Upriminel 2018/03/07 18	00.00 Liptow 0.Oay	a 11.44.08						Operations (i)	-

The following columns are included in the report:

## **Device Status**

This column, hidden by default, indicates whether there is contact with the device. The color of the circle indicates the degree to which the device is communicating:

- Green icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center is in contact with the device.
- Yellow icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center has issues contacting the device.
- Red icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center can not contact the device.

Hover over the Device Status icon to view additional details about the status for that

device.

## Status

Indicates the device/alarm status for the device. The icon indicates the severity of the most severe alarm on the device:

- Red icon  $(\mathbf{V})$  A critical problem with significant implications.
- Orange icon ( $\triangleright$ ) An error with limited implications.
- Yellow icon ( $\triangle$ ) A warning that might lead to a problem.
- Blue icon (\_) Information only; not a problem.
- Green icon (•) Extreme Management Center can contact the device.

Hover over the status icon to view the number of alarms. Click on the alarm/device status icon to open a new page with detailed information about the alarms for that device.

## **Device ID**

This column, hidden by default, displays a number that serves as a database identifier automatically created for the device. This number increments as you add additional devices.

## Name

The device name, nickname, or IP address.

## Site

The site in which the device is located.

## Poll Type

This column, hidden by default, indicates the poll type Extreme Management Center uses to discover devices: SNMP, Ping or Not Polled.

## **Poll Group Name**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the name of the Poll Group you define in the Poll Groups section of the Status Polling options.

## **Admin Profile**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center administrative access to the device.

## **Client Profile**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center client access to the device.

## **IP Address**

The device's IP address.

## Context

The Context column, hidden by default, displays a string that indicates how the device behaves, depending on whether the device is a router or a switch.

## **IP Context**

The IP Context column, hidden by default, displays a device's IP address with the context appended to the end of the address following a colon.

## **Trap Status**

Indicates whether a trap receiver is configured, not configured, or not supported for the device. This column is hidden by default.

## **Syslog Status**

Indicates whether the device is configured to send information to the syslog or if it is not supported for the device. This column is hidden by default.

## **Display Name**

The IP address of the device. This column is hidden by default.

## **Device Type**

The type of device.

## Family

The device product family.

## Firmware

The revision for the firmware running in the device.

## **Running Reference Firmware**

Indicates if the device's thresholds have been configured for Reference Firmware

## Updates

The firmware release status for the device according to the results from the latest Check for Firmware Updates operation. Place your cursor on the column to see a tooltip describing the status.

## Archived

Indicates if the device has been archived in the last 30 days.

## **Config Changed**

Indicates if the archived configuration for the device has changed in the last 30 days.

### **Policy Domain**

The policy domain assigned to the device.

#### **Boot PROM**

The revision for the BootPROM installed on the device.

### **Base MAC**

The base MAC address for the device.

### Serial Number

The serial number for the device.

### Stats

Displays whether statistics collection is enabled or disabled on the device. A black check mark indicates that historical collection is enabled, a blue check mark indicates that monitor collection is enabled.

#### Location

The physical location of the device. You can set the location for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set Selected Location from the menu.

#### Contact

The name of the responsible contact person. You can set the contact for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set Selected Contact from the menu.

#### System Name

Hostname for the device taken from the **System Name** field on the **Device** tab of the **Configure Device** window. You can set the system name for a device by selecting the device in the table, right-clicking, and selecting **Device** > **Configure Device**.

#### Uptime

The amount of time, in a days hh:mm:ss format, that the device has been running since the last start-up.

#### Nickname

The user-defined nickname for the selected device.

#### Description

A description of the unavailable device.

#### User Data 1-4, Notes

These columns can provide additional information about the device.

## Asset Tag

A unique asset number assigned to the module or component for inventory tracking purposes.

## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Port Capacity History Report**

The Port Capacity History report provides detailed information about the ports for which utilization statistics are above the threshold you configure (green) and the total number of ports (blue). A port is displayed in the report if the port is up and historical data collection has been enabled on the device long enough for statistic collection. The values here are the values displayed in the Port Capacity ring chart over the time span you define.

NOTE:	Use the Port Capacity Chart section of the Impact Analysis options to configure the
	threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine port utilization.

Ε	<a>ashboard Device</a>	s Discovered Firmware	Archives Reports Port C	apacity History × >
<b>.</b>	Hourly +	Last 24 Hours 👻		
۰	Port Capacity History			
£	14			
<u>~</u>	12-			
ş	10-			
¥	9.			
<b>[</b>	7			-
*	5			<ul> <li>Port Capacity Count</li> <li>Port Capacity Total</li> </ul>
	4			
=	3 - 2 -			
-	1			
	13 -0500 14 -0500 15 -0500 16 -0500 17 -0500 18 -0500	19-0500 20-0500 21-0500 22-0500 23-0500 0-0500 1-0500 2-0500	3-0500 5-0500 6-0500 7-0500 8-0500 9-0500 11-0500 11-0500	
	13- 15- 16- 17- 18-	19- 22-22-23-23-23-22-22-22-22-22-22-22-22-2	0	
•	1	st Updated: 2018/02/12 13:59:34 Uptime: 2.0	wys 01:02:21 Operations*	ii   🌾 💽 🕤 🗉 题

Select the increment between which Extreme Management Center analyzes ports from the data drop-down list. Available options are **Raw**, **Hourly**, or **Daily** data.

Select the time span for which the report displays from the time span dropdown list. Available options are Last 24 Hours, Yesterday, Last 3 Days, Last Week, Last 2 Weeks, Last Month.

{img placeholder}

### **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

## **High Error Ports Report**

The High Error Ports report displays a list of ports for which error statistics are above the threshold you configure. A port is displayed in the report if the port is up and historical data collection has been enabled on the device long enough for statistic collection.

**NOTE:** Use the Port Health Chart section of the Impact Analysis options to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine port error rates.

o -							
Name	% Errors	Default Role	Alias	Stats	Port Type	Neighbor	
* E							
<ul> <li>Unit 1 [4 ports]</li> </ul>							
👿 ge.1.1	7.46		SimDevice-9		Access		
👿 ge.1.2	7.46		SimDevice-9		Access		
👿 ge.1.3	7.46		SimDevice-9		Access		
👿 ge.1.4	7.46		SimDevice-9		Access		
* III							
🔻 🏭 Unit 1 [4 ports]							
👿 ge.1.1	7.46		SimDevice-9		Access		
👿 ge.1.2	7.46		SimDevice-9		Access		
👿 ge.1.3	7.46		SimDevice-9		Access		
👿 ge.1.4	7,46		SimDevice-9	•	Access		
* III							
🔻 🎆 Unit 1 [4 ports]							
👿 ge.1.1	7.46		SimDevice-9		Access		
👿 ge.1.2	7.46		SimDevice-9		Access		
👿 ge.1.3	7.46		SimDevice-9		Access		
👿 ge.1.4	7.46		SimDevice-9		Access		
* III							

The following columns are included in the report:

#### Name

The device or port interface name.

#### % Errors

The percentage of errors (which is based on the Port Error Packets % statistic) as of the last report, in relation to the total number of ports indicated. The total errors indicated may include measurements of ifInDiscards, ifOutDiscards, IfInErrors, ifOutErrors, and ifInUnknownProtos. Other errors counters may be included if they are available on the device.

#### **Default Role**

If the end user is unauthenticated, the port implements its default role. You can select to use the current default role on the device or set a default role. If there is no default role specified, there is no role on the port.

#### Alias

Shows the alias (ifAlias) for the interface, if one is assigned.

#### Stats

Displays information about the port, if configured in PortView.

## Port Type

The type of port. Possible values include: Access, CDP, CDP FTM 1 Backplane, FTM 1 Backplane, and Logical.

## Neighbor

The port to which the port is connected.

### **Port Speed**

The speed of the port. Possible values include: 10/100, speed in megabits per second (for example, 800.0 Mbps), Unknown (displayed for logical ports).

## **PVID**

Displays the VLAN ID of the VLAN assigned to the port. When you assign a VLAN to a port, that VLAN's ID (VID) becomes the Port VLAN ID (PVID) for the port.

## VLANs

The VLANs to which the port is associated.

### Description

A description of the port and the device.

## **Port Type Details**

Additional information about the type of port.

#### Serial Number

The serial number of the device.

## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# Sites Impacted by High Error Ports Report

The Sites Impacted by High Error Ports report displays a list of devices with ports for which error statistics are above the threshold you configure. A port is displayed in the report if the port is up and historical data collection has been enabled on the device long enough for statistic collection.

**NOTE:** Use the Port Health Chart section of the Impact Analysis options to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine port error rates.

E	Dashboard	Devices	Discovered	Firmware	Archives	Reports	Impacted Site	s from Port Health	t	Q	?	≡
<b>#</b>	Sites											
									🐨 Shov	v Filler	s   -	Q
£	Alarms	Status			Devices Up		ices Down	Interswitch Links Up	Interswitch Links	D		gh E
	Critical	~	/World		81	23		9	0		82	
2												
\$												
Ø												
Lau I												
쓭												
=												
≓												
-												
	<											•

The following columns are included in the report:

## Alarms

Shows the most severe alarm triggered by a device included in the site. The severity of the alarm is indicated by the following icons:

- Critical  $(\mathbf{V})$  A problem with significant implications.
- Error (▶) A problem with limited implications.
- Warning  $(\triangle)$  A condition that might lead to a problem.
- Info (\_) Information only; not a problem.
- None ( $\bigcirc$ ) No alarms on the device.

## Status

Indicates whether the site is up or down, based on the percentage of devices in the site with which Extreme Management Center can communicate (**Status** of **Up**). A green check mark indicates the site is up, while a red X icon indicates the site is down.

Use the **Devices Up for Site Up (percent)** field on the **Impact Status Options** tab to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine if a site is

up. The threshold is calculated as the ratio of devices in a site with a **Status** of **Up** to the total number of devices in the site.

#### Name

The name of the site.

#### **Devices Up**

This column indicates the number of devices with a Status of Up in the site.

#### **Devices Down**

This column indicates the number of devices with a **Status** of **Down** in the site.

#### **Interswitch Links Up**

This column indicates the number of Interswitch Links with a **Status** of **Up** in the site.

#### **Interswitch Links Down**

This column indicates the number of Interswitch Links with a **Status** of **Down** in the site.

#### **# High Error Rate Ports**

The number of ports with tracking enabled in the site with an error rate above the value you configure as acceptable in the Port Health Chart section of the Impact Analysis options.

## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Devices Impacted by High Error Ports Report**

The Devices Impacted by High Error Ports report displays a list of devices with ports for which error statistics are above the threshold you configure.

**NOTE:** Use the Port Health Chart section of the Impact Analysis options to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine port error rates.

											The Short	w Filters   Q
	Status	Name	t	Site	IP Address	Device Type	Family	Firmware	Reference	Updates	Archived	Config Cha
	•			/World		HP 4850	HP	E.05.05				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	٠	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	٠	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	٠	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
	•	SimDev	ice-9	/World		C3K122-24P	C-Series	06.42.11.0006				
1.00		** *										,

The following columns are included in the report:

#### **Device Status**

This column, hidden by default, indicates whether there is contact with the device. The color of the circle indicates the degree to which the device is communicating:

- Green icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center is in contact with the device.
- Yellow icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center has issues contacting the device.
- Red icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center can not contact the device.

Hover over the Device Status icon to view additional details about the status for that device.

#### Status

Indicates the device/alarm status for the device. The icon indicates the severity of the most severe alarm on the device:

- Red icon  $(\mathbf{V})$  A critical problem with significant implications.
- Orange icon ( $\triangleright$ ) An error with limited implications.

- Yellow icon ( $\triangle$ ) A warning that might lead to a problem.
- Blue icon (
  ) Information only; not a problem.
- Green icon (•) Extreme Management Center can contact the device.

Hover over the status icon to view the number of alarms. Click on the alarm/device status icon to open a new page with detailed information about the alarms for that device.

## **Device ID**

This column, hidden by default, displays a number that serves as a database identifier automatically created for the device. This number increments as you add additional devices.

#### Name

The device name, nickname, or IP address.

### Site

The site in which the device is located.

#### **Poll Type**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the poll type Extreme Management Center uses to discover devices: SNMP, Ping or Not Polled.

## **Poll Group Name**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the name of the Poll Group you define in the Poll Groups section of the Status Polling options.

## **Admin Profile**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center administrative access to the device.

## **Client Profile**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center client access to the device.

#### **IP Address**

The device's IP address.

#### Context

The Context column, hidden by default, displays a string that indicates how the device behaves, depending on whether the device is a router or a switch.

## **IP Context**

The IP Context column, hidden by default, displays a device's IP address with the context appended to the end of the address following a colon.

## **Trap Status**

Indicates whether a trap receiver is configured, not configured, or not supported for the device. This column is hidden by default.

## **Syslog Status**

Indicates whether the device is configured to send information to the syslog or if it is not supported for the device. This column is hidden by default.

## **Display Name**

The IP address of the device. This column is hidden by default.

## **Device Type**

The type of device.

## Family

The device product family.

## Firmware

The revision for the firmware running in the device.

## **Running Reference Firmware**

Indicates if the device is running reference firmware.

## Updates

The firmware release status for the device according to the results from the latest Check for Firmware Updates operation. Place your cursor on the column to see a tooltip describing the status.

## Archived

Indicates if the device has been archived in the last 30 days.

## **Config Changed**

Indicates if the archived configuration for the device has changed in the last 30 days.

## **Policy Domain**

The policy domain assigned to the device.

## **Boot PROM**

The revision for the BootPROM installed on the device.

### Base MAC

The base MAC address for the device.

### Serial Number

The serial number for the device.

### Stats

Displays whether statistics collection is enabled or disabled on the device. A black check mark indicates that historical collection is enabled, a blue check mark indicates that monitor collection is enabled.

### Location

The physical location of the device. You can set the location for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set Selected Location from the menu.

### Contact

The name of the responsible contact person. You can set the contact for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set Selected Contact from the menu.

### System Name

Hostname for the device taken from the **System Name** field on the **Device** tab of the **Configure Device** window. You can set the system name for a device by selecting the device in the table, right-clicking, and selecting **Device** > **Configure Device**.

#### Uptime

The amount of time, in a days hh:mm:ss format, that the device has been running since the last start-up.

#### Nickname

The user-defined nickname for the selected device.

#### Description

A description of the unavailable device.

#### User Data 1-4, Notes

These columns can provide additional information about the device.

## Asset Tag

A unique asset number assigned to the module or component for inventory tracking purposes.

**Related Information** 

Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

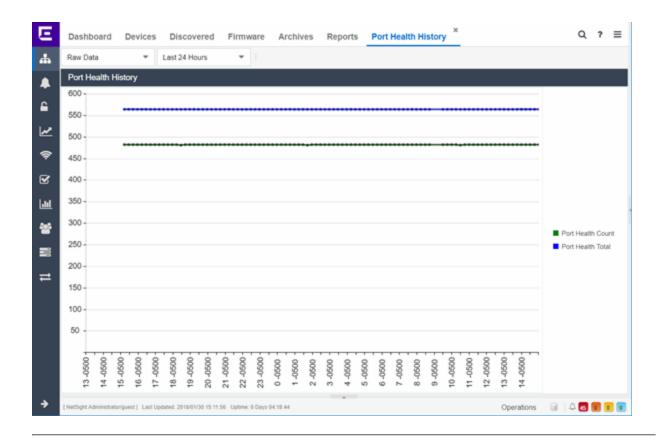
# **Port Health History Report**

The Port Health History report provides detailed information about the ports for which error statistics are above the threshold you configure (green) and the total number of ports (blue). A port is displayed in the report if the port is up and historical data collection has been enabled on the device long enough for statistic collection. The values here are the values displayed in the Port Health ring chart over the time span you define.

**NOTE:** Use the Port Health Chart section of the Impact Analysis options to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine port error rates.

Select the increment between which Extreme Management Center analyzes ports from the data drop-down list. Available options are **Raw**, **Hourly**, or **Daily** data.

Select the time span for which the report displays from the time span dropdown list. Available options are Last 24 Hours, Yesterday, Last 3 Days, Last Week, Last 2 Weeks, Last Month.



## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Unarchived Devices Report**

The Unarchived Devices report displays a list of the devices not archived within the last 30 days and provides information about those devices. Devices listed in this report are capable of being archived; unarchivable devices are not included. You can create a new Extreme Management Center archive by right-clicking a device and selecting **More Actions** > **Backup Configuration**.

h									7 Show Filte	rs   Q
1	Status	Name †	Site	IP Address	Device Type	Family	Firmware	Reference	Updates	Archive
٠.	· •		/World		7100 Virtual	7100-Series	08.31.03.0003			·
	•		/World		08H20G4-48P	0800-Series	01.01.02.0002			
	•		/World		B5G124-24P2	B-Series	06.81.07.0004			
2	•		/World		K6	K-Series	08.62.01.0034			
	•		/World		Matrix N7 Pl	Matrix N-Ser	07.63.03.0001			
>	•		/World		1H582-51	Matrix E-Ser	03.07.32			
	•		/World		B3G124-48	B-Series	06.61.12.0005			
	•		/World		A4H124-24TX	A-Series	06.81.08.0005			
<u>I</u>	•		/World		08G20G2-08	0800-Series				
	•		/World		C5G124-48P2	C-Series	06.81.01.00			
1	•		/World		EXOS Stack	Summit Series	15.3.5.2			
8	•		/World		B3G124-24P	B-Series	06.61.16.0002			
	•		/World		BD 20808	BlackDiamo	15.1.4.3			
<u>*</u>	٠		/World		BD 20808	BlackDiamo	15.1.4.3			
	•		/World		X480-48x-10	Summit Series	15.6.4.2			
1										•

The following information is included in the report:

#### **Device Status**

This column, hidden by default, indicates whether there is contact with the device. The color of the circle indicates the degree to which the device is communicating:

- Green icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center is in contact with the device.
- Yellow icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center has issues contacting the device.
- Red icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center can not contact the device.

Hover over the Device Status icon to view additional details about the status for that device.

### Status

Indicates the device/alarm status for the device. The icon indicates the severity of the most severe alarm on the device:

- Red icon  $(\mathbf{V})$  A critical problem with significant implications.
- Orange icon ( $\triangleright$ ) An error with limited implications.
- Yellow icon  $(\triangle)$  A warning that might lead to a problem.

- Blue icon (\_) Information only; not a problem.
- Green icon (•) Extreme Management Center can contact the device.

Hover over the status icon to view the number of alarms. Click on the alarm/device status icon to open a new page with detailed information about the alarms for that device.

#### **Device ID**

This column, hidden by default, displays a number that serves as a database identifier automatically created for the device. This number increments as you add additional devices.

#### Name

The device name, nickname, or IP address.

#### Site

The site in which the device is located.

#### **Poll Type**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the poll type Extreme Management Center uses to discover devices: SNMP, Ping or Not Polled.

#### **Poll Group Name**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the name of the Poll Group you define in the Poll Groups section of the Status Polling options.

#### **Admin Profile**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center administrative access to the device.

#### **Client Profile**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center client access to the device.

#### **IP Address**

The device's IP address.

#### Context:

The Context column, hidden by default, displays a string that indicates how the device behaves, depending on whether the device is a router or a switch.

#### **IP Context**

The IP Context column, hidden by default, displays a device's IP address with the context appended to the end of the address following a colon.

## **Trap Status**

Indicates whether a trap receiver is configured, not configured, or not supported for the device. This column is hidden by default.

## Syslog Status

Indicates whether the device is configured to send information to the syslog or if it is not supported for the device. This column is hidden by default.

## **Display Name**

The IP address of the device. This column is hidden by default.

## **Device Type**

The type of device.

## Family

The device product family.

## Firmware

The revision for the firmware running in the device.

### **Running Reference Firmware**

Indicates if the device's thresholds have been configured for Reference Firmware

#### Updates

The firmware release status for the device according to the results from the latest Check for Firmware Updates operation. Place your cursor on the column to see a tooltip describing the status.

## Archived

Indicates if the device has been archived in the last 30 days.

## **Config Changed**

Indicates if the archived configuration for the device has changed in the last 30 days.

## **Policy Domain**

The policy domain assigned to the device.

## **Boot PROM**

The revision for the BootPROM installed on the device.

## Base MAC

The base MAC address for the device.

## Serial Number

The serial number for the device.

### Stats

Displays whether statistics collection is enabled or disabled on the device. A black check mark indicates that historical collection is enabled, a blue check mark indicates that monitor collection is enabled.

#### Location

The physical location of the device. You can set the location for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set Selected Location from the menu.

#### Contact

The name of the responsible contact person. You can set the contact for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set Selected Contact from the menu.

#### System Name

Hostname for the device taken from the **System Name** field on the **Device** tab of the **Configure Device** window. You can set the system name for a device by selecting the device in the table, right-clicking, and selecting **Device** > **Configure Device**.

#### Uptime

The amount of time, in a days hh:mm:ss format, that the device has been running since the last start-up.

#### Nickname

The user-defined nickname for the selected device.

#### Description

A description of the unavailable device.

#### User Data 1-4, Notes

These columns can provide additional information about the device.

#### Asset Tag

A unique asset number assigned to the module or component for inventory tracking purposes.

#### **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Sites Impacted by Unarchived Devices Report**

The Sites Impacted by Unarchived Devices report provides detailed information about sites containing devices not archived in the past 30 days.

Ε	<	Dashboard	Devices	Discovered	Firmwa	re Archives	Reports	Impacted Si	tes from Archived De	vices × Q >
<b>њ</b>	S	ites								
										Show Filters Q
£		rms Critical	Status	Name † /World		Devices Up 81	Device 23	s Down	Interswitch Links Up	Interswitch Links
2										
رت پ										
<u>m</u>										
쓭										
11										
										,

The following columns are included in the report:

#### Alarms

Shows the most severe alarm triggered by a device included in the site. The severity of the alarm is indicated by the following icons:

- Critical  $(\mathbf{V})$  A problem with significant implications.
- Error (▶) A problem with limited implications.
- Warning  $(\triangle)$  A condition that might lead to a problem.
- Info (\_) Information only; not a problem.
- None  $(\bigcirc)$  No alarms on the device.

#### Status

Indicates whether the site is up or down, based on the percentage of devices in the site with which Extreme Management Center can communicate (**Status** of **Up**). A green check mark indicates the site is up, while a red X icon indicates the site is

down.

Use the **Devices Up for Site Up (percent)** field on the to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine if a site is up. The threshold is calculated as the ratio of devices in a site with a **Status** of **Up** to the total number of devices in the site.

### Name

The name of the site.

### **Devices Up**

This column indicates the number of devices with a **Status** of **Up** in the site.

### **Devices Down**

This column indicates the number of devices with a Status of Down in the site.

### **Interswitch Links Up**

This column indicates the number of Interswitch Links with a **Status** of **Up** in the site.

### **Interswitch Links Down**

This column indicates the number of Interswitch Links with a **Status** of **Down** in the site.

## **# Unarchived Devices**

The number of devices not archived in the last 30 days in the site.

## **Related Information**

Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Archived Devices History Report**

The Archived Devices History report contains a graph that displays the number of devices archived within the last 30 days (green) and the total number of devices that can be archived (blue) for the duration you define. If no devices have been archived in the last 30 days, the chart may not display data (green). The values here are the values displayed in the Archived Devices ring chart over the time span you define. Select the increment between which Extreme Management Center analyzes device archives from the data drop-down list. Available options are **Raw**, **Hourly**, or **Daily** data.

Select the time span for which the report displays from the time span dropdown list. Available options are Last 24 Hours, Yesterday, Last 3 Days, Last Week, Last 2 Weeks, Last Month.

Ξ	Dashboard [	Devices	Firmware	Archives	Reports	Archived Devices Hi	story ×	Q	?	=
#	Raw Data	₹ La	st 3 Days	•						
E C 1 L 1	Archived Device	es History						rchived Devic		
<b>&gt;</b>	_	Last Updated: 25	92018 12:34:44 P	M Uptime: 9 Days 1	9.51.01		6	4 🖬 🕻		80

## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Devices Without Reference Firmware Report**

The Devices Without Reference Firmware report provides detailed information about devices not running reference firmware.

										T 5	Show Filters
	Status	Name †	Site	IP Address	Device Type	Family	Firmware	Reference	Updates	Archived	Config Chan
	` • I		/World		7100 Virtual	7100-Series	08.31.03.0003				
Ŀ			/World								
			/World								
			/World								
,			/World								
			/World								
	•		/World		HP 4850	HP	E.05.05				
	•		/World		SSR 8000	X-Pedition (	E10.00.20.0				
1			/World								
			/World								
	•		/World		08H20G4-48P	0800-Series	01.01.02.0002				
	•		/World		B5G124-24P2	B-Series	06.81.07.0004				
	•		/World		K6	K-Series	08.62.01.0034				
	•		/World		B5K125-24P2	B-Series	06.81.01.0027				
	•		/World		Matrix N7 Pl	Matrix N-Ser.	07.63.03.0001				
			/World								
	-		Allorid		1H582.51	Matrix F.Ser	03.07.32				,

The following columns are included in the report:

#### **Device Status**

This column, hidden by default, indicates whether there is contact with the device. The color of the circle indicates the degree to which the device is communicating:

- Green icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center is in contact with the device.
- Yellow icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center has issues contacting the device.
- Red icon (•) Indicates Extreme Management Center can not contact the device.

Hover over the Device Status icon to view additional details about the status for that device.

#### Status

Indicates the device/alarm status for the device. The icon indicates the severity of the most severe alarm on the device:

- Red icon  $(\mathbf{V})$  A critical problem with significant implications.
- Orange icon ( $\triangleright$ ) An error with limited implications.
- Yellow icon  $(\triangle)$  A warning that might lead to a problem.

- Blue icon (■) Information only; not a problem.
- Green icon (•) Extreme Management Center can contact the device.

Hover over the status icon to view the number of alarms. Click on the alarm/device status icon to open a new page with detailed information about the alarms for that device.

#### **Device ID**

This column, hidden by default, displays a number that serves as a database identifier automatically created for the device. This number increments as you add additional devices.

#### Name

The device name, nickname, or IP address.

#### Site

The site in which the device is located.

#### **Poll Type**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the poll type Extreme Management Center uses to discover devices: SNMP, Ping or Not Polled.

#### **Poll Group Name**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the name of the Poll Group you define in the Poll Groups section of the Status Polling options.

#### **Admin Profile**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center administrative access to the device.

#### **Client Profile**

This column, hidden by default, indicates the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center client access to the device.

#### **IP Address**

The device's IP address.

#### Context

The Context column, hidden by default, displays a string that indicates how the device behaves, depending on whether the device is a router or a switch.

#### **IP Context**

The IP Context column, hidden by default, displays a device's IP address with the context appended to the end of the address following a colon.

## **Trap Status**

Indicates whether a trap receiver is configured, not configured, or not supported for the device. This column is hidden by default.

### **Syslog Status**

Indicates whether the device is configured to send information to the syslog or if it is not supported for the device. This column is hidden by default.

#### **Display Name**

The IP address of the device. This column is hidden by default.

## **Device Type**

The type of device.

### Family

The device product family.

### Firmware

The revision for the firmware running in the device.

### **Running Reference Firmware**

Indicates if the device's thresholds have been configured for Reference Firmware

#### Updates

The firmware release status for the device according to the results from the latest Check for Firmware Updates operation. Place your cursor on the column to see a tooltip describing the status.

## Archived

Indicates if the device has been archived in the last 30 days.

## **Config Changed**

Indicates if the archived configuration for the device has changed in the last 30 days.

## **Policy Domain**

The policy domain assigned to the device.

#### **Boot PROM**

The revision for the BootPROM installed on the device.

## Base MAC

The base MAC address for the device.

### **Serial Number**

The serial number for the device.

### Stats

Displays whether statistics collection is enabled or disabled on the device. A black check mark indicates that historical collection is enabled, a blue check mark indicates that monitor collection is enabled.

#### Location

The physical location of the device. You can set the location for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set Selected Location from the menu.

#### Contact

The name of the responsible contact person. You can set the contact for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set Selected Contact from the menu.

#### System Name

Hostname for the device taken from the **System Name** field on the **Device** tab of the **Configure Device** window. You can set the system name for a device by selecting the device in the table, right-clicking, and selecting **Device** > **Configure Device**.

#### Uptime

The amount of time, in a days hh:mm:ss format, the device has been running since the last start-up.

#### Nickname

The user-defined nickname for the selected device.

#### Description

A description of the unavailable device.

#### User Data 1-4, Notes

These columns can provide additional information about the device.

#### Asset Tag

A unique asset number assigned to the module or component for inventory tracking purposes.

#### **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# Sites Impacted by Devices Without Reference Firmware Report

This report provides a list of sites with devices not running reference firmware.

E	Dashboard	Devices	Discovered	Firmware	Archives	Repo	rts Impacted	I Sites	from Refrence Firm	ware		Q ?	≡
ሔ	Sites												
												Filters	Q
~	Alarms	Status	Name †	1	Devices Up		Devices Down		Interswitch Links Up	Interswitch	h Links D	#De	vices N
<b>e</b>	Critical	×	/World	1	B1		23		9	0		104	
Ľ													
ş													
¥													
Laut.													
쓭													
₽													
	4												•

The following columns are included in the report:

#### Alarms

Shows the most severe alarm triggered by a device included in the site. The severity of the alarm is indicated by the following icons:

- Critical  $(\mathbf{V})$  A problem with significant implications.
- Error (▶) A problem with limited implications.
- Warning  $(\triangle)$  A condition that might lead to a problem.
- Info (\_) Information only; not a problem.
- None  $(\bigcirc)$  No alarms on the device.

## Status

Indicates whether the site is up or down, based on the percentage of devices in the site with which Extreme Management Center can communicate (**Status** of **Up**). A green check mark indicates the site is up, while a red X icon indicates the site is

down.

Use the **Devices Up for Site Up (percent)** field on the **Impact Status Options** tab to configure the threshold Extreme Management Center uses to determine if a site is up. The threshold is calculated as the ratio of devices in a site with a **Status** of **Up** to the total number of devices in the site.

#### Name

The name of the site.

### **Devices Up**

This column indicates the number of devices with a **Status** of **Up** in the site.

### **Devices Down**

This column indicates the number of devices with a Status of Down in the site.

### **Interswitch Links Up**

This column indicates the number of Interswitch Links with a Status of Up in the site.

### **Interswitch Links Down**

This column indicates the number of Interswitch Links with a **Status** of **Down** in the site.

## # Devices Not Running Reference Firmware

The number of devices not running reference firmware in the site.

## **Related Information**

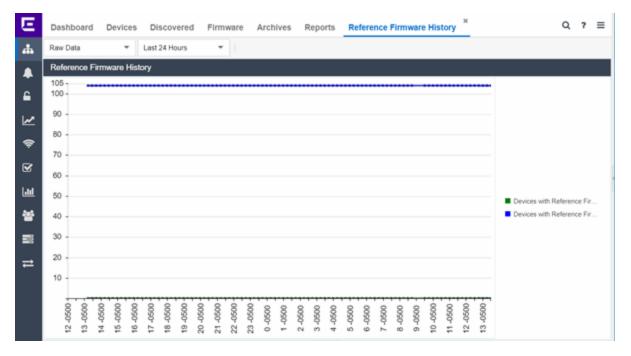
Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Reference Firmware History Report**

The Reference Firmware History Report displays the number of devices running reference firmware (green) and the total number of devices (blue) for the duration you define. If no devices are running reference firmware, the chart may not display data (green). The values here are the values displayed in the Devices with Reference Firmware ring chart over the time span you define.

Select the increment between which Extreme Management Center analyzes devices from the data drop-down list. Available options are **Raw**, **Hourly**, or **Daily** data.

Select the time span for which the report displays from the time span dropdown list. Available options are Last 24 Hours, Yesterday, Last 3 Days, Last Week, Last 2 Weeks, Last Month.



## **Related Information**

• Impact Analysis Dashboard Overview

# **Device Operations**

This Help topic provides information on the following operations available from the **Network > Devices** tab:

Buttons

- Add Device
- <u>Check for Firmware Updates</u>
- Export to CSV

Menu Options

- DeviceView
- <u>Terminal</u>
- <u>WebView</u>
- FlexViews
- CLI Commands
- Port Tree
- Interfaces
- User Sessions
- <u>Configure</u>
- <u>Compass Search</u>
- <u>Rediscover</u>
- Clear Alarms
- Upgrade Firmware
- Add to Device Group
- <u>Restart Device</u>
- Set Device Profile
- <u>Set/Clear Frozen Ports</u>
- Import to Site
- Contact Device Using Group's Profile
- Authentication Configuration
- **RADIUS Authentication**
- RADIUS Accounting
- Delete Device
- Overwrite Local Changes
- Register Trap Receiver
- <u>Unregister Trap Receiver</u>
- Register SysLog Receiver
- Unregister SysLog Receiver
- <u>Collect Device Statistics</u>
- <u>Register/Export Serial Numbers</u>

- Backup Configuration
- <u>Restore Configuration</u>
- <u>Compare Last Configurations</u>
- Inventory Settings
- <u>Tasks</u>
- Add to Map
- Create Map
- <u>Create Map for Locations</u>
- <u>Search Maps</u>
- <u>Network</u>
- Policy
- Fabric
- Working in the Devices Table
  - <u>Set Device Values</u>
  - Table Column Definitions
  - Filtering
- Buttons, Search Field, and Paging Toolbar
- Local Settings

To view the **Devices** sub-tab on the **Network** tab, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Access OneView and the OneView > Events and Alarms > OneView Event Log Access capabilities.

## Add Device

To add a new device to the Devices list, select the **Add Device** icon at the top of the tab. The <u>Add Device window</u> appears. Enter the information in the window and select **OK**.

Once the device is added to the Devices list, it can be used in Extreme Management Center.

## **Check for Firmware Updates**

To check for available firmware updates for the devices included in the Devices list, select the **Check for Firmware Updates** icon at the top of the Devices tab. Enter your ExtremeNetworks.com credentials to view available firmware updates.

To update the credentials used to access ExtremeNetworks.com, open the Administration > Options > <u>ExtremeNetworks.com Updates tab</u> and edit the values in the Update Credentials section.

## **Export to CSV**

To export information from the Devices list, select the **Export to CSV** icon at the top of the tab. The **Devices** tab provides two methods of exporting the data in the table:

## **Export all rows**

Select to export all of the data in the table to a .CSV file. The exported data displays with any sorting, filtering, and searching applied.

## **Export selected rows**

Select to export the data in the currently selected row(s) in the table to a .CSV file. The exported data includes all columns in the table (including those not currently displayed).

## **Menu Options**

## **DeviceView**

Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list to opens a DeviceView for the device in a separate tab.

## Terminal

To open a terminal session to a device, select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list and select **Terminal**. The Extreme WebShell window opens a terminal session for the selected device.

You can copy and paste information to and from the terminal window. Additionally, you can also enable logging for device terminal sessions. To enable logging, access the **Administration** > **Diagnostics** tab and expand **Server** in the left-panel. Select **Server Diagnostics** and select the appropriate **Diagnostic Level** in the drop-down list for Extreme WebShell.

## WebView

You can use the **Network** tab to access WebView web-based management, which lets you configure and manage certain Extreme Networks and Enterasys devices.

To open WebView, select a device in the Device list, select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list to select **WebView** from the menu.

The web-based management opens in a new browser window. If your authorization group has been assigned the capability for Suite > Device Local Management WebView, you can take advantage of the auto login feature for web local management of ExtremeControlengines and wireless controllers.

WebView is only available with certain Extreme Networks and Enterasys devices.

## **FlexViews**

You can use the **Network** tab to access web-based FlexViews that provide a convenient way for Operations people to view FlexView data.

To launch a FlexView, you must be a member of an authorization group that has been assigned the OneView > FlexView > OneView FlexView Read Access capability. To launch and edit a web-based FlexView, you must be a member of an authorization group that has been assigned the OneView > FlexView > OneView FlexView Read/Write Access capability.

To launch a FlexView, select a device in the Device list, select the **Menu** icon (≡) or right-click in the Devices list and select **FlexView** from the menu. You can also right-click on a device and select **FlexView** from the menu.

The **Select FlexView** window opens.

Select FlexView			>
		×Q	
★ Bookmarks	+	H Interface \ ELIN Open	-
Categories	-		
Filter Popular FlexViews			_
Root		H Interface \ Interface Statistics This view displays MIB-II statistical information for	Υ.
BOSS		interfaces.	
Bridge			
CDP	- 11		
Entity MIB	- 11	H Interface \ Interface Summary This view displays MIB-II interface information.	Υ.
ExtremeWireless WiNG	- 11		
Flow Setup Throttling	- 11		
IETF Bridge Extension	- 11		
IGMP MGMD		H Interface \ Port Utilization in Bytes This view displays MIB-II statistical information for	•
Interface		interfaces.	
Legacy			
Link Aggregation			
LLDP		H Interface \ Port Utilization in Percent This view displays MIB-II statistical information for	•
MAC Locking		interfaces in graphical format.	
Matrix Chassis			
MSTP			
NAC	*		

Select a FlexView category from the left-panel and select the Open drop-down list. Select whether you want to open the FlexView in a new tab or window. The **Select FlexView** window displays only those FlexViews applicable to the device type selected.

For additional information about launching and using FlexViews from the **Network** tab, see Web-Based FlexViews.

## **CLI Commands**

To run commands against multiple devices, use the More Views > CLI Commands option:

- 1. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 2. Select More Views > CLI Commands.

The Execute CLI Commands window opens, from which you can enter the commands and execute on the devices you select. Select the Launch link at the top of the window in the Termial Window column to test the credentials and view the results in the Results tab at the bottom of the window.

**NOTE:** Commands you define are run on all of the devices displayed at the table at the top of the window.

## **Port Tree**

The Port Tree displays interface information for a device.

To open the Port Tree:

- 1. Select a device in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Views > Port Tree.

The Port Tree opens in a new tab.

- 4. Expand the components to see the device's interfaces. Right-click on an interface to:
  - access PortView for that interface
  - view interface history including interface utilization, availability, and bandwidth/packets/flows statistics
  - run scripts on the selected port
  - enable interface statistic collection
  - create policy profiles, called roles, that are assigned to the ports in your network.

In the Port Tree table, the Stats column displays whether statistics collection is enabled or disabled on the port. A black check indicates that historical collection is enabled, a blue check indicates that monitor collection is enabled. The Neighbor column displays neighbor details from CDP/EDP/LLDP. Hover your mouse over the column to see the protocol type.

## Interfaces

Selecting **Interfaces** opens the Interface Summary, from which you can rightclick on an interface to access PortView, view interface history, view current alarms and alarm history, enable interface statistic collection, and edit certain values for an interface.

To open the Interface Summary:

- 1. Select a device in the Device list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Views > Interfaces.

An Interface Summary FlexView opens for the device in a new tab.

## **User Sessions**

Select User Sessions to view user sessions associated with the selected device.

To launch the user session, you must be a member of an authorization group that has been assigned the OneView > User Session > OneView User Session Read Access capability. To launch and edit a User Session , you must be a member of an authorization group that has been assigned the OneView > User Session > OneView User Session Read/Write Access capability.

To open a user session for a device:

- 1. Select a device in the Device list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Views > User Session.

In the User Sessions window, you can view all users accessing the device selected.

For additional information about the User Sessions window, see User Sessions.

## Configure

To configure device information for an existing device:

- 1. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 2. Select Configure.

The Configure Device window opens, which allows you to configure the device properties.

## **Compass Search**

To open the Search window with Search with Compass selected for the selected devices:

- 1. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 2. Select **Device > Compass Search**.

The <u>Search window</u> opens displaying the devices you selected with <u>Search with</u> Compass selected. Selecting a device group or site opens the <u>Search</u> window opens displaying the devices in the device group or site you selected with <u>Search with</u> Compass selected.

## Rediscover

To refresh a device or multiple devices to update the information presented on the **Devices** tab:

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Rediscover Device.

Extreme Management Center rediscovers the device and information about the device is refreshed.

## **Clear Alarms**

To clear the alarms for a device or multiple devices in the Devices list:

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Clear Alarms.

A dialog box appears.

4. Select Yes.

The alarms on the selected devices clear.

## **Upgrade Firmware**

To update devices in the Extreme Management Center database with the latest firmware releases:

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Upgrade Firmware.

The results display in the Upgrade Firmware window with displaying information about the device and the available firmware versions. For additional information about upgrading device firmware, see How to Upgrade Firmware. Restart devices once the firmware is upgraded via the Restart Devices window by selecting **More Actions** > **Restart Device**.

Upgrade Fir	mware				
images that v and some of	will be on the device	after download s are using SNN	family. Verify that Bool and reset are compatil IPv3, you may need to	ble. If you are dow	wngrading
📑 Assign	i Image 📑 Se	et Configuration			
Name	IP Address	Device Type	Firmware Version	Configuration	Images
Summ	it X620 Mapped -	TFTP			
		X620-10X	21.1.1.4	TFTP / MIB	<select and="" assign="" image="" rows=""></select>
_	Devices After Upgrad Upgrade	le			
Device Upgra	ade Group Size:	50 🗘			
					Start Cancel

# Add to Device Group

To add a device or multiple devices to a device group:

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Add to Device Group.

The Select Destination Group window displays, which allows you to select the device group to which the device or devices are added.

4. Select **OK** to add the devices to the group.

# **Restart Device**

To restart a device:

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Actions > Restart Device.

The Restart Devices window opens.

4. Select Start.

The devices are restarted.

# **Set Device Profile**

To change the profile settings for a device or multiple devices from the Devices list:

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Actions > Set Device Profile.

The Set Device Profile window appears.

4. Select a profile from the drop-down list to change the profile for the selected device or devices.

5. Select OK.

A message appears confirming the device profile change.

# Set/Clear Frozen Ports

To set or clear frozen ports on a device or multiple devices in the Devices list:

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Actions > Set/Clear Frozen Ports.

A submenu appears.

4. Select whether you want to freeze all ports, freeze the interswitch ports, or clear all frozen ports.

A dialog box appears.

5. Select Yes.

All ports are frozen, the interswitch ports are frozen, or all frozen ports are cleared, depending on what you select.

# **Import to Site**

To import VLAN data from a device and save it to the site with which it is associated:

- 1. Select the device in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Actions > Import to Site.

A confirmation window appears.

- 4. Select the Overwrite VLAN Data checkbox to remove all VLAN data from the site and copy the VLAN data from the device to the site. When this checkbox is not selected, the VLAN data from the device is added to the existing VLAN data on the device and only matching VLAN data is overwritten.
- 5. Select Import to import the VLAN data.

# **Contact Device Using Group's Profile**

Select **Contact Device Using Group's Profile** to attempt to contact the selected devices via SNMP using the **Administration Profile** for a device, or the device's override profile configured on the Administration > Profiles > <u>Device Mapping</u> <u>subtab</u>.

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Actions > Contact Device Using Group's Profile.

# **Authentication Configuration**

Select Authentication Configuration to open the Authentication Configuration wizard, which allows you to configure the authentication used on a device or on the individual ports of a device.

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Actions > Authentication Configuration.

# **RADIUS Authentication**

Opens the **RADIUS Authentication** tab, which allows you to configure the RADIUS authorization servers and client settings used on a device.

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Actions > RADIUS Authentication.

# **RADIUS Accounting**

Opens the **RADIUS Accounting** tab, which allows you to configure the RADIUS accounting servers and client settings used on a device.

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Actions > RADIUS Accounting.

# **Delete Device**

To delete a device or multiple devices from the Devices list:

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Actions > Delete Device.

A Delete Confirmation window appears.

- 4. Select **Yes** to remove the device from Extreme Management Center and to remove the device from any maps to which the device is added.
- 5. Select the **Delete Extreme Management Center Data** checkbox to remove all data associated with the device from Extreme Management Center.

# **Overwrite Local Changes**

To overwrite local changes made to the device via the CLI and save the site configuration on a device or devices:

- 1. Select the device or devices in the Devices list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Actions > Overwrite Local Changes.

# **Register Trap Receiver**

To receive trap information from the devices on your network, Select the Menu icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list and select More Actions > Register Trap Receiver from the menu. Additionally, devices added to sites for which Add Trap Receiver is selected on the Discovered Device Actions tab automatically receive trap information. You can define the trap configuration details on the Options > Trap tab. Depending on the device, Extreme Management Center creates the trap configuration via SNMP or a script.

# **Unregister Trap Receiver**

To stop receiving trap information from the devices on your network, Select the Menu icon (≡) or right-click in the Devices list and select More Actions >

Unregister Trap Receiver from the menu.

# **Register SysLog Receiver**

To receive syslog information from the devices on your network, select the Menu icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list and select More Actions > Register SysLog Receiver from the menu. Additionally, devices added to sites for which Add Syslog Receiver is selected on the Discovered Device Actions tab automatically receive syslog information. You can define the syslog configuration details on the Options > Syslog tab. Depending on the device, Extreme Management Center creates the syslog configuration via SNMP or a script.

# **Unregister SysLog Receiver**

To stop receiving syslog information from the devices on your network, select the **Menu** icon (■) or right-click in the Devices list and select **More Actions** > **Unregister SysLog Receiver** from the menu.

# **Collect Device Statistics**

The **Devices** tab provides the ability to start and stop device statistics collections for Extreme Networks and Enterasys devices, which allows the collection of data used in reports.

To collect device statistics:

- 1. Select one or more devices or wireless controllers in the Device list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select More Actions > Collect Device Statistics.

A window opens from which you can select your statistics collection criteria.

• In **Historical mode**, device and physical port statistics are saved to the database and aggregated over time, for use in reports. The device statistics are also used for threshold alarms configured in the Console Alarms Manager. In the Active Threshold Alarm Summary box, you can see all active threshold alarms configured in the Console Alarms Manager that use these statistics.

**NOTE:** Enabling Historical Device Statistics Collection may use substantial disk space.

- In Monitor mode, device statistics are saved to a Monitor cache for one hour and then dropped. You can use these statistics for threshold alarms, but not for Extreme Management Center reporting. In the Active Threshold Alarm Summary box, you can see all active threshold alarms configured in the Alarms and Events tab that use these statistics. (Note that you do not see the Monitor mode option if you have disabled Monitor Collection in the OneView Collector Advanced Settings in Administration > Options.)
- **Refresh Devices** Select this option to perform an SNMP refresh of the selected device's active collection targets. No action is taken on devices with statistics collection disabled.

If you are enabling statistics collection on an ExtremeControl engine, ExtremeAnalytics engine, or ExtremeWireless Controller, read through the following notes:

- ExtremeControl Engine When collecting statistics on an ExtremeControl engine, the active engine must be added to Extreme Management Center to collect all appliance statistics. In addition, Monitor mode is not supported on ExtremeControl engines.
- ExtremeAnalytics Engine When collecting statistics on an ExtremeAnalytics engine, the engine must be added to the Analytics > Configuration > ExtremeAnalytics Engines table in order for Extreme Management Center to collect all Application Detection statistics. In addition, Monitor mode is not supported on ExtremeAnalytics engines.
- ExtremeWireless Controller Wireless Controller statistics collection is configured separately from other devices. When you enable Wireless Controller statistics collection, it includes Wireless Controller, WLAN, Topology, and AP wired and wireless statistics, and you also have the option to collect wireless client statistics.

For additional information about collecting statistics, see Enable Report Data Collection.

# **Register/Export Serial Numbers**

To register or export serial numbers for your devices:

- 1. Select one or more devices in the Device list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.

3. Select More Actions > Register/Export Serial Numbers.

The Register/Export Serial Numbers window opens.

- 4. Select whether you want to register or export to a file.
  - Register Collects all the serial numbers for the selected devices and uploads them to Support at Extreme Networks. This feature requires an Extreme Networks account, which you can create through Support at ExtremeNetworks.com. Unless you have entered your account credentials in the ExtremeNetworks.com Update options panel (Console > Tools > Options > Suite Options), you are prompted for them when you register.

Select the **Refresh the Devices before registering** checkbox if you want to refresh the devices before the serial numbers are collected to ensure the most current information. If you are registering a large number of devices, the refresh could take a long time. Because of this, the refresh operation runs as a background task on the server and you can view the progress of the operation in the Inventory event log (**Alarms and Events** tab).

• Export to File — Collects all the serial numbers for the selected devices and downloads them to the browser in comma separated value (CSV) format. Use this feature to view the serial numbers before registering.

**NOTES:** Devices without serial numbers (for example, ExtremeWireless controllers) are not included in **Register** feature or the exported into the CSV formatted file.

Data for this functionality is gathered from the following sources:

- entitityPhysicalSerialNum
- extremeSystemID
- ZTP+

# **Backup Configuration**

To back up (archive) your device configurations via the **Devices** tab:

- 1. Select one or more devices in the Device list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Archives > Backup Configuration.

# **Restore Configuration**

To restore device configurations via the **Devices** tab:

- 1. Select one or more devices in the Device list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Archives > Restore Configuration.

# **Compare Last Configurations**

To compare two configuration files using the **Devices** tab:

- 1. Select one or more devices in the Device list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Archives > Compare Last Configurations.

# **Inventory Settings**

To configure the firmware, MIB, and script settings for a device:

- 1. Select one or more devices in the Device list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Archives > Inventory Settings.

The **Inventory Settings** window opens, from which you can select the file transfer mode, firrmware download server, and MIB download settings.

# Tasks

If you configure tasks or <u>workflows</u> to appear on devices, ports, or groups, you can use the **Devices** tab to run a task or workflow on a device, port, or group.

To run a task:

- 1. Select one or more devices in the Device list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select the script or workflow you are running on the selected devices from within the **Tasks** menu.

**NOTE:** The Tasks menu is not available when right-clicking My Network, All Devices, and All Port Elements in the Device Groups section of the **Network** tab.

# Add to Map

To add a device to an existing map:

- 1. Select one or more devices in the Device list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Maps > Add to Map.

For additional information, see Create and Edit Maps.

To add devices or APs to new maps:

- 1. Select one or more devices in the Device list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Maps > Create Maps For Locations.

For additional information, see Create and Edit Maps.

# **Create Map**

Maps visually organize the devices on your network, based on their geographic location or based on the other devices to which they connect.

You can create a new map by either selecting the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the World map navigation tree and selecting **Maps** > **Create Map**.

You can also create a map for a specific device or device group by selecting the device or device group in the Device Groups navigation tree in the Devices section of the window or in the Devices list and selecting Maps > Create New Map. For additional information, see Create and Edit Maps.

# **Create Map for Locations**

You can create a new map based on the endpoint locations of the selected devices by either selecting the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the World map navigation tree and selecting **Maps** > **Create Map for Locations**.

For additional information, see Create and Edit Maps.

# **Search Maps**

To search your existing maps to find a wired or wireless client or device:

- 1. Select one or more devices in the Device list.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Maps > Search Maps.

If the search item is found, the map opens on a separate tab. For more information, see <u>Maps Overview</u>.

# Network

The **Network** sub-menu allows you to view information about all of your network connections.

To open the Network sub-menu:

- 1. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 2. Select Network.
- 3. Select from EAPS Summary, Link Summary, MLAG Summary, VLAN Summary, or VPLS Summary to display a table with summary details for each network connection.

# Network connection summaries are active only if the device supports the view.Note:If the device does not support MLAG, for example, it will appear grey and<br/>inactive on this list.

The tabs at the bottom of the window populate with information about the connection you select. All connections managed by Extreme Management Center are available. You can also view the Network Details for connections included in a specific Map by opening the Map and selecting one of the tabs in the Network Details section of the window. Selecting a connection listed on the tab highlights the connection on the map.

# Policy

Use the **Policy** sub-menu to view and set policy for a device or port.

To view or set policy for a device:

- 1. Select one or more devices in the Devices table.
- 2. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Open the **Policy** sub-menu to view the currently assigned domain, change domain assignment, set or clear the default role for all ports, or Enforce or Verify the domain.

To view or set policy for a port:

- 1. Select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 2. Select More Views > Port Tree.
- 3. Select one or more ports.
- 4. Right-click and use the Policy menu to view the currently assigned domain, set or clear the port default role, and see role details for the default role.

If the device doesn't support policy or isn't assigned to a domain, the Port Tree Policy menu options are grayed out and you see either "Policy Unsupported" or "Current Domain: Unassigned". If the domain is unassigned, you must first assign the device to a domain before you can access Policy menu options in the Port Tree.

# Fabric

The Fabric Topology selection on the Network tab displays your the fabric topologies you create for your devices.

To open the Fabric Connect tab for a site:

- 1. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Select **Sites** from the left-panel <u>drop-down list</u>.
- 3. Right-click a site or select the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) in the left panel.
- 4. Select Maps/Sites > Fabric Topology.

The Fabric Connect tab opens.

**NOTE:** If a "503 Service Unavailable" error message displays when selecting Maps/Sites > Fabric Topology, open the Administration > Certificate tab, select the **Update Fabric Manager** button to open the <u>Add Fabric Manager Certificate window</u>, and select the **Generate Certificate** button.

# Working in the Devices List

You can manipulate the Devices list data in several ways to customize the view for your own needs:

- Select on the column headings to perform an ascending or descending sort on the column data.
- Hide or display different columns by selecting on a column heading drop-down arrow and selecting the column options from the menu.
- <u>Filter</u>, <u>export</u> and <u>search</u> the data in each column in the table.

# Set Device Values

Set device values for the following columns in the Devices list: Location, Contact, System Name, Nickname, User Data 1-4, and Notes.

Select one or more rows in the table, right-click in the column you want to change and select the Set option off the Device submenu.

**NOTE:** You cannot set multiple rows for the System Name or Nickname column.

# Devices List Column Definitions

- DeviceView — Place the cursor over the first column and select on the icon to open a DeviceView that provides analysis and troubleshooting information for the selected device, including device summary, FlexView, and Extreme Management Center historical data. You must have historical statistic collection enabled for the device to see data for the full range of available reports. For more information, see <u>Collect Device Statistics</u>.
- Device Status This column, hidden by default, indicates whether there is contact with the device. The color of the circle indicates the degree to which the device is communicating. A green icon indicates there is contact with the device. A yellow icon indicates there are issues with contact to the device. A red icon indicates there is no contact with the device. Hover over the Device Status icon to view additional details about the status for that device.
- Status Indicates the alarm/device status for the device.
  - 📮 (Green) Up Up with no alarms.
  - **V** (Red) Critical Down or having alarms with significant implications.

- $\blacktriangle$  (Yellow) Warning Up, but with an alarm that might lead to a problem.
- [Blue) Info Information only; not a problem.

Place the cursor over the status icon to view the number of alarms. Select on the alarm/device status icon to open a new page with detailed information about the alarms for that device.

- Device ID This column, hidden by default, displays a number that serves as a database identifier automatically created for the device. This number increments as you add additional devices.
- Name The device name or nickname, or IP address. Select on the link to open an <u>Interface Summary FlexView</u> for the device.
- **Poll Type** This column, hidden by default, indicates the poll type Extreme Management Center uses to discover devices: SNMP, Ping or Not Polled.
- **Poll Group Name** This column, hidden by default, indicates the name of the Poll Group you define in the Poll Groups section of the Status Polling options.
- Admin Profile This column, hidden by default, indicates the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center administrative access to the device.
- Client Profile This column, hidden by default, indicates the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center client access to the device.
- IP Address The device IP address. This column is hidden by default.
- **Context** The Context column, hidden by default, displays a string that indicates how the device behaves, depending on whether the device is a router or a switch.
- IP Context The IP Context column, hidden by default, displays a device's IP address with the context appended to the end of the address following a colon.
- Trap Status Indicates whether a trap receiver is configured, not configured, or not supported for the device.
- Syslog Status Indicates whether the device is configured to send information to the syslog or if it is not supported for the device.
- Display Name The IP address of the device. This column is hidden by default.
- Device Type The type of device.
- Family The device product family.
- Firmware The revision for the firmware running in the device.
- Connector Displays the connector version running on the ZTP+ device.

- Updates The firmware release status for the device according to the results from the latest Check for Firmware Updates operation. Place your cursor on the column to see a tooltip describing the status.
  - Firmware Up To Date The device is running the latest release of firmware.
  - New Firmware Release Available There is a new release of firmware available for this device. Select the Menu icon (≡) or right-click the icon and select More Actions > View Available Firmware Releases to open a window listing the current firmware releases available with links to download the firmware.
  - Device does not support Firmware Updates feature This device does not support the Check for Firmware Updates feature.
- Policy Domain The policy domain assigned to the device.
- **BootPROM** The revision for the BootPROM installed on the device.
- Base MAC The base MAC address for the device.
- Serial Number The serial number for the device.
- Stats Displays whether statistics collection is enabled or disabled on the device. A black check mark indicates that historical collection is enabled, a blue check mark indicates that monitor collection is enabled.
- Location The physical location of the device. You can set the location for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set Selected Location from the menu.
- **Contact** The name of the responsible contact person. You can set the contact for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set Selected Contact from the menu.
- System Name An administratively-assigned hostname for the device taken from the *sysName* MIB object. You can set the system name for a device by selecting the device in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Set System Name from the menu
- Uptime The amount of time, in a days hh:mm:ss format, that the device has been running since the last start-up.
- Nickname The user-defined nickname for the selected device. This is the name for this device that appears in the device tree in the left panel when the Nickname option is selected in the Name Format drop-down list in the Management Center tab options. You can set the nickname for a device by selecting the device in the table, right-clicking in the Nickname column, and selecting Device > Set Nickname from the menu.

- **Description** A description of the device.
- User Data 1-4, Notes These columns can provide additional information about the device. You can set the user data and notes for one or more devices by selecting the devices in the table, right-clicking, and selecting Device > Set Selected User Data/Notes from the menu.
- Asset Tag An asset tag is a unique asset number assigned to a device for inventory tracking purposes. This value is configured on the **Device Annotation** tab of the **Configure Device** window.
- Network OS The Network Operating System installed on the device. This allows Extreme Management Center to display the appropriate scripts and workflows on a device's Tasks submenu when the device's Network OS matches one of the Network Operating Systems defined for the script or workflow.

# Buttons, Search Field, and Paging Toolbar

# 7.

Use the <u>Filter function</u> to view, modify, apply, or remove filters you add to a table column. You can filter multiple columns in a table. The filtered data is specific to the type of data presented in the column.

# Search 🔍

The <u>search tool</u> enables you to search for full or partial matches on fields in the table.

Paging Toolbar << < | Page | 1 of 2 | > >>

The <u>paging toolbar</u> provides four buttons that let you easily page through the table: first, previous, next, and last page.

# Refresh 😂

Use the <u>refresh button</u> to update the data in the table.

#### Reset 🔜 Reset

The <u>reset button</u> clears the search field and search results, clears all filters, and refreshes the table.

#### 🛃 Bookmark

Use the <u>bookmark button</u> to save the search, sort, and filtering options you have currently set.

# **Local Settings**

Selecting the Settings link in the top right of the **Network** tab opens the Local Settings window, shown below, from which you can select how the Device navigation tree displays the name of your devices using the Device Tree Name Format drop-down list.

Local Settings	×
Name 1	Value
Device Tree Name Format	No local setting 🔹
	Nickname
	IP
Clear Browser Settings	System Name
	No local setting

- Nickname Displays device names in the Device navigation tree using the Nickname entered when you added the device.
- IP Displays device names in the Device navigation tree using the IP address of the device.
- System Name Displays device names in the Device navigation tree using the system name of the device.

Additionally, selecting the **Clear Browser Settings** button changes the Extreme Management Center settings back to the system default.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Network Tab
- <u>Sites</u>
- How to Upgrade Firmware
- Create and Edit Maps

- <u>Tasks</u>
- <u>Compare Device Configurations in Extreme Management Center</u>

# **Devices Navigation**

# Filter by Criteria

The Extreme Management Center **Network** > **Devices** tab contains a left-panel drop-down list that allows you to filter for devices by specific criteria, view all devices on your network, or select maps or sites.

Sites 💌
by Contact
by Device Type
by IP
by Location
Extended Bridges
Sites
User Device Groups
Wireless Controllers

Selecting an item in the drop-down list filters the left-panel to display the devices, maps, or sites that apply to your selection.

# by Contact

Select **by Contact** to organize devices based on the Contact you configure on the **Configure Device** window.

#### by Device Type

Select **by Device Type** to organize devices based on the type of device (for example, Summit Series).

# by IP

Select **by IP** to organize devices based on the IP address of your devices (for example, all of the devices whose IP addresses begin with 10.20.30.x).

# by Location

Select **by Location** to organize devices based on the Location you configure on the **Configure Device** window.

# **Extended Bridges**

Select **Extended Bridges** to display all of the devices which control port extenders. Devices are organized by device type. Expand a controlling bridge to view the port extenders connected to that device.

## Sites

Select **Sites** to display all of your sites in the left-panel in a Sites Tree View. A site is a group of devices that share a configuration. When a device is added to a site, Extreme Management Center configures the device to match the configuration of the site. Sites can also contain maps, which display devices based on their geographical or topological location. Devices that share connections or are located in a particular location display in the same map.

## **User Device Groups**

Select User Device Groups to organize devices into device groups you create.

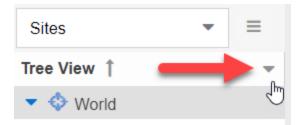
# **Wireless Controllers**

Select **Wireless Controllers** to filter the left-panel to display wireless controllers in your network.

Once you select an item in the drop-down list, the Tree View refreshes to display the list by that criteria.

# Sort Tree View

Sort the items displayed in the Tree View by clicking the Tree View title above the list or clicking the **Drop-down** icon that appears when you hover your cursor over the right side of the Tree View title. An up arrow beside the Tree View title indicates the Tree View information is sorted in descending order (as displayed in the image below), while a down arrow beside the Tree View title indicates the Tree View information is sorted in ascending order.



Sorting in ascending or descending order results in the following:

- Sort Ascending (↓) Orders the information in the Tree View in the following order:
  - z-a (lower case)
  - Z-A (upper case)
  - 9-0 (numerical)
- Sort Descending (1) Orders the information in the Tree View in the following order:
  - 0-9 (numerical)
  - A-Z (upper case)
  - a-z (lower case)

**NOTES:** The World site, Topology Definitions section, and Service Definitions section do not change order when sorting.

After adding or renaming a item, it may not move to the correct position in the Tree View. Refresh the window to update the items displayed.

Select a device, device group, map, or site in the left-panel and use the rightpanel to perform a variety of device operations.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Devices</u>
- <u>Site</u>
- <u>Maps</u>

- How to Create and Edit Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# **DeviceView**

DeviceView is an Extreme Management Center component that provides a wide range of analysis and troubleshooting information for your network wired and wireless devices, including a device summary, FlexViews, and Extreme Management Center reports.

The primary launch point for DeviceView is from the **Network** tab. DeviceView can also be launched from other locations in Extreme Management Center and Console.

This Help topic provides the following DeviceView information:

- Requirements
  - <u>Access Requirements</u>
  - Data Collection Requirements
- DeviceView Reports
  - Left-Panel Device Summary
- Launching DeviceView

# Requirements

# Access Requirements

Access to DeviceView reports is determined by the user's membership in an Extreme Management Center authorization group and the group's assigned capabilities. The following list shows the capabilities required for full access to all the DeviceView reports.

- NetSight OneView > Access OneView
- NetSight OneView > Access OneView Reports
- NetSight OneView > Events and Alarms > OneView Event Log Access
- NetSight OneView > FlexView > OneView FlexView Read Access

# Data Collection Requirements

DeviceView reports require that historical data collection is enabled for the device. For information on configuring data collection, see Collect Device Statistics in the Devices section of the Extreme Management Center User Guide.

# **DeviceView Reports**

The DeviceView is comprised of a left-panel device summary, and a selection of tabbed panels that display FlexViews and reports based on the device family.

The following table shows the reports available for EOS devices, ExtremeXOS devices, and wireless controllers. The reports displayed in a DeviceView vary according to the selected device.

EOS Devices*	ExtremeXOS devices**	Wireless Controllers
Ports***	Ports***	Ports***
User Sessions	User Sessions	User Sessions
Switch Resources	Device and Module Information	Controller History
Power and Fan Status	Power and Fan Status	Active Access Points
Storage Utilization	Process Utilization	WLAN Services
CPU and Process Utilization	Port Utilization	Active Clients
IP Traffic Summary	VLAN****	Alarms
Alarms	MLAG	Events
Events	VPLS	Device Logs
Device Logs	Alarms	Archives
Archives	Events	
	Device Logs	
	Archives	

\*Includes N-Series, S-Series, and K-Series devices.

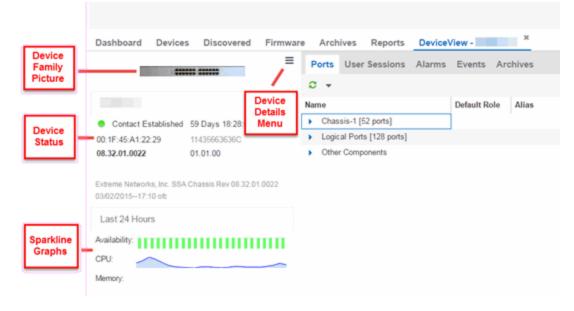
\*\*Includes BlackDiamond, E4G, and Summit Series devices.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Right-clicking ports and selecting Add to Device Group opens the Add to Device Group window, which allows you to select a device group to which to add the selected ports.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Only VLANs to which ports are assigned are displayed in this report. Additionally, VLAN reports for ExtremeXOS devices may display duplicate VLANs as VLANs are assigned by slot.

# Left-Panel Device Summary

The left-panel device summary view (shown below) is displayed in each DeviceView report.



Each device summary view includes:

- Device Family Picture A generic device family picture for the device.
- Device Status Indicates the alarm/device status for the device. The icon color indicates the severity of the most severe alarm on the device. A red icon indicates a critical alarm or the device is down. A green icon indicates that there are no alarms and the device is up.
- Sparkline Graphs Provides network trends in dense, succinct charts that present report data in an easy to read, condensed format. You must have Historical Statistic Collection enabled in order to see the Sparkline graphs and other report data. If Historical Statistic Collection is not enabled, you will see a line that says, "Historical Statistic Collection Disabled." For information on configuring data collection, see Collect Device Statistics in the Devices section of the Extreme Management Center User Guide.
- Firmware Updates Available If there are new firmware releases available for the device (based on the results from the latest Check for Firmware Updates operation), the Firmware Update icon 🗔 displays. Right-click on the icon to open a window listing the current available firmware releases with links to download the firmware.

• Device Details Menu — Click the Menu icon (≡) in the upper right corner to access additional device reports.

# Launching DeviceView

DeviceView can be launched from a variety of locations in Extreme Management Center.

# Network Tab

The primary launch point for DeviceView is from the **Network** tab.

- 1. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Hover your mouse over the first column and click on the DeviceView icon 💌.
- 3. The DeviceView opens as a separate tab.

**NOTE:** You can also launch a DeviceView from any Device Details menu throughout Extreme Management Center.

# Control Tab

Use the following steps to launch DeviceView from the **Control** tab.

- 1. Open the **Control** > **Dashboard** tab.
- 2. Click on the **System** view.
- 3. In the Engine Information report, click on an engine IP address to open a DeviceView for the engine.

# Extreme Management Center Maps

Use the following steps to launch DeviceView from a map.

- 1. Open Extreme Management Center Maps and click on a map.
- 2. In the map, right-click on a device icon and select DeviceView.

#### Search

Use the following steps to launch DeviceView from the **Search** tab.

- 1. Open Search and search for a device.
- 2. In the Overview, right-click on the device icon and select DeviceView.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Network Tab

# Add Device

Use this window to add a device to the Extreme Management Center database. From this window you can enter the device IP address, the device profile, and the device nickname.

This window is accessible by clicking the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) and selecting **Device** > **Add Device** from the menu or by right-clicking an existing device and selecting **Device** > **Add Device** on the **Network** > **Devices** tab.

Add Device		? X
IP Address:	10.20.30.40	
Profile:	public_v1_Profile	-
Nickname:	Lab1	
Poll Status	Only	
	OK Apply	Close

# **IP Address**

The IP address of the device.

#### Profile

The access Profile used for the device. To create or edit a profile, open the Administration > Profiles tab.

# Nickname

The name by which the device is known.

# **Poll Status Only**

Select **Status Only** for devices for which you only need to monitor their status. The default polling interval for **Status Only** devices occurs every 12 hours and is configured in the **Status Only Poll Interval** field on the Administration > Options > <u>Status Polling tab</u>. **Status Only** devices do not support collection of statistics, FlexViews, Network Status Monitor, map links, or enforcement via Extreme

Management Center. You can add a maximum of 10,000 **Status Only** devices in Extreme Management Center, which do not count against your licensed device limit. The **Profile** determines the method by which the device is polled (SNMP or Ping).

# ΟΚ

Click **OK** to add the device to Extreme Management Center and close the **Add Device** window.

## Apply

Click **Apply** to add the device to Extreme Management Center and keep the **Add Device** window open to add additional devices.

## Close

Click **Close** to close the **Add Device** window.

# **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

• Discovered

# **Configure Device**

Use this window to configure information for an existing device. From this window you can edit basic information about the device, the device annotation, configure actions for the device, add or remove ports for the device, and configure VLANs for the device.

To access this window:

- 1. Open the **Network** > **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select the **Devices** sub-tab.
- 3. Click the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click on a device.
- 4. Select **Device > Configure Device**.

This window is also accessible by clicking the **Configure Device** button on the **Discovered** and **Site** tabs.

Device ID	System Na	ame	Device Nicknan	ne	Device Type	Poll Type	Site	Firmware	Serial Number
	Ws1.x480-	24x.usncm	Ws1.x480-24x.u	sncm	X480-24x	SNMP	/World	16.2.4.5	1334N-43748
Device	Device A	nnotation	Ports Vend	or Pro	ofile				
System Na	me:	Ws1.x480	-24x.usncm	De	fault Site:		/World		-
Contact:		networkse	rvices@extrem«	Po	Il Group:		Default		-
Location:		2121 RDU	Center Drive S	Po	II Type:		SNMP		-
Administrat	ion Profile:	ETSGloba	N3-NoPri 👻	SN	MP Timeout		5		\$
Replaceme Number:	nt Serial			SN	MP Retries:		3		\$
Remove fro	m Service:			Top	pology Layer:		L2 Acce	155	-

When you first open the window, the **Device** tab opens.

The **Configure Device** window contains the following tabs:

- <u>Device</u>
- Device Annotation
- VRF Definition
- VLAN Definition
- CLIP Addresses
- <u>Topologies</u>
- <u>Services</u>
- <u>LAG</u>
- <u>Ports</u>
- <u>ZTP+ Device Settings</u>
- Flow Sources
- <u>Vendor Profile</u>

Additionally, <u>Buttons</u> at the bottom of the window allow you to perform different actions.

# Device

The **Device** tab displays basic information about the device.

System Name:		Default Site:	/World	*
Contact:		Poll Group:	Default	٣
Location:		Poll Type:	Ping	*
Administration Profile:	•	SNMP Timeout:	5	÷
Replacement Serial Number:	Enter Value	SNMP Retries:	3	÷
Remove from Service:		Topology Layer:	L2 Access	*

# System Name

The system name of the device. This is displayed in the **Network > Devices** tab tree when **Device Tree Name Format** is set to **System Name** in the **Local Settings** window.

# Contact

Allows you to specify contact information for the person maintaining the device. Additionally, enter a backslash "\" between contacts to create a device group in a tiered tree structure. For example, to move the device into a device group called "John's Devices" within a device group called "Quality Assurance Testing", enter **Quality Assurance Testing\John's Devices** in this field.

# Location

The physical location of the device. Additionally, enter a backslash "\" between locations to create a device group in a tiered tree structure. For example, to move the device into a device group called "London" within a device group called "Europe", enter Europe\London in this field.

# **Administration Profile**

Use the drop-down list to select the access profile that gives the Discover tool administrative access to the devices you wish to discover. To create or edit a profile, use the **Profiles** tab.

# **Replacement Serial Number**

Enter the number of the device replacing this device if **Remove from Service** is selected. When entered, Extreme Management Center restores the most recent archive of the device removed from service.

# **Remove from Service**

Select this checkbox if the device is being removed from the network. When **Remove from Service** is selected, the device is not polled and alarms are not triggered for the device.

**NOTE:** A complete list of devices for which **Remove from Service** is selected is available via the Removed from Service Devices report on the <u>Reports tab</u>.

# **Default Site**

Use the drop-down list to select the map to which the device is associated. For additional information, see the Maps Overview topic.

# **Poll Group**

Use the drop-down list to select a Poll Group for the discovered devices. Extreme Management Center provides three distinct poll groups (configured in the Status Polling view of the **Options** tab) that each specify a unique poll frequency. When you save newly discovered devices to the database, they are polled with the poll group specified here. If you save discovered devices that already exist in the database, the poll group specified here overwrites the poll group currently being used in the database.

**NOTE:** Poll Group is not used if you set the Poll Type to **Not Polled**. To use Poll Group, select a Poll Type other than Not Polled.

# Poll Type

Use the drop-down list to select the Poll Type for devices:

- Select Not Polled if you do not want to poll the devices.
- Select **Ping** for the **Poll Type** if the **Profile** for the IP Range is also set to **Ping**.

**NOTE:** On a Windows platform, device operational status cannot be determined for devices with their **Poll Type** set to **Ping** unless you are logged on and running Extreme Management Center as a user with Administrative privileges.

- Select **SNMP** to poll the device using SNMP. The SNMP version (SNMPv1 or SNMPv3) is determined by the <u>Profile</u> specified for the IP Range.
- Select Maintenance if you do not want to poll the devices temporarily. Using this Poll Type allows you to search for devices set to Maintenance to change them back to their regular Poll Type once maintenance on the device is complete.
- Select **ZTP+** for devices managed by ZTP+ and created through the ZTP+ process. When the **Poll Type** is **ZTP+**, Extreme Management Center does not

initiate a poll, instead Extreme Management Center receives a message from the device or Fabric Manager messages to determine the status.

For example, if Extreme Management Center does not receive a message from a device or Fabric Manager for three times the amount of time defined in the <u>Poll Interval</u> for the <u>Poll Group</u> of the device, then the **Status** is **Contact Lost**. When Extreme Management Center receives a message from the device, the **Device Status** is **Contact Established**.

• Status Only indicates a device for which you only need to monitor its status. This Poll Type is only displayed if the device was configured as Status Only when first added to Extreme Management Center.

The default polling interval for **Status Only** devices occurs every 12 hours and is configured in the **Status Only Poll Interval** field on the Administration > Options > <u>Status Polling tab</u>. Status Only devices do not support collection of statistics, FlexViews, Network Status Monitor, or enforcement via Extreme Management Center. You can add a maximum of 10,000 Status Only devices in Extreme Management Center, which do not count against your licensed device limit.

**NOTE:** You cannot change the **Poll Type** of an existing device to **Status Only**. To change the **Poll Type** of a device that currently exists in Extreme Management Center to **Status Only**, delete the device, add the device in Extreme Management Center via the <u>Add Devices window</u>, and select the **Poll Status Only** checkbox.

The options available in the **Poll Type** drop-down list vary depending on the method used to add the device:

- If device is added via ZTP+, Not Polled, Ping, SNMP, Maintenance, and ZTP+ are available as Poll Type options. After changing the Poll Type to an option other than ZTP+, ZTP+ is no longer be available. To select ZTP+, delete the device and add it via the ZTP+ process.
- If device is added using SNMP, **Not Polled**, **Ping**, **SNMP**, and **Maintenance** are available as **Poll Type** options.
- If device is added using **Ping**, **Not Polled**, **Ping**, **SNMP**, and **Maintenance** are available as **Poll Type** options.
- If device is added as **Status Only** (Ping or SNMP), then **Poll Group** and **Poll Type** options are not available.

## **SNMP Timeout**

The amount of time that Extreme Management Center waits before re-trying to contact the device. The value for this setting must be between 1 and 60 seconds.

The value entered in this field overrides the default entered in the SNMP Advanced view in the **Administration > Options** tab.

**NOTE:** When SNMP requests are redirected through the server, all SNMP timeouts are extended by a factor of four (timeout X 4) to allow for the delays incurred by redirecting requests through the server.

#### **SNMP Retries**

The number of attempts Extreme Management Center makes to contact a device after an attempt at contact fails. The value for this setting must be between 0 and 10 tries.

The value entered in this field overrides the default entered in the SNMP Advanced view in the **Administration** > **Options** tab.

#### **Topology Layer**

The layer and networking attributes for the device.

# Device Annotation

The **Device Annotation** tab allows you to add user-defined information about the device.

Nickname:	
Asset Tag:	N/A
User Data 1:	
User Data 2:	
User Data 3:	
User Data 4:	
Note:	

## Nickname

The user-defined nickname for the selected device. The device nickname, which is used only by Extreme Management Center and is not stored on the device, displays when you select Nickname in the **Name Format** section on <u>Administration > Options</u> tab.

# Asset Tag

A unique asset number assigned to a device for inventory tracking purposes.

#### **User Data**

The user-defined information displayed in the devices table in the User Data columns. Additionally, enter a backslash "\" between user data to create a device group in a tiered tree structure. For example, to move the device into a device group called "Dorm 1" within a device group called "Campus", enter Campus\Dorm 1 in this field.

#### Notes

Additional user-defined information displayed in the devices table in the **Notes** column.

# VRF Definition

The VRF Definition tab allows you to configure VRFs on the device. To add a VRF, click the Add button. You can remove a VRF by clicking the Delete button.

🔾 Add	📝 Edit 🤤 Delete	Show Filters					
ource	Device ID † Name	VRF ID	Multicast	Unicast	Direct Route		
ocal	VRF1	1					
		Delead De	uise Cure from t		no Draviour	Com	Cana
		Reload De	vice Sync from S	site 😗 Enio	rce Preview	Save	Cano

#### Source

Indicates the location from which the VRF is inherited. The VRF can be inherited from a site, locally configured on the device itself, or can be excluded.

**NOTE:** Selecting **Exclude** indicates you are excluding an inherited configuration. VRF configurations locally defined on the device and are not cannot be excluded. You can only select **Exclude** for configurations inherited from a Site (or a Service Application).

#### **Device ID**

Displays the IP address or name of the device.

#### Name

Displays the name of the VRF.

#### **VRF ID**

Displays the IP address or name of the device.

#### Multi Cast

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets to a group of hosts on the network.

#### Unicast

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets to a single recipient on the network.

# **Direct Route**

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets directly to another device without going through a third device.

# VLAN Definition

The VLAN Definition tab allows you to configure VLANs on the device.

The VLAN Definition tab also has the following buttons:

- Add Use this button to add a VLAN.
- Add Range Use this button to add VLANs in a group instead of manually adding and editing one entry at a time. For more information, see <u>Fabric Assist</u>.
- Edit Use this button to you to change the configuration of a VLAN.
- Delete Use this button to remove a VLAN.
- Enable Pruning Use this button to prevent VLANs with no egress from being enforced to a device. For more information, see <u>Fabric Assist</u>.

VLAN Definition							-
O Add O Add Range	😥 Edit 🥥 Delete 🐼 Enable I	Pruning 🐾					
Source	Name	VID	WRF ID	Multicest	IGMP Version	IGMP Querier	0
Local	VLAN30	30	Default	NONE	NONE		
Local	VLAN20	20	Default	NONE	NONE		
Local	VLAN10	10	Default	NONE	NONE		
Allorid	Default	1	Default	NONE	NONE		

# Source

Indicates the location from which the VLAN is inherited. The VLAN can be inherited from a site, locally configured on the device itself, or can be excluded.

**NOTE:** Selecting **Exclude** indicates you are excluding an inherited configuration. VLAN configurations locally defined on the device and are not cannot be excluded. You can only select **Exclude** for configurations inherited from a Site (or a Service Application).

# Name

Displays the name of the VLAN.

# VID

Indicates the VLAN ID for the VLAN. A unique number between 1 and 4094 that identifies a particular VLAN. VID 1 is reserved for the Default VLAN.

#### **Dynamic Egress**

Indicates if the associated dynamic egress setting for the VLAN (**Enable** or **Disable**) is written to the device(s) when you enforce.

## **Protocol Filter**

Indicates the VLAN uses an X-Pedition Protocol Filter.

#### **IP Address**

Indicates the IP address of the VLAN.

**NOTE:** IP Address provisioning is only supported on VSP-series device types.

### Always Write to Device(s)

Indicates if the VLAN is written to the device whether or not it is being used in a rule or role.

# CLIP Addresses

Use the **CLIP Addresses** tab to add, edit or delete IPv4 and IPv6 CLIP Addresses to your device.

D Add	😝 Ed		Delete						
evice ID			CLIP Interface 1	IP Version	IP Address		Prefix L	ength	
		• x 1 IPV4 • xxx.xxx.xxx		8					

# **Device ID**

The ID address of the device to which the CLIP address is assigned.

Reload Device Sync from Site Senforce Preview Save Cancel

## **CLIP Interface**

The interface ID for the CLIP address.

#### **IP Version**

Select the IP Address version from the drop-down menu: IPV4 or IPV6

## **IP Address**

The device's IP Address.

## **Prefix Length**

Enter the number of digits that comprise the IP Address prefix. Prefix length for IPv4 Addresses is between 8 and 30 digits, and the prefix length for IPv6 addresses is between 8 and 128 digits.

# Topologies

The **Topologies** tab allows you to select and configure Fabric Connect features to devices in your network.

Device Device Ar	motation VRF Definition	N VLAN Definition	CLIP Addresses	Topologies	Services	LAG Po	rts Vendor Pro	ofile
Topology Definition:	<local> •</local>							
Fabric Infrastucti	ure							
System ID:	8420.5686.D484	System Name:	VSP-7254XTQ	N	ick Name:	6.D4.84		
Manual Area:		SPBM Instance:	1					
Primary BVLAN:	4051	Secondary BVLAN:	4052					
ISIS IP Source Address(V4):	0.0.0.0 -	ISIS IP Source Address(V6):	00000000	*				
Fabric Features								
Febric Attach:	Multicast:	0						
IP Shortcuts:	IPv6 Shortouts:							
			Reload Device	Sync from S	ite 🚯 Er	nforce Preview	Save	Cancel

# **Topology Definition**

Select the Topology Definition that applies to the device. The Topology Definitions available in the drop-down list are configured in the **Topology Definition** tab.

- None No Fabric Connect configuration on the device. If you select None for a device that is configured for Fabric Connect, that configuration is removed.
- Local The Fabric Connect configuration is configured locally and not by Extreme Management Center.
- **Disabled** The Fabric Connect configuration is applied to the device, but ISIS is disabled, which allows the user to take a device out of service without removing all its configuration.

• Service Definition - The Service Definition that has been applied to the site to which the device is assigned.

#### System ID

The system-defined fabric service identifier assigned to the device. The default is the MAC address for the device.

#### **Manual Area**

The IS-IS Manual Area in xx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx format (1-13 bytes). This information is configured on the <u>Sites > Topology Definition tab</u>.

#### **Primary BVLAN**

The Primary Backbone VLAN. This information is configured on the <u>Sites ></u> Topology Definition tab.

#### ISIS IP Source Address (V4)

The IPv4 address the device uses to transmit ISIS traffic to other fabric devices. The address must be unique within the fabric.

#### System Name

The system name of the device.

#### **SPBM Instance**

The system-defined identifier for the Fabric Connect configuration on the device. The default value is 1.

#### Secondary BVLAN

The Secondary Backbone VLAN. This information is configured on the <u>Sites ></u> <u>Topology Definition tab</u>.

#### **ISIS IP Source Address (V6)**

The IPv6 address the device uses to transmit ISIS traffic to other fabric devices. The address must be unique within the fabric.

#### **Nick Name**

A system-defined value that other fabric devices use to identify the device. The nick name must be unique within the fabric.

#### **Fabric Attach**

Click the checkbox if Fabric Attach functionality is supported.

#### **IP Shortcuts**

Click the checkbox to enable IPv4 Shortcuts for the device.

#### Multicast

Click the checkbox to enable Multicast for the device.

#### **IPv6 Shortcuts**

Click the checkbox to enable IPv6 Shortcuts for the device.

# Services

The **Services** tab displays the services created within service applications and configured on the device. Use this tab to add new services to the device. Services may be inherited from a <u>service definition</u> or may be configured locally on the device.

L2 VSN									
🛛 AM 😳 EA 🕒	Delvis 🖓								
Source	Device ID 1	Origin	Name	Service ID	UNI Type		VLAN	CVID	Ports / LAGs
SvcDef1/SvcApp1.1		CONFIG	L2V5N111	171	CVLAN		VLAN113(311)	<na></na>	< NA >
SvcDef1/SvcApp1.2		CONFIG	L2V5N120	120	CVLAN		VLAN120(120)	< NA >	< 8,8, >
Sv:Def1/Sv:sApp1.1		CONFIG	L2V5N110	110	CVLAN		VLAN110(110)	< NA >	< 35,0,>
SvcDef1/SvcApp1.2		CONFIG	L2V5N121	121	CVLAN		VLAN121(121)	<na></na>	< 84.>
LI VIN									
< < Pape 1 e	(1)> > ( <b>0</b> ) 🖪	Resat							Displaying 1 - 4 of
O AM D CR O	Dalata 🖓								
lource	Device ID 1	Name		Service ID	VIF				
IvcDel1/SircApp1.1		L2v5v1111		1111	VRF111(111)				
IvsDef1/SixsApp1.1		L3V5N1101		1101	V9F110(110)				
SvcDef1/SvcApp1.2		L3V5N1211		1211	VRF121(121)				
lvcDef1/SvsApp1.2		L2V5N1291		1201	VRF120(120)				
NcDef1/SixoApp1.1		L3V5N1121		1121	VRF112(112)				
C C Page 1 c	(1)> > 0 15	Reset							Displaying 1 - 5 of 1
						Reload Device	Sync from Site	C Enforce Preview	

# L2 VSN

#### Source

Indicates the service definition and service application from which the service is inherited.

#### **Device ID**

Indicates the IP address of the device on which the service is used.

#### Origin

Indicates how the service is created.

#### Name

The name of the Layer 2 service.

#### **Service ID**

The ID number of the fabric service.

#### VLAN

The VLAN assigned to the fabric service.

#### L3 VSN

#### Source

Indicates the service definition from which the service is inherited.

#### Name

The name of the Layer 3 service.

#### **Service ID**

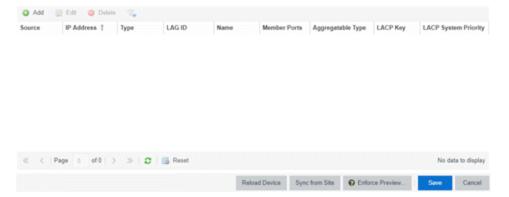
The ID number assigned to the service.

#### VRF

Select the virtual routing and forwarding definition included as part of the service.

# LAG

Use the **LAG** tab to configure LAGs and MLAGs (also known as MLTs and SMLTs, respectively). A LAG combines multiple network connections to increase the throughput beyond that of a single connection. An MLAG allows a device to send network traffic to two switches to improve network diversity, while only managing a single logical interface.



#### Source

Indicates the location from which the LAG is inherited. The LAG can be inherited from a site, locally configured on the device itself, or can be excluded.

**NOTE:** Selecting **Exclude** indicates you are excluding an inherited configuration. LAG configurations locally defined on the device and are not cannot be excluded. You can only select **Exclude** for configurations inherited from a Site (or a Service Application).

#### **IP Address**

Displays the IP address of the LAG.

#### Туре

Displays the type of LAG, either LAG or MLAG.

#### LAG ID

Displays a system-defined ID number for the LAG.

#### Name

Displays a user-defined name for the LAG.

#### **Member Ports**

Displays the ports that are included in the LAG.

#### Aggregatable Type

Indicates whether the LAG is static or dynamic:

- Static the LAG is static.
- LACP the LAG is dynamic via LACP.

## LACP Key

Displays the LACP key, which the LAG uses to ensure it only pairs with properly configured endpoints.

#### LACP System Priority

Displays the LACP priority, which Extreme Management Center uses to determine the probability network traffic uses the LAG. Valid values are between 1 and 65,535. The lower the value entered, the higher Extreme Management Center prioritizes the LAG.

# Ports

The **Ports** tab allows you to edit information about the ports on a device.

🏓 Edit	्रू नि							
Device 1D	Port 1	Admin	Port Allas / LAG Name	Collection	Port Template	VLAN Trunk	LAG Details	Default Role
	efc1 (Slot: 1 Port: 1)	*		*	interswitch			
	Ifc10 (Slot: 1 Port: 10)				Access			
	🗮 dc11 (Slot: 1 Port: 11)	*			Access			
	🗮 :fc12 (Slot: 1 Port: 12)			*	Access			
	🗮 dc13 (Slot: 1 Port: 13)	*			Access			
	🗮 :8(14 (Slot) 1 Pert 14)			*	Access			
	Here 15 (Slot: 1 Port: 15)			*	Access			
	🗮 stc16 (Slot: 1 Port: 16)			1	Access			
	🛡 d(c17 (Slot: 1 Port: 17)				Access			
	🖬 of et D. 17 Levie A. Canada A.Co.				A			

#### Name

Enter the name of the port, constructed of the name or IP address of the device and either the port index number or the port interface name.

#### Alias

Shows the alias (ifAlias) for the interface, if one is assigned.

#### **Auto Negotiation**

Displays whether auto negotiation is enabled or disabled on the port. If Auto Negotiation is enabled, multi-speed selections are enabled.

#### Speed

Displays the current speed of the selected port. Use the drop-down list to select the speed if auto negotiation is enabled on the port.

#### Duplex

Displays the current duplex mode for the selected port. Use the drop-down list to select the mode if auto negotiation is enabled on the port.

#### **Port Template**

Use the drop-down list to select a Port Template you define on the **Site** tab. Adding a device to a site allows you to select from the Port Templates defined for that site:

- <Use Local Settings> <u>Select this option</u> if you do not want the port to inherit any settings from any defined Port Template.
- Access Select this option if the port connects to user end-systems.
- Interswitch You can also manually select this option if the port is used to connect to other switches. This option is selected by default if the port detects neighboring switches are configurable.
- Management Select this option if the port is used to manage network traffic with Extreme Management Center.

- AP Select this option if the port is used to connect with a networking device that allows a Wi-Fi device to connect to a wired network.
- Phone Select this option if the port is used to connect to a telephone.
- Router Select this option if the port is used to connect to a router.
- Printer Select this option if the port is used to connect to a printer.
- Security Select this option if the port is used to connect to a device or devices that have been configured with security or advanced security settings.
- **IoT** Select this option if the port is used to connect to an additional wireless"smart" device.
- Other Select this option if the port is used to connect to any other device.

#### PVID

Select the port's VLAN ID.

#### LAG

Select to indicate whether the port is part of an active link aggregation group (LAG).

#### LAG Details

Additional details about the LAG to which the port is assigned.

#### Authentication

Use the drop-down list to determine whether authentication is required to access the port:

- None No authentication is required to access the port.
- 802.1X Select this option to require 802.1X authentication to access the port.
- MAC Auth Select this option to require authentication based on the users MAC address.

#### VLAN Trunk

Automatically configures a port as a VLAN trunk when you check one box in the VLAN Trunk column. For more information, see <u>Fabric Assist</u>.

#### Tagged

Indicates the port's egress state is tagged. If you check the VLAN Trunk column, Fabric Assist automatically configures all the VLANs on the port as tagged. For more information, see <u>Fabric Assist</u>.

#### Fabric Enable

Indicates the fabric functionality is enabled on the port.

#### Fabric Auth Type

Indicates the fabric authentication type used on the port.

#### Fabric Auth Type

Indicates the fabric authentication key used for the port.

#### Fabric Connect Drop STP-BPDU

Indicates the fabric-enabled port drops Spanning Tree Protocol BPDUs.

#### Policy

The policy assigned to the selected port.

#### Tagged

Select to indicate the port's egress state is tagged.

#### Untagged

Select to indicate the port's egress state is untagged.

#### **Node Alias**

Select to enable the node alias function on the port. The node alias settings are automatically enabled if Access Control is enabled on the device.

#### Span Guard

Select to enable Span Guard, which allows Extreme Management Center to shut down a network port if it receives a BPDU (bridge protocol data unit). Enable this feature on network edge ports to prevent rogue STA-aware devices from disrupting the existing Spanning Tree.

#### **Loop Protect**

Select to prevent loop formation in a network with redundant paths by requiring ports to receive type 2 BPDUs (RSTP/MSTP) on point to point interswitch links.

- If the ports receive the BPDUs, the link's State becomes Forwarding.
- If a BPDU timeout occurs on the ports, its state becomes listening until a BPDU is received.

#### **MVRP**

Indicates that the Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol (MVRP) has been enabled for the port. If MVRP has been enabled globally, interswitch ports are automatically enabled and access ports default to disabled. Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast MVRP (Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

# **VPEX Type**

Indicates how this port is used to connect a port extender to a controlling bridge:

- **Cascade** Connects a port extender to a controlling bridge. Traffic leaving this port goes to a port extender.
- Uplink Connects a port extender to a controlling bridge. Traffic leaving this port goes to the controlling bridge.
- None The port is not included in connecting the extended bridge components.

**NOTE:** If the VPEX Type is Cascade or Uplink, you are unable to configure PVID, Tagged, and Untagged.

#### Update

Click Update to save any changes made to the device configuration.

# Cancel

Click Cancel to close the window and discard any changes.

# ZTP+ Device Settings

The **ZTP+ Device Settings** tab contains basic information about the device being discovered.

Line Discourse of		_		0410.0				Contract Law 1				
Use Discovered	P;	0		DNS Serv	er:			System Location	n:			
Subnet Address:				DNS Serv	er 2:			Admin Profile:		public_v2	Profile	*
Gateway Addres	5.			DNS Serv	er 3:			Poll Group:		Default		*
Management Inte	rface:	Default	٣	NTP Serv	er:			Poll Type:		SNMP		*
Domain Name:				NTP Serv	er 2:			Starting IP Addr	055.			
								Ending IP Addre	155.			
figuration/Upgra	de											
Configuration Updates:	Alway	, <b>.</b>		ware ades:	Always	*						
	Alway		Upgr		Always 1969/12/31	•						
Updates:		12/31	Upgr	ades:								
Updates: Update Date:	1969/1	1201 📋	Upgr Upgr Upgr	ades: ado Dalo: ado Timo; ado UTC	1959/12/31							
Updates: Update Date: Update Time: Update UTC	1969/1	1201 📋	Upgr Upgr Upgr Upgr	ades: ado Dalo: ado Timo; ado UTC	1969/12/31 12:00 AM							
Updates: Update Date: Update Time: Update UTC Offset	1969/1 12:00	1201 📋	Upgr Upgr Upgr Upgr	ades: ado Dalo: ado Timo; ado UTC	1969/12/31 12:00 AM UTC-05:00	*	€ Enabled	Error	Ŧ			

#### **Serial Number**

Enter the serial number assigned to the device.

#### **Use Discovered**

Use the drop-down list to select if Extreme Management Center assigns the IP address, IP address and Management Interface, or Management Interface to the ZTP+ device when it is discovered:

- IP Extreme Management Center uses the **Discovered IP** assigned when the device was discovered. Select the **Management Interface** (the VLAN interface used to manage the device) manually.
- IP and Management Interface Extreme Management Center uses the Discovered IP and the Management Interface that were assigned when the device was discovered.
- Disabled Configure the IP address and subnet, Gateway Address, Domain Name and DNS Server in the tab (along with any of the optional fields) and then save.

#### **Gateway Address**

Enter the Gateway Address for the ZTP+ devices being discovered.

#### **Management Interface**

Select the interface (a VLAN or **Out-Of-Band** management) the device uses for Management and assigns the device IP to that interface.

#### **Domain Name**

Enter a value in the **Domain Name** field to configure the domain name on the ZTP+ devices being discovered.

#### **DNS Server**

The **DNS Server** field allows you to set the DNS server address on the ZTP+ devices being discovered

#### **NTP Server**

The **NTP Server** field allows you to set the NTP server address on the ZTP+ devices being discovered.

#### **Starting IP Address**

The **Starting IP Address** field allows you to set the starting IP address of the IP address range for the ZTP+ devices being discovered.

#### **Admin Profile**

Use the drop-down list to select the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center administrative access to the ZTP+ devices you wish to discover. Use the Profiles list in the Discover section of the **Site** tab to create or edit a profile. If you discover an existing device using a different profile than the device is already using in the database, saving the device overwrites the profile currently being used in the database.

#### **Poll Group**

Use the drop-down list to select a Poll Group for the discovered ZTP+ devices. Extreme Management Center provides three distinct poll groups (defined in the Status Polling options (**Administration** > **Options**) that each specify a unique poll frequency. When you save newly discovered devices to the database, they are polled with the poll group specified here. If you save discovered devices that already exist in the database, the poll group specified here will overwrite the poll group currently being used in the database.

**NOTE:** If you select **Not Polled**, the **Poll Group** is only used if/when the **Poll Type** is changed to **SNMP** or **Ping**.

#### Poll Type

Use the drop-down list to select the **Poll Type** used to discover devices. Valid options are **SNMP**, **Ping**, and **Not Polled**. When **SNMP** is specified, the SNMP version

(SNMPv1 or SNMPv3) is determined by the **Profile** specified for the IP range. If the **Profile** is set to **Ping Only**, the **Poll Type** must be set to **Ping**. If you discover an existing device using a different poll type than the device is already using in the database, saving the device overwrites the **Poll Type** currently being used in the database.

**NOTE:** On a Windows platform, device operational status cannot be determined for devices with their Poll Type set to Ping unless you are logged on and running Console as a user with Administrative privileges.

#### LACP

Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast LACP (Link Aggregation Control Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

#### LLDP

Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

#### **MSTP**

Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast MSTP (Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

#### **MVRP**

Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast MVRP (Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

#### POE

Select the checkbox to indicate the ZTP+ devices being discovered for the site are electrically powered via the Ethernet cable.

#### VXLAN

Select the checkbox to indicate the ZTP+ devices being discovered for this site use VXLAN to tunnel Layer 2 traffic over a Layer 3 network.

**NOTE:** ZTP+ does not currently provision a Layer 3 network with which VXLAN operates. If your ZTP+ devices use VXLAN, the Layer 3 underlay network must be manually provisioned.

# Flow Sources

The **Flow Sources** tab allows you to configure devices to act as flow sources for an ExtremeAnalytics engine.

		emove	2	Edit	⊘ Test			
Name IF	P De	vice Fam	ily	Port	Source Ports	WLANs	Tunnel	Tunnel IP

#### Name

Displays the name of the flow source device.

## IP

Displays the IP address of the flow source device.

#### **Device Family**

Displays the device family of the flow source device.

#### Port

Indicates the mirror port attached to the ExtremeAnalytics engine or used to create the GRE tunnel.

#### **Source Ports**

Displays the ports on which flow collection is enabled.

**NOTE:** Policy mirrors the first 15 packets of each flow received on the **Source Ports** to the ExtremeAnalytics engine.

#### WLANs

Displays the WLANs of which the wireless controller being used as a flow source device is a member.

#### Tunnel

Indicates the device is configured to mirror flows using a GRE tunnel.

**NOTE:** If **Tunnel** is disabled, the ExtremeAnalytics engine must be directly attached to the flow source.

#### Tunnel IP

Displays the management IP address of the flow source device or the IP address of the loop-back interface on the device.

#### Add

Click **Add** to open a window from which you can select a device in Extreme Management Center to add as a flow source.

#### Remove

Select a flow source device in the table and click **Remove** to remove the device as a flow source.

#### Edit

Click **Edit** to open a window from which you can change the configuration of a flow source device.

#### Test

Click Test to verify the GRE tunnel end-points can communicate.

NOTE: Test is only available if Tunnel is enabled.

# Vendor Profile

Use the **Vendor Profile** tab to determine how devices are identified in Extreme Management Center.

Device Device Annotation	Ports Vendor	Profile	
	OID:	1.3.6.1.4.1.1916.2.154	
	Device Type:	X460-24x	
	Image:	Select New Image	
	Vendor:	Extreme	
181111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111	Company:	Extreme	
	Family:	Summit Series 💌	
	Subfamily:	X460 👻	
	Network OS:	ExtremeXOS +	

#### OID

Displays the Object Identifier for the device.

#### **Device Type**

Displays the specific type of device.

#### **NOTE:** When **Device Type** is blank:

- Extreme Management Center cannot identify the device type, so the tab is named **New Vendor Profile** to allow you to optionally provide the device type details.
- If a device's **Vendor** is recognized, but Extreme Management Center does not have a profile for the device's unique **OID**, the **Device Type**, **Family** and **Subfamily** values are empty, but Extreme Management Center supplies the **Vendor** and **Company** values.
- If a **Device Type** is not recognized, and you leave the **Device Type** selection blank and subsequently upgrade to a version of Extreme Management Center with a Vendor Profile that recognizes the device type, Extreme Management Center supplies the properties of the Vendor Profile.
- If a Device Type is not recognized, and you customize the Device Type selection by entering the **Device Type, Image, Vendor, Company, Family, Subfamily**, and **Network OS** information, and subsequently upgrade to a version of Extreme Management Center with a Vendor Profile that recognizes the device type, the properties of the Vendor Profile are not updated and the customized device type data you entered is retained.

To remove all user-defined Vendor Profile configurations and restore the default system configurations provided with the installed version of Extreme Management Center, click the **Restore to Defaults** button on the **Administration** > **Diagnostics** > **System** > **Vendor Profile Cache** tab. Clicking the **Restore to Defaults** button removes your customizations and any unknown device types and replaces them with the provided vendor profile data. If vendor profile mapping data still does not exist, clicking the **Restore to Defaults** button changes your customizations to "Unknown" and retains any unknown device types as "Unknown."

- You can use the drop-down menus to select the information or add it manually.
- You cannot use special characters when creating a new Device Type.

#### Image

Indicates the image used for the device in the DeviceView and Maps. Click the **Select New Image** icon to select a new image for the device type.

#### Vendor

Displays the vendor who sold the device.

#### Company

Displays the company that manufactures the device.

#### Family

Displays the group of devices to which the device belongs, known as the device family in Extreme Management Center.

#### Subfamily

Displays a smaller grouping to which the device belongs, if applicable.

#### **Network OS**

Extreme Management Center's classification of the Network Operating System installed on the device. This allows Extreme Management Center to provide the appropriate scripts and workflows on a device's Tasks submenu when the device's Network OS matches one of the Network Operating Systems defined for the script or workflow.

# Buttons

#### **Reload Device**

Click to read configuration information from the device to populate Extreme Management Center. **Reload Device** reads the configuration (e.g. VLAN Definition, Ports, Port VLANs) from the device and reloads it in Extreme Management Center.

**NOTE:** Clicking Reload Device removes all unsaved (or enforced) changes made in the VLAN Definition and Ports tabs and reloads the configuration from the device to those tabs.

#### **Enforce Preview**

Click to open the **Compare Device Configuration** window, from which you can view and compare your current configuration and the proposed new configuration. This window allows you to verify all of the changes you are making to your devices and then enforce those changes to the device. This button displays after making a change that affects the device.

#### Sync from Site

Click to copy the default configurations from the site to Extreme Management Center's representation of the devices. The **Enforce Preview** button displays, which you can use to decide whether to save the settings to the device.

**NOTE:** Extreme Management Center displays **Unknown** for devices before their Network OS is determined via a script or workflow (for example, onboarding new devices or when Network OS Grouping has not been provided for the device type).

#### Save

Click to save any changes you make to a device in Extreme Management Center.

#### Cancel

Click to discard any unsaved changes and close the window.

## **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

• Edit Policy Mapping Configuration Window

# **Compare Device Configuration**

This window allows you to preview changes you make to a device configuration and then enforce them to the device.

To access this window click **Enforce Preview** in the **Configure Device** window.

Uninneon Vermission Asternas.     P     10 50 74.64 /World Not Co. Not Cont. Not	Compare	Device Con	figuratio	n											1
Device     Definition     Definition     Address     Topologies     Territoria     LAG     Pert     Pert VLAN     Pert Fabric     Action     Program       @     10 50 74 64     Nord     Nord Cont     Nord Cont <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Matc</th> <th>h</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>54</th> <th>atus</th>								Matc	h					54	atus
Exteroe: All     Convoce C VIRF Definitions     VUAN Definitions     VUAN Definitions     VUAN Definitions     VUAN Definitions     CLIP Addresses     Topologies     Services     LAG     Ports     Current      ysContact	Enabled	IP Address	Site	Device				Topologies	Services	LAG	Pert	Port VLAN	Port Fabric	Action	Progres
C Enterce:     A1 <ul> <li>             Z Onroce: 22 VIEF Definitions:</li>             Z VIEF Definitions:             Z CLIP Addresses:             Z CLIP Addresses:             Z Services:             Z Services:             Z VIEF Definitions:             VLAN Definitions:             CLIP Addresses:             Z Current </ul> psName <ul> <li>psContact</li> <li>             Z</li> </ul>	8	10.50.74.64	/World	Not Co	Not Cont	Not Cont	Not Cont	Not Conta	Not Co	Not C	Not C.	Not Conta	Not Conta	Verity Failed	100
C Enterce:     A1 <ul> <li>             Z Onroce: 22 VIEF Definitions:</li>             Z VIEF Definitions:             Z CLIP Addresses:             Z CLIP Addresses:             Z Services:             Z Services:             Z VIEF Definitions:             VLAN Definitions:             CLIP Addresses:             Z Current </ul> psName <ul> <li>psContact</li> <li>             Z</li> </ul>															
Device         VRF Definitions         VLAN Definitions         CLIP Addresses         Topologies         Services         LAG         Ports           Desired         Cerrent         Cerrent<	20101012	0000000000	000000	нинини						0000000					нининини
psName value	Enfo	roe: All		• 5											
Desired Current nName vicontact vicontact	0	UDE DUE			Reitiens	CI ID Adde		nelonies E			leaste				
jskame ✔ jsContact ✔	Device			YDAN D	ennioons	CLIP ADDI			ervices	LNU P	orts				
yoContact 🗸	ablama	Ues.						es.							
yuuu V															
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The top of the window displays a list of the devices you selected to verify. Select a device in the table at the top of the window to display the configuration for that device in the bottom of the window.

Devices on which the current configuration matches the desired configuration display a check icon ( $\bigcirc$ ), while devices on which differences are detected display a red x ( $\bigcirc$ ). The System column indicates the whether the information on

the **Device** tab matches, the VLAN Definition column indicates whether the information on the **VLAN Definitions** tab matches, and the Port Alias and Port VLAN columns indicate whether the information on the **Ports** tab matches.

The Enforce Options section of the window allows you to select the changes you want to make on the device. Select **System** to push changes you make on the **Device** tab to the device, select **VLAN Definition** to push changes you make on the **VLAN Definitions** tab, select **Port Alias** to push changes you make to the top table on the Ports tab, and select **Port VLAN** to push changes you make to the Port VLAN Details table on the **Ports** tab.

**NOTE:** By default, the checkboxes in the Enforce Options section of the window are not selected. To configure Extreme Management Center to select the checkboxes by default, open the NSJBoss.properties file and change **false** to **true** in the following lines:

- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.system=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.vlanDefinition=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.portAlias=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.portVlan=false

In each tab, the configurations are separated into two columns:

- The Desired column shows the configuration you are saving to the device on the next enforce.
- The Current column shows the configuration currently on the device.

A check mark between the columns ( ) indicates the Current configuration matches the Desired configuration.

A left arrow icon ( ) indicates the configurations do not match. Clicking it copies the Current configuration to the Desired configuration so no configuration change is made when enforcing the device.

Click **Enforce** to save your changes to the device.

# Device

The **Device** tab displays any changes to basic information about the device.

#### sysName

The name by which the device is known.

#### sysContact

Allows you to specify contact information for the person maintaining the device.

#### sysLocation

The physical location of the device.

# **VRF** Definitions

The **VRF Definitions** tab displays any changes to the configuration of VRFs on the device.

#### Name

Displays the name of the VRF.

#### Multi Cast

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets to a group of hosts on the network.

#### Unicast

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets to a single recipient on the network.

#### **Direct Route**

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets directly to another device without going through a third device.

#### **Default Gateway**

Enter the IP address of the switch's default gateway. If a device is ZTP+-enabled, the site's ZTP+ Device default gateway displays.

# **VLAN Definitions**

The VLAN Definitions tab displays the changes to the configuration of VLANs on the device.

#### VLAN

Displays the ID of the VLAN.

#### Name

Displays the name of the VLAN.

#### **VRF ID**

Displays the ID number of the VRF associated with the VLAN.

#### **IP Address**

Displays the IP address of the device.

## Mask

Displays the IP/subnet mask.

# Multi Cast

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets to a group of hosts on the network.

#### **IGMP Version**

Indicates which version of <u>IGMP</u> is utilized on the port (Version 1 or Version 2).

# **Direct Route**

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets directly to another device without going through a third device.

# Ports

The **Ports** tab displays any changes to the configuration of ports on the device.

## Port

The name of the port, constructed of the name or IP address of the device and either the port index number or the port interface name.

# Alias

Shows the alias for the port, if one is assigned.

# PVID

The port's VLAN assignment. Possible values are 1 through 4094.

# Tagged

The port is added to the list with the egress state set to Tagged (frames are forwarded as tagged).

# Untagged

The port is added to the list with the egress state set to Untagged (frames are forwarded as untagged).

# **VLAN Definitions**

The VLAN Definitions tab displays any changes to the VLANs defined for the device selected at the top of the window.

# VLAN

A unique numerical identifier of the VLAN.

#### Name

The name of the VLAN.

#### Always Write to Device(s)

Indicates whether or not the VLAN is written to the device(s) when you enforce, or compared to the actual VLANs on the device(s) when you verify.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- VLAN Concepts
- <u>Configure Device</u>
- Site Tab

# How to Change the Configuration of a Device Included Site

Sites allow you to select the default configuration for devices you add to your network via a device discover or using ZTP+ functionality.

In some instances, a device in a site may need to be configured slightly differently than the other devices in the site.

To change the configuration of a device included in a site:

- 1. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Select **Sites** from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Select the site that includes the device for which you are changing the configuration.
- 4. In the right-panel, select the **Devices** tab.
- Right-click the device and select Device > Configure Device. The Configure Device window opens.
- 6. Make the necessary changes and click **Save**.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Sites</u>
- How to Discover Devices in Extreme Management Center
- <u>Devices</u>

# Sites

Use the **Sites tab** to define configuration templates. Extreme Management Center applies these configuration templates to devices you add to a site in your network. You can also use the tab to discover new devices in the site via device discovery or by using ZTP+ functionality.

NOT When adding an ExtremeXOS device in Extreme Management Center, enter the following commands in the device CLI:

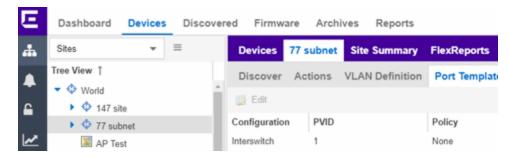
```
configure snmpv3 add community "private" name "private" user
"v1v2c_rw"
configure snmpv3 add community "public" name "public" user
"v1v2c_rw"
enable snmp access
enable snmp access snmp-v1v2c
disable snmp access snmpv3
```

The **Sites tab** is divided into multiple sections, which you can expand to display more information.

**NOTE:** To save your changes and other additional functions for a device included in the site, right-click on the device and select **Configure Device** from the drop-down list. The **Configure Device** window opens. Use the <u>buttons</u> at the bottom of the **Configure Device** window to save, sync settings from the site to the device's configuration, enforce changes to the device, and more.

Access Network > Devices and select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list. The Sites Tree View opens, which includes the sites in your network, as well as Topology Definitions and Service Definitions tabs. Right-click the Topology Definitions tab to create topology or LAG (link aggregation group) topology definitions. Right-click the **Service Definitions** tab to create service definitions. The topology, LAG and service definitions are used to create the templates that build Fabric technology.

Select a site from the left-panel Sites Tree View. A tab in the **Devices** window opens with the name of the site you selected. To create a new site, click the menu icon in the left-panel and select **Maps/Sites** > **Create Site**.



The Site Name tab contains the following tabs:

- <u>Discover</u>
- <u>Actions</u>
- <u>VRF/VLAN</u>
- <u>Topologies</u>
- <u>Services</u>
- LAG Topologies
- Port Templates
- ZTP+ Device Defaults
- Endpoint Locations
- Analytics
- Custom Variables

Additionally, the bottom of the tab contains <u>buttons</u> to save your configurations in Extreme Management Center and on the devices included in the site.

# Discover

The **Discover** tab allows you to enter address information for new devices on your network, which adds them to the Extreme Management Center database in

the current Site. You can perform a CDP (Cabletron Discovery Protocol) discover for CDP-compliant devices, an LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) discover for LLDP-compliant devices, and an EDP (Extreme Discovery Protocol) discover for EDP-compliant devices. Additionally, you can discover new devices based on subnets or IP address ranges. When discovering devices, you can choose to accept or reject devices based on the profile type using the respective checkboxes in the Profiles section.

**NOTES:** Extreme Management Center only allows a subnet search of a 16-bit mask or higher when discovering devices.

Discovering devices via the **Site** tab using a **Range**, **Subnet**, or **Seed** discover may not successfully add all expected devices. To correct the issue, increase the **Length of SNMP Timeout** value on the Administration > Options > Site tab in the Discover First SNMP Request section.

Addresse	ŝ		Profiles			
Add	Oelete		Add	💮 Edit 🤤 Delete		
Enabled	Discover Type	Address	Accept	Name	Reject	
8	Subnet	1.1.1/16		public_v1_Profile	8	٦
			8	public_v2_Profile		
				snmp_v3_profile	$\checkmark$	
				ETS-Wireless-Controller		
				ETSGlobalV3-NoPriv		
				Engineer		
				extreme		
				ETSGlobal-V3DesMd5		
				Corp-XOS-Devices		
				Motorola Wireless		

#### Addresses

Click the **Add** button in the Addresses list to allow you to add devices by seed address, subnet, or address range. Selecting **Seed Address** allows you to perform a discover for CDP, LLDP, SONMP, or EDP-compliant devices.

**NOTE:** The protocols for <u>seed discovery</u> are specified on the **Administration** tab.

Click the **Discover** button at the bottom of the tab to begin the device discover. The results of the Discover process are displayed in the left-panel tree when added to the Extreme Management Center database.

# Profiles

Select the access Profile(s) that give you the access you need (for example, Read, or Read/Write) to the devices you wish to discover by selecting the **Accept** checkbox. Select the Profiles that are not valid on the device being discovered by selecting the **Reject** checkbox. To create a profile, click the Add button or edit a profile by clicking the **Edit** button. If you discover an existing device using a different profile than the device is already using in the database, click **Save** to overwrite the profile currently being used in the database.

# Actions

The Actions tab contains basic information about the device being discovered.

Automatically	Add Devices	Enable Collection		
Add Trap Rec	eiver	Add to Archive		
Add Syslog R		Add to Map		
ustom Configur	ration			
🔾 Add 🧾	Edit 🤤 De	lete		
Enabled Ve	ndor	Family	Topology	•
4				•
blicy				
Add Device t	o Policy Domain			
Add Device t	o Policy Domain		<ul> <li>Import VI ANs</li> </ul>	
-	o Policy Domain		<ul> <li>import VLANs</li> </ul>	
Add Device t	o Policy Domain		▼ Import VLANs	
Add Device to Policy Domain:	o Policy Domain	Engine Group	✓ Import VLANs	
Add Device to Policy Domain: ccess Control	o Access Control	Engine Group	▼ Import VLANs	
Add Device to Policy Domain: ccess Control Add Device to Access Control E	o Access Control	Default	▼ Import VLANs	
Add Device to Policy Domain: ccess Control Add Device to Access Control E	o Access Control	Default	▼ Import VLANs	
Add Device to Policy Domain: Cocess Control Add Device to Access Control E Enable Auther	o Access Control ingine Group: entication Using F	Default	▼ Import VLANs	· · ·
Add Device to Policy Domain: Ceess Control Add Device to Access Control E Enable Author Control Enable Author Control Analy Con	o Access Control Engine Group: entication Using F rtics	Default Port Template	▼ Import VLANs	
Add Device to Policy Domain: Ceess Control Add Device to Access Control E Enable Author Centrol Enable Author Centrol Add Application Add Application	o Access Control ingine Group: entication Using F	Default Port Template	▼ Import VLANs	· · ·
Add Device to Policy Domain: Ceess Control Add Device to Access Control E Enable Author Control Enable Author Control Analy Con	o Access Control Engine Group: entication Using F rtics	Default Port Template	Import VLANs	
Add Device to Policy Domain: Ceess Control Add Device to Access Control E Enable Author Centrol Enable Author Centrol Add Application Add Application	o Access Control Engine Group: entication Using F rtics	Default Port Template	▼ Import VLANs	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

#### **Automatically Add Devices**

Selecting the **Automatically Add Devices** checkbox causes Extreme Management Center to automatically add devices to the database that match the address information you entered in the Discover section of the tab. If a device is discovered with more than one profile, the device is listed on the **Network > Discovered** tab, where you can decide which profile you want to add. When this box is NOT selected and a discover occurs, devices are added to the **Network > Discovered** tab, where they can be configured prior to being added to the database.

# Add Trap Receiver

Select this checkbox to configure devices added to the site to send trap information to Extreme Management Center. You can define the trap configuration details on the **Options** > **Trap** tab. Depending on the device, Extreme Management Center creates the trap configuration via SNMP or a script.

# Add Syslog Receiver

Select this checkbox to configure the devices added to the site to send syslog information to Extreme Management Center. You can define the syslog configuration details on the **Options** > **Syslog** tab. Depending on the device, Extreme Management Center creates the syslog configuration via SNMP or a script.

## **Enable Collection**

Select this checkbox to collect device and physical port statistics on devices being discovered. Extreme Management Center uses the device and physical port statistics in reports.

# Add to Archive

Select this checkbox to create an archive, which saves the configurations of the devices being discovered in the **Network** > **Archives** tab.

# Add to Map

Select this checkbox to add the devices being discovered in the site to a map. To add a device to multiple maps, add it via this drop-down list and then manually add it via the Maps > Add to Map on the Devices tab.

# **Custom Configuration**

Click the **Add** button to configure Extreme Management Center to automatically run a task (a script or workflow) when discovering a device in a particular device family that also matches the **Topology** you select.

**NOTE:** Selecting a **Topology** of **Any** runs the task on all devices in a device family, regardless of the **Topology** configuration.

# Policy

# Add Device to Policy Domain

Select this checkbox to add the device to a policy domain you create on the **Policy** tab. Once the checkbox is selected, use the **Policy Domain** drop-down list to select the policy domain to which the device is added. Extreme Management Center enforces are done automatically once a newly added device is discovered and added.

# ExtremeControl

## Add Device to Access Control Engine Group

Select this checkbox to add the device to an Access Control Engine Group you create on the **Access Control** tab. Once the checkbox is selected, use the Access Control **Engine Group** drop-down list to select the engine group to which the device is added.

- If the device is an Access Control engine, Extreme Management Center adds it as an engine to the engine group.
- If the device is not an engine, Extreme Management Center adds it as a switch to up to two engines in the engine group. Extreme Management Center runs an enforce against the engine group if a switch is added.

# Enable Authentication Using Port Template

Select this checkbox to allow users to authenticate to the device using a port template. Configure Port Templates in the <u>Port Templates section</u> of the tab.

# ExtremeAnalytics

# Add Application Telemetry to Home Engine

Select this checkbox to add application telemetry to the ExtremeAnalytics engine configured as the site's <u>home engine</u>.

# **ERSPAN VLAN**

Enter the Encapsulated Remote Switch Port Analyzer (ERSPAN) VLAN to add to devices added to the site.

#### Sample Rate

Enter the rate of traffic ExtremeAnalytics samples to determine application information.

# VRF/VLAN

The VRF/VLAN tab allows you to configure and manage virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) and VLANs on the devices included in the site. Add a VRF or VLAN definition by clicking Add in the VRF Definition or VLAN Definition table, respectively. Edit an existing VRF or VLAN definition by selecting a VRF/VLAN

and clicking **Edit**, or remove a VRF or VLAN definition by selecting a VRF/VLAN and clicking **Delete**.

**NOTE:** You must have a Fabric Manager license to configure VRFs. If you do not have one, this tab is just called VLAN.

< Discov	ver Actions	VRF/VLAN	Topologies	Services	$_{\rm L}$ >
VRF Defir	nition				-
🗿 Add	📝 Edit 🤤	Delete 💎 S	Show Filters		-
Source	Name	VRF ID			•
VLAN De	finition				-
🗿 Add	📑 Edit 🥥	Delete 💎 🤅	Show Filters		
Source Local	Name Default	<b>V</b> I 1	D VRF ID		
	Discover	Configure Device	s Schedule	er Sav	/e

# VRF Definition

#### Source

Indicates the site from which the VRF definition is inherited. Currently, the VRF definition Source can only be **Local**, indicating the VRF is configured in the current site.

## Name

Displays the name of the VRF definition.

# **VRF ID**

The ID number assigned to the VRF definition.

# VLAN Definition

## Source

Indicates the site from which the VLAN definition is inherited. Currently, the VLAN definition Source can only be **Local**, indicating the VLAN is configured in the current site.

## Name

Displays the name of the VLAN.

# VID

Indicates the VLAN ID for the VLAN. A unique number between 1 and 4094 that identifies a particular VLAN. VID 1 is reserved for the Default VLAN.

# VRF ID

The VRF ID associated with the VLAN definition.

# Topologies

The **Topologies** tab allows you to select the topology definition. Use this tab to apply the fabric topology features you configure to a site.

<	Discover	Actions	VRF/VLAN	Topologies	Services	Port Temple >
	Fabric					
	Topology D	efinition:	< None >	-		
			0	Configure Devices	Sav	ve Cancel

#### **Topology Definition**

Select the Topology Definition that applies to the site. The Topology Definitions available in the drop-down list are configured in the **Topology Definition** tab.

# **Services**

Select to configure the services configured in your virtual services network. Use this tab to select a service definition you create by configuring services on the **Services** tab to add to the site.

The **Services** tab displays all of the services included in a service application or all of the services included in a service definition, depending if you select a service application or a service definition in the left-panel, respectively. The Services tab is included in the **Sites** tab.

Services are created within service applications. You can include multiple services within an application. Service applications are then included within service definitions. You can also include multiple service applications within a service definition. A service definition that includes a complete set of services is then assigned to a site, which configures the fabric-enabled devices within that site.

Devices	World	Site Summary	y Endpoint Loc	ations Fle	exReports	
< Discov	er Acti	ons VRF/VL/	AN Topologies	Services	LAG Topologi	ies Port Templ >
Service Defini	ition:	< None >	*			
Add	뻵 Edit	🤤 Delete				Show Filters
Source	Aş	plication	Name			Service ID
4						,
L3 VSN						-
Add	🧊 Edit	Delete	Show Filters			
Source		Application	Name		Service ID	VRF
			Discover	Configure De	evices Sched	uler Save

Select the Service Definition assigned to the site from the Service Definition drop-down list. Select **NONE** if the services you configure are not assigned to a service definition.

**NOTE:** Once services have been assigned to a site, they cannot be deleted; however, services not assigned to a service definition (where NONE has been selected) can be deleted from a site after they have been assigned to that site.

# L2 VSN

#### Application

The service application to which the Layer 2 service has been assigned.

#### Name

The name of the Layer 2 service.

#### Service ID

The ID number of the fabric service.

# VLAN

The VLAN assigned to the fabric service.

# L3 VSN

## Name

The name of the Layer 3 service.

## Service ID

The ID number assigned to the service.

# VRF

Select the virtual routing and forwarding definition included as part of the service.

## Multi Cast

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets to a group of hosts on the network.

## Unicast

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets to a single recipient on the network.

# **Direct Route**

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets directly to another device without going through a third device.

# LAG Topologies

The LAG Topologies tab allows you to configure link aggregation group topologies you include on devices in the site.

#### Name

Displays the name of the LAG.

# **Topology Type**

Select the type of LAG topology for the site.

# **Topology Definition**

Select the Topology Definition for the LAG in the drop-down list.

# Device 1/Cluster 1

Select the first device or cluster included in the LAG.

# Device 2/Cluster 2

Select the second device or cluster included in the LAG.

# Device 1 VLAN IP Address/Mask

Enter IP address and mask for the first device or cluster included in the LAG.

# Device 2 VLAN IP Address/Mask

Enter IP address and mask for the second device or cluster included in the LAG.

# LACP MAC

Enter the MAC address for the device located between two devices designed to detect when a link is down, if you use link aggregation control protocol (LACP).

# MLAG ID

The ID number of the MLAG configured for the LAG topology.

# L2 ISID

The service instance identifier.

# vIST

Select the Virtual IST (vIST) type. vIST provides the ability to dual-home hosts, servers and other network devices to a pair of Multi-Chassis Link Aggregation (MLAG) enabled devices.

# **Port Templates**

The **Port Templates** tab displays port information for those devices discovered in a site. The port templates you configure in this table are available for the devices included in this site in the **Configure Device** window.

Click the Add ( Add.) button to add a port template to the table.

Select a port template and click the **Edit** ( Edit ) button to make changes to the selected port template.

Select a user-created port template and click the **Delete** ( Delete ) button to delete it from the table. You can not delete system-defined port templates.

Click **Save** to save your additions or changes.

< Services	LAG Topologi	es Port Te	emplates Z	TP+ Device Defa	ults I>
🗿 Add 🛛 📝	Edit 🤤 Delete				
Source	Configuration 1	PVID	Default Role	Authentication	Fabric Ena
Local	AP	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Access	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Gail-PT	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Interswitch	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	IoT	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Management	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Other	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Phone	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Printer	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Router	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Security	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	vSwitch	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
4					Þ
	Discov	er Configu	ure Devices	Scheduler	Save

The following columns are included on the Ports Templates tab:

#### Source

Indicates the site which defines the values used for the Port Template.

- Port templates with a **Source** of **Global** can only be edited in the /World site.
- A Source of Local indicates that the values are coming from the currently selected site. In order to change the value of a Port Template, select the Port Templates tab for the site that shows the Source as Local. When creating a

new site, the values of the new site's Port Templates are inherited from the parent site.

When you create port template after creating a new site, the new port template is also created in the /World site. All port templates in the /World site display a **Local** for **Source**. You can modify the values of the port template in both the /World site and in the site where the port template was created. Sites that are the children of the /World site display the **Source** for the port template values as /World. Sites that are the children of the site in which the port template was created display the **Source** for the port template was created display the **Source** for the port template was created.

When the **Source** is not **Local**, the port template values act like default values for the site. Editing the port template in the site and changing the **Source** to **Local** allows you to edit the port template for the current site and the sites that are children of that site.

#### Configuration

Indicates the purpose of a port. Defines the behavior of ports on devices in a site, based on the role of that port. After you configure your port templates in this table, select the **Configuration** for devices in the site in the **Configure Device** window. The configuration of the port is initially discovered by Extreme Management Center during discovery or during a ZTP+ process, but can be changed to meet the needs of the devices in your site. The following port types are included:

#### Access

Applies access port template settings to the device in the site.

#### Interswitch

Applies interswitch port template settings to the device in the site.

#### Management

Applies management port template settings to the device in the site.

• AP

Applies AP port template settings to the device in the site.

# • Phone

Applies phone port template settings to the device in the site.

#### Router

Applies router port template settings to the device in the site.

## Printer

Applies printer port template settings to the device in the site.

## Security

Applies security port template settings to the device in the site.

## • loT

Applies guest or external device port template settings to the device in the site.

## • vSwitch

Applies virtual switch port template settings to the device in the site.

## • Other

## PVID

The port's VLAN ID.

## **Default Role**

The policy role assigned to the selected port. To assign policy to the selected port, select **Add Device to Policy Domain** and select a **Policy Domain** from the drop-down list in the **Actions** tab. Extreme Management Center assigns policy to the port after a successful policy domain enforce.

## Authentication

Use the drop-down list to determine whether authentication is configured to the port:

- None No authentication is required to access the port.
- 802.1X Select this option to enable 802.1X authentication to the port.
- MAC Auth Select this option to enable authentication based on the users MAC address.

WARNING: Configuring the authentication could affect communication to a device and result in loss of connectivity through the interswitch link ports if not detected or configured properly during the discovery process. If you are configuring the policy and authentication on the interswitch link, it's strongly recommended to ensure neighbor discovery protocols such as LLDP, EDP, and CDP are enabled before enabling the authentication using port templates.

#### **VLAN Trunk**

Automatically configures a port as a VLAN trunk when you check one box in the VLAN Trunk column. For more information, see <u>Fabric Assist</u>.

#### Tagged

Indicates the port's egress state is tagged. If you check the VLAN Trunk column, Fabric Assist automatically configures all the VLANs on the port as tagged. For more information, see <u>Fabric Assist</u>.

#### Fabric Enable

Indicates the fabric functionality is enabled on the port.

## Fabric Auth Type

Indicates the fabric authentication type used on the port.

## Fabric Auth Type

Indicates the fabric authentication key used for the port.

## Fabric Connect Drop STP-BPDU

Indicates the fabric-enabled port drops Spanning Tree Protocol BPDUs.

## Untagged

Indicates the port's egress state is untagged.

## **Node Alias**

Select to enable the node alias function on the port. The node alias settings are automatically enabled if Access Control is enabled on the device.

## Span Guard

Select to enable Span Guard, which allows Extreme Management Center to shut down a network port if it receives a BPDU (bridge protocol data unit). Enable this feature on network edge ports to prevent rogue STA-aware devices from disrupting the existing Spanning Tree.

## **Loop Protect**

Select to prevent loop formation in a network with redundant paths by requiring ports to receive type 2 BPDUs (RSTP/MSTP) on point to point interswitch links.

- If the ports receive the BPDUs, the link's State becomes Forwarding.
- If a BPDU timeout occurs on the ports, its **State** becomes **Listening** until a BPDU is received.

#### **MVRP**

Indicates that the Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol (MVRP) has been enabled for the port. If MVRP has been enabled globally, interswitch ports are automatically enabled and access ports default to disabled. Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast MVRP information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

#### Collection

Indicates port statistics are collected for ports that match the port template on devices included in the site.

# **ZTP+ Device Defaults**

The **ZTP+ Device Defaults** tab contains information about a device with ZTP+ (Zero Touch Provisioning Plus) enabled.

Discover Actions V	/RF/VLA	N Topologi	es Servi	ices Port T	emplates	ZTP+ C	evice Def	aults Er	ndpoint Locatio	ns An	alytics Cu	stom Variabl	les
Basic Management													*
Use Discovered	P:			DNS Serv	er:				System Locati	on:			
Subnet Address:				DNS Serv	er 2:				Admin Profile:		public_v2	Profile ·	,
Gateway Address	E.			DNS Serv	er 3:				Poll Group:		Default	-	•
Management Inte	inface:	Default	*	NTP Serv	er:				Poll Type:		SNMP		•
Domain Name:				NTP Serv	or 2:				Starting IP Ad	fress:			
									Ending IP Add	1055.			
Configuration/Upgrad	ie												
Configuration Updates:	Alway	5		mware grades:	Always		*						
Update Date:	1969/1	2/31	10 Up		1959/12/31								
Updete Time:	12:00		Ψ Up		12:00 AM		Ŧ						
Device Protocols													<b>^</b>
LACP: 🗌 Ena	bled 8	mor +	MSTP	Enabled	Error	٠	POE:	🕑 Enable	od Error	٣			
LLDP: 🗹 Ena	bled E	mor •	MVRP	Enabled	Error	٣	VXLAN:	🗌 Enable	ed Error	v			
									Discover	Configu	re Devices	Scheduler	Save

## Basic Management

#### **Use Discovered**

Use the drop-down list to select if Extreme Management Center assigns the IP address, IP address and Management Interface, or Management Interface to the ZTP+ device when it is discovered:

- IP Extreme Management Center uses the **Discovered IP** assigned when the device was discovered. Select the **Management Interface** (the VLAN interface used to manage the device) manually.
- IP and Management Interface Extreme Management Center uses the Discovered IP and the Management Interface that were assigned when the device was discovered.
- **Disabled** Configure the IP address and subnet, Gateway Address, Domain Name and DNS Server in the tab (along with any of the optional fields) and then save.

#### Subnet Address

Enter the **Subnet Address** for the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

#### **Gateway Address**

Enter the Gateway Address for the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

#### **Management Interface**

Select the interface the ExtremeXOS device uses for Management and assigns the device IP to that interface.

#### **Domain Name**

Enter a value in the **Domain Name** field to configure the domain name on the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

#### **DNS Server**

The **DNS Server** field allows you to set the DNS server address on the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

#### **DNS Server 2**

The **DNS Server 2** field allows you to set the secondary DNS server address on the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

#### **DNS Server 3**

The **DNS Server 3** field allows you to set the tertiary DNS server address on the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

#### **NTP Server**

The **NTP Server** field allows you to set the NTP server address on the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

## NTP Server 2

The **NTP Server 2** field allows you to set the secondary NTP server address on the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

#### **System Location**

A description of the location of the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

## **Admin Profile**

Use the drop-down list to select the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center administrative access to the ZTP+ devices associated with the site. Use the <u>Profiles list</u> in the Discover section of the **Site** tab to create or edit a profile. If you discover an existing device using a different profile than the device is already using in the database, click **Save** to overwrite the device profile currently being used in the database.

## **Poll Group**

Use the drop-down list to select a Poll Group for the discovered ZTP+ devices. Extreme Management Center provides three distinct poll groups (defined in the Status Polling options (**Administration** > **Options**) that each specify a unique poll frequency. When you save newly discovered devices to the database, they are polled with the poll group specified here. If you save discovered devices that already exist in the database, the poll group specified here overwrites the poll group currently being used in the database.

**NOTE:** If you select **Not Polled**, the **Poll Group** is only used if/when the **Poll Type** is changed to **SNMP** or **Ping**.

#### Poll Type

Use the drop-down list to select the Poll Type for devices included in the site:

- Select Not Polled if you do not want to poll the devices.
- Select **Ping** for the **Poll Type** if the **Profile** for the IP Range is also set to **Ping**.

**NOTE:** On a Windows platform, device operational status cannot be determined for devices with their **Poll Type** set to **Ping** unless you are logged on and running Extreme Management Center as a user with Administrative privileges.

- Select Maintenance if you do not want to poll the devices temporarily. Using this **Poll Type** allows you to search for devices set to **Maintenance** to change them back to their regular **Poll Type** once maintenance on the device is complete.
- Select **ZTP+** for devices managed by ZTP+ and created through the ZTP+ process. When the **Poll Type** is **ZTP+**, Extreme Management Center does not initiate a poll, instead Extreme Management Center receives a message from the device or Fabric Manager messages to determine the status.

For example, if Extreme Management Center does not receive a message from a device or Fabric Manager for three times the amount of time defined in the <u>Poll Interval</u> for the <u>Poll Group</u> of the device, then the **Status** is **Contact Lost**. When Extreme Management Center receives a message from the device, the **Device Status** is **Contact Established**.

 Select Status Only for devices for which you only need to monitor their status. The default polling interval for Status Only devices occurs every 12 hours and is configured in the Status Only Poll Interval field on the Administration > Options > Status Polling tab. Status Only devices do not support collection of statistics, FlexViews, Network Status Monitor, or enforcement via Extreme Management Center. You can add a maximum of 10,000 Status Only devices in Extreme Management Center, which do not count against your licensed device limit.

#### **Starting IP Address**

The **Starting IP Address** field allows you to set the starting IP address of the IP address range for the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

#### **Ending IP Address**

The **Ending IP Address** field allows you to set the ending IP address of the IP address range for the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

## Configuration/Upgrade

#### **Configuration Updates**

Select the frequency for which Extreme Management Center checks for configuration updates for your ZTP+ enabled devices associated with the site.

#### **Update Date**

Select the date on which Extreme Management Center updates the configuration for your ZTP+ enabled devices associated with the site when you select **Scheduled** for **Configuration Updates**.

#### **Update Time**

Select the time at which Extreme Management Center updates the configuration for your ZTP+ enabled devices associated with the site when you select **Scheduled** for **Configuration Updates**.

#### Update UTC Offset

Select your time zone based on the number of hours you are offset from the Universal Time Coordinated.

#### **Firmware Upgrades**

Select the frequency for which Extreme Management Center checks for firmware upgrades for your ZTP+ enabled devices associated with the site.

#### **Upgrade** Date

Select the date on which Extreme Management Center upgrades the firmware for your ZTP+ enabled devices associated with the site when you select **Scheduled** for **Firmware Upgrades**.

#### Upgrade Time

Select the time at which Extreme Management Center upgrades the firmware for your ZTP+ enabled devices associated with the site when you select **Scheduled** for **Firmware Upgrades**.

## Upgrade UTC Offset

Select your time zone based on the number of hours you are offset from the Universal Time Coordinated.

## Device Protocols

## LACP

Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast LACP (Link Aggregation Control Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

#### LLDP

Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

#### MSTP

Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast MSTP (Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

#### **MVRP**

Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast MVRP (Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

#### POE

Select the checkbox to indicate the ZTP+ devices being discovered for the site are electrically powered via the Ethernet cable.

#### VXLAN

Select the checkbox to indicate the ZTP+ devices being discovered for this site use VXLAN to tunnel Layer 2 traffic over a Layer 3 network.

**NOTE:** ZTP+ does not currently provision a Layer 3 network with which VXLAN operates. If your ZTP+ devices use VXLAN, the Layer 3 underlay network must be manually provisioned.

# **Endpoint Locations**

Use the **Endpoint Locations** tab to define the geographical location of the site and addresses in it. Once the geographical locations are defined for your devices, flows on the **Application Flows** tab display geographical information depending on the device on which the flow is observed.

Select the **Add Address** button at the top of the table to add an additional address to the table. Select the **Edit** button to modify the site or selected address of the site. The **Move** button allows you to move an address to a different site in the drop-down list. Select the **Remove** button to delete a selected address from the table. These options are also accessible when you right-click an address in the table.

<th>Topologies Se</th> <th>rvices Por</th> <th>rt Templates</th> <th>ZTP+ Devi</th> <th>ce Defaults</th> <th>Endpoint Loca</th> <th>tions</th> <th>Analytics</th>	Topologies Se	rvices Por	rt Templates	ZTP+ Devi	ce Defaults	Endpoint Loca	tions	Analytics
Add Address		Move 🤤	Remove					
	ted States	-	Latitude:	\$	Longitude:	\$		
	Alia	s D	etect Behavio	or Anomaly 1	Description			
✓ /World/Tex	as							
	/24							
	/24							
	/24							

Use the Country, Latitude, and Longitude drop-down lists to configure or change the following information for the site:

#### Country

Select the country in which the site is located.

#### Latitude

Enter the site's latitude location in decimal degrees.

#### Longitude

Enter the site's longitude location in decimal degrees.

The following columns are displayed in the Endpoint Locations table:

#### Tracked

This column displays the name of the site or the IP Address/Mask of the devices on the site. A check mark to the left of the site name indicates it is a Tracked Site. Rightclick any site to either add or remove the site from your <u>Tracked Sites</u> list.

#### Alias

An alternate name for the site, or a specific subnet of the site.

#### **Detect Behavioral Anomaly**

Select the checkbox to enable Extreme Management Center functionality that alerts you in the event unexpected behavior is detected for the site or its specified subnet.

#### Description

A description of the site location.

# Analytics

The **Analytics** tab allows you to configure the default ExtremeAnalytics functionality for the devices in the site.

#### **Analytics Role**

Allows you to indicate the purpose of the devices added to the site: Access, Core, Data Center, DMZ. This field is informational only.

## **Analytics Home Engine**

Displays the ExtremeAnalytics engine located with the devices associated with the site.

# **Custom Variables**

The **Custom Variables** tab allows you to add, edit, or delete variables used in Extreme Management Center.

NOTE: Custom variables are only available with an NMS-ADV license.

Variables you create serve as a placeholder for a specific value. The fields included in the **Scope** section determine where the variable is used in Extreme Management Center, while the fields in the **Variable** section allow you to define a value for the variable. After you create a variable, Extreme Management Center automatically substitutes the **Value** you define in the appropriate feature of Extreme Management Center when the criteria specified in the **Scope** section is met. Variables you create on the **Site** tab can then be used in a configuration template, script or workflow, in a CLI command, or in a third-party application via the <u>Northbound Interface</u>.

**NOTE:** Custom variables you create are not displayed in Extreme Management Center. To view and reference the variables, use the Northbound Interface functionality in the **Diagnostics** tab.

Discover     Actions     VLAN Definition     Port Templates     ZTP+ Device Defaults     Custom Variables       Add     Edit     Delete     Variable     Variable       Scope     Variable     Variable       Category     Site     Type     Name †     Type     Value       Site     Global     Default     test     String     test global	Devices	World Si	te Summary	FlexRep	orts				
Scope     Variable       Category     Site     Type     Name ↑     Type     Value	Discover	Actions	VLAN Defini	tion Por	t Templat	tes ZTP+	Device Defaults	Custom Variables	
Category Site Type Name î Type Value	🔾 Add 🛛	💈 Edit 🛛 🤤	Delete						
		Scope			Variable				
Site Global Default test String test global	Category	Site	Type	Name †	Type	Value			
	Site	Global	Default	test	String	test global			
					_				_
					D	iscover	Configure Devices	Scheduler	Sav

## Scope

#### Category

Displays where the variable is used in Extreme Management Center. Select **Port Template**, **Site**, or **Topology** from the drop-down list, depending on the purpose of the variable.

#### Site

Defines the site in which the variable is used.

- Global indicates Extreme Management Center uses the variable for all sites.
- Selecting **/World** indicates Extreme Management Center uses the variable for all devices added to the /World site. Devices added to a site other than /World do not use the variable.
- Selecting the current site also creates an additional variable with a **Site** of **Global**. This allows you to use the variable in workflows run on devices not included in the current site.

## Туре

Defines the type of Port Template or Topology for which the variable applies. The values in this drop-down list change depending on what **Category** you select.

- Port Template Indicates the <u>Port Configuration</u> for which the variable is used by Extreme Management Center.
- Topology Displays the type of network topology for which the variable is used by Extreme Management Center.

## Variable

#### Name

Displays the name of the variable.

## Туре

Defines the type of information the variable is substituting. Select **Boolean**, **IP**, **MAC Address**, **Number**, **String**, or **Subnet** from the drop-down list.

## Value

Displays the value Extreme Management Center uses when substituting the variable. Enter a value associated with the variable type you define. For example, if the variable type is **Boolean**, choose **True** or **False**; if the attribute type is **IP**, enter the IP Address of the variable).

## Add

Click the button to add a row to the table where you can create a new custom variable.

## Edit

Select a variable in the table and click **Edit** to make changes to a custom variable.

#### Delete

Select a variable in the table and click **Delete** to remove a custom variable from the table.

#### Update

Click the **Update** button when you finish adding a new or editing an existing custom variable.

## Cancel

Click the **Cancel** button to cancel the new variable or the changes you made to an existing variable.

# **Buttons**

## **Edit Devices**

Clicking **Configure Devices** opens the **Configure Device** window for all of the devices added to the site. This allows you to change the configuration of a single device or a subset of devices within the site.

#### Save

Clicking **Save** saves any changes you make to a site. This button displays after making a change to the tab.

## Cancel

Clicking **Cancel** discards any changes you make to a site. This button displays after making a change to the tab.

#### Discover

Clicking **Discover** adds to the site any new devices that match the criteria entered in the Discover section of the window. This button displays after clicking **Create** or **Save**.

#### Scheduler

Clicking Scheduler opens the Add Scheduled Task window, where you can create a new task that automatically adds devices matching the criteria entered in the Discover section of the Site tab to the site. This button displays after clicking Create or Save.

**NOTE:** After you create a scheduled task to discover devices, edit or delete the task on the **Scheduled Tasks** tab.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- How to Discover Devices in Extreme Management Center
- <u>Devices</u>
- <u>Maps</u>
- How to Create and Edit Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# **Site Summary**

The **Site Summary** tab contains a table that lists all of the Sites created on your network.

Access the **Site Summary** tab by opening the **Devices** tab and selecting the **Site Summary** tab in the right-panel.

=							Show Filters   (
Path †	Seed Addresses	Subnets	Address Range(s)	VLAN Definition	ZTP enabled	Policy Domain	Access Control
World	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Default[1]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/147 site	Disabled	100 C	Disabled	Management[4094]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/77 subnet	Disabled		Disabled	green[10],blue[3],	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/Andover/Bosa	Disabled		Disabled	Management[4094]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/DanTest2	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	None	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/EMC Lab	Disabled		Disabled	Management[4094]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/MattTest	Disabled	Disabled		Management[4094]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/New Building	Disabled		Disabled	Management[4094]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/New Building/Lab1		Disabled	Disabled	Management[4094]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/Salem	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Default[1]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/asasdf	Disabled			Management[4094]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/demo	Disabled		Disabled	Management[4094]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/mike test	Disabled		Disabled	Management[4094]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/stevef test	Disabled		Disabled	Management[4094]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/stevef test/testsite	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Management[4094]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
World/test	Disabled		Disabled	Management[4094]	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled

You can edit a site within the table by selecting the site row, clicking the Menu (≡ ) button, and selecting Edit ( ). The <u>Site tab</u> opens for the site you selected,

which allows you to configure devices included in the site.

The following columns are included on the Site Summary tab:

#### Path

The full path of the site.

#### **Seed Addresses**

Any Seed Address Discover Types that are configured for the site.

#### **Subnets**

Any Subnets Discover Types that are configured for the site.

#### Address Range(s)

Any Address Range Discover Types that are configured for the site.

#### **VLAN Definition**

The VLAN Definition for the site.

#### ZTP

Indicates whether ZTP+ (Zero Touch Provisioning Plus) is enabled for the site.

#### **Policy Domain**

Displays the policy domain to which devices added to the site are assigned.

#### **Access Control**

Displays the ExtremeControl's engine group to which devices added to the site are assigned.

#### **Analytics Role**

Displays the purpose of the devices added to the site: Access, Core, Data Center, DMZ.

#### **Analytics Home Engine**

Displays the ExtremeAnalytics engine located with the devices associated with the site.

#### **Enable Behavioral Anomaly Detection**

Indicates whether Extreme Management Center alerts you in the event unexpected applications are accessed on your network.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Devices</u>
- <u>Site</u>
- <u>Maps</u>

# **Compare Device Configurations**

You can compare archived device configurations in Extreme Management Center by using either the **Network > Devices** tab or the Archive Details Report available in the **Network > Reports** tab.

In order to perform the compare configuration operation, you must be a member of an authorization group with the Inventory Manager > Configuration Archive Management > View/Compare Configurations capability.

This Help topic provides the following information:

- <u>Selecting the Files to Compare</u>
- Comparing the Files

# Selecting the Files to Compare

Select the files to compare using either the **Network** tab or the **Reports** tab.

#### From the Network tab:

Use the **Network** tab to compare the last two archived configuration files for a device.

Select a device in the table and use either the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or the right-click menu off the device to select **More Actions** > **Compare Last Configurations**.

#### From the Reports tab:

Use the **Reports** tab to compare two configuration files selected from all archived files for the device.

Select the Device > Device Archives report. Click on the **Archive Details** tab in the right panel and then click on the **Archives by Device** sub-tab.

The tab displays all the Extreme Management Center archives by device IP address. Select two files to compare and click **Compare Configuration**.

# **Comparing the Files**

The Configuration File Compare window displays the files in two panels. Titles over each file show the archive name that contains the configuration file, the date, and the IP address of the device from which you create the configuration file.

Scroll through the two files to view file differences. Typically, the newer file displays in the right panel. You can use the "Swap sides" option to swap the files. In the left panel, strikethrough text highlighted in red represents text that is changed or deleted. In the right panel, blue highlighting represents text that is added.

	guration File Compare		to bell a behavior to		0
	s are displayed in ASCII format. In the left panel, strike Inlighting represents text that was added.	ethrough text h	ignlighted in	red represents text that was changed or deleted. In the right pa	anel,
le nig	inighting represents text that was added.				
00	tions ~			Search:	_
	Testing SCP:03:06:32 PM 08/29/2012:		104	136_1:02:35:15 PM 11/19/2014:	
	Coporogy				
10	internal-vlanid 1		64	ip route 0.0.0.0/0 interface vlan.0	9.2€
11	apply		65	1	1.00
12	end		66	1	
13			67	1	
14	topology		68		
15	"Admin"		69	# cfm modal configuration	
16	apply		70	1	
17	13		71	1	
18	ip		72	1	
19	gateway .		73	1	
20	cert permanent		74	exit	
21	cert default ipv6		75	1	
22	apply		76	# ip dns	
23	exit		77	1	
24	exit		78	# ip interface	
25	end		79	set ip interface vlan.0.20 default	
26			80	1	
27	topology		81	# antispoof	
28	"Bridged at AP untagged"		82	!	
29	sync enable		83	# authentication	
30	name "Bridged at AP untagged"		84	1	
31	sync-timestamp 1269907789		85	# auto-tracking	
32	apoly		86	set auto-tracking accounting enable	
4 📃	A			4	) ÷

Use the toolbar Options menu to control the look of the display window:

- Enable line numbers displays line numbers alongside the text.
- Wrap lines shows all the text in the column and removes the horizontal scroll bars.
- Enable side bars shows where the text differences are in the whole file.
- Swap sides swaps the files contained in the left and right panels.

## **TIP:** Removing line numbers and side bars may speed up the display of larger files.

Use the **Search** field in the toolbar to perform a search in the panel side that is selected by the cursor. Use the forward and back arrows to search for the next or previous instance of the search term.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Network</u>
- <u>Reports</u>

# **Inventory Settings**

Use this window to configure the file transfer method as well as the firmware and MIB download settings for a device.

This window is accessible by selecting a device and clicking the **Menu** icon (≡) and selecting **Archives** > **Inventory Settings** from the menu or by right-clicking a device and selecting **Archives** > **Inventory Settings** on the **Network** > **Devices** tab.

Inventory Settings		×
File Transfer Mode:	SFTP	-
Server for Firmware Downloads:	Mapped Server	~
MIB and Script Override Method		
Firmware Download MIB:	Script	Ŧ
Configuration Download MIB:	Script	•
Device Family Definition Filename	VOSS - SFTP	▼ View
		OK Cancel

#### File Transfer Mode

The file transfer method used by the device.

Valid file transfer methods are:

- TFTP
- FTP
- SCP
- SFTP

#### Server for Firmware Downloads

The server from which devices access new firmware images during upgrades. Selecting the default **Mapped Server** indicates the firmware downloads use the server IP addresses you define in the Inventory Manager options.

## Firmware Download MIB

The Firmware Download MIB supported by this device type. If the device type supports more than one Firmware Download MIB, use the drop-down list to select the desired MIB. In addition to a list of MIBs, other menu options include:

- Controlled by Device Type Extreme Management Center reads the Firmware Download MIB on the first device of this device type that you add or import, and displays it here. Extreme Management Center uses that MIB to perform firmware and boot PROM downloads on all devices of this device type.
- **Disabled** Firmware download functionality is not allowed for this device type.
- Script Allows the firmware download function to be executed through the use of a script. Use this option when <u>upgrading</u> the ExtremeControl and ExtremeAnalytics engines as well as for <u>third-party devices</u> that do not support the required SNMP MIBs.

#### **Configuration Download MIB**

The Configuration Download MIB supported by this device type. If the device type supports more than one Configuration Download MIB, use the drop-down list to select the desired MIB. In addition to a list of MIBs, other menu options include:

- Controlled by Device Type Extreme Management Center reads the Configuration Download MIB on the first device of this device type that you add or import, and displays it here. Extreme Management Center uses that MIB to perform archive operations on all devices of this device type.
- **Disabled** Archive functionality is not allowed for this device type.
- Script Allows the archive function to be executed through the use of a script. Use this option for <u>third-party devices</u> that do not support the required SNMP MIBs.

#### **Device Family Definition Filename**

If Script is selected as Firmware Download MIB or Configuration Download MIB, select the file containing the scripts. Device Family Definition Files include all the scripts and data for each supported function for specific third-party devices. Extreme Management Center provides sample Definition Files for a variety of devices.

## **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

• <u>Devices</u>

# **Pre-Register Device**

Use this window to add multiple ZTP+ enabled devices to Extreme Management Center.

The **Pre-Register Device** window is accessible on the **Network > Discovered** tab by clicking the **Pre-Register Device** button.

## Pre-Register Device Window

Pre-Register Devic	e 🗙
whether to use the dis addresses, and enter for the devices being a	e-register multiple devices. Select the default site, select covered IP or enter the subnet address and/or a range of IP a list of serial numbers (one per line or comma-separated) added, then click "Next". A confirmation screen will appear s to be made before adding the entries.
Default Site:	/World 💌
Use Discovered:	Disabled 💌
Subnet Address:	
Starting IP Address:	
Ending IP Address:	
Serial Numbers:	
	Next » Cancel

#### **Default Site**

The site to which the devices are to be added. If the site has ZTP+ Device Defaults configured, those values are populated in the **Pre-Register Device Window** when you select the site from the Default Site menu.

#### Use Discovered

Use the **Use Discovered** drop-down list to add the IP address or IP address and management interface the device uses when it contacts Extreme Management Center via ZTP+. Then, enter the <u>Serial Number</u> for the Discovered IP address.

#### Subnet Address

If you do not use the **Use Discovered** option, enter the device's IP subnet address (IPv4 or IPv6) in this field. The subnet must be separated from the IP address by a slash (/). Use either the mask bit notation (for example, /24), or the dotted-decimal notation (for example, /255.255.255.0.).

#### **Starting IP Address**

If you do not use the **Use Discovered IP**, you must add a range of at least two IP Addresses. Enter the first IP Address (IPv4 or IPv6) in your range of addresses in this field. The starting IP Address must be within the subnet address you specified. It must not match the ending IP Address.

#### **Ending IP Address**

If you do not use the **Use Discovered IP**, you must add a range of at least two IP Addresses. Enter the last IP Address (IPv4 or IPv6) in your range of addresses in this field. The ending IP Address must be within the subnet address you specified. It must not match the starting IP Address.

#### **Serial Number**

Enter the manufacturer-assigned serial numbers of the devices being added, separated by commas. You can also enter each serial number on its own line.

#### Next

Click the **Next** button to open a confirmation window allowing you to verify the device information entered. Although it is recommended you enter device information in the site's **ZTP+ Device Defaults** window, you can also use this window to enter the Gateway, Domain Name, and DNS Server information for each device you are adding.

#### Cancel

Click the **Cancel** button to close the window with no devices added to the **Discovered** tab.

## Pre-Register Device Confirmation Window

Use this window to confirm device information and supply any additional required information before adding devices to the **Discovered** tab in Extreme

#### Management Center.

Pre-Register De	vice			×
	plays a list of device add the devices.	s being added.	Make any desired	d modifications, then
Edit				
Serial Number	IP Address 1	Site	Name	Gateway
1		/World	World_	
4				,
			Previous	Create Cancel

#### Serial Number

The serial number of the device. It is very important, especially for ZTP+-enabled devices, that the serial number entered here matches the device's serial number.

#### **Use Discovered IP**

Click to use discovered IP Address. You can also edit the discovered IP Address for a specific device.

#### **IP Address**

The device's IP address. The subnet mask is also displayed after the /.

#### Site

The site to which the device is to be added. To change the **Site**, use the Configure Device window.

#### Name

The name assigned to the device. The default **Name** includes the **Site** to which the device is assigned, followed by the device's IP address.

#### Gateway

Enter the IP address of the switch's default gateway. If a device is ZTP+-enabled, the site's ZTP+ Device default gateway displays.

#### **Domain Name**

Enter a value in the **Domain Name** field to configure the domain name on the devices being discovered. If a device is ZTP+-enabled, the site's ZTP+ Device default domain name displays.

#### **DNS Server**

Enter a DNS server address for the devices being discovered. If a device is ZTP+enabled, the site's ZTP+ Device Default DNS Server displays.

#### **NTP Server**

Enter the NTP server address for the devices being discovered, if the devices are using an NTP server.

#### Create

Click the **Create** button to add the devices listed to the **Discovered** tab.

## **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

• Discovered

# **Sites**

Use the **Sites tab** to define configuration templates. Extreme Management Center applies these configuration templates to devices you add to a site in your network. You can also use the tab to discover new devices in the site via device discovery or by using ZTP+ functionality.

**NOT** When adding an ExtremeXOS device in Extreme Management Center, enter the following commands in the device CLI:

```
configure snmpv3 add community "private" name "private" user
"v1v2c_rw"
configure snmpv3 add community "public" name "public" user
"v1v2c_rw"
enable snmp access
enable snmp access snmp-v1v2c
disable snmp access snmpv3
```

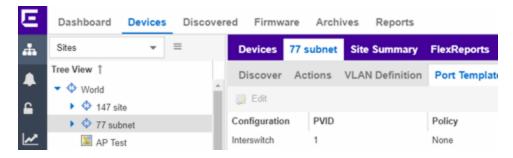
The **Sites tab** is divided into multiple sections, which you can expand to display more information.

**NOTE:** To save your changes and other additional functions for a device included in the site, right-click on the device and select **Configure Device** from the drop-down list. The **Configure Device** window opens. Use the <u>buttons</u> at the bottom of the **Configure Device** window to save, sync settings from the site to the device's configuration, enforce changes to the device, and more.

Access Network > Devices and select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list. The Sites Tree View opens, which includes the sites in your network, as well as Topology Definitions and Service Definitions tabs.

Right-click the Topology Definitions tab to create topology or LAG (link aggregation group) topology definitions. Right-click the **Service Definitions** tab to create service definitions. The topology, LAG and service definitions are used to create the templates that build Fabric technology.

Select a site from the left-panel Sites Tree View. A tab in the **Devices** window opens with the name of the site you selected. To create a new site, click the menu icon in the left-panel and select **Maps/Sites** > **Create Site**.



The Site Name tab contains the following tabs:

- <u>Discover</u>
- <u>Actions</u>
- <u>VRF/VLAN</u>
- <u>Topologies</u>
- <u>Services</u>
- LAG Topologies
- Port Templates
- <u>ZTP+ Device Defaults</u>
- Endpoint Locations
- Analytics
- Custom Variables

Additionally, the bottom of the tab contains <u>buttons</u> to save your configurations in Extreme Management Center and on the devices included in the site.

# Discover

The **Discover** tab allows you to enter address information for new devices on your network, which adds them to the Extreme Management Center database in the current Site. You can perform a CDP (Cabletron Discovery Protocol) discover for CDP-compliant devices, an LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) discover for LLDP-compliant devices, and an EDP (Extreme Discovery Protocol) discover for EDP-compliant devices. Additionally, you can discover new devices based on subnets or IP address ranges. When discovering devices, you can choose to accept or reject devices based on the profile type using the respective checkboxes in the Profiles section.

**NOTES:** Extreme Management Center only allows a subnet search of a 16-bit mask or higher when discovering devices.

Discovering devices via the **Site** tab using a **Range**, **Subnet**, or **Seed** discover may not successfully add all expected devices. To correct the issue, increase the **Length of SNMP Timeout** value on the Administration > Options > Site tab in the Discover First SNMP Request section.

Addresse	ŝ		Profiles			
🔾 Add	Oelete		Add	. 👩 Edit 🤤 Delete		
Enabled	Discover Type	Address	Accept	Name	Reject	
8	Subnet	1.1.1/16		public_v1_Profile	8	^
			V	public_v2_Profile		
				snmp_v3_profile	$\checkmark$	
				ETS-Wireless-Controller		
				ETSGlobalV3-NoPriv		
				Engineer		
				extreme		
				ETSGlobal-V3DesMd5		
				Corp-XOS-Devices		
				Motorola Wireless		

#### Addresses

Click the **Add** button in the Addresses list to allow you to add devices by seed address, subnet, or address range. Selecting **Seed Address** allows you to perform a

discover for CDP, LLDP, SONMP, or EDP-compliant devices.

NOTE: The protocols for seed discovery are specified on the Administration tab.

Click the **Discover** button at the bottom of the tab to begin the device discover. The results of the Discover process are displayed in the left-panel tree when added to the Extreme Management Center database.

#### **Profiles**

Select the access Profile(s) that give you the access you need (for example, Read, or Read/Write) to the devices you wish to discover by selecting the **Accept** checkbox. Select the Profiles that are not valid on the device being discovered by selecting the **Reject** checkbox. To create a profile, click the Add button or edit a profile by clicking the **Edit** button. If you discover an existing device using a different profile than the device is already using in the database, click **Save** to overwrite the profile currently being used in the database.

# Actions

The Actions tab contains basic information about the device being discovered.

Automatically Add D	uicos 📈 En	able Collection			
<ul> <li>Automatically Add D</li> </ul>	vices ( ) Ell	able collection			
Add Trap Receiver	🗹 Ad	ld to Archive			
Add Syslog Receiver	🗆 Ad	ld to Map			
ustom Configuration					
🔾 Add 🛛 😥 Edit	Oelete				
Enabled Vendor		Family	Topolog	У	•
4				_	
4					Þ
< licy			_		Þ
Add Device to Polic	Domain				•
	Domain		✓ Import VLA	Ns	•
Add Device to Polic	Domain		✓ Import VLA	Ns	,
Add Device to Polic		bup	▼ Import VLA	Ns	•
Add Device to Polic Policy Domain:	s Control Engine Gr	-	▼ Import VLA	Ns	• •
Add Device to Polic Policy Domain: Ccess Control Add Device to Acce Access Control Engine	s Control Engine Gr	it.	✓ Import VLA	Ns	•
Add Device to Policy Policy Domain: CCESS Control Add Device to Acce Access Control Engine Enable Authentication	s Control Engine Group:	it.	✓ Import VLA	Ns	· ·
Add Device to Polic Policy Domain: Ceess Control Add Device to Acce Access Control Engine Enable Authentication polication Analytics	s Control Engine Group: Defau n Using Port Templa	te	✓ Import VLA	Ns	·
Add Device to Polic Policy Domain: Ceess Control Add Device to Acce Access Control Engine Enable Authenticati Oplication Analytics Add Application Tele	s Control Engine Group: Defau n Using Port Templa	te	VLA	Ns	·
Add Device to Polic Policy Domain: Ceess Control Add Device to Acce Access Control Engine Enable Authentication polication Analytics	s Control Engine Group: Defau n Using Port Templa	te	VLA	Ns	·

#### **Automatically Add Devices**

Selecting the **Automatically Add Devices** checkbox causes Extreme Management Center to automatically add devices to the database that match the address information you entered in the Discover section of the tab. If a device is discovered with more than one profile, the device is listed on the **Network > Discovered** tab, where you can decide which profile you want to add. When this box is NOT selected and a discover occurs, devices are added to the **Network > Discovered** tab, where they can be configured prior to being added to the database.

#### Add Trap Receiver

Select this checkbox to configure devices added to the site to send trap information to Extreme Management Center. You can define the trap configuration details on the **Options** > **Trap** tab. Depending on the device, Extreme Management Center creates the trap configuration via SNMP or a script.

#### Add Syslog Receiver

Select this checkbox to configure the devices added to the site to send syslog information to Extreme Management Center. You can define the syslog configuration details on the **Options** > **Syslog** tab. Depending on the device, Extreme Management Center creates the syslog configuration via SNMP or a script.

#### **Enable Collection**

Select this checkbox to collect device and physical port statistics on devices being discovered. Extreme Management Center uses the device and physical port statistics in reports.

#### Add to Archive

Select this checkbox to create an archive, which saves the configurations of the devices being discovered in the **Network** > **Archives** tab.

#### Add to Map

Select this checkbox to add the devices being discovered in the site to a map. To add a device to multiple maps, add it via this drop-down list and then manually add it via the Maps > Add to Map on the Devices tab.

## **Custom Configuration**

Click the **Add** button to configure Extreme Management Center to automatically run a task (a script or workflow) when discovering a device in a particular device family that also matches the **Topology** you select.

**NOTE:** Selecting a **Topology** of **Any** runs the task on all devices in a device family, regardless of the **Topology** configuration.

## Policy

## Add Device to Policy Domain

Select this checkbox to add the device to a policy domain you create on the **Policy** tab. Once the checkbox is selected, use the **Policy Domain** drop-down list to select the policy domain to which the device is added. Extreme Management Center enforces are done automatically once a newly added device is discovered and added.

Click the **Import VLANs** button to import the VLAN definitions from the policy selected in the Policy Domain drop-down list.

## ExtremeControl

#### Add Device to Access Control Engine Group

Select this checkbox to add the device to an Access Control Engine Group you create on the **Access Control** tab. Once the checkbox is selected, use the Access Control **Engine Group** drop-down list to select the engine group to which the device is added.

- If the device is an Access Control engine, Extreme Management Center adds it as an engine to the engine group.
- If the device is not an engine, Extreme Management Center adds it as a switch to up to two engines in the engine group. Extreme Management Center runs an enforce against the engine group if a switch is added.

#### Enable Authentication Using Port Template

Select this checkbox to allow users to authenticate to the device using a port template. Configure Port Templates in the <u>Port Templates section</u> of the tab.

## ExtremeAnalytics

#### Add Application Telemetry to Home Engine

Select this checkbox to add application telemetry to the ExtremeAnalytics engine configured as the site's <u>home engine</u>.

#### **ERSPAN VLAN**

Enter the Encapsulated Remote Switch Port Analyzer (ERSPAN) VLAN to add to devices added to the site.

#### **Sample Rate**

Enter the rate of traffic ExtremeAnalytics samples to determine application information.

# **VRF/VLAN**

The VRF/VLAN tab allows you to configure and manage virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) and VLANs on the devices included in the site. Add a VRF or VLAN definition by clicking Add in the VRF Definition or VLAN Definition table, respectively. Edit an existing VRF or VLAN definition by selecting a VRF/VLAN

and clicking **Edit**, or remove a VRF or VLAN definition by selecting a VRF/VLAN and clicking **Delete**.

**NOTE:** You must have a Fabric Manager license to configure VRFs. If you do not have one, this tab is just called VLAN.

< Discov	ver Actions	VRF/VLAN	Topologies	Services	$_{\rm L}$ >
VRF Defi	nition				-
🔕 Add	📄 Edit 🛛 🤤	Delete 🖓 S	Show Filters		-
Source	Name	VRF ID			•
VLAN De	finition				-
🔘 Add	📝 Edit 🛛 🥥	Delete 🛛 🖓 S	Show Filters		
Source Local	Name Default	<b>VI</b> 1	D VRF ID 0		
	Discover	Configure Device	s Schedule	er Sav	/e

# VRF Definition

#### Source

Indicates the site from which the VRF definition is inherited. Currently, the VRF definition Source can only be **Local**, indicating the VRF is configured in the current site.

#### Name

Displays the name of the VRF definition.

## **VRF ID**

The ID number assigned to the VRF definition.

## VLAN Definition

#### Source

Indicates the site from which the VLAN definition is inherited. Currently, the VLAN definition Source can only be **Local**, indicating the VLAN is configured in the current site.

#### Name

Displays the name of the VLAN.

## VID

Indicates the VLAN ID for the VLAN. A unique number between 1 and 4094 that identifies a particular VLAN. VID 1 is reserved for the Default VLAN.

## VRF ID

The VRF ID associated with the VLAN definition.

# **Topologies**

The **Topologies** tab allows you to select the topology definition. Use this tab to apply the fabric topology features you configure to a site.

<	Discover	Actions	VRF/VLAN	Topologies	Services	Port Temple >
	Fabric					
	Topology D	efinition:	< None >	-		
			С	onfigure Devices.	Sav	e Cancel

#### **Topology Definition**

Select the Topology Definition that applies to the site. The Topology Definitions available in the drop-down list are configured in the **Topology Definition** tab.

## **Services**

Select to configure the services configured in your virtual services network. Use this tab to select a service definition you create by configuring services on the **Services** tab to add to the site.

The **Services** tab displays all of the services included in a service application or all of the services included in a service definition, depending if you select a service application or a service definition in the left-panel, respectively. The Services tab is included in the **Sites** tab.

Services are created within service applications. You can include multiple services within an application. Service applications are then included within service definitions. You can also include multiple service applications within a service definition. A service definition that includes a complete set of services is then assigned to a site, which configures the fabric-enabled devices within that site.

Devices	World	Site Summar	y Endpoint Loc	ations Fle	exReports	
< Discov	er Acti	ons VRF/VL	AN Topologies	Services	LAG Topologie	es Port Templ >
Service Defin	ition:	< None >	*			
🙆 Add	뻵 Edit	🥥 Delete				Show Filters
Source	A	pplication	Name			Service ID
4						,
L3 VSN						-
💿 Add	🎲 Edit	🤤 Delete	Thow Filters			
Source		Application	Name		Service ID	VRF
			Discover	Configure De	evices Sched	uler Save

Select the Service Definition assigned to the site from the Service Definition drop-down list. Select **NONE** if the services you configure are not assigned to a service definition.

**NOTE:** Once services have been assigned to a site, they cannot be deleted; however, services not assigned to a service definition (where NONE has been selected) can be deleted from a site after they have been assigned to that site.

## L2 VSN

#### Application

The service application to which the Layer 2 service has been assigned.

#### Name

The name of the Layer 2 service.

#### Service ID

The ID number of the fabric service.

#### VLAN

The VLAN assigned to the fabric service.

## L3 VSN

#### Name

The name of the Layer 3 service.

#### Service ID

The ID number assigned to the service.

#### VRF

Select the virtual routing and forwarding definition included as part of the service.

#### Multi Cast

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets to a group of hosts on the network.

#### Unicast

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets to a single recipient on the network.

#### **Direct Route**

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets directly to another device without going through a third device.

# LAG Topologies

The LAG Topologies tab allows you to configure link aggregation group topologies you include on devices in the site.

#### Name

Displays the name of the LAG.

#### **Topology Type**

Select the type of LAG topology for the site.

#### **Topology Definition**

Select the Topology Definition for the LAG in the drop-down list.

#### **Device 1/Cluster 1**

Select the first device or cluster included in the LAG.

## Device 2/Cluster 2

Select the second device or cluster included in the LAG.

### Device 1 VLAN IP Address/Mask

Enter IP address and mask for the first device or cluster included in the LAG.

## Device 2 VLAN IP Address/Mask

Enter IP address and mask for the second device or cluster included in the LAG.

## LACP MAC

Enter the MAC address for the device located between two devices designed to detect when a link is down, if you use link aggregation control protocol (LACP).

## MLAG ID

The ID number of the MLAG configured for the LAG topology.

## L2 ISID

The service instance identifier.

## vIST

Select the Virtual IST (vIST) type. vIST provides the ability to dual-home hosts, servers and other network devices to a pair of Multi-Chassis Link Aggregation (MLAG) enabled devices.

# **Port Templates**

The **Port Templates** tab displays port information for those devices discovered in a site. The port templates you configure in this table are available for the devices included in this site in the **Configure Device** window.

Click the Add ( Add.) button to add a port template to the table.

Select a port template and click the **Edit** ( Edit ) button to make changes to the selected port template.

Select a user-created port template and click the **Delete** ( Delete ) button to delete it from the table. You can not delete system-defined port templates.

Click **Save** to save your additions or changes.

< Services	LAG Topologi	es Port Te	emplates Z	TP+ Device Defa	ults I>
🗿 Add 🛛 📝	Edit 🤤 Delete				
Source	Configuration 1	PVID	Default Role	Authentication	Fabric Ena
Local	AP	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Access	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Gail-PT	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Interswitch	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	IoT	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Management	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Other	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Phone	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Printer	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Router	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	Security	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
Local	vSwitch	Default [1]	None	None	NONE
4					Þ
	Discov	er Configu	ure Devices	Scheduler	Save

The following columns are included on the **Ports Templates** tab:

### Source

Indicates the site which defines the values used for the Port Template.

- Port templates with a **Source** of **Global** can only be edited in the /World site.
- A Source of Local indicates that the values are coming from the currently selected site. In order to change the value of a Port Template, select the Port Templates tab for the site that shows the Source as Local. When creating a

new site, the values of the new site's Port Templates are inherited from the parent site.

When you create port template after creating a new site, the new port template is also created in the /World site. All port templates in the /World site display a **Local** for **Source**. You can modify the values of the port template in both the /World site and in the site where the port template was created. Sites that are the children of the /World site display the **Source** for the port template values as /World. Sites that are the children of the site in which the port template was created display the **Source** for the port template was created display the **Source** for the port template was created.

When the **Source** is not **Local**, the port template values act like default values for the site. Editing the port template in the site and changing the **Source** to **Local** allows you to edit the port template for the current site and the sites that are children of that site.

#### Configuration

Indicates the purpose of a port. Defines the behavior of ports on devices in a site, based on the role of that port. After you configure your port templates in this table, select the **Configuration** for devices in the site in the **Configure Device** window. The configuration of the port is initially discovered by Extreme Management Center during discovery or during a ZTP+ process, but can be changed to meet the needs of the devices in your site. The following port types are included:

### Access

Applies access port template settings to the device in the site.

#### Interswitch

Applies interswitch port template settings to the device in the site.

#### Management

Applies management port template settings to the device in the site.

• AP

Applies AP port template settings to the device in the site.

#### Phone

Applies phone port template settings to the device in the site.

#### Router

Applies router port template settings to the device in the site.

## Printer

Applies printer port template settings to the device in the site.

## Security

Applies security port template settings to the device in the site.

## • loT

Applies guest or external device port template settings to the device in the site.

## • vSwitch

Applies virtual switch port template settings to the device in the site.

## • Other

## PVID

The port's VLAN ID.

## **Default Role**

The policy role assigned to the selected port. To assign policy to the selected port, select **Add Device to Policy Domain** and select a **Policy Domain** from the drop-down list in the **Actions** tab. Extreme Management Center assigns policy to the port after a successful policy domain enforce.

## Authentication

Use the drop-down list to determine whether authentication is configured to the port:

- None No authentication is required to access the port.
- 802.1X Select this option to enable 802.1X authentication to the port.
- MAC Auth Select this option to enable authentication based on the users MAC address.

WARNING: Configuring the authentication could affect communication to a device and result in loss of connectivity through the interswitch link ports if not detected or configured properly during the discovery process. If you are configuring the policy and authentication on the interswitch link, it's strongly recommended to ensure neighbor discovery protocols such as LLDP, EDP, and CDP are enabled before enabling the authentication using port templates.

### **VLAN Trunk**

Automatically configures a port as a VLAN trunk when you check one box in the VLAN Trunk column. For more information, see <u>Fabric Assist</u>.

## Tagged

Indicates the port's egress state is tagged. If you check the VLAN Trunk column, Fabric Assist automatically configures all the VLANs on the port as tagged. For more information, see <u>Fabric Assist</u>.

### Fabric Enable

Indicates the fabric functionality is enabled on the port.

## Fabric Auth Type

Indicates the fabric authentication type used on the port.

## Fabric Auth Type

Indicates the fabric authentication key used for the port.

## Fabric Connect Drop STP-BPDU

Indicates the fabric-enabled port drops Spanning Tree Protocol BPDUs.

## Untagged

Indicates the port's egress state is untagged.

### **Node Alias**

Select to enable the node alias function on the port. The node alias settings are automatically enabled if Access Control is enabled on the device.

## Span Guard

Select to enable Span Guard, which allows Extreme Management Center to shut down a network port if it receives a BPDU (bridge protocol data unit). Enable this feature on network edge ports to prevent rogue STA-aware devices from disrupting the existing Spanning Tree.

### **Loop Protect**

Select to prevent loop formation in a network with redundant paths by requiring ports to receive type 2 BPDUs (RSTP/MSTP) on point to point interswitch links.

- If the ports receive the BPDUs, the link's State becomes Forwarding.
- If a BPDU timeout occurs on the ports, its **State** becomes **Listening** until a BPDU is received.

### **MVRP**

Indicates that the Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol (MVRP) has been enabled for the port. If MVRP has been enabled globally, interswitch ports are automatically enabled and access ports default to disabled. Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast MVRP information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

#### Collection

Indicates port statistics are collected for ports that match the port template on devices included in the site.

# **ZTP+ Device Defaults**

The **ZTP+ Device Defaults** tab contains information about a device with ZTP+ (Zero Touch Provisioning Plus) enabled.

Discover Actions V	RF/VLA	N Topologie	s Servic	es Port T	emplates	ZTP+ D	evice Def	aults E	indpoint Locatio	ns An	alytics Cu	stom Variable	15
Basic Management													*
Use Discovered I	P:			DNS Serv	er:				System Locat	ion:			
Subnet Address:				DNS Serv	or 2:				Admin Profile:		public_v2	Profile *	
Gateway Address	E.			DNS Serv	or 3:				Poll Group:		Default	*	
Management Inte	rface:	Default	٣	NTP Serv	HC.				Poll Type:		SNMP	*	
Domain Name:				NTP Serve	ir 2:				Starting IP Ad	dress:			
									Ending IP Add	iress:			
Configuration/Upgrad	je e												
Configuration Updates:	Alway	5	, Firm Upgr	ware ades:	Always		*						
Update Date:	1969/	12/31			1069/12/31								
Update Time:	12:00	AM ·	Upgr		12:00 AM		Ŧ						
Device Protocols													
LACP: Ena	bled	mor ····	MSTP:	C Enabled	Error	*	POE:	🕑 Enable	ed Error	*			
LLDP: 🗹 Ena	bled E	mor 💌	MVRP:	🗹 Enabled	Error	٣	VXLAN:	🗌 Enable	ed Error	Ψ.			
									_				_
									Discover	Configu	re Devices	Scheduler	Savo

## Basic Management

#### **Use Discovered**

Use the drop-down list to select if Extreme Management Center assigns the IP address, IP address and Management Interface, or Management Interface to the ZTP+ device when it is discovered:

- IP Extreme Management Center uses the **Discovered IP** assigned when the device was discovered. Select the **Management Interface** (the VLAN interface used to manage the device) manually.
- IP and Management Interface Extreme Management Center uses the Discovered IP and the Management Interface that were assigned when the device was discovered.
- **Disabled** Configure the IP address and subnet, Gateway Address, Domain Name and DNS Server in the tab (along with any of the optional fields) and then save.

#### Subnet Address

Enter the **Subnet Address** for the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

#### **Gateway Address**

Enter the Gateway Address for the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

### **Management Interface**

Select the interface the ExtremeXOS device uses for Management and assigns the device IP to that interface.

### **Domain Name**

Enter a value in the **Domain Name** field to configure the domain name on the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

### **DNS Server**

The **DNS Server** field allows you to set the DNS server address on the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

### **DNS Server 2**

The **DNS Server 2** field allows you to set the secondary DNS server address on the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

### **DNS Server 3**

The **DNS Server 3** field allows you to set the tertiary DNS server address on the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

### **NTP Server**

The **NTP Server** field allows you to set the NTP server address on the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

## NTP Server 2

The NTP Server 2 field allows you to set the secondary NTP server address on the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

### **System Location**

A description of the location of the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

## **Admin Profile**

Use the drop-down list to select the access Profile that gives Extreme Management Center administrative access to the ZTP+ devices associated with the site. Use the <u>Profiles list</u> in the Discover section of the **Site** tab to create or edit a profile. If you discover an existing device using a different profile than the device is already using in the database, click **Save** to overwrite the device profile currently being used in the database.

## **Poll Group**

Use the drop-down list to select a Poll Group for the discovered ZTP+ devices. Extreme Management Center provides three distinct poll groups (defined in the Status Polling options (**Administration** > **Options**) that each specify a unique poll frequency. When you save newly discovered devices to the database, they are polled with the poll group specified here. If you save discovered devices that already exist in the database, the poll group specified here overwrites the poll group currently being used in the database.

**NOTE:** If you select **Not Polled**, the **Poll Group** is only used if/when the **Poll Type** is changed to **SNMP** or **Ping**.

### Poll Type

Use the drop-down list to select the Poll Type for devices included in the site:

- Select Not Polled if you do not want to poll the devices.
- Select **Ping** for the **Poll Type** if the **Profile** for the IP Range is also set to **Ping**.

**NOTE:** On a Windows platform, device operational status cannot be determined for devices with their **Poll Type** set to **Ping** unless you are logged on and running Extreme Management Center as a user with Administrative privileges.

- Select Maintenance if you do not want to poll the devices temporarily. Using this **Poll Type** allows you to search for devices set to **Maintenance** to change them back to their regular **Poll Type** once maintenance on the device is complete.
- Select **ZTP+** for devices managed by ZTP+ and created through the ZTP+ process. When the **Poll Type** is **ZTP+**, Extreme Management Center does not initiate a poll, instead Extreme Management Center receives a message from the device or Fabric Manager messages to determine the status.

For example, if Extreme Management Center does not receive a message from a device or Fabric Manager for three times the amount of time defined in the <u>Poll Interval</u> for the <u>Poll Group</u> of the device, then the **Status** is **Contact Lost**. When Extreme Management Center receives a message from the device, the **Device Status** is **Contact Established**.

 Select Status Only for devices for which you only need to monitor their status. The default polling interval for Status Only devices occurs every 12 hours and is configured in the Status Only Poll Interval field on the Administration > Options > Status Polling tab. Status Only devices do not support collection of statistics, FlexViews, Network Status Monitor, or enforcement via Extreme Management Center. You can add a maximum of 10,000 Status Only devices in Extreme Management Center, which do not count against your licensed device limit.

### **Starting IP Address**

The **Starting IP Address** field allows you to set the starting IP address of the IP address range for the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

### **Ending IP Address**

The **Ending IP Address** field allows you to set the ending IP address of the IP address range for the ZTP+ devices associated with the site.

## Configuration/Upgrade

### **Configuration Updates**

Select the frequency for which Extreme Management Center checks for configuration updates for your ZTP+ enabled devices associated with the site.

### **Update Date**

Select the date on which Extreme Management Center updates the configuration for your ZTP+ enabled devices associated with the site when you select **Scheduled** for **Configuration Updates**.

### **Update Time**

Select the time at which Extreme Management Center updates the configuration for your ZTP+ enabled devices associated with the site when you select **Scheduled** for **Configuration Updates**.

### Update UTC Offset

Select your time zone based on the number of hours you are offset from the Universal Time Coordinated.

### **Firmware Upgrades**

Select the frequency for which Extreme Management Center checks for firmware upgrades for your ZTP+ enabled devices associated with the site.

### **Upgrade** Date

Select the date on which Extreme Management Center upgrades the firmware for your ZTP+ enabled devices associated with the site when you select **Scheduled** for **Firmware Upgrades**.

### Upgrade Time

Select the time at which Extreme Management Center upgrades the firmware for your ZTP+ enabled devices associated with the site when you select **Scheduled** for **Firmware Upgrades**.

## Upgrade UTC Offset

Select your time zone based on the number of hours you are offset from the Universal Time Coordinated.

## Device Protocols

## LACP

Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast LACP (Link Aggregation Control Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

### LLDP

Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

### MSTP

Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast MSTP (Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

### **MVRP**

Select the checkbox to enable ZTP+ devices being discovered to broadcast MVRP (Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol) information. Select the appropriate logging level from the drop-down list.

### POE

Select the checkbox to indicate the ZTP+ devices being discovered for the site are electrically powered via the Ethernet cable.

### VXLAN

Select the checkbox to indicate the ZTP+ devices being discovered for this site use VXLAN to tunnel Layer 2 traffic over a Layer 3 network.

**NOTE:** ZTP+ does not currently provision a Layer 3 network with which VXLAN operates. If your ZTP+ devices use VXLAN, the Layer 3 underlay network must be manually provisioned.

# **Endpoint Locations**

Use the **Endpoint Locations** tab to define the geographical location of the site and addresses in it. Once the geographical locations are defined for your devices, flows on the **Application Flows** tab display geographical information depending on the device on which the flow is observed.

Select the **Add Address** button at the top of the table to add an additional address to the table. Select the **Edit** button to modify the site or selected address of the site. The **Move** button allows you to move an address to a different site in the drop-down list. Select the **Remove** button to delete a selected address from the table. These options are also accessible when you right-click an address in the table.

(RF/VLAN	Topologies Se	rvices Por	t Templates	ZTP+ Devi	ce Defaults	Endpoint Loca	tions	Analytics
Add Address	114 The second	Move 🤤	Remove					
	ed States	-	Latitude:	\$	Longitude:	\$		
	Alia	s D	etect Behavio	or Anomaly 1	Description			
✓ /World/Texa	35							
	/24							
	/24							
	/24							

Use the Country, Latitude, and Longitude drop-down lists to configure or change the following information for the site:

#### Country

Select the country in which the site is located.

#### Latitude

Enter the site's latitude location in decimal degrees.

#### Longitude

Enter the site's longitude location in decimal degrees.

The following columns are displayed in the Endpoint Locations table:

#### Tracked

This column displays the name of the site or the IP Address/Mask of the devices on the site. A check mark to the left of the site name indicates it is a Tracked Site. Rightclick any site to either add or remove the site from your <u>Tracked Sites</u> list.

#### Alias

An alternate name for the site, or a specific subnet of the site.

#### **Detect Behavioral Anomaly**

Select the checkbox to enable Extreme Management Center functionality that alerts you in the event unexpected behavior is detected for the site or its specified subnet.

#### Description

A description of the site location.

# Analytics

The **Analytics** tab allows you to configure the default ExtremeAnalytics functionality for the devices in the site.

## **Analytics Role**

Allows you to indicate the purpose of the devices added to the site: Access, Core, Data Center, DMZ. This field is informational only.

## **Analytics Home Engine**

Displays the ExtremeAnalytics engine located with the devices associated with the site.

# **Custom Variables**

The **Custom Variables** tab allows you to add, edit, or delete variables used in Extreme Management Center.

NOTE: Custom variables are only available with an NMS-ADV license.

Variables you create serve as a placeholder for a specific value. The fields included in the **Scope** section determine where the variable is used in Extreme Management Center, while the fields in the **Variable** section allow you to define a value for the variable. After you create a variable, Extreme Management Center automatically substitutes the **Value** you define in the appropriate feature of Extreme Management Center when the criteria specified in the **Scope** section is met. Variables you create on the **Site** tab can then be used in a configuration template, script or workflow, in a CLI command, or in a third-party application via the <u>Northbound Interface</u>.

**NOTE:** Custom variables you create are not displayed in Extreme Management Center. To view and reference the variables, use the Northbound Interface functionality in the **Diagnostics** tab.

Discover     Actions     VLAN Definition     Port Templates     ZTP+ Device Defaults     Custom Variables       Add     Edit     Delete     Variable     Variable       Scope     Variable     Variable       Category     Site     Type     Name †     Type     Value       Site     Global     Default     test     String     test global	Devices	World Si	te Summary	FlexRep	orts				
Scope     Variable       Category     Site     Type     Name ↑     Type     Value	Discover	Actions	VLAN Defini	tion Por	t Templat	tes ZTP+	Device Defaults	Custom Variables	
Category Site Type Name î Type Value	🔾 Add 🛛	💈 Edit 🛛 🤤	Delete						
		Scope			Variable				
Site Global Default test String test global	Category	Site	Type	Name †	Type	Value			
	Site	Global	Default	test	String	test global			
					_				_
					D	iscover	Configure Devices	Scheduler	Sav

## Scope

#### Category

Displays where the variable is used in Extreme Management Center. Select **Port Template**, **Site**, or **Topology** from the drop-down list, depending on the purpose of the variable.

#### Site

Defines the site in which the variable is used.

- Global indicates Extreme Management Center uses the variable for all sites.
- Selecting **/World** indicates Extreme Management Center uses the variable for all devices added to the /World site. Devices added to a site other than /World do not use the variable.
- Selecting the current site also creates an additional variable with a **Site** of **Global**. This allows you to use the variable in workflows run on devices not included in the current site.

## Туре

Defines the type of Port Template or Topology for which the variable applies. The values in this drop-down list change depending on what **Category** you select.

- Port Template Indicates the <u>Port Configuration</u> for which the variable is used by Extreme Management Center.
- Topology Displays the type of network topology for which the variable is used by Extreme Management Center.

## Variable

### Name

Displays the name of the variable.

## Туре

Defines the type of information the variable is substituting. Select **Boolean**, **IP**, **MAC Address**, **Number**, **String**, or **Subnet** from the drop-down list.

## Value

Displays the value Extreme Management Center uses when substituting the variable. Enter a value associated with the variable type you define. For example, if the variable type is **Boolean**, choose **True** or **False**; if the attribute type is **IP**, enter the IP Address of the variable).

## Add

Click the button to add a row to the table where you can create a new custom variable.

## Edit

Select a variable in the table and click **Edit** to make changes to a custom variable.

### Delete

Select a variable in the table and click **Delete** to remove a custom variable from the table.

### Update

Click the **Update** button when you finish adding a new or editing an existing custom variable.

## Cancel

Click the **Cancel** button to cancel the new variable or the changes you made to an existing variable.

# **Buttons**

## **Edit Devices**

Clicking **Configure Devices** opens the **Configure Device** window for all of the devices added to the site. This allows you to change the configuration of a single device or a subset of devices within the site.

## Save

Clicking **Save** saves any changes you make to a site. This button displays after making a change to the tab.

## Cancel

Clicking **Cancel** discards any changes you make to a site. This button displays after making a change to the tab.

### Discover

Clicking **Discover** adds to the site any new devices that match the criteria entered in the Discover section of the window. This button displays after clicking **Create** or **Save**.

## Scheduler

Clicking Scheduler opens the Add Scheduled Task window, where you can create a new task that automatically adds devices matching the criteria entered in the Discover section of the Site tab to the site. This button displays after clicking Create or Save.

**NOTE:** After you create a scheduled task to discover devices, edit or delete the task on the **Scheduled Tasks** tab.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- How to Discover Devices in Extreme Management Center
- <u>Devices</u>
- <u>Maps</u>
- How to Create and Edit Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# **Services**

The **Services** tab displays virtual routing and forwarding functionality configured as part of a service application, the virtual local area networks defined for the service application, as well as all of the services included in a service application or all of the services included in a service definition, depending if you select a service application or a service definition in the left-panel, respectively.

The **Services** tab is included in the **Sites** tab.

Services	Servi	ce Summ	ary							
VRF Defi	inition	VLAN De	efinition <b>F</b>	abricConnSvsA	pp					
L2 VSN										
🔾 Add	🍃 Edit	🤤 Del	ete	💎 Show I	Filters Service	Types: All		~ X	Extended	IGMP Settings
Name			Service ID	Flex UNI	VLA	N	CVIDs	Port T	emplate	
•										•
L3 VSN										
🔾 Add	🍃 Edit	🤤 Del	lete 💎 Sh	ow Filters						
Name	Serv	ice ID	VRF	Multi Cast	Unicast	Direct Route	2			
									Save	Cancel

The Services tab includes three tabs:

- <u>VRF Definition</u> Create and configure VRF (Virtual Routing and Forwarding) definitions for the service application. VRFs allow for networking paths to be segmented without using multiple devices.
- <u>VLAN Definition</u> Create and configure VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network) definitions for the service application.
- <u>Service Application Name</u> Configure the L2 and L3 Virtual Services Networks (VSNs). The Service Application Name tab is divided into L2 VPN and L3 VSN tables.

# **VRF** Definition

The VRF Definition tab allows you to configure virtual routing and forwarding definitions included as part of the service.

Services	Serv	ice Summary				
VRF Defi	nition	VLAN Defini	tion Top	ology Serv	ice Application	n
Add	溕 Edit	🤤 Delete	💎 Show	Filters		
Name	VRF	D				
Default	0					
					Save	Cancel

#### Name

The name of the VRF definition.

#### **VRF ID**

The ID number assigned to the VRF definition.

## **VLAN Definition**

The VLAN Definition tab allows you to configure virtual local area network definitions included as part of the service.

Services Servi	ce Summary	
VRF Definition	VLAN Definition	Topology Service Application
🔾 Add 🛛 📝 Edit	🤤 Delete 🛛 💎	Show Filters
Name	VID ↑ VRF ID	
Default	1 0	
« < Page	of 1   > >>	2 Reset
		Save Cancel

#### Name

The name of the VLAN definition.

#### VID

The ID number assigned to the VLAN.

### **VRF ID**

The ID number assigned to the VRF definition.

# Service Application Name

The **Service Application Name** tab displays all of the services included in a service application or all of the services included in a service definition, depending if you select a service application or a service definition in the left-panel, respectively. The Services tab is included in the **Sites** tab.

Services are created within service applications. You can include multiple services within an application. Service applications are then included within service definitions. You can also include multiple service applications within a service definition. A service definition that includes a complete set of services is then assigned to a site, which configures the fabric-enabled devices within that site. The **Services** tab is only configurable when you select a service application. The services displayed when selecting a service definition are read-only.

Services	Servi	ice Summary							
VRF Def	inition	VLAN Definitio	on FabricConnSv	sApp					
L2 VSN									
Add	🍃 Edit	Oelete	💎 Sho	w Filters Service	Types: All	-	×	Extended IGMP S	Settings
Name Classification of the second se		Servi	ce ID Flex UNI	VLAY	4	CVIDs	Port Te	emplate	•
🗿 Add	🍃 Edit	Delete	💎 Show Filters						
Name	Serv	vice ID VRF	Multi Cast	Unicast	Direct Route				
								Save Car	icel

## L2 VSN

#### Name

The name of the Layer 2 service.

#### **Service ID**

The I-SID, which is the system-defined ID number assigned to the fabric service.

#### Flex UNI

Indicates that the fabric service is using the User-Network-Interface (UNI).

The following interface types are available:

 Switched — A VLAN-ID and a given port (VID, port) maps to a Layer 2 VSN I-SID. With this UNI type, VLAN-IDs can be reused on other ports and therefore mapped to different ISIDs.  Transparent —A physical port maps to a Layer 2 VSN I-SID (all traffic through that port, 802.1Q tagged or untagged, ingress and egress is mapped to the I-SID). Note: All VLANs on a Transparent Port UNI interface now share the same single MAC learning table of the Transparent Port UNI I-SID.

#### VLAN

The VLAN assigned to the fabric service.

#### **CVIDs**

Specifies the customer VLAN ID of the associated switched UNI port.

#### Port Template

Use the drop-down list to determine the purpose of the port:

- Access Select this option if the port connects to user end-systems.
- Interswitch You can also manually select this option if the port is used to connect to other switches. This option is selected by default if the port detects neighboring switches that are configurable.
- Management Select this option if the port is used to manage network traffic with Extreme Management Center.
- AP Select this option if the port is used to connect with a networking device that allows a Wi-Fi device to connect to a wired network.
- Phone Select this option if the port is used to connect to a telephone.
- Router Select this option if the port is used to connect to a router.
- Printer Select this option if the port is used to connect to a printer.
- Security Select this option if the port is used to connect to a device or devices that have been configured with security or advanced security settings.
- **IOT** Select this option if the port is used to connect to an additional wireless "smart" device.
- Other Select this option if the port is used to connect to any other device.

#### **DVR Enable**

Select to enable distributed virtual routing.

#### **DVR Gateway**

Enter the gateway address of the DVR device.

#### **Multicast Snooping**

Select to configure the service to listen to Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) network traffic. The feature allows a network switch to listen in on the IGMP conversation between hosts and routers.

#### **Multicast Routing**

Select to configure the service to distribute data to multiple recipients. Using multicast, a source can send a single copy of data to a single multicast address, which is then distributed to an entire group of recipients.

#### **IGMP Version**

The version of IGMP the service is using: Version 1, 2, or 3.

#### **IGMP Querier**

Enter the address of the IGMP Querier. Use this feature when there is no multicast router in the VLAN to originate the queries.

### L3 VSN

#### Name

The name of the Layer 3 service.

#### **Service ID**

The I-SID, which is the system-defined ID number assigned to the service.

#### VRF

Select the virtual routing and forwarding definition included as part of the service.

#### **Multi Cast**

Select to indicate that the service sends IP packets to a group of hosts on the network.

#### Unicast

Select to indicate that the service sends IP packets to a single recipient on the network.

#### **Direct Route**

Select to indicate that the service sends IP packets directly to another device without going through a third device.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Service Summary</u>
- Fabric
- <u>Sites</u>

# How to Create a Fabric Topology Definition

You can create a <u>Topology Definition</u> and a <u>LAG (link aggregation group)</u> <u>Topology Definition</u> on the **Sites** tab in Extreme Management Center. Once you create topology definitions, you can add them to sites in your network to build a fabric topology map.

# **Create a Topology Definition**

To create a topology definition:

- 1. Access the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Navigate to Topology Definitions in the left-panel tree.
- 4. Right-click Topology Definitions.
- 5. Click Create Topology Definition.

Create Fabric	Topology Defir	nition 🗙
Name:		
Туре:	Fabric Connec	:t 💌
	ОК	Cancel

The Create Topology Definition window opens.

- 6. Enter a name in the Name field.
- 7. Select Fabric Connect from the Fabric Type drop-down.
- 8. Click **OK** to create the topology definition.

# **Configure a Topology Definition**

Once the topology definition is created, it is available in the Sites tab left-panel tree. Click it to open a new right panel that includes the <u>Fabric Name tab</u> and a <u>Fabric Summary tab</u>.

## Fabric Name Tab

Use the **Fabric Name** tab to configure the topology definition.

Sites Salem Fabric   Tree View <p< th=""><th>Dashboard Devices Dis</th><th>covered Firmware Archives Configuration Templates</th></p<>	Dashboard Devices Dis	covered Firmware Archives Configuration Templates
<ul> <li>World</li> <li>Site</li> <li>61 Site</li> <li>93 Site</li> <li>93 Site</li> <li>93 Site</li> <li>93 Site</li> <li>MikeK</li> <li>Topology Definitions</li> <li>Salem Fabric</li> <li>Service Definitions</li> <li>gma Service Def 1</li> <li>Pabric Infrastructure Settings</li> <li>IS-IS Manual Area: 49.0000.000</li> <li>Primary BVLAN: 4051</li> <li>Secondary BVLAN: 4052</li> <li>DVR Interface Settings</li> <li>Add  </li> <li>Edit  </li> <li>Delete  </li> <li>Show Filters</li> <li>Name Domain ID</li> </ul>	Sites 👻 🗏	Salem Fabric Summary
<ul> <li>Site</li> <li>Site</li> <li>Site</li> <li>Site</li> <li>Site</li> <li>Site</li> <li>Site</li> <li>Site</li> <li>Primary BVLAN: 4051</li> <li>Secondary BVLAN: 4052</li> <li>Salem Fabric</li> <li>Secondary BVLAN: 4052</li> <li>DVR Interface Settings</li> <li>Service Definitions</li> <li>Service Definitions</li> <li>Service Definitions</li> <li>Add          Edit         Delete         Show Filters         Name         Domain ID     </li> </ul>	Tree View	Fabric Infrastructure Settings
<ul> <li>♦ 93 Site</li> <li>♦ MikeK</li> <li>♦ Topology Definitions</li> <li>♦ Salem Fabric</li> <li>♦ Service Definitions</li> <li>♦ gma Service Def 1</li> <li>Add</li></ul>		IS-IS Manual Area: 49.0000.0000
<ul> <li>MikeK</li> <li>Topology Definitions</li> <li>Salem Fabric</li> <li>Service Definitions</li> <li>gma Service Def 1</li> <li>Add          Edit          Delete          Show Filters     </li> <li>Name Domain ID</li> </ul>		Primary BVLAN: 4051
Image: Salem Fabric     DVR Interface Settings       ✓ Service Definitions     Image: Service Def 1       Image: Service Def 1     Image: Service Def 1		Secondary BVLAN: 4052
<ul> <li>Service Definitions</li> <li>gma Service Def 1</li> <li>Name</li> <li>Domain ID</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Topology Definitions</li> </ul>	
Image: Service Def 1       Image: Service Def 1       Image: Service Def 1       Image: Service Def 1	Salem Fabric	DVR Interface Settings
Name Domain ID		Add B Edit O Delete Show Filters
		Name Domain ID
d Dev 1		Dev 1

To configure the topology definition:

- 1. Enter the IS-IS Manual Area. Use a xx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx format (1-13 bytes).
- 2. Enter the Primary Backbone VLAN (BVLAN).
- 3. Enter the Secondary BVLAN.
- 4. Click the Add button ( Add.) in the DVR Interface Settings section.
- 5. Enter a DVR Domain name in the **Name** Field.
- 6. Enter an ID number in the **Domain ID** field.

- 7. Click Update.
- 8. Click Save

Once the topology definition is created and configured, you can <u>apply</u> it to a site within your network. Once fabric topologies have been assigned to a site, they cannot be deleted.

## Fabric Summary tab

The Fabric Summary tab lists any fabric topologies you have created and the sites to which they are assigned.

# **Rename a Topology Definition**

Once a topology definition has been created and configured, you can change or modify its name.

To rename a topology definition:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select **Sites** from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Expand **Topology Definitions** in the left-panel.

Dashboard	Devices	Dis	covered	Firmwa	are /	Archives	Configur
Sites	-	=	Salem F	abric F	Fabric	Summary	Y
Tree View			Fabric In	frastructu	ure Set	tings	
Vorld	Site		IS-IS M	anual Area	a: 4	9.0000.000	0
<ul> <li>\$\$61 Site</li> <li>\$\$93 Site</li> </ul>			Primary	BVLAN:	4	051	
MikeK			Second	ary BVLAI	N: 4	052	
🔻 💠 Topology 🛛	Definitions						
<ul> <li>Salem</li> <li>Service De</li> </ul>		Re	name Topo	logy Defir		-	
🗘 gma S		b De	lete Topolo Name Dev	gy Definit	ion Domai 1	Delete	e 💎 Show

4. Right-click the topology definition you are renaming.

- 5. Click Rename Topology Definition.
- 6. Enter a new name in the Name field.
- 7. Click **OK** to change the topology name.

# **Delete a Topology Definition**

Once a topology definition has been created and configured, you can delete it; however, a topology definition cannot be deleted once it has been assigned to a site.

To delete a topology definition:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select **Sites** from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Expand the **Topology Definitions** in the left-panel.

Dashboard	Devices	Dis	covered	Firmwar	e Arch	ives	Configur
Sites	•	=	Salem F	abric Fa	ıbric Sum	mary	
Tree View			Fabric In	frastructure	e Settings		
Vorld	Site		IS-IS M	anual Area:	49.000	0.0000	
61 Site			Primary	BVLAN:	4051		
WikeK	-		Second	lary BVLAN:	4052		
🔻 💠 Topology (	Definitions						
<ul> <li>Salem</li> <li>Service De</li> </ul>		Re		logy Definit		Dalata	Char
🕹 ama S	ervice Dei	👆 De	lete Topolo	gy Definitio	n 🤗	Delete	Show
	ConnectSvs	-	Name	U	omain ID		
• Tablic	Connectors	1	Dev	1			

4. Right-click the topology definition you are deleting.

- 5. Click Delete Topology Definition.
- 6. Click Yes to delete the topology definition you selected.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Services</u>
- <u>Fabric</u>
- <u>Sites</u>
- Devices

# How to Create a Fabric Service Definition

You can create a service definition in the **Sites tab** in Extreme Management Center. Service definitions display information configured in service applications definitions. Once created, service definitions are added to sites in your network and are used to build a fabric topology map.

# **Create a Service Definition**

To create a service definition:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Select Service Definitions in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click Service Definitions.
- 5. Click Create Service Definition.

Create Service Definition		×
Name:		
Туре:	Fabric Connec	t 👻
	OK	Cancel

The Create Service Definition window opens.

- 6. Enter a name in the **Name** field.
- 7. Select Fabric Connect from the Type drop-down list.
- 8. Click **OK** to create the service definition.

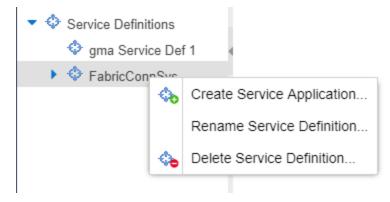
Once the service definition is created and configured, you can <u>apply</u> it to a site within your network. Once fabric services have been assigned to a site, they cannot be deleted.

# **Service Definition Panel**

Once the service definition is created, it is available in the left-panel tree. Click it to open a new right panel that includes a **Services** tab and a **Service Summary** tab.

# **Rename a Service Definition**

Once a service definition has been created and configured, you can change or modify its name.

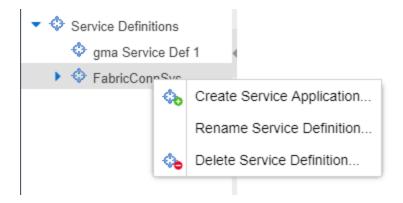


To rename a service definition:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select **Sites** from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Expand Service Definitions in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click the service definition you are renaming.
- 5. Click Rename Service Definition.
- 6. Enter a new name in the **Name** field.
- 7. Click **OK** to rename the service definition.

## **Delete a Service Definition**

Once a service definition has been created and configured, you can delete it; however, a service definition or any of its associated service applications cannot be deleted once it has been assigned to a site.



To delete a service definition:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Expand Service Definitions in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click the service definition you are deleting.
- 5. Click Delete Service Definition.
- 6. Click **Yes** to delete a service definition.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Services</u>
- Fabric
- <u>Sites</u>
- Devices

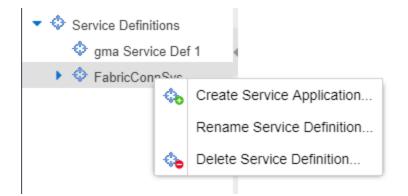
# How to Create a Service Application

You can create a service application via the **Sites** tab in Extreme Management Center. Service definitions display information from service applications. Once created, service applications are added to sites in your network and are used to build a topology map.

# **Create a Service Application**

To create a service application:

- 1. Access the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Expand Service Definitions in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click the service definition in which you want to create the service application.



5. Click Create Service Application.

The Create Service Application window opens.

- 6. Enter a name in the **Name** field.
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Click the newly created service application.
- 9. Use the <u>Services</u> tab and a Service Summary tab to configure the service application.

The service application is created. Once the service application is created and configured, you can <u>apply</u> it to a site within your network. Once services have been assigned to a site, they cannot be deleted.

**NOTE:** A Service Application must have the same fabric type as its associated Service Definition. For example, if a Service Definition is created with Fabric Connect type, it can only have Service Applications of Fabric Connect type. Currently, Fabric Connect is the only fabric type available.

Once the service application is created, it is available in the left-panel tree and a new right panel opens that includes a <u>Services</u> tab and a <u>Service Summary</u> tab.

# **Rename a Service Application**

To change the name of a service application:

1. Open the **Devices** tab.

0

- 2. Select **Sites** from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Expand Service Definitions in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click the service application you are renaming.

Rename Service Application...

Delete Service Application...

- 5. Click Rename Service Application.
- 6. Enter a new name in the **Name** field.
- 7. Click **OK** to change the name of the service application.

# **Delete a Service Application**

You can delete all user-defined service applications, unless the service application or any of its associated service definitions are assigned to a site.

Rename Service Application...

Delete Service Application...

To delete a service application:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Expand Service Definitions in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click the service application you are deleting.
- 5. Click Delete Service Application.
- 6. Click **Yes** to delete the service application.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Services</u>
- Fabric
- <u>Sites</u>
- Devices

# **Maps Overview**

The Extreme Management Center Maps feature on the **Network > Devices** tab lets you view and search geographic and topology maps of the devices and floor plans of wireless access points (APs) on your network. Use maps to view devices and network connections, device and alarm status; access device and connection information via a right-click menu off the device; and search for devices, APs, and wired or wireless clients.

To view or search Maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read Access or Maps Read/Write Access capability.

## Accessing Maps

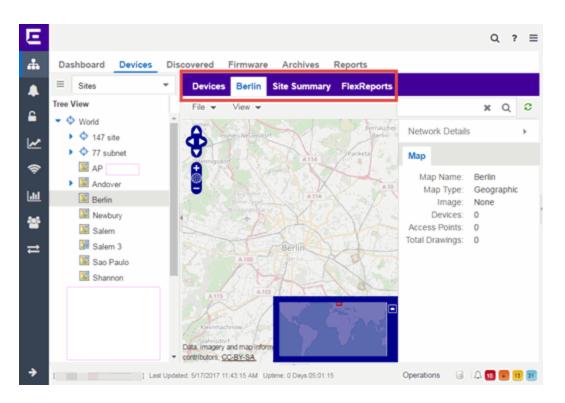
Access the **Network > Devices** tab and select **Sites** from the left-panel dropdown list.

Sites are groups of devices that share a configuration. Within each site, you can add maps for devices, depending on their physical location.

When opening the World map for the first time, the map is blank. As you create maps, add links to them from the World map as shown in the diagram below, allowing you to find individual maps quickly from one map.

## Navigating Maps

Selecting a map in the left-panel provides you with tabs at the top of the rightpanel that allow you to view information about the devices included in the map:



#### Devices

This tab displays a table of the devices contained within the map. This table is identical to the Devices list available by selecting All Devices in the left-panel dropdown list, but is filtered to only show the devices added to the map. For additional information about operations available on this tab, see the **Devices** tab.

#### Мар

This tab, which will show the name of the map you selected from the left-panel, contains the map of the devices. Using Maps, three types of maps are available, Topology, Floorplan, and Geographic. For additional information about operations available on this tab, see the **Map** tab.

For information on creating maps, see How to Create and Edit Maps.

For information on advanced location (triangulation) and wireless coverage maps (available with the NMS-ADV license), see Advanced Map Features.

### Site Summary

The **Site Summary** tab contains a table showing the site paths and configuration information for each site.

## FlexReports

This tab contains reports available for the devices included in the site, filtered to display the information selected in the tree (e.g. a site, map, device, controller). Use the drop-down menus to change the report displayed. Each report allows you to configure how the information displays. You can configure Extreme Management Center to automatically create FlexReports on a scheduled basis by selecting the **Schedule** icon, which opens Scheduler. Additionally, FlexReports can be exported in PDF format.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Devices</u>
- <u>Maps</u>
- <u>Sites</u>
- How to Create and Edit Maps
- <u>Advanced Map Features</u>

# **Navigating the Map Tab**

The Extreme Management Center Map Tab gives you access to a number of powerful tools that will allow you to create, view, import, edit and search maps of devices and floor plans of wireless access points (APs) on your network. Maps are configured in various places on the **Network > Devices** tab. This topic shows you how to navigate the Map Tab and its many tools and features.

To view or search maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read Access or Maps Read/Write Access capability.

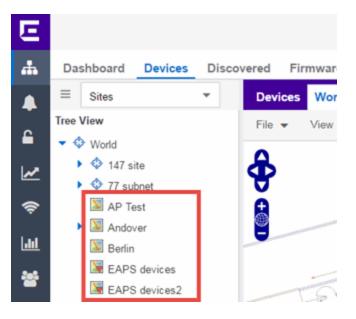
# To access maps of your devices:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Select the **Network** > **Devices** tab.

- 3. Select **Sites** from the left-panel drop-down list. Sites are groups of devices that share a configuration. Within each site, you can add maps for devices, depending on their physical location.
- 4. Expand a site from the left-panel tree to display the maps on that site.
- 5. Select a map to open the Map Name tab in the right panel.

## World Map Navigation Tree

Select the World Map tree in the left-panel. As you create your maps, they appear in the navigation tree, nested under the map you configure as the **Parent Map**.



As shown in the image above, you also have the ability to nest maps within other maps. This allows you to organize certain maps as a subset of other maps (for example, creating a building map and then creating a map for each of the floors of the building).

## Create Map

Right-click a map in the left-panel navigation tree and select **Maps** > **Create New Map** to create a new map. The first map you create is nested under the World Map. All subsequent maps are nested under the map you right-click when creating the new map.

## Edit Map

Right-click a map in the navigation tree and select **Maps** > **Edit Map** to open an existing map in edit mode. Edit mode allows you to add new or move existing devices, APs, and map links on a map.

#### Import Map

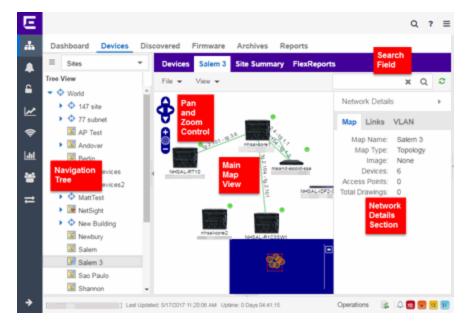
You can also import a saved map by right-clicking a map in the navigation tree and selecting **Maps** > **Import Map**. This opens the Import Map window.

# Main Map View

The Main Map view displays your map with all of the devices, network connections, links, or APs, depending on the type of map.

In the Main Map view, you can reorganize the orientation of elements in your map and view the status and details of the elements within the map. The Main Map view also contains the following controls for working with maps:

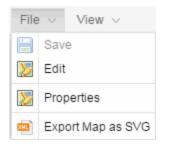
- File, View, and Tool Menus
- Pan and Zoom Control
- Search Field



File, View, and Tool Menus

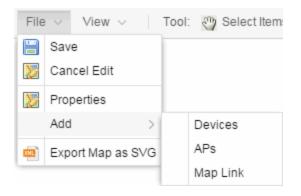
File Menu

The **File** menu allows you to change the map information, the devices, APs, and links displayed on the map, and export the map from Extreme Management Center.



**NOTE:** To change the image used for a device type in a map, right-click the device and select Customize Device Type Image. The Upload Custom Device Type Image window appears where you can drag and drop the new image file. The height and width of image files must be less than 1,000 pixels.

Selecting **Edit** opens the map in Edit mode and the **Add** menu is available, as shown below.



Selecting **Properties** opens the Map Properties window, which allows you to view and edit information about the map, including the map type, name, and background image. With an NMS-ADV license, the **Export Map as SVG** and **Export Map as ZIP** options are available in the **File** menu, which allow you to export the map in SVG or ZIP format, respectively.

When exporting a map in SVG format, the exported SVG file may open in a new tab or window, depending on how your browser is configured. The SVG file displays your exact view when you select **Export Map as SVG**. For example, if your map is zoomed in to only show two devices and the VLANs associated with those devices, your SVG file is identical to the view on your screen; displaying

the two devices surrounded by boxes containing the VLAN names. To save the SVG file locally, right-click the map and select **Save as**.

Only floorplan maps can be exported as a ZIP file. Floorplan maps you export as a ZIP file are typically used to import a floorplan into another instance of Extreme Management Center.

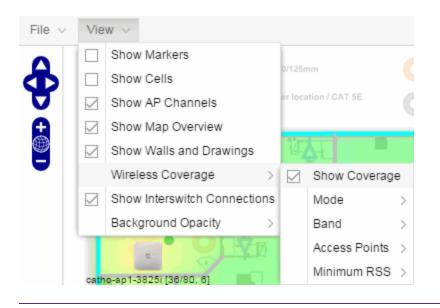
Additionally, by selecting **Edit** in the **File** menu, the map changes to Edit mode and the **Add** submenu is available, from which you can add devices, APs, and map links to the map. Edit mode also allows you to manipulate the existing devices, APs, and map links currently displayed on the map. Select **Cancel Edit** to exit Edit mode. If you made any changes to the map, a dialog box appears from which you can choose to save the changes or exit Edit mode without saving your changes.

#### View Menu

The View menu allows you to show or hide parts of your map. The options in the View menu do not change the information in the map, only allow you to show or hide additional information.

File $\lor$	Vie	w 🗸 Tool: 🥎 Select Items 🗸
^		Show Background Image
æ		Show Walls And Drawings
$\mathbf{\nabla}$		Show Devices and APs
A		Show Interswitch Connections
+		Automatic Layout
•		Background Opacity >

These options vary depending on the map Type. For example, floorplan maps display additional options, including the image you selected as the background of your map, the grid cells that establish the scale of the floorplan, the AP channels for floorplans, the map overview, the walls and drawings of the building, the wireless coverage within a floorplan, the interswitch connections, and the opacity of the background image.



**NOTE:** The floorplan map type is only available with the NMS-ADV license.

### Tool Menu

The **Tool** menu allows you to add lines and shapes to your maps. The following table includes descriptions of the various drawing tools accessed from the Tool menu.

Drawing Tool	Definition
	Select Items Select a line or shape for dragging or modification. Use the yellow drag handle to reposition the item; use the blue vertex to modify the shape. Click anywhere on the map and drag to reposition the map image.
4	Draw Polygon Position your cursor where you want to start drawing the polygon shape. Click once and draw the first line of the polygon. Click at each corner of the polygon. Double-click to release the polygon line. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw polygon tool.
	Draw Rectangle Position the cursor where you want the rectangle. Select and drag to draw the rectangle. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw rectangle tool.

Drawing Tool	Definition
2.	Add Text Select the map to open the Enter Text window. When you are finished entering your text, select <b>OK</b> . Position the cursor where you want to place the text and click to add the text to your map. Use the <b>Style</b> menu to change the text appearance.
	<b>Draw Triangle</b> Position the cursor where you want the triangle. Click and drag to draw the triangle. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw triangle tool.
	Draw Line Position your cursor where you want to start drawing the line. Click once and draw the line. Click to change line direction. While drawing, press the Delete key to delete the last vertex in the line. Double-click to release the line. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw line tool.
ſ	Rotate Shape Select the shape you want to rotate. Use the blue handle to rotate the shape to the desired position. (You can also right-click on an image and select Rotate Shape from the menu.)

### Pan and Zoom Control

Pan Control



The **Pan** control allows you to move left/right and up/down in the map. You can also change the position of the map by selecting and dragging the map in any direction.

#### Zoom Control



The **Zoom** control lets you zoom in and out of the map. You can also zoom in and out of the map by rotating the mouse scroll wheel forward and backward,

respectively. Selecting the globe icon in the center of the **Zoom** control resets the zoom and positioning for the map to the last view configured in edit mode.

**NOTE:** Changing the location and zoom using these controls and then saving the map saves those orientation changes to the map.

#### Search Field

Use the **Search** field to search for a wireless client, an AP, or for a device or wired client. Enter a MAC address, IP address, hostname, user name, or AP serial number in the **Search** field and press **Enter** to start a search for a device or wired client.

Selecting the **Refresh** button <sup>2</sup> to the right of the **Search** field refreshes the map, including the position of mobile devices connected to an AP. When you select the **Refresh** button, the position of mobile devices updates according to their most recent location.

# Viewing Alarm/Device Status

Maps display an integrated alarm/device status either to the right of a device or AP image, or incorporated as part of a map marker (if you have **Show Markers** selected from the map View menu). For example, the device below is down and a critical alarm is triggered (shown as a device image and as a marker).



Alarm status automatically updates every 30 seconds. Change this status refresh interval in the Extreme Management Center options (Administration > Options > OneView > Map).

- **T** (Red) Critical There is a critical alarm and the device is down.
- • (Orange) Error There is a problem with limited implications on the device.
- (Yellow) Warning There is a condition that might lead to a problem on the device.
- (Blue) Info There is an information-only alarm on the device.
- • (Green) Clear There are no alarms and the device is up.

Hover over a device or AP to view a pop-up that displays the IP address for a device or channels for an AP. Additionally, select the **more** link in the pop-up to access the DeviceView or additional information about the AP for a device or AP, respectively.

# Accessing Device Information

There are two ways to access additional device information from a map.

#### **Device Reports**

Launch device information reports from a right-click menu on a device or AP in a map. The menu displays different options based on the device type. You must be in Edit mode to see the **Remove From Map** option.

#### Device/AP Details

Right-click on a device in a map and select **DeviceView** or right-click on an AP in a map and select **AP Summary** to open a DeviceView (like the example shown below) or AP PortView window where you can see a device image and other important device information.

Dashboard	Devices	Discovered	Firmware	Archiv	es Reports	DeviceView -	×				
			=	Ports	User Sessions	Switch Resources	Power and Fan Sta	tus Storage Utili			
				o .				Q			
				Name		Default Role	Alias	Stats Port Type			
				Siot 1 [60 ports]							
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Last 24 Hou	rs.										
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1	] Lest C	Jpdated: 2/22/2017 9/3	7:08 AM Uptie	ne: 0 Days 00:1	8.28		Operations				

Additionally, the DeviceView and AP PortView windows contain tabs with additional information about the device or AP.

# Link Information

Links are displayed on Topology maps as lines between devices in your network. The line colors indicate the state and status of the link:

Color	Link State	Status
Green	Up	Operational
Red	Down	Not Operational
Yellow	Impaired	Partially Operational
Grey	Unknown	Operation Status Unknown

Each connection type is represented by a different line style:

- Basic links appear as thin green lines with no outlining.
- Shared links appear as basic links when the EAPS domain is not highlighted and appear as thick green lines outlined by a black solid line when you highlight the associated EAPS domain.
- Lag links also appear as thick green lines outlined by a black solid line, but are thicker than shared links and display regardless of what you highlight.



• Blocked links appear as a thin green line (similar to a Basic link) outlined by a dashed black line with a red ball icon on the end of the link where the port is blocked when you highlight the associated EAPS domain. Blocked links with both ports blocked display a red ball icon on both ends of the link. Blocked links appear as basic links when the EAPS domain is not highlighted.

### 2:23 - 3:49

Double-clicking a connection opens the Link Details window from which you can view additional details about the network connection and the devices it links.

Link Details (ge.1.1 -	ge.1.6)	
	Up Gigabit LLDP	
Endpoint 1:	Endpoint 2:	
	B-Series B3G124-48	≡
<ul> <li>Contact Establish</li> <li>00:11:88:59:6B:84</li> <li>06.61.12.0005</li> </ul>	ed 81 Days 23:39:53 063801569041 01.00.53	
Enterasys Networks, Inc.	. B3G124-48 Rev 06.61.12.0005	
Availability:		
	c	lose

# Network Details Section

The Network Details section is available in topology and geographic maps. It contains several tabs, depending on the devices included in the map:

- Map tab Displays information about the map
- EAPS Summary tab Lists information about any devices configured with Extreme's Ethernet Automatic Protection Switching feature
- Link Summary tab Displays information about the network connections between devices
- VLAN Summary tab Lists any virtual local area networks within the map
- MLAG Summary tab Lists devices configured in a multi-switch link aggregation group
- VPLS Summary tab Displays information about site connectivity within a private VLAN
- Extended Bridges tab Displays the extended bridges within the map

### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# Maps

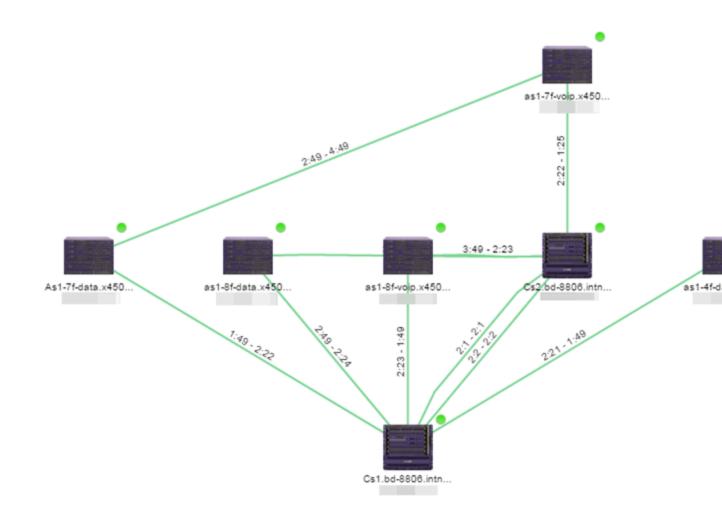
Extreme Management Center includes tools that you can use to create geographic and topology maps of devices and floor plans of wireless access points (APs) on your network. Use maps to view devices and network connections, device and alarm status; access device and connection information via a right-click menu off the device; and search for devices, APs, and wired or wireless clients.

You can include port extenders in a map. If you choose not to add port extenders to a map, the ports on the port extender are shown as part of the controlling bridge.

Maps are configured in various places on the **Network > Devices** tab.

You can create three types of maps, each presenting a different visual representation of your network:

 Topology (default) — A topology map shows how devices are connected in a network, specifically, the state and speed of the network connections between devices as well as the state of the devices in the network. You can also create a topology map with a background image, giving you additional information about the devices and connections that make up the network.



For additional information about devices and links in a Topology map, see the <u>Viewing Alarm and Device Status</u> and <u>Link Information</u> sections.

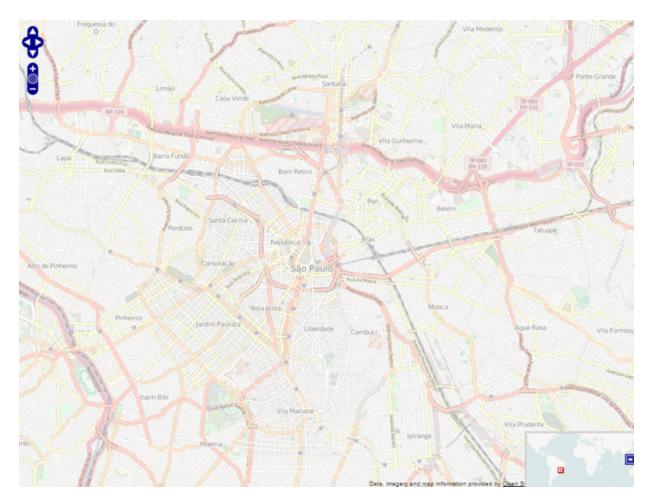
• Floorplan — The floorplan map displays the location of APs in a floorplan you configure. Using information about the size and composition of the building, this map provides an overview of the coverage of wireless APs.



**NOTE:** The floorplan map type is only available with the NMS-ADV license. For additional information, see Advanced Map Features.

• Geographic — The Geographic map shows a global or regional view where network locations are shown geographically. This map is useful for networks spread across large geographical areas or as a top-level map used to organize multiple networks in different locations.

**NOTE:** The geographic map type is hosted by OpenStreetMap on an external server. For users with security concerns or if access to third-party servers is prohibited, use the topology map type.



This Help topic provides the following information for Maps.

- Navigating Maps
  - World Map Navigation Tree
  - Main Map View
  - <u>Viewing Alarm/Device Status</u>
  - Accessing Device Information
  - Link Information
  - Network Details Section
- Performing a Search
  - Finding a Wireless Client
  - Finding an Access Point

- Finding a Device
- Finding a Wired Client
- Using Map Links

For information on creating maps, see How to Create and Edit Maps.

For information on advanced location (triangulation) and wireless coverage maps (available with the NMS-ADV license), see Advanced Map Features.

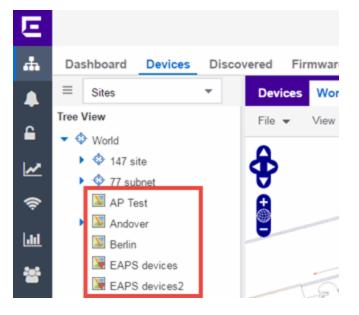
To view or search Maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read Access or Maps Read/Write Access capability.

After you create a map, you can then make it a site. Sites allow you to set a default configuration for devices added to your network.

# Navigating the Map Tab

# World Map Navigation Tree

As you create your maps, they appear in the **Network** > **Devices** tab navigation tree by selecting **Sites**, nested under the map you configure as the **Parent Map**.



As shown in the image above, you also have the ability to nest maps within other maps. This allows you to organize certain maps as a subset of other maps (for

example, creating a building map and then creating a map for each of the floors of the building).

## Create Map

Right-click a map in the right-panel navigation tree and select **Maps** > **Create New Map** to create a new map. The first map you create is nested under the World Map. All subsequent maps are nested under the map you right-click when creating the new map.

## Edit Map

Right-click a map in the navigation tree and select **Maps** > **Edit Map** to open an existing map in . Edit mode allows you to add new or move existing devices, APs, and map links on a map.

### Import Map

You can also import a saved map by right-clicking a map in the navigation tree and selecting **Maps** > **Import Map**. This opens the Import Map window.

# Main Map View

The Main Map view displays your map with all of the devices, network connections, links, or APs, depending on the <u>type of map</u>. In the Main Map view, you can reorganize the orientation of elements in your map and view the status and details of the elements within the map. The Main Map view also contains the following controls for working with maps:

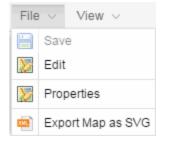
- File, View, and Tool Menus
- Pan and Zoom Control
- Search Field

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## File, View, and Tool Menus

#### File Menu

The **File** menu allows you to change the map information, the devices, APs, and links displayed on the map, and export the map from Extreme Management Center.



**NOTE:** To change the image used for a device type in a map, right-click the device and select Customize Device Type Image. The Upload Custom Device Type Image window appears where you can drag and drop the new image file. The height and width of image files must be less than 1,000 pixels.

Selecting **Edit** opens the map in Edit mode and the **Add** menu is available, as shown below.

File	View V	Tool:	🤭 Select Item
	Save		
>>>	Cancel Edit		
>>	Properties		
	Add >		Devices
	Export Map as SVG		APs
			Map Link

Selecting **Properties** opens the Map Properties window, which allows you to view and edit information about the map, including the map type, name, and background image. With an NMS-ADV license, the **Export Map as SVG** and **Export Map as ZIP** options are available in the **File** menu, which allow you to export the map in SVG or ZIP format, respectively.

When exporting a map in SVG format, the exported SVG file may open in a new tab or window, depending on how your browser is configured. The SVG file displays your exact view when you select **Export Map as SVG**. For example, if your map is zoomed in to only show two devices and the VLANs associated with those devices, your SVG file is identical to the view on your screen; displaying the two devices surrounded by boxes containing the VLAN names. To save the SVG file locally, right-click the map and select **Save as**.

**NOTE:** For additional information regarding displaying VLANs in a map, see the <u>VLAN tab section</u>.

Only floorplan maps can be exported as a ZIP file. Floorplan maps you export as a ZIP file are typically used to import a floorplan into another instance of Extreme Management Center.

Additionally, by selecting **Edit** in the **File** menu, the map changes to Edit mode and the **Add** submenu is available, from which you can add devices, APs, and map links to the map. Edit mode also allows you to manipulate the existing devices, APs, and map links currently displayed on the map. Select **Cancel Edit** to exit Edit mode. If you made any changes to the map, a dialog box appears from which you can choose to save the changes or exit Edit mode without saving your changes.

#### View Menu

The View menu allows you to show or hide parts of your map. The options in the View menu do not change the information in the map, only allow you to show or hide additional information.

File $\lor$	Vie	w 🗸 🛛 Tool: 🤭 Select Iten	ns 🗸
^	$\checkmark$	Show Background Image	
æ	$\checkmark$	Show Walls And Drawings	
	$\checkmark$	Show Devices and APs	
A	$\checkmark$	Show Interswitch Connections	
+		Automatic Layout	
•		Background Opacity >	

These options vary depending on the map Type. For example, floorplan maps display additional options, including the image you selected as the background of your map, the grid cells that establish the scale of the floorplan, the AP channels for floorplans, the map overview, the walls and drawings of the building, the wireless coverage within a floorplan, the interswitch connections, and the opacity of the background image.

File $\lor$	Vie	w -~ -			
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â		Show Cells	0/125n	nm	
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		Background Opacity >		Band	>
				Access Points	>
	cath	o-ap1-3825i [36/80, 6]		Minimum RSS	>

**NOTE:** The floorplan map type is only available with the NMS-ADV license. For additional information, see Advanced Map Features.

Tool Menu

The **Tool** menu allows you to add lines and shapes to your maps. The following table includes descriptions of the various drawing tools accessed from the Tool menu.

Drawing Tool	Definition
	Select Items Select a line or shape to select it for dragging or modification. Use the yellow drag handle to reposition the item; use the blue vertex to modify the shape. Click anywhere on the map and drag to reposition the map image.
	Draw Polygon Position your cursor where you want to start drawing the polygon shape. Click once and draw the first line of the polygon. Click at each corner of the polygon. Double-click to release the polygon line. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw polygon tool.
	Draw Rectangle Position the cursor where you want the rectangle. Click and drag to draw the rectangle. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw rectangle tool.
2.	Add Text Select the map to open the Enter Text window. When you are finished entering your text, select OK. Position the cursor where you want to place the text and click to add the text to your map. Use the Style menu to change the text appearance.
	<b>Draw Triangle</b> Position the cursor where you want the triangle. Click and drag to draw the triangle. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw triangle tool.
	Draw Line Position your cursor where you want to start drawing the line. Click once and draw the line. Click to change line direction. While drawing, press the Delete key to delete the last vertex in the line. Double-click to release the line. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw line tool.
ſ£	Rotate Shape Select the shape you want to rotate. Use the blue handle to rotate the shape to the desired position. (You can also right-click on an image and select Rotate Shape from the menu.)

# Pan and Zoom Control

Pan Control



The **Pan** control allows you to move left/right and up/down in the map. You can also change the position of the map by selecting and dragging the map in any direction.

Zoom Control



The **Zoom** control lets you zoom in and out of the map. You can also zoom in and out of the map by rotating the mouse scroll wheel forward and backward, respectively. Selecting the globe icon in the center of the **Zoom** control resets the zoom and positioning for the map to the last view configured in edit mode.

**NOTE:** Changing the location and zoom using these controls and then saving the map saves those orientation changes to the map.

# Search Field

The **Search** field allows you to search for a wireless client, an AP, or for a device or wired client. Enter a MAC address, IP address, hostname, user name, or AP serial number in the **Search** field and press **Enter** to start a search for a device or wired client.

Selecting the **Refresh** button <sup>2</sup> to the right of the **Search** field refreshes the map, including the position of mobile devices connected to an AP. When you select the **Refresh** button, the position of mobile devices updates according to their most recent location.

For additional information, see <u>Performing a Search</u>.

# Viewing Alarm/Device Status

Maps display an integrated alarm/device status either to the right of a device or AP image, or incorporated as part of a map marker (if you have **Show Markers** 

selected from the map View menu). For example, the device below is down and a critical alarm is triggered (shown as a device image and as a marker).



Alarm status automatically updates every 30 seconds. Change this status refresh interval in the Extreme Management Center options (Administration > Options > OneView > Map).

- ▼ (Red) Critical There is a critical alarm and the device is down.
- (Yellow) Warning There is a condition that might lead to a problem on the device.
- ■ (Blue) Info There is an information-only alarm on the device.
- • (Green) Clear There are no alarms and the device is up.

Hover over a device or AP to view a pop-up that displays the IP address for a device or channels for an AP. Additionally, click the **more** link in the pop-up to access the or additional information about the AP for a device or AP, respectively.

# Accessing Device Information

There are two ways to access additional device information from a map.

### **Device Reports**

Launch device information reports from a right-click menu on a device or AP in a map. The menu displays different options based on the device type. You must be in Edit mode to see the **Remove From Map** option.

### Device/AP Details

Right-click on a device in a map and select **DeviceView** or right-click on an AP in a map and select **AP Summary** to open a DeviceView (like the example shown below) or AP PortView window where you can see a device image and other important device information.

Dashboard Devic	es Discovered	Firmwar	e A	Archive	es Reports	DeviceView -	×		
1		≡	< P	Ports	User Sessions	Switch Resources	Power and Fan Statu	is Sto	orage Utili
			c	÷					Q
			Name	•		Default Role	Alias	Stats	Port Type
			× 8		[60 ports]				
Matrix N-Se	ries Matrix N7 Gold		_		al Ports [7 ports] Components				
Contact Establishe 00:01:F4:00:7F:34	d 164 Days 02:00:25 0001F4007F34								
07.62.01.0004	01.00.10								
Enterasys Networks, Inc. M									
07.62.01.0004 02/01/2012	217341 oft								
Last 24 Hours									
Availability:									
CPU:									
Memory:									
			•						+
[] [] [] []	.est Updated: 2/22/2017 9:	37:08 AM Up6	ne: 0 De	ays 00:18	1.28		Operations	91	

Additionally, the DeviceView and AP PortView windows contain tabs with additional information about the device or AP.

# Link Information

Links are displayed on Topology maps as lines between devices in your network. The line colors indicate the state and status of the link:

Color	Link State	Status
Green	Up	Operational
Red	Down	Not Operational
Yellow	Impaired	Partially Operational
Grey	Unknown	Operation Status Unknown

Each connection type is represented by a different line style:

- Basic links appear as thin green lines with no outlining.
- Shared links appear as basic links when the EAPS domain is not highlighted and appear as thick green lines outlined by a black solid line when you highlight the associated EAPS domain.

• Lag links also appear as thick green lines outlined by a black solid line, but are thicker than shared links and display regardless of what you highlight.



 Blocked links appear as a thin green line (similar to a Basic link) outlined by a dashed black line with a red ball icon on the end of the link where the port is blocked when you highlight the associated EAPS domain. Blocked links with both ports blocked display a red ball icon on both ends of the link. Blocked links appear as basic links when the EAPS domain is not highlighted.



• Links connecting a port extender to its controlling bridge appear as dashed lines. If these links are LAG links, they appear as thick dashed lines.



Double-clicking a connection opens the Link Details window from which you can view additional details about the network connection and the devices it links.

Link Details (ge.1.1 -	ge.1.6)	
Link State Link Speed Discovery Protocol	-	
Endpoint 1:	Endpoint 2:	
	B-Series B3G124-48	=
Contact Establish 00:11:88:59:6B:84 06.61.12.0005	ed 81 Days 23:39:53 063801569041 01.00.53	
Enterasys Networks, Inc Last 24 Hours	. B3G124-48 Rev 06.61.12.0005	
Availability:		
		Close

# Network Details Section

The Network Details section is available in topology and geographic maps. It contains up to five tabs, depending on the devices included in the map:

- <u>Map tab</u> Displays information about the map
- Links tab Displays information about the network connections between devices
- <u>VLAN tab</u> Lists any virtual local area networks within the map
- <u>MLAG tab</u> Lists devices configured in a multi-switch link aggregation group
- <u>EAPS tab</u> Lists information about any devices configured with Extreme's Ethernet Automatic Protection Switching feature

#### Map tab

The **Map** tab displays basic information about the map, including the name of the map, the map type, and the background image, as well as the number of devices, APs, and drawings on the map.

Network Details							
Мар	Links	VLAN					
Ма	p Name:	77 subnet					
Μ	ар Туре:	Topology					
	Image:	None					
	Devices:	20					
Acces	s Points:	0					
Total D	rawings:	0					

### Links tab

The **Links** tab displays the Link Summary table for maps with one or more network connections, which contains detailed information about the network connections between devices. Selecting one of the links in the table highlights the link in the map.

N	etwork	Details				Þ			
N	lap Li	nks VLAN							
O New Shared Link O Delete Shared Link									
	Stat	Name	A Device Na	A Device Type	A IP Address	A Port Name			
	•			X450-G2-48t-GE4		1:47			
0	•			X450-G2-48t-GE4		1:5			
0	•			B3G124-48		ge.1.1 (10.5			
	•			A4H254-8F8T		fe.2.1 (Netv.			
0	•			13H252-02		fe.1.1			
	•			7100 Virtual Swi		ge.1.26			
0	•			X460-G2-24t-10		1:18			
	•			X460-G2-24t-10		1:8			
0	•			X460-G2-24t-10		1:13			
	•			X460-G2-24t-10		1:4			
0	•			X460-G2-24t-10		1:6			
ļ	•			X460-G2-24t-10		1:17			
~	<	Page 1 of 1   > >   2	📑 Reset	Displ	aying Link Summ	ary 1 - 39 of 39			

The top of the **Links** tab contains a search field, which allows you to find a particular Link by entering specific criteria. Additionally, you can manually browse links using the scroll bar and page navigation at the bottom of the section.

Double-clicking a link opens the Link Details window.

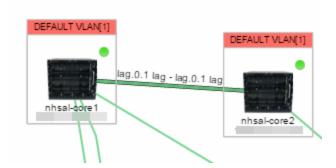
The top of the window displays information about the link, while information about the devices it connects are contained on two tabs, Endpoint 1 and Endpoint 2.

# VLAN tab

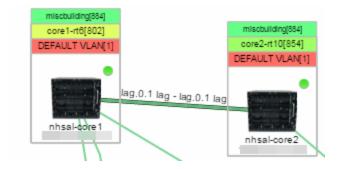
The VLAN tab displays VLANs configured as part of devices included in the map. Columns in the VLAN tab provide additional information, including the VLAN tag, the name of the VLAN, any protocol filters applied for devices on which the VLAN is configured, and whether or not IP forwarding is enabled for the VLAN.

Network Details						Þ
Map Links VL	AN					
🔕 New 👻 🔯 E	dit 👻 🤤 Delete		$\nabla$	Show Filters   Q	Refresh Off	-
VLAN Tag †	Name	Protocol Address	Protocol Filter	IP Forwarding	Туре	
<b>—</b> 🗌 1	Default				VLAN	-
<b>—</b> 🗌 1	DEFAULT VLAN				VLAN	
<b>—</b> 🗌 2	mgmt-vlan				VLAN	
<b>—</b> 🗋 2	VLAN_Two				VLAN	
<mark>- ]</mark> 2					VLAN	
<u> </u>	Test				VLAN	
<b>—</b> 🗋 3	Edge				VLAN	
<b>—</b> 🗌 4					VLAN	
<b>—</b> 🗌 4	STCOP				VLAN	
- 🗆 5					VLAN	
<b>—</b> 🗌 6	IT Staff Vlan				VLAN	
- 7	VLAN_7				VLAN	*
•						,
« < Page 1	lof1   > ⇒	🛛 😂 🛛 🎆 Reset		Displaying VLAN S	ummary 1 - 32 d	of 32

Selecting the checkbox associated with a VLAN highlights any devices to which that VLAN is assigned by surrounding the device in a box with a color-coded title bar containing the VLAN name.



Selecting multiple VLANs assigned to the same device adds a new title bar to the box that displays the VLAN name and associated color.



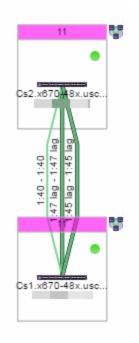
Additionally, from the VLAN tab, you can create a new VLAN and create a VLAN protected by an EAPS domain via the New drop-down list or edit the ports, name, and devices associated with an existing VLAN via the Edit drop-down list. For more information, see How to Create and Edit VLANs.

# MLAG tab

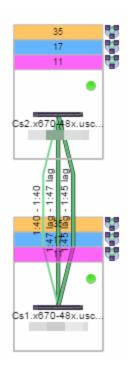
The **MLAG** Summary tab provides a list of the MLAGs (ports combined as a common logical connection on devices) included in the map. The list provides the MLAG's status, ID, ISC VLAN tag, the names and addresses of the devices configured as part of the MLAG, and the ports on those devices assigned as part of the MLAG. Additionally, the Connected IP column displays the IP of the switch to which the MLAG is connected.

Network	Detai	ls				Q
Мар	Links	MLAG	EAPS			
MLAG S	umma	ary				
🖸 🔝 R	eset			💎 sh	ow Filters   Q	Refresh Off
Sta	atus	MLAG ID .	ISC VLAN Tag	A Name	A IP Address	B Name
- 🗆 🐯	Up	11	isc[2]	Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	•	Cs2.x670
- 🗆 🐯	Up	12	isc[2]	o Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	•	<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	13	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	•	<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	14	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	•	Cs2.x670
_ 🗆 🐯	Up	15	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas		Cs2.x670
- 🗆 🐯	Up	16	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas		<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
_ 🗆 🐯	Up	17	isc[2]	o Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	•	<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	18	isc[2]	o Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	•	<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
_ 🗆 😽	Up	21	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	•	<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	22	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	•	Cs2.x670
- 🗆 🐝	Up	23	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	•	<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	24	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	•	<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	25	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	•	<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	26	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas		Cs2.x670
- 🗆 😽	Up	27	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	•	Cs2.x670
- 🗆 🐯	Up	28	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs2.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	•	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	31	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	•	<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	33	isc[2]	o Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	•	<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
_ 🗆 🐯	Up	35	isc[2]	Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	0	Cs2.x670

Selecting the checkbox associated with an MLAG highlights any devices containing ports associated with the MLAG by surrounding the device in a box with a color-coded title bar containing the MLAG ID.



Selecting multiple MLAGs assigned to the same device adds a new title bar to the box containing the VLAN name and associated color.

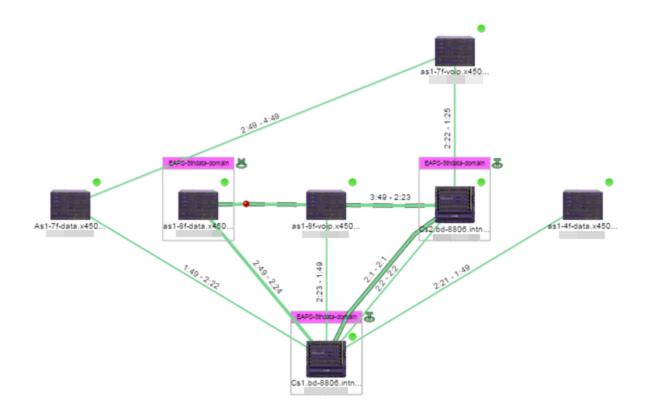


# EAPS tab

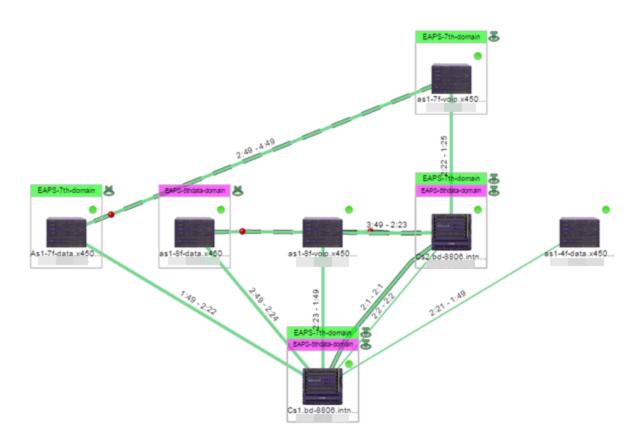
The **EAPS** tab displays a list of the EAPS domains, including their status, name, the control VLAN name, and the IP addresses of the devices utilizing the EAPS domain.

Network	Details			$\bigcirc$
Мар	Links MLAG	EAPS		
EAPS SI	ummary			
🔁 🔜 R	Reset 💿 New	闝 Edit 🗸 🤤 Delete	🖓 Show Filters	Q
	omain Status	Name 🔺	Control VLAN	Last C
- 0 0	Complete	EAPS-4th-domain	EAPS-4th-Control[1004]	06/27/
- 00	Complete	EAPS-7th-domain	EAPS-7th-Control[1003]	06/27/2
$-\Box$	Complete	EAPS-8thdata-domain	EAPS-8thdata-Control[1	06/27/2
- 00	Master not found	EAPS-8thvoip-domain	EAPS-8thVoip-Control[1	06/27/2
	Unknown	eaps-8thvoip-domain	EAPS-8thVoip-Control[1	06/27/2
- 00	Master not found	sc-storage	storage-control[3940]	06/27/2

Selecting the checkbox associated with an EAPS domain highlights any devices containing ports associated with the EAPS domain by surrounding the device in a box with a color-coded title bar containing the EAPS name.



Selecting multiple EAPS domains assigned to the same device adds a new title bar to the box containing the EAPS name and associated color.



An icon next to the title bar indicates if the node is a master node, indicated by an "M" icon a, or if the node is a transit node, indicated by a "T" icon a.

The color of the ring icon indicates the status of the domain:

- Green Indicates all domains in which this device participates are fully operational
- Yellow Indicates one or more of the domains is not fully operational, but is in a transitional state or an unknown state (as when the device is SNMP unreachable)
- Red Indicates one or more of the domains is not operational (the device's master domain is in a failed state or a transit node is in a "links down" state)
- Grey Indicates the EAPS domain is disabled

When selecting an EAPS domain, link information is also displayed. A single green line means a link that is not shared, while a dashed line between devices means the link is shared. A red dot icon on a shared link indicates the secondary link is blocked.



You can view additional details about the EAPS domain by right-clicking an EAPS domain on the **EAPS** tab and selecting **EAPS Details** to open the EAPS Detail view.

Devices E	APS Details - EAPS	-4th-domain	_										
EAPS Details	EAPS Details - EAPS-4th-domain												
😂 🐻 Reset	😂 🐻 Reset 🔕 New 📷 Edit 🗸 🥥 Delete												
Domain Status	Name +		Control VLAN	Le	st Changed		Devices						
<ul> <li>Complete</li> </ul>	EAPS-48-	domain	EAPS-4th-Co	ntro(1004) 06	27/2015 07:53:58 P	M							
Devices P	orts Links N	laster VLAN D	letails										
with the state of	EAPS Domain												
IP Address 🔺	CAPS Domain	Primary Port	Primary Status	Secondary Port	Secondary Status	EAPS Enabled	EAPS Mode	Domain Status	Fast Convergence	Priority	Failed Timer	Failed Timer Action	Device Type
P Address A	EAPS-4th-domain		Primary Status Up	Secondary Port 2:1	Secondary Status Up	EAPS Enabled true	EAPS Mode Transit	Domain Status Link Up	Fast Convergence Off	Priority normal		Failed Timer Action Send Alert	Device Type BD 8806
P ADDITISS A		2:21									3		

The top of the EAPS Details view displays a summary of the EAPS domain, identical to the information displayed in the **EAPS** tab. At the bottom of the window are three sub-tabs, which display additional information:

• Devices – Displays information about the devices using the EAPS domain.

Devices	P	orts Links I	Aaster VLAN (	Details										
IP Address	*	EAPS Domain	Primary Port	Primary Status	Secondary Port	Secondary Status	EAPS Enabled	EAPS Mode	Domain Status	Fast Convergence	Priority	Falled Timer	Failed Timer Action	Device Type
		EAPS-4th-domain	2:21	Up	2.1	Up	true	Transit	Link Up	0#	normail	3	Send Alert	BO 8806
		EAPS-4th-domain	2.21	Up	2.1	Up	true	Transit	Link Up	0#	normai	3	Send Alert	BD 8806
		EAPS-4th-domain	1:49	Up	2:49	Blocked	true	Master	Complete	0#	normail	3	Send Alert	EXIOS Stack

• **Ports** — Displays information about the shared ports associated with the EAPS domain.

Devices	Ports L	inks Maste	r VLAN Deta	kits										
Shared	Display	Device Mode	Mode	Status in Domain	Shared-Port Link ID	Neighbor-Port Statu	Root Blocker Status	Shared-Port Statu	Expiry Action	Segment Health Interva	Segment Timeout	Link State	Device IP Address	Shared-Port Mode
Shared	2:1 [2001]	Transit	Secondary	Complete	1	Up	False	Ready	Send Alert	1	3	up		Controller
Not shared	2:49 [2049]	Master	Secondary	Link up		-		-	-	-	-			
Not shared	2:21 [2021]	Transit	Primary	Complete		-		-	-	-	-			
Not shared	1:49 [1049]	Master	Primary	Complete		-		-	-	-	-	up		
Shared	2:1 [2001]	Transit	Secondary	Complete	1	Up	False	Ready	Send Alert	1	3	up		Partner
Not shared	2:21 [2021]	Transit	Primary	Complete		-		-	-	-	-			

• Links – Displays links between devices using the EAPS domain.

Devices Ports	Links Master VL	AN Details										
Status Name		A Device Name	A Device Type	A IP Address 🔺	A Port Name	B Device Name	B Device Type	B IP Address	8 Port Name	Protocol	Device Status	Туре
		Cs1.bd-8806.l	BD 8806		2:1	Cs2.bd-8806.i	BD 8806		21	EOP	Reachable	Shared Physi
		Cs1.bd-8806.i	BD 8806		2:21	as1-45-data.x4	EXOS Stack		1:49	EDP	Reachable	Physical
		Cs2.bd-8806.i	BD 8806		2:1	Cs1.bd-8806.i	BD 8806		21	EOP	Reachable	Shared Physi
		Cs2.bd-8806.i	BD 8806		2:21	02:04:96:35:0			1:49	EDP	Reachable	Physical
		as1-4f-data.x4	EXOS Stack		2:49	02:04:96:35:0			2:40	EOP	Reachable	Physical
		as1-4f-data.x4	EXOS Stack		1:49	Cs1.bd-8806.i	BD 8806		2.21	EDP	Reachable	Physical

• Master VLAN Details — Displays details about the master VLAN associated with the EAPS domain.

Devices	Ports	Links	Master VLAN Details
Tag	VLAN Na	me	VLAN Type
15	wlan		protected
16	wlanc		protected
41	CXICHE4	-Data-4th	protected
40	CXICHE4	-LAN-Node	e protected
21	CXICHE4	-∨oip-4th	protected
1004	EAPS-4th	-Control	control

selecting the **New EAPS Domain** button opens the New EAPS Domain wizard, which allows you to create a new EAPS domain. For additional information, see How to Create a New EAPS Domain.

# **Performing a Search**

You can search for a wireless client, an AP, a device, or a wired client on the **Search** tab. From the tab, select **Search Maps** from the Search drop-down list, enter the MAC Address, IP Address, hostname, user name, AP serial number or ExtremeControl custom field information, and press **Enter**.

You can also search for specific wireless clients, access points, devices, and wired clients from different locations in Extreme Management Center, outlined below.

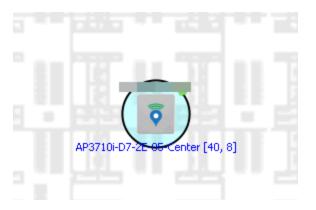
# Finding a Wireless Client

### From the Search Field on the Network Tab

You can locate a wireless client connected to an AP added to a map by selecting a map or the map navigation tree and use the **Search** field on the **Network** tab. To start a search for a wireless client, enter a MAC address, IP address, hostname, or user name in the map **Search** field and press **Enter**.

The search uses RSS-based (Received Signal Strength) location services to locate the wireless client and display the approximate location of the client on the map. For more information, see Advanced Map Features.

The map opens with the AP centered on the map, with a circle showing the possible area where the client is located. If that information is not available, a square is drawn around the AP last associated with the client.



## From the Wireless Tab

In addition to using the **Network** tab Search, you can locate a wireless client from the **Wireless** tab. Select a client in the Clients view, right-click and select **Search Maps**. The map opens centered on the AP, with a circle showing the possible area where the client is located. Mouse over the client icon to see a tooltip with client information.

**NOTE:** Tooltip information is based on current data from the wireless domain unless the client icon displays a clock in the center. In that case, the tooltip information is based on historic data from the Wireless > Clients page.

# Radius Distance Calculation

The following distance calculation defines the radius of the circle displayed around the wireless client located on the map.

Path loss per meter in free space = L1 = 20 \* log (10) (f) - 28

where:

- [f] is the frequency in MHz (Uses Source SNMP MIB dot11ExtSmtCurrentChannel or if that value is 0, uses MIB dot11ExtSmtCurChanSelectedByAP)
- [L1] is the path loss on distance of 1 meter

Radial distance for location = d(RSS,n) = 10 ^(pTx - RSS - L1)/(10\*n) where:

- [n] is the coefficient for the environment
- [pTx] is the transmit power (dB)
- [RSS] is the Received Signal Strength
- [d] is the distance in meters

# Finding an Access Point

### From the Wireless Tab

You can locate an AP from the Access Points table in the **Wireless** tab. Select an AP in the table, right-click and select **Search Maps**. If a map contains the AP, the map opens with the AP centered on the map.

### From the Reports Page

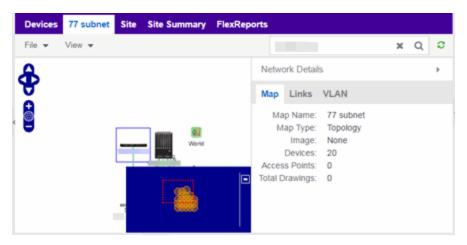
You can locate an AP from the Wireless > APs Summary report on the **Reports** tab. Select an AP in the table, right-click and select **Search Maps**. If a map contains the AP, the map opens with the AP centered on the map.

# Finding a Device

### From the Network Page Search Field

Select a map or the map navigation tree, enter an IP address or hostname for the device in the **Network** tab **Search** box and press **Enter** to start a search.

The search locates a device added to a map. The map centers on the device. The screen shot below shows the results for a search on a specific IP address.



## Finding a Wired Client

### From the Network Tab Search Field

Select a map or the map navigation tree, enter a MAC address, IP address, hostname, or user name in the **Network** tab **Search** box and press **Enter** to start a search for a wired client.

The search locates a wired client if the client is ExtremeControl authenticated and is connected to a switch added to a map. The map centers on the wired client.

### From the Control Tab

You can also locate an ExtremeControl authenticated wired client from the **Control > ExtremeControl** tab. Select an end-system in the End-Systems view, right-click and select **Search Maps**. If the end-system is connected to a switch added to a map, the map opens with the end-system centered on the map.

# **Using Map Links**

You can use map links to jump from one map to another. Map links display the name of the map and an aggregated alarm/device status for the linked map. Double-click on the link to go to the linked map. You must be in Edit mode to add a link to a map.

For example, the following map link lets you jump to the Second Floor map. The link is green, indicating that there are no devices with alarms on the Second Floor map.



The following map link lets you jump to the First Floor map. The link is red, indicating that there is an alarm for a device on the First Floor map.



Additionally, you can use map links to display Application data based on ExtremeAnalytics network locations. For additional information, see Advanced Map Features.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- How to Create and Edit Maps
- Advanced Map Features
- <u>Sites</u>

# **Create and Edit Maps**

The Extreme Management Center Maps feature lets you create maps of the devices and wireless access points (APs) on your network. Begin by selecting a background image to serve as a map, such as a building or floor plan, and then position your managed devices and wireless APs on the map. For example, a typical map might present an office floor plan that shows the location of wireless access points.

For introductory information on maps in Extreme Management Center, see Extreme Management Center Maps.

This Help topic provides the following information on creating and editing maps.

- Creating a New Map
- Importing a Map
- Adding Devices/APs from Extreme Management Center Devices and Wireless
  - Add to a Specific Map
  - Add to New Maps Based on Location
- <u>Creating a Manual Link Between Devices</u>
- Adding Map Links
- Setting the Map Scale

For information on creating custom floor plans, advanced location (triangulation), and wireless coverage maps (available with the NMS-ADV license), see Advanced Map Features.

In order to create or edit Maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access capability.

## **Creating a Map**

The instructions in this section describe how to create a new Device map.

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center and click on the **Network** tab.
- 2. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 3. In the left-panel select **Sites**.

4. Right-click a site or map and click Maps/Sites > Create Map.

**NOTE:** You cannot create a new map if you are currently editing another map.

5. Enter a name for the map and click **OK**.

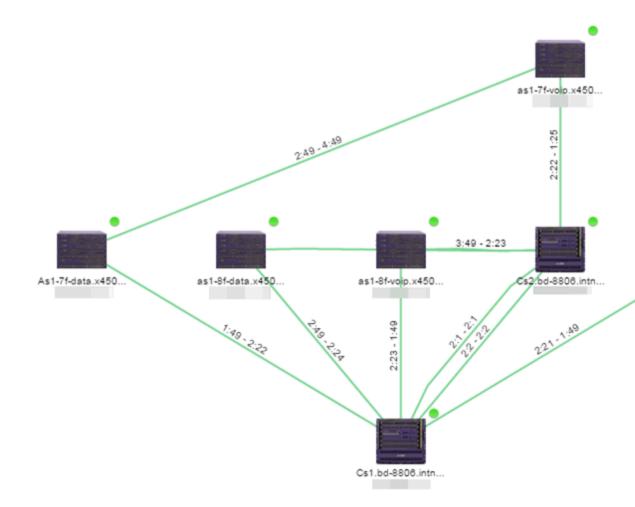
A new map is added to the tree underneath the map you selected and the Maps section of the window opens.

The new map is initially blank unless you create it from a device or AP by selecting the device or AP, clicking the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-clicking the device or AP and selecting **Maps** > **Create Map**. To begin adding devices, APs and links to the map, proceed to <u>Step 7</u>. Proceed to the following step to edit the map properties.

6. Click **File** > **Properties** to open the Map Properties window from which you can edit the map criteria.

Map Properties		×
Map Name:	Salem	
Мар Туре:	Topology	•
Parent Map:	World : Site	
Pan/Zoom Control:	Enable Pan and Zoom	•
	Save	Cancel

- a. In the Map Name field, change the name for the map, if necessary.
- b. In the Map Type drop-down list, select the type of map you are creating.
  - Topology (*default*) A topology map shows the state and speed of the network connections between devices as well as the state of the devices in the network.



Double-clicking a connection opens the Link Details window from which you can view additional details about the network connection and the devices it links.

Link Details (ge.1.1 - ge.1.6)	
Link State Up Link Speed Gigabit Discovery Protocol LLDP	
Endpoint 1: Endpoint 2:	
3 <b>****** *****</b> B-Series B3G124-48	=
Contact Established         81 Days 23:39:53           00:11:88:59:6B:84         063801569041           06.61.12.0005         01.00.53	
Enterasys Networks, Inc. B3G124-48 Rev 06.61.12.0005 Last 24 Hours	
Availability: CPU: Memory:	
	Close

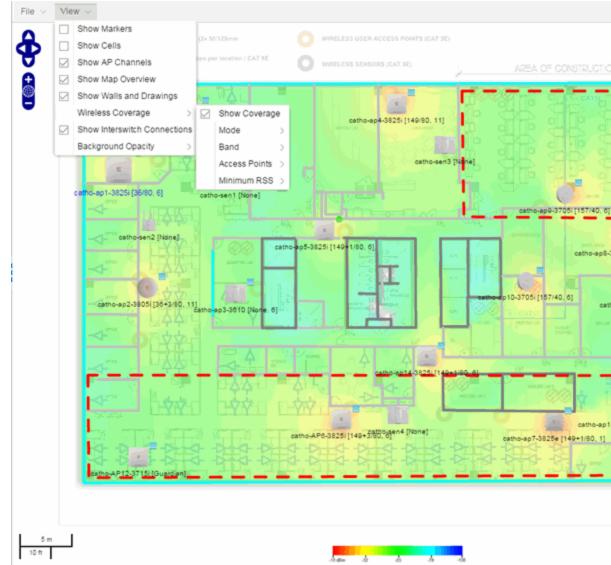
 Topology - Background — Use a custom image to serve as the background of your map. The Map feature supports images in the .png, .gif, and .jpg format. The maximum image size is 3,000 x 2,000 pixels. Images larger than this are automatically scaled down to the maximum size allowed. To use an image larger than 3,000 x 2,000 pixels, open the NSJBoss.properties file and edit the pixel value of the oneView.maxImageSize=3000x2000 line.

**CAUTION:** Increasing the oneView.maxImageSize value may cause stability issues.

If you select this option, a **Map Image** field displays under the **Map Type** field. In the **Map Image** field, use the drop-down list to select an image or click the <sup>O</sup> button to open a window where you can select a local image and upload it to the Extreme Management Center server.

**CAUTION:** If you upload a map image and an image with the same name already exists, the existing image is replaced.

• Floorplan — Use the Floorplan map to display coverage of wireless APs within a building floorplan.



If you select Floorplan, select the map Environment, which is the type of environment where your network devices are physically located. If your map includes wireless APs, the environment is used for RSS-based (Received Signal Strength) location services to help determine the radius of the circle displayed around an AP following a wireless client search. The radius shows the possible area where the client is located. For example, if you select open space environment, then the radius of the circle is larger than if you select brick walls environment because the AP's radio frequencies are not be obstructed by any walls, and the area where a client might be located is larger. See Finding a Wireless Client for more information.

- Open space The wireless APs are located in an environment with no walls or cubicles.
- Office cubicles The wireless APs are located in an environment with cubicle offices present.
- Drywall The wireless APs are located in an environment where the office wall composition is drywall.
- Brick walls The wireless APs are located in an environment where there are brick walls present.
- Custom For customers with a NMS-ADV license, use this option to create custom floor plans. For more information, see Advanced Map Features.

An additional Floor Plan option is available for users with the Extreme Management Center NMS-ADV license. For information on creating a custom floor plan design, see Designing a Floor Plan.

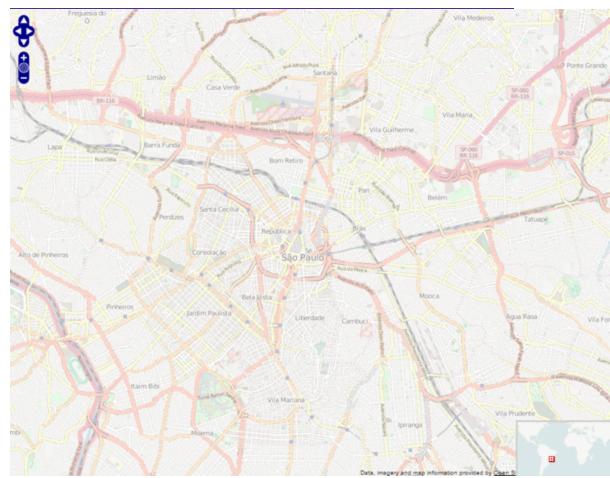
A **Map Image** field is displayed under the **Environment** field. In the **Map Image** field, use the drop-down list to select an image or click **Add** (③) to open a window where you can select a local image and upload it to the Extreme Management Center server.

**NOTE:** If you upload a map image and an image with the same name already exists, the existing image is replaced.

The Map feature supports images in the .png, .gif, and .jpg format. The maximum image size is 3,000 x 2,000 pixels. Images larger than this are automatically scaled down to the maximum size allowed. To use an image larger than 3,000 x 2,000 pixels, open the NSJBoss.properties file and edit the pixel value of the oneView.maxImageSize=3000x2000 line.

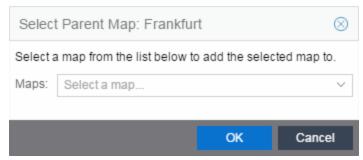
**CAUTION:** Increasing the oneView.maxImageSize value may cause stability issues and performance issues when generating a heatmap.

- Geographic Displays a global or regional map where network locations are shown geographically.
  - **NOTE:** The geographic map type is hosted by OpenStreetMap on an external server. For users with security concerns or if access to third-party servers is prohibited, use the topology map type.



c. Use the 🚠 button to select the Parent Map, the map the new map is nested under in the Maps navigation tree. Changing the map's parent saves the

current map properties and updates the map tree.



- d. Click Save.
- e. Select the Pan/Zoom Control option. This option determines whether or not the Pan and/or Zoom controls are available when viewing the map. (Pan and Zoom are always available while editing a map.) This allows you to disable the controls for fixed maps, like world or city maps. For example, if a person viewing a map changes the location and zoom using these controls, those changes are saved and presented to the next person who views the map. This might create confusion over what the map is designed to display.

The Pan control allows you to move left/right and up/down in the map.

The Zoom control lets you zoom in and out of the map.

 Add your devices, APs, Links, or port extenders to the map you are currently editing by clicking File > Add > Devices/APs/Map Link/Port Extenders. This opens the Add window.

Add Devices		×
Select one or more devices a place them on the map.	nd click the "Ad	d" button to
		Q 2
Name	IP	
Switch		-
test 1		
	Add	Close

Use the **Search** icon to locate a specific device, AP, or port extender in the Add

Device, Add AP, or Add Port Extenders windows, respectively, or select another Map to which to link from the drop-down list in the Add Link To Map window. Click the **Add** button to add the device, AP, link, or port extender to your network map.

- 8. Once your devices and/or APs and port extenders are located on your map, manually manipulate the devices, APs, links, and port extenders on the map, or organize them automatically by clicking View > Automatic Layout. The Device Layout window opens. Select one of the following layouts to automatically organize the devices, APs and links on your map:
  - Natural Organizes devices, APs, and links such that the fewest number of network connections overlap.
  - Hierarchical Organizes devices, APs, and links in a tree pattern.
  - Circular Organizes devices, APs, and links in a circular pattern.
- 9. Click File > Save button to save the map.

NOTE: Map devices and APs do not show their current status until you save the map.

The map is now available for viewing by selecting it in the navigation tree. To edit a
map, right-click on the map and select Maps > Edit Map or click the Edit button in
the Map Properties panel.

## Importing a Map

You can also import a saved map by performing the following steps.

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center and click on the Network tab.
- 2. Open the **Devices** tab.
- Right-click a map in the left-panel Groups/Maps Navigation Tree and select Maps > Import Map.

The Import Map window opens.

- 4. Navigate to the Map file on your local drive or network drive.
- 5. Configure your import options.
- 6. Click Import.

## Adding Devices/APs from Extreme Management Center Devices and Wireless

You can quickly add devices and APs to your maps directly from the Devices list or from the navigation tree on the Extreme Management Center **Network** and **Wireless** tabs. You can add them to a specific map, or create new maps based on device or AP system location.

### Add to a Specific Map

Use these steps to add devices or APs to a map you created. For example, use these steps to search for all your S-Series devices on the **Network** tab and add them to a map.

- 1. On the **Network > Devices** tab, select **All Devices** in the drop-down list in the leftpanel.
- Right-click on one or more devices and select Maps > Add to Map (as shown below). On the Wireless tab, click on the Access Points report, right-click on one or more APs, and select Add to Map.
- 3. In the Add to Map window, use the drop-down list to select the desired map. Click **OK** to add the devices or APs to the map.

Add 1	Го Мар		×
Map:	/World		*
		ОК	Cancel

- 4. Open the Maps page and select the map to which you added the devices. Right-click on the map and select **Edit Map**. You can now position the devices as desired.
- 5. Click the **Save** button to save the device to the map.

### Add to New Maps Based on Location

Use these steps to add devices or APs to new maps based on well-named system locations that reflect the desired map structure. For example, if your devices are assigned system locations according to the following structure: US/Boston/Third Floor/Closet One/Rack One/Shelf One, typically, a map would be created to the Third Floor level, and then you manually position the devices in the correct location on the map.

- On the Network > Devices tab, right-click on one or more devices and select Maps > Create Maps for Locations.
   On the Wireless tab, click on the Access Points report, right-click on one or more APs, and select Maps > Create Maps for Locations.
- 2. The Create Maps Based on Location window opens. The window contains a preview panel displaying the number of maps and the map titles that result, based on the system locations of your selected devices or APs.

For example, as shown in the following screen shot, you are adding 17 APs to a map. This creates four new maps based on the access points' system location structure: NORA, Salem, Salem building, and Salem Warehouse and Shipping.

Create Maps Based on Location	$\otimes$
Ignore last 0 0	
Preview	
APs: 17 selected, 17 added, 0 not added	
Maps Created: 4 - /World/NORA - /World/NORA/Salem - /World/NORA/Salem/Salem building - /World/NORA/Salem/Salem Warehouse and Shipping Receiving	
Maps Changed: 0	
OK Canc	el

If you want all the devices on one map, set the Location Option to ignore the last 1 location elements, which is the Salem building location. If you do that, then only two

maps are created: NORA and Salem.

Create Maps Based on Location	$\otimes$
Ignore last 1 🔿 location elements	
Preview	
APs: 17 selected, 17 added, 0 not added	
Maps Created: 2 - /World/NORA - /World/NORA/Salem	
Maps Changed: 0	
OK	Cancel

- 3. Click **OK** to create the maps and add the APs.
- Open the World Site navigation tree in the left-panel and locate the new maps. Right-click on the map and select Maps > Edit Map. You can now position the APs as desired.
- 5. Click the Save button to save the devices/APs to the map.

## **Creating a Manual Link Between Devices**

You can manually create links between devices on a map.

- 1. Right-click one of the devices to which you are adding the link.
- 2. Select Create Link.

The Create a Manual Link window displays.

- 3. Expand the device in the **Name** column of the From Port section of the window and select the port to which the link connects.
- 4. Select the other device to which the link connects in the **Select Device** drop-down list.
- 5. Expand the device in the **Name** column of the To Port section of the window and select the port to which the link connects.
- 6. Click **OK** to add the link to the map.

**NOTES:** The Link State for a manual link is derived from the Status of the ports to which it connects.

Delete a manual link via the Link Details window by double-clicking the link in the map.

## **Adding Map Links**

You can use map links to jump from one map to another. Map links display the name of the map and an aggregated alarm/device status for the linked map. Double-click on the link to go to the linked map.

For example, the following map link lets you jump to the Second Floor map. The link is green, indicating there are no devices with alarms on the Second Floor map.



The following map link lets you jump to the First Floor map. The link is red, indicating there is an alarm for a device on the First Floor map.



Use the following steps to add a link to a map.

- 1. In the Maps navigation tree, right-click on the map from which you want to link and select Maps > Edit Map or click File > Edit button in the map properties panel.
- 2. The map's property panel opens in Edit mode. Click File > Add > Map Link.
- 3. The Add Link to Map window opens.

Add Link	к То Мар	×
	nap from the drop down list to add a current map to the selected map.	a link
Map:	/World	*
Location:		
	ОК Са	ancel

- 4. From the Map drop-down list, select the map to which you want to link.
- 5. Enter information in **Location** about the location to which the link connects and click **OK**.
- 6. The map link is added to the map and can be repositioned, if desired.
- 7. Click the Save button to save the map and close the properties panel.

## Setting the Map Scale

The map scale appears in the lower left corner of a map and can be changed to accurately reflect your map image.

Use the following steps to set the scale for a map.

- In the Maps page's navigation tree, right-click on the map and select Maps > Edit Map or click the File > Edit button in the map properties panel.
- Click on the map scale in the map's footer panel to open the Set Map Scale window. (Users with the Extreme Management Center NMS-ADV license can access the Set Map Scale window from the Tools menu.)

1 m	-
5 ft	

Set Map Scale	9		
Click once on the map to mark the start of the scaling line. Move the cursor and click again to mark the end of the scaling line. <b>Note:</b> Setting the map's scale will save the map and any current changes.			
Starting Position:	[0,0]		
Ending Position:	[0,0]		
Pixel Length:	1.00		
		Save	Cancel

- 3. To set the scale, you must measure something in the map using a scaling line, and then set the measurement for the line. For example, in an office floor plan measure a scaling line on the opening of an office. If you know the office doors are 33 inches wide, enter that as the scaling line measurement.
  - a. Click once on the map to mark the start of the scaling line. Move the cursor and click again to mark the end of the scaling line.
  - b. Enter the line length and units.
- 4. Click Save. The map scale is automatically adjusted and the map is saved.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# How to Add Devices and APs to Maps

## Adding Devices/APs from Extreme Management Center Devices and Wireless

Using the Extreme Management Center Maps feature, you can quickly add devices and wireless access points (APs) to your maps directly from the Devices list or from the navigation tree on the Extreme Management Center **Network** and **Wireless** tabs. You can add them to a <u>specific</u> map, or <u>create new maps</u> based on device or AP system location.

In order to edit maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access capability.

### Add to a Specific Map

Use these steps to add devices or APs to a map you created. For example, use these steps to search for all your S-Series devices on the **Network** tab and add them to a map.

- 1. On the **Network** > **Devices** tab, select **All Devices** in the drop-down list in the leftpanel.
- Right-click on one or more devices and select Maps > Add to Map (as shown below). On the Wireless tab, click on the Access Points report, right-click on one or more APs, and select Add to Map.
- 3. In the Add to Map window, use the drop-down list to select the desired map. Click **OK** to add the devices or APs to the map.

Add 1	о Мар		×
Map:	/World		•
		ОК	Cancel

4. Open the Maps page and select the map to which you added the devices. Right-click

on the map and select Edit Map. You can now position the devices as desired.

5. Click the **Save** button to save the device to the map.

### Add to New Maps Based on Location

Use these steps to add devices or APs to new maps based on well-named system locations that reflect the desired map structure. For example, if your devices are assigned system locations according to the following structure: US/Boston/Third Floor/Closet One/Rack One/Shelf One, typically, a map would be created to the Third Floor level, and then you manually position the devices in the correct location on the map.

- On the Network > Devices tab, right-click on one or more devices and select Maps > Create Maps for Locations.
   On the Wireless tab, click on the Access Points report, right-click on one or more APs, and select Maps > Create Maps for Locations.
- 2. The Create Maps Based on Location window opens. The window contains a preview panel displaying the number of maps and the map titles that result, based on the system locations of your selected devices or APs.

For example, as shown in the following screen shot, you are adding 9 APs to a map. This creates eight new maps based on the access points' system location structure: NORA, Salem, Salem building, and Salem Warehouse and Shipping.

Create Maps Based on Location	$\otimes$
Ignore last 0 0	
Preview	
APs: 17 selected, 17 added, 0 not added	
Maps Created: 4 - /World/NORA - /World/NORA/Salem - /World/NORA/Salem/Salem building - /World/NORA/Salem/Salem Warehouse and Shipping Receiving	
Maps Changed: 0	
•	
OK Cance	1

If you want all the devices on one map, set the Location Option to ignore the last 1

location elements, which is the Salem building location. If you do that, then only two maps are created: NORA and Salem.

Cre	eate Maps Based on Location	$\otimes$
Igr	nore last 1 0 location elements	
Pr	review	
	APs: 17 selected, 17 added, 0 not added	
	Maps Created: 2 - /World/NORA - /World/NORA/Salem	
	Maps Changed: 0	
	OK Cance	al I

- 3. Click **OK** to create the maps and add the APs.
- 4. Open the World Site navigation tree in the left-panel and locate the new maps.
- 5. Right-click on the map and select **Maps** > **Edit Map**. You can now position the APs as desired.
- 6. Click the **Save** button to save the devices/APs to the map.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- <u>Advanced Map Features</u>

# How to Create Maps Using the Map Tab

Use the Extreme Management Center Maps feature to create maps of the devices and wireless access points (APs) on your network. Begin by selecting a background image to serve as a map, such as a building or floor plan, and then position your managed devices and wireless APs on the map. For example, a typical map might present an office floor plan that shows the location of wireless access points.

In order to create maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access capability.

## To access maps of your devices:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Select the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 3. Select **Sites** from the left-panel drop-down list. Sites are groups of devices that share a configuration. Within each site, you can add maps for devices, depending on their physical location.
- 4. Expand a site from the left-panel tree to display the maps on that site.
- 5. Select a map to open the Map Name tab in the right panel.

### Creating a Map

To create a new device map:

1. In the left-panel Groups/Maps navigation tree, right-click on the World Site (or any other map in the tree) and select Maps > Create Map.

**NOTE:** You cannot create a new map if you are currently editing another map.

The Create Map window opens.

2. Enter a name for the map and select OK.

Create Map		×
Map Name:		
	OK	Cancel

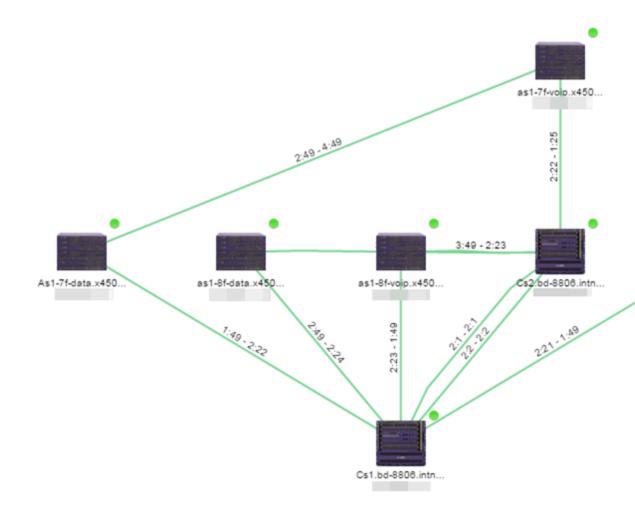
A new map is added to the tree underneath the map you selected and the Maps section of the window opens.

The new map is initially blank unless you create it from a device or AP by selecting the device or AP, selecting the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-clicking the device or AP and selecting **Maps** > **Create Map**. To begin adding devices, APs and links to the map, proceed to <u>Step 4</u>.

3. Select File > Properties to open the Map Properties window from which you can edit the map criteria.

Map Properties		×
Map Name:	Salem	
Мар Туре:	Topology 💌	
Parent Map:	World : Site	
Pan/Zoom Control:	Enable Pan and Zoom	
	Save Can	cel

- a. In the Map Name field, change the name for the map, if necessary.
- b. In the Map Type drop-down list, select the type of map you are creating:
  - Topology (*default*) A topology map shows the state and speed of the network connections between devices as well as the state of the devices in the network.



Double-clicking a connection opens the Link Details window from which you can view additional details about the network connection and the devices it links.

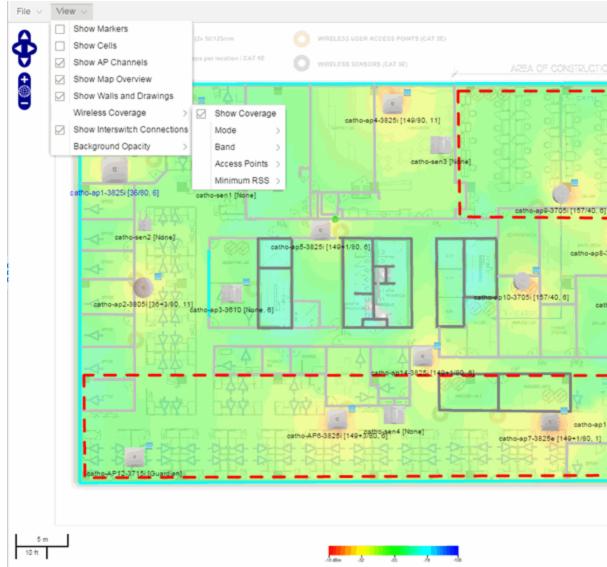
Link Details (ge.1.1 - g	e.1.6)	
Link State U; Link Speed Gi Discovery Protocol LL	igabit	
Endpoint 1:	Endpoint 2:	
	31 <b></b> B-Series B3G124-48	=
	81 Days 23:39:53 063801569041 01.00.53	
Enterasys Networks, Inc. B Last 24 Hours	3G124-48 Rev 06.61.12.0005	
Availability:		
	Close	l

 Topology - Background — Use a custom image to serve as the background of your map. The Map feature supports images in .png, .gif, and .jpg formats. The maximum image size is 3,000 x 2,000 pixels. Images larger than this are automatically scaled down to the maximum size allowed.

If you select this option, a **Map Image** field displays under the **Map Type** field. In the **Map Image** field, use the drop-down list to select an image or select the <sup>(2)</sup> button to open a window where you can select a local image and upload it to the Extreme Management Center server.

**CAUTION:** If you upload a map image and an image with the same name already exists, the existing image is replaced.

• Floorplan — Use the Floorplan map to display coverage of wireless APs within a building floorplan.



If you select Floorplan, select the map Environment, which is the type of environment where your network devices are physically located.

If your map includes wireless APs, the environment is used for RSSbased (Received Signal Strength) location services to help determine the radius of the circle displayed around an AP following a wireless client search. The radius shows the possible area where the client is located. For example, if you select open space environment, then the radius of the circle is larger than if you select brick walls environment because the AP's radio frequencies are not being obstructed by any walls, and the area where a client might be located is larger.

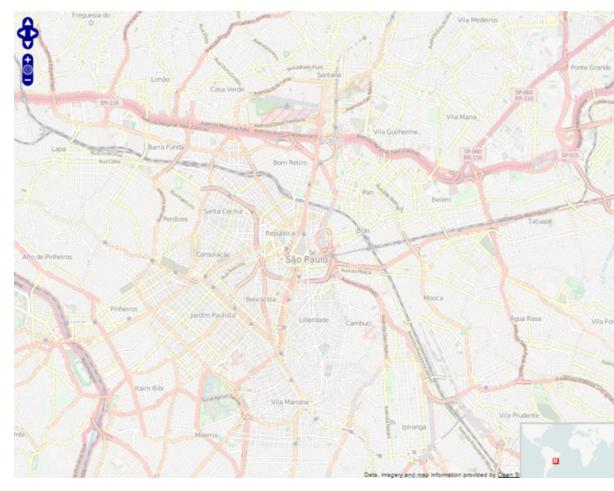
- Open space The wireless APs are located in an environment with no walls or cubicles.
- Office cubicles The wireless APs are located in an environment with cubicle offices present.
- Drywall The wireless APs are located in an environment where the office wall composition is drywall.
- Brick walls The wireless APs are located in an environment where there are brick walls present.
- Custom For customers with a NMS-ADV license, use this option to create custom floorplans.

An additional Floor Plan option is available for users with the Extreme Management Center NMS-ADV license.

A Map Image field is displayed under the Environment field. In the Map Image field, use the drop-down list to select an image or select Add (()) to open a window where you can select a local image and upload it to the Extreme Management Center server.

**NOTE:** If you upload a map image and an image with the same name already exists, the existing image is replaced.

- Geographic Displays a global or regional map where network locations are shown geographically.
  - **NOTE:** The geographic map type is hosted by OpenStreetMap on an external server. For users with security concerns or if access to third-party servers is prohibited, use the topology map type.



c. Use the 🔚 button to select the Parent Map, the map the new map is nested

under in the Maps navigation tree. Changing the map's parent saves the current map properties and updates the map tree.

Select	Parent Map: Frankfurt	$\otimes$	
Select a map from the list below to add the selected map to.			
Maps:	Select a map	$\sim$	
	OK Cance	ł	

- d. Select Save.
- e. Select the Pan/Zoom Control option. This option determines whether or not the Pan and/or Zoom controls are available when viewing the map. (Pan and Zoom are always available while editing a map.) This allows you to disable the

controls for fixed maps, like world or city maps. For example, if a person viewing a map changes the location and zoom using these controls, those changes are saved and presented to the next person who views the map. This might create confusion over what the map is designed to display.



The Pan control allows you to move left/right and up/down in the map.



The Zoom control lets you zoom in and out of the map.

 Add your devices, APs, or Links to the map you are currently editing by selecting File > Add > Devices/APs/Map Link. This opens the Add window.

Add Devices		×	
Select one or more devices and click the "Add" button to place them on the map.			
		Q 2	
Name	IP		
Switch		^	
test 1			
		-	
	Add	Close	

Use the **Search** icon to locate a specific device or AP in the Add Device or Add AP windows, respectively, or select another Map to which to link from the drop-down list in the Add Link To Map window. Select the **Add** button to add the device, AP, or link to your network map.

- 5. Once your devices and/or APs are located on your map, manually manipulate the devices, APs, and links on the map, or organize them automatically by selecting View > Automatic Layout. The Device Layout window opens. Select one of the following layouts to automatically organize the devices, APs and links on your map:
  - Natural Organizes devices, APs, and links such that the fewest number of network connections overlap.
  - Hierarchical Organizes devices, APs, and links in a tree pattern.
  - Circular Organizes devices, APs, and links in a circular pattern.
- 6. Select **File > Save** button to save the map.

NOTE: Map devices and APs do not show their current status until you save the map.

 The map is now available for viewing by selecting it in the navigation tree. To edit a map, right-click on the map and select Maps > Edit Map or select the Edit button in the Map Properties panel.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- <u>Advanced Map Features</u>

# How to Edit Maps

The Extreme Management Center Maps feature lets you edit newly created maps of the devices and wireless access points (APs) on your network.

In order to edit maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access capability.

### To access maps of your devices:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Select the Network > Devices tab.
- 3. Select **Sites** from the left-panel drop-down list. Sites are groups of devices that share a configuration. Within each site, you can add maps for devices, depending on their physical location.
- 4. Expand a site from the left-panel tree to display the maps on that site.
- 5. Select a map to open the Map Name tab in the right panel.

## **Editing a Map**

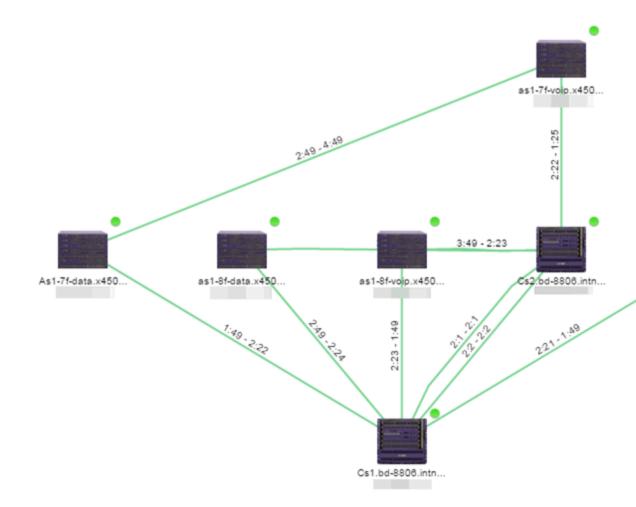
To edit a new Device map properties:

Select a new map from the left-panel. The new map is initially blank unless you create it from a device or AP by selecting the device or AP, clicking the Menu icon (
 ) or right-clicking the device or AP and selecting Maps > Create Map.

2. Click **File** > **Properties** to open the Map Properties window from which you can edit the map criteria.

Map Properties		×
Map Name:	Salem	
Мар Туре:	Topology 💌	
Parent Map:	World : Site	
Pan/Zoom Control:	Enable Pan and Zoom	
	Save Can	cel

- a. In the Map Name field, change the name for the map, if necessary.
- b. In the Map Type drop-down list, select the type of map you are creating.
  - Topology (*default*) A topology map shows the state and speed of the network connections between devices as well as the state of the devices in the network.



Double-clicking a connection opens the Link Details window from which you can view additional details about the network connection and the devices it links.

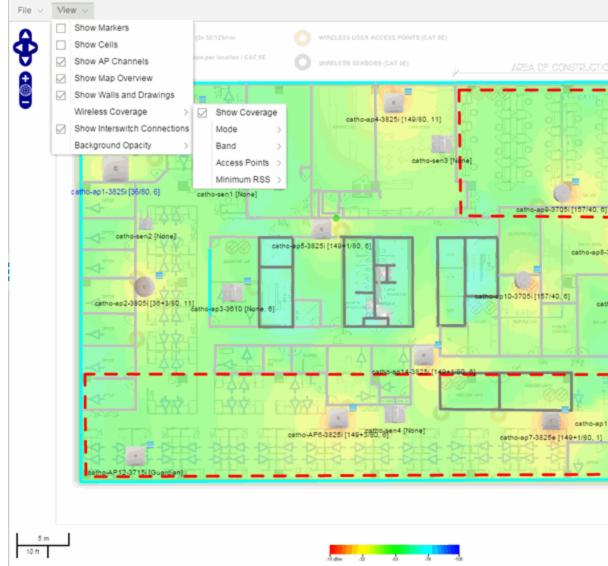
Link Details (ge.1.1 -	ge.1.6)	
	Jp Sigabit LDP	
Endpoint 1:	Endpoint 2:	
	B-Series B3G124-48	=
<ul> <li>Contact Establishe</li> <li>00:11:88:59:6B:84</li> <li>06.61.12.0005</li> </ul>	ed 81 Days 23:39:53 063801569041 01.00.53	
Enterasys Networks, Inc. Last 24 Hours	B3G124-48 Rev 06.61.12.0005	
Availability: CPU: Memory:		
		Close

 Topology - Background — Use a custom image to serve as the background of your map. The Map feature supports images in the .png, .gif, and .jpg format. The maximum image size is 3,000 x 2,000 pixels. Images larger than this are automatically scaled down to the maximum size allowed.

If you select this option, a **Map Image** field displays under the **Map Type** field. In the **Map Image** field, use the drop-down list to select an image or click the Solution to open a window where you can select a local image and upload it to the Extreme Management Center server.

**CAUTION:** If you upload a map image and an image with the same name already exists, the existing image is replaced.

• Floorplan — Use the Floorplan map to display coverage of wireless APs within a building floorplan.



If you select Floorplan, select the map Environment, which is the type of environment where your network devices are physically located.

If your map includes wireless APs, the environment is used for RSSbased (Received Signal Strength) location services to help determine the radius of the circle displayed around an AP following a wireless client search. The radius shows the possible area where the client is located. For example, if you select open space environment, then the radius of the circle is larger than if you select brick walls environment because the AP's radio frequencies are not be obstructed by any walls, and the area where a client might be located is larger.

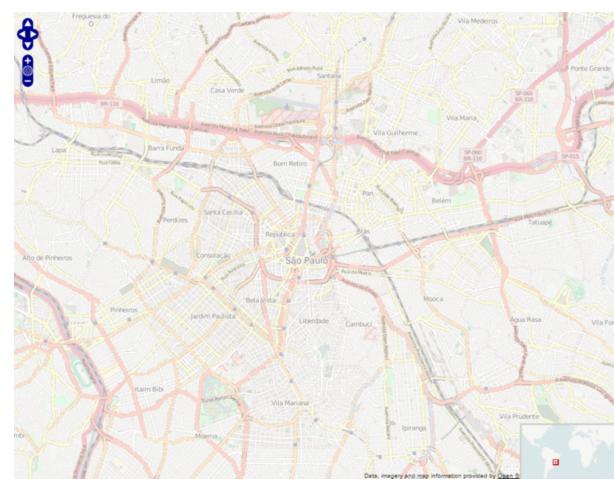
- Open space The wireless APs are located in an environment with no walls or cubicles.
- Office cubicles The wireless APs are located in an environment with cubicle offices present.
- Drywall The wireless APs are located in an environment where the office wall composition is drywall.
- Brick walls The wireless APs are located in an environment where there are brick walls present.
- Custom For customers with a NMS-ADV license, use this option to create custom floorplans.

An additional Floor Plan option is available for users with the Extreme Management Center NMS-ADV license.

A Map Image field is displayed under the Environment field. In the Map Image field, use the drop-down list to select an image or click Add (③) to open a window where you can select a local image and upload it to the Extreme Management Center server.

**NOTE:** If you upload a map image and an image with the same name already exists, the existing image is replaced.

- Geographic Displays a global or regional map where network locations are shown geographically.
  - **NOTE:** The geographic map type is hosted by OpenStreetMap on an external server. For users with security concerns or if access to third-party servers is prohibited, use the topology map type.



c. Use the 🔚 button to select the Parent Map, the map the new map is nested

under in the Maps navigation tree. Changing the map's parent saves the current map properties and updates the map tree.

Select	Parent Map: Frankfurt	$\otimes$	
Select a map from the list below to add the selected map to.			
Maps:	Select a map	$\sim$	
	OK Cance	ł	

- d. Click Save.
- e. Select the Pan/Zoom Control option. This option determines whether or not the Pan and/or Zoom controls are available when viewing the map. (Pan and Zoom are always available while editing a map.) This allows you to disable the

controls for fixed maps, like world or city maps. For example, if a person viewing a map changes the location and zoom using these controls, those changes are saved and presented to the next person who views the map. This might create confusion over what the map is designed to display.



The Pan control allows you to move left/right and up/down in the map.



The Zoom control lets you zoom in and out of the map.

## Adding Devices, APs and Links to a Map

1. Click File > Add > Devices/APs/Map Link to add your devices, APs, or Links to the map you are currently editing. This opens the Add window.

Add Devices		×	
Select one or more devices and click the "Add" button to place them on the map.			
		Q 2	
Name	IP		
Switch		<b>^</b>	
test 1			
		-	
	Add	Close	

- 2. Use the **Search** icon to locate a specific device or AP in the Add Device or Add AP windows, respectively, or select another Map to which to link from the drop-down list in the Add Link To Map window. Click the **Add** button to add the device, AP, or link to your network map.
- Once your devices and/or APs are located on your map, manually manipulate the devices, APs, and links on the map, or organize them automatically by clicking View > Automatic Layout. The Device Layout window opens. Select one of the following layouts to automatically organize the devices, APs and links on your map:
  - Natural Organizes devices, APs, and links such that the fewest number of network connections overlap.

- Hierarchical Organizes devices, APs, and links in a tree pattern.
- Circular Organizes devices, APs, and links in a circular pattern.
- 4. Click File > Save button to save the map.
  - **NOTE:** Map devices and APs do not show their current status until you save the map.
- The map is now available for viewing by selecting it in the navigation tree. To edit a map, right-click on the map and select Maps > Edit Map or click the Edit button in the Map Properties panel.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
  - Types of Maps
  - Navigate Map Tab
    - <u>Network Details Overview</u>
    - EAPS Summary Tab
    - Link Summary Tab
    - VLAN Summary Tab
    - MLAG Summary Tab
    - VPLS Summary Tab
  - Search Maps
  - Create Maps
  - Add Devices or APs to Maps
  - Add Links Between Devices and Maps
  - Import Maps
  - Export Maps
  - <u>Set Map Scale</u>
- <u>Advanced Map Overview</u>
  - Design Map Floorplans
  - Display Map Application Data

- Locate Wireless Clients
- View Wireless Coverage

# **Advanced Map Features Overview**

The **Network** > **Devices** tab contains Map features that let you create geographic and topological maps of the devices and floor plans of wireless access points (APs) on your network. The advanced Map features (available with the NMS-ADV license) include custom floor plan design, triangulated wireless client location, and wireless coverage maps to identify coverage trouble spots for your wireless network.

## Overview

Extreme Management Center advanced Map features provide the following enhanced functionality:

- Detailed Floor Plans Advanced map functionality lets you create detailed floor plans for both your wired and wireless networks. Using floor plans provides greater accuracy in calculations of wireless client location and displays wireless device coverage. You can upload and modify existing floor plans or create new floor plans from scratch. Use the Map drawing tools and menus to specify wall types, material, and thickness and then configure AP locations, type, and orientation.
- Wireless Location Advanced location (triangulation) enhances client location results, improving visibility when investigating wireless trouble spots. Colored distribution displays high, medium, and low confidence locations, with the client icon displayed in the highest confidence location. Using floor plan data, a single client's location is triangulated based on the client's contact with multiple access points in the covered area. The floor plan wall type information helps determine the degradation of signal strength that occurs as a wireless radio signal passes through the walls. This helps define the probable distance of a client from a given access point. You need at least three access points to report triangulated location. You can also view time-lapse location coverage for a client, using historic triangulated location results.
- Wireless Coverage This feature provide a graphical view of wireless coverage, allowing quick identification of possible coverage trouble spots. Wireless coverage is displayed using different colors to indicate radio signal strength based on the

distance from access points included on the map. Coverage is determined by computing the approximate radio signal strength at fixed distances from access points, with floor plan and wall information used to provide accuracy in the signal strength computation.

- Import and Export Maps The map import function gives you the ability to import Ekahau maps into floor plan maps. This function also lets you export floor plan maps to a ZIP file.
- Show Application Data in Maps Use map links tied to ExtremeAnalytics network locations to display network application flow data in a map.

# Prerequisites

Review the following prerequisites for using the Extreme Management Center advanced Map features:

- To access the advanced Map features, the Extreme Management Center server must be running version 6.2 with an Extreme Management Center (NetSight) Advanced license (NMS-ADV).
- In order to create or edit Maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access capability.

The following requirements pertain to wireless location and coverage features:

- The ExtremeWireless Controller must be a model C25 or better, running firmware version 8.31 or higher.
- The Location Engine on the wireless controller must be enabled. (For information on how to enable the Location Engine, refer to the *Extreme Networks Wireless Convergence Software User Guide.*)
- The Access Points must be model 37xx, 38xx, or 39xx.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# **Advanced Map Features**

The **Network** > **Devices** tab contains Map features that let you create geographic and topological maps of the devices and floorplans of wireless access points (APs) on your network. The advanced Map features (available with the NMS-ADV license) include custom floorplan design, triangulated wireless client location, and wireless coverage maps to identify coverage trouble spots for your wireless network.

This Help topic provides the following information:

- Overview of Advanced Map Features
- Prerequisites
- Designing a Floorplan
  - Drawing Tools
  - <u>Configure Area Window</u>
  - Style Menu
- <u>Wireless Client Location</u>
  - Time-Lapse Location
- <u>Wireless Coverage</u>
- Import and Export Maps
  - Importing Maps
  - Exporting Maps
- Show Application Data
  - Adding a Map Link with Location
- Wireless Map Limits

For information on viewing and searching maps, see View and Search Maps.

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- Wireless Location Advanced location (triangulation) enhances client location results, improving visibility when investigating wireless trouble spots. Colored distribution displays high, medium, and low confidence locations, with the client icon displayed in the highest confidence location. Using floorplan data, a single client's location is triangulated based on the client's contact with multiple access points in the covered area. The floorplan wall type information helps determine the degradation of signal strength that occurs as a wireless radio signal passes through the walls. This helps define the probable distance of a client from a given access point. You need at least three access points to report triangulated location. You can also view time-lapse location coverage for a client, using historic triangulated location results.
- Wireless Coverage This feature provide a graphical view of wireless coverage, allowing quick identification of possible coverage trouble spots. Wireless coverage is displayed using different colors to indicate radio signal strength based on the distance from access points included on the map. Coverage is determined by computing the approximate radio signal strength at fixed distances from access points, with floorplan and wall information used to provide accuracy in the signal strength computation.
- Import and Export Maps The map import function gives you the ability to import Ekahau maps into floorplan maps. This function also lets you export floorplan maps to a ZIP file.
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## Designing a Floorplan

You can design and enhance floorplans of your wired and wireless network environment by editing your maps using the drawing and style tools. These editing tools allow you to create detailed visual representations of your network. You can also use floorplans to provide greater accuracy in the calculation of AP client location and in determining signal strength coverage for the wireless devices on your network.

**NOTE:** You can only use an AP in one floorplan.

Managed wireless controllers are automatically synchronized to match map floorplan data. If the floorplan data defined in Extreme Management Center maps is not consistent with data on the controller, the controller is updated accordingly.

**NOTE:** To prevent the automatic synchronization between Extreme Management Center maps and controllers, go to the **Administration** > **Diagnostics** tab, access System > Map Server Details from the left-panel and select the **Do Not Upload Maps** checkbox. Selecting this checkbox also prevents manually triggered map changes from being uploaded to a controller.

In floorplan design, use the map drawing tools to draw walls (or other objects) over an existing map image or on a blank canvas. The Style menu allows you to specify wall thickness, color, and wall materials.

The wall information from the floorplan is used to help determine the degradation of signal strength that occurs as a wireless radio signal passes through the walls, and helps define the probable distance of a client from a

given access point. Extreme Management Center uses the wall information to provide accuracy in determining wireless device signal strength.

A floorplan can be created with or without a reference background image, however it is much easier to use the drawing features with an existing image. (The Map feature supports images in the .png, .gif, and .jpg formats.) For example, you can trace the outline of a floorplan image using the drawing tools to provide the wall information used for wireless calculations. You can use the Style and Wall menus to specify different wall material types, wall thickness, and wall color to customize the appearance of the floorplan.

When editing a floorplan, use the View menu to select whether to view or hide the background image, map cells, floorplan walls and drawings, devices and APs, and interswitch connections. You can also set the background image opacity.

The following steps provide a workflow for creating a floorplan showing the exterior and interior walls of a building. By drawing the walls over an existing floorplan image, you can add information that provide greater accuracy in wireless calculations.

#### 1. Create and configure a new map.

- a. Launch Extreme Management Center and click on the **Network > Devices** tab.
- b. In the left-panel Groups/Maps navigation tree, right-click on the World map (or any other map that you want as the parent of the new map) and select Maps > Create New Map.

Dashboard		Devices	Discove	red	Firm	ware	Archive	s
≡[	Maps		-	De	vices	World	Site	Site
Group	os / Maps			File	•	View 👻		
-	World Sid	to						
	1	Device		Þ				
	1	View		Þ				
	<u>&gt;</u> 1	Configural	tion/Firmwa	ire ⊧				
	2	oomgara						
	📡 s	Support		►				
		Network D	etails	Þ				
		Maps		•		Create N	New Map	)
					2	Edit Map		
					ø	Import N	1ap	

The Create New Map window opens.

- c. Enter a name for the Map.
- d. Open the Map Properties window by clicking File > Properties.

Map Properties			×
Map Name:	New Map		]
Map Type:	Floorplan	*	]
Environment:	Custom	*	]
Map Image:		*	0
Parent Map:	World : Site		2
Pan/Zoom Control:	Enable Pan and Zoom	*	
AP Height (m):	3		
	Save	Canc	el

- e. Change the Map Type drop-down list to Floorplan.
- f. Set the **Environment** option to **Custom**. This allows you to draw walls over the existing image.
- g. Upload the floorplan image you want to use in the **Map Image** field. The Map feature supports images in the .png, .gif, and .jpg formats. The maximum image

size is 890 x 670 pixels. Images that are larger than this are automatically scaled down to the maximum size allowed.

- h. Set the **AP Height** property. This value is the distance from the floor to the AP position on the wall or ceiling in meters. This is a single value used for all access points. Setting a reasonable value helps with the accuracy of the location feature. The default for this value is three meters, which is at the top of a wall with a nine foot ceiling.
- i. Click Save to save the map and display the image.
- 2. Set the map scale. It is important to set the scale before adding devices or walls, since changing the scale later may cause the object positions to be realigned. Try to make the scale as accurate as possible, as this affects triangulation accuracy.
  - a. Click File > Edit to open the map in edit mode.
  - b. Click on the map scale in the map's footer panel to open the Set Map Scale window. (You can also access the Set Map Scale window from the Tools menu.)

I	1 m	
	5 ft	

Set Map Scale	;		
Click once on the map to mark the start of the scaling line. Move the cursor and click again to mark the end of the scaling line. <b>Note:</b> Setting the map's scale will save the map and any current changes.			
Starting Position:	[0,0]		
Ending Position:	[0,0]		
Pixel Length:	1.00		
		Save	Cancel

- c. To set the scale, you must measure something in the map using a scaling line, and then set the measurement for the line. For example, in an office floorplan you could measure a scaling line on the opening of an office. If you know that the office doors are 33 inches wide, enter that as the scaling line measurement.
  - i. Click once on the map to mark the start of the scaling line. Move the cursor and click again to mark the end of the scaling line.
  - ii. Enter the line length and units.
- d. Click **OK**. The map scale is automatically adjusted and the map is saved.
- 3. Draw floorplan walls. Click the Edit button to open the map in edit mode. By default you see a grid of cells displayed over the background image. (It can be turned off in the View menu.) This grid can help with positioning walls and access points. Add walls to the floorplan using the drawing tools accessed from the Tools menu (at the upper left corner of the Map main view).
  - a. Define an exterior wall. The exterior wall is used to define the floorplan area included in wireless client location and wireless coverage maps, and should be drawn around the entire perimeter of the floorplan area, without any gaps.
  - b. Select the appropriate drawing tool from the **Tools** menu. Use the Style menu to configure the wall color, thickness, and transparency. Select the wall material using the Wall drop-down list and select the checkbox to specify that the wall is an exterior wall.

Map - /World/Salem	Site	Site S	ummar	y FlexRep	orts
Tool: 🦳 Draw Line	• S	Style 👻	Wall:	Glass 🔻	Exterior
				Drywall	
				Brick	
				Concrete	
				Glass	

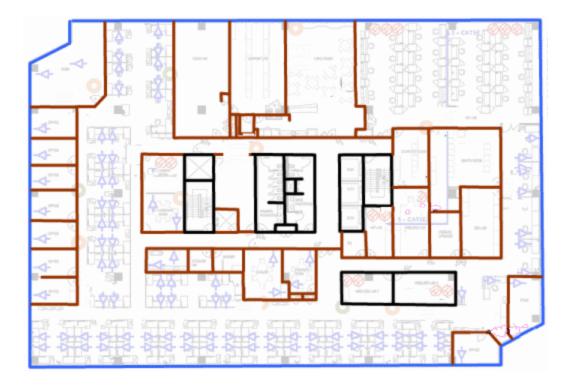
- c. Draw the exterior wall using the selected drawing tool. You can double-click or hit **Escape** to terminate the drawing.
- d. Use these same steps to draw the remaining walls on your floorplan. Be sure to deselect the **Exterior** checkbox for the other walls.

You can trace over existing walls on the floorplan or add new walls, if

necessary. Focus on high attenuation walls like concrete or large sections of glass. It is not necessary to incorporate walls and structures that do not fully divide the space, such as half-walls or cubicles.

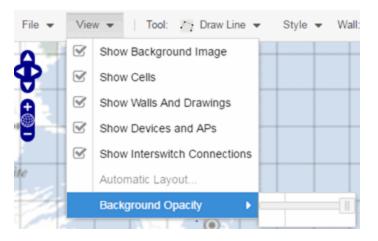
Ensure that the wall positioning is as accurate as possible, and define the proper material for each wall. Select a material that most closely represents the actual wall construction if it is different than the available options. Keep your colors consistent for the various wall types. The more accurately the map reflects the true environment, the more precise the wireless location and coverage results are in the map.

To remove a line or shape, click **Select Items** in the **Tool** menu, select the shape, and press **Delete**, or right-click on the shape and select **Remove from Map** from the menu. Use the Ctrl+Z key combination to restore deleted items back to the map. Selecting Ctrl+Z multiple times undoes multiple deleted items in the reverse order in which you deleted them.



e. While editing, use the **View** menu to select whether to view or hide the background image, map cells, floorplan walls and drawings, devices and APs, and interswitch connections. You can also select an automatic layout and set

the background image opacity.



4. Add your APs to the map. In Edit mode, a panel that lists equipment available to add to the map is visible beneath the properties panel. The display is filtered on either the currently discovered devices or the APs known to wireless controllers on your network, depending on your selection (APs or Devices) in the panel title bar. You can use the search field to locate a specific device or AP.

Drag the desired devices and APs onto the map area and position them to produce your network map. Be sure the APs are in the correct location, so your location and coverage maps are accurate. The center of the image is roughly the position of the



AP. Be sure to place an AP on the correct side of a wall.

- 5. Set AP orientation.
  - a. Right-click on an AP in the map and select Set AP Orientation.

AP Summary
AP Client History
Alarms >
Real Capture >
Refresh/Rediscover AP
Remove From Map
Set AP Orientation
Edit AP Serial Number

b. Click on the Vertical Orientation tab to set whether the AP is on the ceiling or wall.



c. If the AP is on a wall, the **Horizontal Orientation** tab appears and allows you to select the approximate direction the AP is facing.

Vertical Orientation Horizontal Orienta	tion	
Select the approximate direction the AP is facing	IIIIII	
		THINK A
-		Save Cancel

d. Click **Save** to close the window. **TIP:** You can view AP orientation information by mousing over an AP. The AP orientation (if set) is displayed in the bottom right corner of the main map view.

Over AP Orientation: Wall facing east

- Click Save to save the map. The floorplan is uploaded to the controllers that manage the access points placed on the map. The map is now ready to display wireless location and coverage information. See the sections on <u>wireless location</u> and wireless coverage.
- 7. Select the desired map view mode. When viewing a map, use the View drop-down list to specify whether to:
  - Display markers instead of device images on your map
  - Display cells on the map image to show the map's actual image area
  - Display AP channel information (if available)
  - Display walls and drawings
  - Show application data for map links (if available)
  - Set the map's background opacity
  - Set the minimum location confidence to filter location confidence colors in triangulated location search results

## **Drawing Tools**

The drawing tools allow you to add lines and shapes to your custom floorplans. The following table includes descriptions of the various drawing tools accessed from the **Tool** menu.

Drawing Tool	Definition
	Select Items Click on a line or shape to select it for dragging or modification. Use the yellow drag handle to reposition the item; use the blue vertex to modify the shape. Click anywhere on the map and drag to reposition the map image.

Drawing Tool	Definition
7	Draw Area Location areas allow you to set policies for clients based on their location on a map. Position your cursor where you want to start drawing an area location. Click once and draw the first line of the polygon. Click at each corner of the area location. To open the <u>Configure Area window</u> with the Draw Area tool active,
	double-click the area line. To open the Configure Area window and close the Draw Area tool, right-click the area line.
[]	Draw Polygon Position your cursor where you want to start drawing the polygon shape. Click once and draw the first line of the polygon. Click at each corner of the polygon. Double-click to release the polygon line. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw polygon tool.
	Draw Rectangle Position the cursor where you want the rectangle. Click and drag to draw the rectangle. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw rectangle tool.
2.	Add Text Click the map to open the Enter Text window. When you are finished entering your text, click <b>OK</b> . Position the cursor where you want to place the text and click to add the text to your map. Use the <b>Style</b> menu to change the text appearance.
	Draw Triangle Position the cursor where you want the triangle. Click and drag to draw the triangle. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw triangle tool.
	Draw Line Position your cursor where you want to start drawing the line. Click once and draw the line. Click to change line direction. While drawing, press the Delete key to delete the last vertex in the line. Double-click to release the line. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw line tool.

Drawing Tool	Definition
ſ?	Rotate Shape Click on the shape you want to rotate. Use the blue handle to rotate the shape to the desired position. (You can also right-click on an image and select Rotate Shape from the menu.)
	Set Scale Opens the Set Map Scale window from which you can determine the scale of your map.

#### Configure Area Window

The Configure Area window, accessible from the Draw Area tool, allows you to name and determine the depth of an area.

- Area Name The name of the area you are creating.
- Depth A unique identifier for the area used when two areas overlap. In the event a client is located in a location shared by two areas, the client displays in the area with the higher Depth value.

NOTE: The Depth must be a value of 10 or higher. Values of 1 - 9 are reserved by the system.

Configure Area			
Area Name:		^	
		•	
Area Depth:		-	
ОК	Cancel	Help	

Area locations allow you to define up to 16 specific areas per floor on your map to determine whether a client position is inside or outside of each area. Additionally, you can create areas located inside of other areas. A client can only be located in one area at a time and based on the area in which the client is located, you can apply different policies to the client. For example, a client accessing the network from an area located in a classroom may be granted different access than a client accessing the network in an area located in a professor's office.

### Style Menu

Use the Style menu to define the characteristics of the walls and other shapes you add to your custom floorplans. Following are definitions of the Style menu options.

Style Option	Description
Font Color	Specify the color of the text added to the map.
Font Size	Specify the size of the text added to the map.
Line Thickness	Specify the thickness of the shape border in pixels.
Line Color	Specify the color used in shape borders.
Line Opacity	Specify the opacity of the shape borders. This allows you to shade the floorplan.
Shape Filled	Select the checkbox to fill shapes with the specified shape color.
Shape Color	Select the color used to fill the shapes you create.
Shape Opacity	Specify the opacity of the shape color.

# Wireless Client Location

The wireless location feature requires you enable the location engine on the wireless controller. Once you add APs to your custom floorplan and save the map, a copy of the floorplan is sent to each controller. The location engine incorporates information defined in the floorplan data and signal information from a client's contact with APs in order to calculate a client's precise location in the covered area. Client information from within a short time frame must be reported by at least three APs in order to determine a client's triangulated location.

To search for a wireless client, enter a MAC address, IP address, hostname, or user name in the map **Search** box and press **Enter**. (The client must be connected to an AP added to a map.)

The map containing the AP is displayed with an icon for the client. A colored distribution of location confidence is shown on the map with black being highest confidence, red medium confidence, and yellow lowest confidence. You can use the **Min. Location Confidence** slider on the **View** menu to filter out lower confidence colors. As you drag the slider, colors below the selected confidence

level are no longer displayed. If you set the slider to the right-most point, only black is displayed.

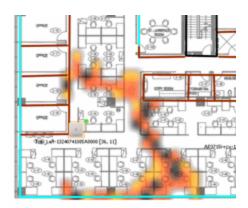
Mouse over the client icon to see a tooltip with client information.

**NOTE:** The tooltip information is based on current data from the wireless domain unless the client icon displays a clock in the center. In that case, the tooltip information is based on historic data from the **Wireless** > **Clients** tab and the confidence colors are not displayed.



If the location result is based on only one AP, the map displays probabilities for the location but with a few differences:

- No client icon is displayed.
- The location confidence distribution area is larger and generally displayed in a circular pattern.
- The associated AP is highlighted.
- The distance is shown beside the confidence legend at the foot of the map.



If there is insufficient data to provide triangulated results, the map displays the AP in the center, with a circle showing the possible area where the client may be located, based on the client's RSS (Received Signal Strength).



## Time-Lapse Location

The wireless location feature provides the ability to view time-lapse location coverage for a client, using historic triangulated location results. This allows you to understand a wireless client's movement through the network and provides for better network troubleshooting.

When a current triangulated location search result displays, a checkbox is available in the upper right corner to enable time-lapse location.

When the checkbox is selected, a set of controls appears to the left of the checkbox, indicating the date of the displayed result. If there are historic events available, the Rewind arrow is enabled and you can scroll through the history. Note that for a historic location, the client icon displays a small clock inside it.

The Rewind and Fast-Forward arrows are disabled if there is no more history in that direction. After viewing historic locations, if you fast forward to the current location and it changed, the location updates.



## Wireless Coverage

After you finish your custom floorplan and saved the map, the map is ready to display wireless coverage information. Select View > Wireless Coverage > Show Coverage to show wireless coverage of the APs on the map and to enable the wireless coverage options. Use the View > Wireless Coverage menu available at the top of the map to select from the following coverage display options.

- Mode Select from the different options for coverage display:
  - Signal Strength— Use this mode to view AP signal strength. Set the Band, Access Points, and Minimum RSS options.
  - Channel Coverage Use this mode to view channel coverage and AP health. Set the Select Channel, Band, and Access Points options. This mode provides a graphical overview of channel allocation, helping to visualize radio management issues or locate potential interference.

- Data Rate This mode shows a coverage map indicating the expected physical rate for all of the cells on the floor. Set the Minimum Physical Rate, Band, and Access Points options. Use this mode to ensure proper wireless performance throughout the network.
- **NOTE:** Wireless coverage maps are divided into cells. Each cell displays a signal strength with which it is associated, used to determine wireless coverage and the location probability of a user.
  - Location Readiness Use this mode to view the expected quality of location search results for each map cell, given the current placement of APs. Colors denote readiness for each cell:
    - Green Good readiness. There are four or more APs with visibility of the cell, with at least three of them within 20 meters.
    - Yellow Moderate readiness. There are three APs with visibility of the cell, with at least two within 20 meters.
    - Orange Poor readiness. There are less than three APs with visibility of the cell.
    - Red No triangulation. Only Cell of Origin location results are available in this area.
- Select Channel Used to select the channels to view for Channel Coverage mode. If "All" is selected, each distinct channel is assigned a color as shown in the legend at the foot of the map, and the color brightness varies to indicate coverage intensity. Selecting a single channel shows a coverage map for that one channel's signal strength and displays a Channel Health window that shows the average and maximum utilization and noise levels for each applicable AP.
  - Utilization The percentage of busy time for the channel during the last 100 seconds. A channel is busy either because of an interference with energy above a threshold (-62dBm) or because of an active transmission of other stations or APs. This is an indicator of the congestion and interference on the channel.
  - Noise The noise floor measured by the AP on the 802.11 channel over the last 30 seconds. Noise floor is measured during the quiet time, between the valid transmission or reception of 802.11 frames.
- Min. Physical Rate Used for Data Rate mode to set the minimum physical rate to display. A legend for the Physical Rate by color is visible at the bottom of the map.
- Band Select the desired band (radio frequency).

- Access Points Select which access points to include. These buttons allow you to select or deselect all APs. This option also contains a checkbox that allows you to use default values if a radio is off. When this checkbox is selected, you can view an estimate of coverage using default values; otherwise, no coverage is shown.
- Minimum RSS Used to set the minimum RSS to display (default is -80) for Signal Strength mode. A legend for the RSS by color is visible at the bottom of the map.

Once these options are set, the map displays the selected coverage information. The following map shows signal strength coverage.



### **Import and Export Maps**

This section describes the map import and export functions. The map import function allows you to import Ekahau maps into Extreme Management Center floorplan maps. The map export function exports floorplan maps to a ZIP file.

#### Importing Maps

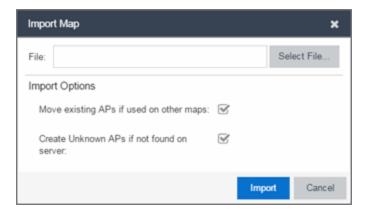
The map import function gives you the ability to import Ekahau maps into Extreme Management Center floorplan maps and gives you the ability to import floorplan maps are previously exported from Extreme Management Center maps.

When Ekahau maps are exported, all the maps in the system are combined into a single ZIP file. When the Ekahau ZIP file is imported into Extreme Management Center, each Ekahau map is re-created into an individual map again.

When a map is imported, it is added as a child map of the World map. If the map's name is not unique, a number is appended to the end of the name. After the map is imported it can be moved and renamed, if desired.

To import a map:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center and click on the Network > Devices tab.
- 2. In the left-panel, select Maps from the drop-down list.
- 3. In the Groups/Maps navigation tree, right-click on the World map and select Maps > Import Map.
- 4. The Import Map window opens. Use the **Select File** button to navigate to the map file to import.



- 5. Select the appropriate import options:
  - Move existing APs if used on other maps An AP can only be added to a single map. If you select this option and import an AP that already exists on another map, the AP is moved from the existing map to the imported map.
  - Create Unknown APs if not found on server If an AP is being imported that does not exist in Extreme Management Center, a placeholder AP is created. Once the map is imported, you can edit the placeholder and map it to an existing AP not currently in use on another map. To do this, right-click on the placeholder and select Edit AP Serial Number.
- 6. Click Import.
- 7. The map is imported and positioned under the World map. It can be moved and renamed, if desired.
- 8. All the walls in an Ekahau map are imported as internal walls. You need to manually edit the exterior walls after the floorplan is imported.
  - a. Select the map and click **Edit** to edit the map.
  - b. Click on the exterior wall and then select the **Exterior** checkbox. This designates the wall as an exterior wall.



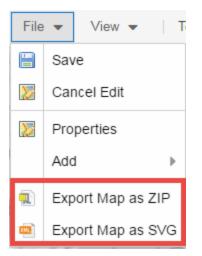
c. Click Save to save the map.

#### **Exporting Maps**

The map export function gives you the ability to export floorplan maps as a ZIP or SVG file.

To export a map:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center and click on the **Network** tab.
- 2. In the left-panel Maps navigation tree, select the map you want to export.
- 3. The map opens in Edit mode. Click File > Export Map as ZIP or Export Map as SVG.



- If you select **Export Map as ZIP**, the map is saved in a ZIP file in your browsers default download location.
- If you select **Export Map as SVG**, the map opens in a new tab, allowing you to save the map in the desired location.

**NOTE:** The Export Map as ZIP option is only available for Floorplan map types.

# Show Application Data

You can display application data in maps by creating map links tied to ExtremeAnalytics network locations. Application data for the location tied to the link displays in the map.

When the **Show Application Data** checkbox in the **View** menu is selected, a pie chart is generated for every map link on the current map. The application data in the pie chart is based on the **Site** field specified for the link and corresponds to a site defined in the **Site** tab.

The pie chart displays the top five application groups (by bytes transferred) for the location specified for the map link. Rest the cursor over the pie chart to view a tooltip. If there is no application data, nothing displays.



### Adding a Map Link with Location

- In the Maps navigation tree, right-click on the map you want to link from and select Maps > Edit Map or click File > Edit in the map properties panel.
- 2. The map's property panel opens in Edit mode. Click File > Add > Map Link.
- 3. The Add Link to Map window opens.

Add Link	к То Мар	×
	nap from the drop down list to add current map to the selected map.	l a link
Map:	/World	*
Location:		
	ОК	Cancel

- 4. From the drop-down list, select the map to which you want to link.
- 5. Enter a site and click **OK**
- 6. The map link is added to the map. You can reposition the map, if desired, or edit a link by right-clicking on the link (in Edit mode) and selecting **Edit Link** from the

menu.

7. Click the **Save** button to save the map.

## Wireless Map Limits

The following sections provide information about limits for wireless client location and wireless coverage maps.

### Active Client Tracking

The number of active clients the location engine on the wireless controller can track simultaneously depends on the wireless controller model. Refer to your wireless controller documentation for information.

#### Maximum Number of Maps

A wireless controller on which version 10.01.01 or higher is installed can store a maximum of 200 maps. Wireless controllers running a version lower than 10 can store a maximum of 100 maps.

#### Maximum Number of APs per floorplan

A single floorplan allows a maximum of 2,000 APs when version 10.01.01 is installed on the wireless controller. A floorplan with a wireless controller on which a version lower than 10 is installed allows 100 APs.

#### **Related Information**

- <u>Extreme Management Center Maps Overview</u>
- How to Create and Edit Maps

**NOTE:** You can edit a map link created before link locations were supported by right-clicking on the link (in Edit mode) and selecting **Edit Link** from the menu. This allows you to specify a location for a link without having to delete and re-add the link.

# How to Design Floorplans

The **Network** > **Devices** tab contains Map features that let you create geographic and topological maps of the devices and floorplans of wireless access points (APs) on your network. The advanced Map features (available with the NMS-ADV license) allow you to <u>design</u> and enhance custom floorplans of your wired and wireless network environment using <u>drawing tools</u> and the <u>style menu</u>.

## Designing a Floorplan

Using the drawing and style tools, you can create detailed visual representations of your network. You can also use floorplans to provide greater accuracy in the calculation of AP client location and in determining signal strength coverage for the wireless devices on your network.

**NOTE:** You can only use an AP in one floorplan.

Managed wireless controllers are automatically synchronized to match map floorplan data. If the floorplan data defined in Extreme Management Center maps is not consistent with data on the controller, the controller is updated accordingly.

**NOTE:** To prevent the automatic synchronization between Extreme Management Center maps and controllers, go to the **Administration** > **Diagnostics** tab, access System > Map Server Details from the left-panel and select the **Do Not Upload Maps** checkbox. Selecting this checkbox also prevents manually triggered map changes from being uploaded to a controller.

In floorplan design, use the map drawing tools to draw walls (or other objects) over an existing map image or on a blank canvas. The Style menu allows you to specify wall thickness, color, and wall materials.

The wall information from the floorplan is used to help determine the degradation of signal strength that occurs as a wireless radio signal passes through the walls, and helps define the probable distance of a client from a given access point. Extreme Management Center uses the wall information to provide accuracy in determining wireless device signal strength.

A floorplan can be created with or without a reference background image; however it is much easier to use the drawing features with an existing image. (The Map feature supports images in .png, .gif, and .jpg formats.) For example, you can trace the outline of a floorplan image using the drawing tools to provide the wall information used for wireless calculations. You can use the Style and Wall menus to specify different wall material types, wall thicknesses, and wall colors to customize the appearance of the floorplan.

When editing a floorplan, use the View menu to select whether to view or hide the background image, map cells, floorplan walls and drawings, devices and APs, and interswitch connections. You can also set the background image opacity.

The following steps provide a workflow for creating a floorplan showing the exterior and interior walls of a building. By drawing the walls over an existing floorplan image, you can add information that provides greater accuracy in wireless calculations.

#### 1. Create and configure a new map.

- a. Launch Extreme Management Center and click on the **Network > Devices** tab.
- b. In the left-panel Groups/Maps navigation tree, right-click on the World map (or any other map that you want as the parent of the new map) and select
   Maps > Create New Map.

Dashboard	Devices	Discove	red	Firm	ware	Archive	s
≡ Maps		•	Dev	/ices	World	Site	Site
Groups / Maps			File	-	View 🗸	,	
Vorld Si	to						
1	Device		Þ				
2 1	View		Þ				
2	0	1					
3	Configura	tion/Firmwa	re ⊧				
ጆ s	Support		►				
	Network D	etails	Þ				
	Maps		•		Create	New Map	D
				2	Edit Ma	p	
				ø	Import I	Мар	

The Create New Map window opens.

c. Enter a name for the Map.

d. Open the Map Properties window by clicking **File > Properties**.

Map Properties		×
Map Name:	New Map	
Map Type:	Floorplan	•
Environment:	Custom	•
Map Image:		- 0
Parent Map:	World : Site	12
Pan/Zoom Control:	Enable Pan and Zoom	Ŧ
AP Height (m):	3	
	Save C	ancel

- e. Change the Map Type drop-down list to Floorplan.
- f. Set the **Environment** option to **Custom**. This allows you to draw walls over the existing image.
- g. Upload the floorplan image you want to use in the **Map Image** field. The Map feature supports images in the .png, .gif, and .jpg formats. The maximum image size is 890 x 670 pixels. Images that are larger than this are automatically scaled down to the maximum size allowed.
- h. Set the AP Height property. This value is the distance from the floor to the AP position on the wall or ceiling in meters. This is a single value used for all access points. Setting a reasonable value helps with the accuracy of the location feature. The default for this value is three meters, which is at the top of a wall with a nine foot ceiling.
- i. Click Save to save the map and display the image.
- 2. Set the map scale. It is important to set the scale before adding devices or walls, since changing the scale later may cause the object positions to be realigned. Try to make the scale as accurate as possible, as this affects triangulation accuracy.
  - a. Click File > Edit to open the map in edit mode.
  - b. Click on the map scale in the map's footer panel to open the Set Map Scale window. (You can also access the Set Map Scale window from the Tools menu.)

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οπ	

Set Map Scale			
Click once on the map to mark the start of the scaling line. Move the cursor and click again to mark the end of the scaling line. <b>Note:</b> Setting the map's scale will save the map and any current changes.			
Starting Position:	[0,0]		
Ending Position:	[0,0]		
Pixel Length:	1.00		
	Save Cancel		

- c. To set the scale, you must measure something in the map using a scaling line, and then set the measurement for the line. For example, in an office floorplan you could measure a scaling line on the opening of an office. If you know that the office doors are 33 inches wide, enter that as the scaling line measurement.
  - i. Click once on the map to mark the start of the scaling line. Move the cursor and click again to mark the end of the scaling line.
  - ii. Enter the line length and units.
- d. Click **OK**. The map scale is automatically adjusted and the map is saved.
- 3. Draw floorplan walls. Click the Edit button to open the map in edit mode. By default you see a grid of cells displayed over the background image. (It can be turned off in the View menu.) This grid can help with positioning walls and access points. Add walls to the floorplan using the <u>drawing tools</u> accessed from the Tools menu (at the upper left corner of the Map main view).
  - a. Define an exterior wall. The exterior wall is used to define the floorplan area included in wireless client location and wireless coverage maps, and should be drawn around the entire perimeter of the floorplan area, without any gaps.

b. Select the appropriate drawing tool from the **Tools** menu. Use the <u>Style menu</u> to configure the wall color, thickness, and transparency. Select the wall material using the Wall drop-down list and select the checkbox to specify that the wall is an exterior wall.



- c. Draw the exterior wall using the selected drawing tool. You can double-click or hit **Escape** to terminate the drawing.
- d. Use these same steps to draw the remaining walls on your floorplan. Be sure to deselect the **Exterior** checkbox for the other walls.

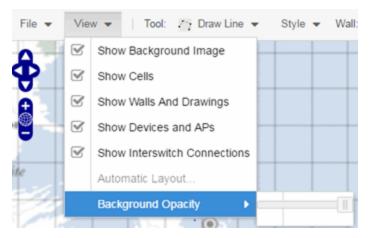
You can trace over existing walls on the floorplan or add new walls, if necessary. Focus on high attenuation walls like concrete or large sections of glass. It is not necessary to incorporate walls and structures that do not fully divide the space, such as half-walls or cubicles.

Ensure that the wall positioning is as accurate as possible, and define the proper material for each wall. Select a material that most closely represents the actual wall construction if it is different than the available options. Keep your colors consistent for the various wall types. The more accurately the map reflects the true environment, the more precise the wireless location and coverage results are in the map.

To remove a line or shape, click **Select Items** in the **Tool** menu, select the shape, and press **Delete**, or right-click on the shape and select **Remove from Map** from the menu. Use the Ctrl+Z key combination to restore deleted items back to the map. Selecting Ctrl+Z multiple times undoes multiple deleted items in the reverse order in which you deleted them.



e. While editing, use the **View** menu to select whether to view or hide the background image, map cells, floorplan walls and drawings, devices and APs, and interswitch connections. You can also select an automatic layout and set the background image opacity.



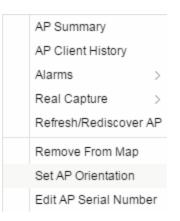
4. Add your APs to the map. In Edit mode, a panel that lists equipment available to add to the map is visible beneath the properties panel. The display is filtered on either the currently discovered devices or the APs known to wireless controllers on your network, depending on your selection (APs or Devices) in the panel title bar. You

can use the search field to locate a specific device or AP.

Drag the desired devices and APs onto the map area and position them to produce your network map. Be sure the APs are in the correct location, so your location and coverage maps are accurate. The center of the image is roughly the position of the AP. Be sure to place an AP on the correct side of a wall.



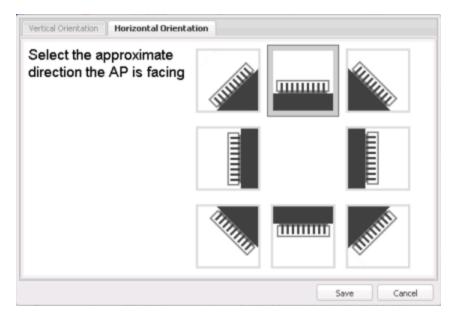
- 5. Set AP orientation.
  - a. Right-click on an AP in the map and select Set AP Orientation.



b. Click on the Vertical Orientation tab to set whether the AP is on the ceiling or wall.



c. If the AP is on a wall, the **Horizontal Orientation** tab appears and allows you to select the approximate direction the AP is facing.



d. Click **Save** to close the window. **TIP:** You can view AP orientation information by mousing over an AP. The AP orientation (if set) is displayed in the bottom right corner of the main map view.

Over AP Orientation: Wall facing east

- 6. Click **Save** to save the map. The floorplan is uploaded to the controllers that manage the access points placed on the map. The map is now ready to display wireless location and wireless coverage information.
- 7. Select the desired map view mode. When viewing a map, use the View drop-down list to specify whether to:
  - Display markers instead of device images on your map
  - Display cells on the map image to show the map's actual image area
  - Display AP channel information (if available)
  - Display walls and drawings
  - Show application data for map links (if available)
  - Set the map's background opacity
  - Set the minimum location confidence to filter location confidence colors in triangulated location search results

## **Drawing Tools**

The drawing tools allow you to add lines and shapes to your custom floorplans. The following table includes descriptions of the various drawing tools accessed from the **Tool** menu.

Drawing Tool	Definition
	Select Items Click on a line or shape to select it for dragging or modification. Use the yellow drag handle to reposition the item; use the blue vertex to modify the shape. Click anywhere on the map and drag to reposition the map image.
4	Draw Area Location areas allow you to set policies for clients based on their location on a map. Position your cursor where you want to start drawing an area location. Click once and draw the first line of the polygon. Click at each corner of the area location. To open the <u>Configure Area window</u> with the Draw Area tool active, double-click the area line. To open the Configure Area window and close the Draw Area tool, right-click the area line.

Drawing Tool	Definition		
[1]	Draw Polygon Position your cursor where you want to start drawing the polygon shape. Click once and draw the first line of the polygon. Click at each corner of the polygon. Double-click to release the polygon line. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw polygon tool.		
	Draw Rectangle Position the cursor where you want the rectangle. Click and drag to draw the rectangle. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw rectangle tool.		
2.	Add Text Click the map to open the Enter Text window. When you are finished entering your text, click <b>OK</b> . Position the cursor where you want to place the text and click to add the text to your map. Use the <b>Style</b> menu to change the text appearance.		
	Draw Triangle Position the cursor where you want the triangle. Click and drag to draw the triangle. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw triangle tool.		
	Draw Line Position your cursor where you want to start drawing the line. Click once and draw the line. Click to change line direction. While drawing, press the Delete key to delete the last vertex in the line. Double-click to release the line. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw line tool.		
f	Rotate Shape Click on the shape you want to rotate. Use the blue handle to rotate the shape to the desired position. (You can also right-click on an image and select Rotate Shape from the menu.)		
	Set Scale Opens the Set Map Scale window from which you can determine the scale of your map.		

## Configure Area Window

The Configure Area window, accessible from the Draw Area tool, allows you to name and determine the depth of an area.

- Area Name The name of the area you are creating.
- Depth A unique identifier for the area used when two areas overlap. In the event a client is located in a location shared by two areas, the client displays in the area with the higher Depth value.

**NOTE:** The **Depth** must be a value of 10 or higher. Values of 1 - 9 are reserved by the system.

Configure Area		×	:
Area Name:			^
		•	
Area Depth:			-
ОК	Cancel	Help	

Area locations allow you to define up to 16 specific areas per floor on your map to determine whether a client position is inside or outside of each area. Additionally, you can create areas located inside of other areas. A client can only be located in one area at a time and based on the area in which the client is located, you can apply different policies to the client. For example, a client accessing the network from an area located in a classroom may be granted different access than a client accessing the network in an area located in a professor's office.

### Style Menu

Use the Style menu to define the characteristics of the walls and other shapes you add to your custom floorplans. Following are definitions of the Style menu options.

Style Option	Description
Font Color	Specify the color of the text added to the map.
Font Size	Specify the size of the text added to the map.
Line Thickness	Specify the thickness of the shape border in pixels.
Line Color	Specify the color used in shape borders.

Style Option	Description
Line Opacity	Specify the opacity of the shape borders. This allows you to shade the floorplan.
Shape Filled	Select the checkbox to fill shapes with the specified shape color.
Shape Color	Select the color used to fill the shapes you create.
Shape Opacity Specify the opacity of the shape color.	

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# How to Add Devices and APs to Maps

# Adding Devices/APs from Extreme Management Center Devices and Wireless

Using the Extreme Management Center Maps feature, you can quickly add devices and wireless access points (APs) to your maps directly from the Devices list or from the navigation tree on the Extreme Management Center **Network** and **Wireless** tabs. You can add them to a <u>specific</u> map, or <u>create new maps</u> based on device or AP system location.

In order to edit maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access capability.

### Add to a Specific Map

Use these steps to add devices or APs to a map you created. For example, use these steps to search for all your S-Series devices on the **Network** tab and add them to a map.

1. On the **Network > Devices** tab, select **All Devices** in the drop-down list in the leftpanel.

- Right-click on one or more devices and select Maps > Add to Map (as shown below). On the Wireless tab, click on the Access Points report, right-click on one or more APs, and select Add to Map.
- 3. In the Add to Map window, use the drop-down list to select the desired map. Click **OK** to add the devices or APs to the map.

Add To Map			×
Map:	/World		-
		ОК	Cancel

- 4. Open the Maps page and select the map to which you added the devices. Right-click on the map and select **Edit Map**. You can now position the devices as desired.
- 5. Click the **Save** button to save the device to the map.

### Add to New Maps Based on Location

Use these steps to add devices or APs to new maps based on well-named system locations that reflect the desired map structure. For example, if your devices are assigned system locations according to the following structure: US/Boston/Third Floor/Closet One/Rack One/Shelf One, typically, a map would be created to the Third Floor level, and then you manually position the devices in the correct location on the map.

- On the Network > Devices tab, right-click on one or more devices and select Maps > Create Maps for Locations.
   On the Wireless tab, click on the Access Points report, right-click on one or more APs, and select Maps > Create Maps for Locations.
- 2. The Create Maps Based on Location window opens. The window contains a preview panel displaying the number of maps and the map titles that result, based on the system locations of your selected devices or APs.

For example, as shown in the following screen shot, you are adding 9 APs to a map. This creates eight new maps based on the access points' system location structure: NORA, Salem, Salem building, and Salem Warehouse and Shipping.

Create Maps Based on Location		$\otimes$		
Ignore last 0 🔿 location elements				
Preview				
APs: 17 selected, 17 added, 0 not a Maps Created: 4 - /World/NORA - /World/NORA/Salem - /World/NORA/Salem/Salem buil - /World/NORA/Salem/Salem War Receiving Maps Changed: 0	ding	ipping		
	ОК	Cancel		
	Ŭ	Cancer		

If you want all the devices on one map, set the Location Option to ignore the last 1 location elements, which is the Salem building location. If you do that, then only two maps are created: NORA and Salem.

Creat	Create Maps Based on Location				
Ignor	Ignore last 1 0 location elements				
Prev	view				
A	Ps: 17 selected, 17 added, 0 not added				
м	Maps Created: 2 - /World/NORA - /World/NORA/Salem				
м	Maps Changed: 0				
L					
	OK Cance				

- 3. Click **OK** to create the maps and add the APs.
- 4. Open the World Site navigation tree in the left-panel and locate the new maps.
- 5. Right-click on the map and select **Maps** > **Edit Map**. You can now position the APs as desired.
- 6. Click the **Save** button to save the devices/APs to the map.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# How to Display Map Application Data

The **Network** > **Devices** tab contains Map features that let you create geographic and topological maps of the devices and floor plans of wireless access points (APs) on your network. The advanced Map features (available with the NMS-ADV license) allows you to display application data in maps by creating map links tied to sites. Application data for the site tied to the link displays in the map.

## **Show Application Data**

When the **Show Application Data** checkbox in the **View** menu is selected, a pie chart is generated for every map link on the current map. The application data in the pie chart is based on the **Sites** field specified for the link and corresponds to a network site.

The pie chart displays the top five application groups (by bytes transferred) for the site specified for the map link.

Rest the cursor over the pie chart to view a tooltip. If there is no application data, nothing displays.



## Adding a Map Link with Location

- In the Maps navigation tree, right-click on the map you want to link from and select Maps > Edit Map or click File > Edit in the map properties panel.
- 2. The map's property panel opens in Edit mode. Click File > Add > Map Link.
- 3. The Add Link to Map window opens.

Add Link To Map			
Select a map from the drop down list to add a link from the current map to the selected map.			
Map:	/World	*	
Location:			
	<b>OK</b> Ca	ncel	

- 4. From the drop-down list, select the map to which you want to link.
- 5. Enter a site and click **OK**.
- 6. The map link is added to the map. You can reposition the map, if desired, or edit a link by right-clicking on the link (in Edit mode) and selecting **Edit Link** from the

menu.

7. Click the **Save** button to save the map.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- <u>Advanced Map Features</u>

# How to Use Maps to Locate Wireless Clients

The **Network** > **Devices** tab in the Extreme Management Centercontains Map features that let you create geographic and topological maps of the devices and floorplans of wireless access points (APs) on your network.

The advanced map features (available with the NMS-ADV license) allow you to design and enhance custom floorplans of your wired and wireless network environment. The wireless location feature provides the ability, using historic triangulated location results, to view <u>time-lapse location</u> coverage for a client. This allows you to understand a wireless client's movement through the network and provides for better network troubleshooting.

This topic also provides information about <u>limits</u> for wireless client location and wireless coverage maps.

# **Wireless Client Location**

The wireless location feature requires you enable the location engine on the wireless controller. Once you add APs to your custom floor plan and save the map, a copy of the floorplan is sent to each controller.

The location engine incorporates information defined in the floorplan data and signal information from a client's contact with APs in order to calculate a client's

**NOTE:** You can edit a map link created before link locations were supported by right-clicking on the link (in Edit mode) and selecting **Edit Link** from the menu. This allows you to specify a location for a link without having to delete and re-add the link.

precise location in the covered area. Client information from within a short time frame must be reported by at least three APs in order to determine a client's triangulated location.

To search for a wireless client:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. In the SearchNetwork box, click Advanced .
- 3. Enter the MAC Address, IP Address, hostname, user name, AP serial number or ExtremeControl custom field information in the open **Search** box.
- 4. Press Enter. (The client must be connected to an AP added to a map.)

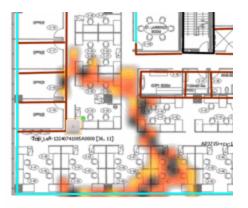
The map containing the AP is displayed with an icon for the client. A colored distribution of location confidence is shown on the map with black being highest confidence, red medium confidence, and yellow lowest confidence.

- 5. On the View tab, use the **Min. Location Confidence** slider to filter out lower confidence colors:
  - a. Drag the slider to eliminate colors below the selected confidence level
  - b. Drag the slider all the way to the right to display only black.
- 6. Mouse over the client icon to see a tooltip with client information.
- **NOTE:** The tooltip information is based on current data from the wireless domain unless the client icon displays a clock in the center. In that case, the tooltip information is based on historic data from the **Wireless** > **Clients** tab and the confidence colors are not displayed.



If the location result is based on only one AP, the map displays probabilities for the location but with a few differences:

- No client icon is displayed.
- The location confidence distribution area is larger and generally displayed in a circular pattern.
- The associated AP is highlighted.
- The distance is shown beside the confidence legend at the foot of the map.



If there is insufficient data to provide triangulated results, the map displays the AP in the center, with a circle showing the possible area where the client may be located, based on the client's RSS (Received Signal Strength).

()
AP3710i-D7-20-95 Center [40, 8]

## Time-Lapse Location

To enable time-lapse location:

- 1. Click the Time-Lapse Location checkbox in the upper right corner of the a triangulated location search result window.
- 2. Locate the set of controls that appears to the left of the checkbox that indicate the date of the displayed result.
- 3. If there are historic events available, the Rewind and Fast-Forward arrows are enabled:
  - a. Click the left arrow to rewind.



b. Click the right arrow to fast-forward.

 NOTES: Note that for a historic location, the client icon displays a small clock inside it. The Rewind and Fast-Forward arrows are disabled if there is no more history in that direction.
 After viewing historic locations, if you fast forward to the current location and

After viewing historic locations, if you fast forward to the current location and it changed, the location updates.

# Wireless Map Limits

The following sections provide information about limits for wireless client location and wireless coverage maps.

## Active Client Tracking

The number of active clients that the location engine on the wireless controller can track simultaneously depends on the wireless controller model. Refer to your wireless controller documentation for information.

### Maximum Number of Maps

A wireless controller on which version 10.01.01 or higher is installed can store a maximum of 200 maps. Wireless controllers running a version lower than 10 can store a maximum of 100 maps.

### Maximum Number of APs per Floor Plan

A single floor plan allows a maximum of 2,000 APs when version 10.01.01 is installed on the wireless controller. A floor plan with a wireless controller on which a version lower than 10 is installed allows 100 APs.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# How to View Wireless Coverage

The **Network** > **Devices** tab contains Map features that let you create geographic and topological maps of the devices and floor plans of wireless access points (APs) on your network. The advanced Map features (available with the NMS-ADV license) include wireless coverage maps to identify coverage trouble spots for your wireless network.

# Wireless Coverage

After you finish your custom floor plan and save the map, the map is ready to display wireless coverage information.

- 1. Select View > Wireless Coverage > Show Coverage to show wireless coverage of the APs on the map and to enable the wireless coverage options.
- 2. Use the **View** > **Wireless Coverage** menu available at the top of the map to select from the following coverage display options.

- Mode Select from the different options for coverage display:
  - Signal Strength— Use this mode to view AP signal strength. Set the Band, Access Points, and Minimum RSS options.
  - Channel Coverage Use this mode to view channel coverage and AP health. Set the Select Channel, Band, and Access Points options. This mode provides a graphical overview of channel allocation, helping to visualize radio management issues or locate potential interference.
  - Data Rate This mode shows a coverage map indicating the expected physical rate for all of the cells on the floor. Set the Minimum Physical Rate, Band, and Access Points options. Use this mode to ensure proper wireless performance throughout the network.
  - **NOTE:** Wireless coverage maps are divided into cells. Each cell displays a signal strength with which it is associated, used to determine wireless coverage and the location probability of a user.
    - Location Readiness Use this mode to view the expected quality of location search results for each map cell, given the current placement of APs. Colors denote readiness for each cell:
      - Green Good readiness. There are four or more APs with visibility of the cell, with at least three of them within 20 meters.
      - Yellow Moderate readiness. There are three APs with visibility of the cell, with at least two within 20 meters.
      - Orange Poor readiness. There are less than three APs with visibility of the cell.
      - Red No triangulation. Only Cell of Origin location results are available in this area.
- Select Channel Used to select the channels to view for Channel Coverage mode. If "All" is selected, each distinct channel is assigned a color as shown in the legend at the foot of the map, and the color brightness varies to indicate coverage intensity. Selecting a single channel shows a coverage map for that one channel's signal strength and displays a Channel Health window that shows the average and maximum utilization and noise levels for each applicable AP.
  - Utilization The percentage of busy time for the channel during the last 100 seconds. A channel is busy either because of an interference with energy above a threshold (-62dBm) or because of an active transmission

of other stations or APs. This is an indicator of the congestion and interference on the channel.

- Noise The noise floor measured by the AP on the 802.11 channel over the last 30 seconds. Noise floor is measured during the quiet time, between the valid transmission or reception of 802.11 frames.
- Min. Physical Rate Used for Data Rate mode to set the minimum physical rate to display. A legend for the Physical Rate by color is visible at the bottom of the map.
- Band Select the desired band (radio frequency).
- Access Points Select which access points to include. These buttons allow you to select or deselect all APs. This option also contains a checkbox that allows you to use default values if a radio is off. When this checkbox is selected, you can view an estimate of coverage using default values; otherwise, no coverage is shown.
- Minimum RSS Used to set the minimum RSS to display (default is -80) for Signal Strength mode. A legend for the RSS by color is visible at the bottom of the map.

Once these options are set, the map displays the selected coverage information. The following map shows signal strength coverage.



## Wireless Map Limits

The following sections provide information about limits for wireless client location and wireless coverage maps.

### Active Client Tracking

The number of active clients the location engine on the wireless controller can track simultaneously depends on the wireless controller model. Refer to your wireless controller documentation for information.

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#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- <u>Advanced Map Features</u>

# How to Export Maps

The Extreme Management Center Maps lets you import saved maps of devices and wireless access points (APs) from your local drive or network, and configure the behavior of the imported maps.

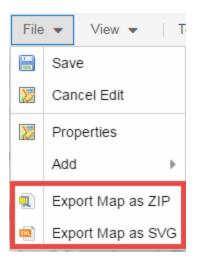
In order to edit maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access capability.

The **Network** > **Devices** tab contains Map features that let you create geographic and topological maps of the devices and floor plans of wireless access points (APs) on your network. The advanced Map features (available with the NMS-ADV license) include the map export function, which gives you the ability to export floor plan maps as a ZIP or SVG file.

# **Exporting Maps**

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center and click on the **Network** tab.
- 2. In the left-panel Maps navigation tree, select the map you want to export.

3. The map opens in Edit mode. Click File > Export Map as ZIP or Export Map as SVG.



• If you select **Export Map as ZIP**, the map is saved in a ZIP file in your browser's default download location.

NOTE: The Export Map as ZIP option is only available for floorplan map types.

• If you select **Export Map as SVG**, the map opens in a new tab, allowing you to save the map in the desired location.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# How to Design Floorplans

The **Network** > **Devices** tab contains Map features that let you create geographic and topological maps of the devices and floorplans of wireless access points (APs) on your network. The advanced Map features (available with the NMS-ADV license) allow you to <u>design</u> and enhance custom floorplans of your wired and wireless network environment using <u>drawing tools</u> and the <u>style menu</u>.

# Designing a Floorplan

Using the drawing and style tools, you can create detailed visual representations of your network. You can also use floorplans to provide greater accuracy in the calculation of AP client location and in determining signal strength coverage for the wireless devices on your network.

**NOTE:** You can only use an AP in one floorplan.

Managed wireless controllers are automatically synchronized to match map floorplan data. If the floorplan data defined in Extreme Management Center maps is not consistent with data on the controller, the controller is updated accordingly.

**NOTE:** To prevent the automatic synchronization between Extreme Management Center maps and controllers, go to the **Administration** > **Diagnostics** tab, access System > Map Server Details from the left-panel and select the **Do Not Upload Maps** checkbox. Selecting this checkbox also prevents manually triggered map changes from being uploaded to a controller.

In floorplan design, use the map drawing tools to draw walls (or other objects) over an existing map image or on a blank canvas. The Style menu allows you to specify wall thickness, color, and wall materials.

The wall information from the floorplan is used to help determine the degradation of signal strength that occurs as a wireless radio signal passes through the walls, and helps define the probable distance of a client from a given access point. Extreme Management Center uses the wall information to provide accuracy in determining wireless device signal strength.

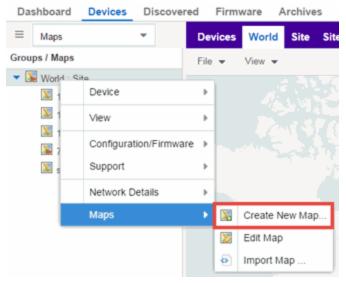
A floorplan can be created with or without a reference background image; however it is much easier to use the drawing features with an existing image. (The Map feature supports images in .png, .gif, and .jpg formats.) For example, you can trace the outline of a floorplan image using the drawing tools to provide the wall information used for wireless calculations. You can use the Style and Wall menus to specify different wall material types, wall thicknesses, and wall colors to customize the appearance of the floorplan.

When editing a floorplan, use the View menu to select whether to view or hide the background image, map cells, floorplan walls and drawings, devices and

APs, and interswitch connections. You can also set the background image opacity.

The following steps provide a workflow for creating a floorplan showing the exterior and interior walls of a building. By drawing the walls over an existing floorplan image, you can add information that provides greater accuracy in wireless calculations.

- 1. Create and configure a new map.
  - a. Launch Extreme Management Center and click on the **Network > Devices** tab.
  - b. In the left-panel Groups/Maps navigation tree, right-click on the World map (or any other map that you want as the parent of the new map) and select
     Maps > Create New Map.



The Create New Map window opens.

c. Enter a name for the Map.

d. Open the Map Properties window by clicking **File > Properties**.

Map Properties		×
Map Name:	New Map	
Map Type:	Floorplan	•
Environment:	Custom	•
Map Image:		- 0
Parent Map:	World : Site	2
Pan/Zoom Control:	Enable Pan and Zoom	•
AP Height (m):	3	
	Save Ca	ncel

- e. Change the Map Type drop-down list to Floorplan.
- f. Set the **Environment** option to **Custom**. This allows you to draw walls over the existing image.
- g. Upload the floorplan image you want to use in the **Map Image** field. The Map feature supports images in the .png, .gif, and .jpg formats. The maximum image size is 890 x 670 pixels. Images that are larger than this are automatically scaled down to the maximum size allowed.
- h. Set the AP Height property. This value is the distance from the floor to the AP position on the wall or ceiling in meters. This is a single value used for all access points. Setting a reasonable value helps with the accuracy of the location feature. The default for this value is three meters, which is at the top of a wall with a nine foot ceiling.
- i. Click **Save** to save the map and display the image.
- 2. Set the map scale. It is important to set the scale before adding devices or walls, since changing the scale later may cause the object positions to be realigned. Try to make the scale as accurate as possible, as this affects triangulation accuracy.
  - a. Click File > Edit to open the map in edit mode.
  - b. Click on the map scale in the map's footer panel to open the Set Map Scale window. (You can also access the Set Map Scale window from the Tools menu.)

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Set Map Scale				
Click once on the map to mark the start of the scaling line. Move the cursor and click again to mark the end of the scaling line. <b>Note:</b> Setting the map's scale will save the map and any current changes.				
Starting Position:	[0,0]			
Ending Position:	[0,0]			
Pixel Length:	1.00			
	Save Cancel			

- c. To set the scale, you must measure something in the map using a scaling line, and then set the measurement for the line. For example, in an office floorplan you could measure a scaling line on the opening of an office. If you know that the office doors are 33 inches wide, enter that as the scaling line measurement.
  - i. Click once on the map to mark the start of the scaling line. Move the cursor and click again to mark the end of the scaling line.
  - ii. Enter the line length and units.
- d. Click **OK**. The map scale is automatically adjusted and the map is saved.
- 3. Draw floorplan walls. Click the Edit button to open the map in edit mode. By default you see a grid of cells displayed over the background image. (It can be turned off in the View menu.) This grid can help with positioning walls and access points. Add walls to the floorplan using the <u>drawing tools</u> accessed from the Tools menu (at the upper left corner of the Map main view).
  - a. Define an exterior wall. The exterior wall is used to define the floorplan area included in wireless client location and wireless coverage maps, and should be drawn around the entire perimeter of the floorplan area, without any gaps.

b. Select the appropriate drawing tool from the **Tools** menu. Use the <u>Style menu</u> to configure the wall color, thickness, and transparency. Select the wall material using the Wall drop-down list and select the checkbox to specify that the wall is an exterior wall.



- c. Draw the exterior wall using the selected drawing tool. You can double-click or hit **Escape** to terminate the drawing.
- d. Use these same steps to draw the remaining walls on your floorplan. Be sure to deselect the **Exterior** checkbox for the other walls.

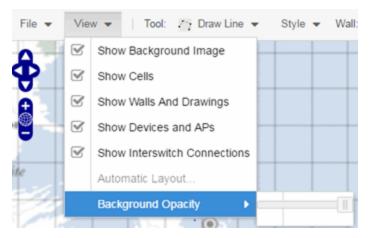
You can trace over existing walls on the floorplan or add new walls, if necessary. Focus on high attenuation walls like concrete or large sections of glass. It is not necessary to incorporate walls and structures that do not fully divide the space, such as half-walls or cubicles.

Ensure that the wall positioning is as accurate as possible, and define the proper material for each wall. Select a material that most closely represents the actual wall construction if it is different than the available options. Keep your colors consistent for the various wall types. The more accurately the map reflects the true environment, the more precise the wireless location and coverage results are in the map.

To remove a line or shape, click **Select Items** in the **Tool** menu, select the shape, and press **Delete**, or right-click on the shape and select **Remove from Map** from the menu. Use the Ctrl+Z key combination to restore deleted items back to the map. Selecting Ctrl+Z multiple times undoes multiple deleted items in the reverse order in which you deleted them.



e. While editing, use the **View** menu to select whether to view or hide the background image, map cells, floorplan walls and drawings, devices and APs, and interswitch connections. You can also select an automatic layout and set the background image opacity.



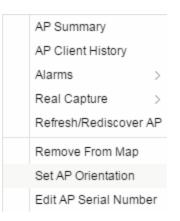
4. Add your APs to the map. In Edit mode, a panel that lists equipment available to add to the map is visible beneath the properties panel. The display is filtered on either the currently discovered devices or the APs known to wireless controllers on your network, depending on your selection (APs or Devices) in the panel title bar. You

can use the search field to locate a specific device or AP.

Drag the desired devices and APs onto the map area and position them to produce your network map. Be sure the APs are in the correct location, so your location and coverage maps are accurate. The center of the image is roughly the position of the AP. Be sure to place an AP on the correct side of a wall.



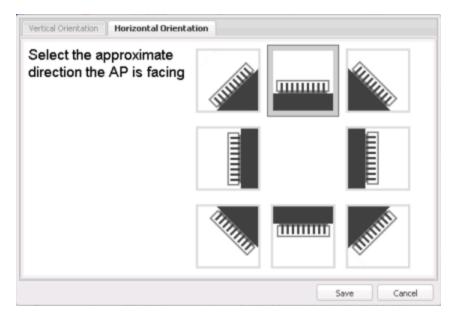
- 5. Set AP orientation.
  - a. Right-click on an AP in the map and select Set AP Orientation.



b. Click on the Vertical Orientation tab to set whether the AP is on the ceiling or wall.



c. If the AP is on a wall, the **Horizontal Orientation** tab appears and allows you to select the approximate direction the AP is facing.



d. Click **Save** to close the window. **TIP:** You can view AP orientation information by mousing over an AP. The AP orientation (if set) is displayed in the bottom right corner of the main map view.

Over AP Orientation: Wall facing east

- 6. Click **Save** to save the map. The floorplan is uploaded to the controllers that manage the access points placed on the map. The map is now ready to display wireless location and wireless coverage information.
- 7. Select the desired map view mode. When viewing a map, use the View drop-down list to specify whether to:
  - Display markers instead of device images on your map
  - Display cells on the map image to show the map's actual image area
  - Display AP channel information (if available)
  - Display walls and drawings
  - Show application data for map links (if available)
  - Set the map's background opacity
  - Set the minimum location confidence to filter location confidence colors in triangulated location search results

## **Drawing Tools**

The drawing tools allow you to add lines and shapes to your custom floorplans. The following table includes descriptions of the various drawing tools accessed from the **Tool** menu.

Drawing Tool	Definition
	Select Items Click on a line or shape to select it for dragging or modification. Use the yellow drag handle to reposition the item; use the blue vertex to modify the shape. Click anywhere on the map and drag to reposition the map image.
	Draw Area Location areas allow you to set policies for clients based on their location on a map. Position your cursor where you want to start drawing an area location. Click once and draw the first line of the polygon. Click at each corner of the area location. To open the <u>Configure Area window</u> with the Draw Area tool active, double-click the area line. To open the Configure Area window and close the Draw Area tool, right-click the area line.

Drawing Tool	Definition
[7]	Draw Polygon Position your cursor where you want to start drawing the polygon shape. Click once and draw the first line of the polygon. Click at each corner of the polygon. Double-click to release the polygon line. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw polygon tool.
	Draw Rectangle Position the cursor where you want the rectangle. Click and drag to draw the rectangle. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw rectangle tool.
2.	Add Text Click the map to open the Enter Text window. When you are finished entering your text, click <b>OK</b> . Position the cursor where you want to place the text and click to add the text to your map. Use the <b>Style</b> menu to change the text appearance.
	Draw Triangle Position the cursor where you want the triangle. Click and drag to draw the triangle. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw triangle tool.
	Draw Line Position your cursor where you want to start drawing the line. Click once and draw the line. Click to change line direction. While drawing, press the Delete key to delete the last vertex in the line. Double-click to release the line. When you are finished drawing, right-click to release the draw line tool.
Ĩ	Rotate Shape Click on the shape you want to rotate. Use the blue handle to rotate the shape to the desired position. (You can also right-click on an image and select Rotate Shape from the menu.)
	Set Scale Opens the Set Map Scale window from which you can determine the scale of your map.

## Configure Area Window

The Configure Area window, accessible from the Draw Area tool, allows you to name and determine the depth of an area.

- Area Name The name of the area you are creating.
- Depth A unique identifier for the area used when two areas overlap. In the event a client is located in a location shared by two areas, the client displays in the area with the higher Depth value.

**NOTE:** The **Depth** must be a value of 10 or higher. Values of 1 - 9 are reserved by the system.

Configure Area				
Area Name:		i i	•	
		-		
Area Depth:			-	
ОК	Cancel	Help	ļ	

Area locations allow you to define up to 16 specific areas per floor on your map to determine whether a client position is inside or outside of each area. Additionally, you can create areas located inside of other areas. A client can only be located in one area at a time and based on the area in which the client is located, you can apply different policies to the client. For example, a client accessing the network from an area located in a classroom may be granted different access than a client accessing the network in an area located in a professor's office.

### Style Menu

Use the Style menu to define the characteristics of the walls and other shapes you add to your custom floorplans. Following are definitions of the Style menu options.

Style Option	Description
Font Color	Specify the color of the text added to the map.
Font Size	Specify the size of the text added to the map.
Line Thickness	Specify the thickness of the shape border in pixels.
Line Color	Specify the color used in shape borders.

Style Option	Description	
Line Opacity	Specify the opacity of the shape borders. This allows you to shade the floorplan.	
Shape Filled	Select the checkbox to fill shapes with the specified shape color.	
Shape Color	Select the color used to fill the shapes you create.	
Shape Opacity	Specify the opacity of the shape color.	

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# **How to Export Maps**

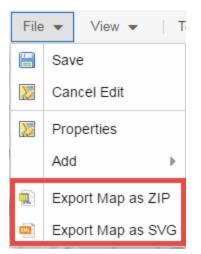
The Extreme Management Center Maps lets you import saved maps of devices and wireless access points (APs) from your local drive or network, and configure the behavior of the imported maps.

In order to edit maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access capability.

The **Network** > **Devices** tab contains Map features that let you create geographic and topological maps of the devices and floor plans of wireless access points (APs) on your network. The advanced Map features (available with the NMS-ADV license) include the map export function, which gives you the ability to export floor plan maps as a ZIP or SVG file.

# **Exporting Maps**

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center and click on the **Network** tab.
- 2. In the left-panel Maps navigation tree, select the map you want to export.
- 3. The map opens in Edit mode. Click File > Export Map as ZIP or Export Map as SVG.



• If you select **Export Map as ZIP**, the map is saved in a ZIP file in your browser's default download location.

**NOTE:** The Export Map as ZIP option is only available for floorplan map types.

• If you select **Export Map as SVG**, the map opens in a new tab, allowing you to save the map in the desired location.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- <u>Advanced Map Features</u>

# **Network Details**

The Extreme Management Center Map Tab gives you access to a number of powerful tools that will allow you to create, view, import, edit and search maps of devices and floor plans of wireless access points (APs) on your network. Maps are configured in various places on the **Network** > **Devices** tab.

The Network Details section, available in topology and geographic maps, gives you access to information about links, LANS, ports, and switches in your map network. The **EAPS tab** allows you to access information about any devices configured with Extreme's Ethernet Automatic Protection Switching feature. To view or search maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read Access or Maps Read/Write Access capability.

## To access maps of your devices:

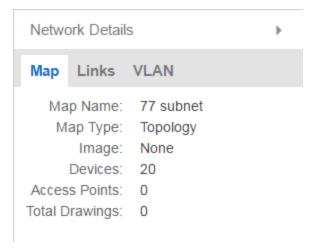
- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Select the **Network** > **Devices** tab.
- 3. Select **Sites** from the left-panel drop-down list. Sites are groups of devices that share a configuration. Within each site, you can add maps for devices, depending on their physical location.
- 4. Expand a site from the left-panel tree to display the maps on that site.
- 5. Select a map to open the Map Name tab in the right panel.

## **Accessing Network Details**

- 1. Right-click the map or map tree in the left-panel.
- 2. Click **Network Details** from the drop-down list. Several additional tabs are available, depending on the devices included in the map:
  - a. EAPS Summary tab Lists information about any devices configured with Extreme's Ethernet Automatic Protection Switching feature.
  - b. Link Summary tab Displays information about the network connections between devices
  - c. VLAN Summary tab Lists any virtual local area networks within the map
  - d. MLAG Summary tab Lists devices configured in a multi-switch link aggregation group
  - e. VPLS Summary tab Displays information about site connectivity within a private VLAN
  - f. Extended Bridges tab Displays the extended bridges within the map

**NOTE:** For an alternate way to access the additional tabs:

- 1. Click Network > Devices
- 2. Click the second tab of the open **Devices** window, which is the **Map Tab** for the map you selected.
- 3. The **Network Details** panel at the far right. The panel also includes a Map tab that displays basic information about the map, including the name of the map, the map type, and the background image, as well as the number of devices, APs, and drawings on the map.



#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# EAPS

The **EAPS** tab allows you to access information about any devices configured with Extreme's Ethernet Automatic Protection Switching feature.

## **Accessing Network Details**

- 1. Right-click a map or map tree in the left-panel.
- 2. Select Network Details from the drop-down list.
- 3. Select EAPS Summary.

**NOTE:** For an alternate way to access the EAPS Summary tab:

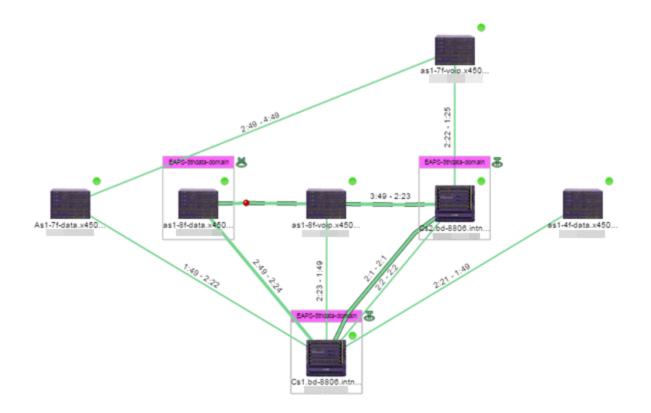
- 1. Click Network > Devices.
- 2. Click the second tab of the open **Devices** window, which is the **Map Tab** for the map you selected.
- 3. The EAPS tab will be included in the Network Details panel at the far right of the open Devices window.

#### EAPS Summary Tab

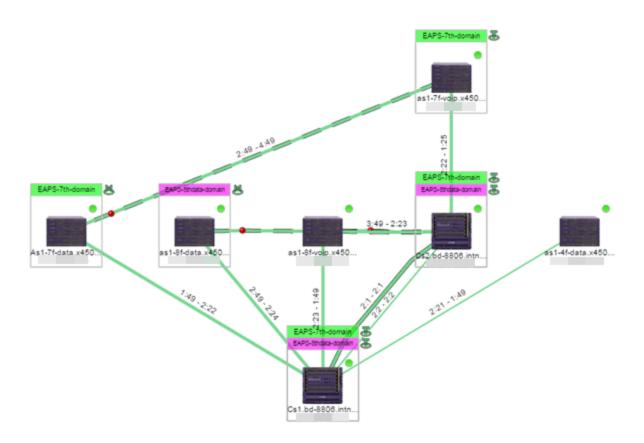
The **EAPS Summary tab** displays a list of the EAPS domains, including their status, name, the control VLAN name, and the IP addresses of the devices utilizing the EAPS domain.

Network	Details						$\bigcirc$
Мар	Links	MLAG	EAPS				
EAPS SU	ummary						
🔁 🔜 R	eset 📀	New	📑 Edit 🗸	🖉 🔘 Delete		💎 Show Filters	Q
Do	main Statu	IS	Name	*	C	ontrol VLAN	Last C
- 0 0	Complete		EAPS-	EAPS-4th-domain		APS-4th-Control[1004]	06/27/2
- 00	Complete		EAPS-	EAPS-7th-domain		APS-7th-Control[1003]	06/27/
-00	Complete		EAPS-	EAPS-8thdata-domain		APS-8thdata-Control[1	06/27/2
- 0	Master n	ot found	EAPS-	8thvoip-domain	EA	APS-8th∨oip-Control[1	06/27/2
<u> </u>	Unknown		eaps-	eaps-8thvoip-domain		APS-8th∨oip-Control[1	06/27/2
- 0	Master n	ot found	sc-sto	sc-storage		orage-control[3940]	06/27/2

Selecting the checkbox associated with an EAPS domain highlights any devices containing ports associated with the EAPS domain by surrounding the device in a box with a color-coded title bar containing the EAPS name.



Selecting multiple EAPS domains assigned to the same device adds a new title bar to the box containing the EAPS name and associated color.



An icon next to the title bar indicates if the node is a master node, indicated by an "M" icon a, or if the node is a transit node, indicated by a "T" icon a.

The color of the ring icon indicates the status of the domain:

- Green Indicates all domains in which this device participates are fully operational
- Yellow Indicates one or more of the domains is not fully operational, but is in a transitional state or an unknown state (as when the device is SNMP unreachable)
- Red Indicates one or more of the domains is not operational (the device's master domain is in a failed state or a transit node is in a "links down" state)
- Grey Indicates the EAPS domain is disabled

When selecting an EAPS domain, link information is also displayed. A single green line means a link that is not shared, while a dashed line between devices means the link is shared. A red dot icon on a shared link indicates the secondary link is blocked.



You can view additional details about the EAPS domain by right-clicking an EAPS domain on the **EAPS** tab and selecting **EAPS Details** to open the EAPS Detail view.

Devices E	APS Details - EAPS	-4th-domain	_										
EAPS Details	- EAPS-4th-dom	ain											
😂 🐻 Reset	🔾 New 🛛 🔂 Ec	it 🗸 🥥 De	riete										
Domain Status	Name +		Control VLAN	Le	st Changed		Devices						
<ul> <li>Complete</li> </ul>	EAPS-48-	domain	EAPS-4th-Co	ntro(1004) 06	27/2015 07:53:58 P	M							
Devices P	orts Links N	laster VLAN D	letails										
with the state of	EAPS Domain												
IP Address 🔺	CAPS Domain	Primary Port	Primary Status	Secondary Port	Secondary Status	EAPS Enabled	EAPS Mode	Domain Status	Fast Convergence	Priority	Failed Timer	Failed Timer Action	Device Type
P Address A	EAPS-4th-domain		Primary Status Up	Secondary Port 2:1	Secondary Status Up	EAPS Enabled true	EAPS Mode Transit	Domain Status Link Up	Fast Convergence Off	Priority normal		Failed Timer Action Send Alert	Device Type BD 8806
P ADDITISS A		2:21									3		

The top of the EAPS Details view displays a summary of the EAPS domain, identical to the information displayed in the **EAPS** tab. At the bottom of the window are three sub-tabs, which display additional information:

• Devices – Displays information about the devices using the EAPS domain.

Devices	Po	rts Links N	Aaster VLAN C	letails										
IP Address 🔺		EAPS Domain	Primary Port	Primary Status	Secondary Port	Secondary Status	EAPS Enabled	EAPS Mode	Domain Status	Fast Convergence	Priority	Failed Timer	Failed Timer Action	Device Type
		EAPS-4th-domain	2:21	Up	2.1	Up	true	Transit	Link Up	01	normail	3	Send Alert	BO 8806
		EAPS-4th-domain	2.21	Up	2.1	Up	true	Transit	Link Up	0#	normai	3	Send Alert	BD 8806
		EAPS-4th-domain	1:49	Up	2:49	Blocked	true	Master	Complete	0#	normail	3	Send Alert	EXOS Stack

• **Ports** — Displays information about the shared ports associated with the EAPS domain.

Devices	Ports L	inks Maste	r VLAN Deta	kits										
Shared	Display	Device Mode	Mode	Status in Domain	Shared-Port Link ID	Neighbor-Port State	Root Blocker Status	Shared-Port Statu	Expiry Action	Segment Health Interva	Segment Timeout	Link State	Device IP Address	Shared-Port Mode
Shared	2:1 [2001]	Transit	Secondary	Complete	1	Up	False	Ready	Send Alert	1	3	up		Controller
Not shared	2:49 [2049]	Master	Secondary	Link up		-		-	-	-	-			
Not shared	2:21 [2021]	Transit	Primary	Complete		-		-	-	-	-			
Not shared	1:49 [1049]	Master	Primary	Complete		-		-	-	-	-	up		
Shared	2:1 [2001]	Transit	Secondary	Complete	1	Up	False	Ready	Send Alert	1	3	up		Partner
Not shared	2:21 [2021]	Transit	Primary	Complete		-		-	-	-	-			

• Links – Displays links between devices using the EAPS domain.

Devices Ports	Links Master VL	AN Details										
Status Name		A Device Name	A Device Type	A IP Address	A Port Name	B Device Name	B Device Type	B IP Address	8 Port Name	Protocol	Device Status	Туре
		Cs1.bd-8806.l	8D 8806		2:1	Cs2.bd-8806.i	BD 8806		21	EOP	Reachable	Shared Physi
		Cs1.bd-8806.i	8088 QB		2:21	as1-4f-data.x4	EXOS Stack		1:49	EDP	Reachable	Physical
		Cs2.bd-8806.l	8D 8806		2:1	Cs1.bd-8806.i	BD 8806		21	EOP	Reachable	Shared Physi
		Cs2.bd-8806.i	8088 GB		2:21	02:04:96:35:0			1:49	EDP	Reachable	Physical
		as1-4f-data.x4	EXOS Stack		2:49	02:04:96:35:0			2:40	EOP	Reachable	Physical
		as1-4f-data.x4	EXOS Stack		1:49	Cs1.bd-8806.i	BD 8806		2.21	EDP	Reachable	Physical

• Master VLAN Details — Displays details about the master VLAN associated with the EAPS domain.

Devices	Ports	Links	Master VLAN Details
Tag	VLAN Nar	me	VLAN Type
15	wlan		protected
16	wlanc		protected
41	CXICHE4	-Data-4th	protected
40	CXICHE4	-LAN-Node	e protected
21	CXICHE4	-∨oip-4th	protected
1004	EAPS-4th	-Control	control

Clicking the **New EAPS Domain** button opens the New EAPS Domain wizard, which allows you to create a create a new EAPS Domain.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

## Links

The **Links** tab displays information about the network connections between devices.

### **Accessing Network Details**

- 1. Right-click a map or map tree in the left-panel.
- 2. Select Network Details from the drop-down list.
- 3. Select Links.

**NOTE:** For an alternate way to access the Link Summary tab:

- 1. Click Network > Devices.
- 2. Click the second tab of the open **Devices** window, which is the **Map Tab** for the map you selected.
- 3. The Links tab will be included in the Network Details panel at the far right of the open Devices window.

#### Links tab

The **Links** tab displays the Links table for maps with one or more network connections, which contains detailed information about the network connections between devices. Selecting one of the links in the table highlights the link in the map.

N	etwork	Details			•
Ň	lap Li	nks VLAN			
0	New St	hared Link 😑 Delete Shared Link		💎 Show Fil	ters   Q   Refresh Off 👻
	Stat	Name	A Device Na	A Device Type	A IP Address 1 A Port Name
5	•			X450-G2-48t-GE4	1:47
5	•			X450-G2-48t-GE4	1:5
	•			B3G124-48	ge.1.1 (10.5
]	•			A4H254-8F8T	fe.2.1 (Netv.
	•			13H252-02	fe.1.1
)	•			7100 Virtual Swi	ge.1.26
	•			X460-G2-24t-10	1:18
	•			X460-G2-24t-10	1:8
	•			X460-G2-24t-10	1:13
	•			X460-G2-24t-10	1:4
	•			X460-G2-24t-10	1:6
	•		_	X460-G2-24t-10	1:17
~<	< 1	Page 1 of 1   > >   2	📑 Reset	Displ	aying Link Summary 1 - 39 of 3

The top of the **Links** tab contains a search field, which allows you to find a particular Link by entering specific criteria. Additionally, you can manually browse links using the scroll bar and page navigation at the bottom of the section.

The top of the window displays information about the link, while information about the devices it connects are contained on two tabs, Endpoint 1 and Endpoint 2.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

## VLAN

The VLAN tab Lists any virtual local area networks within the map.

## **Accessing Network Details**

- 1. Right-click a map or map tree in the left-panel.
- 2. Select Network Details from the drop-down list.
- 3. Select VLAN Summary.

**NOTE:** For an alternate way to access the VLAN Summary tab:

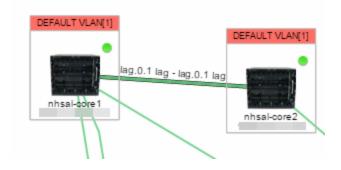
- 1. Click Network > Devices.
- 2. Click the second tab of the open **Devices** window, which is the **Map Tab** for the map you selected.
- 3. The VLAN tab will be included in the Network Details panel at the far right of the open Devices window.

#### VLAN Summary tab

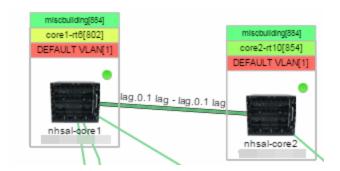
The VLAN Summary tab displays VLANs configured as part of devices included in the map. Columns in the VLAN tab provide additional information, including the VLAN tag, the name of the VLAN, any protocol filters applied for devices on which the VLAN is configured, and whether or not IP forwarding is enabled for the VLAN.

Protocol Address		Show Filters   IP Forward	
Protocol Address			VLAN VLAN VLAN VLAN VLAN
Protocol Address	Protocol Filter	IP Forward	VLAN VLAN VLAN VLAN
			VLAN VLAN VLAN
			VLAN VLAN
			VLAN
			VLAN
			VLAN
	📿   🌉 Reset		🔀 🛛 🐻 Reset Displaying VL

Selecting the checkbox associated with a VLAN highlights any devices to which that VLAN is assigned by surrounding the device in a box with a color-coded title bar containing the VLAN name.



Selecting multiple VLANs assigned to the same device adds a new title bar to the box that displays the VLAN name and associated color.



Additionally, from the VLAN tab, you can create a new VLAN or create a VLAN protected by an EAPS domain via the **New** drop-down list. You can edit the ports, name, and devices associated with an existing VLAN via the **Edit** drop-down list.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

## MLAG

The MLAG tab lists devices configured in a multi-switch link aggregation group.

### **Accessing Network Details**

- 1. Right-click a map or map tree in the left-panel.
- 2. Select Network Details from the drop-down list.
- 3. Select MLAG Summary.

**NOTE:** For an alternate way to access the MLAG Summary tab:

- 1. Click Network > Devices.
- 2. Click the second tab of the open **Devices** window, which is the **Map Tab** for the map you selected.
- 3. The MLAG tab will be included in the Network Details panel at the far right of the open Devices window.

### MLAG Summary tab

The MLAG Summary tab provides a list of the MLAGs (ports combined as a common logical connection on devices) included in the map.

MLAG S	umma	ry					
🖱 🔜 R	eset			😨 Sho	w Filters	Q	Refresh Off
Sta	itus	MLAG ID 🔺	ISC VLAN Tag	A Name	A IP Addr	ess	B Name
- 🗆 🐝	Up	11	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	0		<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	12	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	0		<ul> <li>Cs2.x670-</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	13	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	0		<ul> <li>Cs2.x670-</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	14	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	0		<ul> <li>Cs2.x670-</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	15	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	0		Cs2.x670
- 🗆 🐯	Up	16	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	•		<ul> <li>Cs2.x670-</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐝	Up	17	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	0		<ul> <li>Cs2.x670-</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	18	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	0		<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	21	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	0		Cs2.x670
- 🗆 🖏	Up	22	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	0		Cs2.x670-
- 🗆 🐯	Up	23	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	0		<ul> <li>Cs2.x670-</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐝	Up	24	isc[2]	Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	•		<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>
- 🗆 😵	Up	25	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	•		<ul> <li>Cs2.x670-</li> </ul>
- 🗆 🐯	Up	26	isc[2]	e Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	0		e Cs2.x670
- 🗆 🐯	Up	27	isc[2]	◎ Cs1.x670-48x.uscas	0		Cs2.x670
- 🗆 🐝	Up	28	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs2.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	•		<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-</li> </ul>
🔜	Up	31	isc[2]	<ul> <li>Cs1.x670-48x.uscas</li> </ul>	0		<ul> <li>Cs2.x670</li> </ul>

The following columns are included in the MLAG Summary table:

#### Status

Displays the status of ISC links and MLAG ports:

- Up AII ISC links are up and all MLAG ports are up.
- **Degraded** One or more ISC links are down and all MLAG ports are up, or one or more ISC links are down and one or more MLAGs are down.
- Protecting All ISC links are up and one or more MLAG ports are down.
- Unprotected All ISC links are down and all MLAG ports are up, or all ISC links are down and one or more MLAG ports are down.

- **Down** All ISC links are down and all MLAG ports are down, or all ISC links are up and all MLAG ports are down, or one or more ISC links are down and all MLAG ports are down.
- Unknown MLAG is only configured on one side of the MLAG paired devices (regardless of whether any or all ISC links are up or down).

#### ID

The ID number assigned to the port

#### **ISC VLAN Tag**

Displays the ISC VLAN tag assigned to the port.

#### Name

Name of the devices configured as part of the MLAG.

#### **IP Address**

IP address of the devices configured as part of the MLAG.

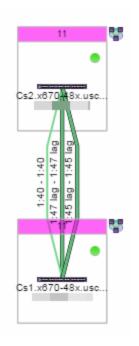
#### Ports

Lists the ports on those devices assigned as part of the MLAG.

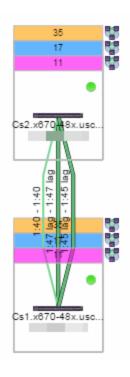
#### **Connected IP**

Displays the IP of the switch to which the MLAG is connected.

Selecting the checkbox associated with an MLAG highlights any devices containing ports associated with the MLAG by surrounding the device in a box with a color-coded title bar containing the MLAG ID.



Selecting multiple MLAGs assigned to the same device adds a new title bar to the box containing the VLAN name and associated color.



#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

## VPLS

The **VPLS tab** displays information about site connectivity within a private VLAN.

## **Accessing Network Details**

- 1. Right-click a map or map tree in the left-panel.
- 2. Select Network Details from the drop-down list.
- 3. Select VPLS Summary.

**NOTE:** For an alternate way to access the VPLS Summary tab:

- 1. Click Network > Devices.
- 2. Click the second tab of the open **Devices** window, which is the **Map Tab** for the map you selected.
- 3. The VPLS tab will be included in the Network Details panel at the far right of the open Devices window.

#### VPLS Summary Tab

VPLS Summary Tab provides information about the virtual private networks (VPNs) within a map. The tab displays the VPN ID, name and service type for each VPN in the map. In addition, the <u>Nodes</u> and <u>Pseudowires</u> (PW) tabs provide more detailed operational information specific to each VPN.

Dashboard	Devices Discovered	Firmware Archives	Reports VPL	S Summary - World						
🗢 👸 Ret	et							? Show Filters	Q   Re	afresh Off
VPN ID †	Name	Service Type								
P1	PW-C1	Ethernet								
P35	my-vpn	Ethernet								
P36	my-vpn1	Ethernet								
P55	p2p-vpn	Ethernet								
P99	QAVPLS	Ethernet								
P999	ExtremeVpls1	Ethernet								
	seudowires									
	e Address Name	Device IP Address	VPLS Name 1	Service Name	Number of P	VPLS Operation	VPLS Admin			Device
O Up 3.3.3		10.54.22.139 10.54.22.149	PW-C1 PW-C1	vlan203 vlan203	1	up	up	Include		X460-24
O Up 4.4.4						up	up	Include	1500	

#### Nodes

The Nodes tab includes the following:

- Status operational status of the node
- Node Address node location within the VPN
- Name name of the node
- Device IP Address -
- VPLS Name name of the VPLS in which the node resides
- Service Name name of the virtual private LAN in which the node resides
- Number of Peers number other nodes in the VPN
- VPLS Operational Status operational status of the virtual private LAN services
- VPLS Admin Status administrative status of the virtual private LAN services
- Dot1Q Tag Option -
- MTU the maximum number of transmission units allowed between nodes
- Device Type -

#### Pseudowires

Click the **Pseudowires Tab** for access to the status and mode for each PW in the VPN, as well as the addresses, device names, and IP addresses for each node

#### within the VPN.

					-		
Nodes	Pseudowires						
Status	A Node Address 1	A Device Name	A IP Address	B Node Address	B Device Name	B IP Address	Mode
qu	3.3.3.3	22.139sysName	10.54.22.139	4.4.4.4	22.49	10.54.22.149	mesh
up	4.4.4.4	22.49	10.54.22.149	3.3.3.3	22.139sysName	10.54.22.139	mesh

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

# **Import Map**

Use this window to import a saved map. From this window you can navigate to a saved map file and configure the behavior of the imported map.

Access this window by right-clicking a map in the Groups/Maps Navigation Tree left-panel on the **Network > Devices** tab, and selecting **Maps > Import Map**.

Import Map		×
File:	Select Fil	e 🕕
Import Options		
Replace existing maps:		
Move existing APs if used on	other maps:	V
Create Unknown APs if not fo	ound on serve	er: 🗹
	Import	Cancel

#### File

The file path to the saved map file. Click the **Select File** button to navigate to the file on your local drive or network.

## **Import Options**

The Import Options section determines the behavior of APs on the map being imported.

#### **Replace existing maps**

When this checkbox is selected, maps you import replace existing maps with the same name currently in Extreme Management Center.

#### Move existing APs if used on other maps

Select this checkbox to move APs currently located on another map in Extreme Management Center to the map being imported.

#### Create Unknown APs if not found on server

When this checkbox is selected, APs located on the map being imported not found on the Extreme Management Center server are created as unknown APs.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Maps Overview
- <u>Maps</u>
- How to Create and Edit Maps

## **Map Types**

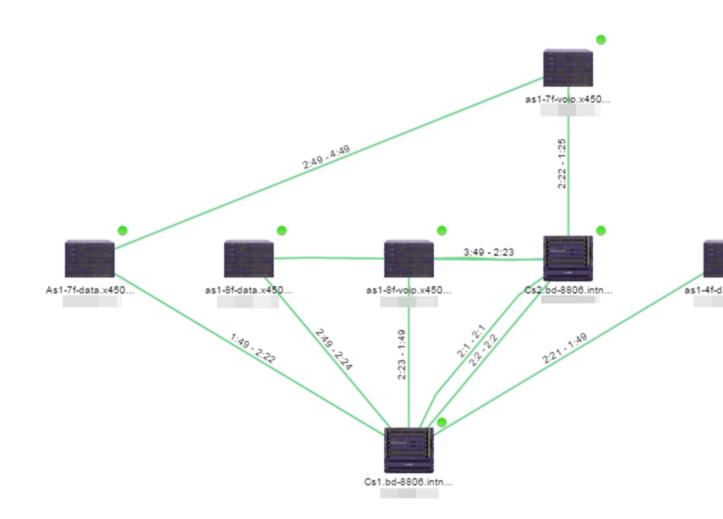
Extreme Management Center allows you to create <u>geographic</u> and <u>topology</u> maps of devices and <u>floorplans</u> of wireless access points (APs) on your network.

To view maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read Access or Maps Read/Write Access capability.

### **Types of Maps**

Using Extreme Management Center Maps, you can create three types of maps, each presenting a different visual representation of your network:

 Topology (default) — A topology map shows how devices are connected in a network, specifically, the state and speed of the network connections between devices as well as the state of the devices in the network. You can also create a topology map with a background image, giving you additional information about the devices and connections that make up the network.

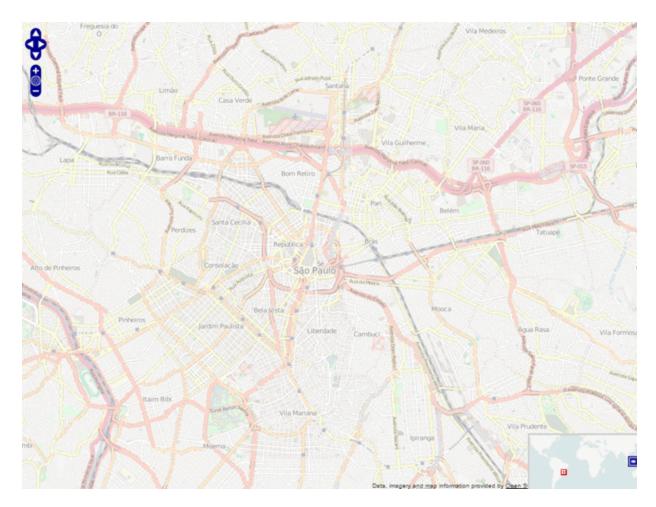


• Floorplan — The floorplan map displays the location of APs in a floorplan you configure. Using information about the size and composition of the building, this map provides an overview of the coverage of wireless APs.



**NOTE:** The floorplan map type is only available with the NMS-ADV license.

- Geographic The Geographic map shows a global or regional view where network locations are shown geographically. This map is useful for networks spread across large geographical areas or as a top-level map used to organize multiple networks in different locations.
  - **NOTE:** The geographic map type is hosted by OpenStreetMap on an external server. For users with security concerns or if access to third-party servers is prohibited, use the topology map type.



After you create a map, you can then make it a site. Sites allow you to set a default configuration for devices added to your network.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

## How to Perform a Search Using Maps

Using Extreme Management Center Maps, you can easily search for <u>wireless</u> and <u>wired clients</u>, <u>access points (APs)</u>, and <u>devices</u> in a number of ways. Maps are configured in various places on the **Network > Devices** tab in Extreme Management Center.

### **Performing a Search**

To search for a wireless client, an AP, a device, or a wired client:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. In the Search > Network box, click Advanced .
- 3. Enter the MAC Address, IP Address, hostname, user name, AP serial number or ExtremeControl custom field information in the open **Search** box.
- 4. Press Enter.

You can also search for specific wireless clients, access points, devices, and wired clients from different locations in Extreme Management Center.

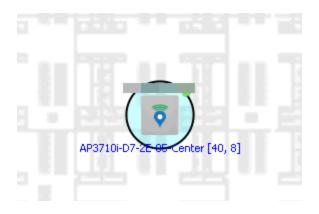
### Finding a Wireless Client

#### From the Search Field on the Network Tab

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center and click the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Select the map or map navigation tree.
- 4. Enter the MAC Address, IP Address, hostname, user name, AP serial number or ExtremeControl custom field information in the **Search** field at the far right of the **Devices** window.
- 5. Press Enter.

The search uses RSS-based (Received Signal Strength) location services to locate the wireless client and display the approximate location of the client on the map.

The map opens with the AP centered on the map, with a circle showing the possible area where the client is located. If that information is not available, a square is drawn around the AP last associated with the client.



#### From the Wireless Tab

To locate a wireless client from the Wireless tab:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Click Wireless > Clients.
- 3. Select a client in the Clients view.
- 4. Right-click and select Search Maps.
- 5. The map opens centered on the AP, with a circle showing the possible area where the client is located.
- 6. Mouse over the client icon to see a tooltip with client information.
- **NOTE:** Tooltip information is based on current data from the wireless domain unless the client icon displays a clock in the center. In that case, the tooltip information is based on historic data from the Wireless > Clients page.

#### **Radius Distance Calculation**

The following distance calculation defines the radius of the circle displayed around the wireless client located on the map.

Path loss per meter in free space = L1 = 20 \* log (10) (f) - 28

where:

- [f] is the frequency in MHz (Uses Source SNMP MIB dot11ExtSmtCurrentChannel or if that value is 0, uses MIB dot11ExtSmtCurChanSelectedByAP)
- [L1] is the path loss on distance of 1 meter

#### Radial distance for location = d(RSS,n) = 10 ^(pTx - RSS - L1)/(10\*n)

where:

- [n] is the coefficient for the environment
- [pTx] is the transmit power (dB)
- [RSS] is the Received Signal Strength
- [d] is the distance in meters

### Finding an Access Point

#### From the Wireless Tab

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Click Wireless > Access Points.
- 3. Right-click an AP in the table.
- 4. Select Maps > Search Maps.
- 5. If a map contains the AP, the map opens with the AP centered on the map.

#### From the Reports Page

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Click the Wireless tab.
- 3. On the **Reports** tab, click the APs Summary from the **APs Summary** drop-down list.
- 4. Right-click an AP in the table.
- 5. Select Maps > Search Maps.
- 6. If a map contains the AP, the map opens with the AP centered on the map.

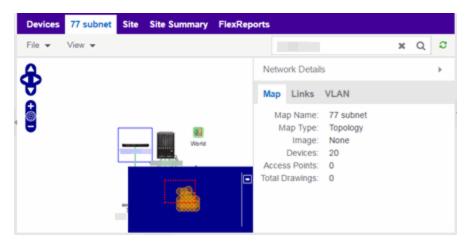
### Finding a Device

#### From the Network Page Search Field

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center and click the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Select the map or map navigation tree. Click the Map tab in the Devices window.

- 4. Enter an IP address or hostname for the device in the Network tab Search box
- 5. Press Enter.

The search locates a device added to a map. The map centers on the device. The screen shot below shows the results for a search on a specific IP address.



### Finding a Wired Client

#### From the Network Tab Search Field

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center and click the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Select the map or map navigation tree.
- 4. Enter the MAC Address, IP Address, hostname, or user name in the **Network** tab **Search** box.
- 5. Press Enter.

The search locates a wired client if the client is ExtremeControl authenticated and is connected to a switch added to a map. The map centers on the wired client.

#### From the Control Tab

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Click Control > End-Systems.
- 3. Right-click an end-system in the table and select Search Maps.

4. If the end-system is connected to a switch added to a map, the map opens with the end-system centered on the map.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- <u>Advanced Map Features</u>

## **How to Import Maps**

The Extreme Management Center Maps lets you import saved maps of devices and wireless access points (APs) from your local drive or network, and configure the behavior of the imported maps.

In order to edit maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access capability.

### **Importing a Map**

To import a saved map:

1. Right-click a map in the left-panel Groups/Maps Navigation Tree and select Maps > Import Map.

The Import Map window opens.

Import Map		×						
File:	Select File	0						
Import Options								
Replace existing maps:								
Move existing APs if used on a	Move existing APs if used on other maps:							
Create Unknown APs if not fou	und on server:							
	Import	Cancel						

- 2. Click the Select File button to navigate to the map on your local drive or network.
- 3. Configure your import options to determine the behavior of maps being imported:
  - a. Select the **Replace existing maps** checkbox to replace existing maps in Extreme Management Center with maps you import with the same name.
  - b. Select the **Move existing APs if used on other maps** checkbox to move APs currently located on another map in Extreme Management Center to the map being imported.
  - c. Select the **Create Unknown APs if not found on server** checkbox for APs located on the map being imported that are not found on the Extreme Management Center server.
- 4. Click Import.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

## How to Create Links Between Devices and Maps

Using the Extreme Management Center Maps feature, you can link your network devices and wireless access points (APs) on a map. You can also use this feature to add links between maps.

In order to edit maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access capability.

### **Creating a Manual Link Between Devices**

To manually create links between devices on a map:

- 1. Right-click one of the devices to which you are adding the link.
- 2. Select Create Link.

The Create a Manual Link window displays.

- 3. Expand the device in the **Name** column of the From Port section of the window and select the port to which the link connects.
- 4. Select the other device to which the link connects in the **Select Device** drop-down list.
- 5. Expand the device in the **Name** column of the To Port section of the window and select the port to which the link connects.
- 6. Select **OK** to add the link to the map.

**NOTES:** The Link State for a manual link is derived from the Status of the ports to which it connects.

Delete a manual link via the Link Details window by double-clicking the link in the map.

### Adding Map Links

Map links display the name of the map and an aggregated alarm/device status for the linked map. Double-click on the link to go to the linked map.

For example, the following map link lets you jump to the Second Floor map. The link is green, indicating there are no devices with alarms on the Second Floor map.



The following map link lets you jump to the First Floor map. The link is red, indicating there is an alarm for a device on the First Floor map.



Use the following steps to add a link to a map.

- 1. In the Maps navigation tree, right-click on the map from which you want to link and select Maps > Edit Map or select File > Edit button in the map properties panel.
- 2. The map's property panel opens in Edit mode. Select File > Add > Map Link.
- 3. The Add Link to Map window opens.

Add Link	к То Мар	×
	nap from the drop down list to a current map to the selected map	
Map:	/World	*
Location:		
	ОК	Cancel

- 4. From the Map drop-down list, select the map to which you want to link.
- 5. Enter information in **Location** about the location to which the link connects and select **OK**.
- 6. The map link is added to the map and can be repositioned, if desired.
- 7. Select the **Save** button to save the map and close the properties panel.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

## How to Set the Map Scale

You can use the Extreme Management Center Maps feature to set the scale of a map of devices or wireless access point (APs) in your network.

In order to edit maps, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Maps > Maps Read/Write Access capability.

### Setting the Map Scale

The map scale appears in the lower left corner of a map and can be changed to accurately reflect your map image.

Use the following steps to set the scale for a map.

- In the Maps page's navigation tree, right-click on the map and select Maps > Edit Map or click the File > Edit button in the map properties panel.
- Click on the map scale in the map's footer panel to open the Set Map Scale window. (Users with the Extreme Management Center NMS-ADV license can access the Set Map Scale window from the Tools menu.)



Set Map Scale	2
line. Move the cu of the scaling line	e map to mark the start of the scaling rsor and click again to mark the end e. <b>Note:</b> Setting the map's scale will d any current changes.
Starting Position:	[0,0]
Ending Position:	[0,0]
Pixel Length:	1.00
	Save Cancel

- 3. To set the scale, you must measure something in the map using a scaling line, and then set the measurement for the line. For example, in an office floor plan, measure a scaling line on the opening of an office. If you know the office doors are 33 inches wide, enter that as the scaling line measurement.
  - a. Click once on the map to mark the start of the scaling line. Move the cursor and click again to mark the end of the scaling line.
  - b. Enter the line length and units.
- 4. Click Save. The map scale is automatically adjusted and the map is saved.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Maps
- Advanced Map Features

## **Endpoint Locations**

Use the **Endpoint Locations** tab to view and define the geographical locations of sites and subnet addresses in your network. Once the geographical locations are

defined, flows on the **Application Flows** tab display geographical information depending on the device on which the flow is observed.

To access the **Endpoint Locations** tab, navigate to **Network > Devices** and select **Sites** in the left-panel. The **Endpoint Locations** tab displays in the right panel.

**IMPORTANT:** To map existing locations to sites, access the **Devices** tab and select a site. Select the **Endpoint Locations** tab in the right-panel. Locations that are not yet associated with a site contain a broken link icon (SS) icon. Right-click the location, select Assign to Site, and select a site from the drop-down list.

Select the **Add Address** button at the top of the table to add an additional address to the table. Select the **Edit** button to modify a selected address of a site in the table. Select the **Move** button to move an address to a different site in the drop-down list. Select the **Remove** button to delete a selected address or site from the table. These options are also accessible when you right-click an address in the table.

Select the **Menu** (≡) button to import or export the Endpoint Locations table to a CSV report.

Devices World	Site Summar	Endpo	int Locations	FlexRep	orts			
Add Address	udd Address 🐉 Edit 🔀 Move 🤤 Remove 🛛 🗮			<u>م</u>				
	Country	Latitude	Longitude	Is Site	Alias	Detect Behavior Anomaly	Description	
✓ /World/stev				4			•	
✓ /World/147				1				
✓ /World/EMC				~				
/World/asite				1				
✓ /World/And				~				
<ul> <li>/World/Salem</li> </ul>	🎫 United Sta	42.7886	71.2009	~			9 Northeaste	
134,141								
134.141								
134.141								
134.141								

The following columns are displayed in the Endpoint Locations table:

#### Tracked

This column displays the name of the sites or the IP Address/Mask of the items in the table. If an item in the table has a check mark to the left of the site name, it is a Tracked Site. Right-click any site to either add or remove the site from your <u>Tracked Sites</u> list.

#### Country

The country in which a site is located.

#### Longitude

A site's longitude location, written in decimal degrees.

#### Latitude

A site's latitude location, written in decimal degrees.

#### ls Site

A check mark in this column indicates that the selected item in the table is a site and not an address. A blank in this column indicates the location is orphaned (which may result from an upgrade from a previous version of ExtremeAnalytics).

#### Alias

An alternate name for a site or a specific subnet of the site.

#### **Detect Behavioral Anomaly**

Select the checkbox to enable Extreme Management Center functionality that alerts you in the event unexpected behavior is detected for the site or the specified subnet of the site.

#### Description

A description of the site or orphaned location.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Network Tab
- <u>Sites Tab</u>

# **Restart Devices**

Use this window to restart a device. Devices can be restarted manually, or scheduled at a future date and time, if a timed restart is supported by the device. The window varies depending on the devices you select to restart:

- Timed Restart Not Supported
- <u>Timed Restart Supported</u>

You can access the Restart Devices window from the **Network** tab by clicking the **Menu** icon or right-clicking a device in the table and selecting **More Actions** > **Restart Device**.

#### Timed Restart Not Supported

To restart a device, select it in the list by clicking the **Selected** checkbox, and click **Start**.

Restart De	vices - Time	d Restart Not Suppo	orted			
Restart devi	ices not suppo	rting timed restart-Res	start will occur one	at a time, continuing only	after a device is f	ully booted.
C Refre	sh Devices					
Selected	Name	Firmware Version	Device Status	Restart Request Status	Message	
V			Contact	Initial		
Elapsed Tin	ne: 0:00 (M	inutes:Seconds)				
					Start	Cancel

#### **Refresh Devices**

Click the **Refresh Devices** button to update the fields in this window as the restart process is taking place.

#### Selected

Select this check box to indicate the devices you are restarting.

#### Name

The names of the devices.

#### **Firmware Version**

The firmware version of the devices. If the purpose of the device restart is to upgrade the firmware version, this value changes once the device restart is complete (update the field by clicking **Refresh Device**).

#### **Device Status**

The connection status between Extreme Management Center and the devices.

#### **Restart Request Status**

The time in the restart process during which the devices indicate they are restarting.

#### Message

Additional information about the devices.

#### **Elapsed Time**

The time elapsed since the restart began.

#### Start

Click Start to restart the device.

#### Close

Click Close to exit the Restart Devices window without restarting the devices.

#### Timed Restart Supported

Devices that support Timed Restart allow you to set up your restart operation with a time delay, so that the actual device restarts take place at a later time. This lets you schedule restarts for a time when the network is least busy.

C Refree	sh Devices				C	] Show devices n	ot supporti	ing timed rest	art
Selected	Name	Firmware Ve	rsion	Device S	tatus	Restart Reques	t Status	Message	
8		08.32.01.002	2	No Conta	ct	Initial			-
$\mathbf{r}$		7.0.8.DEV		Contact		Initial			
$\boxtimes$		07.62.01.000	4	Contact		Initial			
8		08.62.01.003	4	Contact		Initial			
8		08.62.01.003	5	Contact		Initial			
<i>—</i>			*	<b>•</b> • •		a 141 a			٣
lestart Tim	e: 5-11-20	17 🛗	03:15:	58 PM	*				
start Tim	e: 5-11-20			58 PM	Ŧ	1.141.1			

The window for these devices contains additional fields.

#### **Refresh Devices**

Click the **Refresh Devices** button to update the fields in this window as the restart process is taking place.

#### Selected

Select this check box to indicate the devices you are restarting.

#### Name

The names of the devices.

#### **Firmware Version**

The firmware version of the devices. If the purpose of the device restart is to upgrade the firmware version, this value changes once the device restart is complete (update the field by clicking **Refresh Device**).

#### **Device Status**

The connection status between Extreme Management Center and the devices.

#### **Restart Request Status**

The time in the restart process during which the devices indicate they are restarting.

#### Message

Additional information about the devices.

#### **Elapsed Time**

The time elapsed since the restart began.

#### Start

Click this button to schedule the device restart now, or at the time selected in the **Restart Time** field.

#### Close

Click this button to exit the **Restart Devices** window without restarting the devices.

#### Show devices not supporting timed restart

Select this check box to display devices you selected on the **Network** tab for which you can not schedule a restart.

#### **Restart Time**

Select the date and time when the devices restart.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• How to Restart a Device

# Fabric

Extreme Management Center's Fabric technology allows you to manage your domains seamlessly and interdependently across both physical and virtual servers, storage, and networks. Fabric technology is designed to be highly efficient, flexible enough to adapt to your network's varying traffic volume, and easily maintained with minimal intervention. You can provision Fabric functionality on the **Sites** tab in Extreme Management Center.

For additional information about Fabric functionality, see the *Configuring Fabric Basics and Layer 2 Services on VSP Operating System Software VSP 8600* guide for the latest VSP 8600 release.

Extreme Management Center's fabric solution consists of two major components:

- Fabric Manager A virtual engine that provides Extreme Management Center with fabric topology information and allows you to configure fabric functionality on your fabric-enabled devices.
- Fabric Tab The tab within Extreme Management Center that allows you to view and configure the fabric functionality on your devices.
  - **NOTE:** The Fabric Manager engine must be installed and running on your network for the **Fabric** tab in Extreme Management Center to receive and display fabric topology information.

Once the Fabric Manager engine is running in Extreme Management Center, the **Fabric** tab on the **Devices** tab displays information about the fabric topologies currently configured on your devices.

**NOTES:** The following device types support fabric functionality:

ERS35xx with firmware version 5.3.7 and later, ERS36xx with firmware version 6.2.0 and later, ERS48xx with firmware version 5.12.0 and later, ERS49xx with firmware version 7.6.0 and later, VSP7024 with firmware version 10.4.6 and later, VSP4xxx with firmware version 6.1.3 and later, VSP7xxx with firmware version 6.1.3 and later, VSP7xxx with firmware version 6.1.3 and later

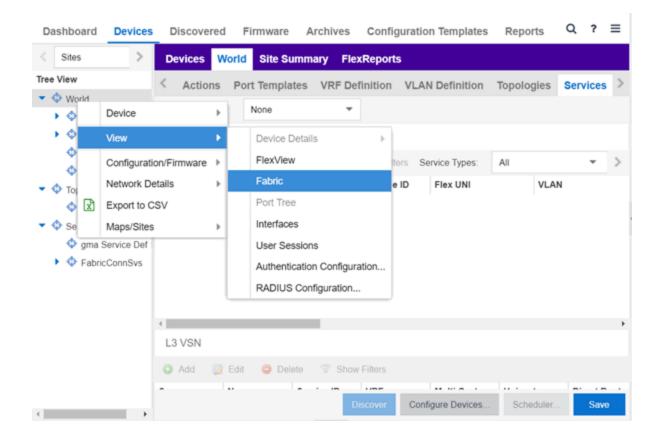
For minimum requirements, see Extreme Management Center Configuration and Requirements.

### **Accessing Fabric in Extreme Management Center**

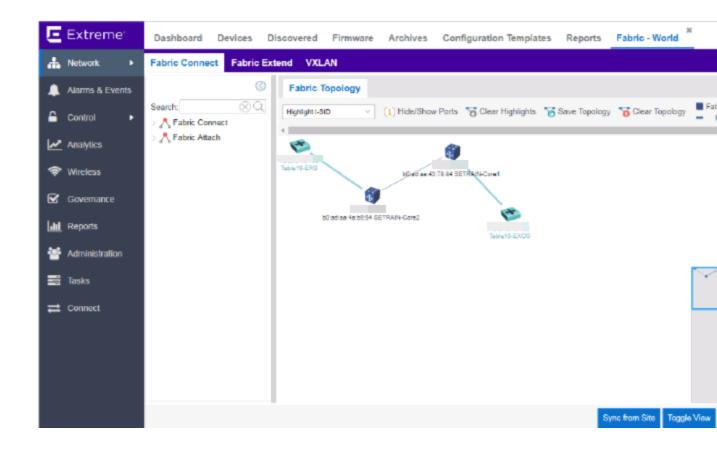
After adding the Fabric Manager engine in Extreme Management Center, view the fabric topologies configured on your devices on the **Fabric** tab.

To access the **Fabric** tab:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Right-click a site in the left-panel tree.
- 4. Select **View > Fabric** from the menu.



The Fabric tab opens.



# Fabric Tab

The Fabric tab includes three sub-tabs:

- Fabric Connect Displays the fabric topologies configured on your fabric-enabled devices.
- Fabric Extend Allows you to extend fabric functionality to include Layer 2 and Layer 3 core networks.

0	Devices														
Devices	Q Ratesh	🕽 Balanh 🖌 Eine Changes - 👰 Add CLP - 🝸 Bhane Faller Dalas - 🦉 Chaire Hill Fallers													
Domains Full Mech Hub and Spoke	Device Name	Device Address	Device Type	Consistency	Tannel Source Address	Tannel VRF	ONA Part	Tunnel Mhu	Auth Type	Auth Kay	Device Metric	Defaulto Hello Int. (Sec)	Halls Balt.	Domain	Discovered On
	Y5P9400-1		mV3P9404	•	4444	GobaRover	nia -	nia -	nome		20000		2	1.00	2010-07-04 14:54:15-0
	V979400-2		mVSP6404	0	0000	GobalFouter	ala -	nia	none		20000	9	3	1.00	2018-07-04 54 54 151
	V5P5400-3		mVSP6404C	0	0000	OshaiRoster	ala -	nia	nome		20000	9	3	1.00	2018-07-04 14:54:15
	VSP1200-1		eV3P7254X7Q	0	0000	GobalRouter	ala -	nia	none		20000	9	3	-	2018-07-04 14:54:15
	V5P1200-2		mV5P7254X7Q	0		GobalRouter	nia -	nia	nome		20000	9	3	1.00	2018-07-04 14:54:15
	V9P1200-3		mV9P7254/8Q	0	0000	GobelRouter	ala -	nia	none		20000	9	3	1.0	2018-07-04 14 54 15
	V9PT200-4		mV9P7254X9Q	0	0000	OblaiRouter	ala -	nia	none		20000	9	3	-	2018-07-04 14:54:15
	V9P8200-1		mV3P834/3Q	0	0000	GobalFouter	nia -	nia	none		20000	9	3	1.0	2018-07-04 14:54:15
	VSP8200-2		mV5P82645Q	0	0000	GabaiRouter	ala -	nia	nome		20000	9	3	1.1	2018-07-04 14:54:15
	V5P4450-1		mV5P445005X-PWR-PLU5	0	0.0.0	OstaRote	Not Set	0	none		20000	9	3		2018-07-04 14:54:15
	V0P4602		mV5P445005X-PWR-PLU5	0	0000	GobalFouter	Not Det	0	none		20000	9	3	1.1	2010-07-04 14:54:15
	V5P4450-3		HVSP4450GSLPVR PLUS	0	0000	GobalRoder	Not Set	0	none		20000	9	3	1.1	2018-07-04 14:54:16
	V5P4430-4		mVSP4450GSX-PWR-PLUS	0	0000	GlobalRouter	Not Set	0	none		20000	9	3		2018-07-04 14:54 16

• VXLAN — Allows you to configure a Virtual Extensible LAN (VXLAN) to tunnel Layer 2 traffic over a Layer 3 network in the fabric topologies you configure.

### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Services</u>
- Service Summary
- Fabric Connect
- Fabric Assist
- Sites
- Devices

# **Fabric Manager Installation**

Install the Fabric Manager virtual machine (VM) to enable Fabric Manager in Extreme Management Center.

## **Pre-Installation**

The Fabric Manager is distributed in a deployable VMware-based .OVA template, which is similar to the other ZTP+ (Zero Touch Provisioning Plus)-based engines (for example,ExtremeControl).

The Fabric Manager supports two initial configuration modes for Extreme Management Center discovery and registration:

- DHCP Mode
- Static Mode

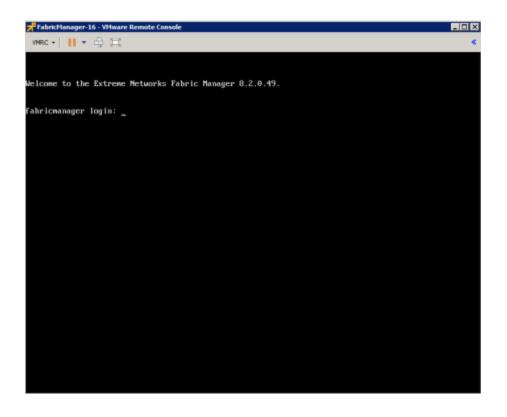
The DHCP mode is the default configuration mode during the Fabric Manager VM's initial startup. Use the static mode when providing a predefined set of networking configurations.

# Fabric Manager Installation Static Mode

Fabric Manager begins installation in DHCP mode by default. Switch to static mode at any time during the initial installation by pressing the **ENTER** key.

Use the following instructions to install Fabric Manager in static mode:

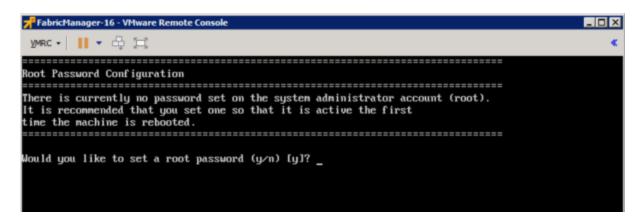
1. In the Console tab of the vSphere client, login as root with no password and press **Enter**.



- 2. Follow the installation process to complete installation of static mode:
  - a. Begin the set-up.

📌 FabricManager-16 - VMware Remote Console	
ymrc -      - ⊕ ፲	<
Extreme Networks - Fabric Manager - Welcome to the Fabric Manager 8.2.0.32 Setup	
Please enter the information as it is requested to continue with the configuration. Typically a default value is displayed in brackets. Pressing the [enter] key without entering a new value will use the bracketed value and proceed to the next item.	
If a default value cannot be provided, the prompt will indicate that the item is either (Required) or (Optional). The [enter] key may be pressed without entering data for (Optional) items. A value must be entered for (Required) items	
At the end of the setup process, the existing settings will be displayed and opportunity will be provided to correct any errors.	
Press [enter] to begin setup or CTRL-C to exit: _	

b. Set a root password by entering y.



c. Enter and re-type a UNIX password at the next prompt.

The Static Configuration screen opens.

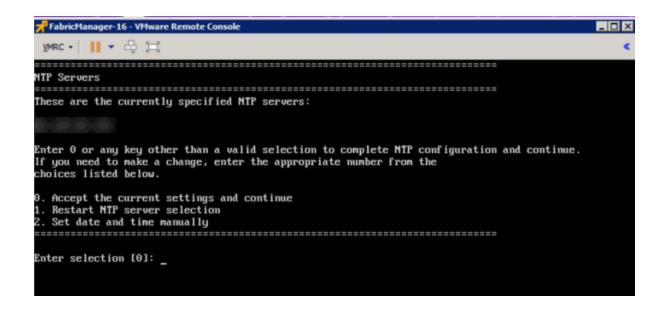
📌 FabricManager-16 - VMware Remote Console	_ 🗆 🗙
ymrc •      • ⊕ (=)	«
Static IP Configuration	
Enter the hostname for the appliance (Required): fabricmanager	
Please enter the IP address for fabricmanager (Required):	
Enter the IP netmask [255.255.0]:	
Enter the gateway address [10.120.11.1]:	
Enter the IP address of the name server (Optional):	
Enter the IP address of an alternate name server (Optional):	
Enter the domain name for fabricmanager (Required): table16.setraining.local	
Enter the IP address of the Extreme Management Center Server (Required):	

- d. Enter a hostname.
- e. Enter the IP address for the VM engine.
- f. Enter the default IP Network netmask address.
- g. Enter the default Gateway address.
- h. Enter the IP address of the name server.
- i. Enter the domain name specific to the table.
- j. Enter the Extreme Management Center server IP address.

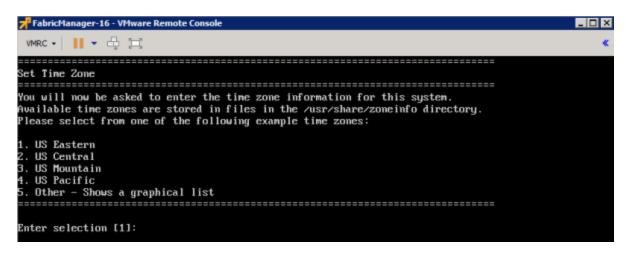
The Date and Time Configuration screen opens.

📌 FabricManager-16 - VMware Remote Console	_ 🗆 ×
ymrc -      - ⊕ ፲⊒	٠
Configure Date And Time Settings	
The engine date and time can be set manually or using an external Network Time Protocol (NTP) server. It is strongly recommended that NTP is used to configure the date and time to ensure accuracy of time values for SNMP communications and logged events. Up to 5 server IP addresses may be entered if NTP is used.	
Do you want to use NTP (y/n) [y]?	
Please enter a NTP Server IP Address (Required):	
Would you like to add another server (y/n) [n]?	

- k. Enter y at the next prompt to use NTP (Network Time Protocol).
- I. Enter the NTP Server IP Address.
- m. Enter nat the next prompt to skip adding another NTP server. This is optional.



- n. Enter the default 0 and accept the current settings and continue.
- o. Select the correct Time Zone for your network.



p. Enter the number that corresponds to your time zone.

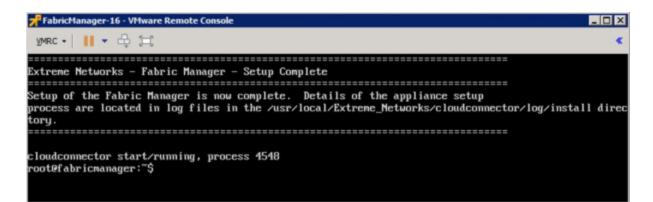
The Fabric Manager Network Configuration screen displays a summary of the configuration options you selected.

7 <sup>4</sup> FabricHanager-16 · VHware Remote Console								
VMRC • [ 📔 • 🖧 🖽								
Fabric Manager Network Configu These are the settings you hav a valid selection to accept th If you need to make a change,	ration we entered. Enter 0 or any key other than we current network settings and continue. enter the appropriate number now or works/cloudconnector/scripts/fabricmgrconfig script at a later	time.						
2. IP address: 3. Netmask: 25 4. Network gateway: 10 5. Nameserver:	e Bricmanager 15.255.255.0 1.120.11.1 1ble16.setraining.local							
7. XMC server: Enter selection [0]: 0								
Ndding Firewall Rules Firewall is active and enabled Adding Rule: ufw allow 22 Skipping adding existing rule Skipping adding existing rule Adding Rule: ufw allow from Skipping adding existing rule Bringing up the network interf	(v6)							
Starting MySQL * * * Starting JBOSS service * Start nessage has been post * Server startup may take a w	ed to the server. hile - check logfiles for completion.							

q. Enter 0 to confirm all the selections displayed are correct.

To modify any selection, enter the corresponding number of the item you want to change.

r. A Setup Complete message displays once installation is complete.



# Adding Fabric Manager to Extreme Management Center

Once you install the Fabric Manager virtual machine (VM), you can add it to Extreme Management Center and enable it via ZTP+ (Zero Touch Provisioning

Plus) functionality.

**NOTE:** You need to upgrade the firmware in Extreme Management Center to add and launch the Fabric Manager engine.

### **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

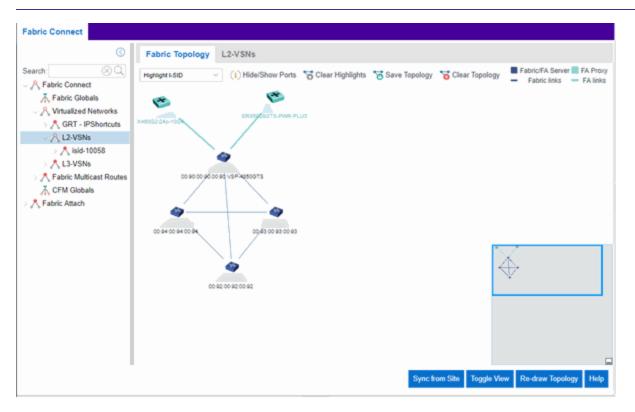
- How to Upgrade Firmware in Extreme Management Center
- Fabric Manager ZTP+ Configuration in Extreme Management Center
- Extreme Management Center Fabric

# **Fabric Connect**

Extreme Management Center's **Fabric Connect** within the Fabric Manager engine displays your network's fabric technology and extended fabric functionality. Fabric Connect uses Fabric Topology templates that allow you to view and to configure SPBm (Shortest Path Bridging), based L2 and L3 Virtual Services Networks (VSNs), as well as IP-shortcut based VSNs. The Fabric Attach extends Fabric technology functionality to network elements or hosts that are not SPB-capable.

The Fabric Connect tab allows you to view and configure topologies with the fabric-enabled sites in your network. Select the **Toggle View** button to display fabric services for individual devices.

**NOTE:** Fabric Connect uses Fabric Topology templates that define the topologies, services and service applications that comprise the Fabric Topology. Create the topology and service definitions via the **Sites** tab before you assign the Fabric Connect Topology to a site and access the **Fabric Connect** tab.



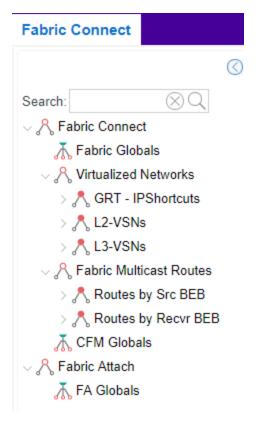
The Fabric Connect tab is divided into two sections: the <u>left-panel tree</u> view and a Fabric Topology <u>right-panel map</u> view.

# Left-Panel Tree

Beginning in version 8.4, Extreme Management Center supports two Fabric technology infrastructures: Fabric Connect and Fabric Attach (FA). The left-panel tree includes Fabric Connect and Fabric Attach folders that expand to display all fabric services you have configured in your network.

### Fabric Connect Folder

Select the Fabric Connect tab to display the fabric topologies configured on the devices in the site.



Select a service in the Fabric Connect folder to open a fabric topology map and a service name tab in the right panel. The map displays the devices enabled with the services you selected and the service name tab displays a table with details about that service.

	G Fabric Topolo	gy L2-VSNs				
h: 🛞 Q	SysName		IPAddress	I-SID	UNIType	
Fabric Connect	SETRAIN-Core1		and setting to be	12930	C-VLAN UNI	
Tabric Globals	SETRAIN-Core1			12420	C-VLAN UNI	
C Virtualized Networks     A GRT - IPShortcuts     A L2-VSNs     L2-VSNs     L3-VSNs	SETRAIN-Core1			121220	C-VLAN UNI	
	SETRAIN-Core1	SETRAIN-Core1		12810	C-VLAN UNI	
	SETRAIN-Core1			121610	C-VLAN UNI, Flex UNI	
	SETRAIN-Core2			121610	Flex UNI	
A BGP-VPNs Fabric Multicast Routes	SETRAIN-Core1			12430	C-VLAN UNI	
CFM Globals	SETRAIN-Core1			121230	C-VLAN UNI	
Fabric Attach	SETRAIN-Core1	SETRAIN-Core1		12820	C-VLAN UNI	
	Table16-ERS			121620	C-VLAN UNI	
	SETRAIN-Core1			121620	C-VLAN UNI, Flex UNI	
	SETRAIN-Core2			121620	Flex UNI	
	SETRAIN-Core1			12310	C-VLAN UNI	
	SETRAIN-Core1			121110	C-VLAN UNI	
	SETRAIN-Core1			12830	C-VLAN UNI	
	SETRAIN-Core1			121630	C-VLAN UNI, Flex UNI	
	SETRAIN-Core1			12320	C-VLAN UNI	
	53 Rows					

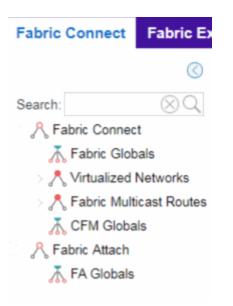
Select the **Toggle View** button to display Fabric Connect fabric services for individual devices.

## Fabric Attach Folder

The Fabric Attach (FA) extends Fabric technology functionality to network devices that are not SPB-capable. The Fabric Attach tab displays global, server and proxy capable services for your network and devices.

**NOTE:** You can enable Fabric Attach on the following switches:

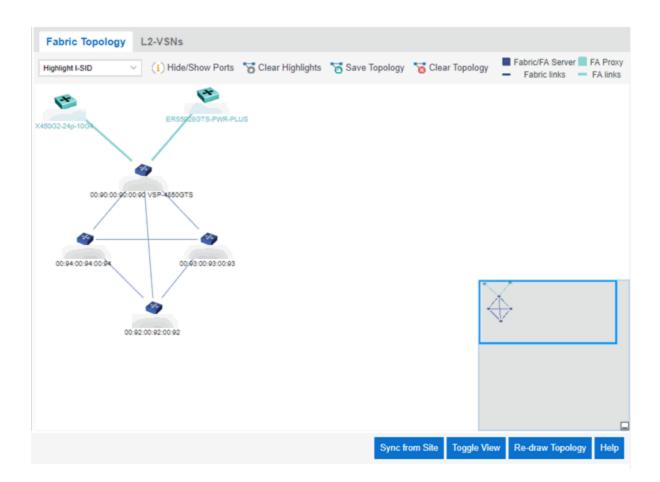
FA Server — for VOSS, ERS 49xx v5.9.2 and later, ERS 4850 v5.9.2 and later, and ERS 59xx series devices; FA Proxy (client proxy) — for ERS 35xx, ERS 48xx, ERS 49xx, ERS 55xx, ERS 56xx, ERS 59xx, and VSP 70xx series devices; FA Standalone Proxy (client proxy) — for ERS 35xx, ERS 48xx, ERS 55xx, ERS 56xx, ERS 59xx, and VSP 70xx series devices



Select a service in the Fabric Attach folder to open a fabric topology map and a VSN tab in the right panel. The map displays the devices enabled with the service you selected and the VSN Home tab displays a table with details about the VSNs enabled on the site. Select the **Toggle View** button to display Fabric Attach services for individual devices.

# **Right-Panel Topology Map**

The Fabric Topology panel includes the **Fabric Topology** tab that displays a topology map of the fabric-enabled sites or devices in your network. You can use the topology map to gain a high-level view of your network, or to view detailed information about devices and links in the topology. Drag your device icons in the topology map to rearrange the map. Additionally, you can modify and save your map layouts in the Fabric Topology tab.



# Topology Tab Tools

The Fabric Topology tab includes the following tools:

#### Fabric Service Highlight I-SID ~

Lists fabric services in your network. Select a service from the drop-down list to display it in the topology map.

## Hide/Show Ports (1) Hide/Show Ports

Use to hide or display fabric enabled ports in your network.

#### Clear Highlights Clear Highlights

Use to clear existing highlights on the topology map.

### Save Topology Save Topology

Use to save your topology map.

#### Clear Topology Clear Topology

Use to remove the devices in your topology map.



The types of fabric services are coded by colors in the topology map.

# Topology Tab Buttons

The Fabric Topology tab also includes the following buttons that allow you to further manipulate the fabric service and topology data:

### Sync From Site

Use to copy the fabric service configuration for the site to all the devices in the map.

### **Toggle View**

Select to display fabric topology, services and tables for individual devices.

### **Re-draw Topology**

Select to display an alternate topology arrangement.

### Help

Select to access Extreme Management Center help.

### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Services</u>
- <u>Service Summary</u>
- <u>Sites</u>
- <u>Devices</u>
- Fabric Assist

# **Services**

The **Services** tab displays virtual routing and forwarding functionality configured as part of a service application, the virtual local area networks defined for the service application, as well as all of the services included in a service application or all of the services included in a service definition, depending if you select a service application or a service definition in the left-panel, respectively.

The **Services** tab is included in the **Sites** tab.

Services	Servi	ce Summ	ary							
VRF Defi	inition	VLAN De	efinition <b>F</b>	abricConnSvsA	pp					
L2 VSN										
🔾 Add	🍃 Edit	🤤 Del	ete	💎 Show I	Filters Service	Types: All		~ X	Extended	IGMP Settings
Name			Service ID	Flex UNI	VLA	N	CVIDs	Port T	emplate	
•										•
L3 VSN										
🔾 Add	🍃 Edit	🤤 Del	lete 💎 Sh	ow Filters						
Name	Serv	ice ID	VRF	Multi Cast	Unicast	Direct Route	2			
									Save	Cancel

The Services tab includes three tabs:

- <u>VRF Definition</u> Create and configure VRF (Virtual Routing and Forwarding) definitions for the service application. VRFs allow for networking paths to be segmented without using multiple devices.
- <u>VLAN Definition</u> Create and configure VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network) definitions for the service application.
- <u>Service Application Name</u> Configure the L2 and L3 Virtual Services Networks (VSNs). The Service Application Name tab is divided into L2 VPN and L3 VSN tables.

# **VRF** Definition

The VRF Definition tab allows you to configure virtual routing and forwarding definitions included as part of the service.

Services	Serv	ice Summary				
VRF Defi	nition	VLAN Defini	tion Top	ology Serv	ice Application	n
Add	溕 Edit	🤤 Delete	💎 Show	Filters		
Name	VRF	D				
Default	0					
					Save	Cancel

#### Name

The name of the VRF definition.

### **VRF ID**

The ID number assigned to the VRF definition.

# **VLAN Definition**

The VLAN Definition tab allows you to configure virtual local area network definitions included as part of the service.

Services Servi	ce Summary	
VRF Definition	VLAN Definition	Topology Service Application
🔾 Add 🛛 📝 Edit	🤤 Delete 🛛 💎	Show Filters
Name	VID ↑ VRF ID	
Default	1 0	
« < Page	of 1   > >>	2 Reset
		Save Cancel

#### Name

The name of the VLAN definition.

### VID

The ID number assigned to the VLAN.

### **VRF ID**

The ID number assigned to the VRF definition.

# Service Application Name

The **Service Application Name** tab displays all of the services included in a service application or all of the services included in a service definition, depending if you select a service application or a service definition in the left-panel, respectively. The Services tab is included in the **Sites** tab.

Services are created within service applications. You can include multiple services within an application. Service applications are then included within service definitions. You can also include multiple service applications within a service definition. A service definition that includes a complete set of services is then assigned to a site, which configures the fabric-enabled devices within that site. The **Services** tab is only configurable when you select a service application. The services displayed when selecting a service definition are read-only.

Services	Servi	ice Summar	y								
VRF Def	inition	VLAN Defir	nition Fa	bricConnSvs/	Арр						
L2 VSN											
🕥 Add	🍃 Edit	😑 Delete		💎 Show	Filters Servio	e Types:	All		~ X	S Extended	IGMP Settings
Name <		S	ervice ID	Flex UNI	VL	AN		CVIDs	Port T	emplate	,
L3 VSN											
Add	🌍 Edit	-									
Name	Serv	vice ID V	RF	Multi Cast	Unicast	Direct	Route				
										Save	Cancel

### L2 VSN

#### Name

The name of the Layer 2 service.

#### **Service ID**

The I-SID, which is the system-defined ID number assigned to the fabric service.

#### Flex UNI

Indicates that the fabric service is using the User-Network-Interface (UNI).

The following interface types are available:

 Switched — A VLAN-ID and a given port (VID, port) maps to a Layer 2 VSN I-SID. With this UNI type, VLAN-IDs can be reused on other ports and therefore mapped to different ISIDs.  Transparent —A physical port maps to a Layer 2 VSN I-SID (all traffic through that port, 802.1Q tagged or untagged, ingress and egress is mapped to the I-SID). Note: All VLANs on a Transparent Port UNI interface now share the same single MAC learning table of the Transparent Port UNI I-SID.

### VLAN

The VLAN assigned to the fabric service.

#### **CVIDs**

Specifies the customer VLAN ID of the associated switched UNI port.

#### Port Template

Use the drop-down list to determine the purpose of the port:

- Access Select this option if the port connects to user end-systems.
- Interswitch You can also manually select this option if the port is used to connect to other switches. This option is selected by default if the port detects neighboring switches that are configurable.
- Management Select this option if the port is used to manage network traffic with Extreme Management Center.
- AP Select this option if the port is used to connect with a networking device that allows a Wi-Fi device to connect to a wired network.
- Phone Select this option if the port is used to connect to a telephone.
- Router Select this option if the port is used to connect to a router.
- Printer Select this option if the port is used to connect to a printer.
- Security Select this option if the port is used to connect to a device or devices that have been configured with security or advanced security settings.
- **IoT** Select this option if the port is used to connect to an additional wireless "smart" device.
- Other Select this option if the port is used to connect to any other device.

#### **DVR Enable**

Select to enable distributed virtual routing.

#### **DVR Gateway**

Enter the gateway address of the DVR device.

#### **Multicast Snooping**

Select to configure the service to listen to Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) network traffic. The feature allows a network switch to listen in on the IGMP conversation between hosts and routers.

### **Multicast Routing**

Select to configure the service to distribute data to multiple recipients. Using multicast, a source can send a single copy of data to a single multicast address, which is then distributed to an entire group of recipients.

### **IGMP Version**

The version of IGMP the service is using: Version 1, 2, or 3.

#### **IGMP Querier**

Enter the address of the IGMP Querier. Use this feature when there is no multicast router in the VLAN to originate the queries.

### L3 VSN

#### Name

The name of the Layer 3 service.

#### **Service ID**

The I-SID, which is the system-defined ID number assigned to the service.

#### VRF

Select the virtual routing and forwarding definition included as part of the service.

#### **Multi Cast**

Select to indicate that the service sends IP packets to a group of hosts on the network.

#### Unicast

Select to indicate that the service sends IP packets to a single recipient on the network.

#### **Direct Route**

Select to indicate that the service sends IP packets directly to another device without going through a third device.

### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Service Summary
- Fabric
- <u>Sites</u>

# Service Summary

The **Service Summary** tab displays a summary of the fabric services <u>you create</u> and the sites to which they are assigned.

Q 🛛 Show Filters					
Path	Name	Service ID	VRF	VLAN	Sites

#### Path

The path to the Service Application in which the service is located.

#### Name

The name of the fabric service included in the service application or definition.

### Service ID

The I-SID, which is the system-defined ID number assigned to the service.

### VRF

The ID number assigned to the VRF definition.

### VLAN

The ID number assigned to the VLAN.

### Sites

The site to which the fabric service is assigned.

### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Services</u>
- Fabric
- Sites

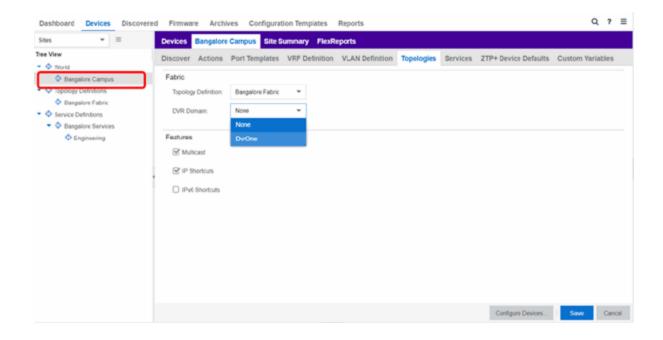
# **Applying Fabric Services**

Once you have created and configured your fabric topology, service and service application services, you can apply them to sites within your network. Once fabric topology and services have been assigned to a site, they cannot be deleted.

**NOTE:** <u>Services</u> not assigned to a service definition (where NONE has been selected) can be deleted from a site after they have been assigned to that site.

# Applying a Fabric Topology to a Site

- 1. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Click a site in the left-panel tree.
- 4. Click the site name tab in the **Devices** sub-tab.



5. Click the **Topologies** tab.

- 6. Select the topology you want to apply to the site from the **Topology Definition** dropdown list.
- 7. Select the DVR Domain from the DVR Domain drop-down list.
- 8. Click the checkboxes in the **Features** section to include the features you want to assign to the topology.
- 9. Click Save.

**NOTE:** Only one Fabric Topology and one DVR Domain can be assigned a site in Extreme Management Center.

# Applying a Service Application to a Site

- 1. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Click a site in the left-panel tree.
- 4. Click the site name tab in the **Devices** sub-tab.

Dashboard Devices Discover	ed Firmware	Archives	Configurati	on Templates	Reports					C	?	≡
Stes * =	Devices	Bangalore Ca	mpus Site St	ummary FlexR	teports							
Tree View	Discover	Actions Po	ort Templates	-	VLAN Defin	ition Top	ologies Serv	ZTP+ Devi	ce Defaults	Custom Vari	ables	
Bangalore Campus	Service Definito	H: None	•	Customize								
<ul> <li>Topology Definitions</li> <li>Bangalore Fabric</li> </ul>	L2 VPN	None	ve Services									
<ul> <li>Service Definitions</li> </ul>	Q Add 🔋	Est					Service Types:	Al	* X	Extended I	GMP Se	ttings
Bangalore Services	Source	Name	Service ID	Fiex UNI	VRF	VLAN	CVIDs	Port Template			DVR	Enat
	L3 VPN	2 Ed4 💊 D4	elete	_	_	_	_	_				,
	Bource	Name	Service ID	VRF	Multi Cest	Unicest	Direct Rule					
							0	Configure	e Devces	Scheduler	Sav	•

5. Click the **Services** tab.

- 6. Select the service definition you want to apply to the site from the **Service Definition** drop-down list. The service application details that you configured to the service definition display in the L2 VPN and L3 VPN tables.
- 7. Click Save to apply the services to the site.

# **Applying Fabric to Port Templates**

The Port Templates Configuration screen allows ports to be configured with a Fabric role such as NNI or Fabric Attach (FA). Once complete, you can apply the Port Templates configuration to the device.

Sies 💌 🗉	Devices	Bangalore Campus	te Summary FlexReports			
ee View	Discover	Actions Port Templa	VRF Definition VLAN	Definition Topologies	Services ZTP+ Device Defaul	ts Custom Variables
• 🔷 World	📮 E.61					
Bangalore Campus	afguration (	PVD	Default Role	Authentication	Tagged	Fabric Enable
Topology Definitions	miguration (	1	None	None	1.00000	NONE
Qangalore Fabric	0855			None * X		FABRIC_PORT
Service Definitions		1 *	N000 *	None • X	•	
<ul> <li>Bangalore Services</li> </ul>		4	None	None Update Ca	nori	NONE
	nacement	1	None	None		FABRIC_PORT
	167	1	None	None		FABRIC_ATTACH
	one	1	None	None		NONE
	nter	1	None	None		NONE
	uler	1	None	None		NONE
	centy	1	None	None		NONE
	witch	1	None	None		NONE

# **Applying Fabric Services to a Device**

Once you have applied fabric topologies and services to a site, you can also apply the fabric services to devices assigned to that site.

### Applying Fabric Topology to a Device

- 1. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Right-click a site in the left-panel tree.

4. Click **Configure Device** from the drop-down list. The **Configure Device** window opens.

Configure Device										/ ×
Device ID	System	n Name	Device Nickname	D	evice Type	Poll	Туре	Site	Firmware	
10 M (10 M (	ERS-86	506	ERS-8606	E	RS8606	SNM	P	/World/10.177.210 Site		*
and the second s				E	RS 4548GT	SNN	P	/World/10.177.210 Site	v5.7.3.031	
<										•
Device Device	Annotation	VRF Definition	VLAN Definition	Service	s Fabric T	opologies	Ports			
Fabric										
	_									
Enable Fabric:	$\checkmark$			FA	Role:	NONE	Ŧ			
Topology Definition:										11
Fabric Role:	BCB	*		DV	R Role:	NONE.	v			
										- 11
System ID:				Sys	item Name:					
Nick Name:										
Multicast:										
IP Shortcuts:					CLIP/MASK:					*
					Re	load Device	Sync from Sit	e Preview	v Ca	incel

- 5. Click the Fabric Topologies tab.
- 6. Click the **Sync from Site** button to populate the tab with the fabric topology details you applied to the site. The topology details you applied to the site will be applied to the device, as long as the device you have selected is assigned to the same site.
- 7. To populate the tab manually, click the Enable Fabric checkbox.
- 8. Select a Fabric Role from the drop-down list.
- 9. Enter a system ID number in the System ID field.
- 10. Enter a nickname in the Nick Name field.
- 11. Check the Multicast checkbox, if needed.
- 12. Check the IP Shortcuts checkbox, if needed.
- 13. Enter the system name in the System Name field.
- 14. Click the Enforce Preview button.

# Applying Fabric Services to a Device

- 1. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Right-click a site in the left-panel tree.
- 4. Click **Configure Device** from the drop-down list. The **Configure Device** window opens.

										23
Device ID	System		Device Nick		evice Type	Poll 1		Site	V.111.21V 3110	Firmware
				E	RS 4548GT	SNMF		/World/1	0.177.210 Site	v5.7.3.03
	ERS-86	06	ERS-8606	E	RS8606	SNMF		/World/1	0.177.210 Site	7.2.0.0
<							_			,
Device Devic	e Annotation	VRF Definition	VLAN Defi	nition Fabric	Topologies	Services	LAG Definitio	on Po	orts Vendor	Profile
L2 VSN										
🔾 Add 🛛 🔯 Ed	iit 🤤 Delete			The Show Filters	Service Type	s: All		×	Extended	GMP Settin
Device ID † So	urce Nar	me Servi	ce ID Flex	c UNI	VLAN		CVID	Port Ten	nplate	
and the second		1	NOM	NE 👻		~				Ψ.
4	_									
L3 VSN										
🔾 Add 🛛 😥 Ed	iit 🤤 Delete	Show Filters								
Device ID † So	urce Nar	ne Servi	ce ID VRF	Multi	Cast Unio	ast	Direct Route			
					Reload De		nc from Site		ce Preview	Cancel

- 5. Click the **Services** tab. The service details that you configured to the site display in the L2 VPN and L3 VPN tables.
- 6. Click the **Sync from Site** button to populate the tab with the fabric service details you applied to the site. The service details you applied to the site will be applied to the device, as long as the device you have selected is assigned to the same site.
- 7. Click the Add (③ Add.) button to add an L2 VSN or L3 VSN service to the device.
- 8. Click the Edit ( Edit ) button to edit service details that were populated from the site.
- 9. Click the Enforce Preview button.

**NOTE:** The L3VPN table is disabled when the device is set as a DVR Leaf node.

# Adding and Deleting VRF Definitions

- 1. Open the Network > Devices tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Right-click a site in the left-panel tree.
- 4. Click **Configure Device** from the drop-down list. The **Configure Device** window opens.
- 5. Click the VRF Definition tab.

Configure Device				2 ×
Device ID	System Name	Device Nickname	Device Type	Poll Type
. •				•
< Device Device An	notation VRF Definition	VLAN Definition	Services Fabric To	pologies >
🗿 Add 🛛 🔯 Edit 🤤	Delete 🛛 💎 Show Filters			
Device ID † Name	VRF ID			
	1			
	Update	Cancel		
	Reload De	vice Sync from Site	P Enforce Preview	Cancel

The VRF Definition tab in the Configure Device window displays read-only VRF details you applied to the site. You can add a new VRF to the device.

- 1. Click the Add ( 💿 Add.) button.
- 2. Enter the name of a VRF in the Name field.

- 3. Enter the ID number in the VRF ID field.
- 4. Click **Update** to add the VRF to the device.
- 5. Click the **Enforce Preview** button.

You can delete a VRF from the VRF Definition tab.

- 1. Select a VRF in the table.
- 2. Click the **Delete** ( ) button.
- 3. Click **Yes** to remove the VRF.

## Adding and Deleting VLAN Definitions

- 1. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Select **Sites** from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Right-click a site in the left-panel tree.
- 4. Click **Configure Device** from the drop-down list. The **Configure Device** window opens.
- 5. Click the VLAN Definition tab.

Configure	Device										2 ×
Device ID		System Name		Device Nickname		Device		Poll Typ		ite Milario. 177. 210 Sile	Firmware
-						ERS 43	548GT	SNMP		Vorld/10.177.210 Site	v5.7.3.03
-		ERS-8606		ERS-8606		ERS86	06	SNMP		Vorld/10.177.210 Site	7.2.0.0 🗸
4											•
Device	Device Ann	otation VRF	Definition	VLAN Definition	Fabr	іс Торо	logies	Services L	LAG Definition	Ports Vendor	Profile
Add	🔀 Edit 🛛 🍯	Delete 🛛 💎 🤅	Show Filters								
Source	Device ID	1	Source	Name		VID 1	VRF ID		IP Address	Mask	Default (
Local	-	~ X	/World/10.1	lana -		2	1	*		0	
				Upd	ate	Cance	ł			v	
< « <	Page 1	of 1   > > >	0   🖪 (	leset						Display	• ing 1 - 1 of 1
							Reload D	evice Sync	from Site	Enforce Preview	Cancel

The VLAN Definition tab in the Configure Device window displays read-only VLAN details you applied to the site. You can add a new VLAN to the device.

- 1. Click the Add ( 📀 Add.) button.
- 2. Enter the name of a VLAN in the **Name** field.
- 3. Enter the ID number in the VLAN ID field.
- 4. Click **Update** to add the VLAN to the device.
- 5. Click the **Enforce Preview** button.

You can delete a VLAN from the VLAN Definition tab.

- 1. Select a VLAN in the table.
- 2. Click the Delete ( Delete ) button.
- 3. Click **Yes** to remove the VLAN.

# **Enforcing the Fabric Configurations**

Once you enforce previews on the **Topologies**, **Services**, and **VRF Definitions** tabs, use the **Compare Device Configuration** window to enforce the configurations to the device. Additionally, the **VLAN Definition** tab allows you to enforce the **VLAN** and **Ports** fabric configurations.

## Enforcing Fabric Topology

1. Click Enforce Preview on the Topologies tab in the Configure Device window.

2. The **Compare Device** window opens.

						Metch				54	elius		
Enabled	IP Address	Site	System	VLAN Definition	VRF Definition	Port Alas	Port VLAN	Topologies	Services	Action	Progress		
8		/World/Bangalore Ca	•	0		•	0	•		Verity Success	100		
		VLAN Definition				tvlan 🗟	Topologies	5ervices					_
Peace.	AND Deservoire	YEAR DETINIOUTS	PUTTE IN	pologies	001110-05								
	Desired			Cur	rent.								
rnabie Fabr				Cur Cur									
					•								
aRole	ic true			< No	•								
laRole labricRole	ic true None			< tais	0								
laRole labricRole briRole	ic Bue None BCB	1		<ul> <li>tais</li> <li>Nor</li> <li></li> </ul>	0								
taRole labricRole or:Role os:Sys4 os:SysNam	ic IIVe None BCB None 1111,1118,111 te BCB-1	1		<ul> <li>tais</li> <li>Nor</li> <li></li> </ul>	0								
aRolo labricRole triRole sisSysH sisSysHam sisRysName	ric Pue None DCB None 1111.1111.111 ne DCB-1 2.11.11	1		<ul> <li>turis</li> <li>Nor</li> <li>Nor</li> <li>Nor</li> <li>Nor</li> <li>Nor</li> <li>Nor</li> <li>Nor</li> </ul>	• •								
unableFabr taRole dirikole dirikole dirikole dirikole dirikole multicad	12 BUB None BCB None 1111.1111.111 10 BCB-1 2.11.11 false	1		<ul> <li>Laise</li> <li>Nari</li> <l< td=""><td>2 0 0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></l<></ul>	2 0 0								
taRole labricRole or:Role os:SysHa sisSysHam rickName multicast pShortcuts	ric Brue None BCB None 1111.1111.111 ne BCB-1 2.11.11 false tobe	1		<ul> <li>tario</li> <li>Nari</li> <l< td=""><td>2 0 0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></l<></ul>	2 0 0								
taRole fabricRole or:Role os:Sysi4 os:SysNam rickName	C 9Ue None BCB None 1111,1111,111 PB BCB-1 2,11,11 State 5 556	1		<ul> <li>Laise</li> <li>Nari</li> <l< td=""><td>• • •</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></l<></ul>	• • •								

- 3. Click the Topologies Enforce Option.
- 4. Click Enforce.

## Enforcing Fabric VRF

- 1. Click Enforce Preview on the VRF tab in the Configure Device window.
- 2. The Compare Device window opens.

Compare	Device Configuratio	n											2 ×
						Match				Star	Nets .		
Enabled	IP Address	Site	System	VLAN Definition	VRF Definition	Port Alias	Port VLAN	Topologies	Services	Action	Progress		
S		/Works/Bangelore Ca	۰	۰		۰	0	•		Verily Success	100		
		VLAN Definition   M				IVIAN []	Tapatagies (	- Services					
		Desired			rent								
VRF		Name		Na									
10	VRF-10		<										
												Refesh 0 Enlarge	Cancel

- 3. Click the VRF Definition tab.
- 4. Click Enforce.

## Enforcing Fabric Services

- 1. Click Enforce Preview on the Services tab in the Configure Device window.
- 2. The Compare Device window opens.

	Device Configurati	on													<u> </u>
						Match					Status				
whied	IP Address	Site	System	VLAN Definition	VRF Definition	PortAlies	Pert VU	N Topologie	s Bervices	Action	P	rogress			
R		/World/Bangelore Ca	•	۰		0	•	0		Verily Succes	s 100				
levice	VRF Definitions	VLAN Definition				IV.AN	Topologies	C Services							
2 VPN	L3 VPN														
rvice ID				Desire								Current			
		VLAN	VRF	CVID		Port +			VLAN		VRF	CVID	Po	n	Options
155				100	AP		DVR	<ul> <li></li> </ul>							
120				200	AP		DVR.	•							
lptions															
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- 3. Click the Services Enforce Option.
- 4. Click the L2 VPN tab.
- 5. Click Enforce.
- 6. Click the L3 VPN tab.
- 7. Click Enforce.

## Enforcing Fabric VLAN

1. Click Enforce Preview on the VLAN tab in the Configure Device window.

2. The **Compare Device** window opens.

Non-Etiangetice Ca     System     Vert Definitions     Port Alias     Port VLAN     Topologies     Services     Action     Progress       Mon-Etiangetice Ca     G     G     G     G     G     G     G     Verty Success     100       Mon-Etiangetice Ca     G     G     G     G     G     G     Verty Success     100       Mon-Etiangetice Ca     G     G     G     G     G     G     Verty Success     100       Mon-Etiangetice Ca     G     G     G     G     G     G     Verty Success     100	Vition of the field of the						Metich				8	Retue		
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		10	VLAN #10				<							

- 3. Click the VLAN Definition Enforce Option.
- 4. Click Enforce.

# Enforcing Fabric Port

1. Click Enforce Preview on the Ports tab in the Configure Device window.

2. The **Compare Device** window opens.

abled	IP Address	Site					Match				008	tus			
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						1									

- 3. Click the Ports Enforce Option.
- 4. Click Enforce.

### **Related Information**

- <u>Services</u>
- Fabric
- <u>Sites</u>
- <u>Devices</u>

# **Fabric Manager ZTP+ Configuration**

Fabric Manager is a resilient, scalable, and highly efficient network management application that allows your network domains to operate interdependently, efficiently, and with minimal intervention. Fabric Manager allows you to monitor the fabric topology and service applications on your network. Fabric Manager is deployed as a separate virtual machine (VM) in Extreme Management Center, and is enabled via ZTP+ (Zero Touch Provisioning Plus) functionality.

# **General Network Configuration**

Fabric Manager supports two initial configuration modes for Extreme Management Center discovery and registration: DHCP mode and Static mode. DHCP is the default configuration mode.

Use the Static mode when providing a predefined set of networking configurations.

Use the DHCP mode so the engine can communicate with the Extreme Management Center server. The following DHCP settings and DNS mapping of **extremecontrol** are for when Fabric Manager is installed in DHCP Mode:

- The DHCP Server needs to return a DNS Server and Domain Name to the ZTP+ device. It is the default mode of configuration during the Fabric Manager VM's initial bootup cycle.
- The DNS Server needs to map the name **extremecontrol.**domain-name> to the IP address of the Extreme Management Center server.

Once Extreme Management Center and the ZTP+ device are pre-configured, you can add the site definition to the Extreme Management Center database. For information, see <u>How to Add Fabric Manager</u>.

### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Sites</u>
- Profiles
- Add Device
- Edit Device
- <u>Devices</u>

# How to Add Fabric Manager

Once you install the Fabric Manager virtual machine (VM), you can add it to Extreme Management Center and enable it via ZTP+ (Zero Touch Provisioning Plus) functionality.

# Adding Fabric Manager to Extreme Management Center

Prior to adding the Fabric Manager engine, you must create an Administration Profile for the Fabric Manager with CLI credentials. Fabric Manager uses the Administrator Profile as an additional user account.

# **Add CLI Credentials**

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Open the Administration > Profiles tab.
- 3. In the bottom panel, click the CLI Credentials tab.

Profiles Users Ser	ver Information	Certificates O	ptions Backup/Res	tore Diagnostics		
🔾 Add 😥 Edit 🤤	Delete Default P	Profile: san_security	_pro 👻 Default Acce	ss Control Engine Profile:	snmp_v3_profile 👻	
Name	SNMP Version	Read Credential	Write Credential	Max Access Credential	Read Security Level	Wr
public_v1_Profile	SNMPv1	public_v1	public_v1	public_v1		
EXTR_v1_Profile	SNMPv1	public_v1	private_v1	private_v1		
public_v2_Profile	SNMPv2	public_v2	public v2	public v2		_
EXTR_v2_Profile	SNMPv2	public_v2	Add CLI Credential			×
snmp_v3_profile	SNMPv3	default_snmp_v3				
VOSS_v1_Profile	SNMPv1	public_v1	Description:	FabricMgr		
BOSS_ESM_v1_Profile	SNMPv1	public_v1	User Name:	root		
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SNMP Credentials CLI	Credentials De	vice Mapping	Login Password:			Ð
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< No Access >					Save Car	ncel

- 4. Click the Add button ( Add.) to open the Add CLI Credential window.
- 5. Enter a name for the CLI Credential in the **Description** field.
- 6. Enter **root** in the **User Name** field.
- 7. Select SSH from the Type drop-down list.
- 8. Enter a password in the Login Password field. This password must be the same password that you provided in Step 2b of the Fabric Manager Installation Static Mode topic.
- 9. Enter a password in the Enable Password field.
- 10. Enter a password in the **Configuration Password** field.
- 11. Click Save.

# **Create Administration Profile**

1. At the top of the **Profiles** tab, select the **Add** button (③ Add.) to open the **Add Profile** window.

Profiles	Users Server	Information	Certificates	Options	Backup/Restore	Diagnostic
Add	Add Profile					× Pro
Name						dent
public_v1_Prof	Profile Name:	FabricMgr_Pr	ofile			
EXTR_v1_Prof	SNMP Version:	SNMPv1				-
public_v2_Prof		auble ut				
EXTR_v2_Prof	Read:	public_v1				·
snmp_v3_profi	Write:	(No Access)				-
VOSS_v1_Prof	Max Access:	(No Access)				-
BOSS_ESM_v						
D000 4000	CLI Credential:	Default				*
≪ <   Pa						
_					Save 0	Cancel
SNMP Cred						

2. In the **Profile Name** field, enter a name for this profile.

- In the SNMP Version field, select SNMPv1.
   Fabric Manager does not use SNMP; the SNMP credentials here are just placeholders.
- 4. In the **Read** field, select **Ping Only**.
- 5. In the Write field, select either No Access or Ping Only.
- 6. In the **CLI Credential** field, select the same CLI Credential that you created in Step 4 of the <u>Add CLI Credentials</u> topic.
- 7. Select Save.

## Add Administration Profile to the Fabric Manager engine

1. Open the **Network > Discovered** tab in Extreme Management Center.

**NOTE:** The Fabric Manager appears as a device on the **Discovered** tab. It is listed with a **Status** of **ZTP+ Pending Edit**, indicating the configuration needs to be edited before adding it to the Extreme Management Center server.

2. Right-click the new Fabric Manager file and select **Configure Devices** tab from the drop-down list.

The **Configure Device** window opens.

Clea	r Selected 🛛 🤤 C	lear All Devices	O Pre-Reg	pister Device	Load Configura	tionO	Add Devices	1	Configure Devices	🔍 Show F
dress	Source		Site Path		Profile	Status			Details	Туре
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s	System Name:			Default S	ite:	/World	-	gs V	lendor Profile	
S	System Name: Contact:	fabricmanag	erAppliance	Default S Poll Grou	ite: p: c	/World Default	*	gs V	'endor Profile	

- 3. Select the profile you created from the Administration Profile drop-down list.
- 4. Select ZTP+ from the Poll Type drop-down list.
- 5. Click the **ZTP+ Device Settings** tab in the **Configure Device** window.
- 6. Configure the fields on the <u>ZTP+ Device Settings tab</u> to determine how the Fabric Manager is managed by Extreme Management Center using ZTP+ functionality.

### **ZTP+ Discovery**

Once the ZTP+ discovery process is complete, the Fabric Manager engine is added to the Extreme Management Center database and moves from the **Network > Discovered** tab to the **Network > Devices** tab. The ZTP+ discovery process may take up to five minutes to complete.

**NOTES:** If you did not select **Automatically Add Devices** on the **Site** tab, the Fabric Manager engine remains on the **Discovered** tab with a **Status** of **ZTP+ Complete**. Select the file, click the **Add Devices** button (the **Add Device** window appears), and click the **Add** button to add the device to the Extreme Management Center database.

In the event a configuration is not correctly transmitted to the switch or if connectivity is lost during any part of this process, the file resets and allows the process to restart.

The Fabric Manager engine **Status** (displayed on the **Discovered** tab) is now **ZTP+ Staged**, indicating Extreme Management Center will push the configuration to the device the next time the device contacts Extreme Management Center.

When Extreme Management Center pushes the configuration to the Fabric Manager engine, the **Status** is **ZTP+ Complete**.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Fabric
- Fabric Connect

## How to Create a Fabric Topology Definition

You can create a <u>Topology Definition</u> and a <u>LAG (link aggregation group)</u> <u>Topology Definition</u> on the **Sites** tab in Extreme Management Center. Once you create topology definitions, you can add them to sites in your network to build a fabric topology map.

### **Create a Topology Definition**

To create a topology definition:

- 1. Access the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Navigate to **Topology Definitions** in the left-panel tree.
- 4. Right-click Topology Definitions.
- 5. Click Create Topology Definition.

Create Fabric	Topology Defir	nition 🗙
Name:		
Туре:	Fabric Connec	t 🔻
	ОК	Cancel

The Create Topology Definition window opens.

- 6. Enter a name in the Name field.
- 7. Select Fabric Connect from the Fabric Type drop-down.
- 8. Click **OK** to create the topology definition.

### **Configure a Topology Definition**

Once the topology definition is created, it is available in the Sites tab left-panel tree. Click it to open a new right panel that includes the <u>Fabric Name tab</u> and a <u>Fabric Summary tab</u>.

### Fabric Name Tab

Use the Fabric Name tab to configure the topology definition.

Dashboard Devices Dis	covered Firmware Archives	Configuration Templates
Sites 👻 =	Salem Fabric Fabric Summary	
Tree View	Fabric Infrastructure Settings	
World     Site	IS-IS Manual Area: 49.0000.0000	
<ul> <li>61 Site</li> <li>93 Site</li> </ul>	Primary BVLAN: 4051	
MikeK	Secondary BVLAN: 4052	
<ul> <li>Topology Definitions</li> </ul>		
Salem Fabric	DVR Interface Settings	
<ul> <li>Service Definitions</li> <li>gma Service Def 1</li> </ul>	Add  Edit  Delete	
FabricConnectSvs	Name Domain ID	
	Dev 1	

To configure the topology definition:

- 1. Enter the IS-IS Manual Area. Use a xx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx format (1-13 bytes).
- 2. Enter the Primary Backbone VLAN (BVLAN).
- 3. Enter the Secondary BVLAN.
- 4. Click the Add button ( Add.) in the DVR Interface Settings section.
- 5. Enter a DVR Domain name in the **Name** Field.
- 6. Enter an ID number in the **Domain ID** field.
- 7. Click Update.
- 8. Click Save

Once the topology definition is created and configured, you can <u>apply</u> it to a site within your network. Once fabric topologies have been assigned to a site, they cannot be deleted.

### Fabric Summary tab

The Fabric Summary tab lists any fabric topologies you have created and the sites to which they are assigned.

### **Rename a Topology Definition**

Once a topology definition has been created and configured, you can change or modify its name.

To rename a topology definition:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Expand **Topology Definitions** in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click the topology definition you are renaming.

Dashboard	Devices	Dis	covered	Firmwa	are Arc	hives	Configur
Sites	•	=	Salem F	abric F	Fabric Sur	nmary	
Tree View			Fabric In	frastructu	ure Setting	s	
Vorld	Site		IS-IS M	anual Area	a: 49.00	00.0000	
<ul> <li>\$\$61 Site</li> <li>\$\$93 Site</li> </ul>			Primary	BVLAN:	4051		
MikeK			Second	lary BVLAN	N: 4052		
🔻 💠 Topology D	)efinitions						
💠 Salem	Fabric	-					
🔻 💠 Service De	finitions	Re	ename Topo	ology Defir	nition	Delete	💎 Show
💠 gma Se	ervice Det 🗳	b De	elete Topolo	gy Definiti	ion 🎽	Delete	8 OII04
-	ConnectSvs		Name		Domain ID		
		1	Dev		1		

- 5. Click Rename Topology Definition.
- 6. Enter a new name in the Name field.
- 7. Click **OK** to change the topology name.

### Delete a Topology Definition

Once a topology definition has been created and configured, you can delete it; however, a topology definition cannot be deleted once it has been assigned to a site.

To delete a topology definition:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Expand the **Topology Definitions** in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click the topology definition you are deleting.

Dashboard	Devices	Disc	overed	Firmwar	re Arch	nives	Configur
Sites	•	- [	Salem F	abric Fa	abric Sun	nmary	
Tree View			Fabric In	frastructur	e Settings	\$	
Vorld	Site		IS-IS M	anual Area:	49.00	00.0000	
<ul> <li>\$\$61 Site</li> <li>\$\$93 Site</li> </ul>			Primary	BVLAN:	4051		
MikeK			Second	ary BVLAN	4052		
🔻 💠 Topology 🛛	Definitions						
<ul> <li>Salem</li> <li>Service De</li> </ul>		Ren		logy Defini			
💠 gma S	ervice De	Dele	ete Topolo Name	gy Definitio	on Domain ID	Delete	Show
💖 Fabric	ConnectSvs	•	Dev	1	1		

- 5. Click Delete Topology Definition.
- 6. Click Yes to delete the topology definition you selected.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Services</u>
- Fabric
- <u>Sites</u>
- <u>Devices</u>

## How to Create a Fabric Service Definition

You can create a service definition in the **Sites tab** in Extreme Management Center. Service definitions display information configured in service applications definitions. Once created, service definitions are added to sites in your network and are used to build a fabric topology map.

### **Create a Service Definition**

To create a service definition:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select **Sites** from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Select Service Definitions in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click Service Definitions.
- 5. Click Create Service Definition.

Create Service	e Definition	×
Name:		
Туре:	Fabric Connec	t 🔻
	ОК	Cancel

The Create Service Definition window opens.

6. Enter a name in the **Name** field.

- 7. Select Fabric Connect from the Type drop-down list.
- 8. Click **OK** to create the service definition.

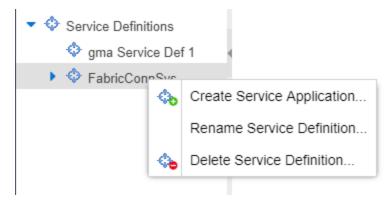
Once the service definition is created and configured, you can <u>apply</u> it to a site within your network. Once fabric services have been assigned to a site, they cannot be deleted.

### **Service Definition Panel**

Once the service definition is created, it is available in the left-panel tree. Click it to open a new right panel that includes a **Services** tab and a **Service Summary** tab.

### **Rename a Service Definition**

Once a service definition has been created and configured, you can change or modify its name.

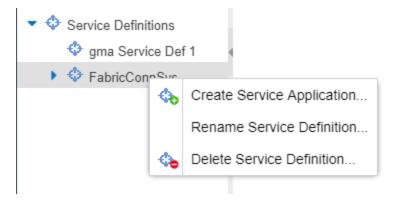


To rename a service definition:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Expand Service Definitions in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click the service definition you are renaming.
- 5. Click Rename Service Definition.
- 6. Enter a new name in the **Name** field.
- 7. Click **OK** to rename the service definition.

### **Delete a Service Definition**

Once a service definition has been created and configured, you can delete it; however, a service definition or any of its associated service applications cannot be deleted once it has been assigned to a site.



To delete a service definition:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Expand Service Definitions in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click the service definition you are deleting.
- 5. Click Delete Service Definition.
- 6. Click **Yes** to delete a service definition.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Services</u>
- Fabric
- <u>Sites</u>
- <u>Devices</u>

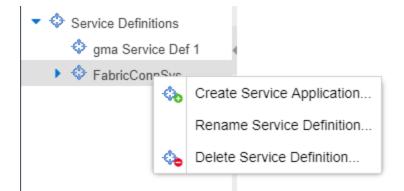
## How to Create a Service Application

You can create a service application via the **Sites** tab in Extreme Management Center. Service definitions display information from service applications. Once created, service applications are added to sites in your network and are used to build a topology map.

### **Create a Service Application**

To create a service application:

- 1. Access the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Expand Service Definitions in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click the service definition in which you want to create the service application.



5. Click Create Service Application.

The Create Service Application window opens.

- 6. Enter a name in the Name field.
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Click the newly created service application.
- 9. Use the <u>Services</u> tab and a Service Summary tab to configure the service application.

The service application is created. Once the service application is created and configured, you can <u>apply</u> it to a site within your network. Once services have been assigned to a site, they cannot be deleted.

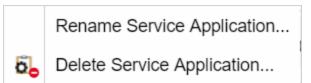
**NOTE:** A Service Application must have the same fabric type as its associated Service Definition. For example, if a Service Definition is created with Fabric Connect type, it can only have Service Applications of Fabric Connect type. Currently, Fabric Connect is the only fabric type available.

Once the service application is created, it is available in the left-panel tree and a new right panel opens that includes a <u>Services</u> tab and a <u>Service Summary</u> tab.

### **Rename a Service Application**

To change the name of a service application:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select Sites from the left-panel tree drop-down list.
- 3. Expand Service Definitions in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click the service application you are renaming.



- 5. Click Rename Service Application.
- 6. Enter a new name in the **Name** field.
- 7. Click **OK** to change the name of the service application.

### **Delete a Service Application**

You can delete all user-defined service applications, unless the service application or any of its associated service definitions are assigned to a site.

Rename Service Application...

Delete Service Application...

To delete a service application:

- 1. Open the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select **Sites** from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Expand Service Definitions in the left-panel.
- 4. Right-click the service application you are deleting.
- 5. Click Delete Service Application.
- 6. Click **Yes** to delete the service application.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Services</u>
- Fabric
- <u>Sites</u>
- <u>Devices</u>

## **Upgrading Fabric Manager**

Use the following procedure to upgrade your version Fabric Manager.

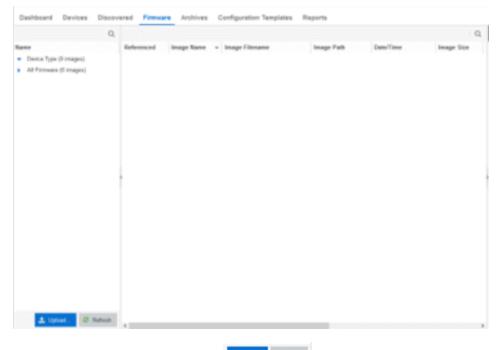
### **Prerequisites**

- Upgrade Extreme Management Center to the later version before you upgrade Fabric Manager to the corresponding build number.
- Ensure that both the current and target Extreme Management Center and Fabric Manager build numbers are the same.
- Download the latest upgrade bundle from the Extreme Networks software download Portal.
- Change Login Information from Anonymous to appropriate SCP credentials in the SCP Server Properties section in the Administration > Options > Inventory Manager > File Transfer tab.

**NOTE:** After you deploy Fabric Manager and then register with Extreme Management Center, only the user credential associated with the Fabric Manager profile has SSH login access.

### **Upgrade Procedure**

- 1. Open the **Network** tab in Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Click the Firmware tab.

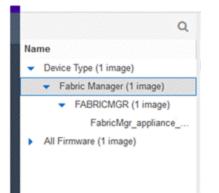


- 3. On the left panel, click Upload
- 4. In the Directory field, select the SCP radio button and click Upload.

	mware to Serv	ret .		×	4
	Dra	p files here or cl	ick to browse.		
Deschory	র চাচ	0 FP	0.522	Ô SEP	
	_	_	O scp	O SFIP	
Sever Path	Apploot, firms	_	O scp	O srap	
	Apploot, firms	_	O sce	O srip	

- 5. Click on **Drop files here or click to browse** and select the previously downloaded upgrade bundle.
- 6. Click the **Upload** button to initiate the bundle upload to the Extreme Management Center server.

Once the upload is completed successfully, if not previously added after clicking on the **Refresh** button, a new entry appears under Device Type called Fabric Manager.



- 7. Navigate through the newly added Device type until you see the bundle image listed.
- 8. Right click on the bundle listed on the main panel and click on **Set as Reference Image**.



This step sets this image bundle as the Reference upgrade image for Fabric Manager. The upgrade process to get triggered by default can take **up to five minutes** depending on the poll interval set on Extreme Management Center.

9. Open the **Operations** log on Extreme Management Center and wait until a log of type 'ZTP+' with the message Successfully upgraded FabricMgr\_appliance\_upgrade\_bundle\_version\_number>.zip appears.

Start Time	Type	Target	Result	Progress	Last Time 1	Message
ZTP+ - Tue Nov	04 2018 10:55:55	GMT-0500 (Eastern 1	Standard Time	r) Progres	is: 100% - Success	
Tue Nov 06 2018 10	ZTP+	VMware-564d6ca56	Success	100%	Tue Nov 06 2018 10	Successfully upgraded FabricMy_applance_upgrade_bundle_8.2.1.57.zip
Tue Nov 06 2018 10	ZTP+	VMware-564dfca56	Success	100%	Tue Nov 06 2018 10	Successfully upgraded FabricMgr_applance_upgrade_bundle_8.2.1.57.zip

This is followed by a message Finished without error to indicate the upgrade operation has been completed by the ZTP+.

Start Time 👻	Туре	Target	Result	Progress	Last Time 1	Message
ZTP+ - Tue Nor	06 2018 10:56:50	GMT-0500 (Eastern S	tandard Time	) Progres	s: 100% - Success	
Tue Nov 06 2018 10	ZTP+	VMware-564d6ca56	Success	100%	Tue Nov 05 2018 10	Finished without error
Tue Nov 06 2018 10	ZTP+	VMware-564d6ca56	Success	100%	Tue Nov 06 2018 10	Finished without error

10. When the upgrade is complete, the details on Fabric Manager are updated to the latest version.

Dashboard Devices Discovered	Fermulari	Archives	Configuration Templat	es Reports						0,11
Stes + II	Devices	World She I	unmary FlexReports							
ine View		Nerosoon)		ante de la compañía d	1000000	ionan kaist	internation of the	10000000	T Steeling	
O World	Status	Name 1	Sile	IP Address	Status	Details	Oevice Type	Family	Fernance	Reference
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		WC225	/Market	10.54.80.225	Aulable 10.	Up 2481 De	12118	Wireless Co	10.41.02.0014	
		fulforst-dev	/World	10 133 131 104	Available 10.	Up 2013 Do	FABRICINGR	Fabric Mana .	32222	1

### Post Upgrade Steps

- 1. Ensure that the same user credential associated with the Fabric Manager profile has SSH login access.
- 2. Navigate to the previously added and referenced upgrade image and un-reference it by right clicking on the bundle and then clicking **Unset as Reference Image**.

#### **Related Information**

- Extreme Management Center Fabric
- Fabric Connect

# **Fabric Assist**

The purpose of Fabric Assist is to help you set up your Fabric Connect network as quickly as possible. It will also eliminate the need to perform manual operations repetitively.

Fabric Assist helps you to migrate your existing VLAN-centric network to a Fabric Connect network. Fabric Assist accomplishes the migration by enhancing VLAN provisioning using the following features:

- <u>VLAN Trunk Mode</u> Identifies a port as a VLAN trunk and automatically adds all the device VLANs as tagged.
- <u>VLAN Range</u> Imports many VLANs to the device all at once instead of manually adding and editing one entry at a time.
- Layer 2 VSN Service Creation Automatically maps VLAN entries to Layer 2 VSNs.
- <u>VLAN Pruning</u> Prevents the unnecessary configuration of VLANs that have no egress.

```
IMPORTANT: With the VLAN Trunk Mode and Layer 2 VSN Service Creation features, you can provision VLAN trunk ports and Layer 2 VSNs automatically. Do not use these features if the device is running Fabric Attach. Fabric Attach dynamically makes equivalent configuration changes, and if Fabric Assist is enabled, it will change those settings to static on the device.
```

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Provision VLAN Trunks Automatically
- How to Edit a Port Template
- Add a Range of VLANs at the Device Level
- Add a Range of VLANs at the Site Level
- Add a Range of VLANs at the Service Definition Level
- Enable Fabric Assist
- Fabric Assist L2 VSN Considerations

## VLAN Trunk Mode

VLAN Trunk mode enables you to configure a port as a VLAN trunk and add all the VLANs on the port as tagged. This configuration happens automatically when you select one box in the VLAN Trunk column.

Disco	ver Actions 1	REIVLAN	Topologies 5	Services Port	Templates	ZTP+ Device Defaults	Endpoint Locations	Analytics	Custom Variable
O Add	🥥 tot 🔘	Delete							
Source	Configuration 1	PVID	Default Role	Authentication	VLAN Trunk	Tagged	Fabric Enable		Fabric Auth Type
World	AP	Default [1]	None	None			NONE		NONE
World	Access	Default [1]	None	None			NONE		NONE
World	Interswitch	Default [1]	None	None	10000		NONE		NONE
World	IoT	Default [1]	None	None	11111	a subscription of the	NONE		NONE
World	Management	Default [1]	None	None			NONE		NONE
World	Other	Default [1]	None	None	100000	a state state	NONE		NONE
World	Phone	Default [1]	None	None			NONE		NONE
World	Printer	Default [1]	None	None		and the second second	NONE		NONE
World	Router	Default [1]	None	None			NONE		NONE
World	Security	Default [1]	None	None	1000	Sector Controls	NONE		NONE
ocal	VLAN_TRUNK	Default [1]	None	None		All	NONE		NONE
World	vSwitch	Default [1]	None	None		and the second second	NONE		NONE

- Trunk ports link to other switches, as opposed to access ports that link to end devices.
- **Tagged ports** pass traffic for multiple VLANs, as opposed to untagged ports that accept traffic for only a single VLAN.

The VLAN Trunk column is available on the **Ports** and **Port Templates** tabs. This feature enables you to configure VLAN Trunks on an individual port or map the template to multiple ports.

**IMPORTANT:** With the VLAN Trunk Mode feature, you can provision VLAN trunk ports automatically. Do not use this feature if the device is running **Fabric Attach**. Fabric Attach dynamically makes equivalent configuration changes, and if Fabric Assist is enabled, it will change those settings to static on the device.

### **Configuring VLAN Trunks on a Port**

At the **Ports** level, you can configure the VLAN trunk property *only* if no port template is assigned to that port. Then you can enable VLAN Trunk to attach all VLANs created at the device level.

**NOTE:** To edit a port that is bound to a port template, you must change the Port Template type to <Use Local Settings >. For more information, see <u>How to Edit a Port</u> <u>Template</u>.

You can update the port data on a port with VLAN Trunk enabled. However, you cannot modify the tagged and untagged areas of this port. All VLANs shown in the VLAN Definition window are Tagged, and no VLAN will be included under Untagged.

The Ports dialog updates automatically when you make VLAN definition changes such as adding or deleting VLANs. Changes that you make to VLANs at the site or service level also result in updates to the Ports dialog.

Fabric Assist makes the following behavioral changes when you upgrade Extreme Management Center to Release 8.4 (and later) and during the Device Discovery process. The Port Template Inheritance feature compares the Port Template and the configuration for each port of each device.

- If the port configuration matches the attributes defined by the assigned Port Template, the assigned Port Template type will remain assigned to that port.
- If the port configuration differs from the attributes defined by the assigned Port Template, the assigned Port Template type changes to <Use Local Settings> for that port.

**Reload Device** behaves the same as Device Discovery, except that the Port Template Inheritance feature compares the *previously assigned* Port Template with the actual configuration for the port on the device.

### **Configuring VLAN Trunks on a Port Template**

After you check VLAN Trunk at the Port Templates level, Fabric Assist does the following:

- Automatically provisions tagged VLANs for this template.
- Disables the editors for the Tagged column and for all Fabric-related fields, such as Fabric Enable, Fabric Auth Type, and Fabric Auth Key.
- Changes the Tagged field to display All.
- Changes the Fabric Enable field to display **NONE**.

When you map a VLAN trunk port template to a port, Fabric Assist imports all the VLAN settings, including the VLAN Trunk property, from the template to the port. All the VLANs in the device grid will be tagged to this port.

**NOTE:** Changes made to VLANs at the site or service level have no effect on the port template.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Provision VLAN Trunks Automatically
- How to Edit a Port Template

### **Provision VLAN Trunks Automatically**

You can provision trunks at the Ports level or at the Port Templates level.

To Provision VLAN Trunks at the Ports Level:

- 1. Open **Devices > Devices**.
- 2. Right-click on a specific device, and then select **Configure**. The system displays the **Configure Device** dialog.

3. In the Configure Device dialog, select **Ports**.

Configure De	evice											/×
Device ID	Syste	es Name		Device Nickname	De	rvice Type	Poll Ty	pe .	Site		Firmware	Serial Numi
10.50 74.55	VOSS	155		VO5555	VS	P-7254XTQ	SNMP		/World		7.1.2.0_8009	17JP5160W
-											Concession (1)	
Device D	Vevice Annotation	VRF D	finition	VLAN Definition	CLIP Ad	dresses To	pologies	Services	LAG P	orts Ven	dor Profile	
🔉 Edt 🔹												
Device ID	Port †	Admin	Port Ali	as / LAG Name	Collection	Port Type		ND		AN Trynk	Tagged	1
10.50.74.55	U 11 (LAG)		MLT-11			Access		Default [1]				-
10.50.74.55	₩ 1/1					Access						
10.50.74.55	₩ 12					Access		1	1000			
10.50.74.55	<b>W</b> 13					Access						
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10 50 74 55	₩.10		kevin-te	st		Access	0	)				
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≪ < ) P	age 1 of 1 )	>1	0 18	leset								Displaying 1 - 55 of 55
						10.20 V 2.50	Relaad Dev		c from Site	C Enlarg	a Danian	Save Cancel

- 4. Select 🔯 Edit .
- 5. Select a port, and then check VLAN Trunk.
- 6. Select Save.

To Provision VLAN Trunks at the Port Templates Level:

- 1. Open **Devices > World**.
- Select Port Templates.
   The system displays the Port Templates dialog.

Disco	ver Actions	VRF/VLAN	Topologies 5	ervices Port	Templates	ZTP+ Device Defaults	Endpoint Locations	Analytics	Custom Variables
O Add	() Est 😐	Delete			N.S. CONTRACT				
Source	Configuration 1	PVID	Default Role	Authentication	VLAN Trunk	Tagged	Fabric Enable		Fabric Auth Type
World	AP	Default [1]	None	None			NONE		NONE
World	Access	Default [1]	None	None	1000000		NONE		NONE
World	Interswitch	Default [1]	None	None	1000		NONE		NONE
World	IoT	Default [1]	None	None	1100		NONE		NONE
World	Management	Default [1]	None	None			NONE		NONE
World	Other	Default [1]	None	None		and the second second	NONE		NONE
World	Phone	Default [1]	None	None			NONE		NONE
World	Printer	Default [1]	None	None		Service States	NONE		NONE
World	Router	Default [1]	None	None			NONE		NONE
World	Security	Default [1]	None	None	10000	S. States of the second second	NONE		NONE
ocal	VLAN_TRUNK	Default [1]	None	None	1	All	NONE		NONE
World	vSwitch	Default [1]	None	None			NONE		NONE

- 3. Select 🔯 Edit .
- 4. Select a port, and then check VLAN Trunk.
- 5. Select Save.

### Edit a Port Template

You cannot edit all the fields for a port that is bound to a template. If you want to edit all the fields, you must change the Port Template type to **<Use Local Settings>**. This Port Template type value is available only in the Device Port grid.

**NOTE:** Ports that have a Port Template type of **<Use Local Settings>** will not inherit any settings from any defined Port Template.

To edit a Port Template:

- 1. Open **Devices > Devices**.
- 2. Right-click on a specific device, and then select **Configure**. The system displays the **Configure Device** dialog.
- 3. In the Configure Device dialog, select Ports.
- 4. In the Port Template drop-down column, select <Use Local Settings>.

Configure Device Vendor Profile  Ports Vendor Profile  Edit Vendor Profi	Ine View		Devices Wo		and the second second second	ons FlexReports		
Device ID System Name Device Nickname Device Type Poli Type Site Firmes 10.54.51.120 Device Annotation VLAN Definition Ports Vendor Profile Device Device Annotation VLAN Definition Port Alles / LAG Name Collection Port Template PMD VL Device ID Port Admin PortAlles / LAG Name Collection Port Template PMD VL 10.54.51.120 D 4 Port Alles / LAG Name Collection Port Template PMD VL 10.54.51.120 D 4 Port Alles / LAG Name Collection Port Template PMD VL 10.54.51.120 D 4 Port Alles / LAG Name Collection Port Template PMD VL 10.54.51.120 D 4 Port Alles / LAG Name Collection Port Template PMD VL 10.54.51.120 D 4 Port Alles / LAG Name Collection Port Template PMD VL 10.54.51.120 D 4 Port Alles / LAG Name Collection Port Template PMD VL 10.54.51.120 D 4 Port Alles / LAG Name Collection Port Template PMD VL 10.54.51.120 D 5 Port Port Port Port Port Port Port Port			<ul> <li>Add Device</li> </ul>	Check for Primare C	pdates. 3	Epot to CSV III		/ ×
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Device ID         Port         Admin         Purt Alles / LAG Name         Collection         Purt Templete         PVID         V/L           10 545 1120         1								
Device ID         Port         Admin         Purt Alles / LAG Name         Collection         Purt Templete         PVID         V/L           10 545 1120         1								
Overlow ID         Port         Admin         Port Allias / LAG Name         Collection         Port Template         PVID         V/L           10 54 51 120         1	Device Device A	Annotation VI	AN Definition	Ports Vendor Profile				
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N 38 31 Low         Out Cancel         Process         Other Cancel         Other Cancel <td>Device ID</td> <td>Port</td> <td>Admin</td> <td>Port Alles / LAG Name</td> <td>Collection</td> <td>Port Template</td> <td>PVD</td> <td>VLAN</td>	Device ID	Port	Admin	Port Alles / LAG Name	Collection	Port Template	PVD	VLAN
Update         Cancel         Access         default [1]           05.45.1120         70.4         2         Access         default [1]           05.45.1120         70.4         2         Access         default [1]           05.45.1120         70.6         2         Marcess         default [1]           05.45.1120         70.6         2         Access         default [1]           05.45.1120         70.6         2         Access         default [1]           05.45.1120         70.8         2         Access         default [1]           05.45.1120         70.8         2         Access         default [1]           05.45.1120         75.9         2         Access         default [1]	10 54 51 120	01	8		8	< Use Local Settings (	- (1)	-
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0.54.51.120         10.5         2         Access         default [1]           0.54.51.120         10.7         2         Access         default [1]           0.54.51.120         10.8         4         Access         default [1]		203						
0.64.51.120         10.7         2         2         Access         default [1]           0.64.51.120         10.6         2         2         Access         default [1]           0.64.51.120         10.6         2         2         Access         default [1]           0.64.51.120         10.9         2         4         Access         default [1]	0.54.51.120					Access	default [1]	
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	0 54 51 120 0 54 51 120	074 96 07 08				Interswitch Access Access Access	default [1] default [1] default [1] default [1]	

## **VLAN Range**

VLAN Range makes it easy to add many VLANs to a device. To add VLANs in a group, instead of manually adding and editing one entry at a time, provide the VID range, Name prefix, and VRF ID for all newly imported VLANs.

You can provision VLANs from three different levels (device, site, service definition):

- Device Level Use this level to configure a VLAN on an individual device.
- Site Level Use this level to configure VLANs for all the devices that belong to a site.
- Service Definition Level Use this level to configure VLANs on a Service Definition, which serves as a container for shared configurations. You can assign a Service Definition to a site, which then applies all the contained configurations to all the devices that belong to that site.

In the VLAN Definition window for the above levels, select <sup>O</sup> Add Range to specify the following:

- Comma-separated list of VLAN ranges
- Prefix that is used for the auto generated VLAN names
- VRF

Add Range			×
VLAN Range:	100-102,115		
Name Prefix:	VLAN-		
VRF:	Default		•
		ОК	Cancel

When you select OK, Fabric Assist creates the specified VLANs and displays them in the corresponding VLAN Definition window (device, site, or service definition).

Add Add Rang	e 📑 Edit 🤤 D	elete 🛛 🐾		
Name	VID	VRF ID	Multicast	IGMP Version
VLAN-115	115	Default	NONE	NONE
VLAN-102	102	Default	NONE	NONE
VLAN-101	101	Default	NONE	NONE
VLAN-100	100	Default	NONE	NONE
Default	1	Default	NONE	NONE

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Add a Range of VLANs at the Device Level
- Add a Range of VLANs at the Site Level
- Add a Range of VLANs at the Service Defiinition Level
- VLAN Pruning

### Add a Range of VLANs at the Device Level

To configure a range of VLANs that apply to a specific device only:

- 1. Open **Devices > Devices**.
- 2. Right-click on a specific device, and then select **Configure**. The system displays the **Configure Device** dialog.

3. In the Configure Device dialog, select the VLAN Definition tab.

Configure Device	Forthern Manual	Desides Misbras	Dandard T		Dell Dest		2 × 2
Device ID 10.50.74.45	System Name VOSS46	Device Nickname VOSS46	Device Type VSP-4850GT		Poll Type	Site	Firmware
	V05540	V05546	V5P-485001	54PW	SNMP	/World/ESS	7.1.2.0_B0
• -					International		
Device Device /	Annotation VRF Definition	VLAN Definition	CLIP Addresses	Topolo	gies Services	LAG Ports Ver	ndor Profile
O Add O Add R	tange 🍯 Edit 🙂 Delete	~					
Source	Device ID	Name		VID 1	VRFID	IP Address	Mask
Local	10.50.74.46	Default		1	GlobalRouter(0)		0
Local	10.50.74.46	VLAN-2		2	GlobalRouter(0)		0
Local	10.50.74.46	VLAN-3		3	GlobalRouter(0)		0
Work/ESS	10.50.74.46	VLAN-10		10	GlobalRouter(0)		0
Work/ESS	10.50.74.46	VLAN-11		11	GiobalRouter(0)		0
Wond/ESS	10.50.74.46	VLAN-12		12	GiobalRouter(0)		0
Fabric Assist/Demo	10.50.74.46	VLAN-100		100	GiobalRouter(0)		0
Fabric Assist/Demo	10.50.74.46	VLAN-101		101	GlobalRouter(0)		0
Fabric Assist/Demo	10.50.74.46	VLAN-102		102	GlobalRouter(0)		0
Local	10.50.74.46	VLAN110		110	vrf110(110)		0
Fabric Assist/Demo	10.50.74.46	VLAN-115		115	GiobalRouter(0)		0
« < Page 1	of1   >   >   🖸   👼	Reset				Displa	nying 1 - 11 of 11
		CONTRACTOR OF STREET, S	Reload Device	Sync from	Site S Enforce	Preview Save	Cancel

4. Select 📀 Add Range

Add Range		×
Device ID:	10.50.74.55,10.50.74.84	~ X
VLAN Range:	300,1000	
Name Prefix:	VLAN-	
VRF:	GlobalRouter(0)	-
	ОК	Cancel

5. For **Device ID**, select the device where you want to create the VLANs.

- 6. For VLAN Range, enter the range of VLAN IDs using a comma to separate them. You can use a dash to enter consecutive IDs such as 1-10.
- 7. For Name Prefix, enter a name for the prefix that all the created VLANs will use. The format is created vlanld>).
- For VRF, select Default.
   The default value of the VRF field will be resolved to the default VRF for the selected device. If you select multiple devices, the default value will be Default.
- 9. Select OK.

**NOTE:** If the selected device does not support VRFs, the system hides the VRF field .

### Add a Range of VLANs at the Site Level

To configure a range of VLANs that apply to all devices that belong to the site:

- 1. Open **Devices > Tree View**.
- 2. Expand World, and then select a site.

Sites 💌 🗉	Devices ESS Site	Summary Endpoint Locations	FlexReports				
we View	Discover Actions	VRF/VLAN Topologies Service	s Port Templ	ates ZTP+ Dev	ice Defaults	Endpoint Location	Analytic
World							
♦ ESS	VRF Definition						
Topology Definitions	O AM 🥥 EM 🤇	Contra 🖓					
	Source	Name	A&& ID	Multicast	Unicast	Direct Route	
Si Service Definitions     Si Fabric Asset     Si Pabric Asset     Si Demo	.Wone	Default					
	VLAN Definition	<b>-</b>					
	O Ast O Ast Ray						
	Add      Add Ramp     Source	Name		99 D	Mullicast		Version
	Add Rang Source World	Name Default	1 0	elasit	NONE	NONE	
	Add      Add Rev      Source      Mond      Fabric Assist/Demo	Name Detaut VLAN-115	1 0 115 0	elast elast	NOME	NONE	
	Add Add Ree Bource Mond Fabric Assist/Demo Fabric Assist/Demo	Name Default VLAN-115 VLAN-102	1 D 115 D 102 D	dait dait dait	NONE NONE NONE	NONE NONE NONE	
	Add      Add Rev      Source      Mond      Fabric Assist/Demo	Name Detaut VLAN-115	1 D 115 D 102 D 101 D	elast elast	NOME	NONE	

3. In the VLAN Definition window, select <sup>O</sup> Add Range .

Add Range			×
VLAN Range:	100-102,115		
Name Prefix:	VLAN-		
VRF:	Default		•
		ОК	Cancel

- 4. For VLAN Range, enter the range of VLAN IDs using a comma to separate them. You can use a dash to enter consecutive IDs such as 100-102.
- 5. For **Name Prefix**, enter a name for the prefix that all the created VLANs will use. The format is created (vlanId).
- 6. For VRF, select Default.
- 7. Select OK.

**NOTE:** If the selected device does not support VRFs, the system hides the VRF field .

### Add a Range of VLANs at the Service Definition Level

To configure a range of VLANs in a Service Definition, which you can then assign to one or more sites:

1. Open **Devices > Tree View**.

2. Expand Service Definition, and then select a service application.

Sites + E	Demo Service Summary				
Tree View	VRF Definition				
ESS	0 A81 🔰 Err 0 Della				
Impology Definitions     Definition     Genetic Definitions     Genetic Definitions     Genetic Assist	Name Default	VRF ID Multicast	Unicast Dire	ect Reute	
Demo					
	VLAN Definition				
	Name	+ VID VR/FID	Multicast	KIMP Version	KOMP Querter
	Default	1 Default	NONE	NONE	
	×				
	L2 VSN				

3. In the VLAN Definition window, select <sup>3</sup> Add Range</sup>.

Add Range			×
VLAN Range:	100-102,115		
Name Prefix:	VLAN-		
VRF:	Default		•
		ОК	Cancel

- 4. For VLAN Range , enter the range of VLAN IDs using a comma to separate them. You can use a dash to enter consecutive IDs such as 100-102.
- 5. For **Name Prefix**, enter a name for the prefix that all the created VLANs will use. The format is cylanld>).
- 6. For VRF, select Default.
- 7. Select OK.

**NOTE:** If the selected device does not support VRFs, the system hides the VRF field .

## **Layer 2 VSN Service Creation**

In Layer 2 Virtual Services Network (L2 VSN) functionality, a VLAN is mapped to a Service ID and becomes a customer VLAN (C-VLAN). C-VLANs are bridged over the Fabric Connect core infrastructure using the shortest path topology learned using IS-IS.

**IMPORTANT:** With the Layer 2 VSN Service Creation feature, you can provision Layer 2 VSNs automatically. Do not use this feature if the device is running **Fabric Attach**. Fabric Attach dynamically makes equivalent configuration changes, and if Fabric Assist is enabled, it will change those settings to static on the device.

### **Enhanced Validation**

Validation ensures consistency between service applications within a service definition. However, validation is done only when you save the entire service definition. This delay is problematic, because you can lose all the manual edits made since the last save.

Fabric Assist performs validation as soon as you enable it. This enhanced validation is at a more granular level within the service definition than validation without Fabric Assist. It also ensures that the Service ID Range does not overlap with existing L2 VSN services in other service applications within the same service definition. The row editor widgets for each grid within the Service Application panel (VRF Definition, VLAN Definition, L2 VSN, and L3 VSN) also perform this enhanced validation when you select the corresponding Update button.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Fabric Connect
- Fabric Assist

### **Enabling Fabric Assist**

You can enable or disable Fabric Assist at the Service Definitions level only.

Service definitions contain groups of service application templates that you can apply to fabric-enabled devices. When you map a service definition to a site, the service applications are shared by the fabric-enabled devices within the site.

To enable the automatic creation of L2 VSN services, you must enter a Service ID Offset in the L2 VSN dialog.

O Add D Edit O Delete						
Fabric Assist Service ID Offset		C Enabled				
Name	Service ID	UNI Type	VLAN	CVID	Port Template	

After you configure a valid offset, the Fabric Assist Enabled check box becomes available to check. When checked (enabled), Fabric Assist automatically creates a corresponding C-VLAN entry for every VLAN that is not already mapped to an existing L2 VSN C-VLAN entry. Fabric Assist also creates an L2 VSN C-VLAN entry for any new VLANs created in the service application.

NOTES:	• The Service ID Offset determines the L2 VSN Service ID Range, which is from the offset value to the offset plus 4094.
	• A valid Service ID Offset cannot contain the Service ID for an existing L2 VSN that falls within the Service ID Range.
	<ul> <li>When enabled, Fabric Assist disables the Service ID Offset field and the Edit and Delete buttons to prevent any changes to L2 VSN services.</li> </ul>

Fabric Assist displays the Service ID Range. For example, if the Service ID Offset is **1000**, the Service ID Range will be from 1001 to 5094.

L2 VSN						-
O Add 🔉 Edit 🙁 Delete	·					
Fabric Assist. Service (D. Offset 1000		@ Enabled 1001-5094				
Name	Service ID	UNI Type	VLAN	CVID	Port Template	

Fabric Assist displays the L2 VSN configuration information, including the Service ID, in the service application window. Any changes to Fabric Assist go into effect when you save the service definition.

Dashboard Devices Di	scovered Firmware Archives	Conf	figuration	Templates Reports							Q	· ·
Stes + II	Fabric Assist App1 Service 5											
Tree View 1	VRF Definition											
<ul> <li>VPEXRadk</li> </ul>	VLAN Definition											
<ul> <li>Topology Definitions</li> <li>Service Definitions</li> </ul>	O AM O AMERicana 🝃 E		Delete									
* 6 Fabric Assist Definition	Name	VID	WH ID	Multicest	IGMP	Version	10	MP Querier		Querier Enable		
Fabric Assist App1	FabricAssist 333	333	Default	NONE	NONE	t.						
	VL4N-3	3	Default	NONE	NONE							
	VL/W-2	2	Default	NONE	NONE	1						
	Default	1	Default	NONE	NONE	t						
	L2 VIN											
	🥥 Add 💢 Edit 🥥 Delete	ч.										
	Fabric Assist Device ID Office			: @Enabled 1001-505	4							
	Name	Servi	te ID	UNI Type	VLAN		CWD	Port 5	emplate			
	Fathric-Assist-333	1333		CVLAN	FabricAssist-333	(333)	<na.×< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></na.×<>					

## Fabric Assist L2 VSN Considerations

- The following rules apply to service applications within the same service definition:
  - Service applications can have the same Service ID Offset because VLANs cannot be reused between service applications in the same service definition.
  - Service applications with different Service ID Offsets are valid as long as the Service ID Ranges do not overlap within the service definition.
- When Fabric Assist is enabled, you can manually create L2 Switched or Transparent UNI services, but you can no longer manually create L2 VSN C-VLAN services through the Service Application dialog.
- If you do not want a VLAN to have a service, create that VLAN at the site level. L2 VSNs that are created by Fabric Assist are based only on the VLANs in the service application window.
- If you want to modify Fabric Assist, you must disable Fabric Assist by clearing the L2 VSN **Enabled** check box.

**IMPORTANT:** Any C-VLAN entries that Fabric Assist created are automatically deleted from the L2 VSN window when you disable Fabric Assist.

## **VLAN Pruning**

If a VLAN has no tagged egress or untagged egress, there is no need for Fabric Assist to process it. VLAN Pruning prevents VLANs with no egress from being enforced to a device.

To enable VLAN Pruning, check **Enable Pruning** in either the device VLAN Definition window or the site VLAN Definition window.

VLAN Definition							-
O Add O Add Range	🔵 Edit 🥥 Delete	č Enable Pruning 🐾					
Source	Name	VID	VRF ID	Multicest	IGMP Version	IGMP Querier	0
Local	VLAN30	30	Default	NONE	NONE		
Local	VLAN20	20	Default	NONE	NONE		
Local	VLAN10	10	Default	NONE	NONE		
Aliand	Default	1	Default	NONE	NONE		

Devices inherit VLAN definitions configured in a site or inherited from a service application that is mapped to a site. Devices in a site also inherit the Enable Pruning value from the site:

- When VLAN Pruning is *not enabled*, the inherited VLANs are created on the devices during an enforce operation unless you manually exclude them.
- When VLAN Pruning is *enabled*, only the VLANs with tagged or untagged egress on the device are enforced.

The device VLAN Definition window shows all inherited VLANs so that you can configure tagged or untagged egress on ports. VLAN pruning takes place when you launch the enforce preview. The Enforce Preview window shows only the VLANs that have egress configured on the device.

For example, the following figure shows the VLANs that a device inherited from a site:

- tagged egress on VLAN10
- untagged egress on VLAN30
- no egress configured on VLAN20

Device ID		System Name	Device Nicknam	w De	rvice Type	Poll Type	Site	Firmware	Serial
10.50.74.85		ESS-x590-85	ESS-x590-85	33	390-24x	SNMP	WorldVPEX Rack	22.6.1.4	800900
•									
Device D	levice Anno	tation VLAN	Definition Ports Veni	dor Profile					
😭 Edit 👘									
Device ID	Port 1	Admin	Port Alias / LAG Name	Collection	Port Type	PVID	Tagged	Untagged	
10.50.74.85	U 11	1		*	Interswitch	Default [1]		Default [1]	
10.50.74.85	<b>U</b> 12				Interswitch	Default [1]		Default [1]	
10.50.74.85	₩13	-			Access	Default [1]	VLAN10 [10]	Default [1]	
10.50.74.85	₩14				Access	Default [1]		1,30	
10.50.74.85	<b>W</b> 15	-			Access	Default [1]		Default [1]	
10.50.74.85	₩16				Access	Default [1]		Default [1]	
10.50.74.85	₩17				Access	Default [1]		Default [1]	
10.50.74.85	₩18				Access	Default [1]		Default [1]	
10.50.74.85	₩19	1		*	Access	Default [1]		Default [1]	
« < P	age 1 of		🗘   📴 Reset					Displaying 1	140 of 14

In the Enforce Preview window, Fabric Assist creates only VLAN10 and VLAN30 on the device.

Compare	Device Configuration																~ *
		5357668				122/223	S		lasch.			2000			9	lafus	
Enabled	IP Address	She		Device	VIF Definition	VLAN Definition	CLIP Addresses	Topolog	ies 5	ienvices	LAG	Port	Port VLAN	Port Fabric	Action	Progress	•
8	10.50.74.83	/mond/VPEX R	lack	•	Not Supp	•	Not Supp.	Not Supp	. N	iet Su	Not S.	۰	0	Not Supp	Verify Success	100	
Enlarce	Al +	18 Dealer														Show Al	D
Device	VLAN Definitions	Ports															
VLAN T				Deal	ind										Current		
	Name		IP Add		Marsk	Multicent		IGMP 0 Duerler 8	nable	۲		Nat		IP Addre	ns Mask	Multicest	1GR Vers
1	Default			0	1	VONE	NONE			*	Default				0	NONE	NOR
10	VLAN10			0	1	VONE	NONE			~	-14				a .	-NUNE-	-Múñ
30	VLAN30			0		SNON	NONE			<	-34				0	NONE	AGR
4095	Mget			0	,	VONE	NONE			*	Mgmt					NONE	NON
·				INTERNA DOLLAR		1000000000	100100100000										
															Rathash 0	Enforce	Cancel
																Constant and a second	-

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- VLAN Trunk Mode
- Fabric Assist

# How to Create an EAPS Domain

This section outlines how to create an EAPS domain, from the **Network** tab.

## To create a new EAPS Domain:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Open the **Network** > **Devices** tab and select a map within the World map navigation tree.
- 3. Click the EAPS tab in the Network Details section of the window. The EAPS Summary pane opens.
- 4. Click the **New EAPS Domain** button. The New EAPS Domain wizard opens to the Select Devices window.
- 5. Highlight the devices to add to the EAPS domain and click the right arrow button to move the devices to the selected device column.

**NOTE:** Use the up and down arrows to change the order in which devices are listed.

- 6. Click **Next >**. The Configure Domain window opens.
- 7. Enter a Name for the EAPS domain.
- 8. Select the links to add to the EAPS domain in the Available Links section and click the **Add** button.
- 9. Enter the Name and Tag of the Control VLAN for the EAPS domain.
- 10. Select a **Master Node** and **Primary Port** for the EAPS domain from the drop-down menus in the Master Node section of the window.
- 11. Enter the amount of time, in seconds, for the Hello and Fail timers.
  - Hello Timer The interval, in seconds, between which polling signals are sent by the master node to detect ring breaks.
  - Fail Timer The amount of time, in seconds, after the master node sends the Hello Timer signal until the master node detects a ring failure if a reply signal is not received. If a ring failure occurs, the switch can respond by either sending an alert or opening the secondary port.

- 1. Click Next >. The Results window opens.
- 2. Verify the EAPS domain is properly created.

**NOTE:** If the EAPS domain is not created correctly, click the **< Back** button to change the values in the New EAPS Domain wizard.

3. Click **Close** to exit the New EAPS Domain wizard. The EAPS domain is created.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Maps</u>
- <u>Network</u>
- How to Create and Edit a VLAN

## Discovered

Use the **Discovered** tab to view devices new to your network not yet added to the Extreme Management Center database.

To access the **Discovered** tab open the **Network** tab and select the **Discovered** tab.

#	< = ¢	Clear 😂 Clear All I	Devices	0	Pre-Register Device	@ Lo	aid Config	uration	Q Add De	vices 🗦 💭	Configure Devices >
•	IP Address	Connected IP Address	Family	Type	Serial Number	Base MAC	Profile	Status	Details	Firmware	System Description
	6	NA	Unkn				publi	ZTP+	Configurati		
~											
-	6	NA	Unkn				publi	ZTP+	Configurati		
3	6	NA	Unkn				publi	ZTP+	Configurati		
ad			Sum	X4		00.04.96	publi.	New	Accept Pro	22 3 0 18	ExtremeXOS (X45
			Sum			00:04:96	EXT	New	Accept Pro.		ExtremeXOS (X45
			Sum			00.04.96	EXT	New	Accept Pro		ExtremeXOS (X45
=											
	0 🕼 R	esot									Displaying 7 row
•		Last Updated 20191		4 Lister	C 8 Dave 13 06 14	· · · · · · · · · · · ·				Operations	

Devices appear on the **Discovered** tab when they are:

- Discovered via the **Site** tab and one of the following occurs:
  - The Automatically Add Devices checkbox is not selected in the Site Actions section of the tab.
  - The serial number of the device matches:
    - The serial number of another device being discovered.
    - The serial number of a device already in the Extreme Management Center database.
  - The serial number is not defined for a device and the base MAC address matches:
    - The base MAC address of another device being discovered.
    - The base MAC address of a device already in the Extreme Management Center database.
  - The serial number and base MAC address are not defined for a device and the IP address matches:
    - The IP address of another device being discovered.
    - The IP address of a device already in the Extreme Management Center database.
  - The device uses a profile different than those associated with devices that already exist in the Extreme Management Center database.
- Discovered using the Pre-Register Device window for your ZTP+ (Zero Touch Provisioning Plus) enabled devices.
  - **NOTE:** ZTP+ functionality is supported on ExtremeXOS devices on which version 21.1 (or greater) is installed, FastPath devices, Fabric Manager, ExtremeAnalytics engines, and Access Control engines.
- Discovered using a trap to discover a ZTP (Zero Touch Provisioning) enabled device.

**NOTE:** ZTP functionality is not identical to ZTP+ functionality.

### **Device Grouping**

Extreme Management Center can group devices with data that match another newly discovered device or a device that currently exists in the Extreme

Management Center database. By default, Extreme Management Center grouping in the Discovered View is by the Discovered ID column.

Enable or remove grouping functionality on the **Discovered** tab by clicking the arrow icon in the right-side of a column and selecting or deselecting the **Show in Groups** checkbox, respectively. Additionally, to change the grouping to a column other than Discovered ID, select the **Group by This Field** option in a specific column to group devices based on the criteria of that column.

For example, you are adding three devices to Extreme Management Center that appear on the **Discovered** tab. All three devices share the same Serial Number, but have different IP Addresses. The Discovered ID column will display the same serial number. Selecting **Group by This Field** in the menu for the **Serial Number** column would group the devices with the same serial number together.

Use the information in the **Status** column to determine which device to add to the Extreme Management Center database. You can then clear the remaining devices from the list.

Preventing duplicate devices in Extreme Management Center allows you to:

- Avoid unnecessary polling of devices
- Minimize the collection of statistics
- Maximize the efficiency of your device count license
- Ensure there are not multiple configurations of the device in Extreme Management Center

The Potential Duplicate Devices report includes information about potential duplicate devices that may already exist in the Extreme Management Center database. This report is included in Extreme Management Center's <u>Reports>Report Catalog > Device</u> tab.

Application Analytics	Potential Duplicate	e Devices							
Application Telemetry									
Data Center									1
Device	Group Key	IP Address	Serial Number	Base MAC	Family	Type	Firmware	Description	
Device Alarm History	14JP510H706D	14 M	14JP510H706D	6C:A8:49:15:50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48	
Device Archives	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C:A8:49:15:50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48	
Device Availability Summary	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C:A8:49:15:50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48	
Device View Archives	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C-A8-49-15-50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48	
Down Devices	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C:A8:49:15:50	ERS Series	ERS4050GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48.	
Port Usage	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C A8 49 15 50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48	
Port Usage Details	14JP510H706D	100000000000	14JP510H706D	6C-A8-49-15-50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48	
Potential Duplicate Devices	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C:A8:49:15:50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48	
Remove From Service Devices	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C:A8:49:15:50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48.	
Top Devices by IP Traffic	14JP510H706D	1000 I.S. 1000	14JP510H706D	6C A8 49 15 50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48.	
Top Hosts by Resource	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C:A8:49:15:50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48	
Top Switches by Power	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C-A8-49-15-50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48	
Top Switches by Resource	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C:A8:49:15:50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48	
End-Systems	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C A8 49 15 50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 45.	
Policy	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C-A8-49-15-50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 45.	
Ports	14JP510H706D		14JP510H706D	6C A8 49 15 50	ERS Series	ERS4850GT	v5.9.0.131	Ethernet Routing Switch 48	
•	**********		A RIDERAUTACO	49-34-46-46	ERE Exten	Ene 1021/77	-4 0.0 +9+	Ethnored Prevalues Products #9	

The following columns are included in the Potential Duplicate Devices report:

#### **Group Key**

Displays the <u>Serial Number</u>, <u>Base MAC</u> address, or <u>IP Address</u> or assigned to discovered devices. This is also what is displayed in the <u>Discovered ID</u> column on the Discovered tab.

## ID

Displays the device's ID number.

#### Name

Displays the name of the device.

#### Site

Displays the site in which the device resides.

#### **IP Address**

Displays the device's IP address.

#### **Serial Number**

Displays the serial number assigned to the device.

## Base MAC

Displays the device's MAC address.

#### Family

Displays the device's device family.

## Туре

Displays the device's device type.

## Firmware

Displays the device's current firmware version.

## **Poller Name**

Displays the type of poll used by the trap engine to poll the device.

## **Profile Name**

Displays the profile the device is using for its administrative SNMP and CLI credentials.

## Description

Displays a description of the device.

## OID

Displays the SNMP sysObjectId OID.

For instructions about how to discover devices and add them to the Extreme Management Center database, see How to Discover Devices in Extreme Management Center.

# Columns

The columns on the **Discovered** tab display the details about the devices available to be added to the Extreme Management Center database.

## **IP Address**

The IP Address column displays the IP address assigned to the discovered device.

## **Discovered ID**

The **Discovered ID** column displays the <u>Serial Number</u>, <u>Base MAC</u> address, or <u>IP</u> <u>Address</u> assigned to discovered devices, which is used to group potential device duplicates. If devices are potential duplicates, Extreme Management Center groups potential devices first by Serial Number, then by Base MAC address, then by IP address. When the **Show in Groups** checkbox is selected and the Discovered ID column is set as the Group by this Field for the view, Extreme Management Center groups those devices so potential duplicates are displayed. Select the device to add it to Extreme Management Center, so it appears in the DeviceView, maps, and other areas of Extreme Management Center.

For example, if you added two devices to Extreme Management Center, Extreme

Management Center first attempts to group the devices by a shared Serial Number. If there is no serial number, Extreme Management Center attempts to group the devices by a shared Base MAC address. If the values for both the Serial Number and the Base MAC address are blank, Extreme Management Center then attempts to group devices by a shared IP address.

## **Connected IP Address**

The **Connected IP Address** column displays the IP address a ZTP+-enabled device used to communicate with Extreme Management Center.

#### Family

The **Family** column displays the series of devices to which a device belongs, known as a device family in Extreme Management Center.

## Туре

The **Type** column displays the device type, once the discovery determines it in Extreme Management Center. If Extreme Management Center does not have enough information to determine the device type, the type column is blank.

## **Serial Number**

The Serial Number column displays the serial number of the device.

## **Base MAC**

The Base MAC column displays the MAC address of the device.

#### Source

The **Source** column displays the source of the functionality that added the device to the **Discovered** tab in Extreme Management Center. For example, the **Source** column displays ZTP+ when the device has been added by ZTP+ functionality. The **Source** column also displays subnet details for devices added to the **Discovered** tab via Discovery functionality.

## Site Path

The **Site Path** column shows the site to which the device is assigned. To change the site, click the **Add Devices** button for devices with a Status of **New**, the **Edit Devices** button for devices with a Status of **Exists**, or the **Configure Device** view for devices discovered via ZTP+, and use the **Default Site** drop-down list in the Device section of the window to select an existing site.

You can create new sites on the **Network > Devices** tab.

## Profile

The **Profile** column displays the profile the device is using for its administrative SNMP and CLI credentials. To change the profile, click the **Add Devices** button for devices with a Status of **New**, the **Edit Devices** button for devices with a Status of **Exists**, or the **Configure Device** view for devices discovered via ZTP+, and use the **Admin Profile** drop-down list in the Device section of the window to select an existing profile.

You can create new profiles on the Administration > Profiles tab.

## Status

The **Status** column indicates whether the device exists in the Extreme Management Center database.

- Exists The device already exists in the Extreme Management Center database with the same Profile.
- Exists [<Profile Name>] The device already exists in the Extreme Management Center database with a different Profile, followed by the name of the device profile currently used by the device in the database.
- Matches [SN:<#########>] <list of matching IPs> The serial number of the device matches the serial number(s) of devices currently in the Extreme Management Center database, followed by the device IP Address(es) in the database which match the Serial Number.
- Matches [MAC:<##########] <list of matching IPs> —The serial number of the device is blank and the Base MAC address of the device matches the Base MAC address of device(s) currently in the Extreme Management Center database (displayed as part of the Status), followed by the IP address(es) currently used by the devices in the database.
- New The device is discovered by Extreme Management Center, but it has not yet been added to the Extreme Management Center database.
- **ZTP+ Registered** The ZTP+-enabled device is registered in Extreme Management Center.
- ZTP+ Staged The configuration is staged in Extreme Management Center for the ZTP+-enabled device .
- ZTP+ Complete The ZTP+-enabled device is configured successfully in Extreme Management Center and is ready to be added to the Extreme Management Center database.

- ZTP+ Pending Edit The configuration of the ZTP+-enabled device is not complete and Extreme Management Center is waiting for edits.
- **ZTP+ Pending Configuration** The ZTP+-enabled device is ready to be configured in Extreme Management Center.
- **ZTP+ Unknown** The ZTP+-enabled device is in an unknown state.
- ZTP+ Configuration Error The ZTP+-enabled device is not correctly configured. See the Event log for additional details.
- ZTP+ Certificate Error The ZTP+-enabled device is not correctly configured. See the Event log for additional details.
- ZTP+ Script Error The ZTP+-enabled device is not correctly configured. See the Event log for additional details.
- ZTP+ RMA Starting Extreme Management Center is starting the RMA process for the ZTP+-enabled device (Remove from Service is selected on the <u>Device tab</u> in the Configure Device window).
- ZTP+ RMA Complete The RMA process is complete for the ZTP+-enabled device (Remove from Service is selected on the <u>Device tab</u> in the Configure Device window).
- ZTP+ Image Upgrade Extreme Management Center is upgrading the firmware image for the ZTP+-enabled device.
- ZTP+ RMA Failed The RMA process did not complete successfully for the ZTP+-enabled device (Remove from Service is selected on the <u>Device tab</u> in the Configure Device window).

#### Details

The **Details** column shows whether the <u>profile</u> is acceptable for the device as configured on the **Site** tab in the **Profiles** list. If the **Reject** checkbox is selected for the profile on the **Site** tab, Extreme Management Center does not successfully discover the device using that profile, even if the SNMP credentials in the profile are successful. This is to prevent Extreme Management Center from discovering devices using less secure profiles. For ZTP+-enabled devices, the **Details** column displays details about the devices' ZTP+ status.

#### Firmware

The **Firmware** column shows the version number of the firmware or boot PROM image.

#### Connector

The **Connector** column displays the connector version running on the ZTP+ device.

## **System Description**

The System Description displays the MIB-II sysDescr OID.

## **Object ID**

The Object ID column displays the SNMP sysObjectId OID.

## **First Seen**

The **First Seen** column displays the date and time the device first appeared in the **Discovered** tab.

## Last Seen

The Last Seen column displays the date and time the device last communicated with the Extreme Management Center server.

## **Times Seen**

The **Times Seen** column displays the number of times the device communicated with the Extreme Management Center server.

# **Toolbar Buttons**

The toolbar at the top of the tab allows you to perform various tasks on the devices on the **Discovered** tab.

## Load Configuration 🎲 Load Configuration

Click to open the Load a configuration on a Discovered Device window, which allows you to use a saved configuration for an existing device on a ZTP (zero touch provisioning) enabled device.

#### Clear 🤤 Clear

Click to remove the currently selected device from the **Discovered** tab.

#### Clear All Devices Clear All Devices

Click to remove all devices listed on the **Discovered** tab.

#### Pre-Register Device ③ Pre-Register Device...

Click to open the Pre-Register Device window, where you can pre-configure a ZTP+ (zero touch provisioning plus) enabled device so when you add it to Extreme Management Center, the configuration occurs automatically.

#### Add Devices 💿 Add Devices ...

Opens the Add Selected Devices window, where you can configure newly discovered devices and add them to the Extreme Management Center database.

## Configure Devices 🔯 Configure Devices...

Opens the Configure Device window, where you can edit the configuration for a device.

# Filters 🔽

Use the <u>filter functions</u> to view, modify, apply, or remove filters from a table column. You can filter multiple columns in a table. Y

#### Export to CSV 🗈

Select to export all of the data in the table to a .<u>CSV</u> file. The exported data displays with any sorting, filtering, and searching applied.

## Search Q

Select to open a <u>search box</u> into which you can enter search parameters. The data in the table filters to display devices that match your search entry.

## **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- Network Tab
- Devices Tab

For information on related tasks:

- How to Discover Devices in Extreme Management Center
- How to Upgrade Firmware

# Load Configuration on a Discovered Device

Use this window to use a saved device configuration on a device you are adding to Extreme Management Center. Devices to which you load a saved configuration must have ZTP (Zero Touch Provisioning) enabled.

This window is accessible by clicking the Load Configuration button or by rightclicking an existing device and selecting Load Configuration on the Network > Discovered tab.

The window contains two tabs, depending on the type of configuration you are loading on the new device:

- Clone A configuration currently used on an existing device copied to the new device.
- Template A configuration saved to Extreme Management Center as a template.

## Clone

Load a configuration	on Discovered Device: of type X480-48t-10G4	1×
Update Firmware		
Current Version:	16.1.2.8	
Firmware:	1.0.5.7 - summit_bs-1.0.5.7.xtr ~	
Configure device by sele	cting the desired firmware and configuration	
Select source Device:	Select configuration to clone:	
-No Saved Configurati	io: V -Select-	~
	Start	Cancel

## **Current Version**

Displays the current version of firmware installed on the device.

#### Firmware

Use the drop-down list to select a new firmware version to install on the device.

#### **Select source Device**

Use the drop-down list to select a device currently added to Extreme Management Center from which to copy the device configuration.

#### Select configuration to clone

Use the drop-down list to select the configuration on the device listed in the **Select source Device** drop-down list that is being cloned to the new device.

#### Start

Click the **Start** button to copy the configuration from the selected device to the new device.

#### Cancel

Click the **Cancel** button to close the window without copying the configuration.

# Template

Load a configuration	on Discovered Device:	of type X4	80-48t-10G4X	
Update Firmware				
Current Version:	16.1.2.8			
Firmware:	-No Change		~	
Configure device by sele Clone Template	cting the desired firmware an	d configuration		
Template:		Model using Profile:		
No Templates Found-	- v	Select		~
Variable A Va	lue			
			Start	Cancel

## **Current Version**

Displays the current version of firmware installed on the device.

#### Firmware

Use the drop-down list to select a new firmware version to install on the device.

#### Template

Use the drop-down list to select a device configuration template saved to Extreme Management Center.

#### **Model using Profile**

Use the drop-down list to select the profile to use when modeling the template on the new device.

#### Start

Click the **Start** button to copy the configuration from the selected device to the new device.

#### Cancel

Click the **Cancel** button to close the window without copying the configuration.

## **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

• Discovered

# **Pre-Register Device**

Use this window to add multiple ZTP+ enabled devices to Extreme Management Center.

The **Pre-Register Device** window is accessible on the **Network > Discovered** tab by clicking the **Pre-Register Device** button.

## Pre-Register Device Window

Pre-Register Device 🗙							
Use this window to pre-register multiple devices. Select the default site, select whether to use the discovered IP or enter the subnet address and/or a range of IP addresses, and enter a list of serial numbers (one per line or comma-separated) for the devices being added, then click "Next". A confirmation screen will appear allowing modifications to be made before adding the entries.							
Default Site:	/World 💌						
Use Discovered:	Disabled 💌						
Subnet Address:							
Starting IP Address:							
Ending IP Address:							
Serial Numbers:							
	Next > Cancel						

## **Default Site**

The site to which the devices are to be added. If the site has ZTP+ Device Defaults configured, those values are populated in the **Pre-Register Device Window** when you select the site from the Default Site menu.

#### **Use Discovered**

Use the **Use Discovered** drop-down list to add the IP address or IP address and management interface the device uses when it contacts Extreme Management Center via ZTP+. Then, enter the <u>Serial Number</u> for the Discovered IP address.

## Subnet Address

If you do not use the **Use Discovered** option, enter the device's IP subnet address (IPv4 or IPv6) in this field. The subnet must be separated from the IP address by a slash (/). Use either the mask bit notation (for example, /24), or the dotted-decimal notation (for example, /255.255.255.0.).

## Starting IP Address

If you do not use the **Use Discovered IP**, you must add a range of at least two IP Addresses. Enter the first IP Address (IPv4 or IPv6) in your range of addresses in this field. The starting IP Address must be within the subnet address you specified. It must not match the ending IP Address.

#### **Ending IP Address**

If you do not use the **Use Discovered IP**, you must add a range of at least two IP Addresses. Enter the last IP Address (IPv4 or IPv6) in your range of addresses in this field. The ending IP Address must be within the subnet address you specified. It must not match the starting IP Address.

#### **Serial Number**

Enter the manufacturer-assigned serial numbers of the devices being added, separated by commas. You can also enter each serial number on its own line.

#### Next

Click the **Next** button to open a confirmation window allowing you to verify the device information entered. Although it is recommended you enter device information in the site's **ZTP+ Device Defaults** window, you can also use this window to enter the Gateway, Domain Name, and DNS Server information for each device you are adding.

#### Cancel

Click the **Cancel** button to close the window with no devices added to the **Discovered** tab.

## Pre-Register Device Confirmation Window

Use this window to confirm device information and supply any additional required information before adding devices to the **Discovered** tab in Extreme Management Center.

Pre-Register Dev	vice			×
This window disp click "Create" to		being added. Make	any desired modifica	tions, then
Edit				
Serial Number	IP Address 1	Site	Name	Gateway
1		/World	World_	
4				•
		« Previ	ious Create	Cancel

#### **Serial Number**

The serial number of the device. It is very important, especially for ZTP+-enabled devices, that the serial number entered here matches the device's serial number.

#### **Use Discovered IP**

Click to use discovered IP Address. You can also edit the discovered IP Address for a specific device.

#### **IP Address**

The device's IP address. The subnet mask is also displayed after the /.

#### Site

The site to which the device is to be added. To change the **Site**, use the Configure Device window.

#### Name

The name assigned to the device. The default **Name** includes the **Site** to which the device is assigned, followed by the device's IP address.

#### Gateway

Enter the IP address of the switch's default gateway. If a device is ZTP+-enabled, the site's ZTP+ Device default gateway displays.

#### **Domain Name**

Enter a value in the **Domain Name** field to configure the domain name on the devices being discovered. If a device is ZTP+-enabled, the site's ZTP+ Device default domain name displays.

#### **DNS Server**

Enter a DNS server address for the devices being discovered. If a device is ZTP+enabled, the site's ZTP+ Device Default DNS Server displays.

#### **NTP Server**

Enter the NTP server address for the devices being discovered, if the devices are using an NTP server.

#### Create

Click the Create button to add the devices listed to the Discovered tab.

## **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

• Discovered

# Add Devices

Use this window to configure a newly discovered device before you add it to the Extreme Management Center database. From this window you can configure basic information about the device, the device annotation, configure actions for the device, and add or remove ports for the device.

NOT When adding an ExtremeXOS device in Extreme Management Center, enter the followingE: commands in the device CLI:

```
configure snmpv3 add community "private" name "private" user
"v1v2c_rw"
configure snmpv3 add community "public" name "public" user
"v1v2c_rw"
enable snmp access
enable snmp access snmp-v1v2c
disable snmp access snmpv3
```

This window is accessible by clicking the Add Devices button or by rightclicking an existing device and selecting Add Devices on the Network > Discovered tab.

idress 5	dress Ste Firmware		Carl	al Number		Topology Layer	
····· /	World	06.61.12.00	05 1010	0275905A		L2 Access	
Device							6
Name:			Default Site:	World	~		
Contact:	support@extremenet	works.c-	Poll Group:	Default	$\sim$		
Location:			Poll Type:	SNMP	~		
Admin Profile:	public_v1_Profile	$\sim$	SNMP Timeout:	3			
Topology Layer:	L2 Access	$\sim$	SNMP Retry:	5			
Device Annotation							Q
Add Device Actions							C C
Ports							0
ZTP+ VLAN Definiti							0

|--|

If you selected multiple devices to add, they are listed at the top of the window by IP address.

When you first open the window, only the Device section is expanded. Click a section heading to expand that section.

The Add Device window contains the following sections:

- <u>Device</u>
- Device Annotation
- Add Device Actions
- Ports
- <u>ZTP+ VLAN Definition</u>

# Device

The Device section displays basic information about the device.

System Name:		Default Site:	/World	*
Contact:		Poll Group:	Default	*
Location:		Poll Type:	Ping	*
Administration Profile:	<b>.</b>	SNMP Timeout:	5	÷
Replacement Serial Number:	Enter Value	SNMP Retries:	3	÷
Remove from Service:		Topology Layer:	L2 Access	*

#### Name

The name by which the device is known.

## Contact

Allows you to specify contact information for the person maintaining the device.

## Location

The physical location of the device.

## **Admin Profile**

Use the drop-down list to select the access Profile that gives the Discover tool administrative access to the devices you wish to discover. To create or edit a profile, open the Administration > Profiles tab.

## **Topology Layer**

The layer and networking attributes for the device.

## **Default Site**

Use the drop-down list to select the map to which the device is associated.

#### **Poll Group**

Use the drop-down list to select a Poll Group for the discovered devices. Extreme Management Center provides three distinct poll groups (defined in the Options > **Status Polling** tab) that each specify a unique poll frequency. When you save newly discovered devices to the database, they are polled with the poll group specified here. If you save discovered devices that already exist in the database, the poll group specified here overwrites the poll group currently being used in the database. **NOTE:** Poll Group is not used if you set the Poll Type to **Not Polled**. To use Poll Group, select a Poll Type other than Not Polled.

#### Poll Type

Use the drop-down list to select the Poll Type used to discover devices: SNMP, Ping or Not Polled. When SNMP is specified, the SNMP version (SNMPv1 or SNMPv3) is determined by the <u>Profile</u> specified for the IP Range. If the Profile is set to Ping Only, the Poll Type must be set to Ping.

**NOTE:** On a Windows platform, device operational status cannot be determined for devices with their Poll Type set to Ping unless you are logged on and running Extreme Management Center as a user with Administrative privileges.

#### **SNMP Timeout**

The amount of time (in seconds) that Extreme Management Center waits before retrying to contact the device. The value for this setting must be between 3 and 60 seconds.

The value entered in this field overrides the default entered in the SNMP Advanced view in the **Administration > Options** tab.

**NOTE:** When SNMP requests are redirected through the server, all SNMP timeouts are extended by a factor of four (timeout X 4) to allow for the delays incurred by redirecting requests through the server.

#### **SNMP** Retry

The number of attempts Extreme Management Center makes to contact a device after an attempt at contact fails. The value for this setting must be between 1 and 60 tries.

The value entered in this field overrides the default entered in the SNMP Advanced view in the **Administration** > **Options** tab.

## Device Annotation

The Device Annotation section allows you to add user-defined information about the device.

Nickname:	
Asset Tag:	N/A
User Data 1:	
User Data 2:	
User Data 3:	
User Data 4:	
Note:	

## Nickname

The user-defined nickname for the selected device. This is the name for this device that appears in the device tree in the left panel when **nickname** is selected in the **How to Display Devices in Tree** menu option in the OneView options menu in the **Administration** > **Options** tab.

#### **User Data**

The user-defined information displayed in the devices table in the User Data columns.

#### Notes

Additional user-defined information displayed in the devices table in the **Notes** column.

## Add Device Actions

The Add Device Actions section indicates the actions taken by the device upon being discovered.

Add Device Actions					0
☑ Add Trap Receiver ☑ Add Syslog Receiver	Enable Co     Add to Site     Add to Arc	Мар			
Policy				0	
Add device to Policy	Domain				
Policy Domain:		Default Policy Domain	$\sim$	Import VLANs	
Access Control				0	
Add device to Acces	s Control Engine G	Froup			
Access Control Engl	ine Group:	I&A Control Group - 2		~	
Enable Authentication	on using Port Temp	late			
Switch Type:		Layer 2 Out-Of-Band	$\sim$		
Primary Gateway:		hap1/	~		
Secondary Gateway	r:	NAC-U-234/	~		
Auth. Access Type:		Network Access	~		
Virtual Router Name	E				
Gateway Attributes t	o Send:	Extreme Policy	~		
RADIUS Accounting	E.	Enabled	~		
Management RADIU	JS Server 1:	None	\$		
Management RADIL	JS Server 2:	None	\$		
Network RADIUS Se	erver;	None	\$		
Policy Enforcement	Point 1:	None	~		
Policy Enforcement	Point 2:	None	~		
Policy Domain:		Default Policy Domain	~		
	Advanced Se	ttings			

#### Add Trap Receiver

Select this checkbox if you want the devices being discovered to receive trap information it sends to Extreme Management Center.

#### Add Syslog Receiver

Select this checkbox to configure the devices being discovered to receive information it sends to the syslog.

#### **Enable Collection**

Select this checkbox to collect device statistics on the device being discovered you can use in Extreme Management Center reports.

#### Add to Site Map

Select this checkbox to add the devices being discovered to the map associated with the currently accessed site.

## Add to Archive

Select this checkbox to create an archive, which saves the configurations of the devices being discovered in the **Network** > **Archives** tab.

## Policy

## Add device to Policy Domain

Select this checkbox to add the device to a policy domain you create on the **Policy** tab. Once the checkbox is selected, use the Policy Domain drop-down list to select the policy domain to which the device is added.

Click the **Import VLANs** button to import the VLAN definitions from the policy selected in the Policy Domain drop-down list.

## ExtremeControl

## Add device to ExtremeControlEngine Group

Select this checkbox to add the device to an ExtremeControlEngine Group you create on the Access Control tab. Once the checkbox is selected, use the Access Control Engine Group drop-down list to select the engine group to which the device is added.

#### Enable Authentication using Port Template

Select this checkbox to allow users to authenticate using a port template, configured on the **Site** tab.

## Switch Type

Use the drop-down list to select the type of switch you are adding:

- Layer 2 Out-Of-Band A switch that authenticates on layer 2 traffic via RADIUS to an out-of-band ExtremeControl gateway.
- Layer 2 Out-Of-Band Data Center A switch within a data center where virtualization and mobility are a factor. If an end-system changes location but does not move to a different ExtremeControl engine, ExtremeControl removes the end-system authentication from their prior port/switch. This allows VMs that quickly move from one server to another and then back again to still have their location updated in Extreme Management Center, because only one authenticated session is allowed per end-system in Extreme Management Center.
- Layer 2 RADIUS Only In this mode, Extreme Management Center does not require any information from the switch other than the end-system MAC

address (from Calling-Station-Id or User-Name). The NAS-Port does not need to be specified. If the switch supports RFC 3576, you can set the Reauthentication Behavior in the Advanced Switch Settings window. IP resolution and reauthentication may not work in this mode.

• VPN - A VPN concentrator being used in an ExtremeControl VPN deployment. In this case, you should specify one or more Policy Enforcement Points below. If you do not specify a Policy Enforcement Point, then Extreme Management Center is unable to apply policies to restrict access after the user is granted access.

## **Primary Gateway**

Use the drop-down list to select the primary ExtremeControl Gateway for the selected switches. If load balancing has been configured for the engine group, the Extreme Management Center server determines the primary and secondary gateways at Enforce, and this field displays **Determined by Load Balancer**.

#### **Secondary Gateway**

Use the drop-down list to select the secondary ExtremeControl Gateway for the selected switches. If load balancing has been configured for the engine group, the Extreme Management Center server determines the primary and secondary gateways at Enforce, and this field displays **Determined by Load Balancer**.

**NOTE:** To configure additional redundant ExtremeControl Gateways per switch (up to four), use the Display Counts option in the Display Options panel (Administration > Options > ExtremeControl).

#### Auth. Access Type

Use the drop-down list to select the type of authentication access allowed for these switches. This feature allows you to have one set of switches for authenticating management access requests and a different set for authenticating network access requests.

**WARNING:** For ExtremeXOS devices only. ExtremeControl uses CLI access to perform configuration operations on ExtremeXOS devices.

- Enabling an Auth type of "Any Access" or "Management Access" can restrict access to the switch after an enforce is performed. Make sure that an appropriate administrative access configuration is in place by assigning a profile such as "Administrator ExtremeControl Profile" to grant proper access to users. Also, verify that the current switch CLI credentials for the admin user are defined in the database that Extreme Management Center authenticates management login attempts against.
- Switching from an Auth type of "Any Access" or "Management Access" back to "Network Access" can restrict access to the switch after an enforce is performed. Verify that the current switch CLI credentials for the admin user are defined locally on the switch.
- Any Access the switch can authenticate users originating from any access type.
- Management Access the switch can only authenticate users that have requested management access via the console, Telnet, SSH, or HTTP, etc.
- Network Access the switch can only authenticate users that are accessing the network via the following authentication types: MAC, PAP, CHAP, and 802.1X. If RADIUS accounting is enabled, then the switch also monitors Auto Tracking, CEP (Convergence End Point), and Switch Quarantine sessions. If there are multiple sessions for a single end-system, the session with the highest precedence displays to provide the most accurate access control information for the user. The ExtremeControl authentication type precedence from highest to lowest is: Switch Quarantine, 802.1X, CHAP, PAP, Kerberos, MAC, CEP, RADIUS Snooping, Auto Tracking.
- Monitoring RADIUS Accounting the switch monitors Auto Tracking, CEP (Convergence End Point), and Switch Quarantine sessions. Extreme Management Center learns about these session via RADIUS accounting. This allows Extreme Management Center to be in a listen mode, and to display access control, location information, and identity information for end-systems without enabling authentication on the switch. If there are multiple sessions for a single end-system, the session with the highest precedence displays to provide the most accurate access control information for the user. The ExtremeControl authentication type precedence from highest to lowest is:

Switch Quarantine, 802.1X, CHAP, PAP, Kerberos, MAC, CEP, RADIUS Snooping, Auto Tracking.

• Manual RADIUS Configuration - Extreme Management Center does not perform any RADIUS configurations on the switch. Select this option if you want to configure the switch manually using the **Policy** tab or CLI.

#### **Virtual Router Name**

Enter the name of the Virtual Router. The default value for this field is VR-Default.

WARNING: For ExtremeXOS devices only. If Extreme Management Center has not detected and populated this field, enter the Virtual Router Name carefully. Incorrectly entering a value in this field causes the RADIUS configuration to fail, which is not reported when enforcing the configuration to the switch.

#### **Gateway RADIUS Attributes to Send**

Use the drop-down list to select the RADIUS attributes included as part of the RADIUS response from the ExtremeControl engine to the switch. You can also select Edit RADIUS Attribute Settings from the menu to open the RADIUS Attribute Settings window where you can define, edit, or delete the available attributes.

#### **RADIUS Accounting**

Use the drop-down list to enable RADIUS accounting on the switch. RADIUS accounting can be used to determine the connection state of the end-system sessions on the ExtremeControlengine, providing real-time connection status in Extreme Management Center.

#### **Management RADIUS Server 1 and 2**

Use the drop-down list to specify RADIUS servers used to authenticate requests for administrative access to the selected switches. Select from the RADIUS servers you have configured in Extreme Management Center, or select New or Manage RADIUS Servers to open the Add/Edit RADIUS Server or Manage RADIUS Servers windows.

#### **Network RADIUS Server**

This option lets you specify a backup RADIUS server to use for network authentication requests for the selected switches. This allows you to explicitly configure a network RADIUS server to use if there is only one ExtremeControlengine. (This option is only available if a Secondary Gateway is not specified.) Select from the RADIUS servers you have configured in Extreme Management Center, or select New or Manage RADIUS Servers to open the Add/Edit RADIUS Server or Manage RADIUS Servers windows.

## **Policy Enforcement Point 1 and 2**

Select the Policy Enforcement Points used to provide authorization for the endsystems connecting to the VPN device you are adding. The list is populated from the N-Series, S-Series, and K-Series devices in your Console device tree. If you do not specify a Policy Enforcement Point, then ExtremeControl is unable to apply policies to restrict end user access after the user is granted access.

## **Policy Domain**

Use this option to assign the switch to a policy domain and enforce the domain configuration to the switch. The switch must be an Extreme Networks switch.

## **Advanced Settings**

Click the Advanced Settings button to open the Advanced Switch Settings window.

# Ports

The Ports section of the Add Selected Device window allows you to enter information about the ports on a device. Click the **Add** button to add a new port to the list. Click the **Delete** button to remove a device from the list.

🔰 Edit	्रू दि							
Device 1D	Port 1	Admin	Port Allas / LAG Name	Collection	Port Template	VLAN Trunk	LAG Details	Default Role
	efc1 (Slot: 1 Port: 1)	1		*	interswitch			
	🛡 dc10-(Slot: 1 Port: 10)	1			Access			
	🛡 dc11 (Slot: 1 Port: 11)	*			Access			
	🗮 :fc12 (Slot: 1 Port: 12)			*	Access			
	🛡 dc13 (Slot: 1 Port: 13)			*	Access			
	Reference (Slot) 1 Port: 14)			*	Access			
	Re15 (Slot: 1 Port: 15)			*	Access			
	🗮 st(16 (Slot: 1 Port: 16)	*		1	Access			
	🖤 dc17 (Slot: 1 Port: 17)				Access			
	🖬 det 6 million A. Australia				A			

#### Name

Enter the name of the port, constructed of the name or IP address of the device and either the port index number or the port interface name.

#### Alias

Shows the alias (ifAlias) for the interface, if one is assigned.

## Configuration

Use the drop-down list to determine the purpose of the port:

- Access Select this option if the port connects to user end-systems.
- Interswitch Select this option if the port is used to connect to other switches.
- Management Select this option if the port is used to manage network traffic with Extreme Management Center.

## Policy

The policy assigned to the selected port.

## Add

Click the **Add** button to add the device to the Extreme Management Center database with the current configuration.

## Cancel

Click the **Cancel** button to close the window without adding the device to the Extreme Management Center database.

# ZTP+ VLAN Definition

The ZTP+ VLAN Definition section allows you to configure VLANs on the device you are adding. To add a VLAN, click the **Add** button. You can remove a VLAN by clicking the **Delete** button.

Add	📝 Edit	O Delete						
Name		VID	Dynamic Egress	Protocol Filter	Always Write to Device(s)			
Default		1			1			

## Name

Displays the name of the VLAN.

## VID

Indicates the VLAN ID for the VLAN. A unique number between 1 and 4094 that identifies a particular VLAN. VID 1 is reserved for the Default VLAN.

## **Dynamic Egress**

Indicates if the associated dynamic egress setting for the VLAN (Enable or Disable) is written to the device(s) when you enforce.

## **Protocol Filter**

Indicates the VLAN uses an X-Pedition Protocol Filter.

#### Management

Indicates which VLAN the ExtremeXOS device uses for Management and assigns the device IP to that VLAN.

## Always Write to Device(s)

Indicates if the VLAN is written to the device whether or not it is being used in a rule or role.

## **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

• <u>Discovered</u>

# **Compare Device Configuration**

This window allows you to preview changes you make to a device configuration and then enforce them to the device.

To access this window click **Enforce Preview** in the **Configure Device** window.

Compare	Device Con	fguratio	n											1
Match												5	tatus	
Enabled	IP Address	Site	Device	VRF Definition	VLAN Definition	CLIP Address	Topologies	Services	LAG	Pert	Port VLAN	Port Fabric	Action	Progress
R	10.50.74.64	/World	Not Co	Not Cont.	Not Cont	Not Cont.	Not Conta	Not Co	Not C	Not C	Not Conta	Not Conta	Verity Failed	100
	VRF Defin Des		111111000				pologies S				en 🗭 Service	n (Priad)	g Pot i g Pot	VLAN 😰
ysName						×								
sysContact sysLocation						×								
													hesh 🔒 Enk	ce Cance

The top of the window displays a list of the devices you selected to verify. Select a device in the table at the top of the window to display the configuration for that device in the bottom of the window.

Devices on which the current configuration matches the desired configuration display a check icon (②), while devices on which differences are detected display a red x (③). The System column indicates the whether the information on the **Device** tab matches, the VLAN Definition column indicates whether the information on the **VLAN Definitions** tab matches, and the Port Alias and Port VLAN columns indicate whether the information on the **Ports** tab matches.

The Enforce Options section of the window allows you to select the changes you want to make on the device. Select **System** to push changes you make on the **Device** tab to the device, select **VLAN Definition** to push changes you make on the **VLAN Definitions** tab, select **Port Alias** to push changes you make to the top table on the Ports tab, and select **Port VLAN** to push changes you make to the Port VLAN Details table on the **Ports** tab.

**NOTE:** By default, the checkboxes in the Enforce Options section of the window are not selected. To configure Extreme Management Center to select the checkboxes by default, open the NSJBoss.properties file and change **false** to **true** in the following lines:

- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.system=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.vlanDefinition=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.portAlias=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.portVlan=false

In each tab, the configurations are separated into two columns:

- The Desired column shows the configuration you are saving to the device on the next enforce.
- The Current column shows the configuration currently on the device.

A check mark between the columns ( ) indicates the Current configuration matches the Desired configuration.

A left arrow icon (<) indicates the configurations do not match. Clicking it copies the Current configuration to the Desired configuration so no configuration change is made when enforcing the device.

Click **Enforce** to save your changes to the device.

# Device

The **Device** tab displays any changes to basic information about the device.

## sysName

The name by which the device is known.

#### sysContact

Allows you to specify contact information for the person maintaining the device.

#### sysLocation

The physical location of the device.

# **VRF** Definitions

The **VRF Definitions** tab displays any changes to the configuration of VRFs on the device.

## Name

Displays the name of the VRF.

## Multi Cast

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets to a group of hosts on the network.

#### Unicast

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets to a single recipient on the network.

## **Direct Route**

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets directly to another device without going through a third device.

## **Default Gateway**

Enter the IP address of the switch's default gateway. If a device is ZTP+-enabled, the site's ZTP+ Device default gateway displays.

# **VLAN Definitions**

The VLAN Definitions tab displays the changes to the configuration of VLANs on the device.

## VLAN

Displays the ID of the VLAN.

## Name

Displays the name of the VLAN.

## **VRF ID**

Displays the ID number of the VRF associated with the VLAN.

## **IP Address**

Displays the IP address of the device.

#### Mask

Displays the IP/subnet mask.

## Multi Cast

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets to a group of hosts on the network.

## **IGMP Version**

Indicates which version of <u>IGMP</u> is utilized on the port (Version 1 or Version 2).

## **Direct Route**

Select to indicate the service sends IP packets directly to another device without going through a third device.

# Ports

The **Ports** tab displays any changes to the configuration of ports on the device.

## Port

The name of the port, constructed of the name or IP address of the device and either the port index number or the port interface name.

## Alias

Shows the alias for the port, if one is assigned.

## **PVID**

The port's VLAN assignment. Possible values are 1 through 4094.

## Tagged

The port is added to the list with the egress state set to Tagged (frames are forwarded as tagged).

## Untagged

The port is added to the list with the egress state set to Untagged (frames are forwarded as untagged).

# **VLAN Definitions**

The VLAN Definitions tab displays any changes to the VLANs defined for the device selected at the top of the window.

## VLAN

A unique numerical identifier of the VLAN.

## Name

The name of the VLAN.

## Always Write to Device(s)

Indicates whether or not the VLAN is written to the device(s) when you enforce, or compared to the actual VLANs on the device(s) when you verify.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- VLAN Concepts
- Configure Device
- <u>Site Tab</u>

# **Firmware**

The **Firmware** tab allows you to upload firmware and boot PROM images to Extreme Management Center and assign them to the devices on your network.

To access the Firmware tab, open the Network tab and select the Firmware tab.

The tab is divided into three sections:

- Firmware Tree
- Device Type Images Section
- Details Section

Dashboard Devices Di	iscovered	Firmware	-						
Firmware	Ø	/Device	Type/0800-Se	eries/08G20G2-	08P/08G20G4_	RUNTIME_V01	.03.01.0007.had	d (1 ima	Details
Name		Refrenced	Image Name	Image Filename	Image Path	Date 🔺	Image Size (Bytes)	Status	Image Name:
<ul> <li>Device Type</li> </ul>		b	08G20G4_R	08G20G4_RU	/tfpboot/firmw	11/16/2015 2:1	5484872	File found	08G20G4_RUNTIME_V01.03.01.0007.had
<ul> <li>0800-Series</li> </ul>									
> 08G20G2-08									Image Filename:
U 08G20G2-08P									08G20G4_RUNTIME_V01.03.01.0007.had
b 08G20G4_RUN									Version:
f 08G20G4_RUN	TIME								1.3.1.7
> 08G20G4-24 > 08G20G4-24P									Image Path:
> 0802004-24P									
> 08G20G4-48P									/ttpboot/firmware/images/800_Series/
08H20G4-24									Image Size (Bytes):
08H20G4-24P									5484872
08H20G4-48									Date:
08H20G4-48P									11/16/2015 2:19:16 PM
> 7100-Series									
> A-Series									Status:
> B-Series									File found
> BlackDiamond Series									Image Type:
> C-Series									Firmware     Boot Prom
> D-Series									Reference Image:
> E4G Series									
> G-Series									
> I-Series									Server:
<ul> <li>K-Series</li> <li>Matrix C-Series</li> </ul>									Mapped Server
<ul> <li>Matrix C-Series</li> <li>Matrix E-Series</li> </ul>									Compatible Davies Tunor:
	Upload								Save

# **Firmware Tree**

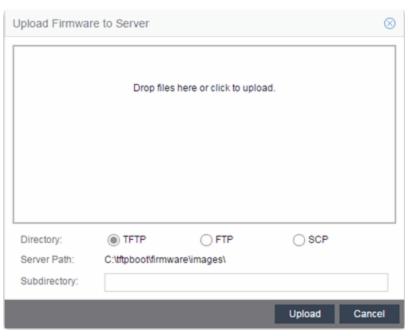
The **Firmware** tree in the left panel displays firmware and boot PROM images grouped according to product family and device type. It provides pre-defined firmware groups and automatically organizes the images stored in your firmware directory under the appropriate group when you perform a firmware discovery or refresh. The Unknown folder contains images that Extreme Management Center could not correlate to a device type.

#### Name

The **Name** navigation tree lists the product families and device types to which you can assign the firmware or boot PROM image.

#### Upload

Click the **Upload** button to open the Upload Firmware to Server window from which you can save image files to the Extreme Management Center server. This allows anyone with access to Extreme Management Center to download the image file to a device.



For additional information on how to upload a firmware or boot PROM image, see How to Upgrade Firmware.

#### Refresh

Click the **Refresh** button to synchronize the images displayed in the Firmware leftpanel with the firmware and boot PROM images on the Extreme Management Center server. Clicking this button checks for any firmware and boot PROM images saved in the Firmware Directory Path (configured on the **Administration > Options > Inventory Manager** tab) on the Extreme Management Center server and adds or removes images from the Firmware left-panel in Extreme Management Center to match.

# **Device Type Images Section**

The Device Type Images section displays the firmware and boot PROM images that match the device type selected in the Firmware left-panel. To save a firmware or boot PROM image to a device, select it from the list and save the image to the device in the Details section of the **Firmware** tab.

/Device	Type/B-Series	(6 images)
---------	---------------	------------

Refrenced	Image Name 🔺	Image Filename	Image Path	Date	Image Size (Bytes)	Status	HAU Compatibility Key
f	b2-series_03.0	b2-series_03	/tftpboot/firmw	4/21/2006 2:36:	6109184	File found	N/A
f	b2-series_03.0	b2-series_03	/tftpboot/firmw	7/14/2006 10:0	6284288	File found	N/A
f	b3-series_06.4	b3-series_06	/tftpboot/firmw	11/22/2010 1:2	9902080	File found	N/A
f	b5-series_06.4	b5-series_06	/tftpboot/firmw	10/20/2009 9:1	9766912	File found	N/A
f	b5-series_06.4	b5-series_06	/tftpboot/firmw	2/3/2010 10:41:	6774784	File found	N/A
f	b5-series_06.4	b5-series_06	/tftpboot/firmw	8/11/2010 10:3	6808576	File found	N/A

#### Referenced

Firmware or boot PROM images set as a reference image display a reference icon ( f) or boot PROM (b) in this column. A reference image is the image you designate as the preferred image for a specific binary family of devices. To set a reference, select a firmware or boot PROM image in the table or the tree, right-click and select **Set as Reference Image** from the menu. The image is set as a reference for all device types with which it is compatible. (If the Set as Reference Image option is not available, make sure that the selected image has been assigned to appropriate device types.).

**NOTE:** The ratio of devices on which firmware you define as a reference image is installed to the total number of devices is available as a ring chart in the Impact Analysis dashboard.

#### Image Name

The name of the image as it is displayed in the left-panel Firmware tree. The maximum length of the displayed name is 50 characters. Longer names are truncated to the 50-character maximum with a (2), (3), and so on, appended if there are multiple images with the same name.

#### **Image Filename**

The full filename of the firmware or boot PROM image as it appears in your firmware images directory.

#### Image Path

The path to the location where the image file is stored.

#### Date

The date of the firmware or boot PROM image as reported by the file system.

#### **Image Size**

The file size of the firmware or boot PROM image in bytes.

## Status

Indicates the status of the image file in the firmware directory: File Found or File Not Found. If the image is a user-defined firmware record, this column displays User-Defined File.

## **HAU Compatibility Key**

This column displays the HAU Compatibility Key, if one is detected on the firmware image. The HAU Compatible column (in the Assignments table) displays whether the firmware image and the device are HAU compatible. HAU (Highly Available Upgrade) is a feature on certain devices that allows firmware to be upgraded with minimal (if any) downtime. HAU is configured using the device CLI or by creating a FlexView in Console (ethsyHauSystemHauMode). When the device HAU status is set to "If Possible" or "Always" mode, Extreme Management Center performs the upgrade using this feature, if the HAU firmware key on the current firmware and the key on the newly selected firmware are compatible.

New Image HAU Compatible?	Upgrade Procedure
Yes	Standard Upgrade
No	Standard Upgrade
Yes	HAU
No	Standard Upgrade
Yes	HAU
No	Upgrade Fails
	Compatible? Yes No Yes No Yes

The following table explains the upgrade procedure for HAU devices:

**NOTE:** Firmware images that were discovered with a NetSight version prior to 4.4 need to be removed from Extreme Management Center (right-click the image on the **Firmware** tab and select **Delete Image**) and then rediscovered in order to populate the compatibility key field.

# **Details Section**

The Details right-panel displays additional information about a device type or a firmware or boot PROM image, depending on what you select in the left-panel or in the Device Type Images section of the window.

## Device Type Details

Selecting a device type in the Firmware Tree left-panel opens the details for that device in the Details right-panel.

		185		
D		е	п	
	-		ш	-

►

Device Type:

X670-G2-48x-4q

Binary Family:

Summit X670

## Default File Transfer Method:

TFTP

Firmware Download MIB:



-

View...

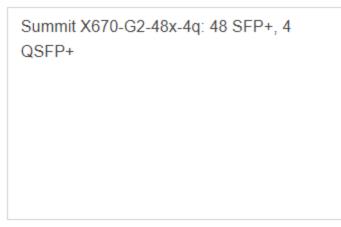
## **Configuration MIB:**

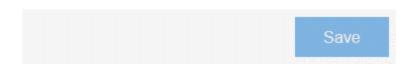
Script

## **Device Family Definition File Name:**

ExtremeXOS - TFTP 🔹

Description:





# **Device Type**

The device's model number or hardware type.

### **Binary Family**

The binary family to which the device type belongs. Device types in the same binary family share the same firmware image.

# **Default File Transfer Method**

The default file transfer method for this device type. To set the default file transfer method for a device type, right-click on a device type in the Firmware Tree leftpanel and select **Default File Transfer Method**. You can also set the default file transfer method for groups of devices of the same series by right-clicking on the device type's parent folder and selecting **Default File Transfer Method**.

### Firmware Download MIB

The Firmware Download MIB supported by this device type. If the device type supports more than one Firmware Download MIB, use the drop-down list to select the desired MIB. In addition to a list of MIBs, other menu options include:

- Auto Discover Extreme Management Center reads the Firmware Download MIB on the first device of this device type that you add or import and displays it here. Extreme Management Center then uses that MIB to perform firmware and boot PROM downloads on all devices of this device type.
- **Disabled** Firmware download functionality is not allowed for this device type.

# **Configuration MIB**

The Configuration MIB supported by this device type. If the device type supports more than one Configuration MIB, use the drop-down list to select the desired MIB. In addition to a list of MIBs, other menu options include:

- Auto Discover Extreme Management Center reads the Configuration MIB on the first device of this device type that you add or import and displays it here. Extreme Management Center then uses that MIB to perform archive operations on all devices of this device type.
- **Disabled** Archive functionality is not allowed for this device type.
- Script Allows the archive functionality to be executed through the use of a script. This option is used for third-party devices that do not support the required SNMP MIBs.

# **Device Family Definition File Name**

Select the file containing the scripts you are using if **Script** is selected for **Firmware Download MIB** and/or **Configuration MIB**. Include all the scripts and data for each supported Extreme Management Center function for specific third-party devices in this file.

Extreme Management Center provides sample Definition Files for Extreme, Enterasys, Cisco Systems, and Hewlett Packard devices. Click the **View** button to open the Script Details window, from which you can view the script.

# Description

Allows you to enter a description for the device.

Click **Save** to save any changes.

# Firmware/boot PROM Image Details

Use this section to edit the version number of the image, the type of image (firmware or boot PROM), and enter a description for the image.

#### Details

Image Name:

purview\_appliance\_upgrade\_to\_6.2.0.130. bin

D

#### Image Filename:

purview\_appliance\_upgrade\_to\_6.2.0.130. bin

Version:

6.2.0.130

#### Image Path:

/tftpboot/firmware/images/

#### Image Size (Bytes):

768757322

Date:

2014/11/10 22:48:29

#### Status:

File Not Found/Missing (Not In Firmware Directory Path)

#### Image Type:

Firmware

O Boot Prom

#### Compatible Reference Targets:

#### Server:

Mapped Server HAU Compatibility Key: N/A

Description:

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### Image Name

The name of the image as it is displayed in the left-panel Firmware tree. The maximum length of the displayed name is 50 characters. Longer names will be truncated to the 50-character maximum with a (2), (3), and so on, appended if there are multiple images with the same name.

### Image Filename

The full name of the image as it appears in your firmware images directory.

### Version

The version number of the firmware or boot PROM image. If the version number is not available from the image file, and Inventory Manager has not performed a firmware or boot PROM upgrade using this image, this field displays N/A (not available). Enter a version number and click **Save** to manually set a version number for the image.

#### **Image Path**

The path to the location where the image is stored.

# Image Size (Bytes)

The size in bytes of the image.

### Date

The image file date and time as reported by the file system.

#### Status

The status of the image file: **File Found** or **File Not Found**. This shows whether the image file is still present in the firmware directory. If the image is a user-defined firmware record, this column displays **User-Defined File**.

#### Image Type

Indicates whether the image is a firmware or boot PROM image. Use the radio buttons to change the designation, if necessary.

# **Compatible Reference Targets**

Displays device types for which the selected firmware is assigned and device types with the selected firmware specified as the <u>Reference Image</u>.

#### Server

Displays the firmware download server associated with the firmware image. A discovered firmware image accessible by the mapped file transfer server displays **Mapped Server**. A user-defined firmware record displays its associated alternate firmware download server.

# **Root Directory**

Displays the root directory for the firmware download server if the server is an alternate firmware download server and the image is a user-defined firmware record. Otherwise, this field is not displayed.

# HAU Compatibility Key

This field displays the HAU Compatibility Key if one is detected on the firmware image. HAU (Highly Available Upgrade) is a feature on certain devices that allows firmware to be upgraded with minimal (if any) downtime. HAU is configured using the device CLI or by creating a FlexView in Console (ethsyHauSystemHauMode). When the device HAU status is set to "If Possible" or "Always" mode, Extreme Management Center attempts to perform an HAU upgrade if the HAU firmware compatibility key is the same for the currently running firmware and the newly selected firmware.

**NOTE:** Firmware images discovered with a version of Extreme Management Center prior to 4.4 need to be removed and rediscovered to populate the compatibility key field.

### Description

Use this field to add a brief description of the image and any information regarding its use. Click **Save** to save any changes.

# Save

Saves any changes you have made to the version or description field.

# **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- <u>Network</u>
- <u>Devices</u>
- How to Upgrade Firmware

# **Archives**

The **Archives** tab allows you to create new archives (saved configurations) via the Create Archive window, edit an archive's attributes including devices, schedule, process, and setup, and view all of the archives for a particular device family, or see specific details about an individual archive. Additionally, with an ExtremeCompliance license, you can test your device archives for compliance with industry standards and regulations.

Е	Dashboard Devices Discov	ered Firmware Archives	Configuration Templates	Reports			Q 7 🗉
4	Archives 4	/Archives/104_136_1				Details	•
٠	Name • Archives	Alert Version 2014/15/19 14:35:15	Type Locked #	Devices # Successful 1	# Failed # Aborted 0 0	General Setup Schedule	
•	<ul> <li>104_136_1</li> <li>11/19/14 2.35 PM</li> </ul>					104_130_1 Description:	
•	<ul> <li>670 test</li> </ul>						
ě	EXOS Stack Archive     Frank Testing SCP						
Lee.	Management Center Archive     OneView Archive					Devices:	
*	<ul> <li>Summit 400 Archive</li> <li>Summit X450-G2</li> </ul>					Enabled IP Address Start Time	
-	<ul> <li>X450</li> <li>net0049120</li> </ul>					O NA	
-	<ul> <li>summit 670 archive</li> </ul>						
	Create., Ø Retresh	4			,	Configure Devices.	_
•	1 Last Updated 2010/0	1646 11-95 51 Uptime: 1 Day 10-95-92				Operations 🗟 🕯	ë 🖸 🗑 🖲 💌

The Archives tab contains three panels:

- Archives Navigation Tree The left-panel of the **Archives** tab contains a navigation tree which organizes your archives by device type:
  - Archives Folder This folder contains all your archive operations.
  - Archive Name Folder This is the name that you gave the archive operation when you created it. This folder contains a list of all the archive versions that have been performed.
  - Archive Version Folder This is the date and time when the archive operation was performed. Each version contains a list of all the individual files that were saved during the archive operation.
  - Configuration File Icon 

     This icon represents an archived device configuration file. Individual files are listed by the IP address of the device whose configuration is saved, followed by the SNMP context, if applicable. Right-click a file in this view and select Create Configuration Template to modify an existing configuration template and create a new configuration template.
  - Capacity Planning File Icon <a>[i]</a> This icon represents an archived capacity planning file. Individual files are listed by the IP address of the device whose

capacity planning data is saved, followed by the SNMP context, if applicable. Right-click a file in this view and select Create Configuration Template to modify an existing configuration template and create a new configuration template.

Both Configuration and Capacity Planning File Icon 
 — This icon represents
 an archived file that includes both device configuration and capacity planning
 data. Individual files are listed by the IP address of the device whose
 configuration and capacity planning data is saved, followed by the SNMP
 context, if applicable.

Right-click a file in this view and select Create Configuration Template to modify an existing configuration template and create a new configuration template using the **Replace With** feature to insert Custom Variables.

• Archives Main View — The main view of the **Archives** tab displays a table with information related to what you select in the Archives Folder.

There are four main views available on the **Archives** tab based on what you select in the navigation tree:

- Archives Folder Selecting the top-level Archives Folder displays information associated with the device families. This is high level information about each device group family.
- Archive Name Selecting a device family in the left-panel shows a table containing all of the archives related to that device family. The information includes the archive type, the number of devices and the ultimate status of the archive process.
- Archive Version Selecting the date of an archive in the left-panel provides information about the archive initiated on that date. It shows the firmware version as well as information about the saved file.
- Archive File Selecting an individual archive file in the left-panel displays two tabs containing specific information about the archive record. The General tab contains information identical to that contained in the Archive Date panel. Right-click a file in this view and select Create Configuration Template to modify an existing configuration template and create a new configuration template. The Custom Variables tab shows all of the information saved in the archive.
- Details Right-Panel The Details right-panel contains information related to what you select in the Archives main view. The right-panel displayed depends on what is

selected in the main view:

- Archive Name Right-Panel
- Archive Version Right-Panel
- Archive File Right-Panel

The **Create Archive** button at the bottom of the left-panel opens the Create Archive window, which allows you to create new archives for your devices.

# **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- Archive Name Panel
- Archive Version Panel
- Archive File Panel

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Restore an Archive
- How to Compare Archives

# **Archive Name**

The Archive Name Panel appears when you select an archive name folder in the left-panel of the **Archives** tab. The main panel displays the archive's versions, the dates and times the selected archive occurred. Right-click an item or items for a menu of options.

/Arcl	hives/X460								
Alert	Version	Туре	Locked	# Devices	# Succe	# Failed	# Aborted	# Dif	Description
	5/20/201	9		1	1	0	0	0	

# Alert

A yellow alert icon in this column signifies one or more of the following:

- *➡* there is a difference between the saved configuration(s) in this version
   and previous configurations saved for the device(s).
- $\triangle$  a configuration save failed for one or more of the devices in this archive version.

# Version

Lists the all the dates and times (archive versions) the archive occurred.

# Туре

The icon in this column signifies the type of data the archive is configured to save:

- 🖻 Device Configuration Data
- 💿 Capacity Planning Data
- Solution Both Device Configuration and Capacity Planning Data

# Locked

A  $\checkmark$  indicates that the archive version is locked. A locked archive version is not deleted when the maximum number of saved versions for this (as specified in the Create Archive window). To lock and unlock an archive version, right-click the archive version in the left-panel **Archives** tab, and select **Lock/Unlock**.

# # Devices

The number of devices for which this archive version is responsible.

# # Successful

The number of successful configuration saves for the archive version.

# # Failed

The number of configuration saves that failed for the archive version.

# # Aborted

The number of configuration saves aborted for the archive version.

# # Different

The number of saved configurations different from the previous configurations saved for the device(s).

# Description

Displays any notes about the version entered into the **Description** field in the Archive Version right-panel, which opens in the right-panel when you select an

archive version from the Archive Main panel (the current view) or when you select an archive version folder from the left-panel.

# Right-Panel

The right-panel varies depending on whether an archive version is selected in the Archive Name main panel table.

- Archive version not selected Archive Name right-panel is displayed.
- Archive version is selected Archive Version right-panel is displayed.

# **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- Archive Name right-panel
- Archive Version right-panel

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Restore an Archive

# Archive Name (Right-Panel)

The Archive Name right-panel appears when you select an archive name folder in the left-panel of the **Archives** tab. It contains three tabs that allow you to edit an archive's attributes including devices, schedule, process, and setup.

# General

Details			Þ
General	Setup Sch	edule	
Name: X460			Î
Description	n:		
Devices:			
Devices:			
Enabled	IP Address	Start Time	,
		N/A	
			-
	Edit Devi	ices	Save

### Name

The name of the archive operation. You cannot change the archive name here. To rename an archive, right-click the archive in the left-panel of the **Archives** tab, and then select **Rename**.

# Description

A brief description to help you identify the archive operation.

#### Devices

Lists the devices selected for the operation. Using the **Enabled** checkboxes, select or deselect the devices you want to archive. To edit this device list, click <u>Edit Devices</u>.

Setup

Details				Þ
General	Setup	Schedu	le	
Process in	Groups O	f:		
20				\$
Abort on Fa	ailure:			
Max Versio	ns:			
<ul> <li>Maximu</li> </ul>	um # of Ve	rsions	30	\$
O Unlimite	ed			
Туре:				
S Archive	Configura	ition Data		
S Archive	Capacity	Planning D	ata	
Compliance	e:			
Run Cor	mpliance			
Regime:				-
	Configure	Devices	S	Save

# **Process in Groups Of**

The archive is performed simultaneously on the number of devices specified in the **Process in Groups Of** field. Enter the value **1** to perform the operation serially, one device after another.

# **Abort on Failure**

Select this checkbox to stop the archive operation after a failure. This is useful if you are performing an archive operation on multiple devices and you want the operation to stop after a failure on a single device.

### **Max Versions**

Specify the maximum number of versions to save for this archive. This allows you to limit the number of versions saved for each archive. Once the maximum number is reached, older versions are automatically deleted. If you specify a number that is less than the current number of saved versions, older versions over the maximum number are automatically deleted the next time the archive is performed. Select **Unlimited** if versions are always retained.

### Туре

Select the appropriate checkbox for the type of data you wish to archive:

- Archive Configuration Data Create archives (backup copies) of your devices' configurations you can restore to the devices at a later date.
- Archive Capacity Planning Data Create archives of port and FRU information.

# Compliance

Select the **Run Compliance** checkbox to perform an ExtremeCompliance audit on the archive using the regime you select in the **Regime** drop-down list.

#### Save

Saves any changes made to the archive attributes. Selecting a Frequency of **Now** performs the archive immediately.

#### **Edit Devices**

Opens the Create Archive window where you can select a single group or a list of devices to include in this archive. This allows you to change the devices the archive is performed on.

# Schedule

Details		Þ
General Set	up Schedule	
Frequency:		
Daily		-
Date:		
11/16/2015		<u> </u>
Start Time:		
1:48 PM		*
	Edit Devices	Save

# Frequency

Use the drop-down list to select the frequency with which you want the archive performed: Never, Now, Once, Daily, Weekly, or On Start Up. The Never option lets you create an archive operation without actually performing it. The Now option lets you perform an immediate archive.

#### Date

Use the drop-down list to select the month you want the archive to start. A calendar corresponding to the selected month is displayed. Select the desired starting day by clicking on the calendar. You can use the arrows on either side of the drop-down list to change the month, and change the year by entering a new year in the text field.

#### Start Time

Set the starting time for the operation and select AM or PM. (This field is grayed out if you select the **Never** or **Now** frequency.)

# **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

• Archive Name Main Panel

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Restore an Archive

# **Archive Version**

The Archive Version panel appears when you select an archive version folder in the left-panel of the **Archives** tab. The archive version is the date and time that an archive operation occurs. The panel displays a table showing the individual configurations saved for this archive version, listed by device IP address. Rightclick an item or items in the table for a menu of options.

/Archives//World/sub100-2-100/1/5/17 12:00 AM						
Alert	IP Address	Firmware Ve	File Status	File Time	File Size (B	Description
۸		15.5.1.6	File Not F		0	Connection refused: C
<u> </u>		15.5.1.6	File Not F		0	Connection refused: C
		15.5.1.6	File Not F		0	Connection refused: C
<u></u>		15.5.1.6	File Not F		0	Connection refused: C
۸		15.5.1.6	File Not F		0	Connection refused: C
<u> </u>		15.5.1.6	File Not F		0	Connection refused: C
		15.5.1.6	File Not F		0	Connection refused: C

# Alert

A yellow alert icon in this column signifies one or more of the following:

- ■ Difference between this saved configuration and the previous configuration saved for the same device.
- 🔺 Configuration save failed.

To acknowledge an alert and place a checkmark on the alert icon, right-click the icon and select Acknowledge Alert from the menu.

# **IP Address**

Lists the individual devices (by device IP address) whose configuration files are saved by this version of the archive operation.

# **Firmware Version**

Shows the firmware version for this device at the time of the save operation.

# **File Status**

The status of the config file: File Found or File Not Found/Missing. File Not Found/Missing indicates that Extreme Management Center can no longer find the config file (it is deleted or moved) or the archive operation did not include saving device configuration data. Check the <u>Description field</u> for more information.

# **File Time Stamp**

The date and time of the configuration creation.

# **File Size**

The size of the saved configuration in bytes.

# Description

When a configuration file is saved, it is automatically compared to the previously saved configuration file for the same device. This field displays a message regarding that comparison. It also displays information pertaining to any alert icon displayed in the Alert column. If the archive did not include a device configuration save, this field displays "Device archived without configuration file." Rest your cursor on the field to display a tooltip of the complete description.

# Right-Panel

The right-panel varies depending on whether an archive configuration is selected in the Archive Version main panel table.

- Archive configuration not selected Archive Version right-panel is displayed.
- Archive configuration is selected Archive Configuration right-panel is displayed.

# **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- Archive Version Right-Panel
- Archive File Right-Panel

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Restore an Archive

# Archive Version (Right-Panel)

The Archive Version right-panel appears when you select an archive version in the left panel of the **Archives** tab or in the table in the Archive Name panel. The archive version is the date and time that an archive operation was performed. This panel displays information about the version, including the number of successful and failed saves for that version.

Name: OneView Archive Version: 3/4/2016 12:58:27 PM # Devices: 1 # Successful: 0 # Failed: 1 # Aborted: 0 # Different: 0 Lock Status: O Locked ① Unlocked Description:	Details	Þ
3/4/2016 12:58:27 PM # Devices: 1 # Successful: 0 # Failed: 1 # Aborted: 0 # Different: 0 Lock Status: O Locked Objection:		-
1 # Successful: 0 # Failed: 1 # Aborted: 0 # Different: 0 Lock Status: O Locked Olicocked Description:		
0 # Failed: 1 # Aborted: 0 # Different: 0 Lock Status: O Locked Oliocked Description:		
1 # Aborted: 0 # Different: 0 Lock Status: O Locked  Oescription:		
0 # Different: 0 Lock Status: O Locked Oescription:		
0 Lock Status: O Locked Outlocked Description:		
O Locked O Unlocked		
Description:	Lock Status:	
-	O Locked  O Unlocked	
	Description:	
* 		
	Save	

#### Name

The name of the archive operation.

### Version

The date and time of the archive version creation.

### # Devices

The number of devices included in this archive version.

### # Successful

The number of successful saves for the archive version.

# # Failed

The number of failed saves for the archive version.

# # Aborted

The number of aborted saves for the archive version.

# **# Different**

The number of saved configurations different from the previous configurations saved for the device(s).

# **Lock Status**

Whether the version is locked or not locked. A locked archive version is not deleted when the maximum number of saved versions for this archive (as specified in the Create Archive window) is reached. To lock and unlock an archive version, right-click the archive version in the left-panel of the **Archives** tab or in the table on the Archive Name panel and select **Lock/Unlock**.

# Description

Use this field to add additional notes about the version and save them using the **Save** button.

# Save Button

Saves any changes you made to the panel.

# **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

• Archive Name Panel

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Restore an Archive

# **Archive File**

The Archive File panel appears when you select an archive configuration file in the left-panel of the **Archives** tab. It contains information about specific archive configurations.

Information is contained in two tabs:

- <u>General</u>
- Custom Attributes

# General Tab

The **General** tab shows basic information about the configuration file created by the archive process.

General Custom Attributes			Attributes				
Alert	IP A	ddress	Firmware Versi	File Status	File Date/Time	File Size	Description
			08.22.02.0012	File Found	11/19/2014 2	47.70 kB	Configuration Retrieved

# Alert

A yellow alert icon in this column signifies one or more of the following:

- ▲ Difference between this saved configuration and the previous configuration saved for the same device.
- 📥 Configuration save failed.

To acknowledge an alert and place a checkmark on the alert icon, right-click the icon and select Acknowledge Alert from the menu.

# **IP Address**

Lists the individual devices (by device IP address) whose configuration files were saved by this version of the archive operation.

# **Firmware Version**

Shows the firmware version for this device at the time of the save operation.

# **File Status**

The status of the config file: File Found or File Not Found/Missing. File Not Found/Missing indicates that Extreme Management Center can no longer find the config file (it is deleted or moved) or the archive operation did not include saving device configuration data.

### **File Time Stamp**

The date and time of the configuration creation.

### **File Size**

The size of the saved configuration in bytes.

### Description

When a configuration file is saved, it is automatically compared to the previously saved configuration file for the same device. This field displays a message regarding that comparison. It also displays information pertaining to any alert icon displayed in the Alert column. If the archive did not include a device configuration save, this field displays "Device archived without configuration file." Rest your cursor on the field to display a tooltip of the complete description.

# Custom Attributes Tab

The **Custom Attributes** tab displays a table of attribute information about the selected device(s). The information you see depends on the device type(s) selected; some devices support one attribute but not another. If a device returns multiple values for an attribute, each value is on a separate row. If a device does not support any of the attributes, the **Custom Attributes** tab for that single device is blank.

Custom Attribute tabs for device groups only display devices that support one or more of the attributes. Devices configured with an SNMP context display separate entries for each context.

General	Custom Attributes					
IP Address	Description	Туре	Name	Hardware Rev	Boot PRO	Firmware Ve
	Extreme N	chas	chassis-2			
	Extreme N	chas	chassis-3			
	Extreme N	fan	fan-2-1			
	Extreme N	fan	fan-2-2			
	Extreme N	powe	powers			

# Description

A description of the module or component.

#### Туре

A description of the module or component type.

#### Name

The name of the module or component.

#### **Hardware Version**

The current hardware version of the device.

#### **BootPROM Version**

The current version of Boot PROM installed in the module.

#### **Firmware Version**

The current firmware version installed in the module.

#### **Serial Number**

A unique number assigned to the module or component by the manufacturer.

#### Manufacturer

The manufacturer of the module or component.

### Model Name

The model number of the module or component type.

#### Asset Tag

A unique asset number assigned to the module or component for inventory tracking purposes.

#### **Field Replaceable**

Whether or not the manufacturer considers the component to be field replaceable (true or false).

# **Legacy Devices**

# SSR Hardware Attributes

#### **Slot Number**

The slot number in the chassis where the module resides.

#### Status

The current status of the module: online or offline.

#### Type

The physical module type.

#### Description

A description of the module.

#### **Number of Ports**

The number of physical ports on the module.

### Version

The module version.

### Memory

The system memory size available on the module, reported in megabytes (MB).

# E5 and E6/E7 Power Supply and Fan Attributes

### **Power Supply Number**

The number of the power supply.

# **Power Supply Type**

The power supply type: ac-dc, dc-dc, or highOutput.

# Fan State

The state of the fan: Installed and Operating, Installed and Not Operating, or Not Installed.

# **Power Supply State**

The state of the power supply: Installed and Operating, Installed and Not Operating, or Not Installed.

### **Power Supply Redundancy**

Whether the power supply is redundant or not.

# RoamAbout Radiocard and Base MAC Address Attributes

# **Card Type**

The type of PC card inserted in the Access Point.

#### Versions

The hardware and firmware versions for the PC card.

#### **Station Name**

The wireless station name sent out as part of the beacon messages. Valid only when a DS card is inserted in the Access Point.

# **Base MAC Address**

The physical layer address assigned to the interface through which Extreme Management Center is communicating.

# Vertical Horizon Attributes

# **Number in Stack**

The total number of switches present on this system.

### **Number of Ports**

The total number of ports present on this system.

### **Firmware Version**

The current firmware version installed in the device.

### **BootPROM Version**

The current version of Boot PROM installed in the device.

# CPU

The name of the device's processor (Central Processing Unit).

### **Power Status**

Indicates whether the device is using internal power, redundant power, or both.

### **Expansion Slot 1**

The type of expansion module in slot 1.

# **Expansion Slot 2**

The type of expansion module in slot 2.

### **Role in System**

Indicates whether the device is master, backup master, or slave in the system.

# ELS Serial Number Attribute

#### **Serial Number**

A unique number assigned to the device by the manufacturer.

# **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

• Archive File Right-Panel

# Archive File (Right-Panel)

The Archive File right-panel appears when you select an archive configuration in the left panel of the **Archives** tab or in the table in the Archive Version panel. Each configuration you select contains an icon that identifies the type of data that it contains: device configuration data device configuration data (c) (an individual .cfg config file), capacity planning data (
), or both device configuration and capacity planning data (
). The Archive Configuration rightpanel contains two tabs that display information about the saved data.

# General

General Attributes   Name: OneView Archive IP Address: IP Address: IP Address: IP Address: Orvice Type: Unknown Version: 3/4/2016 12:58:27 PM Status: Failure Device Status: Contact File Nature: File Nature: File Nature: File Date/Time: N/A Contains Custom Attributes: false Description: User has access to this device. Memo: Memo:	Details		Þ	
OneView Archive IP Address:  Device Type: Unknown Version: 3/4/2016 12:58:27 PM Status: Failure Device Status: Contact File Status: File Not Found/Missing File Name: File Date/Time: N/A Contains Custom Attributes: false Contains Capacity Planning Data: false Description: User has access to this device.	General	Attributes		
Device Type: Unknown Version: 34/2016 12:58:27 PM Satus: Failure Device Status: Contact File Not Found/Missing File Not Found/Missing File Name: File Date/Time: NA Contains Custom Attributes: false Contains Custom Attributes: false Description: User has access to this device. Memo:		rchive		Î
Device Type:   Unknown   Version:   3/4/2016 12:58:27 PM   Status:   Failure   Device Status:   Contact   File Status:   File Not Found/Missing   File Name:   N/A   Contains Custom Attributes:   false   Description:   User has access to this device.		s:		
Version:   3/4/2016 12:58:27 PM   Status:   Failure   Device Status:   Contact   File Status:   File Nat Found/Missing   File Name:   N/A   Contains Custom Attributes:   false   Description:   User has access to this device.	Device Typ	e:		
3/4/2016 12:58:27 PM   Status:   Failure   Device Status:   Contact   File Status:   File Not Found/Missing   File Name:   File Date/Time:   N/A   Contains Custom Attributes:   false   Description:   User has access to this device.   Memo:				
Failure   Device Status:   Contact   File Status:   File Not Found/Missing   File Name:   File Date/Time:   N/A   Contains Custom Attributes:   false   Description:   User has access to this device.   Memo:		2:58:27 PM		1
Contact File Status: File Not Found/Missing File Name: N/A Contains Custom Attributes: false Contains Capacity Planning Data: false Description: User has access to this device.				
File Not Found/Missing File Name: N/A Contains Custom Attributes: false Contains Capacity Planning Data: false Description: User has access to this device.		tus:		
File Name:   File Date/Time: N/A Contains Custom Attributes: false Contains Capacity Planning Data: false Description: User has access to this device. Memo:				
File Date/Time:   N/A   Contains Custom Attributes:   false   Contains Capacity Planning Data:   false   Description:   User has access to this device.		-		
N/A Contains Custom Attributes: false Contains Capacity Planning Data: false Description: User has access to this device.				
false Contains Capacity Planning Data: false Description: User has access to this device.		ïme:		
false Description: User has access to this device.  Memo:		Custom Attributes:		
Memo:		Capacity Planning Data	c	
	Mamai			
Save	memo:			
Save				
Save				
Save				
			Save	Ť

### Name

The name of the archive operation.

# **IP Address**

The IP address of the device whose data is saved, followed by the SNMP context, if applicable.

# **Device Type**

The device's model number or hardware type.

# Version

The date and time the archive operation occurred.

# Status

The status of the operation: Success or Failure.

# **Device Status**

The status of the device when the archive operation occurred: Contact or No Contact.

# **File Status**

The status of the config file: File Found or File Not Found/Missing. File Not Found/Missing indicates that Extreme Management Center can no longer find the config file (it is deleted or moved) or the archive operation did not include saving device configuration data. Check the <u>Description field</u> for more information.

# **File Name**

The path and filename for the saved configuration. For archive operations configured to archive only capacity planning data (and not configuration data), this column is blank.

# **File Time Stamp**

The date and time of the creation of the configuration file. For archive operations configured to archive only capacity planning data (and not configuration data), this column is blank.

# **Contains Custom Attributes**

Indicates whether the archive contains the device's custom attributes. If the device type does not support custom attributes or if the archive did not complete successfully, this field displays **No**.

# **Contains Capacity Planning Data**

Indicates whether the device's port and FRU information are saved in the archive.

# Description

When a configuration file is saved, it is automatically compared to the previously saved configuration file for the same device. This field displays a message regarding that comparison. For archive operations configured to archive only capacity planning data (and not configuration data), this column displays a Warning message stating that the ability to archive configuration data is disabled for this archive.

# Memo

Use this field to add additional notes about the configuration and save them using the **Save** button.

# Attributes

Details	Þ
General Attributes	
Archive: OneView Archive	Â
IP Address:	
Version: 3/4/2016 12:58:27 PM	
Device Type: Unknown	
Serial Number: N/A	
Asset Tag: N/A	
Chassis ID: N/A	
Chassis Slot: N/A	
Memory: N/A	
Firmware Version:	
Firmware Change Count: N/A	
Firmware Change Time: N/A	
Firmware Change Method: N/A	
Configuration Change Count: N/A	
Configuration Change Time: N/A	
Configuration Change Method: N/A	
Configuration File Checksum: 0	
Configuration File Size: 0	
	Save

# Archive

The name of the archive operation.

# **IP Address**

The IP address of the device whose data is saved, followed by the SNMP context, if applicable.

# Version

The date and time that the archive operation occurred.

# **Device Type**

The device's model number or hardware type.

# Serial Number

A unique number assigned to the device by the manufacturer.

# Asset Tag

A unique asset number assigned to the device for inventory tracking purposes.

# **Chassis ID**

The ID assigned to the chassis where the device resides (if applicable). This is usually a serial number or MAC address, depending on the chassis type.

# **Chassis Slot**

The slot number in the chassis where the device resides. N-Series devices and devices that do not reside in a chassis, display a value of N/A.

# Memory

The device's total installed local memory, DRAM (Dynamic Random Access Memory), reported in megabytes (MB).

# **Firmware Version**

The firmware version installed in the device at the time of the configuration save.

# **Firmware Change Count**

The number of successful firmware image downloads. Devices that do not support the *enterasys-configuration-change-MIB* display N/A (Not Available).

# **Firmware Change Time**

The date and time of the last successful firmware image download. Devices that do not support the *enterasys-configuration-change-MIB* display N/A (Not Available).

# Firmware Change Method

The method used to cause the last firmware change (e.g. SNMP, Telnet, Local Management (LM), Command Line Interface (CLI)). If the individual user login or the

source IP address is available, they are included. Devices that do not support the *enterasys-configuration-change-MIB* display N/A (Not Available).

### **Configuration Change Count**

The number of successful configuration changes. Devices that do not support the *enterasys-configuration-change-MIB* display N/A (Not Available).

### **Configuration Change Time**

The date and time of the last successful configuration change. Devices that do not support the *enterasys-configuration-change-MIB* display N/A (Not Available).

### **Configuration Change Method**

The method used to make the last configuration change (e.g. SNMP, Telnet, Local Management (LM), Command Line Interface (CLI)). If the individual user login or the source IP address is available, they are included. Devices that do not support the *enterasys-configuration-change-MIB* display N/A (Not Available).

#### **Configuration File Checksum**

The checksum is a value calculated on the entire file. You can compare this value to values obtained from different archive versions. Any difference in checksum values would indicate a change in the configuration.

#### **Configuration File Size**

The size of the saved configuration file in bytes. You can compare this size to the size reported in different archive versions. Any difference in size would indicate a change in the configuration file.

# **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

• Archive File Panel

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Restore an Archive

# **Create Archive**

This window lets you edit the device(s) on which to perform the archive. The current archive members are listed when you open the window. Access the window from the **Edit Devices** button in the Archive Name right-panel.

Create Archive				×
Select a single group or a list of devices	to include in th	ne archive.		
Select Devices		Archive Men	nbers	
<ul> <li>My Network (278 devices, 2 pol</li> <li>All Devices (278 devices)</li> <li>Grouped By (278 devices)</li> <li>EAPS devices (2 devices)</li> <li>ESA Ports (2 ports)</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>ETS Corporate (74 devices</li> <li>NocAlarm (141 devices)</li> <li>T5-Test - Murphy (1 device)</li> <li>Wireless Controllers (2 devi</li> <li>fred (0 devices)</li> </ul>				
		« Previous	Next »	Cancel

#### **Select Devices**

Expand the folders and select a single device, multiple devices, or a single device group. Click the right arrow button > to move the devices to the Archive Members list.

# **Archive Members**

Lists the device(s) or device group the on which the archive is performed. To remove a member from the list, select the member and click the left arrow button <.

# **Right Arrow Button**

Click > to add the selected device(s) or device group to the Archive Members list.

# **Remove Button**

Click < to remove the selected device(s) or device group from the Archive Members list.

# ΟΚ

Changes the archive members according to your selections.

# **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

• Archive Name Right-Panel

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Compare Archives

# Select Archive Versions

This window lets you select two archive versions or configurations to compare in the Compare Archive Versions window. It displays two Archive trees (identical to the Archive tree in the **Archives** tab). Use these trees to select the two archive versions or configuration files you wish to compare. You can compare two individual configurations for the same device, or you can compare two different archive versions (select versions that share common devices).

For information on how to access the window, see How to Compare Archives.

Compare Archive Versions Select an archive version in ea		ist for comparison.	×
🝷 🗁 Summit 460 Archive	1	🝷 🗁 Summit 460 Archive	٠
2/10/17 1:20 PM	1	2/10/17 1:20 PM	÷.
2/11/17 1:20 PM		2/11/17 1:20 PM	
2/12/17 1:20 PM	2	2/12/17 1:20 PM	
2/13/17 1:20 PM		2/13/17 1:20 PM	
2/14/17 1:20 PM		2/14/17 1:20 PM	
2/15/17 1:20 PM		2/15/17 1:20 PM	
2/16/17 1:20 PM		2/16/17 1:20 PM	
2/17/17 1:20 PM		2/17/17 1:20 PM	
2/18/17 1:20 PM		2/18/17 1:20 PM	
2/19/17 1:20 PM		2/19/17 1:20 PM	
2/20/17 1:20 PM		2/20/17 1:20 PM	
2/21/17 1:20 PM	+	2/21/17 1:20 PM	+
		Compare Close	

### **Selection 1**

Expand the folders as necessary to select the first version or configuration you wish to compare.

# Selection 2

Expand the folders as necessary to select the second version or configuration you wish to compare.

# Compare

Performs the comparison and opens the Compare Archive Versions window, where you can view the comparison results.

# Close

Closes the window.

# **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- Compare Configuration Files Window
- Configuration File Viewer

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Compare Archives

## **Compare Archive Versions**

The **Compare Archive Versions** window lets you compare two different archives for the same device and monitor any changes in device attributes. Extreme Management Center compares archives using a set group of saved attributes from when the archive occurred.

For information on how to perform a compare archive operation, see How to Compare Archives.

When you first open the **Compare Archive Versions** window, select the two archive versions you are comparing and click **Compare**.

Compare Archive Versions	×
Select an archive version in each list for	comparison.
▼ ➢ Management Center Archive	▼ ➢ Management Center Archive
11/8/18 10:38 AM	11/8/18 10:38 AM
11/8/18 10:42 AM	11/8/18 10:42 AM
	<b>Compare</b> Close

The second window appears. The values for these attributes are displayed in a table with any differences between the values flagged by a yellow **Difference** icon ( $\triangleq$ ) in the **Different** column.

Selection	1		Compa	ire	Selection	on 2	
Archive:	Sum 460	mit	Config		Archive	: Sumi	mit 460
	View Config	File				View Conf	ig File
Devices	5						
Different	IP Address	Т	уре	Sys	tern Narne		
		X	(460-24t	As4	-dc.x460-24	lt.usncm	-
		Х	460-24t	As1	5-dc.x460-2	24t.usncm	
		×	(460-24t	As8	-dc.x460-24	t.usncm	
Device							
Different	IP Addr	Attrib	ute Na	2/16/17	1:20 2/	17/17 1:20	
		MAC	Address	00:04:96	82: 00	04:96:82:	5 ^
		Туре		X460-24	t X4	460-24t	
		Serial	Number	1315G-0	1066 13	15G-01066	5
		Asset	Tag	N/A	N	A	
		Chass	is ID	1246N-4	0377 12	46N-40377	
		Chass	is Slot				
		Memo	rv .	N/A	N/	A	*

#### Selection 1 / Selection 2

Displays the two archive versions you select to compare and gives the total number of devices in common between the two compared versions.

#### **Compare Progress**

The bar shows the progress of large compare operations. The **Abort Compare** button allows you to stop a compare operation; any comparisons completed are available for viewing.

In addition, the following buttons are available only for archives that include device configuration data:

- Compare Config Files Opens the Configuration File Compare window and displays the two archived configuration files for the selected device. This option is only available when there are differences between the two configuration files being compared.
- View Config File Opens the Configuration File Viewer and displays the archived configuration file of the selected device. This option is only available when there are no differences between the two config files being compared.

## Devices Table

This table lists the devices included in the comparison. If differences were found, the yellow **Difference** icon ( ) displays in the **Different** column. Select the device whose comparison results you wish to see. The results display in the Comparison Results table.

### Comparison Results Table

This section displays the results of the comparison for the device selected in the Devices table, with any differences between the two versions flagged by a yellow **Difference** icon ( $\triangleq$ ) in the **Different** column. For a definition of each attribute, see Archive File right-panel.

#### Different

A yellow **Difference** icon (*A*) in this column signifies a difference between the two attributes.

#### **IP Address**

Lists the IP address of the device whose attributes are being compared.

#### **Attribute Name**

Lists the name of the attribute being compared. For a definition of each attribute, see Archive File right-panel.

#### **Attribute Values**

These two columns list the attribute values for the versions being compared.

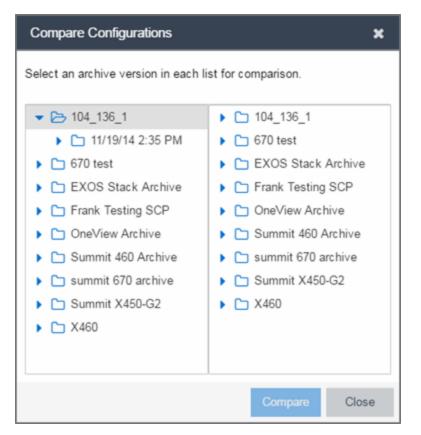
#### **Related Information**

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Compare Archives
- How to Restore an Archive

## **Compare Configurations**

This window lets you select two configuration files to compare in the Configuration File Compare Window. To access the window, right-click a configuration that includes device configuration data ( c or ) in the Archives tab tree or main panel, and select Compare Configuration Files.



#### **Selection 1**

Expand the folders as necessary to select the configuration file you wish to compare. This file displays in the left panel of the Configuration File Compare window.

#### **Selection 2**

Expand the folders as necessary to select the second configuration file you wish to compare. This file displays in the right panel of the Configuration File Compare window.

#### **Compare Button**

Performs the configuration comparison and opens the Configuration File Compare window, where you can view the comparison results.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- Configuration File Compare Window
- Configuration File Viewer

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Compare Archives

## Creating a Configuration Template

Configuration templates contain configuration data for archived devices on a site. The **Create Configuration Template** window lets you view an archived device configuration file and modify it with custom variables to create a new configuration template. The **Network > Configuration Templates** tab displays details about the configuration templates you create.

To create a configuration template:

- 1. Access the **Archives** tab.
- 2. Right-click an archive file in either the left-panel Archives tree or the **General** tab table and select **Create Configuration Template**.

The Create Configuration Template window opens.

ind:			×	Q	<	>	Replace With:	+	>	>	≣	Options	*	
1	#BEGIN:	08.22.02.0012												
2														
	begin													
4														
5	# ***** N	ON-DEFAULT CONFIGUR	ATION *	****										
6	1													
7														
		Firmware Revision:	08.22	.02.0	012									
9														
10 11		TYPE												
		TYPE												
12 13														
14		71K91L4-24												
15		71K91L4-24												
16		71G21K2L2-24P24												
17		PROFESSION FOR FALLER												
18														
19														
20	# 7													
21	# 8													
22	!													
23	!													
24	# system													
		m contact netops@ex												
		m location "9 North	eastern	Blvd	Sale	=, NH	03079"							
	4													

Archived device configuration file data displays in ASCII format or html format, depending on the device family to which the archived device is assigned.

- 3. Enter the value you are replacing in the **Find** field. Click the magnifying glass icon ( Q) to highlight all the instances of that value.
- 4. Enter the new value you are inserting in the **Replace With** field or click the plus icon (+) in the **Replace With** field to open the **Select Variables** window. Hover over the plus icon (+) to display a tooltip that instructs you to use the % character, then hold the CTRL key and type SPACE to view the variables inline.

Select Variable	es			×
Scope: All		* X		
Name	Value	Scope	Туре	
serverName		System	String	
serverIP		System	String	
serverHTTPSPo	rt	System	String	
serverVersion		System	String	
time		System	String	
date		System	String	
			nsert Can	cel

5. Click the **Options** button to modify your results. Select from the following dropdown list items:

Find Options						
	Match case					
	Match whole word only					
	Regular expression					
Vie	ew Options					
	Enable line numbers					
	Wrap lines					

6. Select the variable you want to include in the configuration file and click the **Insert** button.

The variable displays in the **Replace With** field.

7. Click the > arrow to replace a single instance and the >> to replace all instances with the new variable. To create new variables, use the **Custom Variables** tab.

#### **Undo All**

Click the Undo All button to undo your unsaved changes.

#### Preview

Click the **Preview** button to open the **Configuration Template Preview** window to compare the original configuration file with the new configuration template. Changes or deletions to the original file display as red strikethrough text in the left-hand original panel. Additions display as blue strikethrough text in the right-hand latest panel. The window also allows you to do the following:

- Switch the original and latest panels using the Swap Sides button
- Identify any discrepancies or errors using the Search field
- Save your changes and close the window using the **OK** button

#### Save As

Click the **Save As** button to save your new configuration template.

#### Cancel

Click the **Cancel** button to cancel the new configuration template.

### **Related Information**

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Compare Archives
- How to Create a Custom Variable

# **Configuration File Compare**

The Configuration File Compare window lets you compare two archived configuration files.

There are several ways to access the window:

Right-click an archive configuration that includes device configuration data (c) or
 in the Archives tab left-panel navigation tree and select Compare Archives. The Select Configurations window opens, where you can select the two configurations you want to compare. Click OK.

- Right-click on a record in the main panel and select **Compare Configuration Files** from the menu. The Select Configurations window opens, where you can select the two configurations you want to compare. Click **OK**.
- In the Compare Archives window, click the Compare Config Files button.

The files are displayed in ASCII format. However, if one or both of the files are in binary, you can display them. Lines highlighted in green represent changed lines. Red highlighting represents added lines.

s changed or deleted. In the right panel, blue highlight	strikethrough text highlighted in red represents text that ing represents text that was added.
Options 👻 Swap sides	<b>x O</b> < >
mmit 460 Archive 2/16/17 1:20 PM	Summit 460 Archive 2/17/17 1:20 PM
	1 #
# Module devmgr configuration.	2 # Module devmgr configuration.
3 #	3 #
configure snmp sysName "As2-dmz.x46	4 configure snmp sysName "As2-dmz.x46
configure snmp sysLocation "2121 RE	5 configure snmp sysLocation "2121 RE
configure timezone name EST -300 au	6 configure timezone name EST -300 at
<pre>configure sys-recovery-level switch</pre>	7 configure sys-recovery-level switch
3	8
#	9 #
# Module vlan configuration.	10 # Module vlan configuration.
1 #	11 #
2 configure vlan default delete ports	12 configure vlan default delete ports
3 configure vr VR-Default delete port	13 configure vr VR-Default delete port
<pre>4 configure vr VR-Default add ports 1</pre>	14 configure vr VR-Default add ports 1
configure vlan default delete ports	15 configure vlan default delete ports
<pre>create vlan "DMZ_internal"</pre>	<pre>16 create vlan "DMZ_internal"</pre>
<pre>7 configure vlan DMZ_internal tag 56</pre>	17 configure vlan DMZ_internal tag 56
<pre>6 create vlan "DMZ_Server_Ext"</pre>	<pre>18 create vlan "DMZ_Server_Ext"</pre>
configure vlan DMZ_Server_Ext tag 5	19 configure vlan DMZ_Server_Ext tag 5
create vlan "DMZ_Server_Ext2"	20 create vlan "DMZ_Server_Ext2"
configure vlan DMZ Server Ext2 tag 🎽	21 configure vlan DMZ Server Ext2 tag *

#### Search

× C

Use the **Search** box at the top of the window to search for strings of characters in the configuration files.

#### Clear Search Button X

Click this button to clear the search parameters from the **Search** box.

#### Find Previous Row/Find Next Row Buttons < >

Click these buttons to find the previous or next row that contains search parameters that match what you entered in the **Search** box.

#### Swap Sides Button Swap sides

Clicking this button switches the sides on which each archive configuration is located.

#### Options Options V

The **Options** drop-down list allows you to configure how information displays in the archive configurations.

- Enable line numbers Select this checkbox to display line numbers to the left of each line in the configuration file.
- Wrap lines Select this checkbox to wrap text in the configuration files, so a horizontal scroll bar is not required to view information.
- Enable side bars Select this checkbox to display a sidebar on the outside of each configuration file indicating your relative position in the file.

#### ΟΚ

Click the **OK** button to close the Configuration File Compare window and return to the previous screen.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

• Configuration File Viewer

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Compare Archives

## **Configuration File Viewer**

The Configuration File Viewer lets you view an archived device configuration file. To access the viewer, select a configuration that includes device configuration data ( or ) in the **Archives** tab left-panel navigation tree or in the main panel, and select **View Configuration File**. You can also open the window by clicking the **View Config File** button in the Compare Archive Versions window. If the configuration file status is "File Not Found/Missing", then this menu option is not available. The file is displayed in ASCII format. However, if the file is in binary, you can still view it.

You can search the configuration file by pressing CTRL + F on your keyboard and entering the search parameters in the search box.

Configuration File Viewer	×
Summit 460 Archive 2/16/17 1:20 PM	
Use CTRL + F (CMD + F) to search.	
<pre>1 # 2 # Module devmgr configuration. 3 # 4 configure snmp sysName "As2-dmz.x460-24t.usncm" 5 configure snmp sysLocation "2121 RDU Center Drive Suite 6 configure timezone name EST -300 autodst 7 configure sys-recovery-level switch reset 8 9 # 10 # Module vlan configuration. 11 # 12 configure vlan default delete ports all 13 configure vr VR-Default delete ports 1-34 14 configure vr VR-Default delete ports 1-34 15 configure vlan default delete ports 1-34 16 create vlan "DMZ_internal" 17 configure vlan DMZ_internal tag 56 18 create vlan "DMZ_Server_Ext" 19 configure vlan DMZ_Server_Ext" 21 configure vlan DMZ_Server_Ext tag 54 20 create vlan "DMZ_Server_Ext2" 21 configure vlan DMZ_Server_Ext2 tag 58 4 </pre>	300
Save	Close

#### Save

Click **Save** to automatically save the configuration file to your default download folder in CFG format.

#### Close

Click **Close** to exit the Configuration File Viewer window and return to the previous screen.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

<u>Configuration File Compare Window</u>

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Compare Archives

## **Create Archive**

Use the **Create Archive** window to archive device configuration data and/or capacity planning data. Archiving device configuration data lets you create archives (backup copies) of your network devices' configurations you can restore to the devices at a later date. Archiving capacity planning data lets you store port and FRU information. Create an archive that saves both configuration data and capacity planning data, or create an archive that targets one type of data or the other.

Use the window to perform archives on a single device, multiple devices, or on an entire device group. Because it is useful to archive data on a regular basis, Extreme Management Center lets you schedule archives to be performed at a future time, and/or on a routine basis. Once you configure an archive's parameters, use that archive on a repeated basis to save new versions of the desired data. For example, you can create an archive that saves your device configurations on a weekly basis, and also create an archive that saves only capacity planning information on a daily basis to monitor what is changing on the network.

**TIP:** You can set up an email notification based on the event log message that is generated when a configuration change is detected. When the current archive differs from the previously saved archive, Extreme Management Center generates an event log message. Using the Extreme Management Center **Alarms & Events** tab, you can create an alarm that monitors the log for the text "Configurations Are Different" and define an email to be executed as the specific alarm action.

Once an archive operation is created, it is listed by name in the left-panel Archives folder. Below the archive name are the archive versions, displayed by the date and time of the creation of the version. Under the versions are individual configurations, listed by the IP address of the device whose data is saved. Each configuration displays an icon that identifies the type of data being saved: device configuration data (c), capacity planning data (), both device configuration and capacity planning data (). To access the window, select the **Create** button from the bottom of the leftpanel on the **Network > Archives** tab. A TFTP or FTP server must be running to create an archive.

**NOTE:** When archiving device configuration data on an X-Pedition router, the Startup configuration file is saved.

### Archive Name Window

Create Archive		×
Name:		
Description:		
Max Versions:	Maximum # of Versions 30	
	O Unlimited	
Archive Type:	Archive Configuration Data	
	Archive Capacity Planning Data	
Governance:	Run Governance Regime: test 💌	
	Next » Cano	cel

Use this window to name and configure the archive.

#### Name

Enter a name for the archive operation.

#### Description

Enter a description (optional) of the archive operation.

### Archive Setup

#### **Max Versions**

If desired, specify the maximum number of versions saved for this archive. This allows you to limit the number of versions saved for each archive. Once the maximum number is reached, Extreme Management Center automatically deletes older versions. Otherwise, select **Unlimited** to continue adding archive versions with no limit.

#### Archive Type

Select the appropriate checkbox for the type of data you wish to archive:

- Archive Configuration Data Create archives (backup copies) of your devices' configurations you can restore to the devices at a later date.
- Archive Capacity Planning Data Create archives of port and FRU information.

#### **Run Compliance**

Select the checkbox to indicate that you want to perform an ExtremeCompliance audit on the device archive. Select the appropriate **Regime** from the drop-down list.

## Device Selection Window

Use this window to select the devices to include in the archive.

**NOTE:** If you select multiple tree nodes representing the same device, but with varying SNMP contexts, an archive save is performed for each context. The context must provide access to the MIBs required for the archive save operation or the archive for that context fails. Perform the archive operation on the device with the default context (switch mode.)

Select Devices     ✓ My Network (278 devices, 2 po   > ✓ All Devices (278 devices)   > ✓ Grouped By (278 devices)   > ✓ EAPS devices (2 devices)   > ✓ ESA Ports (2 ports)   > ✓ T5-Test - Murphy (1 device)   > ✓ Mireless Controllers (2 devi   > ✓ fred (0 devices)	Select a single group or a list of devices to	o include in th	ne archive.		
<ul> <li>All Devices (278 devices)</li> <li>Grouped By (278 devices)</li> <li>EAPS devices (2 devices)</li> <li>ESA Ports (2 ports)</li> <li>ETS Corporate (74 devices)</li> <li>NocAlarm (141 devices)</li> <li>T5-Test - Murphy (1 device)</li> <li>Wireless Controllers (2 devi</li> </ul>	Select Devices		Archive Mem	bers	
	<ul> <li>All Devices (278 devices)</li> <li>Grouped By (278 devices)</li> <li>EAPS devices (2 devices)</li> <li>ESA Ports (2 ports)</li> <li>ETS Corporate (74 devices)</li> <li>NocAlarm (141 devices)</li> <li>T5-Test - Murphy (1 device)</li> <li>Wireless Controllers (2 devi</li> </ul>				

#### **Select Devices**

This list displays your current devices as they are listed in the left-panel My Network navigation tree in the **Network** tab. Expand the folders and select the single device, multiple devices, or a single device group to include in the archive. Click the right arrow button > to add the devices to the Archive Members list.

#### **Archive Members**

The devices you select are listed under Archive Members. To remove a member from the list, select the member and click the left arrow button <.

**TIP:** If you open the **Create Archive** window from a device or device group in the left-panel, the selected device or device group automatically display under Archive Members.

#### **Right Arrow Button**

In the Devices tree, select the device(s) or device group you want to archive, and click > to add it to the Archive Members list.

#### **Left Arrow Button**

Select a device or device group in the Archive Members list, and click < to remove it from the list.

## **Schedule Window**

Use this window to select devices, and configure scheduling information and process settings for the archive. You can schedule a one-time, daily, or weekly archive, or schedule the archive to be performed on server start-up.

Create Archive			×
Configure scheduling in	formation and process settings for the archive.		
Frequency:	Now	*	
Date:	06/08/2018		
Start Time:	10:39 AM	Ŧ	
Process in Groups Of:	20	-	
Abort on Failure:			
Enabled IP Add	Iress		
1			
	« Previous Finish	Can	cel

## Schedule/Process

#### Frequency

Use the drop-down list to select the frequency with which you want the archive performed: Never, Now, Once, Daily, Weekly, or On Server Startup. The Never option lets you create an archive operation without actually performing it. The Now option lets you perform an immediate archive.

#### Date

Use the drop-down list to select the month you want the archive to start. A calendar corresponding to the selected month is displayed. Select the desired starting day by clicking on the calendar. You can use the arrows on either side of the drop-down list to change the month, and change the year by entering a new year in the text field. (This field is grayed out if you select **Never** or **Now** as the **Frequency**).

#### Start Time

Set the starting time for the operation and select AM or PM. (This field is grayed out if you select the **Never** or **Now** for **Frequency**).

#### **Process groups of**

The archive is performed in parallel (simultaneously) on the number of devices specified in the **Process groups of** field. Set the value to **1** to perform the operation serially, one device after another.

#### Abort on failure

Select the **Abort on failure** checkbox to stop the archive operation after a failure. This is useful if you are performing an archive operation on multiple devices and you want the operation to stop after a failure on a single device.

### Devices

#### Selected

Use the **Enabled** checkboxes in this column to select or deselect specific devices to be archived. For example, select a device group in the previous window and then use these checkboxes to deselect individual devices in that group.

#### **IP Address**

The IP address of the device you are archiving. Chassis that support Distributed Forwarding Engines (DFEs), such as the N-Series, display a single management IP even though there may be multiple DFE modules in the chassis.

#### **Finish Button**

Creates the archive. The archive is listed by name in the left-panel of the **Archives** tab under the Archives folder, and performed according to its scheduled parameters. You can change the archive's parameters; see Editing an Archive for instructions.

### **Related Information**

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Restore an Archive
- How to Compare Archives

## **Restore Archive**

Use the **Restore Archive** window to restore saved (archived) device configuration files to one or more devices. Saved configurations are listed in the left-panel of the **Archive**s tab under the appropriate archive and version. Each configuration displays an icon that identifies the type of saved data: device configuration data ( ), capacity planning data ( ), both device configuration and capacity planning data ( ). Only configurations that include device configuration data ( ) and ) are available to be restored.

A configuration can only be restored to a device with the same IP address. This means the device from which an archive is saved and the device to which the archive is restored must be identical. Configurations can be restored to a single device or multiple devices. A TFTP or FTP server must be running to restore a configuration.

To access the window, right-click an archive version or an archive configuration from the left-panel of the **Archives** tab or from the main panel and select **Restore**.

## Archive Version Selection Window

Use this window to select an archive version or single configuration to restore. Select the archive version or configuration in the Archives list and click the right arrow button > to move it to the restore list. If you select an archive version, use the left arrow button < to remove any individual configurations included in the archive version you do not wish to restore.

rocess in Groups Of: 1 🗘							
Archives †		Configuration IP	Archive	Version Date/Time	FW Match	Config FW	Device FV
<ul> <li>104_136_1</li> <li>11/13/14 2:35 PM</li> <li>670 test</li> <li>670 test</li> <li>Frank Testing SCP</li> <li>OneView Archive</li> <li>Summit 460 Archive</li> <li>summit 670 archive</li> <li>Summit 570 archive</li> </ul>			104_1	11/19/2014 2:35:1		08.22.02	08.22.02

## Archives

This panel displays your current archives as they are listed in the left-panel of the **Archives** tab. Below each archive name are the archive versions, displayed by the date and time the archive occurred. Under the versions are the individual configurations, listed by IP address of the device. Each configuration displays an icon that identifies the type of saved data: device configuration data (C), capacity planning data (C), both device configuration and capacity planning data (C), only configurations that include device configuration data (C) and C) are available to be restored.

Expand the folders under the Archives tree and select the archive version or configuration you want to restore. Click the right arrow button > to add the configurations to the Configurations to Restore table.

**TIPS:** If you open the **Restore Archive** window from an archive version or configuration in the leftpanel of the **Archives** tab, the selected configuration(s) automatically displays under Configurations to Restore.

Check the FW Match column to see if the current firmware version on the device matches the firmware version on the device at the time of the archive.

### Configurations to Restore

Displays the configurations you selected to restore. Select a configuration and use the left arrow button < to remove any individual configurations you do not wish to restore.

#### **Configuration IP**

The IP address of the device with the saved configuration.

#### Archive

The name of the archive operation that saved the configuration.

#### **Version Date**

The date and time the archive operation occurred.

#### FW Match

A < indicates the current firmware version installed in the device matches the firmware version installed in the device at the time of the configuration save.

#### **Config FW**

The firmware version installed in the device at the time of the configuration save.

#### **Device FW**

The current firmware version installed in the device.

#### **Right Arrow Button**

In the Archives tree, select the archive version or configuration you want to restore, and click > to add it to the Configurations to Restore table.

#### **Left Arrow Button**

Select a configuration in the Configurations to Restore table, and click < to remove it from the table.

### Restore Configurations Window

Use this window to configure restore parameters, initiate the restore operation, and monitor restore progress. Devices that require a restart automatically restart after the restore is complete.

#### Show all devices/Show only incomplete and failed

Once the restore operation starts, the device list table updates with status information for each device. An alert icon ( $\triangle$ ) appears in the Alert column of the table if a restore operation fails for a specific device. Use these radio buttons to

show all devices or show only those devices whose restore operations are incomplete or failed.

#### **Device List Table**

A list of the devices you selected for your restore operation. Once the restore is started, this table updates with status information for the restore operation:

- Alert an alert icon A appears in the Alert column if a restore operation fails for a specific device.
- IP Address The device's IP address. Chassis that support Distributed Forwarding Engines (DFEs), such as the N-Series, display a single management IP even though there may be multiple DFE modules in the chassis.
- Configuration The name of the configuration file being restored.
- Status The status of the operation for that particular device: Success or Failure.
- Operation The type of operation performed: Configuration Restore.
- % Progress A progress bar showing the percent completed of the operation.
- Bytes Trans. The number of bytes transferred during the operation.
- Message A message relating to the status of the operation.

#### **Status Summary**

Once the restore is started, this area updates with status information for the restore operation.

#### **Restore Type**

The restore is performed in parallel (simultaneously) on the number of devices specified in the **Process in Groups Of** field. By default, the restores occur in sequential order (**Process in Groups Of**: 1). This is to protect against possible isolation of other devices on the restore list.

**CAUTION:** Because some devices automatically restart following a restore operation, performing a Restore Type greater than 1 may isolate other devices in the restore list, causing their restores to fail. Use a **Process in Groups Of** value of 1 (perform the restore serially,) unless you know it is safe for the selected network devices to restart simultaneously.

#### Start Button

Initiates the restore operation. The table at the top of the window and the status area in the bottom left of the window update with status information.

### **Related Information**

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Restore an Archive

## Archive

You can save device configuration data and/or capacity planning data by creating an archive.

Archiving device configuration data lets you create archives (backup copies) of your network devices' configurations you can restore to the devices at a later date. Archiving capacity planning data lets you store port and FRU information. You can create an archive that saves both configuration data and capacity planning data, or you can create an archive that targets one type of data or the other.

You can perform archives on a single device, multiple devices, or on an entire device group. Because it is useful to archive data on a regular basis, Extreme Management Center lets you schedule archives to be performed at a future time, and/or on a routine basis. Once you configure an archive's parameters, you can use that archive on a repeated basis to save new versions of the desired data. For example, you can create an archive that saves your device configurations on a weekly basis, and also create an archive that saves only capacity planning information on a daily basis to monitor what is changing on the network.

Once you create an archive operation, it is listed by name in the left-panel **Archives** tab under the Archives folder. Below the archive name are the archive versions, displayed by the date and time the version was performed. Under the versions are the individual configurations, listed by IP address of the device whose data is saved. Each configuration displays an icon that identifies the type of data being saved: device configuration data (**c**), capacity planning data (**m**), or both device configuration and capacity planning data (**S**).

**NOTE:** If the device is an X-Pedition router, be aware that when archiving device configuration data, the router's Startup configuration file is saved.

#### Instructions on:

- Creating an Archive
- Saving a New Archive Version
- Editing an Archive
- Renaming an Archive
- Deleting an Archive

### Creating an Archive

Use the **Create Archive** window to archive network configuration data and/or capacity planning data. You can perform archives on a single device, multiple devices, or on an entire device group. You need a running TFTP or FTP server to save a configuration.

1. Select the **Create** button in the left-panel. The **Create Archive** window displays.

Create Archive		×
Name:		]
Description:		
Max Versions:	Maximum # of Versions 30	
	O Unlimited	
Archive Type:	S Archive Configuration Data	
	Archive Capacity Planning Data	
Governance:	Run Governance Regime: test 💌	
	Next » Can	cel

- 2. Enter a name and description (optional) of the archive operation.
- 3. Configure the archive setup:
  - a. Specify either the maximum number of versions to be saved for this archive in the Max Versions field or select Unlimited to retain all archives. Entering a value in the Max Versions field allows you to limit the number of versions saved for each archive and once the limit is reached, older versions are automatically deleted.
  - b. Select the appropriate checkbox for the type of data you wish to archive:
    - Archive Configuration Data Create archives (backup copies) of your devices' configurations you can restore to the devices at a later date, if

needed.

- Archive Capacity Planning Data Create archives of port and FRU information used to generate reports.
- c. Click Next.

The next **Select Devices** list displays.

Create Archive				×
Select a single group or a list of devices	to include in th	he archive.		
Select Devices		Archive Mem	bers	
<ul> <li>My Network (278 devices, 2 pol</li> <li>All Devices (278 devices)</li> <li>Grouped By (278 devices)</li> <li>EAPS devices (2 devices)</li> <li>ESA Ports (2 ports)</li> <li>ETS Corporate (74 devices)</li> <li>NocAlarm (141 devices)</li> <li>T5-Test - Murphy (1 device)</li> <li>Wireless Controllers (2 devi</li> <li>fred (0 devices)</li> </ul>				
		« Previous	Next »	Cancel

#### 4. Select the Archive Members:

a. Expand the folders in the Select Devices list and select the single device, devices, or a device group and click the right arrow button > to move the devices to the Archive Members list.

- **NOTE:** If you select multiple tree nodes representing the same device, but with varying SNMP contexts, an archive save is performed for each context. However, the context must provide access to the MIBs required for the archive save operation or the archive for that context fails. It is recommended you perform the archive operation on the device with the default context (switch mode.)
- b. If you want to remove a member from the Archive Members list, select the member and click the left arrow button <.
- c. Click Next.
- **TIP:** If you open the **Create Archive** window from a selected device or device group in the left-panel **Network Elements** tab, the selected items are automatically displayed under Archive Members.

The Configure Scheduling window displays.

Create Archive		×
Configure scheduling ir	formation and process settings for the archive.	
Frequency:	Now	-
Date:	06/08/2018	Ê
Start Time:	10:39 AM	~
Process in Groups Of:	20	\$
Abort on Failure:		
Enabled IP Ade	dress	
1		
	« Previous Finish	Cancel

- 5. Select the **Frequency** with which the archive process occurs.
- 6. Select the **Date** to run the archive process and **Start Time** for the archive process.
- 7. Configure Process settings for the archive:
  - a. The archive is performed in parallel (simultaneously) on the number of devices specified in the **Process in Groups Of** field. Set the value to **1** to perform the operation serially, one device after another.

- b. Select the **Abort on Failure** checkbox to stop the archive operation after a failure. This is useful if you are performing an archive operation on multiple devices and you want the operation to stop after a failure on a single device.
- 8. Use the **Enabled** checkboxes to select or deselect devices you are archiving. For example, if you selected a device group in the previous window, you can use these checkboxes to deselect individual devices in that group.
- Click Finish to create the archive. The archive is listed by name in the left-panel of the Archives tab under the Archives folder and performed according to its scheduled parameters. You can change the archive's parameters; see Editing an Archive for instructions.
- **TIP:** You can set up an email notification based on the event log message that is generated when a configuration change is detected. When the current archive differs from the previously saved archive, Extreme Management Center generates an event log message.

### Saving a New Archive Version

Once you create an archive, use that archive on a repeated basis to save (stamp) new versions of the desired configurations.

- 1. With an archive folder selected in the left-panel **Archives** tab, right-click and select **Stamp New Version** from the menu.
- 2. A new archive version, displayed by the date and time the version is performed, is listed under the archive folder. Under the version are the individual configurations, listed by the IP address of the saved device.

### Editing an Archive

Once you create an archive, you can edit the archive parameters, including changing the devices on which the archive is performed.

- 1. Select an archive name in the left-panel of the Archives tab.
- 2. Navigate to the **Details** panel at the far right, which includes the **General, Setup** and **Schedule** tabs.
- 3. On the **General** tab, edit the archive Description and use the **Enabled** checkboxes in the Devices table to select or deselect devices to be archived, if desired.
- 4. Click the **Setup** tab.

- 5. Select the number of devices to archive in parallel (simultaneously) in the **Process in Groups Of** field. Set the value to 1 to perform the operation serially, one device after another.
- 6. Select the **Abort on Failure** checkbox to stop the archive operation after a failure. This is useful if you are performing an archive operation on multiple devices and you want the operation to stop after a failure on a single device.
- 7. Specify either the maximum number of versions to be saved for this archive in the **Max Versions** field or select **Unlimited** to retain all archives. Entering a value in the **Max Versions** field allows you to limit the number of versions saved for each archive and once the limit is reached, older versions are automatically deleted.
- 8. Select the appropriate checkbox for the type of data you wish to archive:
  - Archive Configuration Data Create archives (backup copies) of your devices' configurations you can restore to the devices at a later date, if needed.
  - Archive Capacity Planning Data Create archives of port and FRU information.
- 9. Select the **Run Compliance** checkbox and select a **Regime** to run on the device archive, if necessary.
- 10. Click the Schedule tab.
- 11. Select the **Frequency** with which the archive process occurs.
- 12. Select the **Date** to run the archive process and **Start Time** for the archive process.
- 13. Click Save.

The next time the archive is performed, these new parameters are used.

#### Renaming an Archive

You can rename an archive.

- 1. With an archive name selected in the left-panel of the **Archives** tab, right-click and select **Rename** from the menu. The Rename Archive window opens.
- 2. Enter the new name, and click **OK**.
- 3. The name of the archive changes in the left-panel tree. All previous versions saved under the old name are available under the new name. The next time the archive is performed, the new name is used.

## Deleting an Archive

You can delete an archive, an archive version, or a saved configuration from the **Archives** tab left-panel navigation tree.

- 1. With an archive name folder, archive version, or archive file selected in the leftpanel of the **Archives** tab, right-click and select **Delete** from the menu.
- 2. A Delete confirmation window opens. Click **Yes** to perform the delete.

### **Related Information**

For information on related tasks:

- <u>Create Archive</u>
- How to Restore an Archive
- How to Compare Archives

## How to Compare Archives

Extreme Management Center lets you compare two different archives for the same device and monitor any changes in device attributes. Extreme Management Center compares archives using a set group of attributes you saved when the archive was performed. The values for these attributes appear in a table with any differences between the values flagged by a yellow **Difference** icon **A**. Select the configurations you want to compare and use the Compare Archives Versions window to view the comparison results.

- Access the Compare Archive Versions window from the Archives tab by rightclicking an archive name, archive version, or configuration file in the left-panel navigation tree or by right-clicking in the main panel and selecting Compare Archives.
- 2. The **Compare Archive Versions** window displays two Archive trees (identical to the Archive left-panel navigation tree in the **Archives** tab). Expand the folders as necessary to select the two archive versions or configurations you wish to compare. Compare two individual configurations for the same device, or compare two different archive versions (select versions that share common devices). Click the **Compare** button.

Compare Archive Versions			×
Select an archive version in ea	ch li	ist for comparison.	
🔻 🗁 Summit 460 Archive	<b>^</b>	🔻 🗁 Summit 460 Archive	
2/10/17 1:20 PM		2/10/17 1:20 PM	
2/11/17 1:20 PM		2/11/17 1:20 PM	
2/12/17 1:20 PM		2/12/17 1:20 PM	
2/13/17 1:20 PM		2/13/17 1:20 PM	
2/14/17 1:20 PM		2/14/17 1:20 PM	
2/15/17 1:20 PM		2/15/17 1:20 PM	
2/16/17 1:20 PM		2/16/17 1:20 PM	
2/17/17 1:20 PM		2/17/17 1:20 PM	
2/18/17 1:20 PM		2/18/17 1:20 PM	
2/19/17 1:20 PM		2/19/17 1:20 PM	
2/20/17 1:20 PM		2/20/17 1:20 PM	
2/21/17 1:20 PM		2/21/17 1:20 PM	+
		Compare Clos	е

#### **Selection 1**

Expand the folders as necessary to select the first version or configuration you wish to compare.

#### Selection 2

Expand the folders as necessary to select the second version or configuration you wish to compare.

#### Compare

Performs the comparison and opens the Compare Archive Versions window, where you can view the comparison results.

#### Close

Closes the window.

3. A new **Compare Archive Versions** window opens to display the results of the comparison. The Devices table in the middle of the window displays each device included in the comparison. Any differences between the two versions is flagged by a yellow **Difference** icon A. If there are many devices being compared, a progress bar indicates the progress of the operation. You can stop the compare operation by pressing the **Abort Compare** button.

4. Once the compare operation is complete, select the device in the Summary table whose comparison results you wish to see. The results are displayed in the Device table at the bottom of the window.

In addition, the following buttons are available in the window only for archives that include device configuration data:

- View Config File Opens the Configuration File Viewer and displays the archived configuration file of the selected device. This option is only available when there are no differences between the two configuration files being compared.
- Compare Config Files Opens the <u>Configuration File Compare window</u> and displays the two archived configuration files for the selected device. This option is only available when there are differences between the two configuration files being compared.

### **Related Information**

For information on related tasks:

- How to Archive
- How to Restore an Archive

For information on related windows:

• Compare Archives Window

## How to Restore an Archive

You can restore saved (archived) device configuration files to devices using the Restore Archive window. Saved configurations are listed in the left-panel of the **Archives** tab under the appropriate archive and version. Each configuration displays an icon that identifies the type of data that was saved: device configuration data (c), capacity planning data (a), both device configuration and capacity planning data (f). Only configurations that include device configuration data (c) and f) are available to restore.

You can only restore a configuration to a device with the same IP address. In other words, the device you are restoring *to* must have the same IP address as the device the configuration was originally saved *from*. You can restore

configurations to a single device or multiple devices. You must have a TFTP or FTP server running to restore a configuration.

#### Use these steps to restore a configuration to a device.

- Right-click an archive version or an archive configuration from the left-panel of the Archives tab or from the main panel and select Restore. The Restore Archive window displays.
- 2. Select the archive version to restore:
  - a. Expand the folders under the Archives tree and select the archive version or configuration you want to restore. Only configurations that include device configuration data ( c and ) can be restored. Click the right arrow button >.
  - b. The Configurations to Restore table lists the configurations. If you select an archive version and want to remove an individual configuration from the list, select the configuration and click the left arrow button <.
  - c. Click Start.
  - **TIPS:** If you open the **Restore Archive** window from an archive version or configuration in the left-panel of the **Archives** tab, the selected configuration(s) is automatically displayed under Configurations to Restore.

Check the FW Match column to see if the current firmware version on the device matches the firmware version on the device at the time of the archive.

#### 3. Initiate the Restore operation:

 a. Specify the Restore Type option. The restore is performed in parallel (simultaneously) on the number of devices specified in the Process in Groups Of field. By default, the restores occur in sequential order (Process in Groups Of: 1). This is to protect against possible isolation of other devices in the restore list.

**CAUTION:** Because some devices automatically restart following a restore operation, performing a Restore Type greater than 1 may isolate other devices in the restore list, causing their restores to fail. It is recommended you leave the **Process in Groups Of** value at 1 (perform the restore serially), unless you know it is safe to simultaneously restart the selected network devices.

- b. Click **Start** to initiate the restore operation. The table at the top of the window and the status area in the bottom left of the screen both update with status information.
- c. Review results. An alert icon (△) appears in the Alert column of the table if a restore operation fails for a specific device. You can select to show all devices or show only incomplete or failed device archive restorations.
- 4. Click Finish to close the window.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related tasks:

- Restore Archive
- How to Archive

## How to Back up, Restore, and Compare Device Configurations

You can back up (archive) and restore device configurations as well as compare two configuration files, using the **Network** tab in Extreme Management Center. The backup operation performs a single configuration archive. The restore operation restores an archived configuration or configuration template to a device. The compare operation compares the last two archived configuration files for a selected device.

**NOTES:** Configure the path into which configuration files are saved in the **Directory Path** field in Administration > Options > Inventory Manager > Data Storage.

Configure the file transfer settings and login information in the Server Properties section of Administration > Options > Inventory Manager > File Transfer.

All of the operations require that you are using the **Archives** tab for your archive management.

#### Device Back up Configuration

To perform a quick device configuration back up from the Devices tab:

- 1. Select a device in the Device list.
- 2. Click the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Archives > Backup Configuration.

This performs a single configuration archive for the device. You can refer to the Extreme Management Center Inventory Event Log to view the archive progress.

- 4. Open the **Network > Archives** tab to view the archive.
- **NOTES:** To perform the backup configuration, you must be a member of an authorization group that has the Inventory Manager > Configuration Archive Management > Archive Restore Wizard capability.

Because the Extreme Management Center backup creates a single archive that is not recurring, use the Create Archive button on the **Archives** tab to schedule regular backups of your network device configurations.

### Device Restore Configuration

The device restore configuration operation allows you to restore a configuration template or archived configuration to an active device on the network.

- 1. Select a device in the Device list.
- 2. Click the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Archives > Restore Configuration.

For additional information about restoring a device's configuration, see Restore Device Configuration in Extreme Management Center.

### Compare Device Configurations

You can compare the last two archived configuration files for a selected device from the **Devices** tab.

- 1. Select a device in the Device list.
- 2. Click the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 3. Select Archives > Compare Last Configurations.

For additional information about comparing device configurations, see Compare Device Configurations in Extreme Management Center.

### **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- <u>Network Tab</u>
- Devices Tab
- Firmware Tab

# **Configuration Templates**

The **Configuration Templates** tab displays configuration templates you create, grouped according to product family and device type. Extreme Management Center provides pre-defined template groups and automatically assigns a template to the appropriate group when you create the template. Each template group name is followed by the total number of configuration templates in that group and any subgroups, in parentheses.

Additionally, you can include variables in your configuration templates to serve as placeholders for specific values. Extreme Management Center automatically substitutes the values you define on the <u>Custom Variables tab</u> into your template.

To access the **Configuration Templates** tab, open the **Network** tab and select the **Configuration Templates** tab.

The tab is divided into three sections:

- <u>Templates Tree</u>
- <u>Templates Table</u>
- Details View

E Dashboard Devices Discove	ered Firmware Archives	Configuration Templates Repo	orts	Q 7 :	≡
🚠 Templates 4	/Device Type/7100-Series/7100	Virtual Switch Bonded/Test (1 templ	ate)	Details	۶.
Name	Template Name 104_136_1	Archive Version Archive Device 08 22 02 0012 7100 Virtual Swit	2017/09	General Name: Test Date Created: 2017/09/20 15:31 Last Detected: N/A Archive IP Address: Archive Device Type: 7100 Virbul Switch Bonded Archive Version: 08:22:02:0012 Archive Name: 104_135 File Status: File Found File Name: Ausricoal/Enterasys_Networks/NetSight/app data/InventoryMgriconfg_templates/Test.tpt TemplateSize(Bytes): 47688 File Date/Time: 2017/09/20 15:32 Server:	
C Refresh	4		•	🖺 Sav	•

## **Templates Tree**

The Templates tree in the left panel displays configuration templates grouped according to product family and device type. It provides pre-defined template groups and automatically organizes the configuration templates under the appropriate group when you press the **Refresh** button.

#### Name

The **Name** navigation tree includes the Device Type Folder and the All Templates folder.

#### **Device Type Folder**

This folder contains pre-defined product family and device type folders.

### **All Templates Folder**

This folder contains all the configuration templates you create.

Click a template in the All Templates folder or the Device Type folder in the leftpanel Templates Tree to display the Templates table and the <u>Details view</u>.

Right-click a template in the Templates table to display the following menu:

- Assign Template Click to open the Select Device Types window. Select the device type(s) to which the template is to be assigned. Click the OK button to save your selection(s). The template becomes available for the device type(s) you selected.
- Edit Template Click to open the Edit Configuration Template window. Follow the same procedure to <u>create a configuration template</u> to edit the template. Click Save to save your changes.
- Rename Template Click to open the Rename Template window. Enter a new name and click the OK button to save the new name to the template.
- **Remove Template From Group** Click to remove the template you selected in the Templates table from its template group.
- Delete Click to delete the template you selected in the Templates table.

## **Templates Table**

Click a template in the All Templates folder or the Device Type folder in the leftpanel Templates Tree to display the Templates table and the <u>Details view.</u>

The Templates table includes the following columns:

#### **Template Name**

The name of the configuration template.

#### **Archive Name**

The name of the archive that was used to create the configuration template.

### **Archive Version**

The firmware version the device was using when it was archived and used to create the configuration template.

### **Archive Device Type**

The device type of the archive that was used to create the configuration template.

### **Date Created**

The date and time the template was created.

### File Size (Bytes)

The size of the template in bytes.

#### Status

The status of the template shown as: File Found or File Not Found. File Found indicates the template is still present in the database.

## Last Modified

The date and time the template was last modified.

Right-click a template in the Templates table to display the following menu:

- Assign Template Click to open the Select Device Types window. Select the device type(s) to which the template is to be assigned. Click the OK button to save your selection(s). The template becomes available for the device type(s) you selected.
- Edit Template Click to open the Edit Configuration Template window. Follow the same procedure to <u>create a configuration template</u> to edit the template. Click Save to save your changes.
- Rename Template Click to open the Rename Template window. Enter a new name and click the OK button to save the new name to the template.
- **Remove Template From Group** Click to remove the template you selected in the Templates table from its template group.
- Delete Click to delete the template you selected in the Templates table.

## **Details View**

The Details view opens when you click a template in the All Templates folder or the Device Type folder in the left-panel Templates Tree.

The following items are included in the Details view **General** tab:

## Name

The name of the configuration template.

### **Date Created**

The date and time the template was created.

### Last Detected

The date and time the template was last modified.

## **Archive IP Address**

The IP Address of the device that was archived to create the configuration template.

## **Archive Device Type**

The device type of the archive that was used to create the configuration template.

## **Archive Version**

The firmware version the device was using when it was archived and used to create the configuration template.

## **Archive Name**

The name of the archive that was used to create the configuration template.

## **Archive Date Created**

The date and time the archive used to create the configuration template was created.

## **File Status**

The status of the file shown as: **File Found** or **File Not Found**. **File Found** indicates the template is still present in the database.

## File Name

The name and path for the configuration template.

## **Template Size**

The size of the template in bytes.

## File Date/Time

The date and time the template was created.

## Server

The Extreme Management Center server where the configuration template is located.

### Description

Click in the Description field to add a description of the configuration template, or to modify or edit an existing description. Click **Save** to save your additions or changes.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Network</u>
- <u>Create Configuration Templates</u>

# **Alarms & Events**

Use the **Alarms & Events** tab to display alarm and event details for all managed devices in the network, with sorting and filtering of relevant information for network troubleshooting and forensics.

Additionally, the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) at the top of the screen provides links to additional information about your version of Extreme Management Center.

This Help topic provides information on the following topics:

- Access Requirements
- <u>Alarms</u>
- Alarm Configuration
- Events
  - Event Log Column Definitions
- Event Configuration
- Buttons, Search Field, and Paging Toolbar

## **Access Requirements**

To view the information in the Alarms and Event logs, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the appropriate Extreme Management Center capabilities:

- NetSight OneView > Access OneView
- NetSight OneView > Events and Alarms > OneView Event Log Access
- NetSight OneView > Events and Alarms > OneView Alarms Read Access or Read/Write Access

For additional information, see Users and Extreme Management Center Access Requirements.

## Alarms

Use the **Alarms & Events** tab to access the **Alarms** tab that displays the current alarms for the network.

Alarm	s Alarm Config	guration Ever	ts Event Configur	ation		Q ? =
=	_					Q Refresh Off 🔻
Severity	Alarm Name	Last Seen ↓	First Seen	Seen Count	Source	Information
	Device Availabil	2018/09/03 3:22:5	0 2018/08/21 16:43:17	13		Device Availability: Impact is Medium, changed
•	Device Down	2018/08/21 16:42	17 2018/08/21 16:42:17	1	BEB-4826-210.42	SNMP Contact Lost: No SNMP reply from devic
•	Device Down	2018/08/07 8:25:5	2 2018/08/07 8:25:52	1	BCB-VSP9K-210	SNMP Contact Lost: No SNMP reply from devic
•	Device Down	2018/08/07 8:25:5	2 2018/08/07 8:25:52	1	ERS-8606	SNMP Contact Lost: No SNMP reply from devic
•	Devices with Re	2018/06/11 8:49:4	2018/06/11 8:49:49	1		Devices with Reference Firmware: Impact is Hi
•	Archived Devic	2018/06/11 8:49:4	2018/06/11 8:49:49	1		Archived Devices: Impact is High, changed whe
~ ~ ~	Page 1 of	1 > >  <b>3</b>				Displaying 1 - 6 o
	1 9/10	· · · · · · ·				cospaying 1 - 0 or
1	] Last Upd	lated: 2018/09/05 9:04.22	Uptime: 0 Days 00:34:10			Operations 🛛 🗐 🗘 🛐 👩 💶

In the Alarms tab:

- Right-click on the alarm or select the Menu icon (≡) and select Alarm History > By Source to view an Alarm History for that device. If the Source includes a subcomponent (such as an interface on the device), then the alarm history is specific to that subcomponent.
- Right-click on the alarm column or select the Menu icon (≡) and select Alarm History > By Alarm Name to view an Alarm History for a specific alarm.
- Right-click on the alarm or select the **Menu** icon (≡) and select **Alarm History** > **All** to view the Alarm History for all devices.
- Right-click on an alarm to clear the selected alarm or to clear all alarms. Supply a reason the alarm cleared, if necessary. which is recorded in the Alarm History.
- Right-click on an alarm or select an alarm and select the **Menu** icon (≡) and select **Edit Alarm Definition** to open the alarm in the <u>Alarm Configuration window</u>, from

which you can edit the criteria which triggers the alarm.

• Double-click on any row in the table to open a window that displays Alarm Details.

## Alarm Summary

Every Extreme Management Center page includes a system-wide Alarm Summary in the lower right corner. This indicates the number of current alarms for each severity (Critical, Error, Warning, and Info) present in the entire system. If there are no current alarms, the status displays all zeroes. Select on an indicator to open the **Alarms** tab filtered to display the alarms of that severity. An alarm with a slash indicates the alarm is disabled.

## 🗘 👩 🚺 🚺 🚺

## **Alarm Configuration**

Use the Alarm Configuration tab in the Alarms & Events tab to configure the network alarms that provide status information for a particular problem or condition on a particular network component. Alarms are triggered when event conditions (called a trigger event) occur on your network, and they are tracked until the problem or condition is removed. From the Alarm Configuration tab you can also create an alarm definition that detects when the problem or condition is removed and clears the alarm. For example, a Link Down alarm is triggered when a device emits a linkDown trap. Then, when the device emits a linkUp trap, the Link Up alarm automatically clears the Link Down alarm.

A	Alarms	Alarm	Configuration Events Event Configuration				Q ? I
0	Add	• 😥 B	dit 🔁 Copy 😑 Delete 🔳				♥ Show Filters   C
En	a	Severity	Name	Туре	Device Gro	Action	
	1	🔺 Warning	AC Power Lost	Custom Criteria			
	1	Clear	AC Power Recovered	Custom Criteria			
	1	Clear	AP In Service	Custom Criteria			
	1	Critical	AP Out of Service	Custom Criteria			
	1	info 🔤	AP Radio Change	Custom Criteria			
	1	Info	AP Radio OnOff	Custom Criteria			
	1	🔺 Warning	Access Control Assessment License Violation	Custom Criteria			
	1	Clear	Access Control Assessment License Violation Clear	Custom Criteria			
		A Warning	Access Control Certificate Accepted With Expired CRL	Custom Criteria			
		A Warning	Access Control Certificate Accepted Without CRL	Custom Criteria			
	1	Info	Access Control Certificate Expiring Notice	Custom Criteria			
	1	A Warning	Access Control Certificate Expiring Warning	Custom Criteria			
	1	Clear	Access Control Certificate Notice Cleared	Custom Criteria			
		A Warning	Access Control Certificate Rejected With Expired CRL	Custom Criteria			
		🔺 Warning	Access Control Certificate Rejected Without CRL	Custom Criteria			
*    ~	< <	Page	1 of 2   > 🚿   🗯 Reset				Displaying 1 - 100 of 1
			Last Updated: 2018/09/05 9:06:47 Uptime: 0 Days 00:34:10		0	perations	

Via the **Add** menu, you can:

- Add a new alarm definition, which includes configuring the conditions (criteria) that trigger the alarm, and defining the actions that occur automatically to notify a person or network component about the problem, when the alarm triggers.
- Edit and delete alarm definitions as well as configure email settings for alerts.

Extreme Management Center ships with a set of default alarm definitions, which you can use as is, or delete or modify them as desired.

## Alarm Configuration Column Definitions

**Enabled** — A checkmark in the Enabled column indicates the alarm definition is active. Ignore an alarm definition to ignore your enabled alarms without deleting the definition.

**Severity** — This column indicates the seriousness of an alarm definition, which posses its own specified severity regardless of the severity of the event or trap that triggered it.

- ③ (question mark) Set from Source the alarm definition uses the severity level of the trigger event, for example a warning event.
- **V** (Red) Critical A problem with significant implications.

- • (Orange) Error A problem with limited implications.
- $\blacktriangle$  (Yellow) Warning A condition that might lead to a problem.
- [(Blue) Info Information only; not a problem.
- • (Green) Clear An alarm that clears another alarm (for example, LinkUp).

Name – The name of the alarm definition.

**Type** – Identifies the type of alarm definition for this row (threshold, trap, or custom criteria).

**Device Groups** — If desired, you can restrict the alarm definition to devices and port elements in one or more device groups. This column indicates the device group to which the alarm definition is assigned. The alarm definition is only raised on the devices and interfaces in the selected device groups. This allows you to filter alarms to specific devices or important ports.

Action – The actions that occur when an alert is triggered, if any.

Limit Enabled — A checkbox indicates that there is a rate-limit on the alarm's actions.

Max Count — If Limit Enabled is checked, this column indicates the number of times an action is performed for this alarm. Once the limit is reached, the alarm is still recorded, but no further actions are performed until the Reset Interval expires. If you configure multiple action types, the limit is for the number of times the set of configured actions is performed, not for each individual action. If Limit Enabled is not checked, there is no limit placed on the number of times the action is performed.

**Reset Interval** — If Limit Enabled is checked, this column displays the length of time from when the first action is triggered until the count is reset. Once the count is reset, actions are executed until the Max Count is reached again. If the reset interval is set to "None", then once the alarm limit is reached, the alarm does not reset unless manually reset.

**Clearing Alarms** — This column displays the **Name** of the alarm that acts to clear the current alarm.

## **Events**

Use the **Events** tab in the **Alarms & Events** tab to access the event log, as well as the event logs for Extreme Management Center, legacy applications, and ExtremeControl Audit events and Wireless Audit events. In addition, you can access an event log for Extreme Management Center Scheduler events.

	0	All	*	Type:	Console View	- X						Show Filters   C
	Severit	y Event Type	Ca	tegory	Date/Time ↓	Source	Subcompon	Client	User		Туре	Event
	•	Console	Us	age Dat	2018/09/05 9:28:50				. XMC	Server	Event	Usage Data Co
	•	Console	On	eView	2018/09/05 8:45:01				. XMC:	Server	Event	Automatic Trap
	•	Console	On	eView	2018/09/05 8:44:11				. XMC:	Server	Event	Automatic Trap
2	•	Console	On	eView	2018/09/05 8:31:31				. XMC:	Server	Event	Automatic Sysle
•	•	Console	Re	source	2018/09/05 8:30:04				. XMC	Server	Event	Historical Data
	•	Console	On	eView	2018/09/05 8:30:01				. XMC:	Server	Event	Syslog Configu
	•	Console	On	eView	2018/09/05 8:29:21				XMC:	Server	Event	Automatic Sysl
	•	Console	On	eView	2018/09/05 8:29:11				. XMC:	Server	Event	Trap Configura
	•	Console	On	eView	2018/09/04 20:57:49				. XMC:	Server	Event	Automatic Trap
1	•	Console	On	eView	2018/09/04 20:56:59				. XMC:	Server	Event	Automatic Trap
	•	Console	On	eView	2018/09/04 20:43:59				. XMCS	Server	Event	Automatic Sysl
	•	Console	On	eView	2018/09/04 20:42:59				. XMC:	Server	Event	Syslog Configu
	•	Console	On	eView	2018/09/04 20:42:09				. XMC:	Server	Event	Automatic Sysl
	•	Console	Us	age Dat	2018/09/04 9:41:38				. XMC:	Server	Event	Usage Data Co
:	•	Console	Ve	ndor Pr	2018/09/04 9:22:00				root		Event	Vendor Profile
	~	< Page 1	0	(17 )	» 🛛 🖂 Reset						D	isplaying 1 - 50 of 8

Use the drop-down list at the top of the table to filter events based on application:

• Selecting Console displays event logs with an Event Type of Admin, Console, and Wireless. Selecting Console View displays event logs with an Event Type of Console only.

**NOTE:** Selecting both **Console** and **Console View** displays the event logs with an **Event Type** of **Console** twice.

- The Extreme Management Center event logs for Extreme Management Center and legacy components (Console, Inventory, Policy, NAC Manager, and Wireless) present the same data as the event logs in the actual applications.
- The ExtremeControl Audit event log provides information on ExtremeControl Registration events such as when a device or user is added during the registration

process, or an end-system is added/removed/updated via the registration administration web page.

• The ExtremeControl Engine event log displays engine events.

**NOTE:** Installed certificates using an MD5 RSA signature algorithm now generate an event in Extreme Management Center version 7.

The Wireless Audit event log allows you to view the configuration activity on Wireless Manager.

The ExtremeAnalytics event log displays ExtremeAnalytics engine events as well and ExtremeAnalytics configuration activity.

The Scheduler event log displays events for the scheduled tasks configured via the **Tasks tab**. The event log includes task execution events and errors.

The Admin event log displays Extreme Management Center server and database administrative events, and Extreme Management Center user authentication and connection events. (In the legacy Console application, these events are included in the Console event log.)

You can manipulate the table data in several ways to customize the view for your own needs:

- Select the drop-down arrow to open the drop-down list and select an application to include in the Events table.
- Select on the column headings to sort column data in ascending or descending order.
- Hide or display different columns by selecting on a column heading drop-down arrow and selecting the column options from the menu.
- Select any row in the table to open a window that displays Event Details.

## **Event Log Column Definitions**

Following are definitions of the Event Log table columns:

**Severity** — Indicates the potential impact of the event or trap. Hold the mouse pointer over a Severity icon to display a tool tip that provides the severity: Alert, Critical, Debug, Emergency, Error, Info, Notice, Warning. For traps, this column shows the Severity as defined in the trapd.conf file.

Event Type — Displays the application to which the event or trap is associated.

**Category** — Shows the category defined in the trapd.conf file for traps. For other events, it indicates the source of the information, either a Console Poller, local log, syslog, trap log, Error (java exceptions), etc.

Date/Time — Shows the date and time when an event or trap occurred.

**Source** — Shows the IP address of the host that was the source of the event or trap. If you want to display the source as a hostname (if available) you can set that option in the Suite-wide Alarm/Event Logs and Tables options.

**Subcomponent** — If the event or trap can identify a specific subcomponent of a device (or other source) which pinpoints the location of the problem, it is displayed here. One example of a subcomponent is an interface on a device.

Client – Displays the hostname of the source of the event.

User – The user that performed the action that triggered the event.

Type - Identifies the type of information for this row (event or trap).

**Event** — Shows the type of event or trap. For traps, this column shows the name of the event as defined in the trapd.conf file.

Information – Shows an summary explanation of the event or trap.

## **Event Configuration**

Use the **Event Configuration** tab on the **Alarms & Events** tab to configure the source of information gathered in the event log, the name and location of the log file, and the format of the log pattern.

Alarms Ala	arm Configuration Events Event Configuration	Q	?	≡
🔾 Add 📝	Edit 😑 Delete			c
Title 1	Source(s)			
Application Analyt	ics appldEvent			-
Console	console,adminEvent,wirelessEvent			
Fabric Manager	Fabric Manager			
Inventory	inventory			
NAC	tamEvent			
Policy	Policy			
Scheduler	nsScheduleEvent			12
Syslog	Syslog			
Event Logs	Event Patterns			
📄 Edit				c
Name	Description Pattern			
adminEvent	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern			^
appIdEvent	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern			
console	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern			
Fabric Manager	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern			
inventory	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern			
nacApplianceEver	t File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern			
nsScheduleEvent	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern			

## **Buttons, Search Field, and Paging Toolbar**

Filter 🐾

Use the <u>filter functions</u> to view, modify, apply, or remove filters from a table column. You can filter multiple columns in a table.

## Search 🔍

The <u>search tool</u> enables you to search for full or partial matches on fields in the table.

Paging Toolbar << < | Page | 1 of 2 | > >>

The <u>paging toolbar</u> provides four buttons that let you easily page through the table: first, previous, next, and last page.

### Refresh 😂

Use the <u>refresh button</u> to update the data in the table.

## Reset 🔜 Reset

The <u>reset button</u> clears the search field and search results, clears all filters, and refreshes the table.

### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Administration
- <u>Network</u>
- <u>Reports</u>
- <u>Search</u>
- <u>Wireless</u>

# **Alarm History**

Extreme Management Center records alarm information whenever an alarm is raised and whenever an alarm is cleared, and displays the records in the Alarm History window, allowing you to view information about current and past alarms.

If a triggering event is stored with a selected history record, you can view the event by clicking the View Trigger button. If there is no triggering event, the button is disabled. You can enable an option to preserve alarm triggering events and store them with the alarm history record in the Alarm History section of the Alarm Options (Administration > Options > Alarm).

Use the following instructions to access the Alarm History window from the **Alarms** tab:

- 1. Select the alarm in the table for which you want to view the alarm history.
- 2. Click the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ).
- 3. Select the criteria by which the alarm history is displayed from the **Menu** drop-down list:
  - a. Select **Alarm History > All** to view the Alarm History for all devices.
  - b. Select Alarm History > By Source to view an Alarm History for that device. If the Source includes a subcomponent (such as an interface on the device), then the alarm history is specific to that subcomponent.
  - c. Select **Alarm History** > **By Alarm Name** to view an Alarm History for a specific alarm.

Q					
š	Timestamp	Source	Alarm	Information	Reason
	1/4/2017 9:40:0		Device Down	SNMP Contact Lost: No SN	
•	1/4/2017 9:41:0		Device Up cleared Device Down	SNMP Contact Established:	
	1/4/2017 11:13:		Access Control Lost Contact	Full Loss of Contact to Swit	
	1/4/2017 11:17:		Application Analytics No Bidir	No bidirectional traffic seen	
	1/4/2017 4:12:2		Device Down	SNMP Contact Lost: No SN	
3	1/4/2017 4:20:1		Device Up cleared Device Down	SNMP Contact Established:	
	1/4/2017 4:24:1		Application Analytics Engine	Contact lost with Application	
	1/4/2017 4:26:3		Device Down	SNMP Contact Lost: No SN	
3	1/4/2017 4:28:1		Device Up cleared Device Down	SNMP Contact Established:	
	1/4/2017 4:29:3		Device Down	SNMP Contact Lost: No SN	
3	1/4/2017 4:38:1		Device Up cleared Device Down	SNMP Contact Established:	
3	1/4/2017 4:46:1		Application Analytics Engine	Contact established with Ap	
3	1/4/2017 5:06:5		Access Control Lost Contact	Full Loss of Contact to Swit	
•	1/4/2017 5:12:1		Access Control Lost Contact	Full Loss of Contact to Swit	
«	< Page 1	of 1   > >   🕽			Displaying Alarms 1 - 27 of

## **Alarm Limits**

To configure alarm action limits or an alarm (in the Actions tab of the Alarm Configuration window), right-click on an alarm history record and select Alarm Limits to open the Alarm Tracking Information window. This window displays the configured action limit, the number of times the action has been taken (Total Count), the number of times the action has been taken since the last reset, and the time of the next reset. You can also manually reset the alarm limit count using the Reset Count button. This resets the count for only this alarm on only this device or interface.

## **Alarm History Options**

Change certain alarm history parameters in the Alarm History section of the Alarm options (Administration > Options > Alarm).

• By default, the alarm history is maintained for 14 days. You can change the number of days in the options.

- By default, a history record is created the first time an alarm is raised on a device or interface, and also when it is cleared. Select Enable Detailed Alarm History in Administration > Options > Alarm so that repeat occurrences of an alarm being raised are also recorded.
- You can enable an option to preserve alarm triggering events, so that any triggering events are stored with the alarm history record. If a triggering event is stored with the currently selected history record, you can view the event by clicking the View Trigger button in the Alarm History window. If there is no triggering event, the button is disabled.

## **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

• Alarm Options

For information on related tasks:

• How to Configure Alarms

# **How to Configure Alarms**

Use the Alarm Configuration tab to configure network alarms that provide status information for a particular problem or condition on a particular network device. Alarms are triggered when certain trap or event conditions (called a trigger event) occur on your network, and they are tracked until the problem or condition is removed.

O Ad	d 👻 🧔 Ei	st 🛅 Copy 🤤 Delete 🔳							. C
Ena	Severity	Name †	Туре	Device Gro	Action	Limit Enabled	Max	Reset In	terval
1	🔺 Warning	AC Power Lost	Custom Criteria			1	5	1 Day	
1	Clear	AC Power Recovered	Custom Criteria			*	5	1 Day	
· ·	Clear	AP In Service	Custom Criteria			*	5	1 Day	
1	Critical	AP Out of Service	Custom Criteria			1	5	1 Day	
1	📰 Info	AP Radio Change	Custom Criteria			*	5	1 Day	
1	📑 Info	AP Radio OnOff	Custom Criteria			*	5	1 Day	
1	🔺 Warning	Access Control Assessment License Violation	Custom Criteria			*	5	1 Day	
1	Clear	Access Control Assessment License Violation Clear	Custom Criteria			1	5	1 Day	
	A Warning	Access Control Certificate Accepted With Expired CRL	Custom Criteria			*	5	1 Day	
	A Warning	Access Control Certificate Accepted Without CRL	Custom Criteria			*	5	1 Day	
1	🔳 Info	Access Control Certificate Expiring Notice	Custom Criteria				5	1 Day	
1	A Warning	Access Control Certificate Expiring Warning	Custom Criteria			*	5	1 Day	
1	Clear	Access Control Certificate Notice Cleared	Custom Criteria			1	5	1 Day	
	A Warning	Access Control Certificate Rejected With Expired CRL	Custom Criteria			*	5	1 Day	
	A Warning	Access Control Certificate Rejected Without CRL	Custom Criteria			~	5	1 Day	
1	Clear	Access Control Certificate Updated	Custom Criteria			1	5	1 Day	
1	Clear	Access Control Certificate Uses MD5 Signature Cleared	Custom Criteria				5	1 Day	
1	📑 Info	Access Control Certificate Uses MD5 Signature Notice	Custom Criteria			1	5	1 Day	
1	Clear	Access Control Certificate Warning Cleared	Custom Criteria				5	1 Day	
1	V Critical	Access Control Certificate has Invalid Date	Custom Criteria			1	5	1 Day	
1	A Warning	Access Control DNS Servers Unreachable	Custom Criteria			1	5	1 Day	
Contractor in the	<u></u>				<u>bhbhbhbh</u>				,

The alarm source, which is the device, interface, or AP that is the source of the trigger event, is considered to have an alarm until the alarm is cleared. You can view alarms and alarm status and clear alarms in the Alarms & Events > Alarms tab in Extreme Management Center. Using the Alarm Configuration tab, you can add a new alarm definition, which includes configuring the conditions (criteria) that triggers the alarm, and defining the actions performed to notify a person or network component about the problem, when the alarm is triggered.

You can create an alarm definition that detects a problem or condition and raises an alarm, and create an alarm definition that detects when the problem or condition is removed and clears the alarm. For example, a Device Down alarm is triggered when contact with a device is lost. Then, when contact is established with the device, the Device Up alarm automatically clears the Device Down alarm.

Extreme Management Center ships with a set of default alarm definitions, which you can see listed in the **Alarms** tab. You can use these default alarms as is, or enable, disable, delete or modify them, as desired.

This Help topic includes instructions for:

- Defining an Alarm
- Copying an Alarm
- Disabling Alarms
- Deleting Alarms
- <u>Configuring Email Settings</u>
- <u>Resetting Alarm Action Limits</u>
- Enabling/Disabling All
- <u>Restoring Default Alarms</u>
- <u>Viewing Alarms</u>
- <u>Clearing Alarms</u>

## **Defining an Alarm**

Use the Alarm Configuration tab to create new alarm definitions and define their criteria and actions, and to edit the criteria and actions for existing alarms.

There are six types of alarms, each using different criteria to establish the alarm definition.

- Custom Criteria Alarm Triggers an alarm when very specific criteria you define is met.
- Flow Alarm Flow alarms are used for reporting network traffic flow anomalies detected by the NetFlow flow collector. An alarm triggers when a flow matches criteria you configure.
- Selected Trap Alarm Triggers an alarm when a specific trap occurs. You are able to select from all the Trap IDs available for the devices modeled in the Extreme Management Center database.

- Severity Alarm Triggers an alarm when an event or trap occurs to which you assign a specific level of severity. Select an event severity level (Emergency, Alert, Critical, Error, Warning, Notice, or Info) and whether the alarm is triggered by traps, or events, or both.
- Status Change Alarm Triggers an alarm when the operational status for a device changes: Contact Lost triggers the alarm when contact with a device is lost, Contact Established triggers the alarm when contact is restored, and Both triggers the alarm when contact is lost and when contact is restored.
- Threshold Alarm Triggers the alarm when a specified value enters a defined range. For example, when CPU utilization exceeds 80% or when free disk space falls below 100 MB. There are two threshold alarm types: OneView and ExtremeAnalytics. This option is disabled if your Extreme Management Center license does not include Extreme Management Center features that support threshold alarms (such as device statistics collection) and you do not have an ExtremeAnalytics license.

## To create a new alarm definition:

1. Select the **Add** button and select the type of Alarm you are creating from the dropdown list. The **Alarm Configuration** window opens.

Alarm C	Configuration				×
Name:	Device CPL	J Usage			
Severity:	🔺 Warning				-
Enabled:					
Criteria	Actions	Other Options			
Thresh	bld				
Thres	hold Type:	OneView	•		
Statis	tic Type:	Device		•	
Statis	tic Name:	Device % CPU Lo	ad		-
		Device % CPU Lo Source: extreme0 etsysResourceCp	CpuMonitorTo		
Cross	when value:	goes abov 📼	90 🛟	2	
	earm when val	ue: goes below		;	
Additior	nal Criteria				
Sel	ect Groups				×
				Save	Cancel

- 2. Enter a name for your new alarm definition in the Name field.
- 3. Select the appropriate severity level of the alarm definition in the **Severity** dropdown list. The alarm can have its own specified severity regardless of the severity of the event or trap from which it is triggered.
  - ③ (question mark) Set from Source the alarm uses the severity level of the trigger event, for example a warning event.
  - **V** (Red) Critical A problem with significant implications.
  - • (Orange) Error A problem with limited implications.
  - $\land$  (Yellow) Warning A condition that might lead to a problem.
  - [(Blue) Info Information only; not a problem.

- (Green) Clear An alarm that clears another alarm (for example, Device Up).
- 4. Select the **Enabled** checkbox to activate the alarm definition. You can disable an alarm definition to deactivate it without deleting the definition.
- 5. Enter the criteria that triggers the alarm. Options in the **Criteria** tab vary depending on the type of alarm you are creating.
  - Selected Trap Alarm

Crite	eria	Actions	Othe	er Options						
Sele	cted .	Traps								
This window lets you select specific traps that, when they occur, will trigger an alarm. The window is accessed from the "Select Traps" button.										
l	🍺 Se	elect Traps								
E	interp	rise		Name		Severity	,			
Addit	itional	Criteria								
	Select	Groups					×			
						Save	Cancel			

- a. Select the Select Traps button. The Select Traps window opens.
- b. Select the traps that trigger the alarm.
- c. Select Save.
- d. Select **Select Groups** if the alarm only applies to a specific group of devices. Select the groups of devices in the Alarm Group Selection window and select **OK**. Not selecting any device groups means the alarm applies to all devices.

- e. Select the **Actions** tab to configure the actions performed when the alarm is triggered. Proceed to <u>Step 6 for information about configuring</u> <u>rule actions</u>.
- Severity Alarm

Criteria	Actions	Other Options			
Event/Ala	rm Criteria				
Event/A	larm Severit	y:	•		
() Tra	ps Only	O Events Only	Traps And Events		
Additional	l Criteria				
Selec	t Groups				×
				Save	Cancel

- a. Select the severity of the event or trap required to generate the alarm from the drop-down list (Emergency, Alert, Critical, Error, Warning, Notice, or Info). Traps or Events that occur and match the severity in this drop-down list trigger the alarm. For example, you can create a severity alarm with a Severity of Error that is triggered when a trap or event occurs with an Event/Alarm Severity of Alert.
- b. Select whether the alarm is triggered by traps, or events, or both.
- c. Select **Select Groups** if the alarm only applies to a specific group of devices. Select the groups of devices in the Alarm Group Selection window and select **OK**. Not selecting any device groups means the alarm applies to all devices.
- d. Select the **Actions** tab to configure the actions performed when the alarm is triggered. Proceed to <u>Step 6 for information about configuring</u> <u>rule actions</u>.

#### • Status Change Alarm

Criteria	Actions	Other Options			
Status Cr	iteria				
O Cor	ntact Lost 🔿	Contact Established	O Both		
Additional	Criteria				
Selec	t Groups				×
				Save	Cancel

- a. Select whether the alarm triggers when contact with a device is lost (Contact Lost), restored (**Contact Established**), or when contact is lost and when contact is regained (**Both**).
- b. Select **Select Groups** if the alarm only applies to a specific group of devices. Select the groups of devices in the Alarm Group Selection window and select **OK**. Not selecting any device groups means the alarm applies to all devices.
- c. Select the **Actions** tab to configure the actions performed when the alarm is triggered. Proceed to <u>Step 6 for information about configuring</u> <u>rule actions</u>.

#### • Flow Alarm

Criteria	Actions	Other Options				
Flow Crite	eria					
Match:		Flows from Network	*			
From Ne	etwork:				Invert:	
Configu	ire the alari	n that is raised:				
Alarm S	ource:					
Time un can be r again:		0	\$ Days	*		
Additional	Criteria					
Selec	t Groups					×
				Save		Cancel
						ourre or

- a. Select how the flow is matched to trigger a flow alarm in the **Match** drop-down list. Flow alarms are used for reporting network traffic flow anomalies detected by the NetFlow flow collector. NetFlow is a flow-based data collection protocol that provides information about the packet flows being sent over a network. K-Series, S-Series, and N-Series devices support NetFlow flow collection.
  - Flows from Network Match a flow's source IP address to the specified network.
  - Flows to Network Match a flow's destination IP address to the specified network.
  - Flows from Network from Port Match a flow's source IP address and port number to the specified network and port.
  - Flows from Port to Network Match a flow's source port number and destination IP address to the specified port and network.

- Flows from Network with low TTL Match a flow's source IP address and TTL value to the specified network and the TTL at or below value.
- b. Enter the Network or Port monitored by the flow alarm
  - From/To Network A network is identified as a set of IP masks. The mask is used as a filter to define a range of IP addresses. Masks can be entered in CIDR or dotted-decimal format.
    - CIDR CIDR format uses a slash followed by a number between 8 and 32, to define the number of contiguous, leftmost "one" bits that define the network mask. For example, /16 indicates a 16-bit mask. Here is an example of a From/To Network value using the CIDR format: 10.20.0.0/16,10.20.0.0/24
    - Dotted-Decimal Dotted decimal format represents network masks as four octets separated by periods. For example, a 16bit mask in dotted decimal notation is 255.255.0.0. Here is an example of a From/To Network value using the dotteddecimal format:

10.20.0.0/255.255.0.0,10.20.88.0/255.255.255.0

- For example, if you entered either 10.20.0.0/16 (CIDR) or 10.20.0.0/255.255.0.0 (Dotted-Decimal) in the From/To Network field, then all incoming packets in the range 10.20.00.00 through 10.20.255.255 would result in an address match.
- From Port Enter the port number to be matched.
- TTL at or below Enter a value that triggers an alarm when the TTL value in the packet's TTL field is equal to or less than the value entered.
- Select the **Invert** checkbox if you want the flow criteria to trigger the alarm when it does **not** match the specified values.
- c. Enter a phrase in the Alarm Source field used as the source of the alarm.
- d. Enter the amount of time, in minutes, hours, or days that must pass until the alarm can trigger again in the **Time until alarm can be raised again** field. This prevents a large number of alarms being triggered, if many flows match the alarm criteria. If you select **Never**, the alarm only

triggers one time. Once you manually clear the alarm, it can be triggered again.

- e. Select **Select Groups** if the alarm only applies to a specific group of devices. Select the groups of devices in the Alarm Group Selection window and select **OK**. Not selecting any device groups means the alarm applies to all devices.
- f. Select the **Actions** tab to configure the actions performed when the alarm is triggered. Proceed to <u>Step 6 for information about configuring</u> <u>rule actions</u>.
- Custom Criteria Alarm

Criteria	Actions	Other Options					
Custom (	Custom Criteria						
<b>O</b> A	dd 👻 😡	Edit 🥥 Remove					
Match	on:						
Additiona	I Criteria						
Selec	t Groups		×				
		Save	Cancel				

- a. Select the **Add** drop-down list and select the criteria by which the alarm triggers.
  - Severity Criteria Select one or more severity levels against which to match.
    - Match Selected The reported Severity is matched against any of the Severity levels selected in the list.

- Exclude Selected The reported Severity matches if it is not one of the Severity levels selected in the list.
- Category Criteria Select one or more event categories to match against the Category column of the event. An event category is a way to group related events. For example, all events related to device discovery would be in the "Discover" category.
  - Match Selected The reported Category is matched against any of the categories selected in the list.
  - Exclude Selected The reported Category matches if it is not one of the categories selected in the list.
- **Type Criteria** Select one or more message types (Event, Inform, Trap) to match against the Type column of the event.
  - Match Selected The reported Type is matched against any of the types selected in the list.
  - Exclude Selected The reported Type matches if it is not one of the message types selected in the list.
- Event Criteria Select one or more event types to match against the Event column of the event.
  - Match Selected The reported Event is matched against any of the event types selected in the list.
  - Exclude Selected The reported Event matches if it is not one of the event types selected in the list.
- Host or IP Criteria Select one or more host names or IP/Subnet addresses to match against the value of the address appearing in the Source column of the event. The list of host names and IP/ Subnet addresses can be edited by selecting the Edit List button.
  - Match Selected The reported host name or IP/Subnet address is matched against any of the host or IP/Subnets selected in the list.
  - Exclude Selected The reported host name or IP/Subnet address matches if it is not one of the host or IP/Subnets selected in the list.
- Log Criteria Select one or more Event Logs against which to match.

- Match Selected The log where the event was received is matched against any of the logs selected in the list.
- Exclude Selected The log where the event was received matches if it is not one of the logs selected in the list.
- Information Criteria Select one or more text strings (phrases) to match against text in the Information column of the event or trap. The list of text phrases can be edited by selecting the Edit List button.
  - Match Selected The information text string is matched against one or more phrase selected from the list.
  - Exclude Selected The information text string matches if it is not one of the phrases selected from the list.
- b. Select Groups if the alarm only applies to a specific group of devices. Select the groups of devices in the Alarm Group Selection window and select OK. Not selecting any device groups means the alarm applies to all devices.
- c. Select the **Actions** tab to configure the actions performed when the alarm is triggered. Proceed to <u>Step 6 for information about configuring</u> <u>rule actions</u>.

### • Threshold Alarm

Criteria	Actions	Other Options						
Threshold								
Thresho	ld Type:	OneView	•					
Statistic	Туре:	Device				•		
Statistic	Name:	Device % CPU Load						-
Device % CPU Load. Aggregate CPU load across all. Source: extremeCpuMonitorTotalUtilization or etsysResourceCpuLoad5min					oss all.			
Cross w	hen value:	goes abov 📼	90		\$			
Rearm when val		ue: goes below			\$			
Additional	Criteria							
Selec	t Groups							×
						S	ave	Cancel

- a. Select a Threshold Type.
  - **OneView** The Extreme Management Center (formerly OneView) Collector gathers historical reporting data over time, which is then used in Extreme Management Center reports. Threshold alarms are raised when the reporting data matches a threshold alarm criteria.
  - ExtremeAnalytics The ExtremeAnalytics engine generates ExtremeAnalytics threshold alarms as part of the application usage collection process. Threshold alarms are raised when hourly or high-rate usage data matches a threshold alarm criteria. Each target record produced on the ExtremeAnalytics engine is evaluated at the end of each collection interval to see if it matches alarm criteria. If a statistic has crossed a configured threshold, an alarm in raised. Alarms can track single target types as well as target combinations. They can reference specific targets, for example a specific application such as Facebook, or they can

reference all the targets in a target type, for example all applications. Only the target types and target combinations that are collected by ExtremeAnalytics can be used in alarms.

- b. Select the criteria against which the threshold is compared.
- c. Enter the threshold value. When the value crosses the established threshold for the criteria you select, the alarm triggers.
- d. Select **Select Groups** if the alarm only applies to a specific group of devices. Select the groups of devices in the Alarm Group Selection window and select **OK**. Not selecting any device groups means the alarm applies to all devices.
- e. Select the **Actions** tab to configure the actions performed when the alarm is triggered. Proceed to <u>Step 6 for information about configuring</u> <u>rule actions</u>.
- 6. Select the **Add** drop-down list to select the actions performed when the alarm is triggered.

Criteria	Actions	Other Options
Add	🔹 😥 E	dit 🥥 Remove Test
Actions		
Alarm Su		

S Enable Alarm Action Limit						
Max Count:	5	÷				
Reset Interval:	1	\$	Days	*		

Add Email Action — Sends an email when the alarm is triggered. Use the
Destination drop-down list to select one of your pre-defined email lists.
Extreme Management Center comes preloaded with a default email list called
Helpdesk. You can rename this list, but it cannot be deleted. Select the Edit
Email Lists button to define a new list. (You must have your SMTP E-Mail

Server options configured.) There are default formats for the subject and body of the email you can override by selecting the **Override Content** checkbox. You can view a list of alarm keywords by selecting **Show Keywords**. Select the **Save** button to save the email action to the list of actions for the alarm definition.

- Add Syslog Action Creates a syslog message when the alarm is triggered. Enter the IP address or hostname that identifies the syslog server where the message is sent. There is a default format for the syslog message sent to the server you can override by selecting the Override Content checkbox. You can view a list of alarm keywords by selecting Show Keywords. Select the Save button to save the syslog action to the list of actions for the alarm definition.
- Add Trap Action Sends an SNMP trap when the alarm is triggered. Enter the IP address for a trap receiver where the trap is sent in the Trap Server field. Valid trap receivers are systems running an SNMP Trap Service. From the Credential drop-down list, select the appropriate SNMP credential to use when sending the trap to the trap receiver. Credentials are defined in the Profiles/Credentials tab in the Authorization/Device Access window (Tools > Authorization/Device Access). There is a default format for the trap message you can override by selecting the Override Content checkbox. You can view a list of alarm keywords by selecting Show Keywords. Select the Save button to save the trap action to the list of actions for the alarm definition.
- Add Custom Action Runs a custom program or script on the Extreme Management Center Server when the alarm is triggered. In the **Program** field, enter the name of the program. In the **Working Directory** field, enter the path to the directory from which the program is executed. Any path references within your program that are not absolute paths, are relative to the working directory. There is a default set of arguments passed to the program you can override by selecting the **Override Content** checkbox. You can view a list of alarm keywords by selecting **Show Keywords**. Select the **Save** button to save the email action to the list of actions for the alarm definition.
- Add Task Action Runs a task action when the alarm is triggered. Task actions are included in workflows. Selecting Task Action from the Add drop-down list opens the Add Task Action window, from which you can select a task from the Tasks drop-down list to include in a workflow.
- External Workflow Action Runs a workflow action configured via a thirdparty application, such as StackStorm, when the alarm is triggered. Select External Workflow Action and then select a third-party application workflow.

- If you want to set a limit on the number of times the system performs the alarm action for this alarm, check Enable Alarm Action Limit and type a number into the Max Count field. Once the limit is reached, the alarm is still recorded, but no further actions are performed. If you have configured multiple action types, the limit is for the number of times the set of configured actions is performed, not for each individual action. Each alarm source has its own action count for an alarm, so when the Max Count limit is reached for one alarm source, actions may still occur for other alarms from that alarm source as well as for other alarm sources. If Save is not checked, there is no limit placed on the number of times the action is performed.
- You can specify a **Reset Interval**, which automatically resets the action count after the time limit specified, allowing actions to resume for that alarm source. If the reset interval is set to **None**, then once the alarm limit is reached, the alarm does not reset unless manually reset.
- You can test an alarm action by selecting the **Test** button. (You must save an alarm before you can test it.) You can also override the action.

7	In the <b>Other</b>	Options subtab,	select how you	want to	clear the alarr	n
/.		options subtub,	Sciect now you	want to		

Criteria	Actions	Other Options						
Clear Conditions								
No Current Alarm (action  only):								
Cleared	by Alarms:				×			
				Save	Cancel			

- No Current Alarm (action only) When this option is selected, the trigger event causes the system to perform the configured actions, but does not raise an alarm that becomes associated with the alarm source. The alarm status of the alarm source does not change, and no alarm is added to the system.
- Cleared by Alarm This option allows you to select the alarm(s) used to clear the alarm you are defining. You must first create the alarm definitions for the clearing alarms, which must have the alarm severity set to "Clear". The clearing alarms are triggered when the problem or condition is removed. Then, use the Select Alarms button to open a window to select one or more clearing alarms that clear the alarm you are defining.
- 8. Select **Save** to create the alarm and close the Alarm Configuration window.

## To modify an existing alarm:

- 1. In the Alarm Configurations view, select the alarm definition you want to change.
- 2. Double-click the Alarm Definition. You can also select the **Edit** button or right-click the alarm definition, and select **Edit**. The Alarm Configuration window opens.

Alarm Configuration : AC Power Lost	×
Severity: 🔺 Warning	-
Enabled: 🗹	
Criteria Actions Other Options	
Custom Criteria	
🗿 Add 👻 😥 Edit 🤤 Remove	
Match on:	
Log entry of nacApplianceEvent or console or appldEvent	
Phrase of "Power Supply AC lost - Asserted"	
Additional Criteria	
Select Groups	×
Save	Cancel

- 3. Edit the necessary fields. For additional information, see <u>To create a new alarm</u> <u>definition</u>.
- 4. Select Save to edit the alarm definition and close the Alarm Configuration window.

## **Copying an Alarm**

You can also copy and modify existing alarm definitions using the **Alarm Configuration**. This provides you with a template from which to configure a new alarm. To copy an alarm, right-click the alarm and select **Copy** to open the Copy Alarm Definition window. Enter a unique name for the new alarm and select **OK**. You can then <u>edit the alarm</u> to the desired configuration.

## **Disabling Alarms**

There may be times when you want to disable an alarm definition without deleting it. For example, you might want to temporarily disable a Device Down alarm definition while you are performing maintenance on that device.

To disable an alarm, open the Alarm Configuration view, right-click the alarm you want to disable, and select **Disable**.

## **Deleting Alarms**

To completely remove an alarm definition you no longer use, you can delete the alarm definition from Extreme Management Center.

To delete an alarm, open the Alarm Configuration view, select the alarm definition you want to delete, and select the **Delete** button.

## **Configuring Email Settings**

From the Alarm Configuration tab, you can configure or edit the email address to which alarm information is sent for an alarm definition when the alarm is triggered.

To configure the email address to which alarm information is sent, open the Alarm Configuration tab, select the alarm definition for which you want to configure or change the email settings, select the Menu icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click the alarm definition and select the Edit button. Email actions are configured on the Actions tab of the Alarm Configuration window.

## **Resetting Alarm Action Limits**

Once an action limit is reached for an alarm, the action no longer occurs when an alarm triggers. From the **Alarm Configuration** tab, you can reset the action limits for your alarms so the actions occur when an alarm is triggered.

To reset the action limits, open the Alarm Configuration tab, select the alarm definition for which you want to reset the action limits, select the Menu icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click the alarm definition and select Reset Alarm Action Limits.

## Enabling/Disabling All

From the **Alarm Configuration** tab, you can enable or disable all of your alarms at once.

To enable or disable all of your alarms, open the Alarm Configuration tab, select the Menu icon (≡), and select Enable All or Disable All, respectively.

## **Restoring Default Alarms**

From the **Alarm Configuration** tab, you can restore the default alarms that you delete or modify.

To restore the default alarms, open the Alarm Configuration tab, select the Menu icon ( $\equiv$ ), and select Restore Default Alarms.

**NOTE:** The time required to restore default alarms can vary. When the process is complete, you are notified by a confirmation window.

## **Viewing Alarms**

You can view device/alarm status in multiple places throughout Extreme Management Center.

## Extreme Management Center

Every Extreme Management Center page includes a system-wide Alarm Summary in the lower right corner. This indicates the number of current alarms for each severity (Critical, Error, Warning, and Info) that is present in the entire system. If there are no current alarms, the status displays all zeroes. Select on an indicator to open the **Alarms** tab filtered to display the alarms of that severity.



# Alarms & Events Tab

View current alarm information in the Alarms & Events > Alarms tab. Use the configuration menu button or right-click on an alarm to clear the selected alarm or all alarms. If desired, you can supply a reason you cleared the alarm, which is recorded in the Alarm History.

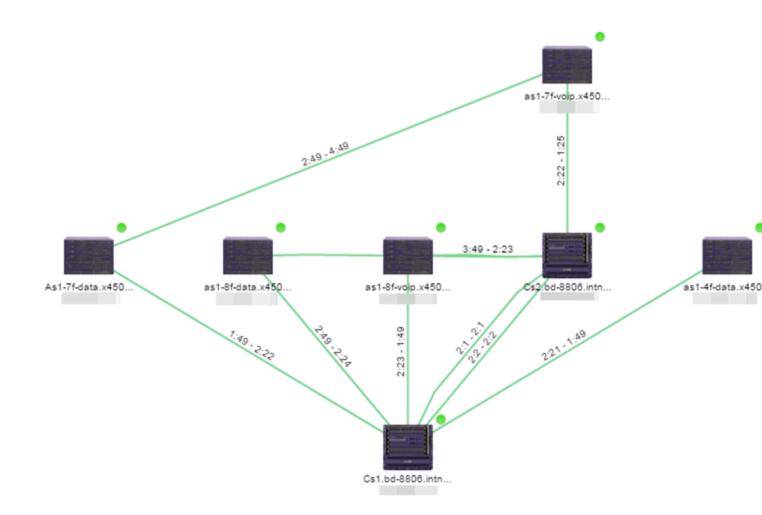
Alarms	Alarm Config	guration	Events	Event Configura	ation		Q ? E
							Q Refresh Off
Severity	Alarm Name	Last Seen	Ļ	First Seen	Seen Count	Source	Information
	Device Availabil	2018/09/03	3:22:50	2018/08/21 16:43:17	13		Device Availability: Impact is Medium, changed
•	Device Down	2018/08/21	16:42:17	2018/08/21 16:42:17	1	BEB-4826-210.42	SNMP Contact Lost: No SNMP reply from devic.
•	Device Down	2018/08/07	8:25:52	2018/08/07 8:25:52	1	BCB-VSP9K-210	SNMP Contact Lost: No SNMP reply from devic.
•	Device Down	2018/08/07	8:25:52	2018/08/07 8:25:52	1	ERS-8606	SNMP Contact Lost: No SNMP reply from devic.
•	Devices with Re	2018/06/11	8:49:49	2018/06/11 8:49:49	1		Devices with Reference Firmware: Impact is Hi
•	Archived Devic	2018/06/11	8:49:49	2018/06/11 8:49:49	1		Archived Devices: Impact is High, changed whe.
« <	Page 1 of	ı   > _≫	C				Displaying 1 - 6
	1 Last Upd	lated: 2018/09/05	9:04:22 Upt	ime: 0 Days 00:34:10			Operations 🕘 🗘 👩 💽 👥

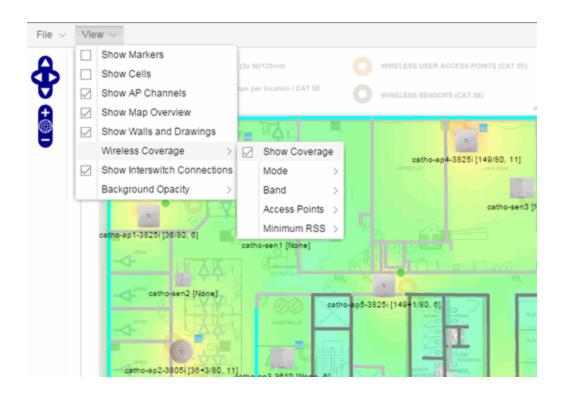
# Network Tab

View the alarm status for a device in the **Status** column from within the My Network navigation tree on the **Network** tab. The colored circle indicates the severity of the most severe alarm on the device. A green icon indicates that there are no alarms and the device is up. A red icon indicates a critical alarm or the device is down. Double-click on the **Status** icon to open a new page with detailed information about the alarms for that device. For additional information, see Network tab help topic.

							😤 Show Filter	s   Q
Stat	Name †	IP Address	Device Type	Family	Firmware	Updates	Policy Domain	Boot Pl
•			К6	K-Series	08.80.01.001		Default Policy Domain	01.01.
٠			Virtual Acces	Extreme Con	7.0.8.DEV			
•			SSA-T4068-0	S-Series	08.32.01.0022			01.01.
٠			Matrix N7 Gold	Matrix N-Seri	07.62.01.0004			01.00.
•			6H252-17	Matrix E-Seri	05.08.30			03.06.
•			6H302-48	Matrix E-Seri	05.08.18			03.03.
•			6H262-18	Matrix E-Seri	05.08.29			03.06.
•			C5G124-48P2	C-Series	06.81.04.0001			02.01.
•			1H582-51	Matrix E-Seri	03.07.32			01.02
٠			X450-G2-48t	Summit Series	16.1.1.1			1.0.1.
•			B3G124-48	B-Series	06.61.12.0005			01.00.
•			A4H254-8F8T	A-Series	06.81.08.0005			01.00.
								•
< < 1	Page 1	of 1 $ $ $>$ $ \gg$	😂   🌉 Rese	t   🔚 Bookma	ark		Displaying Devices 1 - 2	210 of 210

View the alarm status for a device in device maps, found in the World map navigation tree. Topology and geographic maps show the status of devices in your network and floor plans show the status of wireless access points. As with devices in the My Network navigation tree, the colored circle associated with a device or access point in a map indicates the severity of the most severe alarm on the device. For additional information, see View and Search Maps.





# **Clearing Alarms**

An alarm can be cleared manually or automatically.

# To clear an alarm manually:

In the Alarms & Events > Alarms tab, Menu icon ( $\equiv$ ) in the upper left corner or right-click on an alarm to clear the selected alarm or all alarms. If desired, you can supply a reason that the alarm was cleared, which is recorded in the Alarm History.

#### To clear an alarm automatically:

An alarm is cleared automatically by another alarm called a "Clearing Alarm". For example, you can create a Device Up alarm so that when contact is established with a device, the alarm automatically clears a Device Down alarm.

Clearing Alarms are configured in the Alarm Configuration window with an **Alarm Severity** set to **Clear**. The alarm is defined so that when it is triggered, it removes an alarm rather than adds one.

# **Buttons, Search Field, and Paging Toolbar**

# Filter 🐾

Use the <u>filter functions</u> to view, modify, apply, or remove filters from a table column. You can filter multiple columns in a table.

# Search 🔍

The <u>search tool</u> enables you to search for full or partial matches on fields in the table.

Paging Toolbar  $\ll$  < | Page | 1 of 2 | >  $\gg$ 

The <u>paging toolbar</u> provides four buttons that let you easily page through the table: first, previous, next, and last page.

# Refresh 😂

Use the <u>refresh button</u> to update the data in the table.

Reset 🔜 Reset

The <u>reset button</u> clears the search field and search results, clears all filters, and refreshes the table.

# **Related Information**

For information on related concepts:

• Alarms & Events

# **Event Configuration Tab**

Use the **Event Configuration** tab to display the event types used in the **Events** tab. Additionally use the tab to add, edit, or delete those event types, which allows you to filter events in the event log based on event types you define.

**NOTE:** Access Control Audit, Access Control Engine, Admin, Console View, Compliance, Wireless, and Wireless Audit Event Types are not configurable and not displayed on the Event Configuration tab.

The tab contains three sections:

- Event Type
- Event Logs
- Event Patterns

# **Event Type**

Use the Event Type section of the tab to display a list of the event types configured in Extreme Management Center. Configure Event Types to name and sort events and traps based on the source from which they are generated. Additionally, you can use event types to combine and filter events and traps observed in Extreme Management Center on the **Events** tab.

Alarms Al	arm Configu	ration Events	Event Configuration		Q	?	≡
🔾 Add 💈	Edit 🤤	Delete					c
Title †		Source(s)					
Application Analyt	ics	appIdEvent					
Console		console,adminEvent,v	virelessEvent				
Fabric Manager		Fabric Manager					
Inventory		inventory					
NAC		tamEvent					
Policy		Policy					
Scheduler		nsScheduleEvent					
Syslog		Syslog					
Event Logs	Event Patte	rns					
💓 Edit							o
Name		Description		Pattern			
adminEvent		File /home/dwhite/git/r	netsight/build/dist/appdata/	NetSight Log Pattern			1
appIdEvent		File /home/dwhite/git/r	netsight/build/dist/appdata/	NetSight Log Pattern			
console		File /home/dwhite/git/r	netsight/build/dist/appdata/	NetSight Log Pattern			
Fabric Manager		File /home/dwhite/git/r	netsight/build/dist/appdata/	NetSight Log Pattern			
inventory		File /home/dwhite/git/r	netsight/build/dist/appdata/	NetSight Log Pattern			
nacApplianceEver	nt	File /home/dwhite/git/r	netsight/build/dist/appdata/	NetSight Log Pattern			
nsScheduleEvent		File /home/dwhite/git/r	a stain the side of standards (	NetSight Log Pattern			

#### Title

Displays the name of the event type. For system-defined event types, this is the application or area of functionality from which the event or trap is generated.

# Source(s)

Displays the hostname of the source of the event or trap. To display the IP address of the host from which the event or trap is generated as the source, select the **Display Host Name in Source Column When Available** checkbox in the **Alarm/Event Logs and Tables** options.

#### Add

Adds a new event type to the list. The **Add Event Type** window opens, which allows you to enter a **Name** and select a **Source** from the drop-down list.

#### Edit

Edits the event type you select in the list. The **Edit Event Type** window opens, which allows you to modify the sources from which the events and traps are generated.

Delete

Deletes an event type you select from the list.

**NOTE:** You can only delete user-defined event types.

# **Event Logs**

The **Event Logs** tab contains a list of the event and trap sources and displays the file locations in which the logs are saved. Additionally, the tab shows the log pattern, which you can configure on the <u>Event Patterns tab</u>.

Event Logs	ent Logs Event Patterns									
🔯 Edit		C								
Name	Description Pattern									
adminEvent	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern	^								
appIdEvent	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern									
console	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern									
Fabric Manager	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern	- 1								
inventory	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern									
nacApplianceEver	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern									
nsScheduleEvent	File /home/dwhite/git/netsight/build/dist/appdata/ NetSight Log Pattern	*								

# Name

Displays the name of the Event Log. The Name Format (IP Address, System Name, Nickname) is what you selected in the **Device Tree** section of the <u>Administration ></u> <u>Options tab</u>. By default, **Names** indicate the location in Extreme Management Center from which the event is generated.

# Description

Displays the name and location of the log file.

# Pattern

Displays the pattern Extreme Management Center uses when generating the log file. This is vendor-specific depending on the type of device on which Extreme Management Center is generating the log. You can configure the pattern on the <u>Event Patterns tab</u>.

Click the **Edit** button to open the **Edit Event Log** window, where you can edit the log information.

Edit Event Log: appldEvent							
Name:	appIdEvent						
File:	appid						
Server Path:	%logdir%						
Pattern:	NetSight Log Pattern						
	Save Cancel						

#### Name

Enter the name of the event log.

### File

Enter the name of the log file.

#### Server Path

Enter location of the log file.

#### Pattern

Select the logging pattern for the log file. Configure the logging pattern on the **Event Patterns** tab.

# **Event Patterns**

This tab lists the logging patterns used to configure the information contained in the log file.

Event Logs Event Patterns	
Add	0
Name 1	Format
1X Plugin Pattern	%plugin%
Console 1.x Pattern	<%pri%>\t%pdate%\t%ptime%\t%cat%.%sev%.%user%\t%ip%\t%type%,%event
KIWI Pattern	%year%-%month%-%day% %time%\t%info%.%sev%\t%ip%\t%info%
NetSight Log Pattern	%discard%it%utc%it%cat%.%sevint%.%type%it%user%it%client%it%ip%it%ev
NetSight Syslog Pattern	<%pri%>%month%\w%day%\w%time%\w%ip%\w%info%
NetSight Trap Log Pattern	%trap%
Red Hat LINUX Syslog Pattern	%month%\w%day%\w%time%\w%client%\w%src%:%info%
UNIX Syslog Pattern	%month%\w%day% %time% [%discard%] %ip% %info%
Ubuntu LINUX Syslog ISO8601/RFC3339 Pattern	<%pri%>%utc%\w%src%\w%info%
Ubuntu LINUX Syslog Pattern	<%pri%>%month%\w%day%\w%time%\w%src%\w%info%
abc	%info%\n

#### Name

Enter the name of the event log pattern.

### Format

Displays the format of the information in the log file, which includes <u>event fields</u> and <u>delimiters</u>, to which a pattern is assigned. A field type full pattern is enclosed within angle brackets (<, >) to signify beginning and end. A newline (\n) is assumed at the end in this case, but could be made required using a delimiter character. Field types are placed within percentage symbols.

#### Add

Click to open the Add Event Pattern window, which allows you to create a new event pattern. In the Add Event Pattern window, enter a Name and define a format

#### Edit

Click to edit an existing user-defined event pattern you select in the list. The **Edit Event Pattern** window opens, which allows you to modify the **Name** and format using <u>event fields</u> and <u>delimiters</u>.

#### Delete

Click to delete an existing user-defined event pattern.

# **Field Types**

Click an Event Field in the table to add it to the **Format** field. The following Event Fields are available for event pattern formats:

#### %pri%

Priority string

### %pdate%

Parsed Date — Extreme Management Center is capable of interpreting several date formats. Use this field with %ptime% for most standard date/time formats. If this does not present the date correctly, use the following fields to parse the individual elements in the date.

### %date%

Parses date elements and places the parsed information into the Date/Time column.

### %month%, %day%, %year%

Separately parsed date elements. The parsed results are placed in the Date/Time column.

### %ptime%

Parsed Time — Extreme Management Center is capable of interpreting several time formats. Use this field with %pdate% for most standard date/time formats. If this does not present the time correctly, use separate fields to parse the individual elements in the time.

### %time%

Parses the time elements and places the parsed information into the Date/Time column.

# %hour%, %min%, %sec%, %ampm%

Separately parsed time elements. The parsed results are placed in the Date/Time column.

# %cat%

Category provides a means for sorting events (e.g., Poller, Application, Error).

# %sev%

Severity

# %user%

Username associated with the event.

#### %ip%

Host IP Address associated with the event.

# %type%

Type (Event or Trap).

# %event%

A more specific keyword/phrase for the event (i.e. "Contact Lost", "Contact Established").

# %info%

The information string.

# %discard%

Information that is not used. This is information that is skipped over to parse the next piece.

# Delimiters

Click a delimiter to add it to the pattern format. The Delimiters section of the window provides a list of characters you can use to separate information types in the selected file. The list contains two types of whitespace delimiters, whitespace and tab). Use tab when a single tab separates elements in the sample line or whitespace when the separator in the sample line is a tab, a series of tabs or series of spaces.

# **Related Information**

For information on related tasks:

• How to Configure Events

# Wireless

The **Wireless** tab in Extreme Management Center provides dashboards, Top N information, and detailed charts to help you monitor the overall status of your wireless network. Reports are flexible and interactive, allowing you to configure time ranges and data rollup values to use for each report. Use the report Search and Filter capabilities to narrow down the data shown in the report tables. Click on links in the reports to quickly drill down to more detailed information.

The **Menu** icon (≡) at the top of the screen provides links to additional information about your version of Extreme Management Center.

To view wireless reporting data, you must enable statistics collection for your wireless controller devices from either **Network** tab (or the legacy Console application in the device tree or **Device Properties** tab). On the **Network** tab, right-click on a wireless controller and select **Device > Collect Device Statistics**. In the Console device tree or **Device Properties** tab, right-click the controller and select the OneView **> Collect Device Statistics** checkbox. When you enable Wireless Controller statistics collection (which includes Wireless Controller, WLAN, Topology, and AP wired and wireless statistics), you also have the option to collect wireless client statistics. Extreme Management Center begins collecting data on the controller device it uses in its Wireless reports.

To view all Wireless reports, you must be a member of an authorization group that has been assigned <u>full read access capabilities</u> to all of the Extreme Management Center tabs and reports.

This Help topic provides information on each Wireless report, plus a section on helpful report features and functionality.

- Dashboard
- <u>Network</u>
- <u>Controllers</u>
- Access Points
- <u>Clients</u>
- Threats
- Reports

# Dashboard

The Dashboard menu in the upper left corner provides access to the Dashboard report and the Overview report, as well as additional Top N and summary reports on your wireless devices and clients.

# Overview Report

The Overview displays a selection of reports that provide highly summarized information about your wireless network. Click the **Gear** button () to open additional fields from which you can configure the information presented in the reports.

Click on links to drill down for more information. Use the drop-down menus to select the date, time, and whether to display Daily, Hourly, or Raw Data.

# Wireless Network Summary Report

The Wireless Network Summary dashboard displays three reports displaying the wireless client information, wireless and wired bandwidth usage, and the number of active APs in your network.

Use the drop-down menus to select the time displayed and whether to display Daily, Hourly, or Raw Data.

# Network

The **Network** tab presents a top-level wireless network summary report along with additional reports on wireless mobility zones, virtual networks, controllers, and AP groups. These context sensitive reports include data-point rollovers and drill-down links to additional detailed reports, as well as the ability to launch local management.

Reports are presented in a familiar wireless component tree structure similar to how components are displayed in Wireless Manager. Clicking on any node in the tree provides contextual information for that node.

Select **Discover All Controllers** in the **Tools** menu at the bottom of the tree panel to perform a discover operation that looks for any configuration changes on your wireless controllers with <u>device statistics collection enabled</u>. In addition, you can select **Discover Controller** to rediscover a single controller. Select the

ē (

controller in the tree, click the down arrow next to the **Discover** button and select **Discover Controller**.

Click **Manage Controllers** in the menu at the bottom of the tree panel to open the ExtremeWireless Assistant where you can remotely manage your wireless controllers.

# Controllers

This report displays summary information for each controller. Click on the Controller IP address link to open a report that shows APs by channel, clients by protocol, clients by WLAN, clients, and bandwidth usage information for just that controller.

Ε	Extreme									
*	Network •	Dashboard	Network	Controller	s Acce	ess Points	lients Thre	ats Reports		
۰	Alarms & Events	Controller †	Cli Band	w Active	Role None	Mobility Zone	Version 10.11.03.0001	Client History	Availability	
6	Control •									
2	Analytics									
Ş	Wireless									
Lau1	Reports									
쓭	Administration									
Co	nnect									
	+	(	] Last	Updated: 1/8/2017 (	3:24:21 PM (	Uptime: 4 Days 05:29	.03		Operation	s ii

# **Access Points**

This report displays summary information for all the Access Points on your wireless network. Hover over the far left column and click on the gray arrow 💌 to open the AP Details window that provides controller, bandwidth, and client information. Click on a single AP name link to open an in-depth AP Summary view for the selected AP.

Click on an AP Status icon to open a table listing the current alarms for the AP. Right-click on a single AP to access a menu of AP reports. Right-click on an AP and select **Search Maps** to open a map with the AP in the center.

Select one or more APs and use the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) in the upper left corner (or right-click on a row) to access various reports and perform various AP actions including:

- Refreshing/rediscovering the selected APs
- Editing AP location
- Setting AP orientation
- Adding selected APs to a specified Extreme Management Center map or to maps based on AP location
- Removing selected APs from associated maps
- Searching maps for the selected APs

Additionally, there are two methods of exporting the data in the table:

#### **Export to CSV**

Click to export all of the data in the table to a .CSV file. The exported data displays with any sorting, filtering, and searching applied.

#### **Export Selected to CSV**

Click to export the data in the currently selected row(s) in the table to a .CSV file. The exported data includes all columns in the table (including those not currently displayed).

# Clients

The Clients report provides information on wireless network clients and client events. The **Clients** sub-tab displays a list of the currently active clients on the wireless network. The **Client Events** tab shows a historical list of the add, delete, and update events for clients on the wireless network. Events are triggered by:

- Client session start and end
- Inter-AP roaming
- IP address change (including going from no IP address to having one)
- Authentication state change

Events must be collected to display event data in the **Clients** tab. To enable event collection, click the **Enable Event Collection** button at the bottom of the tab.

Select a client or client event in the report tables and use the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) in the upper left corner to access additional reports:

- Client History Opens a report displaying bandwidth, RSS, and packet statistics for the selected client. (You can also access the Client History report by clicking on a client's MAC address in the table.) From the Client History window, you can click a button to launch PortView for that client.
- Client PortView Launches a PortView for the client.
- Search Maps If the client is connected to a switch added to an Extreme Management Center map, the Maps sub-tab opens with the client centered on the map.
- AP Summary Opens a report displaying summary statistics for the client's AP. From the AP Summary window, you can click a button to launch a Wireless AP Radio Summary report and also launch PortView for the AP device. (You can also access the AP Summary report by clicking on the AP Name link in the Client Events table.)

Use the **Search** field to search the reports by specifying an active user name or host name, MAC address, active IP address, or AP name.

Additionally, there are two methods of exporting the data in the table:

# **Export to CSV**

Click to export all of the data in the table to a .CSV file. The exported data displays with any sorting, filtering, and searching applied.

# **Export Selected to CSV**

Click to export the data in the currently selected row(s) in the table to a .CSV file. This includes all of the columns in the table.

# **Client Events Report Options**

You can set data collection options for the Client Events report in the Wireless History Settings window accessed from Console OneView Collector options (Tools > Options > Console > OneView Collector > Wireless Collection > Edit Client History and Threat options). These options include setting the maximum number of client changes to store in the history and the maximum number of client events the report can request at one time.

You can also filter client events to include or exclude certain SSIDs using the Console OneView Collector options (Tools > Options > Console > OneView Collector > Wireless Collection > Edit Include/Exclude Filter List). This allows you to filter the history so only events for clients you are particularly interested in are displayed.

# Client Location Information

Mouse over the Location column in the report tables to view a tooltip that displays whether the client's location is based on triangulated (Triangulation) or Cell of Origin data. The tooltip also displays whether the client's location is currently being tracked by the controller and if it is on the controller's ondemand list.

To track clients, enable the "Locate Active Sessions" setting in the wireless controller's Location Engine Settings. When this setting is enabled, the controller's location engine automatically tracks the location of all associated clients up to the platform's limit (e.g. 2500 stations for C5210). Even if a client has a session on a controller, if the limit has been reached, the location engine may not be tracking that particular client. Use this tooltip to determine if the client is currently being tracked.

Clients added to the controller's on-demand list are always tracked, regardless of whether tracking is enabled and any platform limits. Place clients that require guaranteed location history on the controller's on-demand list, configured in the controller's Location Engine Settings. Clients on this list also receive better location detection than other tracked clients, minimizing the number of Cell of Origin location results.

For more information on configuring controller Location Engine Settings and on-demand lists, refer to the *Extreme Networks Convergence Software User Guide*. Refer to the section on "Configuring the Location Engine" in the Working with ExtremeWireless Radar chapter.

# Event Analyzer

The **Event Analyzer** tab provides information about wireless end-points connecting to your network.

# Threats

These reports show devices detected by the Radar WIDS-WIPS system as sources of threats or interference on the wireless network.

A threat source is a device detected to be performing one or more types of attacks on the wireless network.

An interference source is a device generating a radio signal interfering with the operation of the wireless network. An example of an interference source is a microwave oven, which can interfere with 2.4GHz transmissions.

There are four sub-tabs displaying active and historic data:

- Threats Lists only currently active threats.
- Threat Events Lists a historic record of threat events including active threats.
- Interference Lists only currently active sources of interference.
- Interference Events Lists a historic record of interference events including active sources of interference.

Following are definitions of the table columns and fields displayed in the subtabs.

# Status

The status of the threat or source of interference.

- Active An active threat or source of interference on the network.
- Inactive A threat or source of interference no longer active on the network.
- Aged A threat or source of interference not reported by Radar as having gone away and has not been seen for more than an hour.

# Туре

The type of threat or interference detected. Threats with no type display their category.

# Categories

Individual threat types are grouped into the following categories:

**NOTE:** You can set the maximum number of threat events to store in history in Console (Tools > Options > Console > OneView Collector > Wireless Collection > Edit Client History and Threat options).

- Ad Hoc Device A device in ad hoc mode can participate in direct device-to-device wireless networks. Devices in ad hoc mode are a security threat because they are prone to leaking information stored on file system shares and bridging to the authorized network.
- Cracking This refers to attempts to crack a password or network passphrase (such as a WPA-PSK). The Chop-Chop attack on WPA-PSK and WEP is an example of an active password cracking attack.
- Denial of Service (DoS) attacks
- External Honeypot An AP attempting to make itself a man-in-the-middle by advertising a popular SSID, such as an SSID advertised by a coffee shop or an airport.
- Internal Honeypot An AP attempting to make itself a man-in-the-middle by advertising an SSID belonging to the authorized network.
- Performance Performance issues pertain to overload conditions that cause a service impact. Performance issues aren't necessarily security issues, but many types of attacks do generate performance issues.
- Prohibited Device A MAC address or BSSID is detected that matches an address entered manually into the Radar database.
- Spoofed AP An AP not part of the authorized network is advertising a BSSID (MAC address) that belongs to an authorized AP on the authorized network.
- Client Spoof A device using the MAC address of another typically authorized station.
- Surveillance A device or application probing for information about the presence and services offered by a network.
- Chaff An attack that overloads a WIDS-WIPS causing it to miss more serious attacks or to go out of service. FakeAP is an example of a chaff attack.
- Unauth Bridge A device that forwards packets between networks without authorization to do so.
- Injection The attacker inserts packets into the communication between two devices so the devices believe the packet is coming from an authorized device.

# MAC Address

The MAC address to which this threat event applies. In the case of Spoofed AP, Internal Honeypot, or External Honeypot, it is the advertised BSSID of the threat AP.

# Start Time

The date and time the threat or source of interference is identified.

# Stop Time

The date and time the threat or source of interference stopped.

# **Countermeasures Applied**

Countermeasures the AP is taking against the threat. These include:

- Prevent authorized stations from roaming to external honeypot APs.
- Prevent any station from using an internal honeypot AP.
- Prevent authorized stations from roaming to friendly APs.
- Prevent any station from using a spoofed AP.
- Drop frames in a controlled fashion during a flood attack.
- Remove network access from clients in ad hoc mode.
- Remove network access from clients originating DoS attacks.
- None

# AP Name

Name of the AP reporting the threat or source of interference. Click on the link to open the AP Details window that provides controller, bandwidth, and client information.

From the AP History sub-tab, click the **Gear** menu  $\equiv$  in the upper right corner of the window to access a menu of additional AP reports.

# RSS

Receive signal strength (in dBm) of the threat or source of interference.

# Additional Details

Additional information including:

- frequency=<channel> or NA
- SSID=<SSID name>
- encryption=<WEP/WPA1/WPA2/WPA12>

# Search

Use the **Search** field at the top right of the window to search by threat type, threat category, MAC address, or AP name.

### **Refresh Interval**

Use the **Refresh** drop-down list at the top right of the window to specify an interval (in seconds) at which the threat or interference data is automatically refreshed. To stop auto refresh, select the **Refresh Off** option.

#### Search Maps

To locate an AP on a map, right-click on a threat and select **Search Maps**. If the AP is added to a map, the map opens with the AP centered on the map.

# Reports

The **Reports** tab allows you to view information about the APs, controllers, and wireless traffic on your network. Available reports are accessible via the **Reports** drop-down list at the top of the tab.

Click the **Export to CSV** button () to export the information contained in the report to your default CSV application, where it can then be manipulated or saved.

# **Report Features**

Extreme Management Center reports include the following features (depending on the report selected):

• Drill-down for Details — Link to summary reports containing more detailed information. For example, in the Controller Summary report, clicking on a controller shows a detailed report for that controller over time.

Host Name
nhsalwc2
nhsalwc1

- Interactive Tables Manipulate table data in several ways to customize the view for your own needs:
  - Click on the column headings to **perform an ascending or descending sort** on the column data.

- Hide or display different columns by clicking on a column heading drop-down arrow and selecting the column options from the menu.
- Filter, sort, and search the data in each column in the table.

APs Down Summary											
🐻 ~											
Sta	tus Name	;	$\sim$	IP Address							
	nhsal3	3825iap2	T 1	Sort Asce	nding						
	nhsal3	3825iap14	↓	Sort Desc	endin						
	nhsal	3825igap1	fran	Columns							
	nhsal	3825igap7	III	Columns							
	nynyc	:3825igap3		Filters	- 1						
	he - M	1000504	_	101111000	14						

• Interactive Charts — Use data-point rollovers for quick information on chart data. For example, in the Controller Summary report, rolling over the value reported for Bandwidth provides additional bandwidth statistics over time.

Controllers	Summa	ry						
Controller	Clients	Bandwidth	Active APs	Role	Mobility Zone	Version	Client History	Availability
				None		09.15.01.0121		
				None		09.15.01.0121		
	0	100.67 Kbs	0	Agent	MZ:	09.21.01.0179		
	83	8.61 Mbs	14	Manager	MZ:	09.21.01.0179		
	13006 15.12%	Minimu	ge: 6.07 Mb um: 78 Kbs um: 8.61 Mb					

• Sparkline Charts — View network trends in dense, succinct charts that present report data in an easy to read, condensed format. This provides you with a quick way to catch possible problem areas that you can investigate further. Rollover charts for additional information.

Client History	Availability

# **Related Information**

For information on related Extreme Management Center topics:

- Administration
- <u>Network</u>
- Alarms and Events
- <u>Reports</u>
- <u>Search</u>

# **Event Analyzer**

The **Event Analyzer** tab provides information about events caused by wireless end-points connecting to your network.

You can access the tab in a number of ways and the information presented changes depending on the method you use:

- Navigating via Wireless > Clients > Event Analyzer shows all end-points.
- Clicking a Location on the Wireless > Clients tab opens the Event Analyzer for the end-points that occurred for all APs in that Location.
- Clicking a MAC address on the Wireless > Clients tab opens the Event Analyzer for only that end-point.

When accessing the tab using the top two methods, a Clients section is available in the left-panel. This section provides you with the ability to display end-point events for specific AP locations.

Dashboard Net	work Cont	rollers	Access Point	s	Clients	т
Clients Client Ev	vents Event	Analyzer				
Clients				4	Start:	03
		$\nabla$	Show Filters	Q		
OV MAC Key	Host Name	User Nar	me Locatio	n		
Area: Unknow	vn (950 EndPo	ints)				
Area: /World/	Thornhill New (	(3 EndPoin	ts)			
🖬 🗏 Area: /World/	estArea2 (1 E	ndPoint)			4	L
🖸 🔲 Area: Thornh	ill (46 EndPoin	ts)				HM I
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« < Page 1	of 2   >	»   2	📑 Reset	Disp	£	-0

Once you select the appropriate end-points or areas, this section can be collapsed by clicking the left arrow.

The top of the tab contains a graph displaying the RSS (Received Signal Strength) for the end-point events.

The bottom contains a table showing information about each event.

Dash	board	Netwo	ork	Cor	ntrolle	Hrs.	Acce	iss Poi	nts	Clients	Th	reats	R	eport		lient	: C0:E	E:FB	04:2F	:98	×					
CO.E	E FB:04:2	F.98, 1	P: 🛛				seman	ne 📃		Controlle	r; ca	thohw	c1, A	P Nan	ne: ca	tho-a	p02-39	35e								
Even	ts: C0:EE	:FB:04	2F.8	98																						
Start:	03/22/20	17 (	**	8:00 P	м	*	т	ime:	24 h	ours			*										Pre	view	Und	lo Zoom
	catho-api	9-370	51 -																			•				
	catho-ap2	4-3935	ie -															•								
	catho-ap1	8-3805	ie -														3		-			•	-			
	catho-ap0	2-3935	ie -																•			-	•	-		
	catho-apt																									
			00 PM 7	- M4 00	- MH 00	- M4 00:00:11	12:00:00 AM -	- MM 00:00.1	- WV 00	- WV 00	- MM 00	- MM 00	- WV 00	- MM 00	9:00:00 AM	- MM 00	11:00:00 AM	- MH 00	- M4 00	- M4 00	- M4 00	- M4 00	- M4 00	- M4 00	- M4 00	r Wd 00
			3/22 8:00:00 PM	3/22 9:00:00 PM	3/22 10:00:00 PM	3/22 11:00	3/23 12:00	3/23 1:00	3/23 2:00:00 AM	3/23 3:00:00 AM 3/23 4:00:00 AM	3/23 5:00:00 AM	3/23 6:00:00 AM	3/23 7:00:00 MM	3/23 8:00:00 AM	3/23 9:00:	3/23 10:00:00 AM	3/23 11:00	V23 12:00:00 PM	3/23 1:00:00 PM	3/23 2:00:00 PM	3/23 3:00:00 PM	3/23 4:00:00 PM	3/23 5:00:00 PM	3/23 6:00:00 PM	3/23 7:00:00 PM	3/23 8:00:00 PM
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3/23/20	17 6:30:04			ation U	Jp		Authen	ticated						ONER												Nireles:
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-			Les	t Update	e. 324	2017 3	25.57 P	M Uptime	: 0 Days	06:24:53											Op	erations	5	0 4		

# **RSS Graph**

The RSS graph at the top of the tab shows the signal strength (in dBm) between the end-point and each of the APs to which it connected. The shape of the endpoint event indicators in the graph indicate the type of event.

Events: C0:EE:FB:04:2F:98																			
Start:	03/22/2017	m	8:00	РМ	•		Time:	2	4 hour	s			•		Pre	view	Undo	Zoom	
	catho-ap09-370	151 -					_					٠							
	catho-ap24-393	5e ]				- 4		-	_										
	catho-ap18-380	5e					1					£	-		-				
	catho-ap02-393	5e						4				-		- 00					
	catho-ap06-382	51						_	_					•		_			
		AM	AM	W	WW	MM (	MM (	Md (	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	Md			
		3/23 6:00:00 AM	7:00:00	3/23 8:00:00 AM	3/23 9:00:00 AM	3/23 10:00:00 AM	11:00:00 AM	3/23 12:00:00 PM	3/23 1:00:00 PM	3/23 2:00:00 PM	3/23 3:00:00 PM	3/23 4:00:00 PM	5:00:00 PM	3/23 6:00:00 PM	3/23 7:00:00 PM	3/23 8:00:00 PM			
		23 6:(	3/23 7:(	23 8:(	23 9:(	3 10:	3 11:	3 12:	23 1:(	23 2:(	23 3:(	23 4:(	3/23 5:(	23 6:(	23 7:(	23 8:(			
<b>«</b>		31	3/2	3/2	3/2	3/2	3/23	3/2	36	37	3/2	3/2	3/2	3/2	3/2	3/2			>
	<b>=</b> 0		-40	-45		-50	-55	-	50 <b>-</b>	-65	-70		-75	-80		85	-90		

# **Events Table**

The Events table at the bottom of the tab contains details about the end-point events for your network, or for the wireless location or MAC address you selected.

Fields:	Status, Er	idpoints, 🔻 🗙					Show Filte	ers	
		Stat	us						
Times	tamp ↓	Туре	St	State Descri	Extended St	IP Address	MAC Address	MA	
3/23/201	7 6:36:19	De-registration		Authenticated			ONEPLUS TEC		
3/23/201	7 6:30:04	Map Location Up		Authenticated			ONEPLUS TEC		
3/23/201	7 6:28:46	Map Location Up		Authenticated			ONEPLUS TEC		
3/23/201	7 6.28.40	Roam	_	Authentic ated			ONEPHUS TEC		
« <	Page	1 of 1 > >	>   (	C 📑 Reset	D	isplaying End Po	oint Event 1 - 375 of	375	

Use the **Fields** drop-down list to select groups of columns to display in the table:

- Select **Status** to display the following columns in the table:
  - Date/Time
  - Type
  - State
  - State Description
  - Extended State
- Select Endpoints to display the following columns in the table:
  - IP Address
  - OV MAC Key
  - MAC Address
  - MAC OUI Vendor
  - Host Name
  - Device Family
  - Device Type
  - Source

- Select User Access to display the following columns in the table:
  - User Name
  - Policy
  - Authorization
  - Profile
  - Reason
  - Auth Type
  - Registration Type
  - RADIUS Server IP
- Select Location to display the following columns in the table:
  - Switch Port
  - Switch Port Index
  - Switch Location
  - AP Name
  - AP Serial #
  - BSSID
  - SSID
  - Protocol
  - Location Type
  - Location
  - Location Details
  - Area Type
  - Area
  - ExtremeControl Engine/Source IP
- Select Metrics to display the following columns in the table:
  - RSS
  - SNR
- Select Threat/Risk to display the following columns in the table:
  - Categories
  - Start Time

- Select Network Service to display the following columns in the table:
  - Switch IP
  - Controller IP

# **Related Information**

For information on related Extreme Management Center topics:

• <u>Wireless</u>

# **ExtremeCompliance Overview**

ExtremeCompliance, contained in the Extreme Management Center **Compliance** tab, provides oversight into the configuration of your devices and wireless threat alerts to ensure you are compliant with industry best practices.

**IMPORTANT:** The **Compliance** tab is available and supported by Extreme on an Extreme Management Center engine running the Linux operating system supplied by Extreme. Other Linux operating systems can support ExtremeCompliance functionality, but python version 2.7 or higher must be installed. Additionally ExtremeCompliance functionality requires the git, python2, python mysql module, python setuptools module, and python "pygtail" module packages be installed and related dependencies managed by the customer for their server's unique operating system and version.

Run an ExtremeCompliance audit against devices on the **Compliance** tab or against device archives on the **Archives** tab.

**NOTE:** Compliance tab functionality requires you to acquire an additional license.

Extreme Management Center provides a set of audit tests that allow you to test the configuration of your devices. Groups of audit tests comprise a regime, which tests for a specific regulation or standard. Extreme Management Center uses the results to determine a score that indicates compliance with a regulation or standard.

The regimes included in the **Compliance** tab are automatically included in your Extreme Management Center version 8.4 installation on an Extreme Management Center engine, but you must import them on a non-Extreme Management Center engine by accessing the engine console, navigating to the

```
<install directory>/GovernanceEngine directory and entering
./governance-engine.py --db-import-all-tests --governance-type
PCI to import the PCI regime and ./governance-engine.py --db-import-
all-tests --governance-type HIPAA to import the HIPAA regime.
```

Configure a regime by disabling or editing specific audit tests within the regime. Once the regime meets your needs, use it to run an ExtremeCompliance audit against a device or set of devices. You cannot run individual audit tests against a device.

The **Compliance** tab contains the following sub-tabs:

- Dashboard
- Audit Tests

# Dashboard

The **Dashboard** tab displays an overview of the audit test results for each regime. Additionally, the tab provides information about how the regime test results changed over time, the performance of each of the devices included in the audit test, and a list of the tests performed as part of the regime.

# Audit Tests

The Audit Tests tab contains a variety of audit tests organized into the regime or standard of which it is a part. You can also create your own audit tests for the devices on your network via the Audit Tests tab.

Audit tests can be run ad-hoc or on a scheduled basis. Use the results to ensure your devices are configured to industry standards and are safe from vulnerabilities.

# **ExtremeCompliance Integration with Workflows**

You can integrate ExtremeCompliance with workflows functionality to automatically remediate devices that fail an audit test. By creating an alarm that is generated when a device fails an audit test, you can configure Extreme Management Center to automatically run a workflow when the alarm occurs.

When configured, any time ExtremeCompliance performs an audit test for which a device fails, an alarm occurs that initiates a workflow designed to

remediate the reason for the failure. To enable this functionality, configure ExtremeCompliance to send syslog messages by opening the Installation Directory/GovernanceEngine/logger.conf file and ensure enableSyslog=true.

# **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- <u>Compliance Dashboard</u>
- <u>Audit Tests</u>
- <u>Archives</u>



# ExtremeCompliance<sup>®</sup> User Guide Version 8.4



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  - Email: <u>support@extremenetworks.com</u>. To expedite your message, enter the product name or model number in the subject line.

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  - f. The provisions of the Agreement are severable and if any one or more of the provisions hereof are judicially determined to be illegal or otherwise unenforceable, in whole or in part, the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall nevertheless be binding on and enforceable by and between the parties hereto.
  - g. Extreme's waiver of any right shall not constitute waiver of that right in future. This Agreement constitutes the entire understanding between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, and all prior agreements, representations,

statements and undertakings, oral or written, are hereby expressly superseded and canceled. No purchase order shall supersede this Agreement.

 h. Should You have any questions regarding this Agreement, You may contact Extreme at the address set forth below. Any notice or other communication to be sent to Extreme must be mailed by certified mail to the following address:

Extreme Networks, Inc. 145 Rio Robles San Jose, CA 95134 United States ATTN: General Counsel

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# **ExtremeCompliance Overview**

ExtremeCompliance, contained in the Extreme Management Center **Compliance** tab, provides oversight into the configuration of your devices and wireless threat alerts to ensure you are compliant with industry best practices.

**IMPORTANT:** The **Compliance** tab is available and supported by Extreme on an Extreme Management Center engine running the Linux operating system supplied by Extreme. Other Linux operating systems can support ExtremeCompliance functionality, but python version 2.7 or higher must be installed. Additionally ExtremeCompliance functionality requires the git, python2, python mysql module, python setuptools module, and python "pygtail" module packages be installed and related dependencies managed by the customer for their server's unique operating system and version.

Run an ExtremeCompliance audit against devices on the **Compliance** tab or against device archives on the **Archives** tab.

NOTE: Compliance tab functionality requires you to acquire an additional license.

Extreme Management Center provides a set of audit tests that allow you to test the configuration of your devices. Groups of audit tests comprise a regime, which tests for a specific regulation or standard. Extreme Management Center uses the results to determine a score that indicates compliance with a regulation or standard.

The regimes included in the **Compliance** tab are automatically included in your Extreme Management Center version 8.4 installation on an Extreme Management Center engine, but you must import them on a non-Extreme Management Center engine by accessing the engine console, navigating to the *<install directory>/*GovernanceEngine directory and entering ./governance-engine.py --db-import-all-tests --governance-type PCI to import the PCI regime and ./governance-engine.py --db-importall-tests --governance-type HIPAA to import the HIPAA regime.

Configure a regime by disabling or editing specific audit tests within the regime. Once the regime meets your needs, use it to run an ExtremeCompliance audit against a device or set of devices. You cannot run individual audit tests against a device.

The **Compliance** tab contains the following sub-tabs:

- Dashboard
- Audit Tests

### Dashboard

The **Dashboard** tab displays an overview of the audit test results for each regime. Additionally, the tab provides information about how the regime test results changed over time, the performance of each of the devices included in the audit test, and a list of the tests performed as part of the regime.

### Audit Tests

The Audit Tests tab contains a variety of audit tests organized into the regime or standard of which it is a part. You can also create your own audit tests for the devices on your network via the Audit Tests tab.

Audit tests can be run ad-hoc or on a scheduled basis. Use the results to ensure your devices are configured to industry standards and are safe from vulnerabilities.

### **ExtremeCompliance Integration with Workflows**

You can integrate ExtremeCompliance with workflows functionality to automatically remediate devices that fail an audit test. By creating an alarm that is generated when a device fails an audit test, you can configure Extreme Management Center to automatically run a workflow when the alarm occurs.

When configured, any time ExtremeCompliance performs an audit test for which a device fails, an alarm occurs that initiates a workflow designed to remediate the reason for the failure. To enable this functionality, configure ExtremeCompliance to send syslog messages by opening the Installation Directory/GovernanceEngine/logger.conf file and ensure enableSyslog=true.

### **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- Compliance Dashboard
- Audit Tests

• <u>Archives</u>

# How to Obtain and Apply an ExtremeCompliance License

To use the **Compliance** tab in Extreme Management Center, an additional license is required.

To obtain and apply the license in Extreme Management Center:

1. Contact your sales representative to purchase an ExtremeCompliance license.

An email voucher is generated and sent to you with instructions.

- 2. Create an Extreme Networks Support Portal account, if necessary.
  - a. Open a browser and go to <u>https://secure.extremenetworks.com/</u>.
  - b. Enter your information and click Create An Account.

An email is sent to you with instructions to activate your account.

c. Click the link in your email.

The Portal - Account Activation web page displays.

- d. Enter your **Email Address** and the **Activation Code** included in your activation email, if they do not automatically populate.
- e. Click Activate.
- 3. Access the Extreme Networks Support Portal at https://extremeportal.force.com/ExtrLicenseLanding.
- 4. Enter your Email and Password and click Log In.
- 5. Click Generate License.

The Generate License window displays.

- 6. Enter your Voucher ID from the email voucher sent to you and click Next.
- 7. Select the Terms and Conditions checkbox and click Submit.

A window displays with your software license key.

- 8. Copy the license key from the window.
- 9. Open Extreme Management Center.
- 10. Access the Administration > Diagnostics tab.
- 11. Select Server > Server Licenses in the left-panel.

The Server Licenses panel displays.

12. Click Add.

The Add License window displays.

- 13. Paste the license key you copied in Step 9 and click OK.
- 14. Restart Extreme Management Center.
- 15. The **Compliance** tab is now available in the menu, allowing you to use ExtremeCompliance audit functionality.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

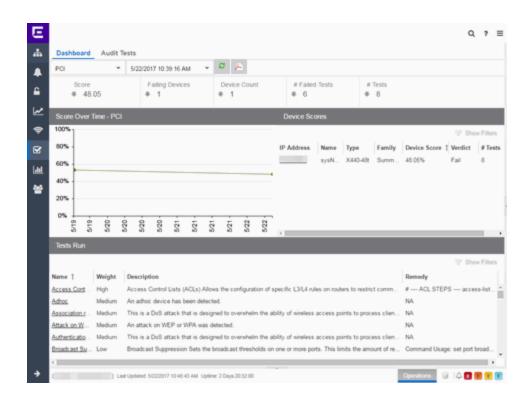
- ExtremeCompliance Overview
- **Diagnostics**

# **Compliance Dashboard**

The **Compliance** > **Dashboard** tab provides an overview of your ExtremeCompliance audit test results performed over time on the devices in your network.

Use the drop-down menus at the top of the tab to select the regime and the date and time of the ExtremeCompliance audit to view the results in the tab. Click the **Export to PDF** icon () to produce a PDF report that provides a summary of

the regime audit test and a breakdown of the results for each device included in the test.



### **Test Results**

The top of the **Dashboard** tab displays the audit test results for the ExtremeCompliance audit you select using the regime and date in the dropdown list.

#### Score

The number in this field is an average of the scores on each device included in the audit. Each device earns a score by comparing the percentage of audit tests that ran successfully on the device to the total number of audit tests. Clicking the score opens the **Run Results** tab, which provides a list of all of the audit tests run on all of the devices included in the audit, including the results.

#### **Failing Devices**

The number of devices that failed the ExtremeCompliance audit. Clicking the number of failing devices opens the **Device Scores** tab, which provides a list of the devices that failed the audit test.

#### **Device Count**

The total number of devices included in the ExtremeCompliance audit. Clicking the device count opens the **Device Scores** tab, which provides a list of all of the devices included in the audit test.

#### **#** Failed Tests

The number of tests that failed when run against devices included in the ExtremeCompliance audit. Clicking the failed test number opens the **Run Results** tab, which provides a list of the audit tests that failed when run on a device included in the audit.

#### # Tests

The total number of tests run against devices included in the ExtremeCompliance audit. Clicking the number of tests opens the **Run Results** tab, which provides a list of all audit tests run on devices included in the audit.

### **Score Over Time**

The Score Over Time graph shows the results of all of the audit tests performed on your devices for the regime selected in the drop-down list at the top of the window. This allows you to determine any trends and map your progress towards compliance with a particular regime.

### **Device Scores**

The Device Scores section of the tab displays a table of the devices included in the audit test, details about those devices, and the results of the ExtremeCompliance audit on each device.

#### **IP Address**

The IP address of the device tested.

Clicking an address in the IP Address column opens that device in the **Device Details** tab, which provides ExtremeCompliance audit result information for that device.

#### Name

The name of the device, configured in the **System Name** field in the **Configure Device** window.

#### Туре

The specific type (model) of the device.

#### Family

The group of devices to which the device belongs, known as the device family in Extreme Management Center.

#### **Device Score**

The percentage of audit tests within the regime with which the device passes compliance. For example, if a device complies with 75 out of 100 audit tests in a regime, the **Device Score** is **75%**.

#### Verdict

The result of the ExtremeCompliance audit (either **Pass** or **Fail**), based on the Device Score. A device with a score of less than 50% is labeled as **Fail** in the Verdict column, while a score of 50% or above is considered a **Pass**.

#### # Tests

The number of tests included in the ExtremeCompliance audit run against the device.

### **Tests Run**

The Tests Run table displays a list of all of the tests included in the regime selected at the top of the window. The section also contains details about each of the audit tests and the action you can take to correct the device in the event that your device fails a test.

Clicking the test name in the **Name** column opens the **Test Details** tab, which provides information about the results of the test on all devices both over time and during a particular ExtremeCompliance audit.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- ExtremeCompliance Overview
- Audit Tests
- <u>Configure Device</u>

# **Audit Tests**

The Audit Tests tab displays your ExtremeCompliance regimes in the left panel, and the audit tests associated with the selected regime that check for

vulnerabilities in your devices in the right panel. The tab also allows you to create your own regimes and audit tests you can add to regimes.

Ε	Dashboard	1	Audit 1	fests						Q 7	=
4	Add Regiment Ad	10			PCI Audit Tests						
	PCI 🕻	Ð	9	•	O Add   O Delete   (	S Disable	🔄 Сору		♥ Searc	h Current Reg	×
-	HIPAA (	9	2	0	Name	Regime	Device Type	Weightage	Disabled	Edit/View	
•	GDPR (	۲	2	•	Session Timeout Console	PCI	EOS	Low			÷.
ы.					Session Timeout Console	PCI	BOSS	Low			
•					Session Timeout Console	PCI	E200	Low		2	
<u> </u>					Session Timeout Console	PCI	EXOS	Low			
8					Session Timeout Console	PCI	VOSS	Low		2	
ы					HostDoS LANd Attack	PCI	EOS	Medium			
					HostDoS LANd Attack	PCI	WING	Medium		2	
*					<ul> <li>HostDoS LANd Attack</li> </ul>	PCI	BOSS	Medium		2	
					HostDoS LANd Attack	PCI	E200	Medium		2	
-					Password Aging	PCI	EOS	Low		2	
=					Password Aging	PCI	VDX	Low			
•	(		l) Lost	Updated	2018/08/16 0:06:25 Up5me: 0 Days 14.	17.47		0	perations* (		5 0

The Audit Test list contains a list of all of the audit tests available in Extreme Management Center, contained within the regulatory and standards regime of which it is a part. Each individual audit test displays the device types on which the test can be run in the **Device Type** column.

Select a regime, audit test, or device type in the Audit Test list to view the details of any audit tests contained in that folder in the Selected Audit Tests table to the right of the tree. Click **Search Current Reg** and begin typing to search within the regime you selected for a specific audit test.

Disable an audit test by selecting it in the right panel and selecting **Disable**. Delete an audit test by clicking it in the right panel and selecting **Delete**.

**NOTE:** Only user-created audit tests or audit tests in user-created regimes can be deleted. Additionally, only user-created regimes can be deleted.

#### Name

This shows the name of the audit test, a test of the configuration of a device to ensure compliance with the best practices of that industry and is nested within the regime to which the test applies. Expand the audit test folder to see the device types to which that test applies.

#### Regime

This indicates standard or regulation to which you are maintaining compliance. Each regime contains a set of audit tests, specific to a device type. Expand the regime folder to view the tests included as part of the regime.

Selecting a regime opens a list of all of the audit tests in that regime in the selected Audit Tests table to the right of the list. Use the Selected Audit Tests table to select or deselect any of the tests in the regime and then run an audit test using all of the selected tests in the regime on the devices you select to which the tests apply.

#### **Device Type**

The device type displays the type of devices on which you can run the expanded audit test and is the lowest level in the Audit Test list, nested within an audit test.

Selecting device type displays that audit test in the Details table to the right of the Audit Test list. Use the Details table to select or deselect the test and then run an audit test on the devices you select to which the test applies.

Additionally, double-clicking the device type from the left-panel opens the Edit Audit Test window from which you can edit the audit test.

#### Weightage

The value in the **Weightage** column of the Selected Audit Tests table indicates the priority of the audit test:

- High
- Medium
- Low

#### Disabled

A checkmark in this column indicates the test is disabled for the regime. When a test is disabled, it is not run when performing an ExtremeCompliance audit against a device or a group of devices. To disable or enable an audit test, select the test in the left-panel, right-click the audit test, and select **Disable Audit Test** or **Enable Audit Test**, respectively.

#### Edit/View

Click the button to open the Edit Audit Test window.

Select a regime from the left-panel and click the **Run** icon to open the **Run Regime** window, where you select the device against which to run the audit.

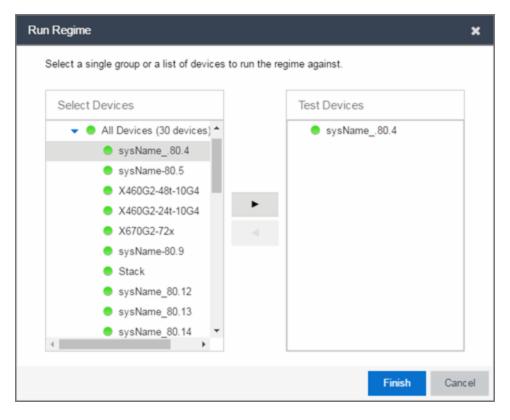
#### **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- ExtremeCompliance Overview
- <u>Scheduled Tasks</u>

# **Run Regime**

This window allows you to select the device or devices against which to run the selected audit test. The **Run Regime** window contains all of the devices added to Extreme Management Center.



#### Select Devices

Expand the folders and select a single device, multiple devices, or a single device group. Click the right arrow button > to move the devices to the Test Devices list.

#### **Test Devices**

Lists the device(s) or device group the on which the audit test is performed. To remove a member from the list, select the device or device group and click the left arrow button <.

#### **Right Arrow Button**

Click > to add the device(s) or device group to the Test Devices list.

#### Left Arrow Button

Click < to remove the device(s) or device group from the Test Devices list.

#### **Finish Button**

Click the **Finish Test** button to run the selected audit test(s) on the devices selected in the Test Devices list. The progress of the ExtremeCompliance audit is displayed in the Operations table.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- <u>ExtremeCompliance Overview</u>
- <u>Scheduler</u>

# **Create/Edit Audit Test**

Use the Audit Test Editor tab of the Create/Edit Audit Tests window to create a new audit test or edit information for an existing audit test. The Audit Test Editor tab in the Create/Edit Audit Test window allows you to indicate the name of the audit test, the regime to which it belongs, the device type to which the test applies, and the weight of the test.

Access the Create Audit Test window on the **Compliance** > Audit Tests tab by selecting a regime in the left-panel, clicking the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ), and selecting Add > Audit Test.

Access the Edit Audit Test window by selecting an audit test in the left-panel, clicking the Menu icon ( $\equiv$ ), and selecting Edit > Audit Test.

Edit Audit Test: les	st / BGF	enabled / EXOS						? ×
Audit Test Editor	Dep	endent Tests						
Disable:						Suppress	🗌 Loop All	Match All
Test Name:	BGP en BGP en BGP en ExOS EXOS E Medium	BGP enabled				Track Opposite	Regex Grou Anchor	,
Regime:	test			*		Match		
Device Type:				*	Regulatory Requirement:			
Weight:	Mediu	m		*	Require Command:			
Prerequisite Match:	Medium				Example:	NA		
Prerequisite Regex:								
Test Conditions:	🕑 Mate	h / Don't Match						
	$\odot$	Regex	<bgppeer< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></bgppeer<>					
		Alternate Regex:	^enable\sbgp		Advisory:	BGP		
		Alternate Regex 2:						
		Alternate Regex 3:						
	0	Test Function:						
	0	Test Function Multi-Verdict						
	0	XML:						
		XML Info:						
							5	Cancel

**NOTE:** Only audit tests in user-created regimes can be edited.

#### Disable

Select the checkbox prevent the audit test from running as part of the regime when an ExtremeCompliance audit is performed on your devices.

#### Test Name

The name of the audit test. As regimes contain a large number of audit tests, some of which testing similar configurations, ensure the **Test Name** is very specific.

#### Regime

The set of standards or regulations to which the test applies. Extreme Management Center comes with three regimes, PCI, HIPAA, and GDPR. You can create a new regime or edit an existing regime on the **Audit Tests** tab by clicking the **Menu** icon and selecting **Add** or **Edit** > **Regime**.

#### **Device Type**

The type of device being tested. In version 8.4, Extreme Management Center supports multiple Device Types, including E200, EXOS, EOS, BOSS, VOSS, and WController.

#### Weight

The priority of the audit test. Valid selections are Low, Medium, or High.

#### **Prerequisite Match**

Select this checkbox to indicate the regular expression or function audit test must match the configuration file for the audit test to be valid.

#### **Prerequisite Regex**

The regular expression that must match the device configuration file for Extreme Management Center to consider the audit test valid.

For example, if an audit test is checking if strong ciphers are selected for SSH configuration, use this field to verify that SSH is enabled.

#### Match

Select this checkbox to indicate the regular expression or function audit test are intended to match the configuration file to be compliant and pass the test. If the checkbox is not selected, any result that does not match the test case is considered compliant and passes the test.

#### Regex

The regular expression against which Extreme Management Center is comparing a device's configuration file.

#### Alternate Regex

A second <u>regular expression</u> against which Extreme Management Center is comparing a device's configuration file, in case the **Regex** test fails.

**NOTE:** Using multiple Regex fields allows you to run one audit test against multiple configuration file formats (e.g. ExtremeXOS configuration files use both XML and plain text).

#### Alternate Regex 2

A third <u>regular expression</u> against which Extreme Management Center is comparing a device's configuration file, in case the other **Regex** tests fail.

**NOTE:** Using multiple Regex fields allows you to run one audit test against multiple configuration file formats (e.g. ExtremeXOS configuration files use both XML and plain text).

#### Alternate Regex 3

A fourth regular expression against which Extreme Management Center is comparing a device's configuration file, in case the other **Regex** tests fail.

**NOTE:** Using multiple Regex fields allows you to run one audit test against multiple configuration file formats (e.g. ExtremeXOS configuration files use both XML and plain text).

#### **Test Function**

A python function you can configure if the audit test requires more complex logic to test a configuration.

#### **Test Function Multi-Verdict**

A python function you can configure to return multiple verdicts. Use this to configure audit tests for wireless controllers with complex configurations.

#### XML

Select the button and enter the XML element in the wireless threat data for which the audit test is checking.

#### XML Info

Enter the set of Info elements from the wireless threat XML data for which the audit test is checking.

#### **Supress Alert**

Select this checkbox to indicate the result of the audit test is not factored into the score assigned to the devices included in an ExtremeCompliance audit.

#### Loop All

Select this checkbox to indicate the audit test is performed repeatedly against the entire device configuration and the match criteria is applied to the end result of the

ExtremeCompliance audit. For example, if SSH must be enabled in multiple places on a device, selecting this checkbox requires SSH to be enabled in all places to pass.

#### Match All

Select this checkbox to indicate all instances of the regular expression you are comparing to the device configuration must match for the audit test to pass.

#### **Track Opposite Match**

Select this checkbox if you want the results of the audit test to indicate whether the opposite of the regular expression you are comparing to the device configuration is observed during the ExtremeCompliance audit.

#### **Regex Group Anchor**

Select this checkbox to indicate this audit test is the starting point for the regime. Use this checkbox for test chains when collecting data via regex capture groups.

#### **Regulatory Requirement**

The requirement from the standard or regulation that serves as the justification for the audit test.

#### **Require Command**

The path to a command on the Extreme Management Center server, if required for the audit test. For example, enter the path to the cracklib-check command for an audit test verifying the strength of cleartext credentials.

#### Example

A descriptive example of the configuration for which the audit test is checking.

#### Advisory

The reason the audit test is important to the regulation or standard and the procedure to improve the audit test results.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Audit Tests
- Dependent Tests

# **Dependent Tests**

The **Dependent Tests** tab of the **Create/Edit Audit Test** window allows you to select audit tests that must run before the selected audit test runs. To be available as a dependent test, an audit test must be in the same regime and match the device type of the selected audit test.

Access the Create Audit Test window on the **Compliance** > Audit Tests tab by selecting a regime in the left-panel, clicking the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ), and selecting Add > Audit Test.

Access the Edit Audit Test window by selecting an audit test in the left-panel, clicking the Menu icon ( $\equiv$ ), and selecting Edit > Audit Test.

Edit Audit Test: test	/ BGP enabled / EXC	s			?	×
Audit Test Editor	Dependent Tests					
Test Name		1	Dependent Tests	Verdict	Τ	٦
BGP enable graceful r	estart					
BGP routerid is a loop	back IP					
BGP routerid loopback	IP has 32-bit mask					
Map VLAN name to BO	GP routerid IP					
extract BGP routerid IP	>	- P				
		- V				
				Save C	ance	el

**NOTE:** Only audit tests in user-created regimes can be edited.

#### **Test Name**

The **Test Name** column displays the audit tests in the same regime that also match the device type of the selected audit test.

#### **Dependent Tests**

The audit tests that must run before the selected audit test runs.

#### Verdict

Select this checkbox if the dependent audit test must PASS for the selected audit test to run. If the checkbox is not selected, the dependent audit test must FAIL for the selected audit test to run.

#### Right Arrow (

Select an audit test from the Test Name column and click or double-click the

audit test to add it to the Dependent Tests list.

#### Left Arrow ( 🗛 )

Select an audit test from the **Dependent Tests** column and click or double-

click the audit test to remove it from the **Dependent Tests** list.

#### Up Arrow ( 🔒 )

If you added multiple audit tests to the **Dependent Tests** column, select an audit test and click to move the audit test up in the order in which the audit tests are

run.

#### Down Arrow ( 🔹 )

If you added multiple audit tests to the **Dependent Tests** column, select an audit test and click **•** to move the audit test down in the order in which the audit tests

are run.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Audit Test Editor
- <u>Audit Tests</u>

### How to Add a New Regime

The **Compliance** tab provides you with regimes that include predefined audit tests. You can also create your own regimes, composed of audit tests you can copy from existing regimes, or configure yourself.

To create a new regime:

- 1. Open the **Compliance** > **Audit Tests** tab.
- 2. Click the **Menu** icon (≡) and select **Add** > **Regime**.

The Create Regime window displays.

- 3. Enter a **Regime Name**, describing the overarching standard or regulation against which you are testing compliance.
- 4. Enter a **Description** for the regime, if necessary.
- 5. Select **Test Wireless Events** to include wireless events in the ExtremeCompliance audit.

#### 6. Click Save.

- 7. Copy existing audit tests to the new regime, if necessary.
  - a. Right-click the audit test in left-panel and selecting Copy Audit Test.

The Copy Audit Test window displays.

- b. Enter a new name for the audit test, if necessary.
- c. Select the new regime in the Regime drop-down list.
- d. Select the device type to which the audit test applies in the **Device Type** dropdown list.
- e. Click Copy.

**NOTE:** Because of the number of wireless events potentially stored by Extreme Management Center, wireless events are not included in an ExtremeCompliance audit the first time it is run. Once the audit is run the first time, older wireless events are moved, so older events are not included in the results.

- 8. Create your own audit tests.
  - a. Click the Menu icon ( $\equiv$ ) and select Add > Audit Test.
  - b. Complete the fields in the **Audit Test Editor** tab to test for a device configuration.
  - c. Complete the fields in the **Dependent Tests** tab, if necessary.
  - d. Click Save.

Your custom regime is now available on the **Compliance** tab.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- ExtremeCompliance Overview
- **Diagnostics**

# Third Party Device Support in ExtremeCompliance

### Introduction

ExtremeCompliance now provides the framework required to enable writing the audit tests for the non-Extreme devices that can be discovered in Extreme Management Center and Inventory Manager. With this capability you can define your own audit tests for non-Extreme devices.

### Prerequisite

Third party devices are identified by their SysOIDs. The user must know the System Object ID (SysOID) of the third-party devices in the network. "1.3.6.1.4.1.9.1.1745" is a sample SysOID display.

### Steps

1. Login to Extreme Management Center server as a user with write permissions on the installation.

- 2. Edit the following file: <Installation\_ Directory>/GovernanceEngine/thirdPartyDevices.properties
- 3. Follow the instructions given in the file to add SysOIDs. Multiple SysOIDs can be mapped to one user-defined Device Type (for example, 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.1.1745=XYZ, where 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.1.1745 is the SysOID and XYZ is the device type).
- 4. After defining all the mappings, run the script- "operationsOnThirdpartyproperties.sh" present in the same directory. This imports the user defined SysOIDs and Device types into ExtremeCompliance. T\Use the same script to perform operations like read, delete and reimport. Instructions and examples of various available arguments display after running the script.
- 5. Log into Extreme Management Center, create new audit tests or copy and edit existing audit tests into a newly created custom regime or an existing regime. When creating/editing audit tests, you are able to select the device types defined above in the Device Type drop-down list, thereby defining audit tests for the third-party device. Look at the next section for details on how to create new audit tests.
- 6. Run the required regime in the location in which you added the audit tests.

All the audit tests applicable to the 3rd party device run and score displays in the dashboard.

# Adding a new audit test and verifying that the ExtremeCompliance audit was run successfully

- 1. Add a new device and verify it is discovered (skip this step if you already have a 3<sup>rd</sup> party device discovered in Extreme Management Center).
  - a. Connect to the Extreme Management Center server: https://<Server\_IP>:8443.
  - b. Enter your credentials to logi n to the server.
  - c. Access the **Network > Devices** tab.
  - d. Click Site in the left-panel drop-down list.
  - e. Select the World site.
  - f. In the right-panel, right-click and select **Device** > **Add Device**.
  - g. Enter the IP Address of the device, select a profile based on the SNMP profile configured on the device, enter a device nickname, and click **OK**

- h. Click on the **Operations** tab at the bottom of the window, which indicates the status of the discovery.
- 2. Copy an existing audit test or adding a new audit test in a custom Regime.

Dashboard Audit Tests	Edit Audit Test. Hil	PAA / Access Control Lists	(ACLs) / E200		7 x	Q 7 E
	Audit Test Editor	Dependent Tests				
<ul> <li>PO</li> <li>HENA</li> </ul>	Disable:	0			Suppress C Loop Al C Metch All	Dependent Tests
<ul> <li>Access Control Lists (ACLs)</li> </ul>	Test Name:	Access Control Lists (ACLs)			Track         Pagex Group         Opposite         Archar	
8055	Regime	HEAA			Match	
E200		the net		Regulatory Requirement:		
EOS	Device Type:	E200	*	corporately comparisoner.		
VOSS	Weight	Math		Require Command		
<ul> <li>Advoc</li> </ul>		rage	-	E	# ACL STEPS	
<ul> <li>Arp Suppression</li> <li>Association request flood attac</li> </ul>	Preregulate Match:	Match		Comple	ig access-list EnterName	
<ul> <li>Attack on WEP or WPA.</li> </ul>					deny udp any any	
Automication frame food atta	Prerequisite Report				parmit ip any any	
<ul> <li>Droadcast Suppression</li> </ul>	Test Conditions:	St Match				
Broadcast Suppression Rate		Reper	"a"p access-Int			
<ul> <li>COP</li> </ul>			- t ý KONTE-IR	Advisory:	Access Control Lists (ACLs)	
<ul> <li>Deauthentication frame flood a</li> </ul>		Attenute Repex:				
<ul> <li>Default AP modes - disable te</li> </ul>		Atomato Rogen 2:			Adous the configuration of specific L3/L4 rules on routers to restrict communications between IP	
<ul> <li>Default AP modes - strong clu</li> </ul>		Atsenata Ragas 3:			subnets, specific IP addresses and/or specific	
<ul> <li>Default SNMP v1V2 Commun</li> </ul>		O Test Function:			TOP/UDP perts.	
Start Time Type		O Test Function Multi-Vendict				User
E D Inventory Audit - Thu M		O XML:				
D Inventory Audit - Tue M		2010, 1949				
8 D Performing Governance					Save Cancel	
(Techys American Street) Last Updated 2018		inea.			- Cpert	Bana 🛛 🖓 🗖 🗑 🗷 🕱

- a. Cick on the **Compliance** > **Audit Tests** tab.
- b. Right-click the regime and select Add Regime....

The Create Regime window displays.

- c. Enter a **Regime Name** (e.g. Third party), a description of the new regime, and select whether to **Test Wireless Events**.
- d. Click Save.
- e. Click on one the existing regimes (e.g. PCI, HIPPA, or GDPR).
- f. Click Access Control Lists (ACLs).
- g. Right-click a device type (e.g. BOSS, E200, EOS, and VOSS) and select **Copy Audit Test**.

The Copy Audit Test window displays.

- h. Select the Regime from the drop-down list and click Copy.
- i. Open the regime to which you copied the test to verify the audit test displays.

- j. Expand the new regime.
- k. Click the Arrow icon to expand the Audit test (e.g., Access Control Lists (ACLs)).
- I. Right-click the device type and select Edit Audit Test.

The Edit Audit Test window displays.

- m. Change the **Device Type** to the device type the new regime is testing (e.g., **Aruba**, **Cisco**).
- n. Change the **Regex** depending on the device type the new regime is testing (Aruba or Cisco).
- 3. Run the Regime
  - a. Right-click your regime and select **Run Regime**.

The **Run Regime** window displays.

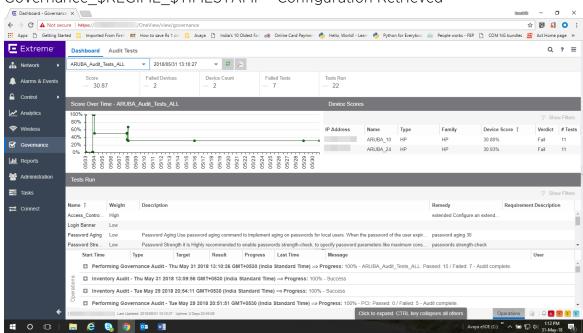
b. Select the devices on which you are running the regime.

A window displays to indicate the regime is running.

- c. Open the **Operations** panel.
- d. Verify the panel displays an Inventory Audit entry.
- e. Expand the Inventory Audit and verify the devices you selected display.

Extreme Management Center is performing an archive and save on each device.

The event looks similar to the following:



### Governance\_\$REGIME\_\$TIMESTAMP - Configuration Retrieved

See Sample regex for audit tests for Aruba devices.

See Sample regex for audit tests for Cisco devices.

### Sample regex for audit tests for Aruba devices

The following devices have been tested:

- Aruba 2530 8 PoE+ Switch
- Aruba 2930M 24G PoE

#	Audit tests	Regex
1	Access_Control_Lists_ACLs	^\s*ip access-list
2	Login_Banner	^\s*banner motd .*
3	PasswordStrength	^\s*password complexity
4	Password_Aging	^\s*password configuration aging*

5	Secure_Shell_SSH	^\s*no ip ssh*
6	Simple_Network_Time_ Protocol_SNTP	^\s*sntp
7	SNMPv	^\s*snmp-server community.*
8	SNMP_V_V_Disabled	<snmp-server enable=""></snmp-server>
9	Syslog_Event_Logging	^\s*logging\s\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3}\.\d {1,3}
10	Telnet_Access_Control	^\s*no telnet-server*
11	Web Based Configuration	^\s*no web-management*

### Sample regex for audit tests for Cisco devices

Extreme Networks tested the following devices:

- Cisco IOS (tm) C2950 Software (C2950-I6Q4L2-M), Version 12.1(22) EA2
- Cisco IOS Software, C3750 Software (C3750-IPBASE-M), Version 12.2(35) SE5

#	Audit tests	Regex
1	AuditTest_CISCO_Access Control Lists (ACLs)	^\s*ip access-list
2	AuditTest_CISCO_Broadcast Suppression	^\s*storm-control broadcast
3	AuditTest_CISCO_Web Based Configuration	^\s*ip http server
4	AuditTest_CISCO_Enable password	^\s*enable password
5	AuditTest_CISCO_Exec Timeout	^\s*exec-timeout
6	AuditTest_CISCO_Login Banner	^\s*banner login
7	AuditTest_CISCO_Multicast Suppression	^\s*storm-control multicast
8	AuditTest_CISCO_SNMP v1/v2 Disabled	^\s*snmp-server community\s.* RW
9	AuditTest_CISCO_SNMPv3_No_ Auth_No_Priv	^\s*snmp-server group\s.*\sv3\sauth

10	AuditTest_CISCO_Unicast Suppression	^\s*storm-control unicast
11	AuditTest_CISCO_Password Encryption	^\s*service password-encryption
12	AuditTest_CISCO_Port Security	^\s*switchport port-security
13	AuditTest_CISCO_OSPF Router Authentication	^\s*ip ospf authentication

# **Reports Tab Overview**

Use the Extreme Management Center > Reports tab to view historical and realtime reporting, including high-level network summary information and detailed reports and drill-downs.

E	Reports Custom Report Report Designer		Q. 7	≡
R = 4	Access Control     Access Control     Access Control     Application Analytics     Application Telemetry     Data Center     Data     Device	Server CPUMemory Rax Data   Lat 24 Hours  Lat 24 Hours  NotSight Server CPU Ublication  Sth		
	End-Systems End-Systems End-Systems End-Systems Parts Parts Server Consola Events Server Server Server CPUMemory Server CPUMemory Server Disk Access VoDP VoDP	40%	NetSight Average NetSight Peak MySQL Average MySQL Peak	
1 4	> Werkes	NetSight Sanwar Heap Memory Ullikation 3 29 00 2 39 00 1 60 00 1 40 00 1 40 00 1 50 0 1 500	<ul> <li>Treap Memory</li> </ul>	

The Extreme Management Center > Reports tab includes three tabs:

- Reports tab Select from the left-panel catalog of reports, many of which are
  interactive and are adjustable for data and time on which to report. Many include
  additional report features and functionality. Use the Info button at the top-right of
  the tab to access detailed information about many of the reports.
- <u>Custom Report tab</u> Create your own <u>custom report</u> by selecting a specific target type (such as Interface, Wireless AP, or Identity and Access end-system) and a statistic based on the selected target. Use the display options to show the report as a table or a chart, specify a chart type (column or line), add table titles and chart/axis titles, and assign custom colors to data series inside a chart. Click the **Info** button **i** at the top-right of the tab to access detailed information about custom report options.
- <u>Report Designer tab</u> Create a <u>custom dashboard report</u>, which is accessible from the **Reports** tab.

Additionally, use the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) at the top of the tab to access links to additional information about your version of Extreme Management Center.

### Requirements

To view all reports on the **Reports** tab, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned full read access capabilities to all of the Extreme Management Center tabs and reports.

To collect data in your Extreme Management Center reports, you must enable statistics and flow collection for your network devices, interfaces, and wireless clients. For instructions, see How to Enable Data Collection.

## **Custom Report**

Use the **Custom Report** tab to help diagnose a target/statistic pair collection problem as well as view specific ranges of data for a known target. It is a historical report with fully selectable parameters including targets, statistics, category, date range, and display options. Choose the report target such as APs, controllers, or interfaces, as well as the statistics to report on, time frames, and more. Display reports either as a chart or table. You can bookmark the reports you create to view at a later time or to allow you to share the report with others. Report data can also be exported to a file in CSV format. For more information, click the **Info** button **i** at the top-right of the **Reports** tab.

### **Report Designer**

The Report Designer lets you create custom dashboard reports by selecting from a list of available ExtremeAnalytics, IAM, Console, and Wireless dashboards, and customizing report components to meet your specific needs.

Once a report is created, it is available from the **Reports** tab.

### **Report Features**

Extreme Management Center reports include the following features (depending on the report selected):

• Hover Over for Info — Hover over a pie section to display the name of the segment, the percentage represented by the segment and the number of elements. For some

reports, clicking on a pie section opens a filtered end-systems grid for more detailed information.

- Drill-down for Details Link to summary reports containing more detailed information. For example, in the Controller Summary report, clicking on a controller shows a detailed report for that controller over time.
- Interactive Tables Manipulate table data in several ways to customize the view for your own needs.
- Interactive Charts Use data-point rollovers for quick information on chart data. For example, in the Controller Summary report, rolling over the value reported for Bandwidth provides additional bandwidth statistics over time.
- Sparkline Charts View network trends in dense, succinct charts that present report data in an easy to read, condensed format. This provides you with a quick way to catch possible problem areas that you can investigate further. Rollover charts for additional information.
- CSV Export Save report data to a file in CSV format to provide report data in table form.

### **Related Information**

• <u>Report Designer</u>

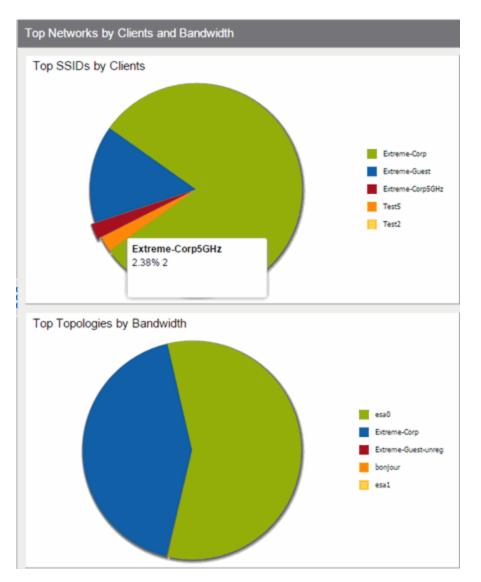
# **Reports Features**

Extreme Management Center Reports provide historical and real-time reporting, offering high-level network summary information as well as detailed reports and drill-downs.

### **Reports Features**

Extreme Management Center reports include the following features (depending on the report selected):

• Hover Over for Info — Hover over a pie section to display the name of the segment, the percentage represented by the segment and the number of elements. for some reports, clicking on a pie section opens a filtered end-systems grid for more detailed information.



• Drill-down for Details — Link to summary reports containing more detailed information. For example, in the Controller Summary report, clicking on a controller shows a detailed report for that controller over time.

Controllers Down				
Controller	Host Name			
	nhsalwc2			
25	nhsalwc1			

- Interactive Tables Manipulate table data in several ways to customize the view for your own needs:
  - Click on the column headings to **perform an ascending or descending sort** on the column data.
  - Hide or display different columns by clicking on a column heading drop-down arrow and selecting the column options from the menu.

APs Down Summary							
🖾 ~							
Status	Name	$\sim$	IP Address				
•	nhsal3825iap2	$\uparrow$	Sort Ascending				
•	nhsal3825iap14	J.	Sort Descendin				
•	nhsal3825igap1	-	O alvena a				
•	nhsal3825igap7	1111	Columns >				
•	nynyc3825igap3		Filters				
-		-	1011110001				

• Filter, sort, and search the data in each column in the table.

 Interactive Charts — Use data-point rollovers for quick information on chart data.
 For example, in the Controller Summary report, rolling over the value reported for Bandwidth provides additional bandwidth statistics over time.

Controller	Clients	Bandwidth	Active APs	Role	Mobility Zone	Version	Client History	Availability
				None		09.15.01.0121		
				None		09.15.01.0121		
	0	100.67 Kbs	0	Agent	MZ:	09.21.01.0179		
	83	8.61 Mbs	14	Manager	MZ:	09.21.01.0179		
		Avera Minimu	est: 8.61 Mb ge: 6.07 Mb um: 78 Kbs um: 8.61 Mb	s				

• Sparkline Charts — View network trends in dense, succinct charts that present report data in an easy to read, condensed format. This provides you with a quick way to catch possible problem areas that you can investigate further. Rollover

charts for additional information. Client History Availability



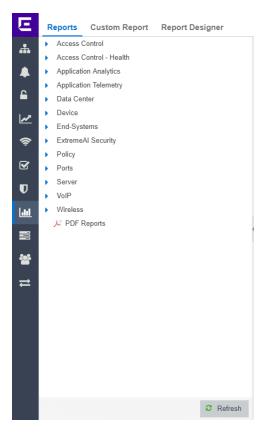
#### **Related Information**

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

# **Reports Catalog**

Extreme Management Center Reports provide historical and real-time reporting, offering high-level network summary information as well as detailed reports and drill-downs.

Select from a catalog of reports, many of which are interactive, allowing you to adjust the data and time on which to report. See below for a description of each report and a section on helpful report features and functionality. Use the **Info** button i at the top-right of the Extreme Management Center page to access detailed information about many of the reports.



### **Reports Catalog**

The Reports catalog lets you select a report from the following report types:

- Access Control Provides an overview of end-system connection information. You can also see these reports and others on the Control tab.
- Access Control Health Provides reports on end-system assessment and state information. In the Risk Level pie chart, click on a pie section to open a filtered end-system grid for more detailed information about end-systems at that risk level.
- Application Analytics These reports provide visibility into the applications on your network and who's using those applications.
- Application Telemetry Provides reports on interfaces, clients, and applications.
- Data Center These reports provide an overview of all virtual machines on the network broken down into VM distribution per ExtremeControl profile, Operating System, Switch, and Hypervisor technology. They also provide table reports with detailed information on all VMs. For each supported Hypervisor technology, sub-reports provide more in-depth data.
- **Device** The Device reports provide information on device alarms, device archives (archive events and details), device availability, <u>potential duplicate devices</u>, down devices, port usage and details, devices removed from service, top devices by IP traffic, top hosts by resource (memory, CPU, and disk usage), top switches by power (percent usage and consumption in watts), and top switches by resource (CPU and physical memory).
- End-Systems These reports present information on the end-systems connecting to your network.
- **Policy** Provides a policy rule hit summary report showing top services and roles by rule hits.
- **Ports** Provides information about the most utilized ports on your network by bandwidth, flows, PoE usage, as well as those that are least available.
- Server These reports provide data on the Extreme Management Center server, including the Event Log, CPU and heap memory utilization, and disk access information. The information in the Console Event Log report is the same as the Alarms and Events tab. For more information on using this report, see the "Alarms and Events" Help topic.
- VoIP Provides a report about calls made via Skype for Business.
- Wireless A collection of summary reports providing information on your wireless network components, including reports for AP groups, APs, clients, controllers, and mobility zones. Wireless reports also provide data on wireless components ranked by bandwidth and clients, such as top APs by bandwidth, top clients by bandwidth, and top controllers by clients, as well as reports on APs and controllers that are

down. For convenience, you can also view some of these reports from the **Wireless** tab.

• PDF Reports — Generate summary reports of your current network configuration in PDF format including a Console Report, Network Status Summary, Inventory Report, Identity and Access Summary, and Wireless Configuration Report. You can save these reports or send them to other users in the organization.

#### **Related Information**

• ExtremeAnalytics

### **Report Designer Overview**

The Report Designer lets you <u>create</u> and <u>modify</u> custom reports by selecting from a list of available Analytics, Control, Console, and Wireless dashboards (system reports), and customizing the report <u>component</u> panels to meet your specific needs. The Report Designer also lets you create a new report based on individually selected components, or <u>delete</u> a customized report. Once a report is created, it is available from the report catalog in the **Reports** tab.

The Report Designer can be accessed from the **Reports** tab. In order to use the Report Designer, you must be a member of an authorization group that is assigned the Extreme Management Center OneView > Access OneView and NetSight OneView > Access OneView Administration capabilities.

### **Creating a Report**

There are two ways to create a report. You can create a report by customizing an existing system report or by creating a new report based on a selection of individual components.

### **Customize a System Report**

Once you change a system report, the new, customized report replaces the original report in the **Reports** tab and all other places in Extreme Management Center where that report is used.

### Create a New Report

You can create new reports and add them to your system reports and customized reports on the **Reports** tab. Use the tools in the Report Designer to choose the design and layout, as well as which components are included.

### **Modifying a Report**

You can change a report's components and delete panels, but you cannot add new panels. If you want to add new panels, you must create a new report.

### **Deleting a Report**

You can delete a customized system report from the My Reports section in the Report Designer. This also deletes the customized report from the **Reports** tab, and replaces it with the original system report. The original report is available again from the System Reports section in the Report Designer.

You can delete a new report from the My Reports section in the Report Designer. This also deletes the new report from the **Reports** tab.

### **Custom Components**

When you create an Advanced Browser report in the ExtremeAnalytics Browser, you can save it to the Report Designer to use as a custom component. The custom component uses the target, statistic, start time, and search criteria you defined in the Advanced Browser report.

Custom components are listed in the My Components section of the Report Designer. They are available for selection from the **Component** drop-down list in the Applications Browser section when you customize a system report or create a new report.

### **Related Information**

• ExtremeAnalytics

## How to Create a New Report Using the Report Designer

The Report Designer lets you <u>create</u> custom reports by selecting from a list of available Analytics, Control, Console, and Wireless dashboards (system reports), and customizing the report component panels to meet your specific needs. The Report Designer can be accessed from the **Reports** tab. The Report Designer also lets you create a new report based on individually selected components. Once a report is created, it is available from the report catalog in the **Reports** tab.

In order to use the Report Designer, you must be a member of an authorization group that is assigned the Extreme Management Center OneView > Access OneView and NetSight OneView > Access OneView Administration capabilities.

## **Creating a New Report**

Use the following steps to create a new report. The new report is added to the **Reports** tab.

- 1. Select the **Reports > Report Designer** tab.
- 2. Click on the **New** button **a**. The New Report window opens. Use this window to define the report characteristics.

New Report			×
Report Name:			
Category:			-
Layout:			
			1
Custom			_
Minimum Panel Height:	100		\$
Include Toolbar:			
		ОК	Cancel

- 3. Enter a **Report Name**. Use an easy to recognize name in the **Reports** tab.
- 4. Select a **Category** for the report from the drop-down list or enter a category in the Category box. This allows you to group your report within an existing report category (in the **Reports** tab) or create a new category.
- 5. Select from the **Layout** options to determine the number of reports that are displayed in each row and column of your dashboard.
- 6. Select the Minimum Panel Height from the drop-down list.
- 7. Click the **Include Toolbar** box to add the tool bar to your dashboard.
- 8. Click the **OK** button. The empty layout format displays in a new tab.
- 9. Drag and drop the components from the left panel that you want displayed in the dashboard.
- 10. Once in place, the components are a live preview of the data.

🔓 New. 😨 Edit 📄 Savo 🥥 Delet							
	4	Report					
My Reports	+						
and conference		Test0					
System Reports	+	Current End-Systems - Hourly	ж	NAC Access States	ж	Item 3	ж
My Components	-	Current End-Systems - Hourly		Access States			
<ul> <li>Custom Report</li> </ul>		1000			Accept.[040]	i.	
Device Availability 195		10/11 10/12 10/13 10/15 10/	16 10/1	<b>V</b>	Disconnected (219)		
Components	-	Device Availability ,195 200	10 PM	2.AM 4.AM 6.AM 8.AM	Item 5		×
Access Control     Applications     Applications     Applications Browser     Custom Report     Devices     Devices	İ	han 6	ж	hem 7	×	hem 8	×

11. Click **Save**. The new report is now listed in the **Reports** tab under the appropriate category.

#### **Related Information**

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

### How to Modify a Report Using the Report Designer

You can change a report's components and delete panels, but you cannot add new panels. If you want to add new panels, you must create a new report.

- 1. Select the **Reports** tab and then select the **Report Designer**.
- 2. In the My Reports section, select the report you want to modify. The report displays in the right panel for editing.
- 3. Use the **Component** drop-down list to change a component in a panel, or click the **Delete** button to delete a panel.
- 4. Click the **Save** button. The report populates with data and displays in a new tab. This allows you to preview how the customized report looks.

The new report is now listed in the **Reports** tab under the appropriate category.

### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Report Designer</u>
- <u>Reports</u>

## How to Customize a Report Using the Report Designer

The Report Designer lets you create custom reports by selecting from a list of available Analytics, Control, Console, and Wireless dashboards (system reports), and customizing the report component panels to meet your specific needs. The **Report Designer** also lets you create a new report based on individually selected components. Once a report is created, it is available from the report catalog in the **Reports** tab.

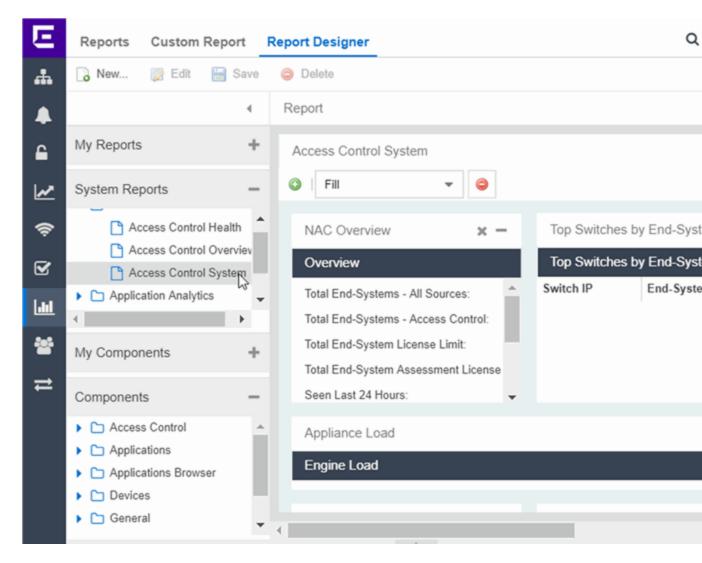
The Report Designer can be accessed from the **Reports** tab. In order to use the Report Designer, you must be a member of an authorization group that is assigned the Extreme Management Center OneView > Access OneView and NetSight OneView > Access OneView Administration capabilities.

## **Customizing a System Report**

Use the following steps to customize an existing system report. The customized report replaces the original report in the **Reports** tab and all other places in Extreme Management Center where that report is used.

For example, you want to delete some of the dashboard panels and change some of the dashboard components in the ExtremeControl System report.

- 1. Select the **Reports** tab in Extreme Management Center and then select the **Report Designer**.
- Select the system report you want to customize in the System Reports section. In the example below, ExtremeControl > ExtremeControl System report is selected. (Use the scroll bar to view the complete list of available reports.) The report becomes available to edit in the right panel.



- 3. Change the report:
  - a. Drag and drop the components that you want displayed in the dashboard.
  - b. Once in place, the components are a live preview of the data.
- 4. Once you have finished making changes to the report, click the **Save** button. The report is populated with data and displayed in a new tab as a way to preview the report. The name of the customized report is added to the My Reports section.

The custom system report is available in the Reports catalog and replaces the original system report. If you delete the customized system report, the report changes back to the original system report.

### **Related Information**

<u>Reports Catalog</u>

## **Custom Components in Report Designer**

When you create an Advanced Browser report in the ExtremeAnalytics Browser, you can save it to the **Report Designer** to use as a custom component. The custom component uses the target, statistic, start time, and search criteria you defined in the Advanced Browser report.

Custom components are listed in the My Components section in the left-panel of the Report Designer. They are available for selection from the **Component** dropdown list in the Applications Browser section when you customize a system report or create a new report.

### Create a New Component

You can create new components from the **Reports > Custom Reports** tab.

The left-panel options allow you to choose the category and duration of the data captured in the component. You can also choose the target for which the data will be displayed, and which statistical data will be displayed.

#	Network	•	R	eports	Custom Report	
	Alarms & Even	ts				
۔ ۲	Control	•	0	ptions		
جر. ا	Apolytics		Са	tegory:	Raw Data 🔹	
~	Analytics		Tir	ne Period:	Last 24 Hours	•
Ŷ	Wireless					
<u></u>	Reports		Та	irget		
				All 👻		
				Select a	target	•
			St	atistic		
				Select a	statistic	-
				L		

- 1. Select a **Category** from the drop-down list. Options include **Raw Data**, **Hourly**, **Daily**, **Weekly**, and **Monthly**.
- Choose the Time Period for the data to be displayed. Options include Last 24 Hours, Yesterday, Last 3 Days, Last Week, Last 2 Weeks, Last Month, Last 3 Months, Last 6 Months, Last Year, or Custom. If you select a custom time period, you can choose your start and end times for the duration of the data.
- 3. Select the **Target** type from the drop-down list. Then select the specific target from the **Select a target** drop-down list.
- 4. Select the Statistic you want to display from the drop-down list.
- 5. Enter your **Display Options** to design your chart. You can choose to render the data as a chart or grid.

Display Optior	ıs	۵
Title:		
Render As:	📊 Chart 👻	
Chart Type:	Line	-
X Axis Title:		
Y Axis Title:		
¢ 👻		Submit

- 6. Click Submit.
- 7. Click the **Gear** button () in the bottom left corner and choose from the drop-down list:
  - a. ( E save ) Save to Report Designer If you choose this option, you can use the component in a new or custom report.
  - b. (🖻) Export to CSV
  - c. (属) Bookmark
- 8. Enter a name for your component.

### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• <u>Reports</u>

# Administration

Extreme Management Center's **Administration** tab provides diagnostic reports and tools to monitor, maintain, and troubleshoot the application and its components.

The **Menu** icon (≡) at the top of the screen provides links to additional information about your version of Extreme Management Center.

To view the diagnostic reports and schedules in the **Administration** tab, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the OneView > Access OneView and OneView > Access OneView Administration capabilities. For additional information about configuring user capabilities, see Users.

This Help topic provides information on the following sub-tabs:

- Profiles
- <u>Users</u>
- Server Information
- <u>Certificates</u>
- Options
- Device Types
- <u>Backup/Restore</u>
- Diagnostics
- Vendor Profiles
- Client API Access

## **Profiles**

The **Profiles** tab allows you to establish access to the devices on your network by creating identities used for authentication when performing SNMP queries and sets. Extreme Management Center supports authentication to devices using SNMPv1, SNMPv2 and SNMPv3. When device models are created in the database, you can accept the default profile or assign a specific Profile to describe a set of access Credentials used for authentication at each level of access in the device. (When first installed, Extreme Management Center's

default profile uses an SNMPv1 credential that provides Read, Write and Max Access privileges.) The specific profile used depends on the protocol that is supported in a device and the credentials required to gain access.

## Users

The **Users** tab allows you to create the authorization groups that define the access privileges (called Capabilities) assigned to authenticated users. When a user successfully authenticates, they are assigned membership in an authorization group that grants specific capabilities in the application.

The **Users** tab is also where you define the method used to authenticate users who are attempting to launch Extreme Management Center. There are three authentication methods available: OS Authentication (the default), LDAP Authentication, RADIUS Authentication, and TACACS+ Authentication.

### **Server Information**

The **Server Information** tab allows you to view and manage current client connections and Extreme Management Center locks.

## Certificates

The **Certificates** tab provides a central location for managing the Extreme Management Center server certificate.

From this tab you can:

- Update the Extreme Management Center <u>server certificate</u> by replacing the server private key and certificate.
- Update the Fabric Manager <u>server certificate</u> by replacing the server private key and certificate.
- View and change the <u>client trust mode</u> that specifies how Extreme Management Center clients handles a server certificate.
- View and change the <u>server trust mode</u> that specifies how servers handles certificates from other servers.

## Options

Extreme Management Center options allow you to configure the behavior of Extreme Management Center. These options apply across all Extreme Management Center applications. In the **Options** tab (**Administration > Options**), the right-panel view changes depending on what you select in the left-panel tree.

### Information on the following options:

- Access Control Options
- Alarm Options
- Alarm/Event Logs and Table Options
- Compliance Options
- Compass Options
- Database Backup Options
- Device Terminal Options
- Event Analyzer Options
- ExtremeNetworks.com Updates Options
- FlexView Options
- Impact Analysis Options
- Inventory Manager Options
- Legacy Options
- Extreme Management Center Options
- Extreme Management Center Collector Options
- Extreme Management Center Engine Options
- Extreme Management Center Server Health Options
- Name Resolution Options
- NetFlow Options
- Network Monitor Cache Options
- Policy Options
- SBI Options

- SMTP Email Options
- SNMP Options
- Site Options
- Status Polling Options
- Syslog Options
- TopN Collector Options
- Trap Options
- Web Server Options
- Wireless Manager Options
- ZTP+ Options

### **Device Types**

Configure end-system device identification in Extreme Management Center using the **Device Types** tab.

End-systems that connect to your network are identified by Extreme Management Center in two ways:

- Using DHCP Fingerprints
- Using MAC OUIs

### **Detection and Profiling**

Use the **Detection and Profiling** tab to view DHCP fingerprints and the device types with which they are associated. ExtremeControl examines the DHCP packet from an end-system as it accesses the network and uses the information in this table to associate it to a device type.

Select the Add or Edit icon to open the <u>Add/Edit Device Type Profile window</u> from which you can create or modify a device type identifier. Select **Import** to select a spreadsheet of DHCP fingerprints.

### **MAC OUI Vendors**

Use the MAC OUI Vendors tab to view and configure MAC OUI (organizational unique identifier) values and associate them with a device vendor. Extreme

Management Center is configured with a number of system-defined MAC OUIs. You can also add your own by clicking the **Add** icon.

Select the **Update** icon to open the **Update OUI Vendor List** window, from which you can update the list of MAC OUI vendors from the internet or from a saved file.

## Backup/Restore

The **Backup/Restore** tab allows you to perform database backups and a restore operation for legacy backups as well as configure the URL and password for the database.

## **Diagnostics**

The **Diagnostics** tab provides three levels of information: Basic, Advanced, and Diagnostic. Use the Level menu at the top-left of the page to select the desired report level.

- **NOTE:** All three diagnostic levels enable you to launch the NBI Explorer from the Server > Server Utilities menu. You can use the NBI Explorer to access the Northbound Interface.
  - Basic Level This level provides basic administrative reports to help you monitor and troubleshoot your network. It provides a Server Licenses report that displays all server licenses and allows you to add a license and allows you to export end system events for a particular date range in a log file. To view license details or to add a new license, go to the Server > Server Licenses menu.
    - **NOTE:** For information on base licensing and all Extreme Management Center features, see <u>Requirements</u>.
  - Advanced Level This level includes all Basic administrative reports as well as additional Advanced reports with more detailed information for debugging problems. Beta features can also be enabled from the Advanced level. For additional information on beta features, please contact Extreme Networks Support.
  - **Diagnostic Level** This level includes all Basic and Advanced reports. Additionally, Diagnostic provides access to the following diagnostic actions:

- Save Diagnostic Information Saves the administrative report data to log files, and the statistic and target information to CSV files, so that you can save and review the information for debugging purposes. The information is saved to <install directory>/appdata/OneView/RptStatus/ as a zip file, with the date as part of the file name. Unzip the file to view the log files and CSV files. You can view the save operation progress in the Server Log report (located on the Administration tab under the Server section). When the Save operation is complete, an event is sent to the Console Event log with the full path to the diagnostic zip file.
- Diagnostic Levels Lets you enable different levels of logging for specific Extreme Management Center functionality, and view the debug information in the Server Log report (located on the Administration tab under the Server section) or in the

<install directory>/appdata/logs/server.log file on the Extreme Management Center Server. By default, error and informational data is logged to the log file, with a new file created each day. You can set the diagnostic level to Verbose to collect additional data that is presented in an easy-to-read format. Note that the Informational and Verbose settings create large log files and may impact system performance.

- Off Turns off all diagnostic logging.
- Default emc.xml Value Sets the level to the level specified in the emc.xml file.
- Critical Records only Error events.
- Warning Records Warning and Error events.
- Informational Records Warning, Error, and Info events.
- Verbose Records debug information in addition to Warning, Error, and Info events.
- Clean OneView Data Tables Cleans all aggregated report data from the Extreme Management Center reporting database. This allows you to restart your database, if required for problem resolution. The operation removes all data from the following database tables:
  - rpt\_default\_raw
  - rpt\_default\_hour
  - rpt\_default\_day

- rpt\_default\_week
- rpt\_default\_month

### **Vendor Profiles**

The <u>Vendor Profiles tab</u> allows you to edit configurations for device types. You can enter additional information about the device type to help identify it in Extreme Management Center.

Vendor Profiles are a beta feature and are only available by selecting **Enable Beta Features** on the **Administration** > <u>Diagnostics tab</u>.

### **Client API Access**

The <u>Client API Access tab</u> allows you to add access to the Extreme Management Center <u>Northbound Interface</u> API from third-party applications.

### **Related Information**

For information on the other Extreme Management Center tabs:

- Alarms and Events
- <u>Devices</u>
- Reports
- <u>Wireless</u>

# **Profiles**

Extreme Management Center applications access devices in order to control certain device functions and retrieve information for device properties views, FlexViews and periodic polling. Use this tab to create the authentication *credentials* used to manage access to your devices through SNMP and CLI (command line interface), and the *profiles* that use those credentials for various access levels. Profiles are then mapped to specific devices on your network.

- Credentials Credentials define the authentication values (for example, user names and passwords) used to access your network devices.
  - **<u>SNMP Credentials</u>** provide support for device management using SNMP.
  - <u>CLI Credentials</u> provide support for device management using the CLI.
- <u>Profiles</u> Profiles are assigned to device models in the Extreme Management Center database. They identify the credentials used for the various access levels when communicating with the device.
- <u>Device Mapping</u> Allows you to map the profiles you create to Authorization Groups on devices.

Managing device access using credentials and profiles consists of creating your credentials, creating the profiles that uses those credentials, and then mapping the profiles to Authorization Groups on devices.

## **Profiles Section**

🗿 Add 👩 Edit 🤤	Delete Def	ault Profile: p	ublic_v1_Profile	*			17 St	iow Filters
Name	SNMP Ver	Read Crede	Write Crede	Max Access Cre	Read Securi	Write Securi	Max Access	CLI Credential
public_v1_Profile	SNMPv1	public_v1	public_v1	public_v1				Default
EXTR_v1_Profile	SNMPv1	public_v1	private_v1	private_v1				Default
public_v2_Profile	SNMPv2	public_v2	public_v2	public_v2				Default
EXTR_v2_Profile	SNMPv2	public_v2	private_v2	private_v2				Default
snmp_v3_profile	SNMPv3	default_snmp	. default_snmp	default_snmp_v3	AuthPriv	AuthPriv	AuthPriv	Default

#### **Default Profile**

This drop-down list lets you specify a profile used by default to access a device.

#### ID

This column, hidden by default, displays a unique numeric identifier for the profile.

#### Name

This is the name assigned when the profile is created. The public\_v1\_Profile is automatically created during Extreme Management Center installation and cannot be deleted.

#### **SNMP Version**

This is the SNMP protocol version for the profile. Profiles can be configured for SNMPv1, SNMPv2c, or as SNMPv3.

#### Read, Write, Max Access Credential

When the **Version** is SNMPv1 or SNMPv2c, the Read, Write, and Max Access columns in the table contain the Community Name for each access level. When the **Version** is SNMPv3, the Read, Write, and Max Access columns in the table contain the credential specified for each access level.

#### Read, Write, Max Access Security Level

When the **Version** is SNMPv3, these columns contain the security level specified for each access credential. When the **Version** is SNMPv1 or SNMPv2c, these columns do not apply.

#### **CLI Credential**

The CLI credential specified for the profile.

#### **Add Button**

Opens the <u>Add/Edit Profile window</u> where you can select the SNMP version and define the profile name and passwords/community names used by the profile.

#### **Edit Button**

Opens the <u>Add/Edit Profile window</u> where you can modify the SNMP version and passwords/community names used by a selected profile.

#### **Delete Button**

Removes the selected Profile from the Device Access Profiles table. You cannot delete the profile currently selected to be the **Default Profile**.

### **SNMP Credentials Subtab**

This tab lists all of the SNMP credentials created in the Extreme Management Center database. The public\_v1 credential is automatically created during installation and cannot be deleted.

🔾 Add 🔰 Edit	Delete					🖤 Sho	w Filters   Q
Name	SNMP Ver	Community	User Name	Authentication T	Authentication P	Privacy Type	Privacy Pas
public_v1	SNMPv1						
default_snmp_v3	SNMPv3		snmpuser	MD5	•••••	DES	
private_v1	SNMPv1	******					
public_v2	SNMPv2						
private_v2	SNMPv2						

ID

This column, hidden by default, displays a unique numeric identifier for the SNMP credentials.

#### Name

This column lists names assigned to credentials created in the Extreme Management Center database.

#### **SNMP Version**

This is the SNMP protocol version for the credential. Credentials can be configured for SNMPv1, SNMPv2c, or as SNMPv3.

#### **Community Name**

For SNMPv1 or SNMPv2c credentials, this is the Community Name used for device access.

#### **User Name**

For SNMPv3 credentials, this is the User Name used for device access.

#### Authentication Password/Authentication Type, Privacy Password/Privacy Type

For SNMPv3 credentials, these columns show the authentication protocol (None, MD5, or SHA) and privacy protocol (None or DES) and passwords used by the credential.

#### **Add Button**

Opens the <u>Add/Edit SNMP Credential window</u> where you can define new SNMP credentials.

#### **Edit Button**

Opens the <u>Add/Edit Credential window</u> where you can modify a credential selected from the SNMP Credentials table.

#### **Delete Button**

Removes a selected credential from the SNMP Credentials table.

### **CLI Credentials Subtab**

This tab lists all of the CLI credentials created in the Extreme Management Center database. The Default and <No Access> credentials are created automatically during installation and cannot be deleted.

SNMP Credentials	<b>CLI Credentials</b>	Device Mappin	9		
🗿 Add 👳 Edit	Delete				💎 Show Filters   Q
Description	User Name	Туре	Login Password	Enable Password	Configuration Pas
Default	admin	Telnet			
< No Access >					
wireless	admin	SSH			
« < Page 1	of 1   > >>	C 🛛 🔜 Reset		Displaying	AuthCredentials 1 - 3 of 3

#### Description

A description of the CLI credential.

#### **User Name**

The Username used for device access.

#### Туре

The communication protocol used for the connection (SSH or Telnet).

#### **Login Password**

The password required to start a CLI session.

#### **Enable Password**

The password required to enter Enable mode in a CLI session.

#### **Configuration Password**

The password required to enter Configure mode in a CLI session.

#### **Add Button**

Opens the <u>Add/Edit CLI Credential window</u> where you can define a new CLI credential.

#### **Edit Button**

Opens the <u>Add/Edit CLI Credential window</u> where you can modify a CLI credential selected from the CLI Credentials table.

#### **Delete Button**

Removes a selected credential from the CLI Credentials table.

### **Device Mapping Subtab**

This tab lets you define the specific Profiles to apply to users in each Authorization Group when communicating with network devices. The tab contains a device tree in the left panel where you select devices, and a table in the right panel that lists the current device profile assignments.

	SNMP Credentials CL	I Credentials	Device	Mapping						
	<ul> <li>Devices</li> <li>My Network (103 devices)</li> <li>All Devices (103 devices)</li> </ul>		Device Mapping Spreadsheet: Map Profile to Selected Devices by Authorization Groups							
				v	🎲 Apply	🔚 Save	😂 Cancel	Q		
	<ul> <li>Grouped By (103 dev)</li> <li>Wireless Controllers</li> </ul>	rices)	Device	NetSight A	Administr					
	ewc109.extremenetw	orks.com								

#### **Device Tree**

The left panel contains a device tree, where you select a device or device group to view or configure.

#### Profile/Device Mapping Table

This table lists all of the selected devices and shows a column for the Extreme Management Center Administrator Group and each *Authorization Group* you defined. The *NetSight Administrator* column shows the profile used by the Extreme Management Center Administrator group. The Profile listed/selected for each Authorization Group column used by that group when communicating with the associated device and, as a result, defines the level of access granted to users that are members of that Authorization Group. A <\*> in the table indicates that no profile is specified and the Extreme Management Center Administrator profile is used. Select a **Profile** from the drop-down list, click the authorization groups to which you want to apply the profile, and click **Apply**.

#### Apply Button 🔯 Apply

Sets the profile selected in the **Profile** drop-down list as the profile for the Authorization Groups selected in the table.

#### Save Button 🔚 Save...

Saves your changes on the device or devices selected.

#### Cancel Button 🤤 Cancel

Discards your unsaved changes.

# **Add/Edit Profile Window**

This window lets you select the SNMP and CLI Credentials for a new profile or modify the credentials for an existing profile.

**NOTE:** When configuring profiles for ExtremeWireless Controllers, ensure the controllers are discovered using an SNMPv2c or SNMPv3 profile. This profile must also contain SSH CLI credentials for the controller. Wireless Manager uses the controller's CLI to retrieve required information and to configure managed controllers.

Add Profile		×
Profile Name:		
SNMP Version:	SNMPv1	¥
Read:	public_v1	<b>v</b>
Write:	< No Access >	•
Max Access:	< No Access >	
CLI Credential:	Default	-
		Save Cancel

Add Profile				×
Profile Name:				
SNMP Version:	SNMPv3			Ŧ
Read:	default_snmp_	Read Security:	NoAuthNoPriv	٠
Write:	< No Access : 💌	Write Security:	NoAuthNoPriv	Ŧ
Max Access:	< No Access : 💌	Max Security:	NoAuthNoPriv	٠
CLI Credential:	Default			Ŧ
			Save Car	ncel

#### **Profile Name**

A unique name (up to 32 characters) assigned to this profile.

When editing an existing profile, you can select a profile from the table to modify its settings. However, you cannot change the name of an existing profile.

#### **SNMP Version**

This is the SNMP protocol version for the profile. Profiles can be configured for **SNMPv1**, **SNMPv2c**, or as **SNMPv3**. When either SNMPv1 or SNMPv2c is selected, the editor provides fields where you can configure access levels using Community Names. With SNMPv3 selected, you can configure access levels using Credentials and Security Levels.

#### Read, Write, Max Access

#### SNMPv1, SNMPv2c

Select the SNMP Credential used for the Read, Write, Max Access. These fields define the community names used for these levels of access. You can also select **New** to open the <u>Add/Edit SNMP Credential window</u>.

- Read This Community Name is used for *get* operations.
- Write This Community Name is used for *set* operations.
- Max Access This Community Name is used for *set* operations that require administrative access, such as changing community names.

# SNMPv3

Select the SNMP Credential used for the Read, Write, Max Access levels, defined by Credentials and Security Level:

## Credentials

Credential Names are assigned to each of the three SNMPv3 access levels used for the Read, Write and Max Access operations. You can also select **New** to open the <u>Add/Edit SNMP Credential window</u>.

- Read used for read operations (gets).
- Write used for write operations (*sets*).
- Max Access used for write operations (*set*) that require administrative access.

# **Security Level**

Each access level can be assigned a security level:

- AuthPriv Highest security level requiring authentication and privacy (encrypted information).
- AuthNoPriv Requires authentication, but unencrypted information.
- NoAuthNoPriv Neither authentication nor privacy required.

### **CLI Credential**

Use the drop-down list to select the CLI Credential for this profile. CLI credentials provide support for device management using the command line interface (CLI). You can also select **New** to open the <u>Add/Edit CLI Credential window</u>.

# Add/Edit SNMP Credential Window

This window lets you define or edit the names and community names/passwords for SNMP credentials.

Add SNMP Creden	tial		×
Credential Name:			
SNMP Version:	SNMPv1		
Community Name:			Ø
		Save	Cancel

Add SNMP Credent	tial		×
Credential Name:			
SNMP Version:	SNMPv3		•
User Name:			
Authentication Type:	SHA		<b>*</b>
Authentication Password:			Þ
Privacy Type:	AES		•
Privacy Password:			Þ
		Save	Cancel

#### **Credential Name**

A unique name (up to 32 characters) assigned to this access credential. You can define a new credential or select a name from the table to modify settings for an existing credential. You cannot edit the name of an existing credential.

#### **SNMP Version**

This is the SNMP protocol version for the credential. Credentials can be configured for **SNMPv1**, **SNMPv2**, or as **SNMPv3**. When either SNMPv1 or SNMPv2 is selected, the window provides fields where you can configure access levels using Community

Names. With SNMPv3 selected, you can configure access levels using Authentication and Privacy Types.

### **Community Name**

For SNMPv1 or SNMPv2 credentials, this is the Community Name used for device access.

### **User Name**

For SNMPv3 credentials, this is the User Name used for device access.

# **Authentication Type**

For SNMPv3 credentials, select MD5, SHA1, or None, from this drop-down list.

# **Authentication Password**

This is the password (between 1 and 64 characters in length) used to determine Authentication. If an existing password is changed and the credential is currently used with a profile applied to one or more devices, a confirmation dialog is opened to determine how the changes are handled. You are asked if you want to change the password on the device(s). You can then select the devices where the password is changed and, if this user is a valid user on the device(s), then the new password is set on the device. Select the **Eye** icon to display your password.

# **Privacy Type**

For SNMPv3 credentials, select **DES** or **None** from this drop-down list.

### **Privacy Password**

This is the password (between 1 and 64 characters in length) used to determine Privacy. If an existing password is changed and the credential is currently used with a profile applied to one or more devices, a confirmation dialog is opened to determine how the changes are handled. You are asked if you want to change the password on the device(s). You can then select the devices where the password is changed and, if this user is a valid user on the device(s), then the new password is set on the device. Select the **Eye** icon to display your password.

# Add/Edit CLI Credential Window

This window lets you define or edit the user name and passwords for a CLI credential.

Add CLI Credential			×
Description:			
User Name:			
Туре:	Telnet		•
Login Password:			Þ
Enable Password:			Þ
Configuration Password:			Þ
		Save	Cancel

### Description

A description of the credential.

### **User Name**

The User name used for device access.

#### Туре

The communication protocol used for the connection (SSH or Telnet).

### Passwords

The passwords used to determine different levels of access to the device:

- Login The password required to start a CLI session. Select the **Eye** icon to display your password.
- Enable The password for entering Enable mode. Select the **Eye** icon to display your password.
- Configuration The password for entering Configure mode. Select the **Eye** icon to display your password.

**NOTE:** When configuring CLI Credentials for ExtremeWireless Controllers, you must add the username and password Login credentials for the controller to this Add/Edit Credential window in order for Wireless Manager to properly connect (SSH) to the controller and read device configuration data. However, the Login password must be added to the Configuration password field instead of the Login password field. The username and Configuration password specified here must match the username and Login password configured on the controller.

# **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- <u>Users/Groups Tab</u>
- Site Tab

# **Vendor Profiles**

Use the **Vendor Profiles** tab to add new device families to Extreme Management Center, which includes any element of the device family: Company, Vendor, Subfamily, and Device Types. With the addition of properties for the new device family, the elements determine the reports available for the device in its DeviceView, the FlexView filters available for the device, and the scripts that apply to the device.

Vendor Profiles are a beta feature. To enable vendor profile functionality, contact Extreme Networks'<u>Global Technical Assistance Center (GTAC)</u>.

**IMPORTANT:** Only make changes to this tab if you are an expert user. Incorrectly configuring this tab causes significant adverse effects in Extreme Management Center and may require you to reinstall.

To remove all user-defined Vendor Profile configurations and restore the default system configurations, click the **Restore to Defaults** button on the **Administration** > **Diagnostics** > **System** > **Vendor Profile Cache** tab.

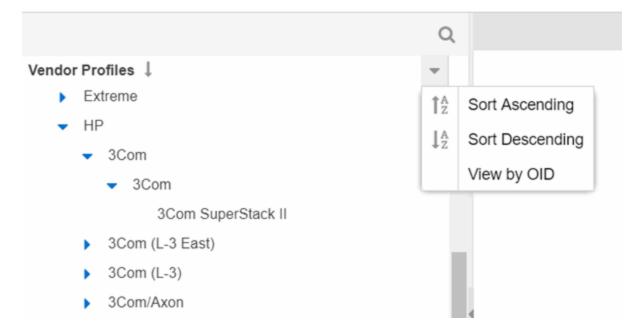
The Vendor Profiles tab is organized into two panels. The left panel contains a list of vendors and companies that manufacture networking devices. Nested within the company folder, if a device is part of a series of devices (known in Extreme Management Center as a device family), are folders for each device family. Within the device family folder are the individual device types that are a part of that device family. The device family is further defined by device subfamily. Any properties defined at the company or device family level also apply to the devices within that folder, however you can overwrite the default configurations by changing a device family or individual device.

The right panel contains the vendor profile for the vendor, company, device family, or device type you select in the left panel.

E Extre	eme: < Profi	les Users	Server Information	Certificates	Options	Backup/Restore	Diagnostics	Vendor Profiles
A Network	c 🔸			Q				
🜲 Alarms	& Events							
Gentrol		3Com						
Analytic	s	- 3Com						
🗢 Wireles	s ,	3Com S 3Com (L-3 Eas	uperStack II )					
Govern	ance	3Com (L-3) 3Com/Axon						
Reports		Compaq						
📑 Tasks		HP Lefthand Netwo	rks					
😁 Adminis								
	► Ini ► Ju	niper						
	KO KO							
		ntronix						
	► M	crosoft		*				

# **Vendor Profiles List**

The left-panel of the **Vendor Profiles** tab contains a list of device vendors, displayed in alphabetical order. Click the drop-down list in the left-panel Vendor Profiles field to display the following options:



Sort Ascending

Displays the vendors in alphabetical order, from A to Z. This is the default sort option.

Sort Descending

Displays the vendors in reverse alphabetical order, from Z to A.

### • View by OID / View by text

Toggles between company Object Identifier and text in the left-panel

For those vendors with multiple products listed in Extreme Management Center, click the arrow icon beside the vendor name, company, or subfamily to display additional options related to that vendor. If the vendor's products are organized into product "families" or groups of products of the same type, the product family displays when expanding a vendor. Expanding the product family or a vendor with no product family displays individual devices for that vendor.

Clicking the **View by OID** option in the Vendor Profiles field drop-down list displays the vendor Object Identifier for the companies and devices in the left-panel tree:

Vendor Profiles ↓	
Extreme	-
▼ HP	
▶ 1.3.6.1.4.1.11	
▼ 1.3.6.1.4.1.43	
▼ 3Com	
1.3.6.1.4.1.43.10.27.4.1.2.2	
▶ 1.3.6.1.4.1.232	
1.3.6.1.4.1.370	
▶ 1.3.6.1.4.1.3231	
1.3.6.1.4.1.9803	
1.3.6.1.4.1.9804	

Clicking the **View by text** option in the Vendor Profiles field drop-down list displays the companies and devices as text in the left-panel tree.

Select a vendor, product family, or product to open the vendor profile details in the right-panel.

# **Vendor Profile Details**

The right-panel of the **Vendor Profiles** tab displays properties related to the vendor, device family, or device selected in the left-panel Vendor Profiles list. The right-panel only shows the Properties which have specific settings. Properties not displayed for the Device Type are either not applicable, or the Vendor Profile could be using the setting from the Device Type's Subfamily, Family, Company or Vendor.

The configuration of these fields determines how Extreme Management Center displays the element selected in the left-panel. Additionally, Extreme Management Center uses this information to determine the reports, filters, and scripts that apply to a device. It may be necessary to add a Property to a certain Device Type to configure it in Extreme Management Center.

# **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- Users/Groups Tab
- <u>Site Tab</u>

# Users

Use the **Users** tab to create the authorization groups that define the access privileges (called *Capabilities*) to specific Extreme Management Center application features. When a user successfully authenticates, they are assigned membership in an authorization group. Based on their membership in a particular group, users are granted specific capabilities in the application. For example, create an authorization group called "IT Staff" that grants access to a wide range of capabilities and another authorization group called "Guest" grants a very limited range of capabilities.

The tab is also where you define the method used to authenticate users using Extreme Management Center. There are four authentication methods available: OS Authentication (the default), LDAP Authentication, RADIUS Authentication, and TACACS+ Authentication.

**NOTE:** When changes to authentication and authorization configurations are made, clients must restart in order to be subject to the new configuration. Disconnect those clients affected by the changes made to your authentication and authorization configurations. Use the Client Connections tab in the Server Information window to help identify which clients are affected by the changes, and disconnect those clients.

For instructions about how to add authorized users in Extreme Management Center, see How to Add Users in Extreme Management Center.

	ntication Method					
Auth	hentication Type: OS	-				
8	Enable OS Authentication to Aut	thorization Group	NetSight Adminis	trator 🖛		
Net	rk Settings					
INGEWOR	rk Setungs					
SS	SH					•
	Manage SSH Configuration					
	Port	22				
	Disable Remote root	0				
	Access:					
	RADIUS Authentication					
	SSH Users					
	O Create 🥃 Edit.	Delete				
	Username	Туре		Administrative User		
Author	ind leave					
	rized Users					
O Add	🔵 Edit. 😂 Delete	Nama Suthor	ination Group	Automatic Mambar	♥ Shc	w Filters
	🔵 Edit. 😂 Delete		ization Group	Automatic Member false	🖗 Sho	w Filters   C
O Add	me Domain/Host	NetSigh			∵ She	w Filters   C
<ul> <li>Add</li> <li>User Nar</li> </ul>	me Domain/Host	NetSigh	nt Administrator	false	∵ She	w Filters C
<ul> <li>Add</li> <li>User Nar</li> </ul>	ization Groups	NetSigh	nt Administrator	false		w Filters C

# **Users/Groups Access**

Click the **Acquire Lock** button to make changes to the **Users** tab. Only one user can make changes to the fields on this tab at one time, so clicking this button restricts access to other users.

Once you are finished making changes, click the button again to release the lock.

# **Authentication Method**

Use this section to configure the method used to authenticate users who are attempting to launch an Extreme Management Center client or access the Extreme Management Center database using the Extreme Management Center Server Administration web page.

The following authentication methods are available:

- OS Authentication (the default)
- LDAP Authentication
- RADIUS Authentication
- TACACS+ Authentication

**WARNING:** Changes to the **Authentication Type** are automatically saved to the server, which can prevent access to users.

# **OS Authentication (Default)**

With this authentication method, the Extreme Management Center Server uses the underlying host operating system to authenticate users. Use the <u>Authorized</u> <u>Users table</u> to create a list of users allowed access and define their access capabilities.

Authentication Method

Authentication Type:	OS	•			
Enable OS Auther	ntication t	o Authorization G	oup NetSight	Administrator	÷

If desired, enable Automatic Membership and specify an authorization group. The Automatic Membership feature allows the operating system to authenticate a user who is not manually added to the Authorized Users table, dynamically add that user to the table, and assign that user to the specified authorization group the first time they log in. These users are indicated by a **true** in the Automatic Member column of the Authorized Users table.

# **LDAP** Authentication

With this authentication method, the Extreme Management Center Server uses the specified LDAP configuration to authenticate users.

Authentication Method

Authentication Type:	LDAP	~	LDAP:	Corp	*>	
Authenticate to OS	S on Failu	ire To	Authoriza	tion Group	NetSight Administrator	V

Use the drop-down list to select the LDAP configuration for the LDAP server on your network that you want to use to authenticate users. Use the **New** menu

option to add a new configuration or select the **Manage** option to manage your LDAP configurations.

With LDAP Authentication, configure dynamic assignment of users to authorization groups based on the attributes associated with a user in Active Directory. For example, create an authorization group that matches everyone in a particular organization, department, or location. When a user authenticates, the attributes associated with that user are matched against a list of criteria specified as part of each authorization group. The first group with criteria met by the user's attributes becomes the authorization group for that user. The user is then added to the Authorized Users table as an automatic member, with that authorization group.

The Authenticate to OS on Failure To Authorization Group feature provides the option to use OS Authentication automatic membership if the LDAP authentication fails. Users authenticated by the operating system are dynamically assigned to the specified authorization group when they log in, and are automatically added to the Authorized Users table. These users are indicated by a **true** in the Automatic Member column of the table.

# **RADIUS Authentication**

With this authentication method, the Extreme Management Center Server uses the specified RADIUS servers to authenticate users.

NOTE: The RADIUS Authentication mode supports the PAP authentication type.

Authentication Metho	d					
Authentication Type:	RADIUS ~	Primary:	\$	Secondary:	None	\$
Authenticate to O	S on Failure To	Authorization Group	NetSight Administra	tor ~		

Use the drop-down list to select the primary RADIUS server and backup RADIUS server (optional) on your network that you want to use to authenticate users. Use the **New** menu option to add a RADIUS server, or select **Manage** to manage your RADIUS servers.

With RADIUS Authentication, configure dynamic assignment of users to authorization groups based on the attributes associated with a user in Active Directory. When a user authenticates, the attributes associated with that user are matched against a list of criteria specified as part of each authorization group. The first group with a criteria met by the user's attributes becomes the authorization group for that user. The user is then added to the Authorized Users table as an automatic member, with that authorization group.

The Authenticate to OS on Failure to Authorization Group feature provides the option to use OS Authentication automatic membership if the RADIUS server authentication fails. Users authenticated by the operating system are dynamically assigned to the specified authorization group when they log in, and are automatically added to the Authorized Users table. These users are indicated by a **true** in the Automatic Member column of the table.

# **TACACS+** Authentication

With this authentication method, the Extreme Management Center Server uses up to three specified TACACS+ servers to authenticate users.

```
Authentication Method

      Authentication Type:
      TACACS*
      Primary:

            Secondary:
            None
            Tetlary:
            None
            Authenticate to OS on Failure To Authorization Group
            NetSight Administrator
            Authenticate to OS Only if TACACS* Servers are Unresponsive
```

Use the drop-down list to select the primary server, the secondary server (optional), and the tertiary server (optional) on your network that you want to use to authenticate users. Use the **New** menu option to add a server via the <u>Add</u> <u>TACACS+ Server window</u>, or select **Manage** to manage your servers.

With TACACS+ authentication, users are dynamically assigned to authorization groups based on the attributes associated what that user in TACACS+ server. Extreme Management Center looks for the XMC-Authorization-Group attribute / value pair (for example, XMC-Authorization-Group=Domain Admin Group) and if that value matches the authorization group name, the user is associated with the group. If there is no XMC-Authorization-Group attribute being returned by TACACS+ server, other attributes (for examle, ip=ppp) are validated and used to authorize and associate the group to the user.

Extreme Management Center attempts to authenticate a client from the primary to the secondary and to the tertiary server in the event of communicating to the TACACS+ server. However, if a TACACS+ server responds with any status, the client does not fall through to the next server.

The Authenticate to OS on Failure to Authorization Group feature provides the option to use OS Authentication automatic membership if the TACACS+ server authentication fails. Users authenticated by the operating system are

dynamically assigned to the specified authorization group when they log in, and are automatically added to the Authorized Users table. These users are indicated by a **true** in the Automatic Member column of the table.

Select the Authenticate to OS Only if TACACS+ Servers are Unresponsive checkbox to use OS Authentication only in the event the TACACS+ servers are not responding. If a user attempts to authenticate via a TACACS+ server and is denied when this checkbox is selected, Extreme Management Center does not then attempt to authenticate using the host operating system as a fall through.

# **Network Settings**

SSH configuration provides additional security features for the Extreme Management Center engine.

Select the **Manage SSH Configuration** checkbox and provide the following SSH information.

ort:	22	
Disable Remote root Access:		
RADIUS Authentic	ation	
SSH Users		
	Edit 🤤 Delete	

### Port

The port field allows you to configure a custom port to be used when launching SSH to the engine. The standard default port number is 22.

# Disable Remote root Access

Select this option to disable remote root access via SSH to the engine and force a user to first log in with a real user account and then su to root (or use sudo) to perform an action. When remote root access is allowed, there is no way to determine who is accessing the engine. With remote root access disabled, the /var/log/message file displays users who log in and su to root. The log messages looks like these two examples:

sshd[19735]: Accepted password for <username> from 10.20.30.40 port 36777 ssh2 su[19762]: + pts/2 <username>-root

Enabling this option does not disable root access via the console. Do not disable root access unless you have configured RADIUS authentication or this disables remote access to the Extreme Management Center engine.

# **RADIUS** Authentication

This option lets you specify a centralized RADIUS server to manage user login credentials for users that are authorized to log into the engine using SSH. Select a primary and backup RADIUS server to use, and use the table below to create a list of authorized RADIUS users.

# SSH Users Table

Use the toolbar buttons to create a list of users allowed to log in to the Extreme Management Center engine using SSH. You can add Local and RADIUS users and grant the user Administrative privileges, if appropriate. A user that is granted administrative rights can run sudo commands and commands that only a root user would be able to run. For example, some commands that require administrative rights to run would be:

sudo nacctl restart

sudo reboot

sudo nacdb

If a user is not granted administrative rights, they can log in, view files, and run some commands such a ping and ls.

# **Authorized Users Table**

This table lists all of the users who are currently authorized to access the Extreme Management Center database and allows you to add, edit, and delete users and define a user's membership in an authorization group. Each entry shows the user name and authorization group for the user and whether the user is an Automatic Member.

Authorized Users			
🗿 Add 🍯 Edi	t 🤤 Delete		
User Name	Domain/Host Name	Authorization Group	Automatic Member
		NetSight Administrator	false

For users manually added to the Authorized Users table using this tab, the Automatic Member column is **false**. These users are granted permission to log in, no matter what the authentication setting is set to: OS Authentication, LDAP Authentication, RADIUS authentication, or TACACS+ Authentication. All authentication methods allow the non-automatic users to log in.

#### **User Name**

The users added as authorized users.

#### Domain/Host Name

The user's domain/hostname used to authenticate to the Extreme Management Center database.

#### **Authorization Group**

The authorization group to which the user belongs.

#### **Automatic Member**

A value of **true** indicates that the user is automatically added to the authorization group via LDAP, RADIUS, or TACACS+ authentication, or the OS Authentication Automatic Membership feature. A value of **false** indicates that the user is an authorized user that was manually added to the table.

#### Add

Opens the <u>Add/Edit User</u> window, which allows you to define the username, domain, and authorization group for a new authorized user.

#### Edit

Opens the <u>Add/Edit User</u> window, which allows you to modify the authorization group membership for the selected user.

#### Delete

Removes the selected User from the Authorized Users table.

# **Authorization Groups Table**

This table lists all of the authorization groups created. Authorization groups define the access privileges to the Extreme Management Center application features. Based on their membership in a particular authorization group, users are granted specific capabilities in the application.



When users are added to the Authorized Users table, they are assigned an authorization group. With LDAP, RADIUS, or TACACS+ authentication, users are dynamically assigned to authorization groups based on the attributes associated with that user in Active Directory (or in TACACS+ Server for TACACS+ Authentication). The attributes are used to match against a list of criteria specified as part of each authorization group. The groups are checked in the order they are displayed in this table, from top to bottom. The first group with criteria matched by the user's attributes becomes the effective authorization group for that user.

Every user must be assigned to a group. A user whose attributes don't match any of the criteria specified for any of the groups are not authenticated and are unable to log in. Create a "catch-all" group (for example, you could use objectClass=person for an LDAP Active Directory), whose criteria is very generic and whose capabilities are highly restricted to allow access to these unauthenticated users. This helps differentiate between a user who cannot authenticate successfully, and a user who does not belong to any group.

#### Name

This is the name assigned to the group. The Extreme Management Center Administrator group is created during installation and is granted Full capabilities and access. This group cannot be deleted or changed, but its capabilities can be viewed.

### Precedence

This column, hidden by default, is available if the <u>Authentication Method</u> is LDAP, RADIUS, or TACACS+. This indicates the order of precedence when a user is a member of multiple authorization groups. The authorization group with the higher precedence is the group to which the user is assigned. Use the Up Arrow and Down Arrow buttons to change the order of precedence for the authorization groups.

#### Criteria

This column displays the membership criteria defined for the associated group.

#### Users

This is the number of current members in the associated group.

#### Capabilities

This column summarizes the capabilities granted to the associated group: **Full** (all capabilities) or **Customized** (a subset of capabilities).

#### **SNMP Redirect**

This column, hidden by default, indicates whether users in the authorization group can edit the setting for Client/Server SNMP Redirect.

#### **Auto Group**

This column, hidden by default, indicates whether the group allows users to be automatically added via LDAP or RADIUS authentication, or the OS Authentication Automatic Membership feature.

#### Zones

This column displays the end-system zones to which users in the authorization group have access.

#### Add

Opens the <u>Add/Edit Group</u> window, which allows you to define the capabilities and settings for a new group.

#### Edit

Opens the <u>Add/Edit Group</u> window, which allows you to modify the capabilities and settings for a selected group.

#### Delete

Removes the selected group from the Groups table.

#### Сору

Duplicates the selected group from the Groups table and creates a new group with identical capabilities.

#### **Up Arrow and Down Arrow**

Changes the order of precedence for the authorization groups.

# Add/Edit User Window

This window lets you define a user's user name, domain, and membership in an authorization group. This information is used to authenticate the user to the Extreme Management Center database.

Add User		×
User Name:	1	
Domain/Host Name:		
Authorization Group:	NetSight Administrate	•
	Save Can	cel

#### **User Name**

The name used for this authorized user.

#### Domain/Host Name

The user's domain/hostname used to authenticate to the Extreme Management Center database.

#### **Authorization Group**

Use the drop-down list to select the authorization group to which the user is added.

# **Add/Edit Group Window**

This window lets you define a new authorization group or edit an existing group. For additional information, see Authorization Group Capabilities.

Ad	d A	uthorization	Group	×
Nam	ie:			
Men	nbers	ship Criteria:		
SNN	IP R	edirect:	Allow	*
				Q
Cap	pabi	lity †		ID
		NetSight A	pplication Analytics (2 enabled)	
		NetSight C	onsole (21 enabled)	
		NetSight In	ventory Manager (36 enabled)	
		NetSight M	lediation Agent (2 enabled)	
			Save	Cancel

#### Name

This is the name given to the group. When adding a group, enter any text string that is descriptive of the members of this group.

#### **Membership Criteria**

When a user is successfully authenticated using LDAP or RADIUS authentication, the Active Directory attributes associated with that user are used to match against this list of criteria to determine membership in the authorization group. The criteria is entered as name=value pairs, for example, department=IT (LDAP) or Service-Type=Framed-User (RADIUS). A user must have the specified attribute with a value that matches the specified value in order to meet the criteria to belong to this group. Multiple name=value pairs may be listed using a semicolon (";") to separate them. However, a user is considered a member of the group if they match at least one of the specified criteria; they do not need to match all of them.

With a user authenticated using TACACS+ authentication, the TACACS+ server attributes associated with that user are used in the same way as LDAP or RADIUS authentication. However, the criteria is not needed to be entered to associate the authorization group if TACACS+ server returns 'XMC-Authorization-Group' attribute with a value. The value is the name of authorization group to associate to the user. Extreme Management Center looks for the XMC-Authorization-Group attribute first and then uses other attributes to match.

**NOTE:** Extreme Management Center Administrator Group does not allow you to define membership criteria. Membership in the administrator group must be assigned manually using the Authorized Users table.

### **SNMP Redirect**

- ALLOW Lets users edit the setting for Client/Server SNMP Redirect.
- ALWAYS Redirects all SNMP requests to the Extreme Management Center Server, regardless of the setting for Client/Server SNMP Redirect.
- NEVER Never redirects SNMP requests to the Extreme Management Center Server, regardless of the setting for Client/Server SNMP Redirect.

### Capability Tab

Expand the Capability tree in this tab and select the specific capabilities granted to users who are members of this group. The capabilities are divided into suite-wide and application-specific capabilities. Access to a particular capability is granted when it is checked in the tree. For a description of each capability, see Authorization Group Capabilities.

# **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- Profiles/Credentials Tab
- Site Tab

# How to Add Users

Users are given access to parts of Extreme Management Center based on the authorization group to which they are assigned. Assign a set of capabilities for each authorization group and then add users to each authorization group depending on the capabilities they require.

**NOTE:** This topic assumes devices are already added to the Extreme Management Center database. For additional information on discovering and adding devices, see How to Discover Devices in Extreme Management Center.

For a list of instructions outlining the initial setup of your network in Extreme Management Center, see Extreme Management Center Initial Configuration Checklist.

When you first log into Extreme Management Center the Administrator access through which you are currently logged in is the only set of user credentials.

This topic describes the process for adding users to Extreme Management Center, which is accomplished by performing the following steps:

- 1. <u>Create Authorization Groups</u>
- 2. Add Users to Authorization Groups
- 3. <u>Select the Authentication Method</u>

**IMPORTANT:** Extreme Management Center does not save passwords. Users you create are authenticated against the Operating System, the RADIUS server, or the LDAP server, depending on the <u>authentication method</u> you select.

# **Create Authorization Groups**

First, create authorization groups for each group of Extreme Management Center users.

- 1. Access the Administration > Users tab.
- 2. Click the **Acquire Lock** button in the Users/Groups Access section at the top of the tab.

This button locks access to the tab for all other users and allows you to make changes to the authorization groups and authorized users.

- 3. Click the Add button in the Authorization Groups section at the bottom of the tab.
- 4. Enter the appropriate information for each authorization group using Extreme Management Center.

The Capability section of the window allows you to expand each capability tree by selecting the arrow to the left of the checkbox to display more specific tasks. Select only those that apply to each user group. Additionally, you can search for a specific capability in the **Search** field above the tree.

- 5. Click the **Save** button to create the authorization group.
- 6. Repeat the process to create the necessary authorization groups.

# Add Users to Authorization Groups

Next, use of the **Administration** > **Users** tab to create the users who require access to Extreme Management Center and add them to an authorization group depending on the level of access they require.

- 1. Click the Add button in the Authorized Users section.
- 2. Enter a User Name, a Domain/Host Name (if necessary), and select the Authorization Group with the appropriate level of access for the user.
- 3. Click the **Save** button to save the new user.
- 4. Repeat the process to add all Extreme Management Center users for each authorization group.

# Select the Authentication Method

Finally, use **Administration** > **Users** tab to select the method by which users authenticate when accessing Extreme Management Center.

Extreme Management Center supports three authentication methods to authenticate users: using the underlying host operating system, using a specified LDAP configuration, or using specified RADIUS servers.

 Select the Authentication Type using the drop-down list in the Authentication Method section.

The options change based on the Authentication Type selected.

- 2. Select the supplemental information based on the type selected.
- 3. Click the **Release Lock** button to allow other users to make changes.

The users you added now have access to the functionality you configured for their respective authorization group.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Users
- Authorization Group Capabilities

# **Server Information**

Use the **Server Information** tab to view and manage Extreme Management Center client connections and locks. You must be assigned the appropriate user capabilities to access and use this tab.

Extreme	200100000	100000000	1200200	10000			2000	2201000			
Network	Scheduler	Scripting	Profiles	Users	Server Information	Options	Backup/Restore	Diagnostics	Vendor Prof	files	
Alarms & Events	Client Conne	ctions									
Control	Oisconnect								The Show	Filters	Q
Connor	User		Authorization	n Group	Client Type	Cli	ent Host	Connection S	itarted		
Analytics	1018		NetSight Adm	ninistrator	OneView			1/12/2017 9:17	7:33 AM		
Wireless	1000		NetSight Adm	ninistrator	OneView			1/12/2017 9:01	1:59 AM		
- WICC33	1118		NetSight Adm	ninistrator	OneView			1/12/2017 8:52	2:52 AM		
Reports											
Administration	C Refresh	📑 Reset									
Connect	Current Lock	s									
	Revoke								💎 Show I	Filters	Q
	User		Authorization	n Group	Client Type	Cli	ent Host	Duration		Descripti	tion
	C Refresh	- Reset									

# **Client Connections**

The Client Connections table lists all of the currently connected clients for this server, with the most recent connection at the top. The list is automatically updated when clients connect or disconnect.

#### User

The name of the user that has connected to the server as a client.

#### **Authorization Group**

The authorization group to which the user belongs.

### **Client Type**

The type of client, Console or another Extreme Management Center application.

#### **Client Host**

The name of the client host machine.

#### **Connection Started**

The date and time the client connection started.

### **Disconnect Button**

This button disconnects the selected client. The client being disconnected receives a message saying that their connection will be terminated in 30 seconds. You must be assigned the appropriate user capability to disconnect clients.

# **Current Locks**

The Current Locks table lets you view a list of currently held operational locks. Operational locks are used to control the concurrency of certain client/server operations. They are used in two ways:

- to lock a device while a critical operation is being performed, such as a firmware download.
- to lock a certain function so that only one user can access it at a time. For example, only one user can make changes to the **Users** tab at a time.

In the Current Locks table you can view information about each lock, such as who owns the lock, the duration of the lock, and a description of the lock. You can cancel a lock by selecting it in the table and clicking the **Revoke** button. When a lock is revoked, a message is displayed on the user's machine informing them that their use of the locked functionality is terminated. When the user acknowledges the message, the function closes. You must be assigned the appropriate user capability to revoke a lock.

#### User

The name of the user who initiated the lock.

### **Authorization Group**

The authorization group the user belongs to.

### **Client Type**

The type of client: Console or another Extreme Management Center application.

## **Client Host**

The client host machine.

#### Duration

The amount of time the lock has been held.

## Description

A description of the lock.

### **Refresh Button**

This button refreshes the table and obtains updated lock information.

#### **Revoke Button**

This button removes the selected lock. When a lock is revoked, a message displays on the user's machine informing them their use of the locked functionality is terminated. When the user acknowledges the message, the function closes.

# **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

• Users

# Certificates

Use the **Certificates** tab to manage certificates in Extreme Management Center.

Additionally, use this tab to perform the following:

- Update the Extreme Management Center server certificate by replacing the server private key and certificate.
- View and change the server trust mode that specifies how servers in the Extreme Management Center deployment handle certificates from other servers.
- View and change the client trust mode that specifies how legacy java application clients handle a server certificate.

^	< Prof	iles User	s Server	Information	Certificates	Options	Backup/Restore	Diagnostics	Client >
E	Serve	r Certificate	Information						
#	- L	Jpdate Server	Certificate	Private Key Issued To: Issued By:					
▲ ≙				Valid Dates					
	Fabri	c Manager S	erver Certifi	cate Information					
2	U	pdate Fabric N	fanager	Private Key Issued To: Issued By:					
Ş				Valid Dates:					
¥	Serve	r Trust Mode	Э	TRUSTALL	All convor o	ertificates are a	recorded		
<b></b>	U	pdate Server 1	Trust Mode	TRUSTALL	All Server C	entificates are a	scepted.		
	Lega	cy Client Tru	st Mode		-				
쓭	l	Ipdate Client T	rust Mode	CALLBACK	The user is	prompted to a	ccept or reject any untru	sted server certifica	le.
-									

### Server Certificate Information

Click the **Update Server Certificate** button to open the Update Server Certificate window, where you can replace the Extreme Management Center server private key and certificate. For information and steps on how to update the certificate, see How to Update the Server Certificate.

### Fabric Manager Server Certificate Information

Click the **Update Fabric Manager** button to open the <u>Add Fabric Manager Certificate</u> <u>window</u>, where you can replace the Fabric Manager server private key and

certificate.

#### Server Trust Mode

This section displays the current server trust mode that specifies how servers in the Extreme Management Center deployment handle certificates from other servers. Click the **Update Server Trust Mode** button to open the Update Server Trust Mode window, where you can change the server trust mode.

### Legacy Client Trust Mode

This section displays the current client trust mode that specifies how legacy java application clients handle a server certificate. Click the **Update Legacy Client Trust Mode** button to open the Update Legacy Client Certificate Trust Mode window, where you can change the client trust mode.

# **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- Update Server Certificate
- Add Fabric Manager Certificate
- Update Server Trust Mode
- Update Client Certificate Trust Mode

# **Update Legacy Client Trust Mode** Window

Use this window to update the client certificate trust mode that specifies how Extreme Management Center legacy java application clients handle the server certificates they receive. This option is only applicable if you use legacy java applications. Access this window from the **Administration** > **Certificates** tab.

Update Legacy Client Trust Mode
Specify how legacy clients launched from this server will handle a server certificate which is not trusted.
O The user is prompted to accept or reject any untrusted server certificate.
O All server certificates are accepted.
O Any untrusted server certificate is rejected.
OK Cancel

Extreme Management Center use server certificates to provide secure communication between the Extreme Management Center server and legacy java application clients. When a server certificate is replaced, Extreme Management Center clients must be configured to trust the new certificate. A trust mode is used to determine how all clients handle updated certificates. You can set the client trust mode to one of the following options:

### The user is prompted to accept or reject any untrusted server certificate.

If a client encounters a new certificate that is does not trust, the user is prompted to either accept or reject the new certificate. If the server certificate is replaced and the user expects to see the new certificate, then they can accept the certificate if it is correct. If the server certificate is not replaced and the client inadvertently connected to a server that is not trusted, then the user can reject the certificate.

#### All server certificates are accepted.

All server certificates are accepted without a trust check. Use this option if there is no possibility for an untrusted client to connect to a server and the user does not need to be prompted to accept or reject a new certificate.

#### Any untrusted server certificate is rejected.

If a client encounters a new certificate that is does not trust, the certificate is rejected and the client connection fails. While this option is the most secure, if the server certificate is replaced, the new certificate is rejected. If you are replacing a server certificate, do not use this trust mode until all clients indicate they trust the new certificate.

For more information on how to use trust modes, see Advanced Security Options in the Secure Communication Help topic.

# **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- <u>Certificates Tab</u>
- <u>Update Server Certificate Trust Mode Window</u>

# **Update Server Certificate Window**

The Extreme Management Center server uses a private key and server certificate to provide secure communication for administrative web pages, Extreme Management Center and ExtremeControl Dashboard tools, and for internal communication between servers. Use the Update Server Certificate window to replace the Extreme Management Center server certificate. Access this window from the Administration > Certificates tab.

During installation, Extreme Management Center generates a unique private server key and server certificate. While these provide secure communication, there may be cases where you want to update the Extreme Management Center server certificate to a custom certificate provided from an external certificate authority, or add certificates in order to meet the requirements of external components with which Extreme Management Center must communicate. Additionally, you may want to use a "browser-friendly" certificate so that users don't see browser certificate warnings when they access web pages. For complete instructions on replacing and verifying the certificate, see How to Update the Server Certificate.

After you have updated the certificate, you must restart the Extreme Management Center server to deploy the new private key and server certificate.

**NOTE:** Whenever the Extreme Management Center server certificate is changed, other Extreme Management Center components may be affected by the change and stop trusting the server. You can specify how Extreme Management Center clients and other servers handle updated certificates by configuring the client trust mode and server trust mode settings. Before updating the Extreme Management Center server certificate, be sure that the client and server trust modes are configured to trust the new certificate. For more information, see Update Client Certificate Trust Mode window and Update Server Certificate Trust Mode window.

Drag and drop files containing the private key, the server certificate, and any intermediate (chained) certificates provided by the certificate authority. Add the files in any order. For complete instructions on replacing and verifying the certificate using this option, see How to Update the Extreme Management Center Server Certificate.

**NOTE:** Provide certificates for all certificate authorities that need to be trusted. You cannot append to an existing list.

Update Server Certificate	×						
Drop in files containing the server's new private key, the server's new server certificate, and any intermediate certificates. They can be provided as individual files, or as a single file, or a combination of files. Supported file types are PKCS#12 keystore file, PKCS#8 key file, and X.509 certificate file.							
Drop files here or click to browse.							
<ul> <li>Use a password to access the private key</li> <li>Use a password to access the PKCS#12 keystore</li> </ul>							
Generate Certificate OK	Cancel						

#### Use a password to access the private key

Select the checkbox and supply the private key password in the field, if the private key is encrypted with a password. If you do not have the private key, refer to the instructions for generating them.

#### Use a password to access the PKCS#12 keystore

Select the checkbox and supply the keystore password in the field, if the PKCS#12 keystore is protected with a password.

#### **Generate Certificate**

Click **Generate Certificate** to automatically generate a new private key and certificate using the same method that occurs when Extreme Management Center is installed. Using this method does not require you to provide any files or passwords.

#### ΟΚ

Click **OK** to save your changes.

#### Cancel

Click **Cancel** to close the window and discard your changes.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Certificates Tab
- <u>Update Server Certificate Trust Mode Window</u>
- Update Client Certificate Trust Mode Window

# Add Fabric Manager Certificate Window

The Fabric Manager server uses a private key and server certificate to provide secure communication for administrative web pages, Extreme Management Center Dashboard tools, and for internal communication between servers. Use the Add Fabric Manager Certificate window to replace the Fabric Manager server certificate. Access this window from the **Administration** > **Certificates** tab.

**NOTE:** This window is only available when Fabric Manager is installed.

During Fabric Manager installation, the Fabric Manager Certificate Server generates a unique private server key and server certificate for Fabric Manager. While these provide secure communication, there may be cases where you want to update the Fabric Manager server certificate to a custom certificate provided from an external certificate authority, or add certificates to meet the requirements of external components with which Fabric Manager must communicate. Adding or updating Fabric Manager certificates works like adding or updating Extreme Management Center certificates except you use the Fabric Manager Certificate window.

After you have updated the certificate, you must restart Fabric Manager to deploy the new private key and server certificate.

Drag and drop files containing the private key, the server certificate, and any intermediate (chained) certificates provided by the certificate authority. Add the files in any order.

**NOTE:** Provide certificates for all certificate authorities that need to be trusted. You cannot append to an existing list.

Add Fabric Manager Certificate X			
Drop in files containing the server's new private key, the server's new server certificate, and any intermediate certificates. They can be provided as individual files, or as a single file, or a combination of files. Supported file types are PKCS#12 keystore file, PKCS#8 key file, and X.509 certificate file.			
Drop files here or click to browse.			
Use a password to access the private key Use a password to access the PKCS#12 keystore			
Generate Certificate OK Cancel			

#### Use a password to access the private key

Select the checkbox and supply the private key password in the field, if the private key is encrypted with a password. If you do not have the private key, refer to the instructions for generating them.

#### Use a password to access the PKCS#12 keystore

Select the checkbox and supply the keystore password in the field, if the PKCS#12 keystore is protected with a password.

#### **Generate Certificate**

Click **Generate Certificate** to automatically generate a new private key and certificate using the same method that occurs when Fabric Manager is installed. Using this method does not require you to provide any files or passwords.

#### ΟΚ

Click **OK** to save your changes.

#### Cancel

Click **Cancel** to close the window and discard your changes.

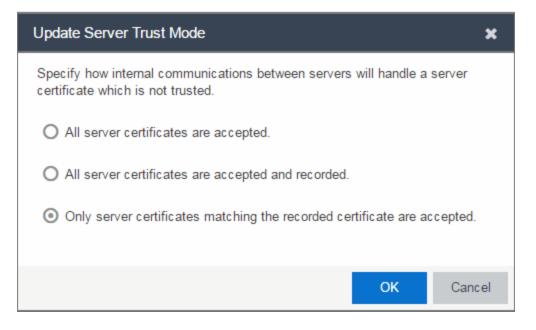
#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Certificates Tab
- <u>Update Server Certificate Trust Mode Window</u>

# **Update Server Trust Mode Window**

Use this window to set the server certificate trust mode that specifies how all the servers in your Extreme Management Center deployment handles certificates received from other servers. Access this window from the Administration > **Certificates** tab.



Depending on your deployment, there can potentially many servers in Extreme Management Center and ExtremeControl. For example, there is the Extreme Management Center server, the ExtremeControl engine servers, and ExtremeControl assessment servers. In addition, there may be external servers such as LDAP servers with which both Extreme Management Center and ExtremeControl may communicate. As these different servers communicate, they use server certificates to determine whether or not they trust each other.

The trust mode is used to specify how the servers handle the certificates they receive from other servers. You can set the trust mode to one of the following options:

#### All server certificates are accepted.

All certificates from other servers are accepted without a trust check. This mode is primarily used while setting up an Extreme Management Center/ExtremeControl deployment, and is also suitable when the network is sufficiently protected from spoofing attacks.

Use this mode when troubleshooting trust problems on the network. It allows the Extreme Management Center server to communicate with all ExtremeControl engines, and configure those engines to accept all certificates. This restores any communication broken due to a trust issue and allows you to resolve the problem from ExtremeControl.

#### All server certificates are accepted and recorded.

All certificates from other servers are accepted without a trust check. Additionally, each server records the certificate that it receives and associates that certificate with the sending server. In this way, each server builds their own set of recorded certificates, creating a list of certificates that they trust.

Use this mode initially until all servers build a complete set of required certificates and then change the mode to **Only server certificates matching the recorded certificate are accepted**. It is important to give this phase enough time so that connections between the various servers can take place and all certificates are recorded. Administrators must ensure that no servers are spoofed during the time this mode is used. When you are confident that all certificates are exchanged and recorded, change the trust mode to **Only server certificates matching the recorded certificate are accepted**.

#### Only server certificates matching the recorded certificate are accepted.

Any certificate from another server must match the certificate recorded for that server when the mode is set to **All server certificates are accepted and recorded**. If the server certificate does not match, then the server is not trusted.

This mode provides an extra level of security intended to detect and prevent someone from spoofing a server. If an IP address or hostname is hijacked and connections are routed to another server, that server is not trusted. While this mode is the most secure, if any server certificate is replaced, the new certificate is rejected. Therefore, if you are replacing a server certificate, select **All server certificates are accepted and recorded** until the new certificate is recorded.

When the trust mode is changed, the Extreme Management Center server is immediately changed to use the new mode. ExtremeControl engines begin using the new trust mode when enforced.

For more information on how to use trust modes, see Advanced Security Options in the Secure Communication Help topic.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Certificates Tab</u>
- <u>Update Client Certificate Trust Mode Window</u>

# **Update the Server Certificate**

Follow these instructions to change the server key and certificate generated during installation in Extreme Management Center. While these provide secure communication, you may want to update to a certificate provided from an external certificate authority, or add certificates in order to meet the requirements of external components with which Extreme Management Center must communicate. You can also use a "browser-friendly" certificate so that users don't see browser certificate warnings when they access web pages.

You need a <u>server private key and server certificate</u> to perform the certificate replacement.

Some instructions in this Help topic use OpenSSL software to perform certain tasks. OpenSSL is available on the Extreme Management Center engine or can be downloaded from <a href="http://www.openssl.org">http://www.openssl.org</a>. After downloading and installing OpenSSL, add the OpenSSL tool to your path using the instructions in Add OpenSSL to Your Path in the Secure Communication Help topic. Other software tools can be used to perform these tasks, if desired.

#### Instructions on:

- <u>Certificate Requirements</u>
- <u>Replacing the Certificate</u>
- Verifying the Certificate
- Generating a Server Private Key and Server Certificate

# **Certificate Requirements**

<u>Generate the server certificate</u> using the RSA or DSA server private key (in PKCS #8 format). For "browser-friendly" certificates, the server certificate should identify the Extreme Management Center server by its fully qualified host name.

If your certificate authority (CA) provides additional intermediate certificates, provide those as well. Use the intermediate certificates in whatever format the CA provides them: in individual files, in a bundle file, or in the same file as the server certificate. Extreme Management Center also accepts PKCS#12 keystore files, which can contain both a private key and certificates. Enter the PKCCS#12 file here.

NOTE: Use the following OpenSSL command where <server.key> is the original non-PKCS #8 formatted key file to convert your key file to a PKCS #8 format. (OpenSSL is available on Extreme Management Center and ExtremeControl engines. The server.key file can be copied and converted on either engine.) openssl pkcs8 -topk8 -in <server.key> -out server-pkcs8.key -nocrypt

# **Replacing the Certificate**

The following steps assume you <u>generated</u> a replacement server private key and server certificate.

**NOTE:** Whenever the Extreme Management Center server certificate is changed, other Extreme Management Center components may be affected by the change and stop trusting the server. Extreme Management Center clients and other servers must be configured to handle updated certificates using the client certificate trust mode and server certificate trust mode settings. Before updating the Extreme Management Center server certificate, be sure that the client and server trust modes are configured to trust the new certificate. For more information, see Update Client Certificate Trust Mode window and Update Server Certificate Trust Mode window.

To replace the server private key and server certificate:

- 1. Access the **Administration** > **Certificates** tab.
- 2. Click the **Update Server Certificate** button. The Update Server Certificate window opens.
- 3. Drag and drop a private key, certificate file, or a keystore file. Click in the box to browse for the file.

A private key file must be encoded as a PKCS #8 file.

Use a certificate file as the server certificate and any intermediate or chained certificates.

Use a PKCS#12 keystore file to provide the private key, or certificates, or both.

- 4. Select **Use a password to access the private key** if the private key is encrypted in the key file or the keystore file. Enter the password in the field.
- 5. Select **Use a password to access the PKCS#12 keystore** if the keystore file is protected with a password. Enter the password in the field.
- 6. Click **OK**.

A confirmation window listing your file information displays.

- 7. Confirm that the information you provided is correct.
- 8. Click **Yes** to proceed with the certificate replacement.

The private key and server certificate updates on the Extreme Management Center server.

9. Restart the Extreme Management Center server to deploy the new private key and server certificate.

# **Verifying the Certificate**

Once the new server certificate is installed and the server restarts, use one of the following methods to verify the server is now using the proper server certificate.

### Use a Browser

- Access the ExtremeControl Dashboard web page at https://<NetSight Server FQDN>:8443/Monitor/jsp/nac/dashboard.jsp. or the Extreme Management Center web page at https://<NetSight Server FQDN>:8443/Monitor/jsp/reporting/reporting.jsp.
- 2. Verify no browser warnings display when you access the web page, if using a "browser-friendly" certificate.
- 3. Use your browser to view the certificate used:
  - Internet Explorer 7.0 or later: View > Security Report > View Certificates
  - Mozilla Firefox 3.5 or later: Tools > Page Info > Security > View Certificates

### **Use OpenSSL**

- Use OpenSSL to test the server connection with the following command: openssl s\_client -connect <NetSight Server IP>:8443
- 2. The output from this program includes a section titled "Certificate chain". This enumerates the certificates returned by the server. For each certificate, the Subject and the Issuer are displayed. With multiple certificates, if the certificates are in the proper order, the issuer of each certificate matches the subject of the following certificate. Here is a sample output from the program:

```
Certificate chain
0 s:/0=myns.enterprise.com/OU=Domain Control Validated/CN= myns.enterprise.com
i:/C=US/ST=Arizona/L=Scottsdale/0=GoDaddy.com, Inc./OU=http://certificates.godaddy.com/
repository/CN=Go Daddy Secure Certification Authority/serialNumber=07969287
1 s:/C=US/ST=Arizona/L=Scottsdale/0=GoDaddy.com, Inc./OU=http://certificates.godaddy.com/
repository/CN=Go Daddy Secure Certification Authority/serialNumber=07969287
i:/C=US/0=The Go Daddy Group, Inc./OU=Go Daddy Class 2 Certification Authority
2 s:/C=US/0=The Go Daddy Group, Inc./OU=Go Daddy Class 2 Certification Authority
i:/L=ValiCert Validation Network/0=ValiCert, Inc./OU=ValiCert Class 2 Policy Validation
Authority/CN=http://www.valicert.com/emailAddress=info@valicert.com
i:/L=ValiCert Validation Network/0=ValiCert, Inc./OU=ValiCert Class 2 Policy Validation
Authority/CN=http://www.valicert.com/emailAddress=info@valicert.com
i:/L=ValiCert Validation Network/0=ValiCert, Inc./OU=ValiCert Class 2 Policy Validation
Authority/CN=http://www.valicert.com/emailAddress=info@valicert.com
i:/L=ValiCert Validation Network/0=ValiCert, Inc./OU=ValiCert Class 2 Policy Validation
Authority/CN=http://www.valicert.com/emailAddress=info@valicert.com
i:/L=ValiCert Validation Network/0=ValiCert, Inc./OU=ValiCert Class 2 Policy Validation
Authority/CN=http://www.valicert.com/emailAddress=info@valicert.com
i:/L=ValiCert Validation Network/0=ValiCert, Inc./OU=ValiCert Class 2 Policy Validation
Authority/CN=http://www.valicert.com/emailAddress=info@valicert.com
i:/L=ValiCert Validation Network/0=ValiCert, Inc./OU=ValiCert Class 2 Policy Validation
Authority/CN=http://www.valicert.com/emailAddress=info@valicert.com
```

3. Terminate the program by pressing [Ctrl]+C.

# **Generating a Server Private Key and Server Certificate**

Generate a server private key and server certificate using the instructions in the sections below.

You need to:

- 1. Generate a server private key:
  - a. Enter the following command to use OpenSSL to generate a passwordencrypted PKCS #8 formatted server private key file. Use the key size and output file name you prefer. (If you are unsure of the key size, use 2048.)

```
openssl genrsa <key size> | openssl pkcs8 -topk8
-out <output file>
```

For example:

openssl genrsa 2048 | openssl pkcs8 -topk8 -out

server.key

- b. You are prompted for an Encryption Password. Be sure to make a note of the password that you enter. If the password is lost, you need to generate a new server private key and a new server certificate.
- 2. Create a Certificate Signing Request:
  - a. Enter the following command to generate a CSR file. Use the output file name you used in <u>step 1 above</u> as the input file, and specify the output file name you prefer:

```
openssl req -new -key <input file> -out <output
file>
```

For example:

```
openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr
```

- b. You are prompted for information that appears in the certificate. When you are prompted for a Common Name, specify the fully qualified host name of the Extreme Management Center server. For example: Common Name (eg, YOUR name)
  - []:netsight1.mycompany.com
- 3. Submit the request to a Certificate Authority or generate a self-signed certificate.

The procedure for submitting a CSR to a Certificate Authority (CA) varies with the service used. Usually, it is done through a website using a commercial service such as VeriSign. You can also use an in-house CA, which generates certificates used internally by your enterprise. You provide information including the contents of the CSR, and receive back one or more files containing the server certificate and possibly other certificates to be used in a chain.

4. Verify the contents of the server certificate.

It is important to verify that the new server certificate contains the data you supplied when creating the CSR. In particular, make sure the Common Name (CN) is the fully qualified host name of the Extreme Management Center server.

Use OpenSSL to view the contents of the server certificate file server.crt using the following command:

openssl x509 -in server.crt -text -noout

You can use the following steps regardless of whether you are using a commercial certificate authority or an in-house certificate authority.

# **Authorization Group Capabilities**

As part of configuring Authorization and Device Access, users are assigned to authorization groups that define their access privileges to Extreme Management Center application features. These access privileges (called Capabilities) grant specific capabilities in the application. For example, you may have an authorization group called "IT Staff" that grants access to a wide range of capabilities, while another authorization group called "Guest" grants a very limited range of capabilities.

Capabilities are defined when you create an authorization group and assign users to the group by clicking the **Add** button in the Authorization Groups section of the **Administration** > **Users** tab. In the Add/Edit Authorization Group window, the Capability list displays all the various capabilities for your selection.

The capabilities are divided into suite-wide and application-specific capabilities. Checking a capability grants access to that capability.

The following sections provide a description of each capability:

- <u>Client API Access</u>
- Event Correlation
- Extreme Management Center Fabric Manager
- <u>Extreme Management Center ExtremeAnalytics</u>
- Extreme Management Center Console
  - Wireless Manager
  - VLAN Models
- Extreme Management Center Mediation Agent
- Extreme Management Center NAC Manager
- Extreme Management Center OneView
- Extreme Management Center Policy Manager
- Extreme Management Center Suite
  - <u>Authorization/Device Access</u>
  - <u>Common Web Services</u>

- Credentials Web Service
- Device Local Management WebView
- Devices
- Events and Alarms
- <u>Extreme Management Center All User Options</u>
- <u>Server Information</u>
- ZTP+ Registration
- Northbound API
- Vendor Profiles
- Workflows/Scripts

# **Extreme Management Center Client API Access**

#### **Client API Read Access**

Allows the ability to access the Administration > Client API Access tab.

#### **Client API Read and Write Access**

Adds the ability to access and configure API access for external applications via the **Client API Access** tab.

## **Extreme Management Center Event Correlation**

#### **Event Correlation Read Access**

Allows Extreme Management Center to correlate similar events and respond to a perceived threat to the network. This is an experimental feature. Contact GTAC for additional information.

#### **Event Correlation Read and Write Access**

Adds the ability to configure Extreme Management Center's threat response behavior and event correlation. This is an experimental feature. Contact GTAC for additional information.

# **Extreme Management Center Fabric Manager**

#### **Read Fabricmgr operations**

Allows the ability to access Fabric Manager and view topologies. The Fabric Manager feature is available with the Extreme Management Center (NetSight) Advanced (NMS-ADV) license.

#### **Read write Fabricmgr operations**

Adds the ability to access Fabric Manager topologies and provision fabric topologies.

# **Extreme Management Center ExtremeAnalytics**

#### **ExtremeAnalytics Read Access**

Allows the ability to access the **Analytics** tab and view the ExtremeAnalytics reports. The ExtremeAnalytics feature is available with the Extreme Management Center (NetSight) Advanced (NMS-ADV) license.

#### ExtremeAnalytics Read/Write Access

Adds the ability to view the **Analytics** > **Configuration** tab and configure ExtremeAnalytics engines and NetFlow and Application Telemetry Collecting devices. Also adds the ability to create and modify fingerprints.

# **Extreme Management Center Console**

#### Allow SNMP sets to Devices

Allows the ability to write SNMP sets to network devices.

#### Modify Compass SNMP MIBs

Allows the ability to select Compass SNMP MIBs.

#### **Modify Device Access**

Allows the ability to modify device access information.

#### Show Passwords in Clear Text

Allows the ability to view passwords in clear text.

#### **TFTP Download**

Allows the ability to perform a configuration upload/download or firmware image download on a device.

#### **Trap Configuration**

Allows the ability to launch and use the Trap Receiver Configuration window.

#### **Configure FlexViews**

Allows the ability to create and modify FlexViews.

#### **Syslog Configuration**

Allows the ability to launch and use the Syslog Receiver Configuration window.

### Wireless Manager

#### Launch

Allows the ability to launch Wireless Manager from the Console Tools menu.

#### Configure

Allows the ability to configure Wireless Manager.

### **VLAN Models**

#### View

Allows the ability to view VLAN Models using the VLAN Elements Editor, accessed from the **VLAN** tab in Console.

#### Configure

Allows the ability to configure VLAN Models using the VLAN Elements Editor, accessed from the **VLAN** tab in Console.

## **Extreme Management Center Mediation Agent**

#### Read access to the Mediation Agent Web Services API

Provides the ExtremeAnalytics engine with read access to Extreme Management Center (Extreme Management Center) via web services API.

#### Read/Write access to the Mediation Agent Web Services API

Provides the ExtremeAnalytics engine with read/write access to Extreme Management Center via web services API.

# **Extreme Management Center NAC Manager**

#### Launch NAC Manager

Allows the ability to launch the NAC Manager application. Users who do not have this capability see an error message when they attempt to launch NAC Manager.

#### Edit NAC Manager Configuration

Allows the ability to edit all aspects of the NAC Manager configuration including rule components, NAC profiles, assessment, registration, and managing advanced configurations.

#### Force reauthentication and scan (assess) End-Systems

Allows the ability to force end-systems to be reauthenticated and scanned, but does not allow the ability to edit the NAC Manager configuration.

#### Read access to the NAC Web Services API

Provides access to the NAC web service, which is an external integration point. The NAC web service exposes methods for manipulating NAC infrastructure components.

#### Read/write access to the NAC Web Services API

Provides read/write access to the NAC web service, which is an external integration point. The NAC web service exposes methods for manipulating NAC infrastructure components.

#### Read access to the NAC System Web Services APIs

Provides read access to the NAC System web services, allowing programmatic access to advanced web services that are not publicly documented.

#### Read/write access to the NAC System Web Services APIs

Provides read/write access to the NAC System web services, allowing programmatic access to advanced web services that are not publicly documented. Also provides the ability to use the NAC Request Tool.

## **Extreme Management Center OneView**

#### **Access OneView**

Allows the ability to launch the Extreme Management Center web-application formerly known as OneView, but does not provide any Extreme Management Center

report access. Selecting only this capability without any other capabilities would be the same as not allowing access to Extreme Management Center.

#### **Access OneView Reports**

Adds the ability to view all reports accessed from the **Reports** tab.

#### Access OneView Search

Adds the ability to use the **Search** tab.

#### Access OneView Administration

Adds the ability to access administration tools and enable data collection.

#### **NetFlow Read Access**

Adds the ability to view the **Flows** tab.

#### Maps

Allows the ability to perform the following map functions:

- Maps Read Access Adds the ability to access the Map tab and view the maps.
- Maps Read/Write Access Adds the ability to access the **Map** tab, and view and modify maps. This includes adding devices to the maps, drawing on the maps, changing map scale, and changing map properties (for example, the map name and background image).

#### **Events and Alarms**

Allows the ability to perform the following event and alarm functions:

- OneView Event Log Access Allows the ability to view device information and event log details.
- OneView Alarms Read Access Allows the ability to view current alarms in the Alarms and Events tab.
- OneView Alarms Read/Write Access Allows the ability to view and clear alarms in the **Alarms and Events** tab.

#### FlexView

Allows the ability to perform the following OneView FlexView functions:

- OneView FlexView Read Access Allows the ability to launch a FlexView from the **Network** tab.
- OneView FlexView Read/Write Access Allows the ability to launch and edit a FlexView from the **Network** tab.

#### **Identity and Access**

Allows the ability to perform the following ExtremeControl functions:

- Access OneView Control Reports Provides access to the Dashboard view, System view, Health view, and Data Center view from the **Control** tab.
- OneView End-Systems Read Access Provides access to the End-Systems view from the **Control** tab.
- OneView End-Systems Read/Write Access Provides access to the End-Systems view from the **Control** tab, and allows the ability to perform actions such as forcing reauthentication and changing an end-system's group membership.
- OneView Group Read Access Allows the ability to launch the Group Editor tool from the **Control** tab > End-Systems view, and view group information.
- OneView Group Read/Write Access Allows the ability to launch the Group Editor tool from the Control tab > End-Systems view, and edit group information.

#### NetSight (Extreme Management Center) Manager Access

Adds the ability to access the NetSight (Extreme Management Center) Manager.

# **Extreme Management Center Policy Manager**

#### Launch NetSight (Extreme Management Center) Policy Manager

Allows the ability to launch the Policy Manager application. Users who do not have this capability see an error message when they attempt to launch Policy Manager.

#### Read/Write capabilities for Policy Enforcement and Management

Allows the ability to manage and enforce policy to network devices using Policy Manager.

#### Read/Write access to the Policy Web Service APIs

Provides read/write access to the Policy web service, which is an external integration point. The Policy web service allows programmatic access to policy management.

## **Extreme Management Center Suite**

The following capabilities apply to all Extreme Management Center applications.

### Authorization/Device Access

#### View Authorization/Device Access

Allows the ability to view, but not to configure Authorization/Device Access.

#### Configure Users, User Groups, and Capabilities

Allows access to the Users tab and create and edit users and authorization groups.

#### **Configure Profiles/Credentials**

Allows access to the Profiles tab and the ability to define the SNMP credentials used to access network devices and the profiles that use those credentials.

#### **Configure Profile/Device Mapping**

Allows access to the Profile/Device Mapping tab in the Authorization/Device Access tool and the ability to specify the SNMP profiles each authorization group uses when communicating with each device.

#### **Configure LDAP and RADIUS Servers**

Allows the ability to configure RADIUS Servers and LDAP Configurations in the Users/Groups tab in the Authorization/Device Access tool.

#### Manage SNMP Passwords

Allows access to the Manage SNMP Passwords tab in the Authorization/Device Access tool and the ability to manage the credentials set on network devices.

#### Allow Tools to Use All Profiles

In MIB Tools, this capability allows users to select from all available profiles when using a Console profile to contact the device.

#### Allow View of No Access Devices

If an authorization group is configured with "No Access" to specific devices (in the Profile/Device Mapping tab), this capability allows members of that group to view the No Access devices in the left-panel tree, even though they cannot access the devices.

### **Common Web Services**

#### Read access to the Web Services APIs

Provides read access to the Extreme Management Center Common web service, which is an external integration point. The Common web service exposes methods for manipulating Extreme Management Center infrastructure components.

#### Read/write access to the Web Services APIs

Provides read/write access to the Extreme Management Center Common web service, which is an external integration point. The Common web service exposes methods for manipulating Extreme Management Center infrastructure components.

### **Credentials Web Service**

#### **Read operations**

Provides read access to the Extreme Management Center Credentials web service, allowing programmatic access to authentication profiles and credentials used for device access.

#### **Read/write operations**

Provides read/write access to the Extreme Management Center Credentials web service, allowing programmatic access to authentication profiles and credentials used for device access.

### **Device Local Management WebView**

#### Auto Login to Web Local Management for NAC Appliances

Allows the ability to launch local management for ExtremeControl engines without requiring a login for users with the necessary credentials. Users who do not have this capability are required to log in.

#### Auto Login to Web Local Management for ExtremeWireless Controllers

Allows the ability to launch local management for wireless controllers without requiring a login for users with the necessary credentials. Users who do not have this capability are required to log in.

### Devices

#### Add, Discover, and Import

Allows the ability to add devices using the **Add Device** window, discover devices using the **Discovered** tab amd import devices.

#### **Configure Groups**

Allows the ability to create device groups and add and remove devices to and from device groups.

#### Delete

Allows the ability to delete devices from the Extreme Management Center database.

#### Export

Allows the ability to export a device list using the File > Device List > Export option.

#### **Configure Status Polling Options**

Allows the ability to set suite-wide Status Polling options available from the Tools > Options window.

#### **Execute Command Scripts**

Allows the ability to execute command scripts (using the Command Script tool) on a device in Console or Inventory Manager.

### **Events and Alarms**

#### **Events**

Allows the following Event configuration capabilities:

- View Event Logs View event logs in all Extreme Management Center applications.
- View Events for No Access Devices If you configured an authorization group with "No Access" to specific devices (in the Profile/Device Mapping tab), this capability allows members of that group to view events for the No Access devices, even though they cannot access the devices.
- Configure Event Options Set suite-wide Event Logs options available from the Tools > Options window.
- Acknowledge Events Acknowledge events in the event log.
- Configure Server Log Managers Add, edit, and remove Log Managers using the **Event Configuration** tab.
- Clear and Roll Server Log Managers Clear and roll event logs on the Extreme Management Center Server using the button in the lower-right corner of the event log.

#### Alarms

Allows the following Alarm configuration capabilities:

- View View alarms in the Event Log.
- Configure Configure alarms using the Alarms Definition tab.

### **Extreme Management Center All User Options**

These capabilities provide the ability to set suite-wide options that apply to all users.

#### Configure Services for NetSight (Extreme Management Center) Server Options

Allows the ability to specify TFTP settings.

#### **Configure SMTP E-mail Options**

Allows the ability to specify the SMTP email server used by the Extreme Management Center email notification feature.

#### Request and Configure ExtremeNetworks.com Support

Allows the ability to request information about the latest Extreme Management Center product releases via the Help > Check for Updates option from the menu bar in any application and request information about firmware releases via the Help > Check for Firmware Updates option in Inventory Manager. It also allows you to configure the check for updates operation (including scheduled updates) in the Suite options. These features tell you when updated versions of Extreme Management Center products and firmware are available and allow you to download newer versions to keep your software and firmware current.

#### **Configure Web Server**

Allows the ability to specify the port ID for HTTP web server traffic.

#### **Open GTAC Support Case**

Allows the ability to create a GTAC support case or RMA case from the **Network** tab.

#### **View Server Information**

Allows the ability to view, but not to configure the **Server Information** tab. Users who do not have this capability see an error message when they attempt to access the tool.

#### **Configure Server View**

Allows the ability to view and configure Extreme Management Center Console client connection options:

- View Access and view the Client Connections.
- Configure Configure the type and number of clients that can connect to your server.

#### Extreme Management Center Database

Allows the following Extreme Management Center database management capabilities:

- View or Change Database Password View and change the password the Extreme Management Center Server uses to access the database.
- Change Database URL Change the URL the Extreme Management Center Server uses when connecting to the database.
- Backup Database Save the currently active database to a file.
- Restore or Initialize Database Restore the initial database or restore a saved database.
- Initialize Plugin Data Initialize a specific Extreme Management Center application's components in the Extreme Management Center database by using the File > Database > Initialize Components menu option.

#### **Disconnect Clients**

Allows the ability to disconnect clients in the Client Connections table on the <u>Server</u><u>Information tab.</u>

#### **Revoke Locks**

Allows the ability to revoke operation locks in the Locks table on the <u>Server</u><u>Information tab</u>.

### Server Information

Use the <u>Server Information tab</u> to view and manage Extreme Management Center client connections and locks. You must be assigned the appropriate user capabilities to access and use this tab.

### **ZTP+ Registration**

Allows the ability to configure a ZTP+ enabled device and add it to Extreme Management Center.

# **Northbound API**

Northbound API capabilities control *only* the queries and mutations that are not under Access Control and Policy. To use the queries and mutations included in the Northbound Interface but managed by Access Control and Policy, you must provide access to **both**. For example, to use Access Control queries, you must enable two choices in the Add Authorization Group dialog: Access Control Northbound Interface Read Access and Northbound Interface Read Access.

Select the capabilities for which the user requires access in Extreme Management Center:

#### ExtremeControl Northbound Interface Read Access

Provides the user with access to the Access Control queries in the Northbound Interface.

To use Access Control queries included in the Northbound Interface, you must enable this capability and the Northbound Interface Read Access capability.

#### ExtremeControl Northbound Interface Write Access

Provides the user with access to the Access Control mutations in the Northbound Interface.

To use ExtremeControl mutations, you must enable this capability and the Northbound Interface Read/Write Access capability.

#### Northbound Interface Read Access

Provides the user with access to the following Northbound Interface queries. This capability does not include queries managed by Access Control and Policy.

- NBI tools, accessible via the Administration > Diagnostics tab.
- Access to Extreme Management Center information from external integrations via an API.

#### Northbound Interface Read/Write Access

Provides the user with access to the Northbound Interface mutations and access to the NBI Tools. This capability does not include mutations managed by Access Control and Policy.

#### Policy Northbound Interface Read Access

Provides the user with access to the Policy queries in the <u>Northbound</u> <u>Interface</u>.

To use policy queries included in the Northbound Interface, you must

enable this capability and the Northbound Interface Read Access capability.

#### Policy Northbound Interface Write Access

Provides the user with access to the Policy mutations in the <u>Northbound</u><u>Interface</u>.

To use policy mutations, you must enable this capability and the Northbound Interface Read/Write Access capability.

# **Vendor Profiles**

#### **Extreme Management Center Vendor Profile Read Access**

Allows the ability to view vendor profiles on the **Administration** tab and on the **Vendor Profile** tab in the **Configure Device** window.

#### Extreme Management Center Vendor Profile Read/Write Access

Allows the ability to view and configure vendor profiles on the **Administration** tab and on the **Vendor Profile** tab in the **Configure Device** window.

# Workflows/Scripts

#### View and Edit Workflows, Scripts, and Saved Tasks

Allows the ability to view, edit, and run workflows, scripts, and saved tasks on the **Tasks** tab in Extreme Management Center.

**NOTE:** Access to some Extreme Management Center components is determined by capabilities in other capabilities groups:

NetSight (Extreme Management Center) Console > Wireless Manager > Launch Adds the ability to view the Wireless tab.

NetSight (Extreme Management Center) Suite > Devices > Add, Discover and Import Adds the ability to add devices in the Network tab.

NetSight (Extreme Management Center) Suite > Devices > Delete Adds the ability to delete devices in the Network tab.

Inventory Manager > Configuration Archive Management > View/Compare Configurations Adds the ability to compare archived device configurations in either the **Network** tab or the Archive Details Report available in the **Reports** tab.

# **Access Control Options**

Selecting Access Control in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can edit settings associated with the **Control** > **Access Control** tab. The right-panel view changes depending on what you select in the left-panel tree. Expand the Access Control tree to view all the different available options. These settings apply to all users.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

#### Click the link for information on the following ExtremeControl options:

- <u>Advanced</u>
- <u>Assessment Server</u>
- Data Persistence
- Display
- End-System Event Cache
- Enforce Warning Settings
- Features
- Notification Engine
- Policy Defaults
- Status Polling and Timeout

# Advanced

Use this view to configure advanced settings for the Access Control tab.

Access Control > Advanced	
Enable Distributed End-System Cache:	8
Enable IPv6 Addresses for End-Systems:	
Resource Allocation Capacity:	Low-Medium 💌
<u>د</u>	
Restore Defaults Reset	Auto Save

#### **Enable Distributed End-System Cache**

The **Enable Distributed End-System Cache** option is intended for large enterprise environments as a way to improve response times when handling end-system mobility. Enabling this option improves ExtremeControl performance when discovering new end-systems as they connect, or when end-systems move from one place to another in the network.

To use the end-system cache feature, it must be enabled on both the Extreme Management Center Server (using this option) and on the ExtremeControl engines using the cache.

When this feature is enabled, the Extreme Management Center Server and the ExtremeControl engine exchange additional data each time end-system data is updated. This feature is **not** recommended unless there is sufficient network bandwidth for the additional data, a fast connection between the Extreme Management Center Server and the ExtremeControl engine, and end-systems are adding or moving frequently.

#### **Enable IPv6 Addresses for End-Systems**

The Enable IPv6 Addresses for End-Systems option allows ExtremeControl to collect, report, and display IPv6 addresses for end-systems in the end-systems table. When this option is changed, you must enforce your engines before the new settings take effect. In addition, end-systems need to rediscover their IP addresses in order to reflect the change in the end-systems table. This can be done by either deleting the end-system or performing a Force Reauth on the end-system.

Only end-systems with a valid IPv4 address as well as one or more IPv6 addresses are supported. End-systems with only IPv6 addresses are not supported. End-system functionality support varies for IPv6 end-systems. For complete information, see IPv6 Support in the Extreme Management Center Configuration Considerations Help topic.

#### **Resource Allocation Capacity**

The **Resource Allocation Capacity** option lets you configure the Extreme Management Center resources allocated to end-system and configuration processing services. The greater the number of end-systems and engines in your ExtremeControl deployment, the more resources it requires.

- Low For low performance shared systems.
- Low-Medium For medium performance shared systems, or low performance dedicated systems
- Medium For medium performance shared systems, or medium performance dedicated systems.
- Medium-High For high performance shared systems, or medium performance dedicated systems.
- High For high performance dedicated systems.
- Maximum For extremely high performance dedicated systems.

## **Assessment Server**

Use these options to provide assessment agent adapter credentials.

Access Control	Assessment Ser	ver	
Assessment Age	ent Adapter Creder	ntials	
Username:	admin		
Password:	•••••	$\odot$	[Default Value: ********* ]
Restore Defaults	Reset		Auto Save

#### **Assessment Agent Adapter Credentials**

Specify the username and password the ExtremeControl engine uses when attempting to connect to network assessment servers, including Extreme Networks Agent-less, Nessus, or a third-party assessment server (an assessment server not supplied or supported by Extreme Management Center). The password is used by the assessment agent adapter (installed on the assessment server) to authenticate assessment server requests. Extreme Management Center provides a default password you can change, if desired. However, if you change the password here, you need to change the password on the assessment agent adapter as well, or connection between the engine and assessment agent adapter is lost and assessments are not performed. For additional information, see How to Change the Assessment Agent Adapter Password.

# **Data Persistence**

Use this panel to customize how ExtremeControl ages-out or deletes endsystems, end-system events, and end-system health (assessment) results from the tables and charts in the End-Systems tab.

Access Control > Data Persistence				
Daily Persistence	*			
Run Data Persistence Checks Each Day At: 2:00 AM V				
Age End-Systems				
Age End-Systems Older Than: 90 🗘 day(s) 🗸				
Remove Associated MAC Locks and Occurrences in Groups:				
Remove Associated Registration Data:				
End-System Events				
Age End-System Events Older Than: 90 🗘 🖯 day(s) 🗠				
Persist Non-Critical End-System Events:				
Transient End-Systems				
Delete Rejected End-Systems:				
Delete Transient End-Systems Older Than: 1				
End-System Information Events				
Generate Access Control Events When End-System Information is Modified:				
Health Results				
Only Persist Health Result Details for Quarantined End-Systems (with the exception of agent-based results):				
Persist Duplicate Health Result Summary and Details:				
Save a Health Result Summary for the Last N Health Results per End-System: 30				
Save the Details for the Last N Health Results per End-System: 5	2			
Wireless End-System Events	_			
Process and Include Wireless End-System Events in End-System Event Logs:				
4	+			
Restore Defaults Reset	ve			

### **Daily Persistence**

#### **Run Data Persistence Checks Each Day At**

Set the time that the Data Persistence Check is performed each day.

#### Age End-Systems

#### Age End-Systems Older Than

Specify the amount of time Extreme Management Center keeps end-system information in the database. Each day, when the Data Persistence check runs, it

searches the database for end-systems for which ExtremeControl did not receive an event in the number of days specified (90 days by default). It removes those end-systems from the End-System table in the End-Systems tab.

If you select the **Remove Associated MAC Locks and Occurrences in Groups** checkbox, the aging check also removes any MAC locks or group memberships associated with the end-systems being removed.

The **Remove Associated Registration Data** checkbox is selected by default, so that the aging check also removes any registration data associated with the end-systems being removed.

### End-System Events

#### Age End-System Events Older Than

End-system events are stored in the database. Each day, when the Data Persistence check runs, it removes all end-system events which are older than the number of days specified (90 days by default).

#### Persist Non-Critical End-System Events

Select this checkbox to save non-critical end-system events (e.g. duplicate endsystem events, re-authentication events where the end-system's state did not change) to the database.

### Transient End-Systems

#### **Delete Rejected End-Systems**

Select this checkbox to delete end-systems in the Rejected state as part of the cleanup.

#### **Delete Transient End-Systems Older Than**

Specify the amount of time to keep transient end-systems in the database before they are deleted as part of the nightly database cleanup task. The default value is 1 day. A value of 0 disables the deletion of transient end-systems. Transient endsystems are unregistered end-systems not seen for the specified number of days. End-systems are not deleted if they are part of an End-System group or there are MAC locks associated with them.

### **End-System Information Events**

#### Generate ExtremeControl Events When End-System Information is Modified

Select the checkbox if you want ExtremeControl to generate an event when endsystem information is modified.

### **Health Results**

# Only Persist Health Result Details for Quarantined End-Systems (with the exception of agent-based results)

Select this checkbox to only save the health result details for quarantined endsystems (with the exception of agent-based health result details, which are always saved for all end-systems).

#### Persist Duplicate Health Result Summary and Details

Select this checkbox to save duplicate health result summaries and details. By default, duplicate health results obtained during a single scan interval are **not** saved. For example, if the assessment interval is one week, and an end-system is scanned five times during the week with identical assessment results each time, the duplicate health results are not saved (with the exception of administrative scan requests such as Force Reauth and Scan, which are always saved). This reduces the number of health results saved to the database.

#### Save a Health Result Summary for the Last N Health Results per End-System

Specify how many health (assessment) result summaries are saved and displayed in the End-Systems tab for each end-system. By default, the Data Persistence check saves the last 30 health result summaries for each end-system.

#### Save the Details for the Last N Health Results per End-System

Specify how many health (assessment) result details are saved and displayed in the End-Systems tab for each end-system. By default, the Data Persistence check saves detailed information for the last five health results per end-system.

### Wireless End-System Events

#### Process and Include Wireless End-System Events in End-System Event Logs

Select the checkbox if you want Extreme Management Center to generate an event when wireless end-system information is modified. This option is disabled by default.

# Display

Use this Options view to configure new column names for the **Custom** columns in the End-System table on the **Control** > **End-Systems** tab, as well as the number of redundant ExtremeControl Gateways you can select when adding or editing a switch in an ExtremeControl Engine group.

Access Control	> Display			
Custom End-Sys	stem Information Labels			
Custom 1:	Custom 1			
Custom 2:	Custom 2			
Custom 3:	Custom 3			
Custom 4:	Custom 4			
Displayed Access C	Control Engines per Switch:	2		0
4				+
Restore Defaults	Reset		Auto	Save

#### **Custom End-System Information Labels**

This option lets you specify new text for the **Custom** column headings in the End-System table on the **End-Systems** tab.

#### **Displayed ExtremeControl Engines per Switch**

Select the number of ExtremeControl engines displayed in the Add Switches to Group or Edit Switches in Group windows. By default, these windows allow you to configure two ExtremeControl engines per switch for redundancy, but this option allows you to increase the number up to three or four engines per switch.

## **End-System Event Cache**

End-system events are stored in the database. In addition, the end-system event cache stores the most recent end-system events in memory and displays them in the End-System Events tab. This cache allows ExtremeControl to quickly retrieve and display end-system events without having to search through the database.

Use these options to configure the amount of resources used by the end-system event cache.

Access Control > End-System Event Cache					
Maximum Time to Spend Searching for Events:	4	🔅 sec(s)	$\sim$		
Number of Events to Cache:	100000		$\hat{}$		
Number of MACs in Secondary Cache:	10		$\hat{}$		
4			_	•	
		Auto			

#### Maximum Time to Spend Searching for Events

Specify the time Extreme Management Center spends when searching for older events outside of the cache. (The search is initiated by using the **Search for Older Events** button in the **End-System Events** tab.) The search is ended when the number of seconds entered is reached.

#### Number of Events to Cache

Specify the number of events to cache. The more events you cache, the faster data is returned, but caching uses more memory.

#### Number of MACs in Secondary Cache

The End-System Event Cache also keeps a secondary cache of events by MAC address. This means that a particular end-system's events can be more quickly accessed in subsequent requests. Use this field to specify the number of MAC addresses kept in the secondary cache. Keep in mind that the more MAC addresses you cache, the more memory used. Also, note that the secondary cache may include events not in the main cache.

# **Enforce Warnings to Ignore**

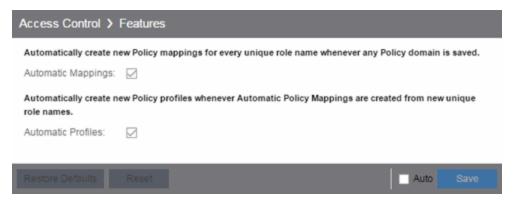
Select the checkbox next to the warning message you don't want displayed and click **Save**.

When an engine configuration audit is performed during an Enforce operation, warning messages may be displayed in the audit results listed in the Enforce window. If there is a warning associated with an engine, you are given the option to acknowledge the warning and proceed with the enforce anyway.

Use these settings to select specific warning messages you do not want displayed in the audit results. This allows you to proceed with the Enforce without having to acknowledge the warning message. For example, your network always results in one of these warning messages on your ExtremeControl configuration. By selecting that warning here, it is ignored in future audit results and you no longer need to acknowledge it before proceeding with the Enforce.

### **Features**

Use this panel to automatically create new Policy mappings and profiles. If you are not using these features, disable them to remove sections that pertain only to those features from certain ExtremeControl windows.



# **Notification Engine**

Use this panel to define the default content contained in ExtremeControl notification action messages. For example, with an email notification action, define the information contained in the email subject line and body. With a syslog or trap notification action, define the information included in the syslog or trap message.

Access Control > Notification Engine							
Notification Action De	efaults						
Custom Arguments:	all						
Email Body:	Conditions: \$conditions IP: \$ipaddress MAC: \$macaddress						
Email Subject	NetSight \$type Trigger \$trigge	er					
Syslog Message:	NetSight \$type Trigger \$trigge	er conditions \$conditions					
Syslog Tag:	NETSIGHT_NAC						
Trap Message:	NetSight Stype Trigger Strigge	er conditions Sconditions					
Trap Message OID:	1.3.6.1.4.1.5624.1.2.105.1.1.1						
Trap OID:	1.3.6.1.4.1.5624.1.2.105.1.0.1						
Advanced							
Event Queue Serv	rice Period:	2 🗘 sec(s) 🗸					
Maximum Event C	Maximum Event Queue Size: 20000 🗘						
Maximum Events	Maximum Events Queueable in Service Period: 1000 🗘						
Maximum Events	ts Serviced Each Period: 0						
		Auto Save					

There are certain "keywords" available to use in your email, syslog, and trap messages to provide specific information. Following is a list of the most common keywords used. For additional information, see Keywords.

- \$type the notification type.
- \$trigger the notification trigger.
- \$conditions a list of the conditions specified in the notification action.
- \$ipaddress the IP address of the end-system that is the source of the event.
- \$macaddress the MAC address of the end-system that is the source of the event.
- \$switchIP the IP address of the switch where the end-system connected.
- \$switchPort the port number on the switch where the end-system connected.
- \$username the username provided by the end user upon connection to the network.

### **Custom Arguments**

If the notification action specifies a custom program or script to be run on the Extreme Management Center Server, then use this field to enter the "all" option. Using the "all" option returns values for all the ExtremeControl Notification keywords applicable to the notification type. For additional information, see Keywords.

#### **Email Subject**

Defines the text and keyword values included in the email subject line.

#### **Email Body**

Defines the text and keyword values included in the email body.

#### Syslog Message

Defines the text and keyword values included in the syslog message.

### Syslog Tag

Defines the string used to identify the message issued by the syslog program.

#### **Trap Message**

The varbind sent in the trap.

### **Trap Message OID**

The OID of the varbind being sent that represents the message.

### Trap OID

The OID that defines the trap.

### **Event Queue Service Period**

Defines how often the queue is checked for events to process. The dispatcher runs once every service period. So by default, the dispatcher processes events every 5 seconds.

### Maximum Event Queue Size

The maximum number of events that can be queued. By default, the dispatcher drops events after 5000 events are queued.

### **Maximum Events Queuable in Service Period**

This limits the rate that events can be added to the queue (not processed from the queue) and protects the event engine against a large amount of events arriving too quickly. If events arrive at a rate that exceeds this amount, they are discarded.

#### **Maximum Events Serviced Each Period**

The maximum number of events pulled from the queue for processing each service period. By default, the dispatcher processes 100 events every service period.

# **Policy Defaults**

Use this Options view to specify a default policy for each of the four access policies. These default policies display as the first selection in the drop-down menus when you create an ExtremeControl profile. For example, if you specify an Assessment policy called "New Assessment" as the Policy Default, then "New Assessment" is automatically displayed as the first selection in the Assessment Policy drop-down list in the New ExtremeControl Profile window.

Extreme Management Center supplies seven policy names from which you can select. Add more policies in the Edit Policy Mapping window, where you can also define policy to VLAN associations for RFC 3580-enabled switches. Once a policy is added, it becomes available for selection in this view.

Access Control > Policy Defaults							
Accept Policy:	Enterprise User	$\sim$					
Assessment Policy:	Assessing	$\sim$					
Fail-Safe Policy:	Failsafe	$\sim$					
Quarantine Policy:	Quarantine	$\sim$					
4			÷				
Restore Defaults	Reset	Auto	Save				

### **Accept Policy**

Select the default Accept policy. The Accept policy is applied to an end-system when the end-system is authorized locally by the ExtremeControl engine and passed an assessment (if an assessment was required), or the "Replace RADIUS Attributes with Accept Policy" option is used when authenticating the end-system.

#### **Assessment Policy**

Select the default Assessment policy. The Assessment policy is applied to an endsystem while it is being assessed (scanned).

#### **Fail-Safe Policy**

Select the default fail-safe policy. The fail-safe policy is applied to an end-system if the end-system's IP address cannot be determined from its MAC address, or if there is a scanning error and an assessment of the end-system could not take place.

#### **Quarantine Policy**

Select the default Quarantine policy. The Quarantine policy is applied to an endsystem if the end-system fails an assessment.

# **Status Polling and Timeout**

Use this Options panel to specify the enforce timeout and status polling options for ExtremeControl engines.

Access Control > Status Polling and Timeout						
Access Control Eng	ine Enfor	ce Timeout				
When enforcing to A contact has failed.	ccess Contr	rol engines, specify the interv	al of time to wait before determining that			
Length of Timeout:	10	⊖ sec(s) ∨				
Access Control Inac	tivity Che	eck				
		tem Access Control activity i ontrol Inactivity event is gen	s taking place on the network. If no end-system erated.			
Enable Access (	Control Inac	tivity Check	[Default Value: false ]			
Interval Between Ch	ecks: 30	) 🗇 imin(s) 🗸				
Status Polling						
When communicating to before determining the second	-	*	polling, specify the interval of time to wait			
Length of Timeout:	30	🗘   sec(s) - 🗠				
The server will poll th	e Access C	ontrol engines every interval	to retrieve their status.			
Polling Interval:	1	🗘 i min(s) 🗸				
-			to retrieve their status.			
Destern Defaults	Decet					
Restore Defaults	Reset		Auto Save			

#### ExtremeControl Engine Enforce Timeout

When enforcing to ExtremeControl engines, this value specifies the amount of time Extreme Management Center waits for an enforce response from the engine before determining the engine is not responding. During an enforce, an ExtremeControl engine responds every second to report that the enforce operation is either inprogress or complete. Do not increase this timeout value, unless you are experiencing network delays that require a longer timeout value.

### ExtremeControl Inactivity Check

Enable a check to verify end-system ExtremeControl activity is taking place on the network. If no end-system activity is detected, an ExtremeControl Inactivity event is sent to the Events view. Use the **Alarms and Events** tab to configure custom alarm criteria based on the ExtremeControl Inactivity event to create an alarm, if desired.

### **Status Polling**

Length of Timeout — When communicating with ExtremeControl engines for status polling, this value specifies the amount of time Extreme Management Center waits before determining contact failed. If Extreme Management Center does not receive a response from an engine in the defined amount of time, Extreme Management Center considers the engine to be "down". The engine status refers to Messaging connectivity, not SNMP connectivity. This means that if the engine is "down," Extreme Management Center is not able to enforce a new configuration to it. Polling Interval — Specifies the frequency Extreme Management Center polls the ExtremeControl engines to determine engine status.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• ExtremeControl

# **Alarm Options**

Selecting Alarm in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can configure alarm settings.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

### Click the link for information on the following Alarm options:

- <u>Advanced</u>
- <u>Alarm Action Defaults</u>
- Alarm History
- Consolidate Email
- Override Email

# Advanced

Use this view to configure advanced settings for the alarms functionality in Extreme Management Center. These settings apply to all users.

Alarm > Advanced					
Action Dispatcher					
Action Queue Service Period:	2	) sec(s)	$\sim$		
Maximum Action Queue Size:		0			
Maximum Actions Queueable in Service	Period (per second):	1000		0	
Maximum Actions Serviced (per period)		200		0	
Alarm Dispatcher					
Alarm Queue Service Period:		5	🔅 i sec(s)	$\sim$	
Maximum Alarm Queue Size:		5000		$\Diamond$	
Maximum Alarms Queueable in Service	Period (per second):	1000	$\Diamond$		
Maximum Alarms Serviced (per period): 100					
Alarm Tracker					
Maximum Alarm Limit Trackers: 1000	00	$\Diamond$			
Persistence					
Maximum Current Alarms to Maintain: 100000					
Amount to Remove When Exceeded: 1000					
•				+	
			Auto Sa	we	

# **Action Dispatcher Options**

Use these options to limit resources used by Extreme Management Center action handling.

After alarms are processed by the alarm dispatcher, they are checked for an action. If an action is found, the alarm is moved into the action queue for processing by the action dispatcher. A specified number of actions are taken from the queue and processed once each service period, according to the option values specified below.

#### **Action Queue Service Period**

This controls how often the queue is checked for actions to process. The dispatcher runs once every service period. So by default, the dispatcher processes actions every 2 seconds.

#### **Maximum Action Queue Size**

The maximum number of actions that can be queued. By default, the dispatcher drops actions after 1,000 actions are queued.

#### Maximum Actions Queuable in Service Period (per second)

This limits the rate at which actions can be added to the queue (not processed from the queue) and protects the alarm engine against a large amount of actions arriving too quickly. If actions arrive at a rate that exceeds this amount, they are discarded.

#### Maximum Actions Serviced (per period)

The maximum number of actions pulled from the queue for processing each service period. By default, the dispatcher processes 200 actions every service period.

# **Alarm Dispatcher Options**

Use these options to limit resources used by Extreme Management Center alarm handling.

When alarms are triggered, they are moved into the alarm queue for processing by the alarm dispatcher. A specified number of alarms are taken from the queue and processed once each service period, according to the option values specified below.

#### **Alarm Queue Service Period**

This controls how often the queue is checked for alarms to process. The dispatcher runs once every service period, so by default, the dispatcher processes alarms every 5 seconds.

#### Maximum Alarm Queue Size

The maximum number of alarms that can be queued. By default, the dispatcher drops alarms after 5,000 alarms are queued.

#### Maximum Alarms Queuable in Service Period (per second)

This limits the rate at which alarms can be added to the queue (not processed from the queue) and protects the alarm engine against a large amount of alarms arriving too quickly. If alarms arrive at a rate that exceeds this amount, they are discarded.

### Max Alarms Serviced (per period)

The maximum number of alarms pulled from the queue for processing each service period. By default, the dispatcher processes 100 alarms every service period.

# **Alarm Tracker Options**

When you define an alarm with a limit, Extreme Management Center tracks whether the limit is exceeded and when to reset the count. Use this option to set the maximum number of alarms that Extreme Management Center tracks. (An alarm limit specifies the number of times the alarm action performed for an alarm.)

Increase the number if you are sure the system is able to handle the increased load.

# **Persistence Options**

Use these options to prevent or troubleshoot Extreme Management Center performance problems caused by the number of current alarms being maintained. If you increase the maximum number of current alarms to maintain, be sure the server system is able to handle the increased load. Only increase the number of alarms to remove if the maximum current alarms number is being exceeded too frequently.

# **Alarm Action Defaults**

Alarm > Alarm Act	ion Defaults
Custom Arguments:	all
Email Body:	Device: \$devicelp Severity: \$severity Message: \$message
Email Subject:	NetSight \$severity Alarm: \$alarmName
Syslog Message:	Device \$devicelp Severity \$severity Message: \$message
Syslog Tag:	NETSIGHT
Trap Message:	Device \$deviceIp Severity \$severity Message: \$message
Trap Message OID:	1.3.6.1.4.1.5624.1.2.105.1.1.1
Trap OID:	1.3.6.1.4.1.5624.1.2.105.1.0.1
4	
Restore Defaults	Reset Auto Save

Use this panel to define the default content for alarm action messages. For example, with an email action, define the information contained in the email subject line and body. With a syslog or trap action, specify the information you want contained in the syslog or trap message. Extreme Management Center uses these values unless they are overridden in an individual alarm. The message content is configured as a template, with the content passed exactly as typed, except for the variable information which is specified by \$keyword. The variable information (\$keyword) is replaced with information from the alarm when the alarm action is executed.

Following is a list of the most common keywords used. For additional information, see Keywords.

- \$alarmName the name of the alarm.
- \$severity the severity of the alarm.
- \$deviceIP the IP address of the device that is the source of the alarm.
- \$message the event message.
- \$time the date and time when the event or trap occurred.

#### **Custom Arguments**

Specifies the arguments passed to a program. Each argument is delimited by spaces. An argument can be a literal, passed to the program exactly as typed, or a variable, specified as \$keyword. A group of literals and variables can be combined into a single argument by using double quotes. "All" is a special value that tells Extreme Management Center to pass all variable values to the program as individual arguments.

#### **Email Body**

Defines the text included in the email body.

#### **Email Subject**

Defines the text included in the email subject line.

#### **Syslog Message**

Defines the text included in the syslog message.

### Syslog Tag

Defines the string used to identify the message issued by the syslog program.

#### **Trap Message**

The varbind sent in the trap.

#### **Trap Message OID**

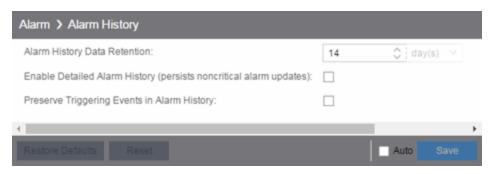
The OID of the varbind being sent that represents the message.

#### **Trap OID**

The OID that defines the trap.

# **Alarm History**

Use this panel to configure options for how alarms are handled on your network. These settings apply to all users.



## Alarm History Data Retention

Specify (in days) the amount of time Alarm History is retained.

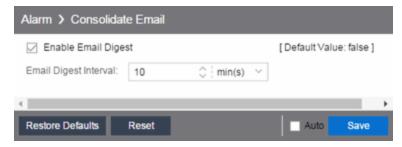
### Enable Detailed Alarm History (persists noncritical alarm updates)

Select this checkbox to record repeat occurrences of an alarm being raised. By default, a history record is created the first time an alarm is raised on a device or interface, and also when it is cleared.

### Preserve Triggering Events in Alarm History

Select this checkbox to preserve alarm triggering events, so that any triggering events are stored with the alarm history record. This allows you to view the triggering event by clicking the View Trigger button in the Alarm History window.

# **Consolidate Email**



### **Enable Email Digest**

Selecting this option combines alarm action emails into a single email. Email notifications are collected over the specified interval indicated in the **Email Digest Interval** and then delivered as a single consolidated email.

#### **Email Digest Interval**

Enter the amount of time Extreme Management Center waits before sending an email of alarm actions when **Select Enable Email Digest** is selected.

# **Override Email**

Alarm > Override Email						
Enabling this option will allow overriding the sender of an email for each action.						
Enable Sender Overrides:						
<		• • •				
		Auto Save				

Enable this option to override the sender of an email for an alarm email action, including the ability to set the sender's password, if needed. Since alarms are typically sent out as email/text messages, this option allows IT staff to set different ring-tones based on the alarm definition. Doing this on a smartphone typically involves changing the ring-tone for calls from a specific person.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Alarm/Event Logs and Tables Options**

Selecting Alarm/Event Logs and Tables in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can specify options for limiting disk usage by alarm and event logs, and Extreme Management Center server logs. These settings apply to all users. You must be assigned the appropriate user capability to configure these options.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Alarm/Event Logs and Tables						
Alarm and Ev୍ଲୁnt Host/Port Names						
Display Host Name in Source Column When	Available:					
Resolve Port Name/Alias:	$\checkmark$					
Resolve Source Host Names:						
Event Log Entry Date/Time Format						
By default, raw timestamp format (1262965697	614) is used					
Use ISO 8601 Timestamp Format (2010-01-0	08T18:45UTC):					
Event Tables Row Limit (per type)						
Retain Rows Count:	9000 \$					
Row Count to Remove When Exceeded:	1000 🗘					
Execute Command Script						
Include Script Contents in Execute Command Script Events:						
Number of Compliance Engine Logs to Lin	nit					
Limit Number of Compliance Engine Log Files Saved						
Files to Limit: 20						
Number of Event Logs to Limit						
Limit Number of Log Files Saved						
Files to Limit: 20						

## Number of Events to Consider for Event Correlation

Number of Events to Consider for Event Correlation:

1000
------

.

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### Alarm and Event Host/Port Names

Use these options to configure host name and port name resolution, and display the device host name in the Source column in alarm and event tables:

- Display Host Name in Source Column When Available Select this option to display the host name in the source column on both the <u>Alarms</u> and <u>Events</u> tabs of the Alarms and Events tab, if it's available in Extreme Management Center.
- Resolve Port Name/Alias Select this option to resolve device port indices to port names and port aliases, and device port names and port aliases to port indices, if possible. This option allows you to enable/disable port name resolution for Event and Alarm tables only. (Port name resolution is enabled globally using the Enable Name Resolution option.)
- Resolve Source Host Names Select this option to resolve host names to IP addresses and IP addresses to host names, if possible. This option allows you to enable/disable host name resolution for the Event and Alarm tables only. (Host name resolution is enabled globally using the Enable Name Resolution option.)

### Event Log Entry Date/Time Format

Use this option to specify the timestamp format used for log entries in the actual application log files. (This option does not affect the log entry format displayed in Extreme Management Center client Event Log views.) Selecting **Use ISO 8601 Timestamp Format** displays log entry timestamps in a readable format that makes it easier to view the files in a text file. Not selecting this option uses the raw timestamp format, in which timestamps are displayed in a raw, non-readable format.

## Event Tables Row Limit (per type)

Use these settings to determine the number of table rows displayed in all of the logs on the <u>Events</u> tab of the Alarms and Events tab. The table size reaches an absolute limit when the number of rows is equal to the value in the **Retain Rows Count** field. When the number of rows exceeds that value, the number of rows are reduced by the value specified in the **Row Count to Remove When Exceeded** field. Subsequent entries are retained until the **Retain Rows Count** value is exceeded and the row total is again reduced.

## **Execute Command Script**

The Execute Command Script feature includes script contents in logged events, which is not secure if the script includes passwords. If this option is deselected (default), the script is removed from the logged event. Select this option to include script contents in Execute Command Script events.

### Number of Compliance Engine Logs to Limit

Use this option to limit the number of ExtremeCompliance engine log files saved to the <install directory>\appdata\logs directory. It does not limit the number of Traps or Syslog log files saved.

- Limit Number of Compliance Engine Log Files Saved Selecting the checkbox sets a limit to the number of ExtremeCompliance engine log files saved. Older files are deleted when the maximum number is reached.
- Files to Limit Enter the maximum number of ExtremeCompliance log files saved.

### Number of Event Logs to Limit

This option limits the number of application log files saved to the <install directory>\appdata\logs directory. It does not limit the number of Traps or Syslog log files saved.

- Limit Number of Log Files Saved Selecting the checkbox sets a limit to the number of application log files saved. Older files are deleted when the maximum number is reached.
- Files to Limit Enter the maximum number of application log files saved.

### Number of Events to Consider for Event Correlation

This option allows you to determine the number of events Extreme Management Center uses when correlating events. Event Correlation is performed by Extreme Management Center to determine trends and allows you to take action on those observations.

#### Number of Server Logs to Limit

A new server log is created every day. Use this option to limit the number of server log files saved to the <install directory>\appdata\logs directory.

- Limit Number of Server Log Files Saved Selecting the checkbox sets a limit to the number of server log files saved. Older files are deleted when the maximum number is reached.
- Files to Limit Enter the maximum number of server log files saved.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Compass Options**

Selecting Compass and expanding Configuration in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can view Compass SNMP MIBs and Search options.

Opt	ions †			
١.	Alarm	/Event Logs and Tables	*	
•	Comp	ass		
	<ul> <li>Co</li> </ul>	onfiguration		
	-	SNMP MIBs		
		802.1X(PAE)		
		Dot1dTpFdb		
		Dot1q VLAN Current		
		Dot1q VLAN Static		
		Dot1qTpFdb		
		Enterasys 802.1X Ext.		
		Enterasys Convergence End Point		
		Enterasys IGMP MIB		
		Enterasys Multiple Authentication		
		Enterasys Multiple User 802.1X		4
		Extreme ID Manager		
		IGMP Standard MIB		
		IP CIDR Route		
		IP Route		
		IpNetToMedia		
		IpNetToPhysical (IPv4/IPv6)		
		MAC Authentication		
		MAC Locking		
		Node/Alias (ctAlias)		
		PWA		
		RMON addressMap		
		RMON host table		
	•	Search Limits		
		Search Access Control Database		
		Search SNMP MIBs with Database Match	-	

Double-click **Configuration** in the left-panel to open the **Compass Configuration** window, which allows you to specify and limit your search options. Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Compass			
Configuration			*
Search Limits			
Number of Devices Allowed for a Se	arch:	100 🗘	
Number of Search Results Allowed:		200 0	
Number of Searches Allowed at One	e:	5 0	
Time Limit for a Search:		20 🗘 ; sec(s) 🗸	
Search Access Control Database			
Search SNMP MIBs with Database	Match	[Default Value: false]	
SNMP MIBs			
802.1X(PAE):		[Default Value: true ]	
Dot1dTpFdb:		[Default Value: true ]	
Dot1q VLAN Current:			
Dot1q VLAN Static:			
Dot1qTpFdb:			
Enterasys 802.1X Ext.:			
Enterasys Convergence End Point:			
Enterasys IGMP MIB:			
Enterasys Multiple Authentication:			
Enterasys Multiple User 802.1X:			
Extreme ID Manager:			
IGMP Standard MIB:			
IP CIDR Route:			
IP Route:			
IpNetToMedia:			
IpNetToPhysical (IPv4/IPv6):			
MAC Authentication:			
MAC Locking:			
Node/Alias (ctAlias):			
PWA:			
RMON addressMap:			
RMON host table:			
4		•	٣
Restore Defaults Reset		Auto Save	

# **Search Limits**

Use these options to configure the Compass search in Extreme Management Center. In addition to search options, they include search limit settings, which are used to help limit the Extreme Management Center server resources used for the searches.

- Number of Devices Allowed for a Search The maximum number of devices that can be included in a search.
- Number of Search Results Allowed The maximum number of search results that can be displayed in the table.
- Number of Searches Allowed at Once The maximum number of Extreme Management Center Compass searches that can be performed at one time.
- Time Limit for a Search The maximum search time.

# Search ExtremeControl Database

Select this checkbox to include ExtremeControl data in Compass searches. The Compass search begins by resolving IP address to MAC address in order to start searching for MAC-IP pairs from the network. When a match is found in the ExtremeControl Database, the SNMP MIBs are **not** searched unless the **Search SNMP MIBs with Database Match** checkbox is also selected. If the **ExtremeControl** checkbox is deselected, then the ExtremeControl Database is not used to resolve IP address to MAC address.

# Search SNMP MIBs with Database Match

Select this checkbox to include various SNMP MIB objects when performing searches. When the checkbox is selected, the SNMP MIBs section displays, from which you can select the individual SNMP MIB objects to include in Compass searches. For additional information, see Compass SNMP MIBs Descriptions.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Database Backup Options**

Selecting Database Backup in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can schedule backups of the Extreme Management Center database. An up-to-date database backup is an important component to ensuring that critical information pertaining to all Extreme Management Center applications is saved and readily available, if needed.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Database Backup								
Backup File Locatio	on							
Note: The file pat permissions.	th must be a	n existing locat	ion on th	e serve	r and mu	ist have	write	
File Path:	/usr/local/	/usr/local/Extreme_Networks/NetSight/backup						
Include Additional E	Data							
🐨 Back Up Alar	m, End-Syst	em Event, and R	eporting	Databas	e			
Schedule Database	e Backup							
Sample file name	: netsight_[	date format].sql						
File Name Date Fo	ormat:	MMddyyyy	-					
Occurrence:		Every Day						
		Mon	🗌 Fri					
		Tues	🗌 Sa	t				
		U Wed	🗌 Su	n				
		Thurs						
		At	v					
😴 Limit Number	of Backups	Saved						
Maximum Backup	s Saved:	3		\$				
Restore Defaults	Reset						🗆 Auto	Save

# **Backup File Location**

### **File Path**

The database backup is saved to the directory specified in the **File Path** field. Saving backups to a separate location such as a network share ensures that an up-to-date copy of the database is available should a problem such as a server disk failure occur. The backup directory must exist and be writable or it is not accepted. Both the start and stop of the database backup are logged to the Console Event View log for verification and tracking purposes.

# **Include Additional Data**

#### Back Up Alarm, End-System Event, and Reporting Database

Use this checkbox to enable and disable the automatic backup of alarm data, endsystem event data, and Extreme Management Center reporting data. Because the alarm, event, and reporting databases can be quite large, this allows you to control the amount of disk space used by the database backup operation.

# **Schedule Database Backup**

#### File Name Date Format

Customize the date and time formats of scheduled backup files by selecting the option that formats the date -- day (DD), month (MM), and year (YYYY) -- according to your personal preference in the drop-down list.

### Occurrence

Select one or more days of the week and specify a time for the backup to be performed. The backup takes place at the same time for each selected day.

### Limit Number of Backups Saved

Select the checkbox to limit the number of scheduled backup files saved.

### **Maximum Backups Saved**

If Limit Number of Backups Saved is selected, enter the maximum number of scheduled backup files to save. When the limit is reached, older backups are removed when a new scheduled backup completes.

For additional information, see Tuning Database Backup Storage.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Device Terminal Options**

Selecting Device Terminal in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can configure options related to the **Open Device Terminal** option on the **Devices** tab.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Device Terminal	
Configuration	
Senable Auto Login	
Restore Defaults Reset	Auto Save

# Configuration

### **Enable Auto Login**

Select the checkbox to automatically log in to a device when selecting the **Open Device Terminal** option from the right-click menu on the **Devices** tab.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Engine Auditing Options**

Selecting Engine Auditing in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can enable auditing of users connected to the Extreme Management Center server CLI via SSH.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Engine Auditing					
Auditing					
🗹 Enable Auditin	g [Default Value: false ]				
Auditing Rules:	Rules: # Audit all commands from command line, uncomment to enable #-a exit,always -F arch=b64 -S execve #-a exit,always -F arch=b32 -S execve				
4	•				
Restore Defaults	Reset Auto Save				

### **Enable Auditing**

Selecting the **Enable Auditing** option enables the **Auditing Rules** field, where you can configure Extreme Management Center to store all commands entered by users connected to the Extreme Management Center CLI via SSH in the syslog file.

### **Auditing Rules**

Remove the # symbol from the beginning of a command line to enable the command and store user commands entered using the Extreme Management Center CLI.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Event Analyzer Options**

Selecting Event Analyzer in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can configure the settings related to the Event Analyzer in Extreme Management Center.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Event Analyzer					
Configuration					
Enable Event Collection:					
Max Number of Partitions:	40	\$			
Max Number of Rows per Partition:	500000	\$			

#### Enable Event Collection

Selecting the **Enable Event Collection** option saves wireless client events and enables **Event Analyzer** tab functionality so that the tab populates with live data.

**NOTE:** Enabling Event Collection uses a large amount of disk space, so this option is disabled by default.

#### **Max Number of Partitions**

Enter the maximum number of partitions used for the Event Analyzer.

**NOTE:** Only change this value if you are an expert user.

#### Max Number of Rows per Partition

Enter the maximum number of rows for each partition used for the Event Analyzer.

NOTE: Only change this value if you are an expert user.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# ExtremeNetworks.com Updates Options

Selecting ExtremeNetworks.com Updates in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can configure options for accessing the ExtremeNetworks.com website to obtain information about the latest Extreme Management Center product releases and Extreme Networks firmware releases available for download. These settings apply to all users. You must be a member of an authorization group that includes the "Request and Configure ExtremeNetworks.com Support" capability in order to configure these options.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

cess Control Ass	essment Web Update Serve	er
Server:	www.extremenetworks.com	
ITTP Proxy		
		you change them here, it is recommended that you the old credentials from the cache.
🖉 Enable Proxy Se	rver	[Default Value: false ]
HTTP Proxy Server.	httpproxy	
Port ID:	8080 🗘	
Proxy Authentica		[Default Value: faise ]
Proxy Username:		
Proxy Password:	0	j
Schedule Updates		
Occurrence:	Every Day	
	O Monday O Friday	
	Tuesday     Saturday     Wednesday     Sunday	[Default Value: {}]
	O Thursday	
A	t 7:29 PM ~	
Jpdate Credentials		
These are credentials Center updates.	for accessing the corporate webs	te to check for firmware and Extreme Management
Username:		
Password:	0	
	0	

#### ExtremeControl Assessment Web Update Server

Displays the web update server used by ExtremeControl to update ExtremeControl assessment server software. This update operation pertains only to ExtremeControl on-board agent-less assessment servers.

#### **HTTP Proxy Server**

If your network is protected by a firewall, select the **Enable Proxy Server** checkbox and enter your proxy server address and port ID. Consult your network administrator for this information. If your proxy server requires authentication, select the **Proxy Authentication** checkbox and enter the proxy username and password credentials. The credentials you add here must match the credentials configured on the proxy server. Proxy credentials are cached once used successfully. If you change them here, restart the Extreme Management Center Server to clear the old credentials from the cache.

**NOTE:** The update procedure uses these proxy settings only when necessary; otherwise, the settings are ignored.

#### **Schedule Updates**

Use this section to schedule when Extreme Management Center checks for software updates:

- To check for updates every day Select the **Every Day** checkbox, then select the time to run the check in the **At** drop-down list.
- To check for updates once a week Select the radio button that corresponds to the day of the week on which you want to run the check, then select the time to run the check in the **At** drop-down list.
- To disable scheduled updates Do not select the **Every Day** checkbox or any of the radio buttons or click the **Default Value** button to clear your selection.

### **Update Credentials**

Enter the credentials used to access the ExtremeNetworks.com website to obtain firmware and Extreme Management Center update information. You need to create an account at ExtremeNetworks.com and define a username and password for the account, then enter the same credentials here.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **FlexView Options**

Selecting FlexView in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can configure the settings related to FlexViews in Extreme Management Center. The options allow you to determine which FlexViews are available, how the FlexViews are displayed, and how FlexView information is retrieved and maintained.

**NOTE:** <u>Bookmarked</u> FlexViews are not affected by these options.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

FlexView			
FlexView Display			
Show Empty Rows: 🛛 🞯		[ Default Value: faise ]	
FlexView Selector			
Show FlexViews Matching Device Type:			
Show My FlexViews:	8		
Memory Usage			
Time to clear inactive FlexViews from memory:		1 🗘 hr(s) 💌	
SNMP			
Maximum Devices to Contact at Once:	100	\$	
Maximum Devices to Set at Once:	10	\$	
Maximum SNMP Sets at Once:	100	\$	
Restore Defaults Reset			Auto Save

# **FlexView Display**

#### Show Empty Rows

Select this checkbox to display empty rows in FlexViews when there is no response from an IP address.

# **FlexView Selector**

Use this section to determine which FlexViews are displayed and how they are organized.

### Show FlexViews Matching Device Type

Select this box to display only those FlexViews that match the device type you select.

### Show My FlexViews

Select this checkbox to include FlexViews saved in the My FlexViews folder when selecting a FlexView on the **Devices** tab. Extreme Management Center saves all FlexViews you create or modify in the My FlexViews folder.

# **Memory Usage**

### Time to clear inactive FlexViews from memory

The amount of time before Extreme Management Center removes inactive FlexViews from memory.

# **SNMP**

These options determine FlexView settings for devices whose Poll Type is set to **SNMP**.

### **Maximum Devices to Contact at Once**

The maximum number of IP addresses Extreme Management Center attempts to contact (read) simultaneously.

### Maximum Devices to Set at Once

The maximum number of IP addresses Extreme Management Center attempts to perform PDU (protocol data unit) sets against simultaneously.

### Maximum SNMP Sets at Once

The maximum number of SNMP PDU sets Extreme Management Center attempts to contact simultaneously.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Compliance Options**

Selecting Compliance in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can specify the ExtremeCompliance engine file name used by Extreme Management Center, the path to the directory in which the file is located, and the path to the job file directory. These settings apply to all users. You must be assigned the appropriate user capability to configure these options.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Compliance				
Extreme Compliance Eng	gine			
Executable File Path:	/usr/local/Extreme_Networks/NetSight/GovernanceEngine/			
Executable Name:	governance-engine.py			
Job File Path:	/usr/local/Extreme_Networks/NetSight/GovernanceEngine/jobs	5/		
4		Þ		
Restore Defaults Res	et 🗌 A	Auto Save		

### **Executable File Path**

The directory in which the ExtremeCompliance engine executable file is located.

#### **Executable Name**

The name of the executable file used by the ExtremeCompliance engine.

#### **Job File Path**

The path to the directory in which the job files are located. The ExtremeCompliance engine uses job files to test device configurations in order to provide you with vulnerability information.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Impact Analysis Options**

Selecting **Impact Analysis** in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can edit settings associated with the **Impact Analysis** dashboard. The right-panel view changes depending on what you select in the left-panel tree. Expand the Impact Analysis tree to view all the different available options. These settings apply to all users.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Click the link for information on the following Impact Analysis options:

- Availability Collector
- <u>Capacity/Health Collector</u>
- Configuration Collector
- <u>Performance Collector</u>

# **Availability Collector**

Use these options to configure the threshold settings for the Site and Device Availability Charts in the Impact Analysis dashboard.

Impact Analysis > Availability Colle	ector		
Device Availability Chart			
Low/Medium Threshold (percent) :	70	÷	[ Default Value: 95 ]
Medium/High Threshold (percent) :	60	\$	[ Default Value: 90 ]
Report Generation			
Devices Up for Site Up (percent):	10	-	
Report Delay after Event:	1 🌲 min(s)	•	
Site Availability Chart			
Low/Medium Threshold (percent):	95	÷	
Medium/High Threshold (percent):	90	\$	
Restore Defaults Reset			Auto Save

### **Device Availability Chart**

#### Low/Medium Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of devices on your network that Extreme Management Center can reach. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** of the Device Availability chart moves from **Low** to **Medium**. For devices to be included, data collection must be enabled.

#### Medium/High Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of devices on your network that Extreme Management Center can reach. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** of the Device Availability chart moves from **Medium** to **High**. For devices to be included, data collection must be enabled.

### **Report Generation**

#### Devices Up for Site Up (percent)

Indicates the percent of devices included in a site that Extreme Management Center can reach. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the Extreme Management Center considered the site down.

#### **Report Delay after Event**

Indicates the amount of time Extreme Management Center waits before reporting a device is down.

### Site Availability Chart

#### Low/Medium Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of devices included in a site that Extreme Management Center can reach. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** of the Site Availability chart moves from **Low** to **Medium**. For devices to be included, data collection must be enabled.

#### Medium/High Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of devices included in a site that Extreme Management Center can reach. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** of the Site Availability chart moves from **Medium** to **High**. For devices to be included, data collection must be enabled.

# **Capacity/Health Collector**

Use these options to configure the thresholds for the Port Capacity and Port Health Charts in the Impact Analysis dashboard.

Impact Analysis > Capacity/Health C	Collector				
Port Capacity Chart					
Low/Medium Threshold (percent):	0			÷	[ Default Value: 95 ]
Medium/High Threshold (percent):	0			÷	[Default Value: 90]
Port Health Chart					
Low/Medium Threshold (percent):	95			÷	
Medium/High Threshold (percent):	90			÷	
Report Generation					
Excessive Port Error Rate (percent):	5			\$	
Excessive Port Utilization (percent):	70			\$	[ Default Value: 80 ]
Generate charts every:	5	÷	min(s)	*	
Use data collected within:	1	-	hr(s)	*	
4					•
Restore Defaults Reset					Auto Save

### Port Capacity Chart

#### Low/Medium Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of ports on your network with an acceptable level of utilization. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** on the Port Capacity chart moves from **Low** to **Medium**. For ports to be included, data collection must be enabled.

#### Medium/High Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of ports on your network with an acceptable level of utilization. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** on the Port Capacity chart moves from **Medium** to **High**. For ports to be included, data collection must be enabled.

### **Port Health Chart**

#### Low/Medium Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of ports on your network with an acceptable error rate. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** on the Port

Health chart moves from **Low** to **Medium**. For ports to be included, data collection must be enabled.

#### Medium/High Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of ports on your network with an acceptable error rate. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** on the Port Health chart moves from **Medium** to **High**. For ports to be included, data collection must be enabled.

### **Report Generation**

#### **Excessive Port Error Rate (percent)**

Indicates the port error rate, in percent of total port traffic, above which Extreme Management Center considers the port error rate excessive. A port error rate below this percentage is considered acceptable.

#### **Excessive Port Utilization (percent)**

Indicates the port utilization, in percent of total port traffic, above which Extreme Management Center considers the port utilization excessive. A port utilization below the percentage entered here is considered acceptable.

#### **Generate charts every**

Indicates the interval between which Extreme Management Center polls ports to generate the Port Capacity and Port Health charts.

#### Use data collected within

Indicates the amount of time within which the data collected for a report is valid.

## **Configuration Collector**

Use these options to configure the thresholds of the Archived Devices and the Devices with Reference Firmware charts in the Impact Analysis dashboard.

Impact Analysis > Configuration Co	llector		
Archived Devices Chart			
Low/Medium Threshold (percent):	0	-	[ Default Value: 95 ]
Medium/High Threshold (percent):	0	÷	[ Default Value: 90 ]
Devices with Reference Firmware Cl	nart		
Low/Medium Threshold (percent):	90	÷	
Medium/High Threshold (percent):	80	÷	
Report Generation			
Report Delay after Event: 1	min(s)		
Restore Defaults Reset			Auto Save

### **Archived Devices Chart**

#### Low/Medium Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of devices for which an archive was created in the last 30 days. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** on the Archived Devices chart moves from **Low** to **Medium**. For ports to be included, data collection must be enabled.

#### Medium/High Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of devices for which an archive was created in the last 30 days. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** on the Archived Devices chart moves from **Medium** to **High**. For ports to be included, data collection must be enabled.

### **Devices with Reference Firmware Chart**

#### Low/Medium Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of devices on which firmware you define as a reference image is installed. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** on the Devices with Reference Firmware chart moves from **Low** to **Medium**. For ports to be included, data collection must be enabled.

#### Medium/High Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of devices on which firmware you define as a reference image is installed. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** on the Devices with Reference Firmware chart moves from **Medium** to **High**. For ports to be included, data collection must be enabled.

### **Report Generation**

#### **Report Delay after Event**

Indicates the amount of time Extreme Management Center waits before reporting a device does not have an archive created in the last 30 days or does not have a reference firmware image installed.

### **Performance Collector**

Use these options to configure the thresholds of the Application and Network Performance charts in the Impact Analysis dashboard.

Impact Analysis > Performance Col	lector		
Application Performance Chart			
Low/Medium Threshold (percent):	95	\$	
Medium/High Threshold (percent):	90	÷	
Network Performance Chart			
Low/Medium Threshold (percent):	95	\$	
Medium/High Threshold (percent):	90	-	
Restore Defaults Reset			Auto Save

### **Application Performance Chart**

#### Low/Medium Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of tracked applications with a response time in the expected or better than expected range. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** on the Application Performance chart moves from **Low** to **Medium**. The expected response time is established using an average of the previously observed response times, or using dynamic thresholding, if enabled.

#### Medium/High Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of tracked applications with a response time in the expected or better than expected range. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** on the Application Performance chart moves from **Medium** to **High**. The expected response time is established using an average of the previously observed response times, or using dynamic thresholding, if enabled.

### **Network Performance Chart**

#### Low/Medium Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of network services with a response time in the expected or better than expected range. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** on the Network Performance chart moves from **Low** to **Medium**. The expected response time is established using an average of the previously observed response times, or using dynamic thresholding, if enabled.

#### Medium/High Threshold (percent)

Indicates the percentage of network services with a response time in the expected or better than expected range. If the value falls below the percentage entered here, the **Impact Status** on the Network Performance chart moves from **Medium** to **High**. The expected response time is established using an average of the previously observed response times, or using dynamic thresholding, if enabled.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Impact Analysis Dashboard

# **Inventory Manager Options**

Selecting Inventory Manager in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can select the path in which Inventory Manager data is stored as well as configure file transfer settings for firmware upgrades.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

### **Data Storage Directory Path Setting**

Use this option to specify a different base directory where Inventory Manager data is stored. This data includes capacity planning reports, configuration templates, archived configurations, and property files. If you specify a new data directory, you need to move the data files stored under the old directory to the new directory so Extreme Management Center can find them.

Inventory Manager > Data Storage Directory Path				
se directory where data for Inventory Manager is stored. This data includes capa templates, configurations, and property files.	ity reports,			
reme_Networks/NetSight/appdata/InventoryMgr [Default Value:]				
reme_Networks/NetSight/appdata/InventoryMgr [Default Value:]				

## File Transfer Settings

These options specify the FTP, SCP, SFTP, or TFTP file transfer settings used when upgrading firmware.

Click the link for information on the following File Transfer Settings options:

- FTP Server Properties Settings
- SCP Server Properties Settings
- <u>SFTP Server Properties Settings</u>
- TFTP Server Properties Settings

### **FTP Server Properties Settings**

Use these options to set FTP server properties and login information, including specifying the FTP server IP address, setting paths to the root and firmware directories, and setting login information. The FTP server needs access to these directories in order to perform archive operations or firmware/boot PROM upgrades. These settings apply to all users.

Inventory Manager	> File Transfer > FTP	Ser	ver Properties	
Login Information				
Anonymous			[Default Value: true]	
Username:	anonymous			
Password:		۲		
Firmware Directory Pat	h (must contain root path):	/tft;	pboot/firmware/images/	
Root Directory Path:		/tft;	pboot/	
Use the Extreme M	anagement Center Server's	IP		[
Server IP:				
Server Port:		21	0	
4				۲
Restore Defaults	Reset		Auto Save	

#### Anonymous

Select this checkbox if your FTP server is configured to accept Anonymous logins. Selecting this checkbox disables the **Username** and **Password** fields.

#### Username/Password

Enter your username and password to access the FTP server. By default, your password is displayed as a series of asterisks. Select the **Eye** icon to display your password.

#### **Firmware Directory Path**

The default firmware directory is tftpboot\firmware\images. If you would like to use an alternate firmware directory, enter a path to that directory in this field. The firmware directory must be a subdirectory of the root directory. (For additional information, see How to Upgrade Firmware.) If you are using an FTP server on a remote system, use the UNC standard described in the following <u>Note</u> when specifying the path.

#### **Root Directory Path**

The root directory is the base directory to which the FTP server is allowed access. The FTP server is allowed to create files in or read files from this directory and any of its subdirectories. The default root directory is the tftpboot directory Extreme Management Center automatically creates when it is installed. To use an alternate root directory, enter a path to that directory in this field.

**NOTE:** Keep in mind the following requirements when setting the path to your root directory:

- If your FTP server is configured with an FTP root directory, it must match the root directory entered here.
- If your FTP server is **not** configured with an FTP root directory, change the FTP root directory here to the root of the drive (e.g. C:\ for Windows and /root/ for Linux).
- If you are using an FTP server on a remote system, use the Universal Naming Convention (UNC) when specifying the root directory path. The UNC convention uses two slashes // (Linux systems) or backslashes \\ (Windows systems) to indicate the name of the system, and one slash or backslash to indicate the path within the computer. For example, on a Windows system, instead of using

h : \ (where h:\ is mapped to the tftpboot directory on the remote drive)

use

\\yourservername\tftpboot\

#### Use the Extreme Management Server's IP

Select this checkbox if your FTP server is on the same machine as the Extreme Management Center Server. Selecting this checkbox disables the **Server IP** field.

#### Server IP

Enter the IP address of the device where the FTP server resides.

#### **Server Port**

Specify the port number on which your FTP server is configured to run.

### **SCP Server Properties Settings**

Use these options to set SCP server properties and login information, including specifying the SCP server IP address, setting paths to the root and firmware directories, and setting login information. The SCP server needs access to these directories in order to perform archive operations or firmware/boot PROM upgrades. These settings apply to all users.

Inventory Manager	> File Transfer > SCP	'Se	rver Properties	
Login Information				
Anonymous			[Default Value: true]	
Username:	anonymous			
Password:	••••	۲		
Firmware Directory Pat	h (must contain root path):	/ro	ot/firmware/images/	
Root Directory Path:		/ro	ot/	
Use the Extreme M	anagement Center Server's	IP		l
Server IP:				
Server Port:		22	0	
•				۲
Restore Defaults	Reset		Auto Save	

#### Anonymous

Select this checkbox if your SCP server is configured to accept Anonymous logins. Selecting this checkbox disables the **Username** and **Password** fields.

#### Username/Password

Enter your username and password to access the SCP server. By default, your password is displayed as a series of asterisks. Select the **Eye** icon to display your password.

#### **Firmware Directory Path**

Enter the path to the default firmware directory in this field. The Firmware Directory Path must be a subdirectory of the <u>Root Directory Path</u>. On a Linux system, the default firmware directory is /root/firmware/images/. On a Windows system, an SCP server is not installed by default, so the default Firmware Directory Path is C:\tftpboot\firmware\images\. This path needs to be <u>updated</u> once the SCP server is installed and a valid directory is created. If you are using an SCP server on a remote system, use the UNC standard described in the following <u>Note</u> when specifying the path.

**NOTE:** Creating the Firmware directory path (\usr\local\Extreme\_ Networks\NetSight\home\firmware\images) as the root user allows access to the directory for the root user. To provide Firmware directory path access to non-root users, log in to the Extreme Management Center CLI and create the firmware directory path as a non-root user.

#### **Root Directory Path**

Enter the path to the root directory in this field. The root directory is the base directory to which the SCP server is allowed access. The SCP server is allowed to create files in or read files from this directory and any of its subdirectories. On a Linux system, the default root directory is /root/. On a Windows system, an SCP server is not installed by default, so the default **Root Directory Path** is C:\tftpboot\. This path needs to be updated once the SCP server is installed and a valid directory is created.

**NOTE:** Keep in mind the following requirements when setting the path to your root directory:

- If your SCP server is configured with an SCP root directory, it must match the root directory entered here.
- If your SCP server is **not** configured with an SCP root directory, change the SCP root directory here to the root of the drive (e.g. C:\ for Windows and /root/ for Linux).
- If you are using an SCP server on a remote system, use the Universal Naming Convention (UNC) when specifying the root directory path. The UNC convention uses two slashes // (Linux systems) or backslashes \\ (Windows systems) to indicate the name of the system, and one slash or backslash to indicate the path within the computer. For example, on a Windows system, instead of using

h: (where h:\ is mapped to the firmware\images directory on the remote drive)

use

\\yourservername\firmware\images

#### Use the Extreme Management Server's IP

Select this checkbox if your SCP server is on the same machine as the Extreme Management Center Server. Selecting this checkbox disables the **Server IP** field.

#### Server IP

Enter the IP address of the device where the SCP server resides.

#### **Server Port**

Specify the port number on which your SCP server is configured to run.

### **SFTP Server Properties Settings**

Use these options to set SFTP server properties and login information, including specifying the SFTP server IP address, setting paths to the root and firmware directories, and setting login information. The SFTP server needs access to these directories in order to perform archive operations or firmware/boot PROM upgrades. These settings apply to all users.

Inventory Manage	r > File Transfer > SFTF	Server Properties			
Login Information					
Anonymous					
	anonymous				
Password:	•••• Ø				
Firmware Directory P	ath (must contain root path):	/root/firmware/images	5/		
Root Directory Path:		/root/			
S Use the Extreme	Management Server's IP				
Server IP:		134.141.5.106			
Server Port:		22	\$		
<					•
Restore Defaults	Reset			🗌 Auto	Save

#### Anonymous

Select this checkbox if your SFTP server is configured to accept Anonymous logins. Selecting this checkbox disables the **Username** and **Password** fields.

#### Username/Password

Enter your username and password to access the SFTP server. By default, your password is displayed as a series of asterisks. Select the **Eye** icon to display your

#### password.

#### **Firmware Directory Path**

Enter the path to the default firmware directory in this field. The Firmware Directory Path must be a subdirectory of the <u>Root Directory Path</u>. On a Linux system, the default firmware directory is /root/firmware/images/. On a Windows system, an SFTP server is not installed by default, so the default Firmware Directory Path is C:\tftpboot\firmware\images\. This path needs to be updated once the SFTP server is installed and a valid directory is created. For additional information, see How to Upgrade Firmware. If you are using an SFTP server on a remote system, use the UNC standard described in the following <u>Note</u> when specifying the path.

#### **Root Directory Path**

Enter the path to the root directory in this field. The root directory is the base directory to which the SFTP server is allowed access. The SFTP server is allowed to create files in or read files from this directory and any of its subdirectories. On a Linux system, the default root directory is /root/. On a Windows system, an SFTP server is not installed by default, so the default **Root Directory Path** is C:\tftpboot\. This path needs to be updated once the SFTP server is installed and a valid directory is created.

**NOTE:** Keep in mind the following requirements when setting the path to your root directory:

- If your SFTP server is configured with an SFTP root directory, it must match the root directory entered here.
- If your SFTP server is not configured with an SFTP root directory, change the SFTP root directory here to the root of the drive (e.g. C:\ for Windows and /root/ for Linux).
- If you are using an SFTP server on a remote system, use the Universal Naming Convention (UNC) when specifying the root directory path. The UNC convention uses two slashes // (Linux systems) or backslashes \\ (Windows systems) to indicate the name of the system, and one slash or backslash to indicate the path within the computer. For example, on a Windows system, instead of using

<code>h: (where h: )</code> is mapped to the firmware <code>limages</code> directory on the remote drive)

use

\\yourservername\firmware\images

#### Use the Extreme Management Server's IP

Select this checkbox if your SFTP server is on the same machine as the Extreme Management Center Server. Selecting this checkbox disables the **Server IP** field.

#### Server IP

Enter the IP address of the device where the SFTP server resides.

#### **Server Port**

Specify the port number on which your SFTP server is configured to run.

### **TFTP Server Properties Settings**

Use these options to set TFTP server properties, including specifying the firmware directory path, setting the TFTP root directory path, and setting server IP address. These settings apply to all users.

Inventory Manager	> File Transfer >	TFTP Server Properties	
Firmware			
Directory Path (mu	ist contain root path):	/thpboot/firmware/images/	
Root Directory Path:	/tftpboot		
Server IP:			
			۲
		Auto Save	

#### **Directory Path**

The default firmware directory is tftpboot\firmware\images. If you would like to use an alternate firmware directory, enter a path to that directory in this field. The firmware directory must be a subdirectory of the root directory. (For additional information, see How to Upgrade Firmware.)

#### **Root Directory Path**

The root directory is the base directory to which the TFTP server is allowed access. The TFTP server is allowed to create files in or read files from this directory and any of its subdirectories. The default root directory is the tftpboot directory Extreme Management Center automatically creates when it is installed. To use an alternate root directory, enter a path to that directory in this field. **NOTE:** Keep in mind the following requirements when setting the path to your root directory:

- If your TFTP server is configured with a TFTP root directory, it must match the root directory entered here.
- If your TFTP server is **not** configured with a TFTP root directory, change the TFTP root directory here to the root of the drive (e.g. C:\ for Windows and /root/ for Linux).
- If you are using a TFTP server on a remote system, use the Universal Naming Convention (UNC) when specifying the root directory path. The UNC convention uses two slashes // (Linux systems) or backslashes \\ (Windows systems) to indicate the name of the system, and one slash or backslash to indicate the path within the computer. For example, on a Windows system, instead of using

h: (where h:\ is mapped to the firmware\images directory on the remote drive)

use

\\yourservername\firmware\images

#### Server IP

Enter the IP address of the device where the TFTP server resides.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Administration

# **Management Center Options**

Selecting Extreme Management Center in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can customize Extreme Management Center preferences. These settings apply to the user currently logged-in.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Management Center	
Data Display	
Auto Group Delimiter: /	
Date Time Format	
Use ISO 8601 Timestamp Format (2010-01-08T18:45UTC):	
Date:	MM/dd/yyyy 👻
Time:	hh:mm:ss a ເອ
Device Tree	
Name Format: IP Address 💌 [Default Value: Nick	kname ]
Мар	
Status Refresh Interval: 30 🌲 sec(s) 💌	
Message of the Day	
Enable	
Message Title:	
Message Body:	
Session Limits	_
Maximum FlexViews Displayable: 10	\$
Maximum PortViews Displayable: 5	\$
Status Bar Message	
Status Bar Message:	
Restore Defaults Reset	Auto Save

# **Data Display**

#### **Auto Group Delimiter**

Extreme Management Center uses this character to separate the values that define a device's **Contact** and **Location** grouping in the left-panel device tree. Sub-groups in the **Grouped By > Contact** and **Grouped By > Location** folders are automatically created based on the Contact and Location values in the Console Properties Tab (Device). Use this option to define the delimiter that is used to separate those values into groups. For example, using the default delimiter (/), a device's location defined as *NewHampshire/Salem/Closet3* will automatically create a hierarchy of three sub-groups under the **Grouped By > Location** folder.

## **Date Time Format**

#### Use ISO 8601 Timestamp Format

Select the checkbox to use the ISO 8601 timestamp format (yyyy-mmddThh:mm:ssTimeZone) in Extreme Management Center. Selecting this checkbox disables the **Date** and **Time** fields.

#### Date

To determine how the date is formatted in Extreme Management Center, expand the drop-down list and select a format. The letters in this field signify the following:

- MM = Month
- dd = Day
- yyyy = Year

#### Time

Select whether time is formatted as a 12-hour (**hh:mm:ss a**) or 24-hour (**HH:mm:ss**) clock.

The letters in this field signify the following:

- hh Hour
- mm Minute
- ss Second

## **Device Tree**

#### Name Format

Select one of the following options to choose how the device name displays in the Device Tree. The Name Format you select will also be used as the Source in the Events Log.

- IP use the device's IP address.
- System Name use the administratively-assigned name of the device taken from the *sysName* MIB object.
- Nickname use the user-defined nickname as defined in the Configure Device window.

### Мар

#### **Status Refresh Interval**

Select the interval that determines how often maps are automatically refreshed by Extreme Management Center. If **None** is selected, maps must be manually refreshed.

### Message of the Day

#### Enable

Select the checkbox to enable the **Message Title** and **Message Body** fields, where you can enter a message that displays to all users accessing Extreme Management Center.

#### **Message Title**

Enter a title for the message displayed to all Extreme Management Center users when the **Enable** checkbox is selected.

#### **Message Body**

Enter a body for the message displayed to all Extreme Management Center users when the **Enable** checkbox is selected.

## **Session Limits**

#### Maximum FlexViews Displayable

Allows you to determine the maximum number of FlexViews displayed per session.

#### Maximum PortViews Displayable

Allows you to determine the maximum number of PortViews displayed per session.

### **Status Bar Message**

#### Status Bar Message

Allows you to add custom information (for example, your organization's name) to the footer of Extreme Management Center pages.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Administration

# **Management Center Collector Options**

Selecting Management Center Collector in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can configure Extreme Management Center Collector tree settings. Use these settings to access advanced device and interface collection settings for the Extreme Management Center Collector.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

## **Access Control Collection**

Management Cer	nter Collecto	r > Acces	s Control Co	ollection
🖉 Collect Statistic	s			
Poll Rate:	15	🗇 min(s)	$\sim$	
•				• •
Restore Defaults			Auto	Save

#### **Collect Statistics**

Select this checkbox to enable ExtremeControl data collection.

#### Poll Rate

The amount of time the data collector waits between polling ExtremeControl engines.

## Advanced

Management Center Collector > Adv	ance	ced
IP Address Format		
Host Name Resolution: 💟		
Monitor Collection		
Monitor Mode Enabled		
Poll Engine Interval:	5	🔅   sec(s) 🛛 🗸
Time to Verify Monitor Targets Interval:	1	🗘 🛛 day(s) 🗸 🗸
SNMP		
Maximum Outstanding SNMP per Collec	tor:	50 🗘
Time Between Overdue Events:		1 🗘 day(s) 🗸
<		,
Restore Defaults Reset		Auto Save

#### **Host Name Resolution**

Select this option to resolve host names to IP addresses and IP addresses to host names, if possible. This option allows you to disable host name resolution for this feature only. (Host name resolution is enabled globally using the **Enable Name Resolution** option.)

#### **Monitor Mode Enabled**

Use this option to enable or disable monitor mode statistic collection. If monitor mode is disabled, the **Monitor Mode** option is not available when configuring device or interface statistics collection. All monitor mode statistic collection is stopped and the monitor cache is cleared. For additional information, see Enable Report Data Collection.

#### **Poll Engine Interval**

This interval specifies the frequency the data collector polls the collection targets. Polling is performed in blocks specified by the **Maximum Outstanding SNMP per Collector** value, with a new block scheduled according to the interval specified here.

#### Time to Verify Monitor Targets Interval

The interval between a check of all targets (devices and interfaces) set to Monitor mode statistic collection. The check generates a summary event in the Alarms and

**Events** tab event log (one for devices and one for interfaces) that shows the number of targets where corresponding threshold alarms are not configured. Disable Monitor mode for those targets or configure appropriate threshold alarms in order to reduce unnecessary statistic collection.

#### Maximum Outstanding SNMP per Collector

The number of simultaneous SNMP requests a collector can make. The data collector works with blocks of SNMP requests, starting a new block each time the outstanding block completes. Valid values are 1-500.

#### **Time Between Overdue Events**

During a client cleanup, if a client is inactive for the amount of time specified here, then the client is aged out. Historical statistics already persisted are not removed.

### **Capacity Collection**

Management Co	enter (	Collect	or )Ca	pacity	Collectior	ı
Collect Statist	ics					
Poll Rate:	15	\$	min(s)	•		
4						•
Restore Defaults	F	Reset	C	Auto	Save	

#### **Collect Statistics**

Enables or disables additional statistics collection.

#### **Poll Rate**

The amount of time the data collector waits between polling devices.

# **Device Collection**

Management Center Collector > Device Collection							
Collect Statistics							
Poll Rate:	15 🌲	min(s)	•				
Advanced							
Discover Engir	10	-	sec(s)	-			
Poll Engine Interval:		10	-	sec(s)	-		
Rediscover Interval:		1	÷	day(s)	-		
4					+		
Restore Defaults	Reset			🗌 Auto	Save		

#### **Collect Statistics**

Enables or disables additional statistics collection.

#### **Poll Rate**

The amount of time the data collector waits between polling devices.

#### **Discover Engine Interval**

This interval specifies the frequency with which the data collector performs discover operations on the collection targets. Discover operations are performed in blocks specified by the **Maximum Outstanding SNMP per Collector** value, with a new block scheduled according to the interval specified here.

#### **Poll Engine Interval**

This interval specifies the frequency with which the data collector polls the collection targets. Polling is performed in blocks specified by the **Maximum** 

Outstanding SNMP per Collector value, with a new block scheduled according to the interval specified here.

#### **Rediscover Interval**

This interval specifies the frequency with which the data collector performs a rediscover operation on the collection targets.

### **Port Collection**

Management Center Collector > Port Collection					
Collect Statist	lics				
Poll Rate:	2 🌲	min(s)	-	[ Default Value: 15 min(s) ]	
Advanced					
Discover Engine Interval:		2	÷	sec(s) 📼	
Poll Engine Interval:		1	÷	sec(s) 📼	
Rediscover Interval:		1	-	day(s) 💌	
4				•	
Restore Defaults	Reset			Auto Save	

#### **Collect Statistics**

Enables or disables additional statistics collection.

#### Poll Rate

The amount of time the data collector waits between polling devices.

#### **Discover Engine Interval**

This interval specifies the frequency with which the data collector performs discover operations on the collection targets. Discover operations are performed in blocks specified by the **Maximum Outstanding SNMP per Collector** value, with a new block scheduled according to the interval specified here.

#### **Poll Engine Interval**

This interval specifies the frequency with which the data collector polls the collection targets. Polling is performed in blocks specified by the **Maximum Outstanding SNMP per Collector** value, with a new block scheduled according to the interval specified here.

#### **Rediscover Interval**

This interval specifies the frequency with which the data collector performs a rediscover operation on the collection targets.

# **Wireless Collection**

Management Center Collector > Wireless Collection					
Collect Statistics					
Access Point Poll Rate:	15 🗘 min(s)	•			
Controller Poll Rate:	15 🗘 min(s)	•			
Advanced					
Client Cleanup Interval:		7	day(s)	•	
Collect AP Protocol Ban	dwidth Statistics:				
Collect AP Radio Statist	ics:				
Collection Client Limit:		2500		\$	
Discover Engine Interval:		1 4	min(s)	-	
Poll Engine Interval:		5	sec(s)	-	
Rediscover Interval:		1	hr(s)	-	
Time Between Collection Client Limit Events:		1 🛟	day(s)	-	

#### **Collect Statistics**

Use this checkbox to enable or disable wireless data collection.

#### **Access Point Poll Rate**

The amount of time the data collector waits between polling wireless access points. Valid values are 1-60 minutes.

#### **Controller Poll Rate**

The amount of time the data collector waits between polling wireless controllers. Valid values are 1-60 minutes.

#### **Client Cleanup Interval**

Wireless client statistics stored by the data collector are periodically cleaned up according to this interval. When the **Collection Client Limit** is reached, clients inactive longer than the time specified in the **Time Between Collection Client Limit Events** are aged out.

#### **Collect AP Protocol Bandwidth Statistics**

Select the checkbox to collect protocol bandwidth statistics for your access points.

**NOTE:** The statistics collected in this report are used in the Venue Report. Only enable this option if you use that report.

#### **Collect AP Protocol Radio Statistics**

Select the checkbox to collect radio statistics for your access points.

**NOTE:** The statistics collected in this report are used in the Venue Report. Only enable this option if you use that report.

#### **Collection Client Limit**

The maximum number of wireless clients for which statistics are stored per collection interval. Valid values are 1 to 30,000.

#### **Discover Engine Interval**

This interval specifies the frequency the data collector performs discover operations on the collection targets. Discover operations are performed in blocks specified by the **Maximum Outstanding SNMP per Collector** value, with a new block scheduled according to the interval specified here.

#### **Poll Engine Interval**

This interval specifies the frequency with which the data collector polls the collection targets. Polling is performed in blocks specified by the **Maximum Outstanding SNMP per Collector** value, with a new block scheduled according to the interval specified here.

#### **Rediscover Interval**

This interval specifies the frequency the data collector performs a rediscover operation on the collection targets.

#### **Time Between Collection Client Limit Events**

During a client cleanup, if a client is inactive for the amount of time specified here, then the client is aged out. Historical statistics already persisted are not removed.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Administration

# **Engine Options**

Selecting Extreme Management Center Engine in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can specify data aging options and advanced settings for data archiving and aggregation.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

# Advanced

Management Center Engine > Advanced			
Data Aggregation			
Aggregating AP Groups Interval:	15	0	min(s) \vee
Aggregating Access Control Data Interval:	15	0	min(s) 🗠
Aggregating Mobility Zones Interval:	15	0	min(s) 🗠
Aggregating NetFlow Data Interval:	15	0	min(s) 🗠
Aggregating Network Data Interval:	15	0	min(s) 🗠
Aggregating Policy Rule Hit Data Interval:	15	0	min(s) 🗠
Aggregating SSIDs Interval:	15	0	min(s) 🗠
Aggregating Topologies Interval:	15	0	min(s) 🗠
Aggregation Run Offset for the Configured Interval:		0	min(s) 🗠
Data Archiving  Archived Once Daily (daily vs. rolling)  Daily Archive Performed on Hoor (24hr clock)			
Rolling Archive Occurrence Offset:	0	0	hr(s) V
Archiving Occurrence Offset from Start of Each Hour:		0	min(s) 🗠
Threshold Monitoring			
Maintain Threshold without New Samples:	3	🗇 day(s)	$\sim$
Maximum Crossed Thresholds Tracked:	10000		0
			•
Restore Defaults Reset		Au	to Save

#### **Data Aggregation**

Use the data aggregation settings to specify how often collected data is aggregated into one statistic for AP Groups, Mobility Zones, SSIDs, Topologies, Policy Rule Hits, Network, ExtremeControl, and NetFlow. For example, the data collected for all the APs in an AP group are aggregated into one AP Group statistic according to the specified interval. Intervals are based on the 0 minute of the hour, so with an interval of 15 minutes, the aggregation is performed every 15 minutes starting from the top of the hour. The offset allows for the time it takes for data to be collected and reported to the database. If the offset is too short, then the aggregation may be performed before all the data is reported to the database. In the case where there is a long latency in reporting data to the database, increase the offset in order to make sure all the data is included in the aggregation.

#### **Data Archiving**

Use the data archiving settings to specify whether collection data should be archived on a daily basis or rolling basis (the default).

- Daily Archive Select this checkbox to archive all the collection data (including the raw data, and the hourly, daily, weekly, and monthly data) once a day at a certain time. The Daily Archive Performed on Hour (24) field displays, where you can specify the hour of day to perform the daily archive. The number entered in this field represents the time, so a value of 0 signifies midnight, while a value of 20 signifies 8:00 PM.
- Rolling Archive If you want the collection data to be archived on a rolling basis (archives are performed on an hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis as needed), specify the offset (in hours and minutes) the rolling archive is performed, following the end of the data collection period. The offset allows for the time it takes for data to be collected and reported to the database. If the offset time is too short, then the archive may be performed before all the data is reported to the database. In cases with a long latency in reporting data to the database, you may need to increase the offset in order to make sure all the data is included in the archive.

#### **Threshold Monitoring**

These settings apply to threshold alarms:

• Maintain Threshold without New Samples — Determines when a crossed threshold state expires due to inactivity (no new samples received). The default length of time is 72 hours. If there are no samples received during this time period, the threshold state is deleted and the associated alarm is cleared.

 Maximum Crossed Thresholds Tracked — To prevent memory over-utilization, there is a maximum number of crossed threshold states that are maintained. The default maximum number is 10,000. If this number is exceeded, the oldest 10% are deleted and the associated alarm is cleared.

### **Data Retention**

Management Center Engine > Data Retention					
Collection Data Retention (days):	7	0			
Daily Archive Data Retention (months):	6	$\bigcirc$			
Hourly Archive Data Retention (weeks):	8	$\hat{\mathbf{v}}$			
Monthly Archive Data Retention (months):	12	$\bigcirc$			
Weekly Archive Data Retention (months):	12	0			
4		· ·			
	Auto	Save			

#### **Collection Data Retention (days)**

This setting specifies how long (in days) to maintain the raw data collected by the data collector. Valid values are 1-1000 days.

#### **Daily Archive Data Retention (months)**

Every day, the hourly data is condensed into daily average values and archived. This setting specifies how long (in months) to maintain the archived daily data. Valid values are 1-200 months.

#### Hourly Archive Data Retention (weeks)

Every hour, the raw data is condensed into hourly average values and archived. This setting specifies how long (in weeks) to maintain the archived hourly data. Valid values are 1-800 weeks.

#### Monthly Archive Data Retention (months)

Every month, the weekly data is condensed into monthly average values and archived. This setting specifies how long (in months) to maintain the archived monthly data. Valid values are 1-200 months.

#### Weekly Archive Data Retention (months)

Every week, the daily data is condensed into weekly average values and archived. This setting specifies how long (in months) to maintain the archived weekly data. Valid values are 1-200 months.

# **Server CPU Reporting**

#### **Reporting Average and Maximum CPU Interval**

Extreme Management Center collects CPU usage statistics monitoring for the Extreme Management Center server. At 5 minute intervals (the default interval) the collected usage data is averaged, and the average and maximum statistics are reported to the Extreme Management Center database to provide data for the Extreme Management Center Server CPU Utilization report. You can change the default interval setting here, if desired. A shorter interval provides a more granular picture of CPU usage while a longer interval would mean that less data is stored in the database. Valid values are 1-59 minutes.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Administration

# **Server Health Options**

Selecting Extreme Management Center Server Health in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can configure warnings to help monitor the Extreme Management Center server health.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Management Center Server Health						
Database Connection Monitoring						
Send Email if the Database Connect	ion Fails					
Database Email Recipient:						
Disk Usage Monitoring						
Low-priority database writes will stop whe	n the threshold excee	eds this value.				
Free Space Critical Threshold (GB):	2	\$				
Non-critical database writes will stop when	n the threshold excee	ds this value.				
Free Space Warning Threshold (GB):	5	÷				
Low Memory Monitoring						
An alarm will be raised when the server he	ap memory utilization	n exceeds this level				
Low Memory Threshold (percent):	90	÷				
Restore Defaults Reset			🗌 Auto	Save		

# **Database Connection Monitoring**

#### Send Email if the Database Connection Fails

Select the checkbox to send an email notification if the Extreme Management Center database goes down, and when the database comes back up again.

#### **Database Email Recipient**

If **Send Email if the Database Connection Fails** is selected, enter an email address where the email notification is sent in the event the database connection fails.

# **Disk Usage Monitoring**

#### Free Space Critical Threshold (GB)

Enter the amount of disk space (in GB) below which the Extreme Management Center server stops writing low-priority data to the database.

#### Free Space Warning Threshold (GB)

Enter the amount of disk space (in GB) below which Extreme Management Center stops writing non-critical data to the database and sends you a low-disk space warning.

# **Low Memory Monitoring**

#### Low Memory Threshold (percent)

Enter a percentage to specify the server heap memory utilization percentage above which an alarm is raised. If the memory utilization falls more than five percent below the threshold percentage, the alarm is automatically cleared.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Administration

# **Name Resolution Options**

Selecting Name Resolution in the left panel of the **Options** tab displays the following view, where you can configure options related to host name and port name resolution.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Name Resolution					
Host Name Resolution					
Enable Name Resolution				[Default Value: fals	e ]
Aging Threshold:	1	🗘 day(s)	$\sim$		
DNS Lookups per Minute:	800		$\hat{\boldsymbol{\varphi}}$		
Maximum Cached Resolutions:	20000		$\hat{\boldsymbol{\varphi}}$		
Maximum Pending Resolutions:	5000		$\hat{\cdot}$		
Maximum Worker Threads:	25		$\hat{\boldsymbol{\varphi}}$		
Use Short Host Names for Local Addresse	s: 🔽				
Port Name Resolution					
Interface Name Change Polling Interval:		1	0	hr(s) 🗸	
Maximum Cached Resolutions:		10000		0	
Maximum Pending Resolutions:		0			
Maximum Worker Threads:		25		0	
Throttle Cache When Size Exceeds Maxim	num By (percent):	10		0	
1					
Restore Defaults Reset				Auto Save	Í

# **Host Name Resolution**

Use this section to set options for resolving host names to IP addresses and IP addresses to host names.

#### **Enable Name Resolution**

Select this option display host names in place of IP addresses throughout Extreme Management Center. This feature is primarily used by NetFlow. With name resolution enabled, flow data shows "Client=rsmith-ws Server=proxy-usa", rather than "client=10.20.0.2 server = 10.20.0.1". The option is off by default because name resolution can add additional load on the network's DNS server.

## **Aging Threshold**

Use this option to determine how long IP/host name pairs are cached in memory. After the aging threshold time has passed, the IP/host name pair is removed from the cache in order to prevent stale IP/host name associations. This option addresses the fact that DHCP assigns a new IP address to users frequently, especially on reboots. Without an aging threshold, host names continue to be associated to the IP they had at the first lookup. The default value is 24 hours; the minimum value is 1 hour.

## **DNS Lookups per Minute**

The maximum number of host name lookups that the DNS server can perform each minute. This prevents host name resolution from using so many resources on a switch, which may affect switching of real traffic.

### **Maximum Cached Resolutions**

The maximum number of IP/host name pairs that can be cached in memory. This number can be adjusted to control the amount of memory used by this service.

### **Maximum Pending Resolutions**

The maximum number of host name resolution requests that can be queued up. This number can be adjusted to control the maximum amount of time spent waiting for a resolution.

## **Maximum Worker Threads**

The maximum number of host name lookups that can be done at the same time. This number can be adjusted to control the amount of system resources used by host name resolution.

## **Use Short Host Names for Local Addresses**

This option is enabled by default when host name resolution is enabled. When enabled, the host name cache removes the fully qualified host name's domain if it matches one of the specified local address domains. For example, "jsmithws.mycompany.com" displays as "jsmith-ws" if mycompany.com is listed as a local address domain. Disable this option when troubleshooting problems with host name resolution, or if IP addresses are preferred.

# **Port Name Resolution**

Use this section to set options for resolving device port indices to port names and port aliases, and device port names and port aliases to port indices.

### Interface Name Change Polling Interval

This option specifies how often the port name resolution service checks devices to see if port information has changed.

### **Maximum Cached Resolutions**

The maximum amount of port data that can be cached in memory. This number can be adjusted to control the amount of memory used by this service.

### **Maximum Pending Resolutions**

The maximum number of port name resolution requests that can be queued up. This number can be adjusted to control the maximum amount of time spent waiting for a resolution.

### **Maximum Worker Threads**

The maximum number of port name lookups that can be done at the same time. This number can be adjusted to control the amount of system resources used by port name resolution.

## Throttle Cache When Size Exceeds Maximum By (percent)

This option controls how much port data is discarded from the cache when its size is exceeded. Adjust this to control how an overfull cache is reduced.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **NetFlow Collector Options**

Selecting NetFlow Collector in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can configure NetFlow Collector settings in Extreme Management Center.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

nfiguration						
Enable NetFlow Collector						
Flow Collector Filter:						
Export Interval:		1	0 ) n	nin(s)	~	
Maximum Aggregate Flows to Maintain in Me	mory:	500	000		0	
Maximum Flows to Maintain in Memory:		300	000		0	
Maximum Number of Flows Allowed per Table	e View	100	00		0	
Throttle Flows When Maximum Exceeded By	(perce	nt): 10			0	
Worker Thread Queue Size:		500	00		0	
Alarm Dispatcher						
Flow Alarm Service Period:		5	🗘   sec(s)	~		
Maximum Flow Alarm Queue Size:		1000	00			
Maximum Flow Alarms Serviced Each Pe	riod:	100		\$		
Socket						
NetFlow Socket Buffer Size (bytes):	5120	00	0			
NetFlow Socket Data Size (bytes):	2048	3	0			
Send/Receive NetFlow Data on Socket:	2055	5	0			
Socket Receive Queue Size:	1000	)	0			
Name Resolution						
NetFlow Host Name Resolution:						
NetFlow Port Name Resolution:						
Version 9 Template						
NetFlow v9 Template Refresh Rate (pack	ets):	30		0		
NetFlow v9 Template Timeout:		1	🗘 min(s)	~		
				_	C.	

# Configuration

## **Enable NetFlow Collector**

Select this checkbox to enable NetFlow packet processing on the Extreme Management Center server. Deselecting this checkbox disables all other fields in this panel and turns off NetFlow for troubleshooting purposes. Whether NetFlow is enabled or disabled, a message is logged to the event log as well as the Extreme Management Center server log. When NetFlow is disabled, the Application Flows report on the **Flows** tab is cleared.

### **Flow Collector Filter**

Use this field to filter all incoming flows as they are processed by the flow collector. Flows not matching the filter are discarded and not maintained in memory on the server. If you add a filter here, the current flows stored in the cache are trimmed to only include matching flows.

Use this option if you want to use flow collection to look for specific results, but not process unrelated flows. For example, to only process flows pertaining to a particular subnet.

#### **Export Interval**

This is the active timer that determines the maximum amount of time a long-lasting flow remains active before expiring. When a long-lasting active flow expires due to the active timer expiring, another flow is immediately created to continue the ongoing flow. The Extreme Management Center flow collector rejoins these multiple flow records to report a single logical flow.

## Maximum Aggregate Flows to Maintain in Memory

This indicates the amount of memory used to store aggregated flows.

#### Maximum Flows to Maintain in Memory

This indicates the amount of memory used to store flows.

#### Maximum Number of Flows Allowed per Table View

This indicates the maximum number of flows displayed in NetFlow reports.

## Throttle Flows When Maximum Exceeded By (percent)

Flow collection is throttled when the <u>Maximum Flows to Maintain in Memory</u> is exceeded by the percentage entered here.

## Worker Thread Queue Size

Decoded flow records are put into one of several fixed-size queues for processing. If the decoding rate exceeds the processing rate, the queue may overflow. This option allows you to configure the queue size (number of flow records).

# **Alarm Dispatcher**

## **Flow Alarm Service Period**

This controls how often the queue is checked for matched flows to process. The dispatcher runs once every service period. So by default, the dispatcher processes matches every 5 seconds.

## Maximum Flow Alarm Queue Size

The maximum number of matched flows queued. By default, the dispatcher drops matched flows after 1000 matches are queued.

## **Maximum Flow Alarms Serviced Each Period**

The maximum number of matched flows pulled from the queue for processing during a service period. By default, the dispatcher processes 100 matches every service period.

# Socket

## **NetFlow Socket Buffer Size (bytes)**

The buffer size (in bytes) set aside by the Extreme Management Center server for buffering incoming flows.

## **NetFlow Socket Data Size (bytes)**

The socket data size in bytes. Do not change this setting unless it is required on your network.

# Send/Receive NetFlow Data on Socket

The port on the Extreme Management Center server that listens for flow collection data. If you change this port number here, you also need to reconfigure the port number on the switch.

# Socket Receive Queue Size

Network packets are retrieved from a datagram socket and put into a fixed-size queue for decoding into flow records. The queue can overflow if the receive rate

exceeds the decoding rate. This option allows you to configure the queue size (number of network packets).

# **Name Resolution**

#### **NetFlow Host Name Resolution**

Select this option to resolve host names to IP addresses and IP addresses to host names, if possible. This option enables host name resolution for NetFlow only. Host name resolution for Extreme Management Center is enabled globally using the Extreme Management Center Name Resolution option. The Name Resolution option must also be enabled for this NetFlow option to take effect.

### **NetFlow Port Name Resolution**

Select this option to resolve device port indices to port names and port aliases, and device port names and port aliases to port indices, if possible. This option allows you to disable port name resolution for NetFlow only. (Port name resolution is enabled globally using the Name Resolution option.)

# **Version 9 Template**

#### NetFlow v9 Template Refresh Rate (packets)

The number of export packets the flow sensor sends before retransmitting a template to the collector when using NetFlow Version 9.

#### **NetFlow v9 Template Timeout**

The amount of time the flow sensor waits before retransmitting a template to the collector when using NetFlow Version 9.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Network Monitor Cache Options**

Selecting Network Monitor Cache in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can edit network monitor cache settings. The network monitor cache stores information about the physical topology of a device, with additional emphasis on port information. Data is pulled from multiple places including slot and port details (Entity, ifTable), default role (Policy), neighbor link details (CDP, EDP, LLDP), Ethernet Automatic Protection Switching (EAPS), and Multi System Link Aggregation (MLAG).

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

The cache is maintained in a two-tiered structure: device physical data is cached to the database and a fast in-memory cache maintains a subset of this data in memory on the server. The in-memory cache may contain all or a subset of devices stored in the database.

On the specified polling interval, the data is validated and automatically updated as necessary. Decreasing the poll interval increases background SNMP performed by the server.

Storing this information greatly improves performance for views in Extreme Management Center that request it. Enable the cache for the best experience.

Network Monitor Cache				
Monitor Cache				^
Enable Network Monitor Cache				
Enable In-Memory Caching				
Maximum In-Memory Cache Size (devices):	1000		$\bigcirc$	
Data Polling Interval:	12	🗇 hr(s)	$\sim$	
Maximum SNMP Worker Threads:	25		$\bigcirc$	
Network Monitor Trap Refresh				
Ignore IP Addresses (comma separated):				
4				Ψ }
Restore Defaults Reset		Auto	Save	,

# **Monitor Cache**

### **Enable Network Monitor Cache**

Select this option to enable the network monitor cache. Enabling the cache improves performance for Extreme Management Center views that request this information. Deselecting this option disables all other fields in this panel.

### **Enable In-Memory Caching**

Select this option to enable the in-memory cache. To limit memory usage, disable the in-memory cache and configure the device cache to rely directly on the database.

### Maximum In-Memory Cache Size (devices)

If Enable In-Memory Caching is enabled, enter the maximum number of devices whose data is stored in the in-memory cache. This option lets you adjust the amount of memory the cache uses.

### **Data Polling Interval**

Enter the frequency that the device data is checked for changes. If the device data is stale, the data is refreshed in the cache. Reducing the interval increases background SNMP queries performed by the server.

#### Maximum SNMP Worker Threads

Enter the maximum number of threads that send SNMP queries in parallel if multiple devices are added to the cache at the same time. The cache is populated with results from SNMP queries to devices.

# **Network Monitor Trap Refresh**

#### Ignore IP Addresses (comma separated)

Enter a comma-separated list of the IP addresses for which you do not want Extreme Management Center to be the trap destination.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Policy Options**

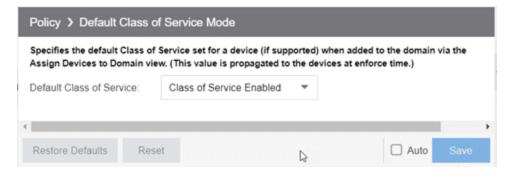
Selecting Policy in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can edit options that apply to policy functionality found in the **Policy** tab.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

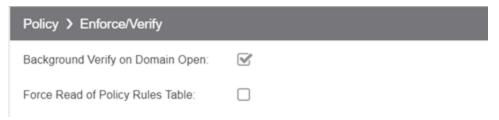
# **Default Class of Service Mode**

Use the **Default Class of Service** option to enable the Class of Service (CoS) mode to set on a device (if supported) when it is created in Extreme Management Center or added to the domain via the **Policy** tab. The CoS mode is written to the devices when an Enforce operation is performed. This setting applies to all users. For additional information, see Getting Started with Class of Service.

The **Default Class of Service** option is enabled by default, but you can disable it by selecting **Class of Service Disabled**.



# **Enforce/Verify**



## **Background Verify on Domain Open**

Selecting **Background Verify on Domain Open** causes a background verify to run when you open a domain. This action sets the "needs enforce" flag proactively without requiring a manual verify and reports the status via an icon on the title bar of the Devices/Port Groups sub-panel.

#### Force Read of Policy Rules Table

To improve performance during the verify operation, Extreme Management Center uses the "Last Changed" attribute on the device to determine if any rules changed. Selecting the **Force Read of Policy Rules Table** option causes Extreme Management Center to perform the verify operation using the rules table instead of the attribute. This may cause the verify operation to take longer to perform. Do not select this option unless instructed by Extreme Networks Support.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Policy

# **Site Options**

Selecting Site in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can allow or deny specific protocols when discovering devices for a site.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Site	
Configure Device	
Show Dynamic 🕵 ANs:	
Show VLAN Untagged:	
Discover First SNMP Request	
Length of SNMP Timeout: 10 🗘 sec(s)	
Number of SNMP Retries: 0	÷
Discover Seed MIBs	
Cabletron Discovery Protocol:	×
Extreme Discovery Protocol:	×.
Link Layer Discovery Protocol:	
SynOptics Network Management Discovery Protocol:	1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
4	,
Restore Defaults Reset	Auto Save

# **Configure Device**

#### Show Dynamic VLANs

Extreme Management Center displays your dynamic VLANs on the <u>VLAN Definition</u> tab of the **Configure Device** window for devices included in the site.

## Show VLAN Untagged

Extreme Management Center displays your untagged VLANs on the <u>VLAN Definition</u> <u>tab</u> of the **Configure Device** window for devices included in the site.

# **Discover First SNMP Request**

#### Length of SNMP Timeout

The amount of time Extreme Management Center waits before trying to contact a device again during Discovery. The default value for this setting is 3 seconds. The value for this setting must be between 1 and 60 seconds.

#### **Number of SNMP Retries**

The number of attempts made to contact a device after an attempt at contact fails during Discovery. The default setting is 0 retries, which means that Extreme Management Center does not retry contacting a device after the initial attempt is made. The value for this setting must be between 0 and 10 retries.

# **Discover Seed MIBs**

#### **Cabletron Discovery Protocol**

Select this option to allow each Site Seed IP Address to use the Cabletron Discovery Protocol (ctCDP) to detect devices to add to Extreme Management Center.

## **Extreme Discovery Protocol**

Select this option to allow each Site Seed IP Address to use the Extreme Discovery Protocol (EDP) to detect devices to add to Extreme Management Center.

#### Link Layer Discovery Protocol

Select this option to allow each Site Seed IP Address to use the Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) to detect devices to add to Extreme Management Center.

## SynOptics Network Management Discovery Protocol

Select this option to allow each Site Seed IP Address to use the SynOptics Network Management Discovery Protocol (SONMP) to detect devices to add to Extreme Management Center.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **SMTP Email Options**

Selecting SMTP Email in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can specify the SMTP email server used by Extreme Management Center when sending emails to users. Extreme Management Center can be configured to send emails to users in a variety of circumstances, including as an alarm action and when sending scheduled network reports. These settings apply to all users. You must be assigned the appropriate user capability to configure these options.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

SMTP Email		
Email		
Outgoing Email (SMTP) Server:		[Default Value: NONE]
Sender's Email Address:	user@extremenetworks.com	[Default Value: NONE]
Sender's SMTP Password:	🗇	[Default Value: NONE]
Restore Defaults Reset		Auto Save

## **Outgoing Email (SMTP) Server**

Identifies the email server used for outgoing messages.

#### Sender's Email Address

The sender's email address used to send outgoing email notification messages. Enter the address in a fully qualified format, such as "sender's name@sender's domain."

#### Sender's SMTP Password

The password for the user account entered in the **Sender's Email Address** field. Select the **Eye** icon to display your password.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **SNMP Options**

Selecting SNMP in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, which allows you to configure SNMP options.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

These options apply to all users. For these settings to take effect, the Extreme Management Center Server must be restarted.

SNMP			
Configuration			
Length of SNMP Timeout:	5 🌩 sec(s) 🔻		
Number of SNMP Retries:	3		
Enable this option to support	SNMP communication with	h devices using IPv6.	
Use NetSNMP IPv6:			
MIB Directories on Server			
	e MyMibs directory on the en distributed to all remote	Extreme Management Center S	erver.
Use MyMibs Directory on th	_		
The third-party directory i	s used for client-based Fle	he Extreme Management Cente «Views and MIB Tools that are B information is then distribute	
Use Third-Party Directory o	n the Server:		
Manage SNMP Configuration	n		
S Enable	Į.	Default Value: false ]	
SNMP Profile(s): SNM	P_v3_Dev *	[Default Value: NONE]	
Restore Defaults Reset			Auto Save

# Configuration

#### Length of SNMP Timeout

The amount of time Extreme Management Center waits before trying to contact a device again. The default value for this setting is 3 seconds. The value for this setting must be between 1 and 60 seconds.

Override this value on a per-device basis in the **SNMP Timeout** field in the Configure Device window.

**NOTE:** When SNMP requests are redirected through the server, all SNMP timeouts are extended by a factor of four (timeout X 4) to allow for the delays incurred by redirecting requests through the server.

#### **Number of SNMP Retries**

The number of attempts made to contact a device after an attempt at contact fails. The default setting is 0 retries, which means that Extreme Management Center does not retry contacting a device after the initial attempt is made. The value for this setting must be between 0 and 10 retries.

Override this value on a per-device basis in the **SNMP Retries** field in the Configure Device window.

### Use NetSNMP IPv6

The Use NetSNMP IPv6 option allows you to use SNMP to manage network devices to which IPv6 addresses are assigned. You must have this option selected in order to be able to add a device with an IPv6 address.

# **MIB Directories on Server**

#### Use MyMibs Directory on the Server

Select this checkbox to allow the Extreme Management Center Server to also use the MyMibs directory (e.g. the MIBs are included in the SNMP server stack). This MIB information is then distributed to the Extreme Management Center remote clients.

#### **Use Third-Party Directory on the Server**

Select this checkbox to allow the Extreme Management Center Server to also use the third-party directory, where proprietary, client-based FlexViews and MIB Tools (Enterprise MIBs owned by other companies) are stored, not standard IETF or IEEE MIBs. This MIB information is then distributed to the Extreme Management Center remote clients.

**CAUTION:** Do **not** use the MyMibs or third-party directories unless it is required on your network, as selecting these options may cause Extreme Management Center Server instability and undesirable consequences.

# Manage SNMP Configuration

### Enable

Select this checkbox to allow access to the Extreme Management Center and ExtremeControl engines for the profiles you select in the **SNMP Profile(s)** drop-down list.

## **SNMP Profile(s)**

Select the profiles with access to the Extreme Management Center and ExtremeControl engines. The type of access (e.g. read-only or read-write) is configured for the profile by assigning a set of SNMP credentials to the profile on the <u>Administration</u> > **Profiles** tab.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Status Polling Options**

Selecting Status Polling in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can specify options that determine how Extreme Management Center polls devices. Extreme Management Center uses the polling options and poll groups defined here to contact the devices and update tree information. When a device is added to the Extreme Management Center database using the Add Device menu option or a device discover, it is added to the default poll group selected here. (A device discover lets you assign devices to any of the three poll groups.) Reassign individual devices or device groups to a different poll group using the Configure Device window. These settings apply to all users. You must be assigned the appropriate user capability to configure these options.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Status Polling							
Events							
When enabled, only SNMP to reported as informational evo							
Send Down SNMP Event or	n Timeout ONL	Y: 💌	;				
Ping							
Length of Ping Timeout:		3	\$ s	ec(s)	•		
Maximum Devices to Conta	ct at Once:	100			÷		
Number of Ping Retries:		3			\$		
Poll Groups							
Default Group:	2 🖛						
Status Only Poll Interval:	12 🌲	hr(s)	-				
Group 1 Name:	More Frequ	ent					
Group 1 Interval:	3 🌲	min(s)	*				
Group 2 Name:	Default						
Group 2 Interval:	5 🗘	min(s)	-				
Group 3 Name:	Less Frequ	ent					
Group 3 Interval:	10 🌲	min(s)	-				
SNMP							
Maximum Devices to Conta	ct at Once:	100			\$		

# **Events**

When the **Send Down SNMP Event on Timeout ONLY** option is selected, only SNMP timeout errors result in a **Contact Lost** device status. All other SNMP errors are reported as informational events in the **Alarms and Events** > **Events** tab and do not cause the device status to be marked as "down" with a red down arrow.

# Ping

Use these options to configure status polling settings for devices whose poll type is set to **Ping**.

## Length of Ping Timeout

The amount of time Extreme Management Center waits before trying to ping a device again. The default setting is 3 seconds. The maximum value for this field is 60 seconds.

# Maximum Devices to Contact at Once

The maximum number of IP addresses that Extreme Management Center attempts to contact simultaneously. The maximum value for this field is 1,000.

## **Number of Ping Retries**

The number of attempts made to ping a device. The default setting is 3 retries, which means Extreme Management Center retries a timed-out request three times, making a total of four attempts to contact a device. The maximum value for this field is 10.

# **Poll Groups**

# **Status Only Poll Interval**

The frequency with which Extreme Management Center contacts devices for which you only need to monitor their status. The default polling interval for **Status Only** devices occurs every 12 hours. **Status Only** devices do not support collection of statistics, FlexViews, Network Status Monitor, map links, or enforcement via Extreme Management Center. You can add a maximum of 10,000 **Status Only** devices in Extreme Management Center, which do not count against your licensed device limit.

There are three distinct poll groups, and each device belongs to one of the three groups. Use these settings to poll critical devices at a more frequent interval, while polling non-essential devices less frequently. The poll frequency for each group specifies the actual length of the poll cycle. Set the interval for poll groups according to your network's needs using the guidelines below.

Select one group as the default poll group in the **Default Group** drop-down list. When a device is added to the Extreme Management Center database using the Add Device menu option or a CDP seed IP discover, it is added to the default poll group selected here. (IP range discover lets you assign devices to any of the three poll groups.) You can also assign individual devices or device groups to a specific poll group using the Configure Device window. The overall density of polling for devices whose poll type is set to Ping and SNMP is controlled by the **Maximum Devices to Contact at Once** setting in the Ping and SNMP section, respectively. This determines the maximum number of devices from each group polled at any given time. Extreme Management Center always attempts to poll up to the maximum number of devices until all of the devices in the three groups are polled. As responses are received and devices are removed from the poll queue, other devices are added to the queue. Once all the devices are polled, Extreme Management Center stops polling and batches information to update clients.

If the Maximum Devices to Contact at Once is set too high, such that the poll density is too high, system performance degrades quickly. The optimal poll setting is dependent on many factors including, but not limited to, CPU speed, RAM, and network devices. As the number of devices that you are polling increases, reduce the poll density (Maximum Devices to Contact at Once) to increase performance.

The default **Maximum Devices to Contact at Once** setting and poll group intervals provided as defaults are a good starting point. If necessary, adjust the values to optimize status polling for your network.

# **SNMP**

Use this option to configure status polling settings for devices whose poll type is set to **SNMP**.

# Maximum Devices to Contact at Once

The maximum number of IP addresses that Extreme Management Center attempts to contact simultaneously. The maximum value for this field is 1,000.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Syslog Options**

Selecting Syslog in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can set Extreme Management Center to automatically configure devices to send syslog information.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Syslog					
Configuration					
Stable Syslog Refresh					
Senable Automatic Syslog Configuration			[Default Value: false]		
Automatic Syslog Configuration Interval: 12	‡ h	r(s) 💌			
Advanced					
Ignore IP Addresses (comma separated):					
Syslog Engine Delay Start:		15 🌲	min(s) 🛛 👻		
Syslog Engine Interval:		10 🌲	sec(s) 💌		
Syslog Engine Maximum Outstanding SNMP De	vices:	10	\$		
				•	
Restore Defaults Reset			🗌 Auto	Save	

# Configuration

## **Enable Syslog Refresh**

Select the checkbox to configure Extreme Management Center to automatically refresh syslog information. Deselecting this option disables the **Enable Automatic Syslog Configuration** field.

## **Enable Automatic Syslog Configuration**

Select the checkbox to configure Extreme Management Center to automatically gather information and post it to the syslog. Deselecting this option disables the **Automatic Syslog Configuration Interval** field.

### Automatic Syslog Configuration Interval

Enter the frequency with which Extreme Management Center automatically gathers information and posts it to the syslog.

# Advanced

#### Ignore IP Addresses (comma separated)

Enter any IP addresses you do not want automatically logged to the syslog.

#### **Syslog Engine Delay Start**

The amount of time Extreme Management Center waits before information in the syslog is aggregated and archived.

#### **Syslog Engine Interval**

The amount of time Extreme Management Center waits before checking whether a device is properly configured to send syslog information. If the device is not properly configured and **Enable Automatic Syslog Configuration** is selected, Extreme Management Center automatically configures the device.

### Syslog Engine Maximum Outstanding SNMP Devices

The maximum number of outstanding SNMP devices archived by the syslog.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **TopN Collector Options**

Selecting TopN Collector in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can enable the TopN collector and host name resolution, and configure the number of days Extreme Management Center maintains the TopN history. The TopN Collector gathers the application, client application, client, and server data used in TopN reports. It also collects the signal strength data reported by Wireless Controllers.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

TopN Collector	
Configuration	<u>^</u>
Enable TopN Collector	
Enable Host Name Resolution	
History	
TopN History Data Retention: 30	day(s) ~
NetFlow	
Collect Top Applications	
Collect NetFlow Application	1 Statistics
Maximum Entries in Memory:	10000 🗘
Maximum Entries to Persist	100 🗘
Collect Clients for Application	on Statistics
Maximum Client Entries in Mem	10000 🗘
Maximum Client Entries to Persi	ist 100 🗘
Save Only Well-Known Applicat	tions:
Collect Top Clients	
Collect NetFlow Clients Stat	tistics
Maximum Entries in Memory:	10000 🗘
Maximum Entries to Persist:	100 🗘
Collect Top Servers	
Collect NetFlow Servers Sta	atistics
Maximum Entries in Memory:	10000 🗘
Maximum Entries to Persist:	100 🗘
Wireless Event	
Collect Clients By Lowest Sig	anal Strenoth (RSS)
Collect Wireless Clients RS	
Maximum Entries in Memory:	10000 🗘
Maximum Entries to Persist:	100 🗘
	,
	Auto Save

## **Enable TopN Collection**

Select this option to enable the TopN Collector. Deselecting this option disables all other fields in the panel. Changes to this option take place immediately.

## **Enable Host Name Resolution**

Select this option to resolve host names to IP addresses and IP addresses to host names, if possible. This option allows you to disable host name resolution for TopN only. (Host name resolution is enabled globally using the Enable Name Resolution option.) Changes to this option take place immediately.

# History

# **TopN History Data Retention**

Use this setting to determine the number of days TopN information remains available for viewing in reports. The default number of days is 30, with a minimum value of 1 day and a maximum value of 180 days. Changes to this option take effect with the next nightly TopN history cleanup task performed by the Extreme Management Center server.

# **NetFlow**

The TopN Collector collects the data used in TopN reports for applications, client applications, clients, and servers. The collector collects data over a one hour time period. At the end of the hour, the collector evaluates the data and stores only the most significant details collected for that hour. When changing the value for **Maximum Entries in Memory** or **Maximum Entries to Persist**, the new value takes effect during the next hour of data collection. For example, if you change the value at 3:05 or 3:55, the new value takes effect during the hour that starts at 4:00.

If more entries are needed during the hour than the maximum, additional entries are stored on disk, which is slower. This results in a direct trade-off in memory usage versus CPU usage. Increasing these values might use more memory and decreasing these values might use more CPU.

# **Collect Top Applications**

## **Collect NetFlow Application Statistics**

Select this checkbox to enable the collection of application TopN data.

## **Maximum Entries in Memory**

Specify the number of application entries to save during each hourly interval to use in TopN reporting. The default maximum number of entries in memory is 10,000

with a minimum value of 1,000 and a maximum value of 1,000,000.

#### **Maximum Entries to Persist**

Specify the number of application entries to save at the end of each hourly interval. The default number of entries to persist is 100, with a minimum value of 5 and a maximum value of 1,000.

#### **Collect Clients for Application Statistics**

Select this checkbox to enable the collection of data about the clients using the applications in TopN data.

#### **Maximum Client Entries in Memory**

Specify the number of client entries to save during each hourly interval to use in TopN reporting. The default maximum number of entries in memory is 10,000 with a minimum value of 1,000 and a maximum value of 1,000,000.

#### **Maximum Client Entries to Persist**

Specify the number of client entries to save at the end of each hourly interval. The default number of entries to persist is 100, with a minimum value of 5 and a maximum value of 1,000.

#### Save Only Well-Known Applications

Select this checkbox to save only data from well-known applications in the TopN data.

# **Collect Top Clients**

#### **Collect NetFlow Clients Statistics**

Select this checkbox to enable the collection of client TopN data.

#### **Maximum Entries in Memory**

Specify the number of client entries to save during each hourly interval to use in TopN reporting. The default maximum number of entries in memory is 10,000 with a minimum value of 1,000 and a maximum value of 1,000,000.

#### **Maximum Entries to Persist**

Specify the number of client entries to save at the end of each hourly interval. The default number of entries to persist is 100, with a minimum value of 5 and a maximum value of 1,000.

# **Collect Top Servers**

### **Collect NetFlow Servers Statistics**

Select this checkbox to enable the collection of server TopN data.

### **Maximum Entries in Memory**

Specify the number of server entries to save during each hourly interval to use in TopN reporting. The default maximum number of entries in memory is 10,000 with a minimum value of 1,000 and a maximum value of 1,000,000.

## **Maximum Entries to Persist**

Specify the number of server entries to save at the end of each hourly interval. The default number of entries to persist is 100, with a minimum value of 5 and a maximum value of 1,000.

# **Wireless Event**

### **Collect Wireless Clients RSS Statistics**

Select this checkbox to enable Wireless Controllers to collect signal strength data for TopN reporting.

#### **Maximum Entries in Memory**

Specify the number of signal strength entries to save during each hourly interval to use in TopN reporting. The default maximum number of entries in memory is 10,000 with a minimum value of 1,000 and a maximum value of 1,000,000.

## **Maximum Entries to Persist**

Specify the number of signal strength entries to save at the end of each hourly interval. The default number of entries to persist is 100, with a minimum value of 5 and a maximum value of 1,000.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Trap Options**

Selecting Trap in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can set trap options for Extreme Management Center.

SNMP traps are messages a device sends to Extreme Management Center to indicate its status. Using traps, a network manager can monitor a large number of devices simultaneously without needing to poll them individually.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Тгар					
Configuration					
Enable Automatic Smart Trap Configur	ration				
S Enable Trap Refresh					
SNMPv1 Credential Name:	public_v1	-			
SNMPv2 Credential Name:	public_v2		-		
SNMPv3 Credential Name:	default_snm;	_v3 -			
Server Engine ID:					[Default Value: NONE]
Enable Automatic Trap Configuration					
Automatic Trap Configuration Interval:					
Advanced					
Trap Engine					
Ignore IP Addresses (comma separa	ated):				
Trap Engine Delay Start:		15	\$ min(s)	-	
Trap Engine Interval:		10	\$ sec(s)	-	
Trap Engine Maximum Outstanding	SNMP Devices:	10		\$	
Trap Poller					
Trap Poller Block Size:	100	¢			
Trap Poller Delay Start:	90 🗘 sec(s)				
Trap Poller Frequency:	5 2 sec(s)				
Trap Poller Maximum Capacity:	5000				
Trap Poller Maximum Capacity.	1000	\$			
irap Poler Maximum Pate.	1000	-			
Restore Defaults Reset					C Auto Sava

# Configuration

Use this section to configure traps to be automatic traps or automatic smart traps. Additionally, you can configure the amount of time in hours between automatic trap configurations as well as select credential names.

## **Enable Automatic Smart Trap Configuration**

Select this option to allow your ExtremeXOS devices to send Extreme Management Center a trap when a change occurs on the device.

## **Enable Trap Refresh**

Select this option to allow Extreme Management Center to refresh information on the devices when the trap is received.

## **SNMPv1 Credential Name**

Select the SNMPv1 credentials on which the server accepts traps. You can modify the credentials found in this list in the SNMP Credentials section on the **Administration > Profiles** tab.

# **SNMPv2 Credential Name**

Select the SNMPv2 credentials on which the server accepts traps. You can modify the credentials found in this list in the SNMP Credentials section on the **Administration > Profiles** tab.

# **SNMPv3 Credential Name**

Select the SNMPv3 credentials on which the server accepts traps. You can modify the credentials found in this list in the SNMP Credentials section on the **Administration > Profiles** tab.

# Server Engine ID

Displays the SNMPv3 Engine ID Extreme Management Center is using. Extreme Management Center also uses this **Server Engine ID** when configuring ERS and VSP devices for SNMPv3 informs.

**NOTE:** Do not change the Server Engine ID.

# **Enable Automatic Trap Configuration**

Select this option to configure the ExtremeXOS switches on your network to send Extreme Management Center traps using the SNMP credentials specified in the SNMP Credential Name fields. Devices on which Automatic Trap Configuration is enabled are polled at the interval specified in Automatic Trap Configuration Interval.

## Automatic Trap Configuration Interval

Select the frequency with which your devices send SNMP traps to Extreme Management Center.

# **Trap Engine**

Use this section to enter a list of IP addresses that should be ignored by traps and to configure trap engine options.

#### Ignore IP Addresses (comma separated)

Enter a comma-separated list of IP addresses of the devices from which the trap engine ignores traps.

#### **Trap Engine Delay Start**

Select the amount of time after starting the trap engine to delay receiving traps.

#### **Trap Engine Interval**

Select the frequency with which the trap engine collects SNMP traps from devices.

#### **Trap Engine Maximum Outstanding SNMP Devices**

Select the maximum number of SNMP devices that send traps to the trap engine.

# **Trap Poller**

Use this section to set advanced options for polling traps.

#### **Trap Poller Block Size**

Select the number of traps the trap engine maintains at one time.

#### **Trap Poller Delay Start**

Select the amount of time after starting the trap engine that devices are polled by Extreme Management Center.

#### **Trap Poller Frequency**

Select the frequency with which the trap engine polls devices.

#### **Trap Poller Maximum Capacity**

Select the maximum number of devices the trap engine polls for traps.

#### **Trap Poller Maximum Rate**

Select the maximum number of devices the trap engine polls at one time.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Web Server Options**

Selecting Web Server in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can specify web browser options when using Extreme Management Center.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Web Server		
HTTP Session Time	eout	
Timeout:	20 🗘 min(s) 🗸	]
HTTP Web Server		
HTTP Port ID:	8080 🗘	
HTTPS Port ID:	8443	
Password Auto Co	mplete	
Note: For Access Co	ontrol Engine web interfaces, en	force is required from Access Control.
Disable Password /	Auto Complete for Web Interfac	es: 🗌
4		•
Restore Defaults	Reset	Auto Save

# **HTTP Session Timeout**

#### **HTTP Session Timeout**

The **Timeout** option lets you specify a session timeout value for all Extreme Management Center web-based views.

# **HTTP Web Server**

# **HTTP Port ID**

Use the **HTTP Port ID** field to specify the HTTP port IDs for HTTP web server traffic. This port must be accessible through firewalls for users to install and launch Extreme Management Center client applications. By default, Extreme Management Center uses port ID 8080. If you change the port ID, you must restart the Extreme Management Center Server for the change to take effect.

**IMPORTANT:** Enforce your ExtremeControl engines via the **Control > ExtremeControl** tab immediately after changing the **HTTP Port ID**. Do not change the **HTTPS Port ID** until after you enforce.

When adding a new ExtremeControl engine, the HTTP Port ID must be 8080.

### **HTTPS Port ID**

Use the **HTTPS Port ID** field to specify the HTTPS port IDs for HTTP web server traffic. This port must be accessible through firewalls for users to install and launch Extreme Management Center client applications. By default, Extreme Management Center uses port ID 8443. If you change the port ID, you must restart the Extreme Management Center Server for the change to take effect.

**IMPORTANT:** Do not change the HTTP Port ID for at least one minute after changing the HTTPS Port ID to ensure Extreme Management Center polls the ExtremeControl engine.

When adding a new ExtremeControl engine, the HTTPS Port ID must be 8443.

# **Password Auto Complete**

#### **Password Auto Complete**

Use the **Disable Password Auto Complete for Web Interfaces** option to disable automatic password completion for users logging into Extreme Management Center web interfaces. Note that for ExtremeControl web interfaces, you must enforce from the **Control > ExtremeControl** tab for the option to take effect.

These settings apply to all users. You must be assigned the appropriate user capability to change this setting.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

# **Wireless Manager Options**

Selecting Wireless Manager in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can specify options for the Wireless Manager application.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

Wireless Manager									
Audit									
Execution Interval (every X hours):	24 🗸								
Start Time:	3:00 AM 🗸								
History Maximum Executed Tasks in Task Hist	History Maximum Executed Tasks in Task History: 100 🗘								
Shared Secret									
Default Shared Secret:	• .								
4	•								
	Auto Save								

Wireless Manager audits controller configurations to ensure that it does not deviate from the deployed templates. When Wireless Manager encounters discrepancies between the template and the actual controller configuration, the audit feature logs an error. You can manually run an audit or you can schedule automatic audits using these Audit options.

#### Execution Interval (every X hours)

Use the drop-down list to select the interval in hours between the start of successive audits. Auditing once every 24 hours is sufficient for most sites, but more frequent auditing can be enabled through this option.

#### Start Time

Use the drop-down list to select the time when the audit starts.

#### Maximum Executed Tasks in Task History

Enter the number of Wireless Manager tasks you want to save in the Wireless Manager database. Enter **0** if you do not want to execute a Wireless Manager audit.

After a task has executed, it is retained in the Wireless Manager database to provide a detailed history of task activity. A large amount of information is kept for each executed task, including the complete CLI script executed against each target controller. To maintain the database at a reasonable size, Wireless Manager keeps only a fixed number of executed tasks in the database. When the task limit is reached or exceeded, Wireless Manager deletes the oldest executed tasks from its database. The History option allows you to control how many task definitions Wireless Manager retains in its database. The default is 100 executed tasks retained, and the maximum is 500 tasks retained.

#### **Default Shared Secret**

Enter a **Shared Secret**, which is a password used by Extreme Management Center to authenticate with the controller.

When Extreme Management Center discovers a new controller, Wireless Manager attempts to authenticate with the controller using this shared secret. For proper functioning, Extreme Management Center and the controller must be configured with the same shared secret. Each controller can be configured with a different **Shared Secret** as long as Wireless Manager knows what it is. You can configure a **Shared Secret** on a per controller basis using Wireless Manager. Select the **Eye** icon to display your password.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Administration

# **ZTP+ Options**

Selecting ZTP+ in the left panel of the **Options** tab provides the following view, where you can specify options for zero touch provisioning plus (ZTP+) functionality.

Changing a value from the system default causes a **Default Value** button to appear. Clicking this button changes the field back to the system default value.

ZTP+			
Configuration			
Alarm on Local Change:			
Allow Connector Downgrades:			
Auto Download Latest Cloud Connector:			
Device Logging Filter Serial Number:			
Image Upgrade Timeout (seconds):	600	\$	
LLDP Wait Time (seconds):	60	\$	
1			•
Restore Defaults Reset	C	Auto Save	

#### Alarm on Local Change

Select the checkbox to configure Extreme Management Center to generate an alarm when you make a change to a ZTP+-enabled device via the CLI. This prevents Extreme Management Center from automatically overwriting the change the next time Extreme Management Center polls the device via ZTP+.

#### Allow Connector Downgrades

Select the checkbox to allow Extreme Management Center to downgrade to a previous version of the cloud connector.

#### Auto Download Latest Cloud Connector

Select the checkbox to allow Extreme Management Center to automatically download the latest cloud connector.

#### **Device Logging Filter Serial Number**

Enter the serial number of one of your ZTP+ devices where Extreme Management Center records debug information. This allows you to save debug information to only one device, instead of saving identical debug information to all ZTP+ devices in a site.

#### Image Upgrade Timeout (seconds)

The amount of time (in seconds) Extreme Management Center waits for a response before determining the image upgrade is not responding for your ZTP+ devices.

#### LLDP Wait Time (seconds)

The amount of time (in seconds) Extreme Management Center waits for a response when communicating via LLDP.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Administration

# **Add/Edit Device Type Profile**

Use the Add/Edit Device Type Profile window to add or edit device types for detection and profiling in Extreme Management Center. Once configured, Extreme Management Center uses the information included in the Detection Tests section of the window to identify devices accessing your network.

Edit Device	Type Profile	: 3M-Co	mpany	-Device		×			
Group:	Medical De	Medical Devices 🔹							
Description:									
URL:									
Author:	Extreme Networks								
Detection Te	ests								
Add	. 🔯 Edit.	🔾	Remov	е					
Match To	Weinhe				DHCP				
Match Typ	be Weight	Туре	TTL	Options	Parameter Requ	lest			
Exact	1	Any							
4						÷.			
					ОК	Cancel			

#### Group

The group of devices to which the Device Type belongs.

#### Description

Information about the device type profile.

#### URL

The URL of the vendor of a device type.

### Author

The source of the device type profile.

## **Detection Tests**

The DHCP fingerprint by which Extreme Management Center identifies a device type. Select **Add** or **Edit** to open the <u>Add/Edit Device Type Detection Test window</u>, from which you can create or modify the fingerprints Extreme Management Center uses to identify a device type. Select **Remove** to delete a fingerprint.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Device Types</u>
- Add/Edit Device Type Detection Test

# **Add/Edit Device Type Detection Test**

Use the Add/Edit Device Type Detection Test window to add or edit DHCP fingerprints used by Extreme Management Center to identify device types.

Edit Device Type Detection Test								
Match Type:	Exact		•					
Weight:	1		<b>‡</b>					
Vendor Name:			🗌 Is Partial					
Hostname:								
DHCP								
Туре:		Any	-					
TTL:			*					
Options:								
Parameter R	equest List:							
MAC OUI / V	endor:	08:00:21						
		ОК	Cancel					

#### Match Type

The method by which Extreme Management Center matches the DHCP fingerprint in the DHCP section of the window.

#### Weight

The confidence with which Extreme Management Center matches a fingerprint with a device type.

#### Vendor Name

The vendor of the device. Select the **Is Partial** checkbox if the **Vendor Name** is a partial match.

#### Hostname

The hostname of a device type, if required.

### Туре

The DHCP message type Extreme Management Center uses for the fingerprint.

# TTL

The DHCP lease time (in minutes) a device uses when receiving an IP address.

## Options

The DHCP options configured for the device type.

### Parameter Request List

The <u>DHCP parameters</u> used to match the device type.

### MAC OUI/Vendor

The Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI) in a MAC address that identifies the vendor of a device.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Device Types
- Add/Edit Device Type Profile

# Backup/Restore

Use the **Backup/Restore** tab to save the currently active database as a file, restore the initial database or restore a saved legacy database, and manage the password and connection URL for the database. You must be assigned the appropriate user capabilities to perform these functions.

**IMPORTANT:** By default, version 8.4 of Extreme Management Center creates a binary database backup, which provides a more efficient method of backing up the database and uses less resources. The backup process functions identically to previous versions of Extreme Management Center.

Additionally, there are specific database backup migration requirements for this release.

Ε	Extreme <sup>,</sup>							۹	?	≡	
4	Network	< Scheduler	Scripting	Profiles	Users	Server Information	Options	Backup/Resto	re	>	
▲ 4 ⊻	Alarms & Events Control Analytics	Backup File Path: File Name:	File Path: /ust/local/Extreme_Networks/NetSight/backup File Name: netsight								
E & ♦	Wireless Governance Reports	Back Up Restore This will remove all data elements from the database and populate the NetSight Administrator Authorization Group with the user who is performing this operation.									
*	Administration										
	÷	C	] Last Updat	et 822017 1.49	21 PM Uptime	0 Days 15.41.00	Operations	Advar	nced.	•	

# Backup

Use the Backup section of the tab to save the current database. Specify a directory path in which to save the database backup as a file and name the file.

**NOTE:** To schedule regular database backups, use the Database Backup option available from Administration > Options > Database Backup.

#### **File Path**

Enter the path to the directory to which you want to save the file.

#### **File Name**

Enter a name for the database backup file.

#### **Back Up**

Starts the backup operation.

# Restore

Use the Restore section to restore the initial database or restore a saved database. Both functions cause all current client connections and operations in progress to be terminated.

**IMPORTANT:** After restoring the Extreme Management Center server, enforce all ExtremeControl engines.

#### **Restore Initial Database**

Select this option to remove all data elements from the database and populate the Extreme Management Center Administrator authorization group with the name of the logged-in user.

#### **Restore Saved Backup**

Select this option to remove all data elements from the database and then repopulate the database using a saved file created in version 8.0. Use the drop-down list to select the file from which you want to populate the database.

**NOTE:** If there are no database backups saved (backups saved in version 8.0), this field does not display.

#### **Restore Legacy Backup**

Select this option to remove all data elements from the database and then repopulate the database using a saved backup file created before version 8.0. Use the drop-down list to select the file from which you want to populate the database.

**NOTE:** If there are no legacy database backups saved (backups saved in version 7.1), this field does not display.

When restoring a saved legacy database to a new Extreme Management Center server installation, any memory or database configuration changes on the original server requires a manual change on the new server in order to replicate the configuration of the original Extreme Management Center server.

- Changes to the default -Xmx memory settings in the <install directory>\services\nsserver.cfg file needs to be duplicated on the new server when the database is restored. To change the memory setting to match the previous server, stop the Extreme Management Center server and edit the nsserver.cfg file.
- The mySQL my.ini file also needs to be manually updated to match any changes made on the original server.

#### Restore

Starts the restore operation.

#### Advanced

Displays the Advanced section of the window.

# Advanced

Use the Advanced section of the tab to configure the URL and password the Extreme Management Center server uses when it connects to the database.

**IMPORTANT:** When Extreme Management Center is installed, it automatically secures the MySQL database server by removing all the root and anonymous users from the MySQL user database. Extreme Management Center then adds one generic user name (user = netsight) and password (password = enterasys). Change this password, as all customers who install Extreme Management Center know this generic password.

#### **Connection URL**

Displays the URL the Extreme Management Center server uses when connecting to the database. For troubleshooting purposes, (for example, if you can't connect to the database) you may wish to enter a new connection URL. Enter a new URL in the following format, and click **Apply**:

jdbc:mysql://[hostname]/<database> where [hostname] is optional.

**NOTE:** You must restart both the Extreme Management Center server and client after you change the **Connection URL**.

#### Password

Enter the password the Extreme Management Center uses when connecting to the database. Select the **Eye** icon to display your password.

**NOTE:** You must restart both the Extreme Management Center server and client after you change the **Connection URL**.

#### **Restore Defaults**

Restores the default values for the **Connection URL** and **Password** fields.

#### Reset

Discards any unsaved changes in the Connection URL and Password fields.

#### Save

Saves changes made to the **Connection URL** and **Password** fields.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Database Backup Options

# **Client API Access**

Use the **Client API Access** tab to display the clients with authentication access to the Event Correlation functionality or the Extreme Management Center <u>Northbound Interface</u> API from external applications.

The **Client API Access** tab contains the Registered Clients table, which displays all of the external clients capable of communicating with Extreme Management Center.

Via this tab, Extreme Management Center provides a client ID and secret that can be used by the client to generate a token to use for accessing Extreme Management Center. When the external application uses the token to access Extreme Management Center, access is granted according to the Capabilities that are configured for the Client, as long as the token has not expired.

Click the Add or Edit buttons to open the <u>Add/Edit Client window</u>, from which you can add or edit registered clients. Adding a registered client allows the external application to communicate with Extreme Management Center. Additionally, use the Add/Edit Client window to display the functional areas of Extreme Management Center the external client can access based on the capabilities selected at the bottom of the window.

Access to Extreme Management Center information from external integrations via an API. Allows Extreme Management Center to correlate similar events and respond to a perceived threat to the network.

- **NOTES:** Event Correlation is a system-defined client that cannot be deleted.
  - For Event Correlation and the Northbound Interface API to access Extreme Management Center information, they must have access privileges (called Capabilities). For more information, see <u>Authorization Group Capabilities</u>.

🔾 Add 📝	Edit 🤤 Dele	te 🛇 Disable			🖤 Show Filters   Q
Registered Client ID		Description	Token Expiration (sec)	Enabled	<b>Client Secret Actions</b>
Event Correlation		Event Correlation	600	1	4 2 🕹

#### **Registered Client**

The name of the client with access to Extreme Management Center. The client name is user-defined and should be one that readily identifies the Client.

#### **Client ID**

This column displays a unique, system-defined numeric identifier for the client.

#### Description

The description of the client accessing Extreme Management Center.

#### Token Expiration (sec)

The amount of time (in seconds) before the authorization token expires and the client can no longer access Extreme Management Center without first generating a new token.

#### Enabled

Indicates whether or not the client API access connection currently allows access to Extreme Management Center.

#### **Client Secret Actions**

Click the icons to access the shared secret used to allow the client to communicate with Extreme Management Center:

- Copy to clipboard () Click to copy the shared secret to the clipboard, which you can then paste in the client.
- Generate new ( $\bigcirc$ ) Click to generate a new shared secret.
- Upload to the client (\_\_\_\_) Click to upload the shared secret to the external client. This icon is only available for system-defined clients.

## **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- <u>Add/Edit Client</u>
- Northbound Interface
- <u>Users/Groups Tab</u>
- <u>Site Tab</u>

# Add/Edit Client

Use the Add/Edit Client dialog to add or edit authentication access for a client to the Extreme Management Center <u>Northbound Interface</u> API from external applications. Adding a registered client via this dialog allows the external application to communicate with Extreme Management Center.

Access this dialog by clicking Add or Edit on the Client API Access tab.

Add Client	×					
Name:						
Description:						
Token Expiration (sec):	60					
	Q					
Capability †						
▼ □ Event Correlat	tion (0 of 2 enabled)					
Event Cor	relation Read Access					
Event Cor	relation Write Access					
<ul> <li>Northbound A</li> </ul>	PI (0 of 6 enabled)					
Access Co	ontrol Northbound Interface Read Access					
Access Co	ontrol Northbound Interface Write Access					
Northbour	d Interface Read Access					
Northbour	d Interface Read/Write Access					
Policy Nor	Policy Northbound Interface Read Access					
Policy Northbound Interface Write Access						
	Save Cancel					

### Name

The name of the client for which you are adding access to Extreme Management Center.

#### Description

A description of the client accessing Extreme Management Center.

#### Token Expiration (sec)

The amount of time (in seconds) before the authorization token expires and the client can no longer access Extreme Management Center without first generating a new token.

#### **Capability - Event Correlation**

Select the capabilities for which the client requires access in Extreme Management Center:

#### Event Correlation Read Access

Allows the client to access Event Correlation functionality in Extreme Management Center. Extreme Management Center correlates similar events and responds to a perceived threat to the network. This is an experimental feature. Contact GTAC for additional information.

#### Event Correlation Read and Write Access

Allows the client to configure Extreme Management Center's threat response behavior and event correlation. This is an experimental feature. Contact GTAC for additional information.

#### **Capability - Northbound API**

Northbound API capabilities control *only* the queries and mutations that are not under Access Control and Policy. To use the queries and mutations included in the Northbound Interface but managed by Access Control and Policy, you must provide access to **both**. For example, to use Access Control queries, you must enable two choices in the Add Client dialog: **Access Control Northbound Interface Read Access** and **Northbound Interface Read Access**.

Select the capabilities for which the client requires access in Extreme Management Center:

#### ExtremeControl Northbound Interface Read Access

Provides the client with access to the Access Control queries in the Northbound Interface.

To use Access Control queries included in the Northbound Interface, you must enable this capability and the Northbound Interface Read Access capability.

#### ExtremeControl Northbound Interface Write Access

Provides the client with access to the Access Control mutations in the <u>Northbound Interface</u>.

To use ExtremeControl mutations, you must enable this capability and the Northbound Interface Read/Write Access capability.

#### Northbound Interface Read Access

Provides the client with access to Northbound Interface queries and to Extreme Management Center information from external integrations via an API. This capability does not include queries managed by Access Control and Policy.

#### Northbound Interface Read/Write Access

Provides the client with access to the Northbound Interface queries and mutations. This capability does not include queries and mutations managed by Access Control and Policy.

#### Policy Northbound Interface Read Access

Provides the client with access to the Policy queries in the <u>Northbound</u> <u>Interface</u>.

To use policy queries included in the Northbound Interface, you must enable this capability and the Northbound Interface Read Access capability.

#### Policy Northbound Interface Write Access

Provides the client with access to the Policy mutations in the Northbound Interface.

To use policy mutations, you must enable this capability and the Northbound Interface Read/Write Access capability.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- <u>Client API Access</u>
- Northbound Interface

- Event Correlation
- Northbound API

# Using the Northbound Interface to Integrate with Third-Party Software

Use the instructions in this topic to integrate with third-party software via the Northbound Interface (NBI). Extreme Management Center's NBI is an API that allows third-party applications to view and update information in Extreme Management Center.

The NBI uses the GraphQL query language to request a JSON object response from Extreme Management Center. The JSON response contains the information you are retrieving for your third-party software.

Depending on your credentials, you can use the NBI to read (query) information in Extreme Management Center or write to fields in Extreme Management Center via mutations.

This topic contains the following sections:

- <u>Accessing NBI Tools in Extreme Management Center</u>
- Using the NBI Explorer

# Accessing NBI Tools in Extreme Management Center

Using the NBI Tools functionality in Extreme Management Center allows you to visually preview the data hierarchy and their types in Extreme Management Center.

To access NBI Tools in Extreme Management Center:

- 1. Access the **Diagnostics** tab.
- 2. Click **Server** in the left-panel menu to expand it and select **Server Utilities**. The **Server Utilities** tab opens.

Server Utilities

<u>Certificates</u>
JMX Console
Threads
<u>NBI Explorer</u>
<u>NBI Schema (Text)</u>
<u>NBI Schema (JSON)</u>

3. Select the NBI Explorer to access the NBI Explorer.

**NOTE:** Select **NBI Schema (Text)** or **NBI Schema (JSON)** to display the format you use when defining your queries and mutations in the NBI in plain text format or in JavaScript Object Notation, respectively.

# **Using the NBI Explorer**

Selecting **NBI Explorer** in the **Server Utilities** tab opens the NBI Explorer in a new tab or window, depending on how your browser is configured.

**NOTE:** To access the NBI requires access to the **Northbound API** Authorization Group capability.

The NBI Explorer provides you with read-only access to queries and write access via mutations, allowing you to preview the data so you know what queries and mutations to use in your third-party applications. You can add NBI queries and mutations via python scripts or use NBI queries and mutations in https via REST calls.

For example, to retrieve the IP address and policy domain for a device, enter:

```
#Embedded Python Script
deviceIP = emc_vars['deviceIP']
response = emc_api.query("ExtremeApi { Network { device(ip:
deviceIP) { ip policyDomain}}");
network = response['network'];
for device in network['devices']:
```

print " IP: ",device['ip']

print " Policy Domain: ", device['policyDomain']

For additional information about the queries and mutations available in the NBI Explorer:

- 1. Open the NBI Explorer.
- 2. Click **Docs** at the top-right of the NBI Explorer.



The Documentation Explorer opens.

Documentation Explorer	$\times$
<b>Q</b> Search Schema	
A GraphQL schema provides a root type for kind of operation.	each
ROOT TYPES	
query: Query	
mutation: Mutation	

- 3. Search for a **Schema** by entering it in the Search Schema field, or click **Query** or **Mutation** to browse for available queries and mutations:
  - If you entered a schema in the **Search Schema** field, the matching fields and schema types display in the Documentation Explorer. Click the query or mutation field you are using in your command in the left side of the NBI.

If you selected **Query** or **Mutation**, the available query or mutation fields display:

 $\bullet$ 

Schema	Query	×
<b>Q</b> Search Query		<b>^</b>
Query root type		- 1
FIELDS		_
accessControl: Acc	cessControl	- 1
Root field for Cor	ntrol queries	
administration: Ad	Iministration	
Root field for adn	ninistration queries	
wireless: Wireless		
Root field for wire	eless queries	
workflows: Workflo	owQueries	
Root field for wor	kflow queries	
inventory: Invento	ry	
Root field for inve	entory queries	
		_

• Click the field that you are using until you find the appropriate query or mutation for your command.

tacker TackOuprion

Configure the queries or mutations included in your command in the left side of the window.

Once it is complete, click the **Execute Query** button ()) to run the query or mutation.

For complete schema information, see the <u>NBI API site</u>.

#### **Related Information**

- NBI API Site
- Administration
- Client API

# **Tasks Overview**

The **Tasks** tab in Extreme Management Center allows you to create scripts and workflows and use them to configure tasks. Additionally, you can save a task you run on a device or group of devices, or configure the task to run on a scheduled basis you define.

The Tasks tab contains the following sub-tabs:

- Workflow Dashboard
- Scheduled Tasks
- Saved Tasks
- <u>Scripts</u>
- Workflows

The **Menu** icon (≡) at the top of the screen provides links to additional information about your version of Extreme Management Center.

# Workflow Dashboard

The <u>Workflow Dashboard tab</u> allows you to view a list of previously run workflows, information about the status of the elements within the workflow, and information about the devices on which the workflow ran.

The tab also provides a breakdown of the completion status of each of the Activities within the workflow.

# **Scheduled Tasks**

The **Scheduled Tasks** tab allows you to configure Extreme Management Center to automatically generate reports, run a workflow or a script, and discover recently added devices. You can also use it to contact Extreme Networks Support.

# Saved Tasks

The **Saved Tasks** tab allows you to save a script or workflow as a task after running it on a device or group of devices. This allows you run the task repeatedly on an ad hoc basis.

# Scripts

The <u>Scripts tab</u> allows you to view predefined <u>scripts</u> provided by Extreme Management Center, and allows to create your own scripts.

Extreme Management Center scripts are files containing CLI commands, control structures, and data manipulation functions. Scripts can be executed on one or more devices or ports, simultaneously on multiple devices or ports, or on one device or port at a time.

You can create tasks, which run a script on specified devices or ports at specified times, either on a one-time or recurring basis. Tasks execute the script according to a schedule you configure.

# Workflows

The <u>Workflows tab</u> allows you to view workflows you create modeled as diagrams, with each action linked in a chain. Once you create a workflow, Extreme Management Center performs a complex series of steps with a single click. You can also define a set of actions in the event an action occurs successfully and another set of actions in the event an action does not occur successfully. Once you create a workflow, you can schedule it to run on a periodic basis you configure on the **Scheduled Tasks** tab. Other action and task/workflow function <u>sources</u> can also trigger a workflow to run.

# **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- <u>Scheduled Tasks</u>
- Saved Tasks
- <u>Scripts</u>
- Workflows
- Workflow Dashboard

# **Workflow Dashboard**

The **Workflow Dashboard** tab allows you to view information about workflows you execute on devices in your network.

E	Workfle	ow Dashboard S	Scheduled Tasks	Saved T	āsks Scripts	Workflows					Q ? =
K 🔌 🔽 🕨 🖶	Active Running Completed 310 Failed 221										
	Show	Details   Live	Historical		•						∞   Q •
	Status	Start Date/Time ↓	Name	Version	Source	# Devices	Started By	End Date/Time	Message	Path	
	\$	2019/03/25 15:38:44	2 sleeps	29	Workflow Designer	2	root			/Workflows/SLEEP/2 sleeps	<b>^</b>
**	~	2019/03/25 14:09:06	2 sleeps	29	Workflow Designer	2	root	2019/03/25 14:09:29		/Workflows/SLEEP/2 sleeps	
	~	2019/03/25 13:58:19	1 CLI Activity	2	Workflow Designer	2	root	2019/03/25 13:58:28		/Workflows/A/1 CLI Activity	
	~	2019/03/25 13:57:27	1 CLI Activity	2	Workflow Designer	1	root	2019/03/25 13:57:32		/Workflows/A/1 CLI Activity	
		2019/03/25 13:55:51	1 CLI Activity	2	Workflow Designer	9	root	2019/03/25 13:56:49		/Workflows/A/1 CLI Activity	
	$\oslash$	2019/03/25 13:45:19	Long Sleep	26	Workflow Designer	2	root	2019/03/25 13:45:36	Workflow ca	/Workflows/SLEEP/Long Sleep	
	!	2019/03/19 16:08:01	1 CLI Activity	2	Workflow Designer	2	root	2019/03/19 16:08:07		/Workflows/A/1 CLI Activity	
	<										•
	« <	Page 1 of 11	> > 2	Reset							Displaying 1 - 50 of 531

The tab contains two sections:

- Workflow Charts
- Workflow Results

Additionally, double clicking a workflow in the Workflow Results table opens the <u>Workflow Details tab</u>.

# **Workflow Charts**

The top of the **Workflow Dashboard** tab displays three charts that provide a summary of Active Workflows, Completed Workflows, and Failed Workflows. If the <u>Update drop-down list</u> above the Workflow Results table is either Live or Live (Current Page), the information in these charts updates automatically as conditions change.



The center of each chart indicates the number of active, completed, and failed workflows. Each chart includes multiple <u>Statuses</u>. Hover over a ring color to display a description of the **Status** for that piece of the chart. Click a section of one of the ring charts to filter the <u>Workflow Results table</u> to display the workflows with a **Status** that matches the color selected.

## **Active Workflow**

The center of the Active Workflow ring chart indicates the number of workflows currently running in Extreme Management Center.

## **Completed Workflows**

The center of the Completed Workflows ring chart indicates the number of workflows that completed successfully:

- Yellow The yellow portion of the ring chart indicates the percentage of completed workflows with a **Status** of **Completed**.
- Green The green portion of the ring chart indicates the percentage of completed workflows with a **Status** of **Success**.

## **Failed Workflows**

The center of the Failed Workflows ring chart indicates the number of workflows that did not complete successfully:

- Orange The orange portion of the ring chart indicates the percentage of workflows that completed with a **Status** of **Canceled**.
- Red The red portion of the ring chart indicates the percentage of workflows that completed with a **Status** of **Failed**.
- Dark Red The dark red portion of the ring chart indicates the percentage of workflows that completed with a **Status** of **Timed-Out**.

# **Workflow Results**

The Workflow Results table displays details about the workflows you run. Click a color in one of the ring charts to filter the table to display the workflows with a **Status** that matches the **Status** clicked.

<u> .111</u>	Show	v Details 🔹 Live 🔻	Historical		•						<i>™</i> . Q
	Status	Start Date/Time ↓	Name	Version	Source	# Devices	Started By	End Date/Time	Message	Path	
	•	2019/03/25 15:38:44	2 sleeps	29	Workflow Designer	2	-			/Workflows/SLEEP/2 sleeps	A
**	~	2019/03/25 14:09:06	2 sleeps	29	Workflow Designer	2		2019/03/25 14:09:29		/Workflows/SLEEP/2 sleeps	
	~	2019/03/25 13:58:19	1 CLI Activity	2	Workflow Designer	2		2019/03/25 13:58:28		/Workflows/A/1 CLI Activity	
	~	2019/03/25 13:57:27	1 CLI Activity	2	Workflow Designer	1		2019/03/25 13:57:32		/Workflows/A/1 CLI Activity	
	!	2019/03/25 13:55:51	1 CLI Activity	2	Workflow Designer	9		2019/03/25 13:56:49		/Workflows/A/1 CLI Activity	
	0	2019/03/25 13:45:19	Long Sleep	26	Workflow Designer	2		2019/03/25 13:45:36	Workflow ca	/Workflows/SLEEP/Long Sleep	
	!	2019/03/19 16:08:01	1 CLI Activity	2	Workflow Designer	2		2019/03/19 16:08:07		/Workflows/A/1 CLI Activity	-
	-										•
	« <	Page 1 of 11	> > 2	🐻 Reset							Displaying 1 - 50 of 531

ID

A system-defined ID number for the workflow.

#### **Execution ID**

An ID number that refers to the execution of the workflow. This ID number allows you to determine a workflow executed from a location other than the **Workflows** tab (for example, a third-party application via the Northbound Interface).

#### **Show Details**

Select a row in the table and click **Show Details** to open the workflow in the **Workflow Details** tab. Double-clicking a workflow also opens it in the **Workflow Details** tab.

#### Update

Click the **Update** drop-down icon at the top of the table to select whether the workflows in the table update automatically:

- Live Extreme Management Center automatically updates the workflows in the table with any changes and new workflows display as they run.
- Live (Current Page) Extreme Management Center updates the workflows currently in the table, but does not include new workflows as they run.
- **Paused** Extreme Management Center does not update the workflows in the table.

#### Туре

Click the **Type** drop-down icon at the top of the table to select whether the table displays currently running workflows or completed workflows:

- Active The table displays currently running workflows. Clicking the Active Workflows ring chart automatically changes this drop-down list to Active.
- Historical The table displays workflows that are not currently running. This includes workflows that completed successfully, failed, timed out, or are canceled. Clicking the Completed or Failed Workflows ring charts automatically changes this drop-down list to Historical.

#### Status

Indicates whether the workflow completed successfully, partially completed, timed out, failed, or canceled:

- SUCCESS ( ) Indicates the workflow completed successfully and all Activities within the workflow succeeded.
- COMPLETED () Indicates the workflow completed successfully, but not all Activities within the workflow succeeded.
- TIMEDOUT (?) Indicates the workflow did not complete in the amount of time configured in the **Timeout** field on the **Inputs** tab for the workflow.
- FAILED ( $\times$ ) Indicates the workflow did not complete successfully.
- CANCELED () Indicates a user canceled the workflow while it was running.

#### Start Date/Time

Displays the date and time the workflow started.

#### Name

Displays the name of the workflow.

#### Version

Displays the version of the workflow run on the devices. Each time you edit the workflow, the **Version** is incremented. This allows you to determine the exact workflow run on a device, even if the workflow is modified. For example, if you configure a workflow as a Scheduled Task (version 1) and then make a modification to the workflow (version 2), the version indicates the iteration of the workflow you are running.

#### Source

Displays the source from which the workflow ran. Workflow sources can be one of the following:

- <u>Custom Alarm Action</u>
- Notification Action
- Saved Tasks
- Workflow Designer
- Northbound Interface
- Site Discover Action
- Scheduled Tasks
- Device
- <u>Port</u>
- Security

#### **#** Devices

Displays the number of devices on which the workflow is executed.

#### Description

A description of the workflow. This is defined on the **General** tab in the Details section of the **Workflows** tab.

#### **Started By**

Displays the user who initiated the workflow.

#### End Date/Time

Displays the date and time the workflow ended.

#### Message

Displays information regarding the reason for the Status (for example, Exceeded default time out).

Path

Displays the path on the Workflows tab in which the workflow is saved.

Click the **Refresh** icon to update the Workflow Results table to include any newly executed workflows.

# **Workflow Details**

The **Workflow Details** tab displays when you double-click a workflow in the Workflow Results table of the **Workflow Dashboard** tab.

Vorikti	ow Dashboard Sc	heduled Task	s Saved	Tasks So	ripts Work	flows	×				۹	?
Summ	ary											
atus	Start Date/Time	Name	Version	Source	# Devices	Started By		d Date/Time	Message	Path		
~	2018/08/30 13:51:45	test	4		1	NetSight Serve	er 20	18/08/30 13:51:45		/Workflows/	test	
							Devices Of					
In the View Table View Stop Workflow Show Output Show Veriables							Devices Gr	d				
Q	Ø	.Sto	p Workflow	E Show Out	put ill Shov	Variables					ut 🖻 Show \	
							Status No Data Ava	Device IP	Output Path	Start Date/Time	End Date/Time	м
					<b>⊶</b> ⊡		NO Data Ava					
						-						
		_										
	t					End						
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The Workflow Details view contains three sections:

- Workflow Summary
- <u>Activities</u>
- Devices Grid

# Workflow Summary

The Workflow Summary table provides basic information about the workflow you select in the Workflow Results table.

Workfl	ow Dashboard Sch	neduled Tasks	Saved	Tasks Scrip	ts Work	flows			Q ?	≡
Summa										
Status	Start Date/Time 2018/08/30 13:51:45	Name	Version 4	Source	# Devices	Started By NetSight Server	End Date/Time 2018/08/30 13:51:45	Message	Path /Workflows	i/lest
*	2010-00-00 10:01:00									

### ID

A system-defined ID number for the workflow.

#### Status

Indicates whether the workflow completed successfully, partially completed, timed out, or failed:

- SUCCESS ( ) Indicates the workflow completed successfully and all Activities within the workflow succeeded.
- COMPLETED () Indicates the workflow completed successfully, but not all Activities within the workflow succeeded.
- TIMEDOUT (?) Indicates the workflow did not complete in the amount of time configured in the **Timeout** field on the **Inputs** tab for the workflow.
- FAILED ( $\times$ ) Indicates the workflow did not complete successfully.
- CANCELED () Indicates a user canceled the workflow while it was running.

#### Start Date/Time

Displays the date and time the workflow started.

## Name

Displays the name of the workflow.

#### Version

Displays the version of the workflow run on the devices. Each time you edit the workflow, the **Version** is incremented. This allows you to determine the exact workflow run on a device, even if the workflow is modified. For example, if you configure a workflow as a Scheduled Task (version 1) and then make a modification to the workflow (version 2), the version indicates the iteration of the workflow you are running.

## Source

Displays the source from which the workflow ran. Workflows can be initiated from the following features:

- Custom Alarm Action
- Notification Action
- Saved Tasks
- Workflow Designer
- Northbound Interface
- Site Discover Action
- Scheduled Tasks
- <u>Device</u>
- <u>Port</u>
- Security

## # Devices

Displays the number of devices on which the workflow is executed.

### Description

A description of the workflow. This is defined on the **General** tab in the Details section of the **Workflows** tab.

## Started By

Displays the user who initiated the workflow.

## End Date/Time

Displays the date and time the workflow ended.

## Message

Displays information regarding the reason for the Status (for example, Exceeded default time out).

## Path

Displays the path on the Workflows tab in which the workflow is saved.

# Activities

The Activities section displays details about each of the activities in the workflow you select in the Workflow Results table. It contains two tabs - graphical and tabular - each providing a different view of the workflow:

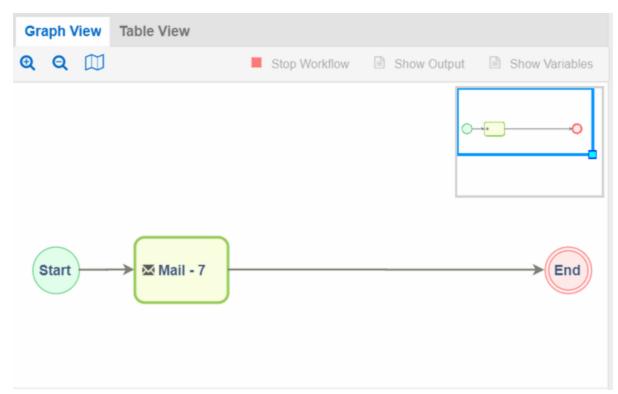
- Graph View
- Table View

# Graph View

The **Graph View** tab provides a visual representation of active or historical workflows. This allows you to view the workflow version Extreme Management Center is using or did use when executing the workflow, regardless of the difference between the version run and the current version.

The Graph View includes the following features:

- Buttons
- Workflow Mini Map
- Workflow Run



## Buttons

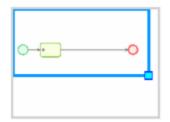
Use the buttons at the top of the **Graph View** tab to perform the following functions:

- Zoom ( Q) Use to zoom in and out of the graph view.
- Toggle Mini Map () Opens a mini map displaying an overview of the entire workflow.
- Stop Workflow Click to stop an active workflow currently running.
- Show Output Select an activity and click to open a new window displaying the output generated by the activity. This information is also contained in the text file found in the Output Path on the device.
- Show Variables Select an activity and click to open a new window displaying the variables included in the activity.

**NOTE:** If a workflow is run against more than one device, select the activity in the Graph or Table View and then select the device in the <u>Devices Grid</u> and use the **Show Output** and **Show Variables** buttons in that area.

#### Workflow Mini Map

The mini map view displays the workflow run and the surrounding space in the graph view area.

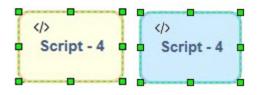


To move the area of focus in the graph view, move the cursor over the blue focus box in the mini map until the cursor changes to a **Move** icon ( ( ). Select the blue

focus box and move it in the mini map to the area on which you want to focus the Designer. Additionally, you can shrink or expand the blue focus box to automatically zoom in or out of the workflow, respectively. Select the light-blue box in the bottom-right corner of the blue focus box and resize the blue focus box as needed.

#### Workflow Run

The **Graph View** tab displays active and historical workflows as workflow runs. Click each element in the workflow run to display details about that element in the <u>Devices Grid</u>. When you select an activity in the workflow run, it is selected in the <u>Table View</u> as well. Selected items display with a green broken line border:



Activities that are active and currently being executed display in the workflow run in blue and are flashing. When the workflow finishes executing, the activity output and execution path taken is displayed in the workflow run.

The color of the activity represents its status in the workflow run:

Script - 5	Green	The activity completed successfully.
Script - 4	Orange	A user canceled the activity.
>Script - 4	Blue	The activity is active.
✔ HTTP - 9	Red	The activity failed to complete.
Script - 14	Grey	The workflow skipped the activity.

# Table View

The **Table View** tab provides the results of each activity in the workflow selected in the Workflow Results section as a table.

Activities						
Graph View	Table View					
					B Show Output	B Show Variables
Status	Name	Custom Id	Activity Type	Message	Start Date/Time	End Date/Time
SUCCESS	Script	ID4	script		2018/05/02 16:51:36	2018/05/02 16:51:36
FAILED	Shell - 5	ID5	shell	Cannot run program "error". CreateProcess err	2018/05/02 16:51:36	2018/05/02 16:51:36

### Status

Indicates the result of the activity (for example, SUCCESS, FAILED, TIMEDOUT, CANCELED).

#### Name

Displays the name of the activity.

# **Custom ID**

A user-defined ID number for the selected activity.

### **History ID**

A system-defined ID number for the selected activity.

# **Activity Type**

The type of activity (e.g. script) run as part of the workflow.

### Description

A description of the activity. This is defined on the **General** tab in the Details section of the **Workflows** tab.

#### Message

Displays information regarding the reason for the **Status** (for example, Exceeded default time out).

# Start Date/Time

Displays the date and time the activity started.

# End Date/Time

Displays the date and time the activity ended.

Select an activity and click the **Show Output** icon to open a new window displaying the output generated by the activity. This information is also contained in the text file found in the **Output Path** on the device. Select an activity and click the **Show Variables** icon to open a new window displaying the variables included in the activity. When you select an activity in the table, it is also selected in the <u>workflow run</u> in the **Graph View** tab and displays with a green broken line border.

# Devices Grid

The Activity Device Results section of the window provides information about the devices on which the workflow ran.

Devices Grid	d				
			🖹 S	how Output 📄 S	Show Variables
Status	Device IP	Output Path	Start Date/Time	End Date/Time	Message
SUCCESS			2018/11/16 14:3	2018/11/16 14:3	

#### •

#### Status

Indicates result of the workflow (for example, SUCCESS, FAILED, TIMEDOUT, CANCELED) for the device. SKIPPED indicates the workflow ran on a device on which the operating system defined in the Network OS tab is not installed.

#### **Device IP**

The IP address of the device on which the workflow ran.

# **Output Path**

The path on the device where a text file is created that displays the output generated on the device by the workflow.

# Start Date/Time

Displays the date and time the workflow started running on the device.

# End Date/Time

Displays the date and time the workflow finished running on the device.

# Buttons

Use the buttons at the top of the **Table View** tab to perform the following functions:

- Show Output Select an activity and click to open a new window displaying the output generated by the activity. This information is also contained in the text file found in the Output Path on the device.
- Show Variables Select an activity and click to open the Variables window, which displays the variables included in the activity. Double-click a variable in the window to open the Variable Details window, which displays the Name and Value of the variable and allows you to copy and paste the information.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Workflows</u>
- <u>Scripts</u>
- How to Create Scripts in Extreme Management Center
- Saved Tasks
- <u>Scheduled Tasks</u>

**NOTE:** If a workflow is run against more than one device, select the activity in the Graph or Table View and then select the device in the <u>Devices Grid</u> and use the **Show Output** and **Show Variables** buttons in that area.

# **Scheduled Tasks Overview**

The **Scheduled Tasks** tab allows you to configure Extreme Management Center to automatically perform the following tasks:

- Generate a subset of available reports in PDF format
- Run a workflow
- Run a script
- Email information to Extreme Networks Support
- Discover newly added devices

**NOTE:** For the email notification to work, configure your SMTP Email Server options. Click the **SMTP** button to open the SMTP Email Server window, where you can define your outgoing email server and the sender's address for your email notifications.

The Scheduled Tasks table lets you view currently scheduled tasks and use toolbar buttons to add, edit, copy, and delete a scheduled task. Click the **Disable** button to disable all active scheduled tasks.

In the table, a green icon (•) in the **Status** column indicates the task ran successfully and a red icon (•) indicates an error occurred the last time the task ran. Click the red icon for error details.

Click the **Run** button to run a scheduled task immediately without having to change the scheduled run times. This facilitates the testing of scheduled tasks.

Access the event log from the Alarms & Events > Events tab, which allows you to display the status of events in Extreme Management Center. Select Scheduled Task from the drop-down list at the top of the table to view task execution events and errors.

# **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- How to Schedule Tasks
- Saved Tasks
- <u>Scripts</u>

- <u>Workflows</u>
- Workflow Dashboard

# **Saved Tasks**

The **Saved Tasks** tab allows you to view tasks (scripts and workflows) you save after running them on a device or group of devices. Once a task is saved, you can quickly run it again later.

Ε	Scripts	Workflows	Saved Tasks	Task Monitor				Q 7	≡
*	🔯 Edt	🔚 Save As	强 Run 🥥	Delete Ø Ref	esh				Q
▲ ≙	Scheduled	Category † System	Name Configure E	User Name	Task Name Script to configure a switch	Туре	Comments	Date Modified 2018/01/30 13:45:1	15
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•	•					-			•
7		) Lest U	(pointed: 2010/01/00 13:45)	15 Uptime: 0 Days 22:47:1	4		Operations*	i 🛛 🖉 🚺 🚺	30

#### Edit

Click **Edit** to open the **Edit Saved Task** window, where you can edit the task configuration, the devices on which the task is run, and whether the task is automatically run on a scheduled basis.

# Save As

Click Save As to save the task with a new Name, which you can then edit.

# Run

Click **Run** to run the task as configured.

# Delete

Click **Delete** to remove the task from the **Saved Tasks** tab.

# Refresh

Click **Refresh** to update the list of saved tasks.

#### Scheduled

A checkmark in this column indicates the task is performed on a scheduled basis.

### Category

The task category, if configured. Category indicates the purpose of the task.

#### Name

The name of the script or workflow running as a result of executing the task. The **Name** is defined when creating the script or workflow and can not be edited.

### **User Name**

The name of the user who saved the task.

### Task Name

The name assigned to the saved task. The **Task Name** is defined when saving the script or workflow as a saved task and can not be edited.

# Туре

The type of task, either Script or Workflow.

### Version

When the saved task is a workflow, this indicates the version of the workflow run on the devices. Each time you edit the workflow, the **Version** is incremented. This allows you to determine the exact workflow run on a device, even if the workflow is modified. For example, if you configure a workflow as a Saved Task (version 1) and then make a modification to the workflow (version 2), the version indicates the iteration of the workflow you are running.

When the saved task is a script, **Version** is **O** as Extreme Management Center always uses the most recently saved version of a script initiated from the **Saved Tasks** tab.

# Script/Workflow ID

Displays the system-defined ID for the script or workflow. This number is determined when the script or workflow is created.

#### Comments

Comments or a description of the task.

# **Date Modified**

The date the task was last modified.

# **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- How to Create Scripts in Extreme Management Center
- Workflows
- <u>Scheduled Tasks</u>

# **Scripts Overview**

The **Scripts** tab allows you to view pre-defined scripts provided by Extreme Management Center, and allows you to create your own scripts.

Extreme Management Center scripts are files containing python scripts, CLI commands, control structures, and data manipulation functions. Scripts can be executed on one or more devices or ports: simultaneously on multiple devices or ports, or on one device or port at a time.

You can create tasks, which run a script on specified devices or ports at specified times, either on a one-time or recurring basis. Tasks execute the script according to a schedule you configure.

To display the scripts configured in Extreme Management Center, open **Tasks** > **Scripts**.

Scheduled	d Tasks Saved Tasks	Scripts Workflo	ow History				Q 7	-
O Att +	Ditt. Gam. 4	Doors D Reta	sh input.	Equil.			17 Street Ories	¢
Script Type	Name 1	Category	Seved Tasks	Workflow	Modified By	Comments	Oute Modified	
Python	App Telemetry Poller	System			system	Factory script to return statistics on App Telemetry configure .	2010/04/11 8 45:02	
TCL.	Apply Blackhole Host ACL	Security			system	Factory script to apply access-lists to blackhole the specified .	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
TCL.	Apply Block Traffic ACL	Security			system	Factory script to apply access-lists to block both incoming an	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
FCL.	Apply Mirror Traffic ACL	Security			system	Factory script to apply access-lists to mirror both incoming a	2018/04/11 8:45:02	
TCL.	Associate VPLS peers	VPLS			system	Factory script to associate VPLS peers	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
10.	Conditional statements	Example			system	Example script to demonstrate if. then, else syntax	2018/04/11 8:45:02	
TCL.	Configure EAPS Basic	Config			system	The script assists in the configuration of Various switch para.	2018/04/11 8 45 12	
Python .	Configure LLDP Support	-			system	Factory script to setup LLDP support on a device	2018/05/01 12:05:45	
TCL.	Configure SFlowPlus	System			system	Factory script to setup show plus on a device	2018/04/11 8:45:02	
Python	Configure SLX Sysleg	System			system.	Factory script to setup systog on a SLX device	2018/04/11 8:45:02	
Python	Configure SNMP Profile	-			tayshort	Factory script to setup SNMP profile on a device	2018/05/01 12:05:45	
TCL.	Configure Sensor	System			system	Factory script to setup Mirroring and GRE Tunneling for Anal	2018/04/11 8:45:02	
TOL	Configure Switch Basic	Config			system	The script assists in the configuration of various switch para.	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
TCL.	Configure VoiP services	Config			system	The script assists in the configuration of various switch para.	2010/04/11 8 45:02	
TCI.	Create VLAN	VLAN			system	Factory script to Create and provision new VLAN	2010/04/11 8 45:02	
TOL.	Create VPL5	VPLS			system	Factory script to Create and provision new VPLS	2010/04/11 8 45:02	
rca,	Create stan protocol litter	VLAN			system	Factory script to create new protocol filter and configure prot.	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
TOL	Detele Protocol Filter	VLAN			system	Factory script to delete or remove a protocol type from a Prot.	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
TCL.	Delete VLAN	VLAN			system	Factory script to delete a vian	2010/04/11 0 45:02	
TCL.	Disable Selected Ports	Macro			system	Factory script to disable selected ports	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
Python	Download Configuration	1.1			tysten	Factory script to download a configuration to a device	2018/05/01 12:05:45	

# Script Type

The language in which the script is written.

### Name

The name of the script. The script **Name** is defined when adding the script and can not be edited.

### Category

The script category, if configured. The **Category** indicates the purpose of the script.

#### Saved Tasks

A checkmark in this column indicates the script is configured as a saved task and is available on the **Saved Tasks** tab.

### Workflow

A checkmark in this column indicates the task is included in a workflow.

### **Modified By**

The name of the last user to modify the script.

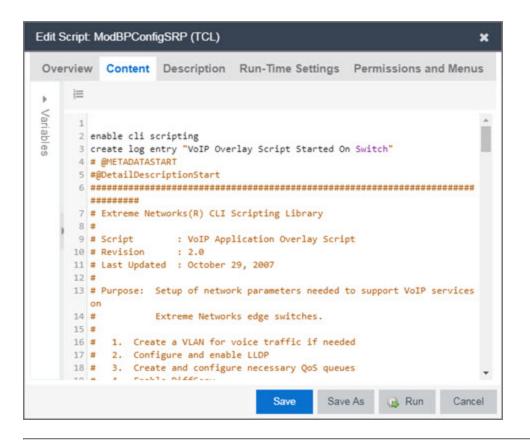
### Comments

Comments or a description of the script.

### **Date Modified**

The date the script was last modified.

Double-click a script to open the **Edit Script** window.



# **Related Information**

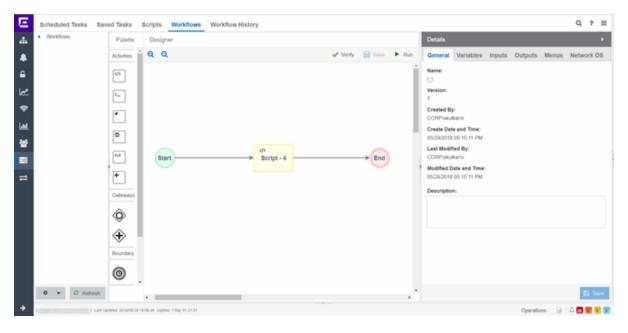
For information on related tabs:

- How to Create Scripts in Extreme Management Center
- <u>Workflows</u>
- <u>Saved Tasks</u>
- <u>Scheduled Tasks</u>

# Workflows

The **Workflows** tab allows you to view workflows you create modeled as diagrams, with each action linked in a chain. Once you create a workflow, Extreme Management Center performs a single action or a complex series of steps with a single click. You can also define a set of actions in the event an

action occurs successfully and another set of actions in the event an action does not occur successfully.



Once you create a workflow, you can configure it as a task. You can then run the workflow task on specified devices or ports, either on a one-time or recurring basis via the **Saved Tasks** or **Scheduled Tasks tab**, respectively. Additionally, you can configure a workflow to automatically begin when an alarm occurs in Extreme Management Center on the **Alarm & Events** tab.

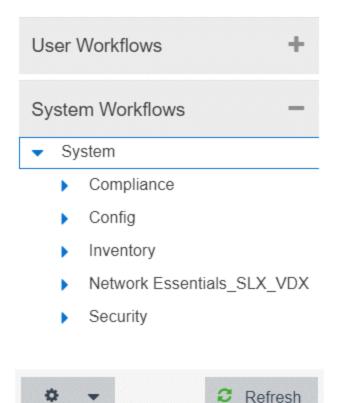
**NOTE:** Creating your own workflows requires the NMS-ADV license.

The Workflows tab contains four sections:

- Workflows List
- <u>Palette</u>
- <u>Designer</u>
- Details

# **Workflows List**

The Workflows list displays user- and <u>system-defined workflows</u> in the User Workflows panel and System Workflows panel, respectively.



#### User Workflows

The user-defined workflows, contained in the User Workflows panel, are workflows you create manually. You can also select a system-defined workflow, right-click and select Save As, then enter a new name for a workflow to use a system-defined workflow as a template when creating a new workflow. Additionally, you can <u>import</u> <u>a saved workflow</u> into Extreme Management Center by right-clicking Workflows or a Workflow Group in the User Workflows left-panel and selecting **Import**.

**NOTE:** Not all configuration information is imported when <u>importing a workflow</u>.

#### System Workflows

The <u>system-defined workflows</u>, contained in the System Workflows panel, provide you with sample workflows designed to perform tasks in Extreme Management Center. These workflows and workflow groups cannot be deleted or modified, but can be copied by right-clicking the workflow in the Workflows list and clicking **Save As**. Use the copies you create as templates to create additional workflows.

#### Gear

Click the **Gear** icon ( • ) to open a menu from which you can create a new

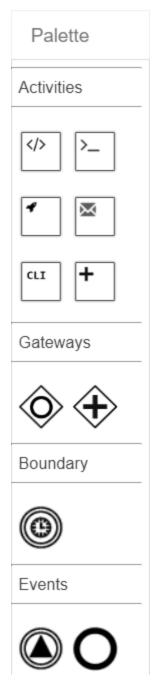
workflow or workflow group, rename or delete the selected workflow or workflow group, or <u>import</u> or export a workflow as an encrypted file.

#### Refresh

Click the **Refresh** icon to update the Workflows list to display any recent changes.

# Palette

The Palette section contains the components available to create your workflow.



Drag and drop the icon from the Palette section into the Designer to add it to your workflow. Each icon represents a component you can use to create your workflow. Components are organized into subsections depending on their purpose.

Туре	lcon	Description
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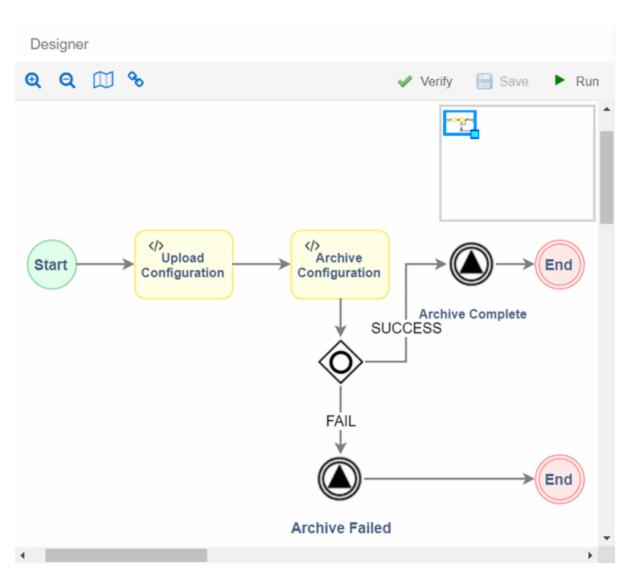
	Script Activity	Use the <b>Script Activity</b> icon to add a script to your workflow. Drag the <b>Script Activity</b> icon into the Designer at the location in the workflow where you want the script to execute. Click the script and use the <b>Details</b> section to configure the script for the workflow.
	Shell Activity	Use the <b>Shell Activity</b> icon to configure a shell command that is run locally on the server as part of your workflow. Drag the <b>Shell Activity</b> icon into the Designer at the location in the workflow where you want the shell command to execute. Click the shell command and use the <b>Details</b> section to configure the command for the workflow.
	HTTP Activity	Use the HTTP Activity icon to receive or distribute data. Drag the HTTP Activity icon into the Designer at the location in the workflow where you want the HTTP activity to occur. Click the HTTP Activity and use the Details section to configure the call for the workflow.
Activities	Mail Activity	Use the <b>Mail Activity</b> icon to send an email if SMTP email options are configured. Drag the <b>Mail Activity</b> icon into the Designer at the location in the workflow where you want the email to occur. Click the <b>Mail Activity</b> and use the <b>Details</b> section to configure the email for that step of the workflow.
	CLI Activity	Use the <b>CLI Activity</b> icon to run a CLI command remotely on a device as part of your workflow. Extreme Management Center uses the CLI credentials specified in the profile of each device to run the CLI activity. Drag the <b>CLI Activity</b> icon into the Designer at the location in the workflow where you want the command to occur. Click the <b>CLI Activity</b> and use the <b>Details</b> section to configure the command for the workflow.
	<b>+</b> Activity Group	Use the Activity Group icon to group multiple activities together, which allows you to use a common set of variables and receive a single output from the activities in the group. Drag the Activity Group icon into the Designer at the location in the workflow where you want to include the group. Drag the appropriate activities into the Designer and then drag them into the Activity Group box to add them to the group. The Activity Group box displays a dark blue border when activities are successfully added to the group.

Gateways	Inclusive Parallel	Use the Inclusive Parallel gateway to create multiple paths for the workflow. The Inclusive Parallel gateway executes each path based on the output from the previous activity or activity group and then uses the conditions defined for each link. Using the Inclusive Parallel gateway, you can configure one path to execute if the previous activity completed successfully and another path to execute if the previous activity failed. You can also define conditions on each path, such that only the conditions that are TRUE are executed. For example, you can configure the gateway to execute a path based on the output of the previous activity (e.g. Firmware is less than version 10). Gateways execute all paths before moving on to the next activities.
	Parallel	Use the <b>Parallel</b> gateway to create multiple paths that execute simultaneously. This gateway executes all paths, regardless of the output of the previous activity. Unlike paths following an <b>Inclusive Parallel</b> gateway, paths following a <b>Parallel</b> gateway do not contain conditions. Gateways execute all paths before moving on to the next activities.
Boundary	Boundary Timer	If an activity does not complete in the time specified in the <b>Boundary Timer</b> , the path of the timer is executed. For example, if the timer is set to 20 seconds (and the workflow engine performs a check every 10 seconds), then the boundary timer path may be executed between 20-30 seconds after the activity start time.
		Add the <b>Boundary Timer</b> by dragging and dropping the icon from the Palette section to the Designer section onto an activity or by right-clicking an activity and clicking <b>Attach</b> <b>Boundary Timer</b> .

Events	Signal Signal	Add a <b>Signal</b> event to the workflow to generate an event when the workflow executes the path within the workflow. Use the <b>Signal Type</b> drop-down list on the <b>Inputs</b> tab to configure whether the event displays on the <b>Events</b> tab or if the event is sent as a <b>Syslog</b> message to the server you specify on the <u>Inputs tab</u> in the Details section.
	O End	Add an <b>End</b> event to indicate the completion of a path in the workflow.

# Designer

The Designer section of the tab allows you to organize the Activities, Gateways, Boundaries, and Events you select for your workflows. Drag the icons to reorder your workflow paths.



Double-click the center of an Activity, link, or Event in the Designer and a cursor appears allowing you to change its **Name**.

After organizing your workflow elements in the appropriate order, hover over each Activity and Gateway to link or delete each using the appropriate icon.

</>
Script - 2

Link — Click and drag the **Arrow** icon to link the item to the next item in the workflow. If the element's border around the next item is green, the link is valid. If the element's border is red, the link is not valid and the link is not created. A pop-up window appears describing the reason the link is not valid. </b>
Script - 23

Delete — Click the **Delete** icon to remove the item, along with the links to and from it, from the workflow.

The top of the section contains icons that allow you to manipulate and execute the workflow:

- Zoom Zooms in and out of the workflow in the Designer.
- Toggle Mini Map () Opens a small map displaying an overview of the entire

# workflow.

To move the area of focus for the Designer, move the cursor over the blue focus box in the mini map until the cursor changes to a **Move** icon ( A ). Select the blue focus

box and move it in the mini map to the area on which you want to focus the Designer.

Additionally, you can shrink or expand the blue focus box to automatically zoom in or out of the workflow, respectively. Select the light-blue box in the bottom-right corner of the blue focus box and resize the blue focus box as needed.

- Link Edit Mode () Select the Link Edit Mode icon to add a new activity, gateway, or event on a link. To add a new activity, gateway, or event in Link Edit Mode, drag and drop it into the Designer, then drag it to the link on which you are adding it.
- Verify Validates the workflow. Does not validate data in the Inputs tabs of the Activities included in your workflow.
- Save Saves your changes to the selected workflow.
- Run Opens the Run Workflow window, from which you can configure the workflow you are executing. This window allows you to configure Activity Inputs included in the workflow that are undefined or require a prompt to run. Click the Previous and Next buttons to navigate through the items you need to configure. Click the Save Task button to open a menu from which you can save the workflow as a task in the Saved Tasks tab. Click the Run button to execute the workflow:
  - If your workflow includes the **devices** variable, you are prompted to select the devices on which the workflow is run. You have the option of saving the devices if you save the workflow as a task.
  - If your workflow includes the **ports** variable, you are prompted to select the ports on which the workflow is run. You have the option of saving the ports if you save the workflow as a task.

- If your workflow includes an Activity for which the **Prompt User** checkbox is selected on the **Inputs** tab, you are prompted to specify variable values prior to running the workflow. The Activity is included as part of the workflow.
- You are prompted to indicate whether the workflow is run on a scheduled basis in the **Schedule Task** window. To configure the workflow to run automatically on a scheduled basis, click the **Enabled** checkbox and select when the workflow runs. Clicking **Enabled** displays additional fields where you define the frequency Extreme Management Center runs the workflow, and the date and time range between which Extreme Management Center runs the workflow. Use the Email section to configure Extreme Management Center to send an email when the workflow is run, if desired.

# Details

Use the Details section to configure the behavior of each item in the workflow, or the workflow itself. Select an Activity, Link, Gateway, Boundary, or Event in the Designer section to display the details for that item in the Details section. Use the Details section to configure the behavior of each item in the workflow.

The Details section contains tabs that vary depending on what you select in the Designer section of the tab:

- General (Workflow)
- General (Element)
- <u>Condition</u>
- <u>Variables</u>
- Inputs
- Outputs
- <u>Menus</u>
- Network OS

# General (Workflow)

The Workflow Details section includes a **General** tab that displays basic information about the workflow.

# Name

The name of the workflow.

#### Version

The version number of the workflow.

### **Created By**

The name of the admin who created the workflow.

### **Create Date and Time**

The date and time the workflow was created.

# Last Modified By

The name of the admin who last modified the workflow.

### **Modified Date and Time**

The date and time the workflow was last modified.

### Description

Allows you to enter a description of the workflow.

# General (Element)

The **General** tab displays the basic information about the element you select in the Designer section of the tab.

#### Name

Name of the selected item. Double-click the center of an Activity, link, or Event in the Designer and a cursor appears allowing you to change its **Name**.

#### ID

A system-assigned ID number for the selected item. This can not be edited.

# **Custom ID**

A user-defined alphanumeric ID for the selected item.

**NOTE:** The '-' and '\_' characters are also valid.

#### Description

A description of the selected item.

#### Save

Click **Save** to save your changes to the workflow.

# Condition

The **Condition** tab displays when selecting a link following an Inclusive Parallel gateway.

Details			Þ
General	Condition		
Configura	tion		
Express	ion Type:		
Evalua	te Status	-	
Operato	r:		
Equals	to	-	
Status:			
SUCCE	ESS	-	
		🖪 Sa	ve

This tab allows you to select the conditions under which the workflow executes the path following the link. The link uses the output from the previous activity to determine whether the workflow continues executing the path.

#### Save

Click **Save** to save your changes to the workflow.

# **Expression Type**

The type of output used to determine the condition under which the workflow continues along the following path. Valid options are:

• Always True — The workflow continues down the path following the link, regardless of the output of the previous activity.

- Evaluate Status The workflow continues down the path following the link based on the Status of the previous activity's output (e.g. SUCCESS, FAILED, and TIMEDOUT).
- Evaluate Variables The workflow continues down the path of the link based on a comparative value of the variable's output (e.g. Firmware version is less than 8.2).
- Custom The workflow continues down the path if the output matches the value in the Expression field.

# Evaluate Status

#### Operator

**Operator** indicates the comparison between the output status of the previous activity and the **Status** you select (for example, **Equals to**).

#### Status

**Status** indicates the previous activity's output. Extreme Management Center compares this value using the relationship defined as the **Operator** against the output status of the previous activity to determine if the workflow continues the path of the link.

# **Evaluate Variables**

#### Variable

Variable indicates the output variable Extreme Management Center uses to compare against the Value using the relationship defined as the **Operator** to determine if the workflow continues after the link.

#### Operator

**Operator** indicates the comparison between the **Variable** and the **Value** you enter (for example, **Equals to** or **Not Equals to**).

**NOTE:** When **Operator** is **In**, Extreme Management Center compares a variable against the values in a comma-separated list. If the variable contains a comma, the comparison fails. For example, if the variable is "abc,123" and the value is "abc,123", Extreme Management Center observes the variable as "abc,123" (one string), while Extreme Management Center observes the value as "abc" and "123" (two strings). The comparison fails because the string "abc,123" is not contained in either the "abc" or the "123" string.

### Value

Value indicates the value against which Extreme Management Center compares the Variable using the relationship defined as the **Operator** to determine if the workflow continues after the link.

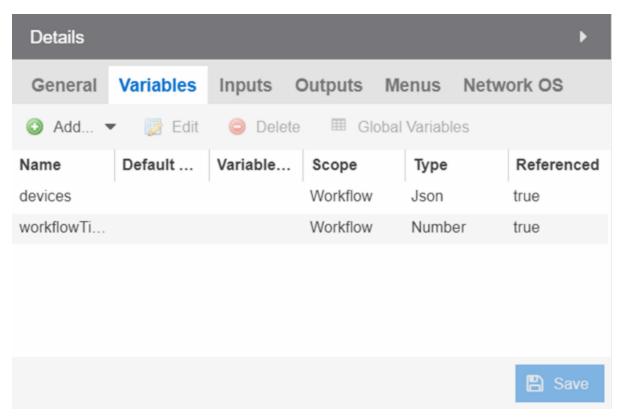
### Expression

#### Expression

**Expression** indicates a custom expression Extreme Management Center uses to determine if the workflow continues after the link.

# Variables

The **Variables** tab displays when selecting an activity or when nothing is selected for the entire workflow.



This tab allows you to add, edit, or delete variables used in your workflow. Variables you create serve as a placeholder for a specific value. After you create a variable, Extreme Management Center automatically substitutes the **Value** you define in the workflow or activity when the variable is selected. You can also configure the workflow to prompt you for a **Value** when the workflow is running. Extreme Management Center comes with two system-defined variables, devices and ports.

The devices variable substitutes the device name in place of the variable, while the ports variable substitutes the port number in place of the variable. Devices and ports Extreme Management Center substitutes are specified when you run the workflow.

**NOTE:** If you delete the devices or ports variables, you need to add them back to the workflow. Use the Add > Pre-defined drop-down list in the Workflow Variables tab to add devices or ports variables back to a workflow.

#### Name

Displays the name of the variable.

#### **Default Value**

Displays the value Extreme Management Center uses, if no other value has been specified, when substituting the variable. Enter a value associated with the variable type you define. This column is optional.

#### Variable Reference

Displays the variable on which the variable you are creating is dependent. For example, if you are creating a variable named **Variable B**, which uses the value of **Variable A** as its input, **Variable A** displays in this field. This field is only available when **Scope** is **Activity**.

#### Scope

Displays the extent to which the variable is used. Valid options are **Workflow** or **Activity**, depending on whether the variable is used throughout the entire workflow, or only for the currently selected activity, respectively.

#### Туре

Defines the type of information the variable is substituting. Valid options are:

- String Select to substitute a string. Additionally, select a Type of String when substituting a custom variable created on the Custom Variables tab with a Type of IP, MAC Address, Subnet.
- Boolean Select to substitute the variable with a boolean operator.
- Number Select to substitute the variable with a number.
- JSON Select to substitute the variable with a JSON file.

# Referenced

A value of **True** in this field indicates that the variable is used as the **Variable Reference** of another variable, or if the variable is used as the Input for an activity.

### Add

Click the **Add** icon to add a new line to the table from which you can create a new variable.

#### Edit

Click the **Edit** icon to edit an existing variable.

### Delete

Click the **Delete** icon to remove a variable from the list.

NOTE: Variables for which Referenced is True cannot be deleted.

### **Custom Variables**

Click the button to open a new window, where you can select custom variables to include in your activity. Custom variables include system-defined variables and those user-defined variables you create on the Site > **Custom Variables** tab.

### Save

Click **Save** to save your changes to the workflow.

# Inputs

The **Inputs** tab displays inputs for the selected activity or inputs for the workflow when you select an activity or when nothing is selected for the entire workflow, respectively.

Details				Þ
General Variables	Inputs	Outputs	Network OS	
🎲 Config				
Script Source				•
<ul> <li>Embed Script</li> </ul>				
O Import Script				
Script Configuration				•
Script Type:				
Python				
Script Content:				
Edit Script				
Execution Settings				•
Terminate workflow	on failure.			
				🖺 Save

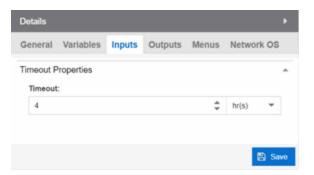
The fields on this tab change depending on the type of activity you select:

- <u>Workflow</u>
- <u>Script</u>
- <u>Shell</u>
- <u>HTTP</u>
- <u>Mail</u>
- <u>CLI</u>

Enter the appropriate input configuration for your workflow.

# Workflow

Selecting the **Inputs** tab when nothing is selected in the Designer section allows you to configure inputs for the entire workflow.



# Timeout

Enter the amount of time the workflow will run before it times out. Because Extreme Management Center performs a check every 10 seconds to ensure all workflows are running within the specified duration, workflows may actually run up to 10 seconds longer than the timeout time you enter. For example, if you enter a timeout of 5 minutes for a workflow to execute, the workflow will cease execution within 10 seconds of the five-minute timeout designation.

# Script

Selecting the **Inputs** tab when a script is selected in the Designer section allows you to configure inputs specific to that script.

Details				Þ
General Variables	Inputs	Outputs	Network OS	
🎲 Config				
Script Source				<b>^</b>
Embed Script				
O Import Script				
Script Configuration				*
Script Type:				
Python				
Script Content:				
Edit Script				
Execution Settings				•
Terminate workflow	on failure.			
				🖺 Save

#### Manage Inputs

Click to open the <u>Manage Inputs window</u> to display a list of the variables the activity uses.

# **Script Source**

Select a button to indicate the source of the script:

- Embed Script Select this option to type or paste the contents of the script in the Script Content field.
- Import Script Select this option to import a script saved on the Scripts tab.

**NOTES:** Once you include a script in a workflow via the **Import Script** option, it is available for future workflows via the **Embed Script** option.

If you make changes to an imported script, the script changes are not saved on the **Scripts** tab.

#### Script Type

The language in which the script is written.

### Script Content

The python scripts, CLI commands, control structures, and data manipulation being executed.

# **Edit Script**

Click Edit to change the Script Content.

### Terminate workflow on failure

Select the checkbox to stop the workflow if the workflow does not complete the activity successfully.

### Save

Click **Save** to save your changes to the workflow.

# Shell

Selecting the **Inputs** tab when a shell activity is selected in the Designer section allows you to configure inputs specific to that shell activity.

Details					Þ
General	Variables	Inputs	Outputs	Network C	S
🌍 Config					
Shell Con Comman	-				^
Wait:					
yes				*	
Director	у:				
Execution	Settings				^
🗌 Term	inate workflow	on failure.			
				🖺 Sa	ive

#### Manage Inputs

Click to open the <u>Manage Inputs window</u> to display a list of the variables the activity uses.

#### Command

Shell activity scripts must include a command, followed by one or more options or variables. Shell commands may also include subcommands, which would follow the options or variables in the script construction.

The Command field requires the absolute path to the script of the shell activity. Enter the shell commands to run this activity locally on the server as part of your workflow.

Following are examples of shell commands with options/variables and subcommands:

```
Example 1: cat command using absolute path:
/bin/sh -c "sudo /bin/cat /var/log/syslog | egrep -e
"CLILOG|CLIAUDIT" | sed 's/</\n/g'"</pre>
```

Example 2: cat command from the system PATH for the user running xmc (for

```
example,root):
/bin/sh -c "export PATH; sudo cat /var/log/syslog | egrep
-e "CLILOG|CLIAUDIT" | sed 's/</\n/g'"</pre>
```

Example 3: cat command that uses workflow variable called CAT\_GREP\_VAR: /bin/sh -c "export PATH; sudo cat /var/log/syslog | egrep -e "\${CAT GREP VAR}" | sed 's/</\n/g'"</pre>

Example 4: Execute a custom command called 'foo' stored in an Extreme Management Center directory. /home/foo, which includes a single option stored in a variable. Set the "Working Directory" to /home/foo, so the variable starts in the correct directory to find foo: /bin/sh -c "export PATH; ./foo \${CUSTOM\_VAR}"

**NOTE:** If a command includes subcommands, spaces, or uses quotes or special OS characters (for example, |), use quotes around the options/variables and subcommands. If the command uses spaces, use quotes around the entire command construction.

The timeout and outputMaxSize variables limit the processing time and output used for the shell activity.

The timeout variable is the maximum time (displayed in seconds) that the shell activity will wait for the command to complete execution. The default timeout is 180.

The outputMaxSize variable is the maximum number of bytes allowed for the output produced by the shell activity command. The default is 1MB.

NOTE:	If a shell activity script does not include the timeout	OroutputMaxSize
	variables, the following default values will be used:	
	timeout:180	
	outputMaxSize:1000000	

#### Wait

Select **yes** or **no** from the drop-down list to indicate whether or not the workflow waits for the shell command to complete before continuing.

#### Directory

The location of the shell script on the server.

# Terminate workflow on failure

Select the checkbox to stop the workflow if the workflow does not complete the activity successfully.

#### Save

Click **Save** to save your changes to the workflow.

# HTTP

Selecting the **Inputs** tab when an HTTP activity is selected in the Designer section allows you to configure the inputs specific to that HTTP activity.

Details					Þ
General	Variables	Inputs	Outputs	Networl	k OS
🍥 Config					
HTTP Co	nfiguration				•
Request	t Method:				
POST				*	
Request	URL:				
Request	t Headers:				
User Na	ma:				
Ober Na	ine.				
Passwo	rd-				
rasswo				Ø	
Request	Body				
Request	bouy.				
Request	t Timeout:				
0					
Request	t Retry Limit:				
0					
Socket	Timeout:				
5000					
Connect	t Timeout:				
5000					
Connect	tion request ti	meout in m	illiseconds.	:	
5000					
Execution	Cottinge				-
Execution	i Settings	on failure			^
Li term	made worknow	on ialiure.			÷
					Save

### Manage Inputs

Click to open the <u>Manage Inputs window</u> to display a list of the variables the activity uses.

# **Request Method**

The action the HTTP activity is performing:

- GET Requests resource information from a specified URI.
- POST Submits resource information to a specified URI.
- **PUT** Overwrites resource information at the specified URI with the information contained in **Request Body**.
- DELETE Deletes the resource at the specified URI.

# **Request URL**

The URL at which the resource is located.

# **Request Header**

The HTTP header included with the request.

**NOTE:** Use the **User Name** and **Password** fields to include credential information without exposing it in the header.

# **User Name**

Your user name to access the resource at the **Request URL**.

# Password

The password required to access the resource at the **Request URL**.

# **Request Body**

The HTTP message body data included with the request.

# **Request Timeout**

The amount of time (in milliseconds) before the HTTP request times out.

# **Request Retry Limit**

The number of times Extreme Management Center attempts the HTTP request before the request is canceled.

# Socket Timeout

The amount of time (in milliseconds) Extreme Management Center waits for a packet before the HTTP request times out. Extreme Management Center performs a check every 10 seconds, so if the timeout is set to 10 seconds for an activity, then the boundary timer path may be executed between 10-20 seconds after the activity start time.

# **Connect Timeout**

The amount of time (in milliseconds) Extreme Management Center waits until a connection is established. Extreme Management Center performs a check every 10 seconds, so if the timeout is set to 10 seconds for an activity, then the boundary timer path may be executed between 10-20 seconds after the activity start time.

# Connection request timeout in milliseconds

The amount of time (in milliseconds) Extreme Management Center waits when requesting a connection from the connection manager. Extreme Management Center performs a check every 10 seconds, so if the timeout is set to 10 seconds for an activity, then the boundary timer path may be executed between 10-20 seconds after the activity start time.

# Terminate workflow on failure

Select the checkbox to stop the workflow if the workflow does not complete the activity successfully.

# Save

Click **Save** to save your changes to the workflow.

# Mail

Selecting the **Inputs** tab when a Mail activity is selected in the Designer section allows you to configure the inputs specific to that Mail activity.

Details			•
< General	Variables	Inputs	Outpu >
🌼 Config			
Email Config	juration		
To:			
Email List:			
		-	Edit
Subject:			
Body:			
Execution Se	ettings		-
🗌 Termina	te workflow on	failure.	
			🖺 Save

#### Manage Inputs

Click to open the <u>Manage Inputs window</u> to display a list of the variables the activity uses.

#### To:

Enter the email address or addresses to which Extreme Management Center sends an email when running the workflow. This field also supports the use of a variable in place of an email address. Extreme Management Center automatically sends the email when the progress of the workflow reaches the activity.

Use a semicolon to separate multiple email addresses. If you enter an email address in the To field and also select an email list from the Email List drop-down list, the email is sent to both the address and the address list. If you do not enter an email address in the To field or select an email address list from the Email List field, no emails are sent.

#### Email List:

Select the email address list from the drop-down list that includes the address or addresses to which Extreme Management Center sends an email when running the workflow. Extreme Management Center automatically sends the email when the progress of the workflow reaches the activity.

If you enter an email address in the To field and also select an email list from the Email List drop-down list, the email is sent to both the address and the address list. If you do not enter an email address in the To field or select an email address list from the Email List field, no emails are sent. Click the **Edit** button to open the **Edit Email Lists** window, from which you can configure your available email lists.

#### Subject:

The subject line of the email Extreme Management Center sends for the activity when running the workflow.

#### Body:

The body of the email Extreme Management Center sends for the activity when running the workflow.

#### Terminate workflow on failure

Select the checkbox to stop the workflow if the workflow does not complete the activity successfully.

#### Save

Click **Save** to save your changes to the workflow.

#### CLI

Selecting the **Inputs** tab when a CLI activity is selected in the Designer section allows you to configure the inputs specific to that CLI activity. These

**NOTE:** Workflow CLI activities are run on devices using the specified in the Extreme Management Center Administration Profile.

Details				Þ				
General	Variables	Inputs	Outputs	Network OS				
© Config								
CLI Config	guration			*				
Commar	nd:							
Evenution	Cattions							
Execution	-			<u>^</u>				
Termi	inate workflow	on failure.						
				🖺 Save				

#### Manage Inputs

Click to open the <u>Manage Inputs window</u> to display and edit a list of the variables the activity uses.

#### Command

The CLI command or commands run as part of your workflow.

#### Terminate workflow on failure

Select the checkbox to stop the workflow if the workflow does not complete the activity successfully.

#### Save

Click **Save** to save your changes to the workflow.

### Outputs

The **Outputs** tab displays when you select an activity or when nothing is selected for the entire workflow.

Bave

Details					►
General	Variables	Inputs	Outputs	Network OS	
Add	📄 Edit	Delete	🎟 Mana	ge Variables	
Display Name			Variable		
Status			status		
Output			output		

The **Outputs** tab allows you to specify the output variable you use to determine the result of the activity. You can then use this variable as the input variable for the next activity in the workflow, or as the final output in the workflow.

**NOTE:** Output variables configured via **Output** tab are only applicable to the Shell and HTTP activities.

Click **Save** to save your changes to the workflow.

#### Menus

The **Menus** tab displays for the workflow level (for example, when nothing is selected in the Designer section). This tab allows you to select the users who can run the workflow by specifying the Authorization Group, the workflow's category, the menus in which you can access the workflow, and the device groups to which the workflow applies.

Details						Þ			
General	Variables	Inputs	Outputs	Menus	Network C	S			
These following roles can run this workflow:									
Authorizati	ion Groups (F	Roles):							
NetSight /	Administrator				~	×			
Category:									
Security						-			
Menus:									
Device					•	×			
Groups:									
Select Gr	oups F	Remove All	Groups						
Group									
						1			
						Save			

#### Authorization Group (Roles)

Select the Authorization Groups with the ability to execute the workflow from the drop-down list.

#### Category

Select the **Category** group from the drop-down list, which defines the Tasks submenu in which the workflow is grouped throughout Extreme Management Center. The locations in Extreme Management Center in which the workflow is available is determined based on what you select in the **Menus** drop-down list.

#### Menus

Select the locations in Extreme Management Center in which you want the workflow to display, depending on its purpose.

The following are the locations in Extreme Management Center where workflows are available:

- Access Control Events Includes the workflow in the list of Actions dropdown list available on the Access Control > Configuration > Notifications tab.
- Alarm Includes the workflow in the list of task actions for custom criteria alarms. Selecting this location in the Menus drop-down list makes it available for a workflow to run from it, and it displays in the <u>Source</u> column on the Workflow Results table on the Workflow Dashboard.
- Device Includes the workflow in the list of tasks available on the Network > Devices tab. Selecting this location in the Menus drop-down list makes it available for a workflow to run from it, and it displays in the <u>Source</u> column on the Workflow Results table on the Workflow Dashboard.
- Multi-Device Includes the workflow in the list of tasks available when rightclicking a User Device Group on the Network > Devices tab.
- None The workflow is only available via the Workflows tab.
- Port Includes the workflow in the list of tasks on the Port Tree tab. Selecting this location in the Menus drop-down list makes it available for a workflow to run from it, and it displays in the <u>Source</u> column on the Workflow Results table on the Workflow Dashboard.
- Security Includes the workflow in the list of tasks available on the Security tab. Selecting this location in the Menus drop-down list makes it available for a workflow to run from it, and it displays in the <u>Source</u> column on the Workflow Results table on the Workflow Dashboard.

#### Groups

Click the button to open the **Select Device Groups** window, from which you can select the device groups for which the workflow displays in the Tasks submenu.

Click **Save** to save your changes to the workflow.

### Network OS

The **Network OS** tab displays when you select an activity or when nothing is selected for the entire workflow. This tab allows you to limit the workflow to run only on those devices with an operating system to which the workflow applies. The Network OS assigned to a device is included on the **Vendor Profile** tab.

**NOTE:** Select **Unknown** when creating scripts or workflows that include devices before their Network OS has been determined (for example, onboarding new devices).

Details						Þ
General	Variables	Inputs	Outputs	Menus	Network OS	
🗿 Add	Remove					
Network OS A/B/C EOS						
					🖺 Sa	ve

Click **Save** to save your changes to the workflow.

### **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

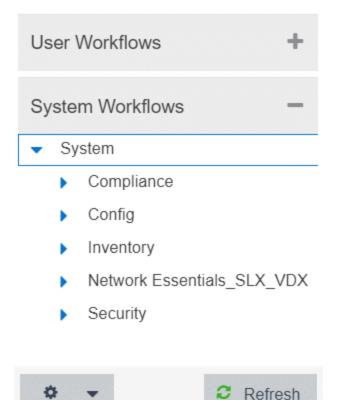
- How to Create Scripts in Extreme Management Center
- Saved Tasks
- <u>Scheduled Tasks</u>
- Workflow Dashboard

# System Workflows

The **Workflows** tab contains system-defined workflows as well as workflows you create.

System-defined workflows are saved in the System Workflows left-panel.

**NOTE:** The version number of each workflow is indicated on the **General (Workflow)** tab in the Details section of the window. A change to this number indicates workflows are updated from the previous release.



Workflows are available in the following functional areas:

- <u>Compliance</u>
- Config
- Inventory
  - <u>Backup</u>
  - <u>Restart</u>
  - <u>Restore</u>
  - <u>Upgrade</u>
- Network Essentials SLX VDX
  - <u>ACL Management</u>
  - Edge Ports Configuration
  - <u>Utility Actions</u>
  - Validation and Troubleshooting
- Security

# Config

Workflows in the **Config** folder configure your devices so they are compatible with specific functionality in Extreme Management Center.

## Basic Support

The workflows contained in the Basic Support folder allow you to use basic Extreme Management Center functionality with certain device types.

#### Enable SPBM boot config mode

Enables the SPBM boot config flag for VSP devices.

**NOTE:** This forces the device to reset.

#### ICX-SLX Config Basic Support

Configures basic monitoring and topology support for ICX and SLX devices. Use this workflow to configure an SNMP profile for an ICX or SLX device with no default credentials. In addition, it configures LLDP required to resolve links in topology maps. After the workflow completes, Extreme Management Center triggers an event.

#### **MLX Config Basic Support**

Configures basic monitoring and topology support for MLX devices. Use this workflow to configure an SNMP profile for an MLX device with no default credentials. In addition, it configures LLDP required to resolve links in topology maps. It also generates the client SSH keys on MLX devices, so the devices can use SCP to communicate with the server to upload a configuration file. After the workflow completes, Extreme Management Center triggers an event.

#### **VDX Config Basic Support**

Configures basic monitoring and topology support for VDX devices. Use this workflow to configure an SNMP profile for a VDX device with no default credentials. In addition, it configures LLDP required to resolve links in topology maps. It also configures the 3-tuple ifName needed for MIB data. After the workflow completes, Extreme Management Center triggers an event.

### LAG-MLAG

The workflows in the LAG-MLAG folder configure devices so you can configure LAGs and MLAGs on the devices.

#### **MLAG with VOSS Cluster**

Configures MLAG between VOSS vIST cluster devices and ExtremeXOS devices.

#### **VOSS Fabric NNI LAG**

Configures devices to support creation and deletion of LAG and enabling Network to Network Interfaces (NNI) in an SPB network.

#### **VOSS Virtual IST**

Configures devices to support creation and deletion of Virtual IST in an SPB network.

# Compliance

Workflows in the Compliance folder configure devices to perform tasks related to ExtremeCompliance functionality.

#### Add Login Banner

Adds a login message banner on a device. This is an example workflow you can configure to run if an Alarm occurs after an ExtremeCompliance audit runs. The workflow relies on the message sent by the alarm to display. This workflow supports VSP, ERS, WiNG, MLX, ICX, SLX and VDX devices. After the workflow completes, it sends an email to a user you select.

#### **Enable HTTPS**

Enables an HTTPS connection to access the web view of a device. This is an example workflow you can configure to run if an Alarms occurs after an ExtremeCompliance audit runs. The workflow relies on the message sent by the alarm to access the web view of the device. The workflow supports VSP, ERS, MLX, and ICX devices. After the workflow completes, it sends an email to the user you select.

#### **Enable SSH**

Enables an SSH login for a device. This is an example workflow you can configure to run if an Alarms occurs after an ExtremeCompliance audit runs. The workflow relies on the message sent by the alarm to log into the device. The workflow supports VSP, Summit, and 200 Series devices. After the workflow completes, Extreme Management Center triggers an event.

# Inventory

Workflows in the Inventory folder perform inventory-related functions on supported devices, including creating a backup of the device configuration,

restarting the device, restoring a saved device configuration backup, and upgrading the firmware on a device.

### Backup

Workflows in the Backup folder initiate a backup of a device's configuration.

#### **ICX-MLX Backup Configuration**

Creates a backup of the configuration for ICX and MLX devices.

#### **VDX Backup Configuration**

Creates a backup of the configuration for VDX devices and VCS fabrics.

#### Restart

Workflows in the Restart folder restart devices of a specific device type.

#### **ICX-SLX-MLX Restart Device**

Restarts ICX, SLX, and MLX devices. Once the device is restarted, Extreme Management Center generates a **Device Restart** event.

#### **VDX Restart Device**

Restarts VDX devices. Once the device is restarted, Extreme Management Center generates a **Device Restart** event.

#### Restore

Workflows in the Restore folder restore a saved configuration to a device.

#### **ICX-MLX Backup Configuration**

Restores a saved configuration on ICX and MLX devices.

#### **VDX Backup Configuration**

Restores a saved configuration on VDX devices and VCS fabrics.

#### Upgrade

Workflows in the Upgrade folder upgrade the firmware on a device.

#### ICX Upgrade Firmware

Upgrades the firmware on ICX devices.

#### MLX Upgrade Firmware

Upgrades the firmware on MLX devices.

#### VDX Upgrade Firmware

Upgrades the firmware on VDX devices.

# Network Essentials SLX VDX

Workflows in the Network Essentials SLX VDX folder perform functions that allow Extreme Management Center to configure SLX and VDX devices.

### ACL Management

#### Add IPv4 ACL Rule

Adds a Layer 3 IPv4 ACL rule to an already existing ACL.

#### Add IPv6 ACL Rule

Adds a Layer 3 IPv6 ACL rule to an already existing ACL.

#### Add Or Remove L2 ACL Rule

Adds or removes an ACL rule to or from a Layer 2 ACL.

#### **Apply ACL**

Applies an ACL to a physical port, port channel, VE or management interface.

#### **Create ACL**

Creates an Access Control List.

#### **Delete ACL**

Deletes an existing Access Control List.

#### **Delete IPv4 ACL Rule**

Deletes the IPv4 ACL rule from an existing IPv4 ACL.

#### **Remove ACL**

Removes an ACL from physical port, port channel, VE or mgmt interface.

### Edge Ports Configuration

#### **Create L2 Port Channel**

Creates a Layer 2 port channel (LAG or vLAG) in Static or LACP mode.

#### **Create Switch Port Access**

Configures a port channel or a physical interface as an access interface, or adds a untagged port to a VLAN for NI.

#### **Create Switch Port Trunk**

Configures the port channel or a physical interface as a Trunk or Trunk-no-defaultnative or add a tagged port to a VLAN or list of VLANs interface.

#### **Create VE**

Creates a VE and assigns IP addresses, VRF on one or more switches.

#### **Create VLAN**

Creates a single or range of VLANs on a switch.

#### **Create VRF**

Creates a Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) instance on a switch for Layer 3 tenants.

#### **Create VRRPe**

Creates a VRRPe session on multiple switches by creating VRRPe group and assigning virtual IP.

#### **Delete L2 Port Channel**

Deletes the port channel interface and deletes the port channel configuration from all the member ports.

#### **Delete Switch Port**

Deletes the Switch port on an interface.

#### **Delete VE**

Deletes a VE along with router interface mappings under a VLAN.

#### Delete VLAN

Deletes one or more VLANs on a device.

#### **Delete VRF**

Deletes a VRF.

#### **Delete VRRPe**

Deletes a VRRPe group.

#### Set Interface Admin State

Enables or disables a physical port, port-channel, loopback or VE interface on a device. Optionally, sets the interface description. For MLX, port-channel admin state changes means it changes member port's admin state.

#### Set L2 MTU

Sets the Layer 2 MTU size on physical or port channel interfaces.

#### Set L3 MTU

Sets the Layer 3 MTU size on physical or VE interface.

### Utility Actions

#### **Execute CLI**

Executes CLI commands and returns the result. The device type should be appropriate to get reliable output.

### Validation and Troubleshooting

#### **Ping VRF Targets**

The PING target IPs from the switch using the specified VRF, uses the default VRF if VRF is not provided.

# Security

Workflows in the Security folder perform a variety of network security-related functions.

#### **Collect Traffic Forensics**

Creates a package capture (PCAP) file for an IP address ExtremeAnalytics believes may be a threat to the network using the ExtremeAnalytics engine.

#### **Create Trouble Ticket**

Creates a trouble ticket based on the Malicious IP, URL, DNS, and behavior anomaly.

#### **Quarantine End System**

Quarantines an end-system ExtremeControl believes may be a threat to the network.

#### **Quarantine PCAP Flow**

Quarantines an end-system ExtremeControl believes may be a threat to the network, adds a policy to block the end-system, and creates a PCAP file for the end-system.

#### **Revert Quarantine End System**

Removes an end-system from quarantine.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Workflows</u>
- <u>Scripts</u>
- How to Create Scripts in Extreme Management Center
- Saved Tasks
- <u>Scheduled Tasks</u>

# **Importing Workflows**

The **Workflows** tab allows you to define a complex series of activities that run in the order in which you configure them.

You can import saved User Workflows<sup>1</sup> to Extreme Management Center using the following steps:

- 1. Access the Tasks > Workflows tab.
- 2. Click the Gear icon ( ) at the bottom of the left-panel or expand the User

Workflows folder and right-click Workflows or a Workflow Group.

3. Click Import.

The Import Workflow window displays.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Only User Workflows can be imported or exported. System Workflows cannot be imported or exported.

Import W	/orkflow				×
Import a r Select I	new workflow. File				
Overv	vrite existing w	orkflow			
Remove	File Name	Override Workflow Name (optional)	Size	Status	Information
•					)
				Import	Close

- 4. Click **Select File** to open a window from which you can browse your local drive or a mapped server.
- 5. Select the saved workflow file you are importing and click **Open**.
- 6. Select the **Overwrite existing workflow** checkbox to overwrite a workflow currently saved in Extreme Management Center with the same name.
- 7. Click Import.

Extreme Management Center imports the workflow.

- **NOTE:** The following information that may be configured as part of your workflow is not imported or exported when importing or exporting a workflow via the **Gear** icon:
  - <u>Custom variables</u>
  - Authorization Groups (Roles)
  - <u>Menus</u>
  - <u>Device Groups</u>
  - Email lists
  - Syslog server -The syslog server is an <u>Events</u> Activities setting that is not preserved during import.
  - <u>Network OS configurations</u> that are customized on the original server and are not available on the destination server

### **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- How to Create Scripts in Extreme Management Center
- <u>Saved Tasks</u>
- <u>Scheduled Tasks</u>
- Workflow Dashboard

# Manage Inputs

Use the Manage Inputs window to configure the variables available on the Inputs tab of an activity included in a workflow on the Tasks > Workflows tab.

Access this window by selecting an activity in a workflow on the Tasks > **Workflows** tab, selecting the **Inputs** tab in the right panel and clicking **Manage Inputs**.

Manage Inputs								
🔇 Add 🔯 Edit 🤤 Delete Manage Variables								
Display Name	Display Type	Valid Values	Variable Reference	Required	Prompt User			
Script Type	Text Field		scriptType	false	false			
Script Content	Textarea		scriptContent	true	false			
					_			
					ОК			

#### **Display Name**

The name of the field on the **Input** tab.

#### **Display Type**

The type of field you are adding, which determines the way in which values are selected or entered.

Valid options include:

- Text Field Provides an open field into which text is entered.
- Display Field Provides a text field.
- Email Provides a field into which an email address is entered.
- Password Provides an open field into which users enter a password. The password field contains an **Eye** icon that exposes or hides the password when clicked.
- Textarea Provides a open field into which users can enter a large amount of text.

- Timer Provides a box into which users select an amount of time.
- ComboBox Provides a drop-down list from which users select values. Configure the available values in the drop-down list using the Valid Values field.

#### **Valid Values**

If the **Display Type** is **ComboBox**, enter the values you are able to select from the drop-down list in a comma-separated list.

**NOTE:** Valid Values can contain alphanumeric characters as well as special characters (for example, a period (.), but can not contain a comma (,) as it is reserved for separating values. The list of values configured in the **Valid Values** field allows up to 1024 characters.

#### Variable Reference

Select the variable on which the variable you are creating is dependent via the dropdown list.

#### Required

Indicates whether the field is required for the activity.

#### **Prompt User**

Indicates whether the field prompts users for a value when the workflow runs.

**NOTE:** Select an activity and enter a value in the **Custom Inputs** field on the **Inputs** tab to populate a default value you can override when running an activity with the **Prompt User** checkbox selected.

### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Inputs

# Search Network

Extreme Management Center's Search is a powerful diagnostic tool for locating a network device or end-system you wish to troubleshoot by allowing you to display it in PortView. You can search by MAC address, IP address, or AP serial number, as well as ExtremeControl end-system name, username, and registration custom field attributes. Additionally, you can search for a device in a map, or perform a Compass search. A device must be in the Extreme Management Center database, or it must be a client of a device in the database, for the search to function. For a client device, either statistics collection must be enabled for the device, or the client must be an ExtremeControl authenticated client.

To view Extreme Management Center Search Network, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the NetSight OneView > Access OneView Search capability. To perform a Search with Compass, you must also have the NetSight Console > Launch a NetSight Console Client capability.

E	Search				0	2	=	:
*		Search Network						
		Search Type:	<ul> <li>Search</li> </ul>					
6			Search Maps     Search with Compass					
		Address:	O search with compass			< C		
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						Searc	th .	
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<b>&gt;</b>	Last Updated: 2018/11/29 9:15:28 Up0	me: 0 Days 03:50:49		Operations (	4		1	0

To access the **Search** tab, select the magnifying glass icon at the top of the Extreme Management Center window in the <u>menu</u>.

This Help topic provides information on the following topics:

- Using Extreme Management Center Search Network
  - <u>Search</u>
  - Search Maps
  - <u>Search with Compass</u>
    - <u>Compass Search Types</u>
  - <u>Search Examples</u>
    - Search your Network for an End-System MAC Address
    - <u>Search your Network for an ExtremeControl Authenticated Client IP</u>
       <u>Address</u>
    - Search your Network for a Device IP Address
  - <u>Search Options/Limitations</u>

# **Using Extreme Management Center Search**

In the **Address** field, enter a MAC address or IP address. You can copy the IP or MAC address from another source and enter it into the **Address** field. You can also search on AP serial numbers, and by ExtremeControl end-system hostname, user name, and registration custom field attributes.

# Search

Depending on the type of item for which you are searching, the secondary navigation bar displays one or more **PortView** tabs, with information pertaining to your search item.

The **Overview** tab always displays, which provides a topological display of device relationships. You can right-click on the devices in the topology to launch additional reports for the device. For more information see the PortView Help topic.

## **Search Maps**

Allows you to search your existing maps to find a wired or wireless client or device. If the search item is found, the map opens on a separate tab. For more information, see <u>Maps Overview</u>.

## Search with Compass

The Search with Compass option provides a variety of search filters, allowing you to narrow your search parameters. Compass is a powerful search tool that provides information about the status, configuration, and activities at the ingress points of your network. It provides an easy way to search for end stations, or users on end stations.

To perform a search, specify the following information:

- Device Group (Search Scope) Use the drop-down list to limit your search to a specific device group.
- Compass Search Type There are multiple search types available from the dropdown list. See the <u>following section</u> for a description of each type.
- Address (Search Parameters) If you provide specific search parameters (such as an IP address or MAC address), Compass returns information on those parameters if it finds them within the selected device group. If you do not provide specific search parameters, Compass returns information on everything within the device group.

When the search is complete, the results display in table form. You can manipulate table data in several ways to customize the view for your own needs:

- Click on the column headings to perform an ascending or descending sort on the column data.
- Use the column heading drop-down arrow to select the Columns option and hide or display different columns in the table.
- Use the column heading drop-down arrow to filter, sort, and search the data in each column in the table.

You can define the search options the Compass Search uses on the Administration > Options tab (Administration > Options > Compass). These options determine the data sources used with Compass searches. In addition to search options, you can also configure search limit settings, which help limit the Extreme Management Center server resources used for the searches.

### Compass Search Types

The following Compass Search types are available.

- Auto The Auto search auto-detects the address format you enter in the **Address** field, and performs the appropriate search. Enter the full IP, MAC, or username in the **Address** field and select a device group as a search scope.
- All The All search finds any network element aware of the devices within the selected scope, and lists the addresses with which they are associated. Data is collected from all the MIBs that Compass implemented. The All search ignores any search parameters entered in the **Address** field.
- MAC Address The MAC Address search finds any device aware of the specified MAC address within the selected scope and lists the addresses associated with it.
- IP Address The IP Address search finds any device aware of the specified IP address/hostname within the selected scope and lists the addresses with which it is associated.
- IP Subnet The IP Subnet search finds any device aware of the specified IP subnet within the selected scope and lists the end stations in the IP subnet. The address must contain both an address and mask separated by "/".
- User Name The User Name search finds any device aware of the specified user name within the selected scope and lists the addresses with which it is associated.
- Multicast Address The Multicast Address search finds any device aware of the specified multicast address within the selected scope and lists the addresses with which it is associated.

# **Search Examples**

Following are some examples of different kinds of searches you can perform using the Extreme Management Center Search Network.

### Search your Network for an End-System MAC Address

You can search on an end-system's MAC address. For example, you can copy an end-system's MAC address listed in the **Control** tab's End-System view and paste the MAC address into the **Search Network** field.

### Search your Network for an ExtremeControl Authenticated Client IP Address

You can also search on an ExtremeControl authenticated end-system's IP address. For example, you can copy an end-system's IP address from the **Control** tab's End-Systems view and paste it into the **Search Network** field.

### Search your Network for a Device IP Address

To perform a search on a device, you can copy a device IP address from the **Network** tab. The search results show only the single device. Right-click on the device to open additional reports.

# **Search Options/Limitations**

The maximum number of PortView Search results displayed at one time is configured in the Management Center Options (Administration > Options > Management Center > Session Limits). The default maximum number is five. Once the limit is reached, a dialog displays, indicating the limit is reached and the existing view must be closed.

In the **Overview** (search results) tab, the device topology is displayed showing the relationships between a specific set of devices: Wireless Controller, Identity and Access Gateway, AP, switch, and client. The greatest number of devices displayed is five devices for a wireless client in an ExtremeControl authenticated environment (six devices may be returned if the client is also connected via wire). The number of devices returned becomes smaller as you search for one of the five devices. For example, if you search for an AP instead of a client, four devices are returned. If you search for a Wireless Controller, ExtremeControl Gateway, or switch, one device is returned.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- Administration
- Alarms and Events
- <u>Network</u>
- <u>Reports</u>
- Wireless

# **Compass SNMP MIBs Descriptions**

This topic provides a brief description of the MIBs and Tables that can be chosen as Compass Search Options when setting Compass options.

#### ipNetToMedia

IP Address Translation table used for mapping from IP addresses to physical addresses. This table is read whenever an entry is found by **IP Route** or **IP CIDR Route** searches, regardless whether the **IPNetToMedia** is checked. Checking the IPNetToMedia checkbox only affects whether or not the entire IPNetToMedia table is read.

Check this MIB when your network includes devices that do not support Node/Alias (ctAlias MIB). You should include your routers in your search scope when this MIB is checked. This selection can be un-checked when your network is comprised only of devices that support Node/Alias, thus improving search performance.

#### 802.1x Authentication (PAE)

Port Access Entity module for managing IEEE 802.1X.

Check this MIB to find other occurrences of an IP address or MAC address within your search scope. The values returned by searching this MIB are often duplicates of the values returned from other MIBs, so checking this MIB is usually not necessary.

#### MAC Locking

Provides configuration and status objects pertaining to per port MAC Locking.

Check this MIB to find other occurrences of an IP address or MAC address within your search scope. The values returned by searching this MIB are often duplicates of the values returned from other MIBs, so checking this MIB is usually not necessary.

#### **Enterasys IGMP**

Extends the Standard IGMP MIB for configuration of IGMP on Enterasys devices.

Check this MIB to find other occurrences of an IP address or MAC address within your search scope. The values returned by searching this MIB are often duplicates of the values returned from other MIBs, so checking this MIB is usually not necessary.

#### Dot1dTpFdb

This table contains information about unicast entries for which the bridge has forwarding and/or filtering information. This information is used by the transparent

bridging function in determining how to propagate a received frame.

Check this MIB to resolve MAC addresses to a port.

#### Enterasys 802.1x Ext.

Supplements/used in connection with the standard IEEE 802.1x MIB. It provides a convenient way to retrieve authentication status for Supplicants living on shared-media ports that use station-based access control. (Here, a MAC address is a much more natural table index than a port or interface number.)

Check this MIB to find other occurrences of an IP address or MAC address within your search scope. The values returned by searching this MIB are often duplicates of the values returned from other MIBs, so checking this MIB is usually not necessary.

#### Node/Alias (ctAlias)

This MIB defines objects that can be used to discover end systems per port, and to map end system addresses to the layer 2 address of the port.

Check this MIB to resolve IP addresses to MAC addresses when the devices in your network support the Node/Alias (ctAlias) MIB.

#### **IGMP Standard**

MIB module for IGMP Management, it contains an IGMP Interface Table, having one row for each interface on which IGMP is enabled, and an IGMP Cache Table with one row for each IP multicast group for which there are members on a particular interface.

Check this MIB to find other occurrences of an IP address or MAC address within your search scope. The values returned by searching this MIB are often duplicates of the values returned from other MIBs, so checking this MIB is usually not necessary.

#### **IP Route**

An entity's IP Routing table. This selection provides the ability to resolve IP addresses to MAC addresses.

Check this MIB when your network includes devices that do not support Node/Alias (ctAlias MIB). You should include your routers in your search scope when this MIB is checked. This selection can be un-checked when your network is comprised only of devices that support Node/Alias, thus improving search performance.

#### Dot1qTpFdb

A table that contains information about unicast entries for which the device has forwarding and/or filtering information. This information is used by the transparent bridging function in determining how to propagate a received frame.

#### **PWA (Enterasys Port Web Authentication)**

Check this MIB to find other occurrences of an IP address or MAC address within your search scope. The values returned by searching this MIB are often duplicates of the values returned from other MIBs, so checking this MIB is usually not necessary.

#### **MAC Authentication**

Used for authentication using source MAC addresses received in traffic on ports under control of MAC-authentication.

Check this MIB to find other occurrences of an IP address or MAC address within your search scope. The values returned by searching this MIB are often duplicates of the values returned from other MIBs, so checking this MIB is usually not necessary.

#### **IP CIDR Route**

The IP CIDR Route Table obsoletes and replaces the ipRoute Table current in MIB-I and MIB-II and the IP Forwarding Table. It adds knowledge of the autonomous system of the next hop, multiple next hops, and policy routing, and Classless Inter-Domain Routing.

Check this MIB when your network includes devices that do not support Node/Alias (ctAlias MIB). You should include your routers in your search scope when this MIB is checked. This selection can be un-checked when your network is comprised only of devices that support Node/Alias, thus improving search performance.

#### **Dot1q VLAN Static**

A table containing static configuration information for each VLAN configured into the device by (local or network) management. All entries are permanent and are restored after restarting the device.

#### Dot1q VLAN Current

A table containing current configuration information for each VLAN currently configured into the device by (local or network) management, or dynamically created as a result of GVRP requests received.

#### **Enterasys Multiple Authentication**

This MIB is used for authentication using source MAC addresses received in traffic on ports under control of MAC-authentication. Check this MIB to find ports that

allow authentication of multiple users on a port.

#### **Enterasys Convergence End Point**

This MIB contains information about devices that support End Point Convergence. Check this MIB to find IP addresses running applications (e.g. Voice over IP) using Endpoint Convergence.

# **Discover Devices**

Extreme Management Center allows you to discover the devices of your network and add them to the Extreme Management Center database.

**NOTE:** Before discovering devices, create the maps to which they belong. For additional information on creating maps, see How to Create and Edit Maps.

For a list of instructions outlining the initial setup of your network in Extreme Management Center, see Extreme Management Center Initial Configuration Checklist.

You can discover new devices based on the following criteria:

- Seed addresses for CDP, LLDP, EDP, or SONMP-compliant devices
- IP/Subnet masks
- IP Address Range

Discover automatically explores the defined network segment and creates a list of discovered devices. You can then save the discovered devices to the Extreme Management Center database, where they are displayed in the left-panel tree on the **Network > Devices** tab.

NOT When adding an ExtremeXOS device in Extreme Management Center, enter the following commands in the device CLI:

```
configure snmpv3 add community "private" name "private" user
"v1v2c_rw"
configure snmpv3 add community "public" name "public" user
"v1v2c_rw"
enable snmp access
enable snmp access snmp-v1v2c
disable snmp access snmpv3
```

To discover devices, begin by using the **Site** tab to configure the default settings that apply to devices you add to Extreme Management Center and then configure individual devices and add them to the Extreme Management Center database via the **Discovered** tab.

**NOTE:** ZTP+ enabled devices use a different device discovery process. For additional information on discovering devices using ZTP+, see ZTP+ Device Configuration in Extreme Management Center.

# **Discovering Devices**

- 1. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Select **Sites** from the left-panel drop-down list.
- 3. Select the site from the left panel to which you are adding the devices.
- 4. Select the **Site** tab in the right-panel.
- 5. Select the **Discover** tab.
- 6. Click the Add button in the Addresses list to open the Add Address window.
- 7. Select Subnet, Seed Address, or Address Range in the Discover Type drop-down list.
- 8. Enter the Subnet, Seed Address, or Start Address and End Address, depending on the Discover Type you select.
  - Subnet Enter the IP address and subnet in the following format: *IP Address/Subnet Mask* 
    - The IP Address must be one of the hosts in the subnet.
    - A / is required between the IP Address and Subnet Mask.
    - The Subnet Mask must use CIDR or dotted decimal notation.

**NOTE:** When using dotted decimal notation, the network bits must be contiguous ones and the host bits must be contiguous zeros.

- Seed Address Enter the seed address for CDP, LLDP, EDP, SONMP-compliant devices.
- Address Range Enter the Start Address and End Address for the IP addresses in the same address range.

**NOTE:** Extreme Management Center only allows a subnet search of a 16-bit mask or higher when discovering devices.

 Click the Add button in the Profiles section of the window to open the Add Profile window. Select New in the drop-down list to create SNMP and CLI credentials for the profile and click the Save button.

Profiles allow you to configure different sets of SNMP and CLI credentials for read

access, write access, and maximum access. Once you create profiles, assign them to devices to allow users appropriate access based on the credentials they use for a device.

10. Select the profiles you want the devices on your network to Accept or Reject using the Profiles list.

For additional information about profiles, see **Profiles** tab.

11. Select the **Automatically Add Devices** checkbox to automatically add the devices to Extreme Management Center and configure any other appropriate actions for your devices in the Device Actions section of the window.

**NOTE:** When **Automatically Add Devices** is selected, devices are automatically added to Extreme Management Center and display in the Devices list on the Network > **Devices** tab. When **Automatically Add Devices** is not selected, devices are displayed on the Network > **Discovered** tab and require you to manually add them.

- 12. Repeat the process for all devices added to this site. For additional information about sites, see **Site** tab.
- 13. Click Save.
- 14. Click Discover.
- 15. Open the Operations table at the bottom of the Extreme Management Center window by clicking the **Operations** button in the Bottom menu to monitor the progress of the device discovery.
- 16. Access the Network > **Discovered** tab.

**NOTE:** The devices displayed on this tab vary depending on whether you selected **Automatically** Add Devices in <u>Step 11</u>.

- 17. Configure and add any devices displayed to Extreme Management Center:
  - If you selected **Automatically Add Devices**, devices display on the <u>Discovered</u> <u>tab</u> only if they require additional attention (for example, devices are potential duplicates of another device). <u>Configure the devices</u> appropriately and add them to Extreme Management Center.
  - If you did not select Automatically Add Devices, all devices are staged on the Discovered tab before being added to Extreme Management Center. Follow the steps in the <u>Adding Devices</u> section to complete the process of adding your devices to Extreme Management Center.

# **Adding Devices**

If you did not select **Automatically Add Devices** in <u>Step 11</u>, use the <u>Discovered</u> tab to manually add the discovered devices to Extreme Management Center.

- 1. Open the **Network > Discovered** tab in Extreme Management Center.
- Select the devices you want to add to the Extreme Management Center database and click the Add Devices button. The Add Devices window opens. The window is populated with the information you entered on the Site tab.
- 3. Enter any device-specific information, or change information that does not match the device defaults set on the **Site** tab.
- 4. Click the Add button.

The devices are added to the Extreme Management Center database and move from the **Network > Discovered** tab to the **Network > Devices** tab.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Sites</u>
- <u>Discovered</u>
- How to Create and Edit Maps
- <u>Device Operations</u>

# How to Add Users

Users are given access to parts of Extreme Management Center based on the authorization group to which they are assigned. Assign a set of capabilities for each authorization group and then add users to each authorization group depending on the capabilities they require.

**NOTE:** This topic assumes devices are already added to the Extreme Management Center database. For additional information on discovering and adding devices, see How to Discover Devices in Extreme Management Center.

For a list of instructions outlining the initial setup of your network in Extreme Management Center, see Extreme Management Center Initial Configuration Checklist.

When you first log into Extreme Management Center the Administrator access through which you are currently logged in is the only set of user credentials.

This topic describes the process for adding users to Extreme Management Center, which is accomplished by performing the following steps:

- 1. <u>Create Authorization Groups</u>
- 2. Add Users to Authorization Groups
- 3. <u>Select the Authentication Method</u>

**IMPORTANT:** Extreme Management Center does not save passwords. Users you create are authenticated against the Operating System, the RADIUS server, or the LDAP server, depending on the <u>authentication method</u> you select.

# **Create Authorization Groups**

First, create authorization groups for each group of Extreme Management Center users.

- 1. Access the **Administration** > **Users** tab.
- 2. Click the **Acquire Lock** button in the Users/Groups Access section at the top of the tab.

This button locks access to the tab for all other users and allows you to make changes to the authorization groups and authorized users.

- 3. Click the Add button in the Authorization Groups section at the bottom of the tab.
- 4. Enter the appropriate information for each authorization group using Extreme Management Center.

The Capability section of the window allows you to expand each capability tree by selecting the arrow to the left of the checkbox to display more specific tasks. Select only those that apply to each user group. Additionally, you can search for a specific capability in the **Search** field above the tree.

- 5. Click the **Save** button to create the authorization group.
- 6. Repeat the process to create the necessary authorization groups.

# Add Users to Authorization Groups

Next, use of the **Administration** > **Users** tab to create the users who require access to Extreme Management Center and add them to an authorization group depending on the level of access they require.

- 1. Click the **Add** button in the Authorized Users section.
- 2. Enter a User Name, a Domain/Host Name (if necessary), and select the Authorization Group with the appropriate level of access for the user.
- 3. Click the **Save** button to save the new user.
- 4. Repeat the process to add all Extreme Management Center users for each authorization group.

# Select the Authentication Method

Finally, use **Administration** > **Users** tab to select the method by which users authenticate when accessing Extreme Management Center.

Extreme Management Center supports three authentication methods to authenticate users: using the underlying host operating system, using a specified LDAP configuration, or using specified RADIUS servers.

 Select the Authentication Type using the drop-down list in the Authentication Method section.

The options change based on the **Authentication Type** selected.

- 2. Select the supplemental information based on the type selected.
- 3. Click the **Release Lock** button to allow other users to make changes.

The users you added now have access to the functionality you configured for their respective authorization group.

### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Users</u>
- Authorization Group Capabilities

## **Compare Device Configurations**

You can compare archived device configurations in Extreme Management Center by using either the **Network > Devices** tab or the Archive Details Report available in the **Network > Reports** tab.

In order to perform the compare configuration operation, you must be a member of an authorization group with the Inventory Manager > Configuration Archive Management > View/Compare Configurations capability.

This Help topic provides the following information:

- Selecting the Files to Compare
- Comparing the Files

## Selecting the Files to Compare

Select the files to compare using either the **Network** tab or the **Reports** tab.

#### From the Network tab:

Use the **Network** tab to compare the last two archived configuration files for a device.

Select a device in the table and use either the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or the right-click menu off the device to select **More Actions** > **Compare Last Configurations**.

#### From the Reports tab:

Use the **Reports** tab to compare two configuration files selected from all archived files for the device.

Select the Device > Device Archives report. Click on the **Archive Details** tab in the right panel and then click on the **Archives by Device** sub-tab.

The tab displays all the Extreme Management Center archives by device IP address. Select two files to compare and click **Compare Configuration**.

## **Comparing the Files**

The Configuration File Compare window displays the files in two panels. Titles over each file show the archive name that contains the configuration file, the

date, and the IP address of the device from which you create the configuration file.

Scroll through the two files to view file differences. Typically, the newer file displays in the right panel. You can use the "Swap sides" option to swap the files. In the left panel, strikethrough text highlighted in red represents text that is changed or deleted. In the right panel, blue highlighting represents text that is added.

highlighting represents text that was added.		-		
Options V				8Q <
ank Testing SCP:03:06:32 PM 08/29/2012:		104_	136_1:02:35:15 PM 11/19/2014:	
0 internal-vlanid 1	<b></b>	64	ip route 0.0.0.0/0 interface	vlan.0.20
1 apply		65	1	
2 end		66	1	
3		67	1	
4 topology		68		
5 "Admin"		69	# cfm modal configuration	
6 apply		70	1	
7 13		71	1	
8 ip		72	1	
9 gateway		73	1	
0 cert permanent		74	exit	
cert default ipv6		75	1	
apply apply		76	# ip dns	
3 exit		77	1	
4 exit		78	# ip interface	
5 end		79	set ip interface vlan.0.20 default	
6		80	1	
7 topology		81	# antispoof	
Bridged at AP untagged"		82	1	
9 sync enable		83	# authentication	
name "Bridged at AP untagged"		84	1	
sync-timestamp 1269907789		85	# auto-tracking	
2 apply	*	86	set auto-tracking accounting enable	
4	E.		K	×.

Use the toolbar Options menu to control the look of the display window:

- Enable line numbers displays line numbers alongside the text.
- Wrap lines shows all the text in the column and removes the horizontal scroll bars.
- Enable side bars shows where the text differences are in the whole file.
- Swap sides swaps the files contained in the left and right panels.

**TIP:** Removing line numbers and side bars may speed up the display of larger files.

Use the **Search** field in the toolbar to perform a search in the panel side that is selected by the cursor. Use the forward and back arrows to search for the next or previous instance of the search term.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Network</u>
- <u>Reports</u>

## **DeviceView**

DeviceView is an Extreme Management Center component that provides a wide range of analysis and troubleshooting information for your network wired and wireless devices, including a device summary, FlexViews, and Extreme Management Center reports.

The primary launch point for DeviceView is from the **Network** tab. DeviceView can also be launched from other locations in Extreme Management Center and Console.

This Help topic provides the following DeviceView information:

- <u>Requirements</u>
  - Access Requirements
  - Data Collection Requirements
- DeviceView Reports
  - Left-Panel Device Summary
- Launching DeviceView

## Requirements

#### Access Requirements

Access to DeviceView reports is determined by the user's membership in an Extreme Management Center authorization group and the group's assigned

capabilities. The following list shows the capabilities required for full access to all the DeviceView reports.

- NetSight OneView > Access OneView
- NetSight OneView > Access OneView Reports
- NetSight OneView > Events and Alarms > OneView Event Log Access
- NetSight OneView > FlexView > OneView FlexView Read Access

## Data Collection Requirements

DeviceView reports require that historical data collection is enabled for the device. For information on configuring data collection, see Collect Device Statistics in the Devices section of the Extreme Management Center User Guide.

## **DeviceView Reports**

The DeviceView is comprised of a left-panel device summary, and a selection of tabbed panels that display FlexViews and reports based on the device family.

The following table shows the reports available for EOS devices, ExtremeXOS devices, and wireless controllers. The reports displayed in a DeviceView vary according to the selected device.

EOS Devices*	ExtremeXOS devices**	Wireless Controllers
Ports***	Ports***	Ports***
User Sessions	User Sessions	User Sessions
Switch Resources	Device and Module Information	Controller History
Power and Fan Status	Power and Fan Status	Active Access Points
Storage Utilization	Process Utilization	WLAN Services
CPU and Process Utilization	VLAN****	Active Clients
IP Traffic Summary	MLAG	Alarms and Events
Alarms and Events	VPLS	Archives
Archives	Port Utilization	
	Alarms and Events	
	Archives	

\*Includes N-Series, S-Series, and K-Series devices.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes BlackDiamond, E4G, and Summit Series devices.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Right-clicking ports and selecting Add to Device Group opens the Add to Device Group window, which allows you

to select a device group to which to add the selected ports. Additionally, right-click a port and select the **Application Telemetry** menu to view the Interface Top Applications Treemap or Top Clients by Interface report for the port.

**NOTE:** If Application Telemetry is not enabled on the device, the Application Telemetry menu does not display.

\*\*\*\*Only VLANs to which ports are assigned are displayed in this report. Additionally, VLAN reports for ExtremeXOS devices may display duplicate VLANs as VLANs are assigned by slot.

## Left-Panel Device Summary

The left-panel device summary view (shown below) is displayed in each DeviceView report.

	Dephered Devices	Dia			A		Desceta	Device	6	×
Device Family	Dashboard Device	s Discovered	d Firmwa		Arch orts		Reports Sessions	Alarms		chives
Picture			/	0	•					
	Contact Established	59 Days 18:28:	Device Details Menu	Nan		sis-1 (5	2 ports]		Default Role	Alias
Device Status	00:1F:45:A1:22:29 08.32.01.0022	11435663636C 01.01.00		•		al Ports r Compo	[128 ports] ments			
	Extreme Networks, Inc. SSA 03/02/201517:10 ofc	Chassis Rev 08.32	2.01.0022							
Sparkline Graphs	Last 24 Hours Availability:									
Graphs	CPU: Memory:									

Each device summary view includes:

- Device Family Picture A generic device family picture for the device.
- Device Status Indicates the alarm/device status for the device. The icon color indicates the severity of the most severe alarm on the device. A red icon indicates a critical alarm or the device is down. A green icon indicates that there are no alarms and the device is up.
- Sparkline Graphs Provides network trends in dense, succinct charts that present report data in an easy to read, condensed format. You must have Historical Statistic Collection enabled in order to see the Sparkline graphs and other report data. If Historical Statistic Collection is not enabled, you will see a line that says, "Historical Statistic Collection Disabled." For information on configuring data collection, see

Collect Device Statistics in the Devices section of the Extreme Management Center User Guide.

- Firmware Updates Available If there are new firmware releases available for the device (based on the results from the latest Check for Firmware Updates operation), the Firmware Update icon 🗔 displays. Right-click on the icon to open a window listing the current available firmware releases with links to download the firmware.
- Device Details Menu Click the Menu icon (≡) in the upper right corner to access additional device reports.

## Launching DeviceView

DeviceView can be launched from a variety of locations in Extreme Management Center.

#### Network Tab

The primary launch point for DeviceView is from the **Network** tab.

- 1. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Hover your mouse over the first column and click on the DeviceView icon 💌.
- 3. The DeviceView opens as a separate tab.

**NOTE:** You can also launch a DeviceView from any Device Details menu throughout Extreme Management Center.

#### Control Tab

Use the following steps to launch DeviceView from the **Control** tab.

- 1. Open the **Control** > **Dashboard** tab.
- 2. Click on the **System** view.
- 3. In the Engine Information report, click on an engine IP address to open a DeviceView for the engine.

#### Extreme Management Center Maps

Use the following steps to launch DeviceView from a map.

- 1. Open Extreme Management Center Maps and click on a map.
- 2. In the map, right-click on a device icon and select DeviceView.

### Search

Use the following steps to launch DeviceView from the **Search** tab.

- 1. Open **Search** and search for a device.
- 2. In the Overview, right-click on the device icon and select DeviceView.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• Network Tab

# **Check for Updates**

Extreme Management Center provides an easy way to access the Extreme Networks website to obtain information about the latest Extreme Networks firmware releases available for download.

Before using the Check for Updates feature, it is important to configure your Update Credentials in the ExtremeNetworks.com Updates options (Administration > Options > ExtremeNetworks.com Updates). These credentials are used to access the website to obtain the update information. First, create an account at ExtremeNetworks.com and define a user name and password for the account credentials. Then you can configure those credentials in the options.

In addition, if your network is behind a firewall, you must also specify in the options the HTTP Proxy server being used, prior to performing an update. Check with your network administrator for the proxy server information.

After you have configured the options, use the following steps to check for firmware updates:

- 1. Access the **Network** > **Devices** tab.
- 2. Use the left-panel drop-down list to select **All Devices**, **Maps**, or **Sites**, depending on the devices for which you are updating the firmware. You can also use the dropdown list to select how the devices are organized (e.g. by IP address, by Device Type).
- 3. Select the **Devices** tab in the right-panel.
- 4. Click the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 5. Select More Actions > Check For Updates.

**NOTE:** You can also right-click a device in the left-panel and select **More Actions > Check For Updates**.

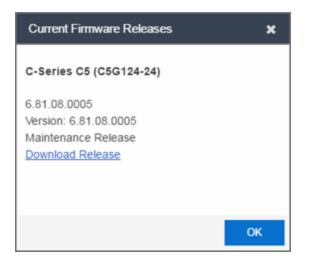
Extreme Management Center checks ExtremeNetworks.com for the latest firmware versions available for Extreme Networks devices and displays the information in the **Current Firmware Releases** window.

Current Firmware Releases	×
A-Series A2 (A2H124-48P)	*
3.03.06.0001 Version: 3.03.06.0001	
Maintenance Release Download Release	
A-Series A2 (A2H124-48P)	
3.03.03.0003 Version: 3.03.03.0003	
Maintenance Release Download Release	
B-Series B3 (B3G124-48P)	
6.61.16.0002	
Version: 6.61.16.0002 Maintenance Release	
Download Release	ĸ

6. Click OK.

The **Firmware** icon ( ) in the **Updates** column of the **Devices** tab indicates a firmware update is available for the device.

- 8. Select More Actions > View Available Firmware Releases.
- 9. The **Current Firmware Releases** window displays, which allows you to see the firmware available for that device and download the firmware.



- 10. Click on the **Download Release** link to access the website and navigate to the product Firmware download page.
- Enter your credentials to access the website (use the same credentials configured in the ExtremeNetworks.com Updates options (Administration > Options > ExtremeNetworks.com Updates).

Once you download a firmware version, you can upgrade the firmware on the device.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- How to Upgrade Firmware
- ExtremeNetworks.com Updates Options

# **Upgrade Firmware**

Use Extreme Management Center to upgrade device firmware for your Extreme Networks devices.

**NOTE:** Prior to upgrading firmware, you must access the Extreme Networks website to obtain information about the latest Extreme Networks firmware releases available for download.

You can upgrade firmware in one of three ways:

- For a particular device on your network
- For all devices of a device type
- For a Fabric Manager

You must be a member of an authorization group that includes Inventory Manager > Firmware/Boot PROM Management > Firmware/Boot PROM Upgrade Wizard capability to see this menu option.

## **Upgrading for a Device**

To upgrade firmware for a particular device:

- 1. Open the Network tab.
- 2. Select the **Devices** tab.
- 3. Select **All Devices** from the left-panel drop-down list, or select a **Map** or **Site**, depending on the location of the device you are upgrading.
- 4. Select the **Devices** tab in the right-panel.
- 5. Select the devices for which you are upgrading firmware in the Devices table in the right-hand panel.
- 6. Click the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 7. Select Upgrade Firmware.

NOTE: You can also right-click a single device in the left-panel and select Upgrade Firmware.

The Upgrade Firmware window opens, displaying the devices you selected grouped

#### by device family.

Upgrade Fin	Upgrade Firmware								
Assign a firmware image to each device type or family. Verify that Boot PROM and Firmware images that will be on the device after download and reset are compatible. If you are downgrading and some of the selected devices are using SNMPv3, you may need to restart the application to contact these devices after download and reset.									
📑 Assign	Image 📑 Se	t Configuration							
Name	IP Address	Device Type	Firmware Version	Configuration	Images				
Summ	it X620 Mapped - 1	TFTP							
		X620-10X	21.1.1.4	TFTP / MIB	<select and="" assign="" image="" rows=""></select>				
🕑 Restart D	evices After Upgrad	е							
C Schedule	Upgrade								
Device Upgra	de Group Size:	50 🗘							
					Start Cancel				

8. Select one or more devices and click Assign Image.

The Firmware Selection window opens, displaying the firmware versions compatible with the device type.

Firmware Selection					$\otimes$
Firmware for Matrix N3/N7 Platinum					
🔁 Refresh Images		Show A	II Images	BootPRO	M Download
Image Name 🔺	Server	Version	Image Pat	h	
DFE-P-76202-0004	Mapped Server	07.62.02.0004	C:\tftpboot	\firmware\image	s\DFE-P-762
DFE-P-76210-0001	Mapped Server	07.62.10.0001	C:\tftpboot	\firmware\image	s\DFE-P-762
				ОК	Cancel

- 9. Click the Show All Images checkbox to show all available firmware images.
- 10. Select the firmware image to download to the device.
- 11. After the upgrade operation completes, verify the boot PROM and firmware images on the device are compatible. Refer to the boot PROM and firmware release notes for more information. To upgrade the boot PROM, select the **BootPROM Download** check box in the Firmware Selection window. This clears any images already assigned and only displays boot PROM images for selection.
- 12. Click **OK**.
- 13. Repeat the process for all of the devices in the Upgrade Firmware window.

**NOTE:** Right-click the device in the **Upgrade Firmware** window to configure how the firmware is downloaded and installed on the device (e.g. to change the server from which the firmware image is downloaded, the file transfer method, or the MIB or script used to download the firmware image).

- 14. Click the **Restart Devices After Upgrade** checkbox to automatically restart devices that support restarting immediately after upgrading the firmware image.
  - **NOTES:** Clicking the **Restart Devices After Upgrade** checkbox displays the Supports Restart column in the **Upgrade Firmware** window. A check mark indicates devices that support this functionality.

You can also restart a device manually in the **Restart Devices** window, accessible from the **Network** tab in Extreme Management Center by right-clicking the device and selecting **More Actions** > **Restart Device** option.

15. Click the **Schedule Upgrade** checkbox to run the firmware image upgrade at a future date. Clicking this checkbox displays additional fields where you can configure the

scheduled upgrade.

- Name The name for the scheduled upgrade. The default name automatically populates with the creation date and time of the firmware upgrade.
- Select Date The date and time the upgrade automatically runs. Enter a date in the mm-dd-yyyy format or click the **Calendar** icon 📰 to open a monthly calendar from which you can select the date of the upgrade. Enter the time for the scheduled upgrade or click the drop-down arrow to select the time from a drop-down list.
- Abort on Failure Clicking this checkbox causes the upgrade to terminate in the event it is not successful.
- Enter the number of downloads upgraded simultaneously in the Device Upgrade Group Size field. Enter a value of 1 to have the downloads performed serially (one device at a time).
- 17. Click **Start** if you are upgrading the firmware immediately or **Schedule** if the upgrade is scheduled for a future date.
- If upgrading the firmware image immediately, a progress column appears on the Upgrade Firmware window. Once the upgrade is complete, a Status section appears, displaying whether the upgrade occurred successfully.

								Show only incomp
Matrix N3/N7 Platinum Mapped - TFTP R4N1-180.22 DFE-P-76210-0001 Success Firmware Download 100% 7119746 Operation Complete.	lert	Name	Images	Status	Operation	Progress	Bytes Trans.	Message
R4N1-180.22 DFE-P-76210-0001 Success Firmware Download 100% 7119746 Operation Complete.	- Mat	rix N3/N7 Platir	num Mapped - TFTP					
		R4N1-180.22	DFE-P-76210-0001	Success	Firmware Download	100%	7119746	Operation Complete.
	Takue C	umman. Pro	record 1 of 1 douines with 0 fo	ilunce				
			cessed 1 of 1 devices with 0 fa	ilures				
Verall Progress: 100% lapsed Time: 0:43 (Minutes:Seconds)	verall	Progress:	100%	ilures				

#### 19. Click Close.

## **Upgrading for a Device Type**

To upgrade the firmware for all devices of a particular device type:

- 1. Open the **Network** tab.
- 2. Select the Firmware tab.
- 3. Select the device type from the Firmware tree in the left panel.
- 4. Upload the firmware or boot PROM image, if necessary.
  - a. Click the **Upload** button to open the Upload Firmware to Server window from which you can save image files to the Extreme Management Center server.

Upload Firmwar	e to Server			$\otimes$
	Drop file	es here or click to uplo	oad.	
Directory: Server Path: Subdirectory:	TFTP C:\ttpboot\firm	○ FTP ware\images\	⊖ SCP	
			Upload	Cancel

- b. Drag the file or files into the box in the main part of the window or click the box to open a window from which you can navigate to the appropriate directory.
- c. Select **TFTP**, **FTP**, or **SCP** to indicate whether you are upgrading the firmware or boot PROM image using a TFTP, FTP, or SCP server, respectively.
- d. Type the Subdirectory within the Server Path where the firmware or boot PROM images are uploaded.
- e. Click the **Upload** button. A status bar displays over the file icon and a checkmark indicates when the

upload is complete. Anyone with access to Extreme Management Center is now able to download the image file to a device.

5. Right-click the firmware or boot PROM image from the Device Type Images section of the window and select **Assign Firmware** from the menu.

The Assign Firmware to One or More Device Types window appears.



- 6. Select the device type on which you are assigning the firmware or boot PROM image.
- 7. Click OK.

If you did not select Restart Devices After Upgrade, restart your devices.

## **Upgrading for Fabric Manager**

To upgrade the firmware image for Fabric Manager, follow the instructions in <u>Upgrading Fabric Manager</u>.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related windows:

- Network Tab
- Devices Tab
- Firmware Tab

## How to Restart a Device

Use the **Devices** tab to restart a single device or multiple devices. The tab lets you restart devices that support Timed Restart as well as those devices that do not. Timed Restart lets you configure your restart operation with a time delay, so that the actual device restarts take place at a later time.

To restart a device:

- 1. Access the Network > Devices tab.
- 2. Use the left-panel drop-down list to select **All Devices**, **Maps**, or **Sites**, depending on the devices you are restarting. You can also use the drop-down list to select how the devices are organized (e.g. by IP address, by Device Type).
- 3. Select the **Devices** tab in the right-panel.
- 4. Select the device or devices you want to restart (using the Ctrl or Shift keys).
- 5. Click the **Menu** icon ( $\equiv$ ) or right-click in the Devices list.
- 6. Select More Actions > Restart Device.

**NOTE:** You can also right-click a single device in the left-panel and select **More Actions** > **Restart Device**.

The Restart Devices window displays.

7. Select the devices you want to restart by clicking the checkbox in the **Selected** column.

**NOTE:** The **Restart Devices** window contains additional fields for devices that support timed restart.

- 8. Select the date and time you want to restart the device for devices that support timed restart using the **Restart Time** fields. This field defaults to the current date and time, so to restart the devices now, do not change this field.
- 9. Click **Start** to initiate the device restarts or to schedule a future device restart. **Elapsed Time** displays the elapsed time since beginning the restart process.
- 10. Click **Finish** to close the window.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- How to Upgrade Firmware
- <u>Restart Device Window</u>

# **Create and Edit a VLAN on a Device**

This section outlines how to create and edit a VLAN. From the **Network** tab, you can:

- Create a new VLAN
- Edit the ports of an existing VLAN
- Edit the name of an existing VLAN
- Remove devices from an existing VLAN

## To create a new VLAN:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- Select the device from the devices list. Right-click the device and select Device > Configure Device. The Configure Device window opens.

Configure [	Device								×
IP Address	Device Type	Poll Type	Site	Firmware		Serial N	umber		
8.8.8.8		Ping	/World						
Device	Device Anno	tation Ports	Custon	n Attributes	s Ven	dor Prof	ile Definition		
System Nam	e:			Default Site	C		/World		٣
Contact:				Poll Group:			Default		•
Location:				Poll Type:			Ping		•
Administratio	n Profile:		-	SNMP Time	eout:		5		÷
Replacemen Number:	t Serial E	nter Value		SNMP Retr	ies:		3		÷
Remove from	n Service:			Topology La	ayer:		L2 Access		٣
								_	_
					Sync f	rom Site	Save	Can	cel

4. Select the VLAN Definition tab.

Configure Device				×
IP Address	Device Type	Poll Type	Site	Firmware
	B3G124-48	SNMP	/World	06.61.12.0005
4			_	,
Device Device	Annotation M AN	Definition Dorte	Custom Attributes	Vandar Drafila
		Definition Ports	Custom Attributes	vendor Prome
🔾 Add 🛛 💓 Edit	Delete			
Name	VID Always Wri	te to Device(s)		
Default	1 🖌			
		Sync fro	m Site 🦓 Enforce Pr	eview Cancel

- 5. Click the Add button.
- 6. Enter the Name and the VID for the new VLAN.

Configure Device								×
IP Address	Device 1	уре	Poll Type		Site		Firmware	
	B3G124-	48	SNMP	/World		06.61.12.0	005	
4					_			•
Device Device	Annotati		Definition	Porte	Custom Attri	huter	Vendor P	rofile
			Dennition	Ports	Custom Attri	butes	vendor P	rome
🔾 Add 🎲 Edit	O Del	ete						
Name	VID	Always Writ	e to Device(	s)				
2	2		1					
Derault	1	*		Updat	e Cancel			
				Updat	Gancei			
					Sync from Sit	to I	Save	Cancel
					Sync from Si	10	Gave	Cancel

7. Select Update.

The new VLAN is added to the list.

- 8. Select Enforce Preview.
- 9. Under the Enforce Options, select the VLAN Definition checkbox and select Enforce.

Compare	Device	Con	figuration						2 ×
Enabled	IP Add		Site		Match	Statu	15		
Enabled	IP AUU	less	Site	System	VLAN Definition	Port Alias	Port VLAN	Action	Progress
V			/World	۲	0	۲	•	Verify Success	100
Enforce Op	tions:		System	VI.	AN Definition 🗌 Po	ort Alias	Port VL/	NN .	
Device	VI AI		initions	Ports					
Device	VLA	Desi		Ports			C		
		Desi	red				Current		
sysName						~			
sysContac	:t					~			
sysLocatio	n					~			
4									
								1.1.1	
							Refre	S 🤤 📲 Enforce	Cancel

**NOTE:** By default, the checkboxes in the Enforce Options section of the window are not selected. To configure Extreme Management Center to select the checkboxes by default, open the NSJBoss.properties file and change **false** to **true** in the following lines:

- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.system=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.vlanDefinition=fals e
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.portAlias=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.portVlan=false

The VLAN is now created and assigned to the device.

## To configure the VLAN(s) on the ports

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.

- 3. Select the device from the devices list.
- 4. Right-click the device and select **Device > Configure Device**. The **Configure Device** window opens.
- 5. Select the **Ports** tab.

Configure D	)evice									×
IP Address		Device Type	P	oll Type		Site		Firm	ware	
		B3G124-48	SI	NMP		/World		06.6	1.12.0005	;
<										,
Device	Device A	nnotation	/LAN De	finition	Ports	Custom /	Attributes	Vend	dor Prof	ile
🔯 Edit										
Name †	Alias		Co	nfiguratio	on	PVID			Policy	
ge.1.1		_ge.1.1	Ac	cess		Default [1	]		None	1
ge.1.2		_ge.1.2	Ac	cess		Default [1	]		None	
ge.1.3		_ge.1.3	Int	erswitch		Default [1	]		None	
ge.1.4		_ge.1.4	Ac	cess		Default [1]	]		None	
ge.1.5		_ge.1.5	Ac	cess		Default [1	]		None	
		_ge.1.6	Ac	cess		Default [1	]		None	
ge.1.6										
ge.1.6 ∢										,

- 6. Select the Port on which you are configuring the VLAN.
- 7. Select Edit.

The Port is now configurable.

- 8. Change the **PVID**, **Tagged**, and **Untagged** options to configure the VLAN onto the port.
- 9. Click Enforce Preview.
- 10. Under the Enforce Options, select the Port VLAN checkbox and select Enforce.

**NOTE:** By default, the checkboxes in the Enforce Options section of the window are not selected. To configure Extreme Management Center to select the checkboxes by default, open the NSJBoss.properties file and change **false** to **true** in the following lines:

- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.system=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.vlanDefinition=fals e
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.portAlias=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.portVlan=false

The VLAN is now configured to the Ports.

## To edit the name of a VLAN:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 3. Select the device from the devices list.
- 4. Right-click the device and select **Device > Configure Device**. The **Configure Device** window opens.

Configure [	Device							(	×
IP Address	Device Type	Poll Type	Site	Firmware		Serial N	umber		
8.8.8.8		Ping	/World						
Device	Device Annot	ation Ports	Custon	n Attributes	s Ven	dor Prof	ile Definition		
System Nam	e:			Default Site	E		/World		٣
Contact:				Poll Group:			Default		Ŧ
Location:				Poll Type:			Ping		Ŧ
Administratio	on Profile:		-	SNMP Time	eout:		5		÷
Replacemen Number:	t Serial En	ter Value		SNMP Retr	ies:		3		÷
Remove from	n Service: 🗌			Topology La	ayer:		L2 Access		*
					Sync fi	rom Site	Save	Cance	el

5. Click the VLAN Definition tab.

Configure I	Device								×
IP Address		Device T	ype	Poll Type		Site		Firmware	
		B3G124-	48	SNMP		/World		06.61.12.0005	
4									
Device	Device /	Annotati	on VLAN	Definition	Ports	Custom A	ttributes	Vendor Profile	9
Add	波 Edit	Oel	ete						
Name		VID	Always Writ	e to Device(s	5)				
Default		1	4						
					0 (		<b>F</b> -( <b>D</b>		
					Sync from	n Site	Enforce Pre	eview Car	ncel

- 6. Select the VLAN to edit and then select the **Edit** button.
- 7. Enter the new name for the VLAN.
- 8. Click **Update**. The Edit pane closes.
- 9. Click Save to exit the VLAN Definition window. The VLAN is updated.

## To remove devices from a VLAN:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- Select the device from the devices list. Right-click the device and select Device > Configure Device. The Configure Device window opens.
- 4. Click the VLAN Definition tab. The VLAN Definition pane opens.

Configure Device				×
IP Address	Device Type	Poll Type	Site	Firmware
	B3G124-48	SNMP	/World	06.61.12.0005
4				
Device Device	Annotation VLAN	Definition Ports	Custom Attributes	Vendor Profile
🔾 Add 🛛 💓 Edit	Delete			
Name	VID Always Wri	ite to Device(s)		
Default	1 🖌			
				-
		Sync from	n Site 🏼 🍄 Enforce Pre	view Cancel

5. Select the VLAN and click **Delete**.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Maps</u>
- Devices tab

## How to Add a New Regime

The **Compliance** tab provides you with regimes that include predefined audit tests. You can also create your own regimes, composed of audit tests you can copy from existing regimes, or configure yourself.

To create a new regime:

- 1. Open the **Compliance** > **Audit Tests** tab.
- 2. Click the Menu icon (≡) and select Add > Regime.

The Create Regime window displays.

- 3. Enter a **Regime Name**, describing the overarching standard or regulation against which you are testing compliance.
- 4. Enter a **Description** for the regime, if necessary.
- 5. Select **Test Wireless Events** to include wireless events in the ExtremeCompliance audit.
  - **NOTE:** Because of the number of wireless events potentially stored by Extreme Management Center, wireless events are not included in an ExtremeCompliance audit the first time it is run. Once the audit is run the first time, older wireless events are moved, so older events are not included in the results.

#### 6. Click Save.

- 7. Copy existing audit tests to the new regime, if necessary.
  - a. Right-click the audit test in left-panel and selecting Copy Audit Test.

The Copy Audit Test window displays.

- b. Enter a new name for the audit test, if necessary.
- c. Select the new regime in the **Regime** drop-down list.
- d. Select the device type to which the audit test applies in the **Device Type** dropdown list.
- e. Click Copy.
- 8. Create your own audit tests.
  - a. Click the Menu icon ( $\equiv$ ) and select Add > Audit Test.
  - b. Complete the fields in the **Audit Test Editor** tab to test for a device configuration.
  - c. Complete the fields in the **Dependent Tests** tab, if necessary.
  - d. Click Save.

Your custom regime is now available on the **Compliance** tab.

### **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- ExtremeCompliance Overview
- **Diagnostics**

# How to Obtain and Apply an ExtremeCompliance License

To use the **Compliance** tab in Extreme Management Center, an additional license is required.

To obtain and apply the license in Extreme Management Center:

1. Contact your sales representative to purchase an ExtremeCompliance license.

An email voucher is generated and sent to you with instructions.

- 2. Create an Extreme Networks Support Portal account, if necessary.
  - a. Open a browser and go to <u>https://secure.extremenetworks.com/</u>.
  - b. Enter your information and click Create An Account.

An email is sent to you with instructions to activate your account.

c. Click the link in your email.

The Portal - Account Activation web page displays.

- d. Enter your **Email Address** and the **Activation Code** included in your activation email, if they do not automatically populate.
- e. Click Activate.
- 3. Access the Extreme Networks Support Portal at <u>https://extremeportal.force.com/ExtrLicenseLanding.</u>
- 4. Enter your Email and Password and click Log In.
- 5. Click Generate License.

The Generate License window displays.

- 6. Enter your Voucher ID from the email voucher sent to you and click Next.
- 7. Select the Terms and Conditions checkbox and click Submit.

A window displays with your software license key.

- 8. Copy the license key from the window.
- 9. Open Extreme Management Center.
- 10. Access the Administration > Diagnostics tab.
- 11. Select **Server > Server Licenses** in the left-panel.

The Server Licenses panel displays.

12. Click Add.

The Add License window displays.

- 13. Paste the license key you copied in Step 9 and click OK.
- 14. Restart Extreme Management Center.
- 15. The **Compliance** tab is now available in the menu, allowing you to use ExtremeCompliance audit functionality.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related tabs:

- ExtremeCompliance Overview
- **Diagnostics**

## **ExtremeXOS Device ZTP+ Configuration**

Using Extreme Networks' ZTP+ (Zero Touch Provisioning Plus) functionality, you can quickly add new ExtremeXOS devices to your network and configure them in Extreme Management Center.

Typically, when adding a new device to the network, a network administrator connects a console cable to the device to access the local console and manually configure the device.

**IMPORTANT:** Stacked systems do not currently support ZTP+ configuration.

In Extreme Management Center, new devices are automatically discovered on the network the moment they are connected. ZTP+ enabled ExtremeXOS devices send information to Extreme Management Center automatically, including the serial number, the number and speed of the ports, and the firmware version. Once a ZTP+ ExtremeXOS device is connected, you can add it to Extreme Management Center with minimal server configuration. In addition, the latest updates are automatically downloaded to the new device. This process minimizes the amount of time needed to configure a new device and deploy it on the network.

## Prerequisites

Before connecting your devices, configure the following:

- Select the Reference Firmware Image Location
- Download XMODs
- Default Device Configuration in Extreme Management Center
- General Network Configuration

#### Select the Reference Firmware Image Location

You can configure Extreme Management Center to automatically update your device's firmware and application versions. When upgrading the firmware image on your device, access the appropriate firmware image for your version from ExtremeNetworks.com and save it on your server to a directory you configure in Extreme Management Center. Once the firmware image is saved on the Extreme Management Center server, it is available in Extreme Management Center and can be downloaded to the device.

For the device to recognize a new version is available, the firmware image must be downloaded from ExtremeNetworks.com to your server and saved in a directory you configure in Extreme Management Center.

To configure the file transfer directory:

- 1. Access the **Options** tab.
- 2. Select **Inventory Manager** in the left panel.
- 3. Enter the **Firmware Directory Path** in either the FTP Server Properties, SCP Server Properties, or TFTP Properties section of the right panel, depending on the file transfer settings used.
- 4. Download the latest firmware image for your device from ExtremeNetworks.com and save it in the specified directory.

**NOTE:** ExtremeXOS devices must be running version 21.1 or later.

Once you download the firmware image from ExtremeNetworks.com and save it on the Extreme Management Center server, use the **Firmware** tab in Extreme Management Center to download the image from the Extreme Management Center server to the device.

- 1. Access the **Firmware** tab.
- 2. Expand the **Device Type** navigation tree in the left-panel for the device family you are configuring and select the folder for the type of device.
- 3. Right-click the firmware file you downloaded (specified in the section above) and select **Set as Reference Image**.

**NOTE:** Firmware for an ExtremeXOS device contains a filename extension of .XOS.

Your device automatically updates with this firmware image when it restarts and is logged in the Event log with a **Category** of **Inventory**.

## Download XMODs

XMODs are files that work in conjunction with firmware image upgrades to enhance ZTP+ functionality as well as provide bug fixes for existing features. Like firmware image upgrades, they are posted by Extreme Networks on github and <u>ExtremeNetworks.com</u>. Save XMODs in the directory you specify in the **Firmware Directory Path** field. Do not set an XMOD as the reference image.

**IMPORTANT:** ExtremeXOS devices on which version 21.1.4 is running require an update to the CloudConnector XMOD for ZTP+ functionality to work properly. Saving the most recent XMOD in the directory specified above updates the device and allows ZTP+ to function as intended.

If multiple CloudConnector XMOD files exist in the same directory on the Extreme Management Center server as the reference image, Extreme Management Center downloads the XMOD file with the higher version number on the device.

## Default Device Configuration in Extreme Management Center

Before connecting your devices, you can configure the default settings that Extreme Management Center applies to all devices you add to the network. This is accomplished using the **Site** tab.

- 1. Access the **Devices** tab in Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Expand the World Site navigation tree and select the map in the left panel into which you are adding the devices.
- 3. Select the **Site** tab in the right panel.
- 4. Select the **Automatically Add Devices** checkbox in the Discovered Device Actions section and any other actions you want to occur on your devices discovered in Extreme Management Center.

Discover	Actions	VLAN D	efinition	Port Templates	ZTP+ Device	e De >
Automatic	ally Add De	vices	Enable (	Collection		î
🗌 Add Trap	Receiver		Add to A	Archive		
Add Sysic	g Receiver		Add to N	Map		
Custom Conf	iguration					
Add	🔯 Edit	Oelete				
Enabled	Vendor	Family	Topology	Task		
-	ice to Policy	Domain				
-				Ÿ	Import VLANs.	-
Add Devi	in: Defaul			Ţ	Import VLANs.	-
Policy Doma	in: Defaul			~	Import VLANs.	•
Add Dev Policy Doma	in: Defaul	t Policy Dom		~	Import VLANs.	•
Add Dev Policy Doma Access Contr Add Dev Access Cont	in: Defaul ol ice to Access rol Engine G	t Policy Dom	gine Group Default	~	Import VLANs.	•

- 5. Use the Custom Configuration section to automatically run a script on devices being added to the site, if necessary.
- 6. Select Add Device to Policy Domain or Add Device to ExtremeControl Engine Group to automatically add devices being added to the site to a Policy Domain or ExtremeControl engine group.
- 7. Add the VLANs that are used on your devices on the VLAN Definition tab by clicking the Add button and entering the Name and VID.
- 8. Use the **Port Templates** tab to create a port configuration, if necessary.
- 9. Enter the Gateway Address, Domain Name, and DNS Server address on the ZTP+ Device Defaults tab. Additionally, you can configure the NTP Server address and select the protocols to enable on your devices, if necessary.
- 10. Click Save.

The default configuration for this site is complete and any devices you discover with this site selected use this criteria.

## General Network Configuration

In order for the switch to communicate to the Extreme Management Center server:

- The DHCP Server needs to return a DNS Server and Domain Name to the ZTP+ device.
- The DNS Server needs to map the name **extremecontrol.**domain-name> to the IP address of the Extreme Management Center server.

## Adding the Device to the Extreme Management Center Database

Now that the default criteria is configured for devices added to the World Site and you set up the DHCP and DNS servers allowing the device to communicate with the Extreme Management Center database, connect the device and add it to Extreme Management Center.

1. Connect the device to your network.

ZTP+ enabled devices communicate with Extreme Management Center securely via an HTTPS connection and transmit information to Extreme Management Center, including the serial number, firmware version, MAC address, operating system, and port information. Extreme Management Center determines the status of devices and if new updates are available in the and set as Reference images, they are automatically installed.

2. Open the **Discovered** tab in Extreme Management Center.

The device is listed with a **Status** of **ZTP+ Pending Edit**, indicating the device configuration needs to be edited before adding it to the Extreme Management Center server.

Clear Sel	ected 🤤	Clear All Dev	rices O Pre-Regist	ter Device @ Loa	d Configuration	Add Devices	h	Configure	Devices	Show Filters 🚺   C
IP Address	Source	Site Path	Profile	Status	Details	Туре	Se	rial Number	Firmware	System Description
	ZTP+	/World	public_v2_Profile	ZTP+ Pending Edit	Configuratio	Virtual Applicati	0	Clear Select	ed	Extreme Networks - Application Analytics Engine
							•	Clear All Dev		
							0	Pre-Register	Device	
							0	Load Configu	uration	
							0	Add Devices		
							2	Configure De	vices	

3. Select the device and click the **Configure Devices** button.

The Configure Device window opens on the Device tab.

Device				
System Name:		Default Site:	/World	-
Contact:	support@extremenetwork	Poll Group:	Default	*
Location:		Poll Type:	SNMP	*
Administration Profile:	public_v1_Profile -	SNMP Timeout:	5	\$
Replacement Serial Number:		SNMP Retries:	3	÷
Remove from Service:	0	Topology Layer:	L2 Access	*
	R	eload Device Sync from Site	Save	Cancel

4. Select the **Default Site** for the device.

- 5. Select the **Poll Group** for the device, which indicates the frequency with which Extreme Management Center checks for new configurations or updates.
- 6. Select the appropriate **Poll Type**, which determines how devices are managed on your network:
  - ZTP Plus Devices are polled using ZTP+ functionality.
  - SNMP After devices are added to Extreme Management Center via ZTP+, devices are polled using SNMP and are managed manually.
- Open the ZTP+ Device Settings tab. The <u>ZTP+ Device Defaults tab</u> on the <u>Sites tab</u> includes detailed information about the values displayed on the ZTP+ Device Settings tab.

Discover Actions	VRF/VLA	N Topologies	Services	Port Te	mplates	ZTP+ D	evice Def	aults En	dpoint Loca	tions Ar	alytics Cu	stom Variable	s
Basic Management													
Use Discovered	IP:			DNS Serve	HC.				System Lo	cation:			
Subnet Address				DNS Serve	r 2:				Admin Prof	lie:	public_v2_	Profile *	
Gateway Addres	15:			DNS Serve	r 3:				Poll Group		Default	*	
Management Int	lerface:	Default	*	NTP Serve	c				Poll Type:		SNMP	*	
Domain Name:				NTP Serve	r 2:				Starting IP	Address:			
									Ending IP /	Address:			
Configuration/Upgra	de												*
Configuration Updates:	Always		Firmwar Upgrad		Always		-						
Update Date:	1969/1	2/31			1059/12/31		<b>(11)</b>						
Updete Time:	12:00	M v			12:00 AM		~						
Device Protocols													*
LACP: En	abled	mor =	MSTP:	Enabled	Error	*	POE:	C Enables	d Error	*			
LLDP: 🗹 En	abled E	rror 👻	MVRP:	Enabled	Error	٣	VXLAN:	Enables	Error	v			
									_				
									Discover	Configu	re Devices	Scheduler	Save

- 8. Configure the fields on the <u>ZTP+ Device Settings tab</u> to determine how the device is managed by Extreme Management Center using ZTP+ functionality.
- 9. Click the **Ports** tab to open the Ports section. The ports table displays the ports transmitted by the device to Extreme Management Center when connected to the network.

🔯 Edit					
Name †	Alias	Enabled	Speed	Duplex	Configuration
48	1510G-00103_48	8	Auto	Auto	Access
49	1510G-00103_49	1	Auto	Auto	Interswitch
50	1510G-00103_50	1	Auto	Auto	Interswitch
51	1510G-00103_51	1	Auto	Auto	Interswitch
52	1510G-00103_52	8	Auto	Auto	Interswitch
mgmt-1	1510G-00103_mgmt-1	8	Auto	Auto	Management ,
4					

10. Select a port in the table to configure the port Name, Alias, Configuration, or port VLAN ID.

You can also add and delete ports by clicking the **Add** and **Delete** buttons, respectively:

- a. Enter the port Alias.
- b. Select the port **Configuration**, which is its role or purpose for the device.
  - Access The port provides access to end-systems.
  - Interswitch The port connects the switch to another switch.
  - Management The port is used to manage the network via Extreme Management Center.
- c. Enter a VLAN ID for the port in the **PVID** field.
- d. Configure the port **Speed** and **Duplex**.
- 11. Open the ZTP+ VLAN Definition tab to open the ZTP+ VLAN definition section. The table contains any VLANs you configured on the **Site** tab.

LAN Definition					
🔘 Add 🛛 🔵 Edit	😑 De	lete			
Name	VID	Dynamic Eg	Protocol Fil	Management	Always Write to Dev
Default	1	0		Y	R

- 12. Add any device-specific VLANs to those already included in the table by clicking the **Add** button.
- 13. Change any incorrect fields in the Device, Device Annotation, or Discovered Device Actions sections.
- 14. Click **Save** at the bottom of the window.

The device is added to the Extreme Management Center database and moves from the **Discovered** tab to the **Devices** tab.

In the event a configuration is not correctly transmitted to the switch or if connectivity is lost during any part of this process, the device resets and allows the process to restart.

The device **Status** (displayed on the **Discovered** tab) is now **ZTP+ Staged**, indicating Extreme Management Center will push the configuration to the device the next time the device contacts Extreme Management Center.

When Extreme Management Center pushes the configuration to the device, the device **Status** is **ZTP+ Complete**.

Extreme Management Center generates an event indicating it is upgrading a device image, when the device image is upgraded to the latest version, and when a configuration is sent to a device.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Sites</u>
- Profiles
- Add Device
- <u>Configure Device</u>
- <u>Devices</u>

**NOTES:** If you did not select **Automatically Add Devices** on the **Site** tab, the device remains on the **Discovered** tab with a **Status** of **ZTP+ Complete**. Select the device, click the **Add Devices** button (the **Add Device** window appears), and click the **Add** button to add the device to the Extreme Management Center database.

## **ExtremeAnalytics Engine ZTP+ Configuration**

Using Extreme Networks' ZTP+ (Zero Touch Provisioning Plus) functionality, you can quickly add new ExtremeAnalytics engines to your network and configure them in Extreme Management Center.

**IMPORTANT:** Logging in to the engine and running the initial engine configuration script will result in the ZTP+ configuration process being shutdown.

```
Stacked systems do not currently support ZTP+ configuration.
```

Once ZTP+ enabled devices are configured and connected in Extreme Management Center, you can view important data and flow collector information on the **ExtremeAnalytics** tab.

## **General Network Configuration**

In order for the engine to communicate with the Extreme Management Center server:

- The DHCP Server needs to return a DNS Server and Domain Name to the ZTP+ device.
- The DNS Server needs to map the name **extremecontrol.**<*domain-name*> to the IP address of the Extreme Management Center server.

Once Extreme Management Center and the ZTP+ device are <u>pre-configured</u>, you can add the site definition to the Extreme Management Center database.

## Adding the Device to the Extreme Management Center Database

When the default criteria is configured for devices added to the World Site and you set up the DHCP and DNS servers allowing the device to communicate with the Extreme Management Center database, connect the device and add it to the **Discovered** tab.

1. Open the **Discovered** tab in Extreme Management Center.

The device is listed with a Status of ZTP+ Pending Edit, indicating the device

configuration needs to be edited before adding it to the Extreme Management Center server. Add the <u>ZTP device settings</u> and the <u>flow source</u> information.

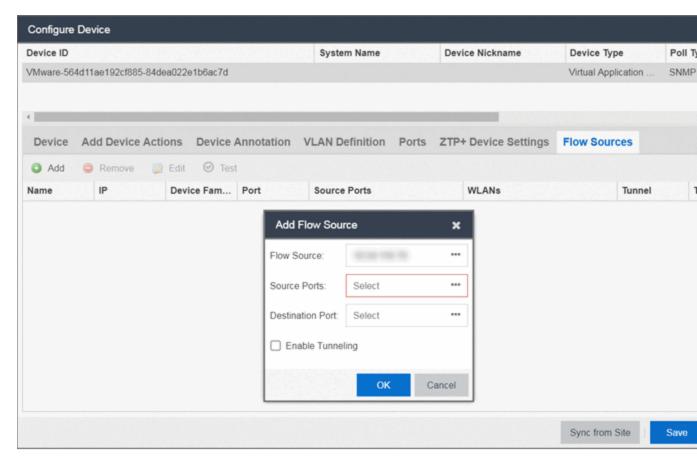
2. Right-click the device and select Configure Devices tab from the drop-down list.

The **Configure Device** window opens.

3. Click the **ZTP+ Device Settings** tab.

Configure	Device							2 ×
Device ID	an China an Island		System Nan	1e	Device Nickname	Device Type	Poll Type	
/Mware-564	4d11ae192cf885-84dea022	e1b6ac7d				Virtual Application	SNMP	
_		ta to a ta ta ta	a					
Device	Add Device Actions	Device Annotation	VLAN Definiti	on Ports	ZTP+ Device Setting	s Flow Sources		
🗹 Configu	ire Device							Â
Basic	: Management							
	Serial Number:	VMware-564d11ae192cf	8 Managem	ent Interface:	Default	*		- 1
	Use Discovered IP:	0	Domain N	lame:	example.org			
	IP Address / Subnet:		DNS Serv	er:				- 1
	Gateway Address:		NTP Serv	er:				
Config	guration/Upgrade							*
	Firmware Alway Upgrades:		configuration lpdates:	Always	*			*
						Sync from Site	Save	Cancel

 Configure the fields on the <u>ZTP+ Device Settings tab</u> to determine how the ExtremeAnalytics engine is managed by Extreme Management Center using ZTP+ functionality. 5. Click the Flow Sources tab in the Configure Device window.



- 6. Select the ExtremeAnalytics engine flow information.
  - 1. Click the Add (🕥) button.

The Add Flow Source window displays.

- 2. Select FC-180 from the Flow Source drop-down list.
- 3. Select the Source Ports from the drop-down list.

4. Select the Destination Port from the drop-down list.

Configure Device					2 ×
Device ID	Syste	m Name	Device Nicknam	e Device Type	Poll Type
/Mware-564d11ae192cf885-84dea022e1b6	lac7d			Virtual Application	SNMP
					•
Device Add Device Actions De	evice Annotation VLAN D	efinition Por	ts ZTP+ Device S	Select Flow Mirror Port	
🗿 Add 🛛 😂 Remove 🔛 Edit 🤇	🔊 Test				
Name IP Device F	am Port Source	Ports	WLANs	Name	Default Role
				- 🖌 10.54.116.79	
	Add Flow Sou	rce	×	🔻 🎆 Chassis-1 [4 po	rts]
	Flow Source:	-		🔲 👿 tg.1.1	
				🔲 👿 tg.1.3	
	Source Ports:	tg.1.2		🔲 👿 tg.1.4	
	Destination Port	Select		<ul> <li>Logical Ports [12</li> </ul>	29 ports]
	Destination Port:	Select		😴 👿 tbp.0.1	
	Enable Tunne	ling		Status: Do	wn (Admin: Up)
	100000000000000000000000000000000000000			4	
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	OK	Cancel		

- 5. Click the **Enable Tunneling** checkbox.
- 6. Select the Tunnel IP address from the drop-down list.
- 7. Click **OK** to complete the Flow Source configuration.

**NOTES:** If you did not select **Automatically Add Devices** on the **Site** tab, the ExtremeAnalytics engine remains on the **Discovered** tab with a **Status** of **ZTP+ Complete**. Select the engine, click the **Add Devices** button (the **Add Device** window appears), and click the **Add** button to add the engine to the Extreme Management Center database.

In the event a configuration is not correctly transmitted to the switch or if connectivity is lost during any part of this process, the engine resets and allows the process to restart.

## **Completing Configuration and Enforcing the Engine in ExtremeAnalytics**

The engine **Status** (displayed on the **Discovered** tab) is now **ZTP+ Staged**, indicating Extreme Management Center will push the configuration to the device the next time the device contacts Extreme Management Center. Open the **Configuration** tab. The engine is configured with the ZTP+ enabled device and is displayed in the **Overview** window. Enforce the engine to complete the process.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Sites</u>
- Profiles
- Add Device
- <u>Configure Device</u>
- <u>Devices</u>

## **FastPath Device ZTP+ Configuration**

Using Extreme Networks' ZTP+ (Zero Touch Provisioning Plus) functionality, you can quickly add new FastPath devices to your network and configure them in Extreme Management Center.

Typically, when adding a new device to the network, a network administrator connects a console cable to the device to access the local console and manually configure the device.

**IMPORTANT:** Stacked systems do not currently support ZTP+ configuration.

In Extreme Management Center, new devices are automatically discovered on the network the moment they are connected. ZTP+ enabled FastPath devices send information to Extreme Management Center automatically, including the serial number, the number and speed of the ports, and the firmware version. Once a ZTP+ enabled FastPath device is connected, you can add it to Extreme Management Center with minimal server configuration. In addition, the latest updates are automatically downloaded to the new device. This process minimizes the amount of time needed to configure a new device and deploy it on the network.

## **Prerequisites**

Before connecting your FastPath devices, configure the following:

- Select the Reference Firmware Image Location
- Default Device Configuration in Extreme Management Center
- General Network Configuration

#### Select the Reference Firmware Image Location

You can configure Extreme Management Center to automatically update your device's firmware and application versions. When upgrading the firmware image on your device, access the appropriate firmware image for your version from ExtremeNetworks.com and save it on your server to a directory you configure in Extreme Management Center. Once the firmware image is saved on the Extreme Management Center server, it is available in Extreme Management Center and can be downloaded to the device.

For the device to recognize a new version is available, the firmware image must be downloaded from ExtremeNetworks.com to your server and saved in a directory you configure in Extreme Management Center.

To configure the file transfer directory:

- 1. Access the **Options** tab.
- 2. Select Inventory Manager in the left panel.
- 3. Enter the **Firmware Directory Path** in either the FTP Server Properties, SCP Server Properties, or TFTP Properties section of the right panel, depending on the file transfer settings used.
- 4. Download the latest firmware image for your device from ExtremeNetworks.com and save it in the specified directory.

Once you download the firmware image from ExtremeNetworks.com and save it on the Extreme Management Center server, use the **Firmware** tab in Extreme Management Center to download the image from the Extreme Management Center server to the device.

- 1. Access the **Network** > **Firmware** tab.
- 2. Expand the **Device Type** navigation tree in the left-panel for the device family you are configuring and select the folder for the type of device.
- 3. Right-click the firmware file you downloaded (specified in the section above) and select **Set as Reference Image**.

**NOTE:** Firmware for a FastPath device contains a filename extension of .STK.

Your device automatically updates with this firmware image when it restarts and is logged in the Event log with a **Category** of **Inventory**.

#### Default Device Configuration in Extreme Management Center

Before connecting your devices, you can configure the default settings that Extreme Management Center applies to all devices you add to the network. This is accomplished using the **Site** tab.

- 1. Access the **Devices** tab in Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Expand the World Site navigation tree and select the map in the left panel into which you are adding the devices.
- 3. Select the **Site** tab in the right panel.
- 4. Select the **Automatically Add Devices** checkbox in the Discovered Device Actions section and any other actions you want to occur on your devices discovered in Extreme Management Center.

Discover	Actions	VLAN D	efinition	Port Templates	ZTP+ Device	e D€ >
Automatic	ally Add Dev	vices	Enable	Collection		^
🗌 Add Trap	Receiver		Add to A	Archive		
Add Sysic	g Receiver		Add to M	Иар		
Custom Conf	iguration					
Add	😺 Edit	Oelete				
Enabled	Vendor	Family	Topology	Task		
Policy	ice to Policy	Domain				
-	-	Domain L Policy Domi		÷	Import VLANs.	-
Add Dev Policy Doma	in: Defaul			Ÿ	Import VLANs.	•
Add Dev Policy Doma	in: Defaul	t Policy Dom		Ÿ	Import VLANs.	•
Add Dev Policy Doma Access Contr Add Dev Access Cont	in: Default ol ice to Access rol Engine G	t Policy Dom	gine Group Default	~	Import VLANs.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

- 5. Use the Custom Configuration section to automatically run a script on devices being added to the site, if necessary.
- 6. Select Add Device to Policy Domain or Add Device to ExtremeControl Engine Group to automatically add devices being added to the site to a Policy Domain or ExtremeControl engine group.
- 7. Add the VLANs that are used on your devices on the VLAN Definition tab by clicking the Add button and entering the Name and VID.
- 8. Use the **Port Templates** tab to create a port configuration, if necessary.
- 9. Enter the Gateway Address, Domain Name, and DNS Server address on the ZTP+ Device Defaults tab. Additionally, you can configure the NTP Server address and select the protocols to enable on your devices, if necessary.
- 10. Click Save.

The default configuration for this site is complete and any devices you discover with this site selected use this criteria.

#### General Network Configuration

In order for the switch to communicate to the Extreme Management Center server:

- The DHCP Server needs to return a DNS Server and Domain Name to the ZTP+ device.
- The DNS Server needs to map the name **extremecontrol.**domain-name> to the IP address of the Extreme Management Center server.

## Adding the Device to the Extreme Management Center Database

Now that the default criteria is configured for devices added to the World Site and you set up the DHCP and DNS servers allowing the device to communicate with the Extreme Management Center database, connect the device and add it to Extreme Management Center.

1. Connect the device to your network.

ZTP+ enabled devices communicate with Extreme Management Center securely via an HTTPS connection and transmit information to Extreme Management Center, including the serial number, firmware version, MAC address, operating system, and port information. Extreme Management Center determines the status of devices and if new updates are available in the **Firmware** tab and set as Reference images, they are automatically installed.

2. Open the **Discovered** tab in Extreme Management Center.

The device is listed with a **Status** of **ZTP+ Pending Edit**, indicating the device configuration needs to be edited before adding it to the Extreme Management Center server.

ZTP+       World       public_v2_Profile       ZTP+ Pending Edit       Configuratio       Virtual Applicati       Clear Selected       Extreme Networks - Application Analytics Engine         Image: Clear All Devices         Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices         Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices         Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices         Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices         Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices       Image: Clear All Devices	Clear Sel	cted 🤤	Clear All Dev	rices O Pre-Regist	er Device 💮 Loa	d Configuration	Add Devices		Configure	Devices	Show Filters 🚺   🕻
Clear Selected     Clear All Devices     Add Devices     Configure Devices     Configure Devices     Configure Devices	IP Address	Source	Site Path	Profile	Status	Details	Туре	Se	rial Number	Firmware	System Description
<ul> <li>Clear All Devices</li> <li>Pre-Register Device</li> <li>Load Configuration</li> <li>Add Devices</li> <li>Configure Devices</li> <li>Configure Devices</li> </ul>		ZTP+	/World	public_v2_Profile	ZTP+ Pending Edit	Configuratio	Virtual Applicati				Extreme Networks - Application Analytics Engine
<ul> <li>Load Configuration</li> <li>Add Devices</li> <li>Configure Devices</li> </ul>											
Add Devices  Configure Devices								0	Pre-Register	Device	
🔯 Configure Devices								0	Load Config	uration	
								0	Add Devices		
								2	Configure De	vices	
Configure selected devices										Configure se	elected devices

3. Select the device and click the **Configure Devices** button.

The **Configure Device** window opens.

Configure Device							23
Device ID	System Name		Device N	lickname	Device T	ype	Poll Type
00:50:56:00:03:01					vm386E2	(OS	ZTP+
Device Device An	notation VLAN	Definition	Ports	ZTP+ Dev	ice Settings	Vendor F	Profile
Configure Device							
Use Discovered IP:			LACP:	Enabled	Error	¥	
Gateway Address:			LLDP:	🕑 Enabled	Error	-	
Management Interface:	Out-Of-Band	*	MSTP:	Grabled	Error	*	
Domain Name:	ezconfig.com		MVRP:	🗹 Enabled	Error	*	
DNS Server:			POE:	🗹 Enabled	Error	*	
NTP Server:			VXLAN:	Enabled	Error	Ŧ	
Firmware Upgrades:	Always	-					
	1969/12/31	ŝ					
Upgrade Time:		Ŧ					
Upgrade UTC Offset:	UTC-04:00						
			Relo	ad Device	Sync from Site	Sav	e Cancel

- 4. Select the **Default Site** for the device.
- 5. Select the **Poll Group** for the device, which indicates the frequency with which Extreme Management Center checks for new configurations or updates.
- 6. Select the appropriate **Poll Type**, which determines how devices are managed on your network:
  - **ZTP Plus** Devices are polled using ZTP+ functionality.
  - SNMP After devices are added to Extreme Management Center via ZTP+, devices are polled using SNMP and are managed manually.
- 7. Open the ZTP+ Device Settings tab.
- 8. Configure the fields on the <u>ZTP+ Device Settings tab</u> to determine how the device is managed by Extreme Management Center using ZTP+ functionality.
- 9. Open the Ports section of the window by clicking the section heading.

The Ports section opens, displaying the ports transmitted by the device to Extreme

Management Center when connected to the network.

🔀 Edit					
Name †	Alias	Enabled	Speed	Duplex	Configuration
48	1510G-00103_48	1	Auto	Auto	Access
49	1510G-00103_49	1	Auto	Auto	Interswitch
50	1510G-00103_50	1	Auto	Auto	Interswitch
51	1510G-00103_51	8	Auto	Auto	Interswitch
52	1510G-00103_52	8	Auto	Auto	Interswitch
mgmt-1	1510G-00103_mgmt-1	8	Auto	Auto	Management ,
4		G	1.010	1.010	•

10. Select a port in the list to configure the port Name, Alias, Configuration, or port VLAN ID.

You can also add and delete ports by clicking the **Add** and **Delete** buttons, respectively:

- a. Enter the port Alias.
- b. Select the port **Configuration**, which is its role or purpose for the device.
  - Access The port provides access to end-systems.
  - Interswitch The port connects the switch to another switch.
  - Management The port is used to manage the network via Extreme Management Center.
- c. Enter a VLAN ID for the port in the **PVID** field.
- d. Configure the port **Speed** and **Duplex**.
- 11. Open the ZTP+ VLAN Definition section of the window by clicking the section heading.

The ZTP+ VLAN definition section opens, containing any VLANs you configured on the **Site** tab.

🗿 Add 🛛 🔯 Edit	😑 De	lete			
Name	VID	Dynamic Eg	Protocol Fil	Management	Always Write to Dev
Default	1			R	Y

- 12. Add any device-specific VLANs to those already included in the list by clicking the **Add** button.
- 13. Change any incorrect fields in the Device, Device Annotation, or Discovered Device Actions sections.
- 14. Click **Save** at the bottom of the window.

The device is added to the Extreme Management Center database and moves from the **Discovered** tab to the **Devices** tab.

**NOTES:** If you did not select **Automatically Add Devices** on the **Site** tab, the device remains on the **Discovered** tab with a **Status** of **ZTP+ Complete**. Select the device, click the **Add Devices** button (the **Add Device** window appears), and click the **Add** button to add the device to the Extreme Management Center database.

In the event a configuration is not correctly transmitted to the switch or if connectivity is lost during any part of this process, the device resets and allows the process to restart.

The device **Status** (displayed on the **Discovered** tab) is now **ZTP+ Staged**, indicating Extreme Management Center will push the configuration to the device the next time the device contacts Extreme Management Center.

When Extreme Management Center pushes the configuration to the device, the device **Status** is **ZTP+ Complete**.

Extreme Management Center generates an event indicating it is upgrading a device image, when the device image is upgraded to the latest version, and when a configuration is sent to a device.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Sites</u>
- Profiles
- Add Device
- Configure Device
- <u>Devices</u>

## **PortView**

PortView is an Extreme Management Center component that provides port analysis and troubleshooting information including NetFlow data and ExtremeControl end-system details, for your network wired and wireless devices.

The primary launch point for PortView is from the Extreme Management Center Search. Depending on the type of item you are searching for, one or more PortView tabs display with information pertaining to your search item. You can also launch PortView from other locations in Extreme Management Center, as well as in the legacy java applications Console and NAC Manager.

PortView lets you:

- View a topological display of device relationships.
- Analyze flow details, applications, senders, and receivers.
- Analyze real-time status, utilization, errors, and packets for a port.
- View the map of devices to which the end-system is connected.
- Analyze historical utilization and availability for a port.
- View all end-systems attached to a port and critical end-system information.

This Help topic provides the following PortView information:

- <u>Requirements</u>
  - License and Data Collection Requirements
  - Access Requirements
- Launching PortView
  - Launching from Extreme Management Center
  - Launching from Console
  - Launching from NAC Manager

## Requirements

#### License and Data Collection Requirements

You must have an Extreme Management Center license (NMS) or Extreme Management Center Advanced license (NMS-ADV) to view PortView reports. (Contact your sales representative for information on obtaining Extreme Management Center licenses.)

In addition, the information provided in each report depends on the selected switch and the report data collections you configure. For information on configuring data collection, see Enable Report Data Collection.

The following chart describes the complete set of PortView reports and provides the data collection requirements for each report (if applicable). Some of these reports are available as PortView tabs, others are launched from the right-click menu in the graphical Overview report.

PortView Report	Description	Requirements
Overview	Topological display of device relationships.	
Application Summary	View reports that present a summary of application information.	
Details	The tabs within the report contain the following information:	Switch must have ExtremeControl authentication enabled.
	Access Profile — Displays an interactive fingerprint containing information about the end-system. Click an icon to open additional details. End-System — View information about the end-system. End-System Events — View the ExtremeControl Dashboard end-system events table filtered to display all events for the end-system based on the	
	MAC address. Health Results — Displays risk information for the selected end-system.	
Мар	Displays the map containing the device to which the end-system is connected.	
Sessions	The tabs within the report contain the following information:	
	Interface History — Historical interface utilization and availability. Client History — Historical statistics for wired or wireless clients. End-System Events — View the ExtremeControl Dashboard end-system events table filtered to display all events for the end-system based on the MAC address. NetFlow — NetFlow data for the selected port.	Requires active interface statistics collection. Client statistics collection must be enabled. Switch must have ExtremeControl authentication enabled.
		The switch must support NetFlow and flow collection must be enabled on the port.

PortView Report	Description	Requirements
Network Information	The tabs within the report contain the following information:	
	<ul> <li>Wireless Details — Presents controller, AP, or client information, depending on your search.</li> <li>Interface Details — Real-time interface status, utilization, and errors.</li> <li>AP History — Contains historical data for your APs.</li> <li>Switch Resources — Switch CPU and memory utilization statistics.</li> <li>Device Resources — Device CPU and memory utilization statistics.</li> </ul>	Requires active device statistics collection. Requires active device statistics collection.

#### Access Requirements

Access to PortView reports is determined by the user's membership in an Extreme Management Center authorization group and the group's assigned capabilities. The following table lists the capabilities required for access to the different PortView reports.

PortView Report	Required Capability
Network Information Interface History Client History Client Event History Switch History Controller History	NetSight OneView > Access OneView or NetSight OneView > Access OneView and Access OneView Administration
Sessions > NetFlow	NetSight OneView > NetFlow Read Access
Modify Flow Collection	NetSight OneView > NetFlow Read/Write Access
Мар	NetSight OneView > Maps > Maps Read Access or Maps Read/Write Access
Details Sessions > End-System Events	NetSight OneView > ExtremeControl > OneView End-Systems Read Access or NetSight OneView > ExtremeControl > OneView End-Systems Read/Write Access

## Launching PortView

You can launch PortView from a variety of locations in Extreme Management Center, as well as the legacy java applications Console and NAC Manager. By default, you can have five active PortView searches displayed in Extreme Management Center at one time. You can change this display limit in the **Maximum PortViews Displayable** field in Management Center Options (Administration > Options > Management Center > Session Limits).

**NOTE:** A single PortView search returns a maximum of five matching results. If the number of matching results exceeds five, an error message appears asking you to refine the search term and try again.

## Launching from Extreme Management Center

#### Extreme Management Center Search Tab

The primary launch point for PortView is from Extreme Management Center Search. The Search page provides a search field where you can enter a MAC address, IP address, host name, AP serial number, or ExtremeControl custom field information to begin searching. Depending on the type of item for which you are searching, the search results return one or more PortView tabs, with information pertaining to your search item. You can right-click on the different devices in the topology results to launch additional reports.

- 1. Open the **Search** tab.
- 2. Enter a MAC address, IP address, host name, AP serial number, or Identity and Access custom field information, and press Enter to begin the search. You can copy the IP or MAC address from another source and enter it into the Search field. For example, you can copy an end-system MAC address from the Control tab End-Systems view, and then paste the MAC address into the search field and press Enter.
- 3. Depending on the type of item for which you are searching, the secondary navigation bar displays one or more PortView tabs, with information pertaining to your search item, similar to the search results shown below.

#### Extreme Management Center Interface Summary FlexView

Use the following steps to launch PortView from an Extreme Management Center Interface Summary FlexView.

- 1. On the **Network** tab, click on the device Name link to open the Interface Summary FlexView.
- 2. In the Interface Summary, click on the interface Name or Alias link to open PortView.

#### Launching from Console

You can launch PortView from Console using any of the following methods:

- In the Port Properties tab, right-click on one or more ports and select Port Tools > PortView.
- In the Compass Results table, right-click on up to four entries and select Port Tools > PortView.

 In the Interface Summary FlexView, right-click on one or more ports and select Port Tools > PortView.

#### Launching from NAC Manager

You can launch the PortView ExtremeControl reports from NAC Manager using either of the following two methods:

- In the End-Systems tab, right-click on an end-system in the table and select **PortView** from the menu.
- On the **Control** tab's End-Systems view, right-click the entry with the desired switch port and select **PortView** from the menu.

## **AP Wireless Real Capture**

Real Capture allows real-time collection of Access Point (AP) wireless traffic for troubleshooting and problem resolution. Real Capture collects traces on the AP wireless interface and transmits them to Wireshark running on a local Windows client. It allows Wireshark to capture RF/wireless traffic as if it were running directly on the AP, providing visibility into network connectivity and performance issues. All Wireshark features are supported, including filters and I/O graphs.

**NOTE:** APs must be running firmware version 8.x or later. The AP2600 series of Access Points does not support the Real Capture feature.

Real Capture can be enabled for each AP individually from PortView in the Extreme Management Center. When it is enabled, Real Capture runs a daemon on the AP that allows it to interface with Wireshark using port 2002 or 2003. The AP then captures all the wireless traffic (except for management traffic) originating from the AP and sends it to Wireshark for analysis.

In addition to capturing network traffic for analysis in Wireshark, the AP also collects RF information. The RADIOTAP header format delivers RF information. You must use Wireshark 1.6 or later to read the full RADIOTAP header information. For troubleshooting features like TxBF/STBC, you can enable capturing the 802.11n preamble header using the AP CLI commands.

**NOTE:** When capturing client traffic on the AP, if the topology is bridged at AP, client traffic is captured and can be analyzed in the resultant trace. However, if the topology is bridged at controller, only WASSP traffic is captured as the AP tunnels this communication back to the controller. This traffic must be sent to the Extreme Networks Support for analysis because it needs to be decoded. In this scenario, it may be better to mirror the switch port where the controller connects to the LAN.

### **Configure and Use Real Capture**

Use the following steps to configure and use the Real Capture feature.

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Launch PortView for the AP from the Wireless Client Event History report.
  - a. Select the **Wireless** tab and then select the **Clients** tab and the **Client Events** sub-tab. Right-click on the AP Name and select **AP Summary** from the menu.

Dashboard Co	ntrollers Access F	Points Clients Thr	eats				
Clients Client E	Events						
<b>□</b> ~							
Fimestamp 👻	Туре	MAC Address	IP Address	User Name	RSS	AP Name	BSSID
3/29/2015 3:09:15 PM	State Change	SONY MOBILE CO		CORP\dshnayde	-58	catho-e	Client History
3/29/2015 3:09:15 PM	Location Update	SAMSUNG ELECT		pfrancisco@ex	-70	catho-a	,
3/29/2015 3:09:15 PM	Roam	SONY MOBILE CO		CORP\dshnayde	-58	catho-a	Client PortView
5/29/2015 3:09:14 PM	Location Update	ENTERASYS:D8:4				catho-/	Search Maps
6/29/2015 3:09:14 PM	Location Update	LG ELECTRONICS			-52	catho-	AP Summary
8/29/2015 3:09:11 PM	Location Update	SAMSUNG ELECT		corp\eroconno	-53	catho-ap4-3	3825i 20:B3:

b. The AP PortView opens.

Dashboard	Controllers	Access Points	Clients	Threats	AP: 1406001208420000	
	1406001208	420000				
Overview	Wireless Detail	s AP History				

AS	20:83:99:88:0F:A0 mo-sp4-3825( (1406001208420000) *38xx Wineless AP3825( Internal cal
	09.21.01.0179 Weiess Controller-C35

**NOTE:** You can also launch PortView for the AP using the **Search** tab. Open the **Search** tab, enter the search criteria (MAC, IP, hostname, or AP serial number) and press **Enter** to display the AP PortView.

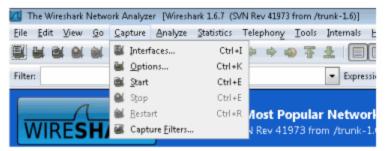
 Right-click on the AP in the PortView topology display and select Real Capture > Real Capture Start xx minutes. Select the desired amount of time to run the capture or create a custom capture duration value. If you need to, you can stop the Real Capture by selecting Real Capture Stop.

Dashboard	Controllers	Access Points	Clients	Threats	AP: 14060012084	20000
	14060012084	20000				
Overview	Wireless Details	AP History				
						83:99:BB:0F:A0
					catho-ap4-3825i(140600 AP38xx Wireless AP3820	
				E AP	Summary	
				AP	Client History	
			1	Ala	rms >	
			/	Rea	al Capture >	Real Capture Start 5 minutes
		/	/	Ref	resh/Rediscover AP	Real Capture Start 10 minutes
		/				Real Capture Start 30 minutes
		/				Real Capture Start 60 minutes
		/				Real Capture Start Custom
		/	INT TREAT	TRACTOR DATE: 11		Real Capture Stop
<u> </u>			•••••		09.21.01.0179 Wreless Controller-C3	5

4. A message appears to inform you Real Capture has started, and provides a CLI command you can use on a client on which Wireshark is installed, to launch Wireshark against the AP and view the captured traffic.

Real Capture Started	$\otimes$
You have started Real Capture against Access Point To view this packet capture launch Wireshark with the com wireshark -k -i rpcap://[]:2002/eth0	imand below:
ОК	

- 5. You can also access the captured traffic in Wireshark using the following steps:
  - a. In Wireshark, select Capture > Options from the menu bar.



b. In the Capture Options window, set the Interface value to Remote.

Wireshark: Capture Options	
Capture	
Interface: Local 🛛 Broadcom NetXtreme Gi	gabit Ethernet Driver: \Device\NPF_{9A29}
IP address: Local 1c4f:cb82, 0.0.0.0	
Link-layer Remote ernet	Wireless Settings
Capture packets in promiscuous mode	Remote Settings
Capture packets in pcap-ng format	Buffer size: 1 📮 megabyte(s)
Limit each packet to 65535	intersize. I integabyce(s)
Capture Filter:	Compile BPF
Capture File(s)	Display Options

c. The Remote Interface window appears. Enter the AP's IP address in the Host field, and the port number (2002 or 2003) in the Port field (you can see this information in the CLI command message described in step 4). In the Authentication section, select Null authentication. Click OK.

Wireshark: Cap	oture Options	
Capture		
Interface: Rem	ote 💌	
IP address: unkr	nown	
Link-layer hea	🕂 Wireshark: Remote I 💷 💷 🗮	Wirel
Capture pa		Remo
📃 Capture pa	Host:	
🔄 Limit each	Port: 2002	er size: 1
Capture Filter	Authentication	
	Null authentication	and an Oatling
Capture File(s)	Password authentication	splay Option
File:	Username:	🚺 Update list
🔲 Use <u>m</u> ultip	Password:	
✓ Next file es		<u>Automatic</u>
🗌 Next file ev	<u>Q</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	/ Hide captu
Ring buffe		Name Recolutio

d. Wireshark adds the command information to the Capture options.

Wireshark: Capture Options	
Capture	
Interface: rpcap://[1 ]:2002	2/eth0
IP address: unknown	
Link-layer header type: Ethernet 👻	Wireless Settings
Capture packets in promiscuous mode	Remote Settings
Capture packets in pcap-ng format	
Limit each packet to 65535	Buffer size: 1 Regabyte(s)

e. Click **OK** in the Capture Options window to begin viewing the captured traffic in Wireshark. When you have the data you need, you can stop the capture and save it to a file for further diagnosis and troubleshooting.

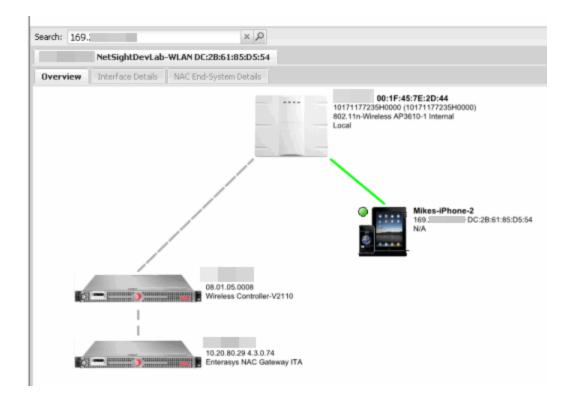
### Real Capture Example

The following example shows how to use Real Capture to diagnose an endsystem connection problem in NAC Manager.

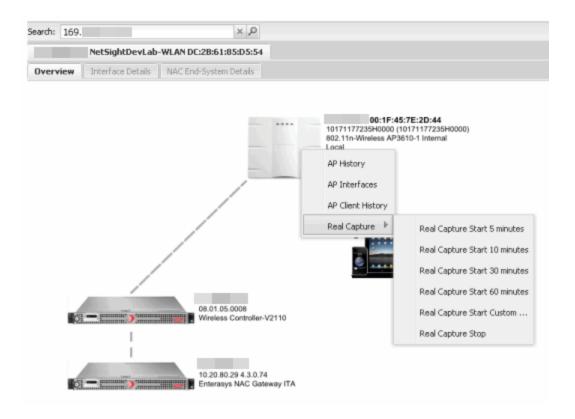
The problem starts when an end-system in NAC Manager is not able to obtain an IP address.

ind-S	ystems				
SU -	MAC Address	MAC OUI Vendor	IP Address	Switch IP	
1	DC:28:61:85:D5:54	Apple, Inc.			101711
2	00:16:6F:8A:D6:B9	Intel Corporation			AP3610
3	00:18:88:D6:E6:0C	Dell			fe.1.17

A search is performed on the 169.x.x.x IP address.



The traffic capture is started on the AP to which the end-system is connected.



The resulting trace in Wireshark shows the end-system sending out DHCP Discover packets with no response, perhaps indicating a VLAN or network-related issue.

	bootp			Expression.	Clear	Apply			
ło.	Time	Source	<ul> <li>Destination</li> </ul>	Protocol	Length	Info			
	68 4.564813	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	346	DHCP	Discover	r -	Transactio
17	72 12.776663	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	346	DHCP	Discover	r -	Transactio
- 30	05 21.515954	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	346	DHCP	Discover	r -	Transactio
137	70 89.982611	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	346	DHCP	Discover	- 7	Transactio
140	04 91.675322	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	346	DHCP	Discover	- 1	Transactio
144	43 94.425229	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	346	DHCP	Discover	r -	Transactio
149	93 98.597873	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	346	DHCP	Discover	r -	Transactio
1.53	80 106 721045	0 0 0 0	255 255 255 255	DHCP	346	DHCP	Discover		Transactio
-								_	
-			Conce I I - Donate I			_			
I Fra	ume 08: 340 D	ytes on wire	(2768 bits), 346 bytes c	aptured (	(2768 t	nts)			
			(2768 Dits), 346 Dytes c 5:54 (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54)					ffat	ff:ff)
Eth	nernet II, Sr	c: Apple_85:d						ffa	ff:ff)
Eth B D	ernet II, Sr Destination:	c: Apple_85:d Broadcast (ff	5:54 (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) :ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)				::ff:ff:f	ffa	ff:ff)
Eth B D	ernet II, Sr Destination: Source: Apple	c: Apple_85:d Broadcast (ff _85:d5:54 (dc	5:54 (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) :ff:ff:ff:ff:ff) :2b:61:85:d5:54)				******	ffer	ff:ff)
Eth B D	Destination: Source: Apple Address: Ap	<pre>c: Apple_85:d Broadcast (ff _85:d5:54 (dc ple_85:d5:54</pre>	5:54 (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) :ff:ff:ff:ff:ff) :2b:61:85:d5:54) (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54)	, DST: Br	roadcas	it (ff		ffa	ff:ff)
Eth D	Destination: Source: Apple Address: Ap	<pre>c: Apple_85:d Broadcast (ff _85:d5:54 (dc ple_85:d5:54</pre>	5:54 (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) :ff:ff:ff:ff:ff) :2b:61:85:d5:54) (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) = IG bit: Individu	, Dst: Br al addres	roadcas	cast)	)		
Eth B C B S	Destination: Source: Apple Address: Ap 0.	c: Apple_85:d Broadcast (ff _85:d5:54 (dc ple_85:d5:54	5:54 (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) :ff:ff:ff:ff: :2b:61:85:d5:54) (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) = LG bit: Individu = LG bit: Globally	, Dst: Br al addres	roadcas	cast)	)		
Eth D S	Destination: Source: Apple Address: Ap 0. 0.	c: Apple_85:d Broadcast (ff _85:d5:54 (dc ple_85:d5:54	5:54 (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) :ff:ff:ff:ff: :2b:61:85:d5:54) (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) = IG bit: Individu = LG bit: Globally 0x8100)	, Dst: Br al addres	roadcas	cast)	)		
Eth 0 5 5 802	Address: Apple Address: Apple 	c: Apple_85:d Broadcast (ff _85:d5:54 (dc ple_85:d5:54 	5:54 (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) :ff:ff:ff:ff:ff :2b:61:85:d5:54) (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) = IG bit: Individu = LG bit: Globally Ox8100) CFI: 0, ID: 20	, Dst: Br al addres unique a	roadcas ss (uni address	it (ff cast) (fac	) tory def	fau	1t)
Eth E 0 S S 802 Int	Address: Ap Address: Ap 0. .ype: 802.1Q 1Q Virtual cernet Protoc	c: Apple_85:d Broadcast (ff _85:d5:54 (dc ple_85:d5:54 virtual LAN ( LAN, PRI: 0, ol Version 4,	5:54 (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) :ff:ff:ff:ff: :2b:61:85:d5:54) (dc:2b:61:85:d5:54) = IG bit: Individu = LG bit: Globally 0x8100)	, Dst: Br al addres unique a Dst: 255	roadcas ss (uni address 5.255.2	cast) (fac	) tory def	fau	1t)

# **Restoring an Extreme Management Center<sup>®</sup> Database Using the CLI**

Use the instructions in this topic to restore an Extreme Management Center database backup using the CLI (command line). Restoring a database using the CLI may be necessary after making significant unwanted configuration changes.

**NOTE:** This topic assumes you previously created a database backup via the **Backup/Restore** tab.

The restore runs using the mysqlbackup\_restore script in the *<install directory*>\scripts directory.

To restore the Extreme Management Center database backup:

- 1. Ensure you are running the **same version** of Extreme Management Center used when creating the database backup on the Extreme Management Center server.
- 2. Log into the system shell (via the local console or SSH) on the Extreme Management Center server as root on a Linux operating system or open a CMD prompt by selecting **Run as administrator** on a Windows operating system.
- 3. Navigate to the scripts directory:
  - On a Windows server, enter cd "<install directory>"\scripts.
  - On a Linux server, enter cd <install directory>/scripts.
- 4. Run the mysqlback\_restore script:
  - On a Windows server, enter mysqlbackup\_restore.cmd "<full backup directory structure configured on Backup/Restore tab, including path>"

(e.g.mysqlbackup\_restore.cmd "C:\Program Files\Extreme Networks\NetSight\backup\netsight\_03272017.sql").

 On a Linux server, enter ./mysqlbackup\_restore.sh <full backup directory structure configured on Backup/Restore tab, including path>

(e.g. ./mysqlbackup\_restore.sh /usr/local/Extreme\_ Networks/NetSight/backup/netsight 03272017.sql/). The database backup is restored.

## **Restore Device Configuration**

On the **Network** tab, you can easily restore a device configuration to an active network device using a "cloned" configuration from an existing network device or a configuration template created on the **Network** > **Devices** tab. In addition, you also have the ability to download the latest firmware on the active device.

This Help topic provides the following information:

- Preliminary Steps
  - <u>Required Capabilities</u>
  - <u>Device Firmware</u>
- <u>Restoring a Configuration</u>
  - Using a Configuration Template
  - <u>Cloning a Device Configuration</u>

### **Preliminary Steps**

#### **Required Capabilities**

In order to perform the restore configuration operation, you must be a member of an authorization group with the following capabilities.

#### **Required Capability**

Inventory Manager > Firmware/Boot PROM Management > Firmware/Boot PROM Upgrade Wizard

Inventory Manager > Configuration Archive Management > Archive Restore Wizard

Inventory Manager > Configuration Templates Management > Configuration Templates Download Wizard

NetSight Suite > Devices > Add, Discover, and Import

#### Device Firmware

If you are updating the device's firmware, you must first add the new firmware version to the left-panel Firmware folder on the **Network** > **Firmware** tab. It is then available when configuring the device.

For information on obtaining firmware, contact your Extreme Networks representative, or access the firmware download library at: <u>https://extremeportal.force.com/</u>.

- 1. Place your new firmware in your firmware directory. Extreme Management Center uses the default tftpboot\firmware\images directory for storing your firmware.
- 2. In the left-panel Firmware folder, click the **Refresh** icon ( C Refresh ). Extreme

Management Center automatically adds your new firmware to the appropriate firmware groups in the left-panel Firmware folder.

The new firmware version is available when configuring the device in Extreme Management Center.

## Restoring a Configuration

When restoring a configuration to an active device, there are two options for selecting a configuration to use. One option is to "clone" an existing device on the network for a configuration. Another option is to use a Configuration Template you create.

Cloning a device configuration is useful when you want to use the exact same configuration on another device. If you are cloning a device configuration, you must have an existing configuration for that device archived.

Using a configuration template allows you to restore a complete or partial configuration to the device with variables you can define specifically for that device. If you are going to use a configuration template for your device, you must create the Configuration Template to use as the source configuration for a device.

### Cloning a Device Configuration

When cloning a device configuration, use an existing configuration of a network device archived in Extreme Management Center. The cloned device (the archived device you are using) must **not** be active on the network to prevent two devices from having the same IP address on the network.

 Launch Extreme Management Center. On the Network > Devices tab, right-click on the active device and select More Actions > Restore Configuration. The Restore Configuration window opens.

Restore Configuration for Device:							
Configure device by selecting the desired configuration							
Restore	Clone Template						
Select config	Select configuration to restore:						
	- /World/77 subnet - 1/25/2017 12:00:00 AM	•					
			Start	Cancel			

2. Select the **Clone** tab.

Restore Configuration for Device:						
Configure device by selecting the desired configuration						
Restore	Clone	Template				
Select source	e Device:	Select configuration to clone:				
-No Saved	l Configu	<ul> <li>- /World/77 subnet - 1/25/2017 12:00:00 AM</li> </ul>				
		Start Cancel				

- If desired, select a new version of firmware to download to the device. (You must add the new firmware version to Extreme Management Center. For more information; see "<u>Device Firmware</u>".)
- 4. Select the Device option as the Configuration Source.
- 5. Select the source device for the configuration. The selected device must be Inactive on the network or you cannot perform the restore operation. This prevents two devices from having the same IP address on the network.
- 6. Select the archived device configuration to clone.
- 7. Click **Start**. First, the firmware is updated (if that option is selected) and then the configuration is loaded and the device is restarted.

#### Using a Configuration Template

The following steps describe how to use a configuration template as the source configuration for a device.

 Launch Extreme Management Center. On the Network > Devices tab, right-click on the active device and select More Actions > Restore Configuration. The Restore Configuration window opens.

Restore Configuration for Device:						
Configure de	vice by selecting the desired configuration					
Restore	Clone Template					
Select config	uration to restore:					
	- /World/77 subnet - 1/25/2017 12:00:00 AM					
		Start	Cancel			

- 2. Select the Template option as the Configuration Source.
- 3. Select the appropriate template from the **Template** drop-down list and enter the required variables.
- 4. Select the Profile for the new device from the drop-down list.
- 5. Click Start. The configuration is loaded and the device is restarted.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Network Tab
- <u>New Device Configuration in Extreme Management Center</u>

# **Configuring Enhanced Netflow for Extreme Analytics and Extreme Wireless Controller Version 10.21**

When adding a Wireless Controller as a flow source in Extreme Management Center, a mirror port is automatically created. Wireless Controllers on which a firmware version of 10.21 or higher is installed use IPFIX, so the mirror port is unnecessary.

**NOTE:** Wireless Controllers on which a firmware version lower than 10.21 is installed still require the mirror port be configured.

To remove a mirror port on a Wireless Controller running version 10.21:

1. Access the **Wireless** tab in Extreme Management Center. The **Wireless** tab opens.

Extreme <sup>.</sup>		
A Network	Dashboard Network Controllers Access Points Clients	Threats Reports
<ul> <li>Alarms &amp; Events</li> <li>Control</li> </ul>	Clients Active APs Wireless Band	width Network Bandwidth
Analytics	Wireless Over     Clients by Protocol     APs by Channel       Stress Contro     1     A[0]	Controller Summary Controller † Cli Bandw Active Role
Administration		0 0 None
Connect	Wireless Bandwidth - Raw Data Last 3 Days	Events         Show Filters           Severity         Timestamp I         Source Host N         I           •         1/8/2017 5:34:2         I         I
	Clients by Protocol 0 1/5 A B G N 2.4 N 5.0 Unavailable Invalid A 4	Top APs - 1-7-2017 Access Point Peak Wireless B Peak Wir
<del>¢</del>	[] Last Updated: 1/8/2017 6:07:35 PM Uptime: 4 Days 05:27:03	Operations

2. Select the **Controllers** tab. The **Controllers** tab opens.

Ε	Extreme							
*	Network	Dashboard	d Network	Controllers	Access Points	Clients Thre	eats Reports	
۰	Alarms & Events	Controller †	Cli Bandw.		Role Mobility Zo	Version 10.11.03.0001	Client History	Availability
6	Control	· 📃 📜						
<u>~</u>	Analytics							
Ş	Wireless							
Latel	Reports							
쓭	Administration							
Cor	nnect							
		<b>(</b>	] Last Up	dated: 1/8/2017 6:2	4:21 PM Uptime: 4 Days	05:29:03		Operations

3. Click the **IP address** for the controller, located in the **Controller** column. The Wireless Controller Summary page opens.

E Extr	eme <sup>.</sup>										
🚠 Netwo	rk 🕨	Dashboard	Network	Controllers	Access	Points	Clients	Threats	Report	s Controlle	r:
🔔 Alarms	& Events	ewc109, Firm	ware:								
Gentro		Hourly	-	Last Week	*						
		Name †		Latest		Minimum	Max	dimum	Average		
🛃 Analyti	cs	Bandwidth		0		0	0		0		
🛜 Wirele	55	Clients		0		0	0		0		
LIII Report	s	APs by Cha	nnel	۰	Clier	nts by Proto	col		٠	Clients by WL	AN
嶜 Admin	istration	APs by Cha	annel - Today	4 PM	Clie	nts by Proto	ocol - Toda	ry 4 PM		Clients by WL	AN - Today
Connect			<b>n</b>	lo Data Available				Protocol A Protocol B Protocol G Protocol N 5. Protocol N 2. Unavailable	4		SystemTes
		Clients	1/1 - 1/1 - 1/2 -	1/2- 1/2- 1/3- 1/3-	1/3 - 1/3 -	1/4 - 1/4 - 1/4 -	1/4 - 1/5 - 1/5 -	1/5 - 1/5 - 1/6 -	1/6 - 1/6 - 1/6 -	1/7 - 1/7 - 1/7 -	1/8 - 1/8 - 1/8 -
	÷		] Last U	pdated: 1/8/2017 6:24:	21 PM Upti	me: 4 Days 07:0	08:03			Op	erations (

4. Click the **WebView** icon () at the top right of the Wireless Controller Summary page.

The WebView opens for the controller.

5. Click the VNS tab.

The **VNS** tab opens.

	E	Home	Logs	Reports	Controller	AP	VNS	Radar		Help
1										Logout
	New		Netflo	w/MirrorN C	onfiguration					
	Global			Netf	low Export-Desti	nation II	Address:			
	Authentication DAS						Interval:	60 (30-3	60 seconds)	
	Wireless QoS Bandwidth Cor	itrol				-	or first N:		packets/flow)	
	Default Role Filtering Mode				Tra	ffic Mirro	or L2 Port:		•	
	NAC Integratio Client Autologi									
-	Topology Grou Netflow/Mirro									
	Redirection UR									
	Sites									
	Virtual Netwo	orks								
	WLAN Service									
	Roles									
	Classes of Se	rvice								Save
	Topologies									
			I							
	[ EWC-OVA   V	2110 Medium	1   07 days	. 23:26 1	<b>M A</b> 2			<b>F</b> @	Software: 10.21.01.0060 2006-2016 Extreme Networks. A	

- 6. Select **Netflow/MirrorN** from the left-panel. The Netflow/MirrorN Configuration page opens.
- 7. Select None from the Traffic Mirror L2 Port drop-down list.
- 8. Click the **Save** button.

**NOTE:** The Mirror Port in the Wireless Control Flow Sources section of the **Analytics** > **Configuration** > **Configuration** tab is not available once the **Traffic Mirror L2 Port** is disabled.

9. Select **WLAN Services** from the left-panel. The WLAN Services page opens.

New	WLAN Services							
Global	Name	Туре	Enabled	SSID	Privacy	Auth. Mode	Radio Mode	Γ
	Extreme-Corp	Standard	× .	Extreme-Corp	WPA	802.1x	g/a/n/ac	^
/irtual Networks	Extreme-Corp-Leg	standard	× .	Extreme-Corp-Legacy	WPA	802.1x	g/n	
XLAN Services xtreme-Corp xtreme-Corp-Legacy	Extreme-Guest	Standard	•	Extreme-Guest	None	External Captive Portal	g/a/n/ac	
xtreme-Guest ProdWDS	ProdWDS	WDS						
TUNUS	Adding the first WDS/Mes	h assignment or rem	• noving th	WDS : last WDS/Mesh assignme	WPA-PSK			Ŧ
100005	Adding the first WDS/Mes							Ŧ
	Adding the first WDS/Mes	h assignment or rem						Ŧ
toles Classes of Service	Adding the first WDS/Mes	h assignment or rem						Ŧ

10. Click a wireless LAN in the table.

The WLAN page opens for the selected wireless LAN.

New		WLAN: Extreme-Corp WLAN Services Privacy						
Global	WLAN Service	6		Auth & Acc	t	Qo5		
sites	Core			(Wreless /	Ps-			
/irtual Networks	Name: Ex	ne: Extreme-Corp			lect APs: -		٣	
WLAN Services	Service Sta				Radio 2	Ports	AP N	
xtreme-Corp	SSID: Ex	treme-Corp			₹ a/n	Ports	000012090	
extreme-Corp-Legacy Extreme-Guest	Default E: Topology:	xtreme-Corp(23)	•		ac € g/n		143002010	
ProdWDS		New Topolo	gy		ac 🕑 g/n		1541D2004	
	Default N CoS:	o CoS	۲		ac 🗌 g/n		catho-ap01	
		New CoS.		✓ a/n/a	ac 🗐 g/n		catho-ap02	
	Default Er	Traffic Enable both directions			ac 🗌 g/n		catho-ap03	
	Mirror: Application @ Visibility:				ac 🗐 g/n		catho-ap04	
					ac 🗐 g/n		catho-ap05	
	Status				ac 🗐 g/n		catho-ap06	
		a		🕑 off	🔲 g/n		catho-ap07	
		Synchronized		✓ a/n/a	ac 🔲 g/n		catho-ap08	
	enabled	Replicated when Synchronize Configuration is enabled Enable:					- 1 P	
Roles		ure in WLAN service a	pplied to tcp/	udp only			Advanced	
Classes of Service								
Topologies	New	Delete	1				Save	

11. Click the **Advanced** button.

The **Advanced** window opens.

12. Scroll to the bottom of the window and ensure the **Netflow** drop-down list is set to **Enable**.

Advanced	?×
Cuiet IE	^
- Egress Filtering Mode	Ξ.
Enforce explicitly defined "Out" rules	
Apply "in" rules to "Out" direction traffic " " When "in" filter rules are applied to "Out" traffic, the role of the source and destination address are reversed	
- Clent Behavior	5
Block MU to MU traffic (not supported on Bridged at AP topologies)	
602.10	5
802.1D Base Port: 102	
C Remote Service	5
Remotable	
Inter/MLAN Service Roaming	5
Permit Inter-WLAN Service Roaming	
Extreme-Corp	
- Unauthenticated Behavior-	5
Discard Unauthenticated Traffic	
Default Non-Authenticated Policy	
Netflow Enable	<u>ן</u>
Apply Cancel	_

13. Click the **Apply** button.

The wireless controller is now configured.

**NOTE:** Rx Packets and Rx Bytes may incorrectly be **0** when flow data is gathered via a wireless controller running version 10.21 or higher. Additionally, application response times and some meta data may be blank. This is a known issue and will be addressed in a future release.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

• <u>Wireless</u>

# How to Configure ExtremeXOS Identity Manager to Send Events to Extreme Management Center

This chapter describes how to use the Identity Management — Configuration script on a Summit series or Black Diamond series switch to send events to Extreme Management Center.

In order to run the Identity Management — Configuration script on a device, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the Extreme Management Center Suite > Common Web Services > Web Services APIs Read/Write Access capability.

To run the Identity Management – Configuration script on a device:

- 1. Open the **Network > Devices** tab in Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Right-click a Summit series or Black Diamond series switch in the Devices table or in the Device Groups left-hand panel.
- 3. Select the Identity Management Configuration script in the Scripts > ExtremeControl menu. The Run Script window opens.
- 4. On the **Device Selection** tab, the selected device is automatically included. Use the arrows to add additional devices or remove devices and to control the order of the selected devices.
- 5. Click Next.
- 6. On the **Overview** tab of the **Device Settings** tab, set the configuration properties for the script. If desired, click the **Description** tab to view the description defined for the script.
  - Stop on error? Indicates whether the script stops if an error occurs.
  - Target Server IP Address The IP address to which notifications are sent.
    - Entering a value of \$serverIP automatically enters the IP address of the Extreme Management Center server IP.
    - Enter the IP address of the ExtremeControl engine if using the Extreme Networks ExtremeControl solution.
  - Target Server Type Selecting netsight monitors the IP, username, and port of the user accessing the device. Users with the Extreme

Networks ExtremeControl solution can select nac, which provides you with the ability to run Kerberos authentication (if enabled) on the device.

- **NOTE:** In order to give elevated access to users when using the Kerberos authentication type on the device, the Target Server Type must be **nac** to allow the Access Control engine to learn the Kerberos traffic.
- Target Server Username The username of the user to which the web service request is made.
- Target Server Password The password of the user to which the web service request is made.
- Target Server HTTPs Port The port that the Extreme Management Center server or Access Control engine uses for HTTPS communication. The default port is 8443, but if the port was changed when configuring the Extreme Management Center server or Access Control engine, enter the custom port used.
- XML Target Name The name of the targets on the switch to which IDM events are sent. Using the default predefined XML Target Name creates a unique name for each server.
- Choose Action The action that occurs on the device when the script is run.
  - Enable ID Monitoring This option sets up the XML notification, configures ports for Identity Management (if specified), and enables or disables ports for devices you can use with Identity Management.
  - Manage Ports This option only configures ports for Identity Management (if specified).
- 7. On the Run-Time Settings tab, set the run-time settings for the script (for more information about defining run-time variables when creating a script, see Specifying Run-Time Settings for a Script).
  - Save configuration in the background after running script successfully Device configuration is saved after the script is run.
  - Timeout if script is not completed on each device (in seconds) The amount of time in seconds before a timeout occurs if a device does not respond.
  - Run now, don't save as a task Select to run the script now and do not save the script as a task.

- Save as a task and run now Select to run the script now and save it as a task. Type a name for the task in the Task Name box below. The task appears on the Script Tasks tab (see "Creating Script Tasks").
- Save as task. I'll run later Select to save running the script as a task. The script does not run at this time. Type a name for the task in the Task Name box below. The task appears on the Script Tasks tab (see "Creating Script Tasks").
- 8. Click **Next**. On the Verify Run Script tab, verify your script selections, and then click **Next**.
- 9. Click Next.
- 10. On the Results tab, you see the results of the script including any errors.
- 11. Click Close.

# **Schedule Tasks**

The **Scheduled Task** tab allows you to configure Extreme Management Center to automatically perform the following tasks:

- Generate a subset of available reports in PDF format
- Run a script or workflow
- Email information to Extreme Networks Support
- Discover newly added devices

To create a new task:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Select the Tasks tab and select the Scheduled Tasks tab.
- 3. Click the Add button. The Add Scheduled Task window opens.

Add Scheduled Ta	ask	×
Туре:	Reporting -	*
Report Details		
Report Name:		-
		- 1
Task Details		
Task Name:		
Description:		
Enabled:	8	
Recurrence Patte	ern	_
O Hourly At:	9:42 AM 👻	
<ul> <li>Daily</li> </ul>		
O Weekly		
O Monthly		
		-
	Save	Cancel

If no SMTP email settings are configured, the SMTP Email Server window also opens, where you can define the SMTP email settings. You can also configure the SMTP email settings in the **SMTP Email Options** tab.

SMTP Email Server	×
Specify the SMTP email server info Center email notification feature.	ormation that will be used by the Management
Outgoing Email (SMTP) Server:	
Sender's Email Address:	
Sender's SMTP Password:	Þ
	OK Cancel

- 4. Enter the outgoing SMTP email settings, if necessary, and click **OK**.
- 5. Select the type of task from the **Type** drop-down list in the Add Scheduled Task window:
  - Device Export Exports the list of devices on your network from the Network
     > Devices tab.
  - Disable Alarms Disables enabled alarms for the amount of time you define on a scheduled basis. Use this task to avoid alarms during times you reserve for network maintenance activity. You can manually ignore enabled alarms on the Alarm Configuration tab.
  - FlexReports Creates a FlexReport for the devices you select on a scheduled basis.
  - FlexViews Creates a FlexView for the devices you select on a scheduled basis.
  - **Compliance** Emails the most recently run ExtremeCompliance report on a scheduled basis in PDF format.
  - **Port Usage** Creates a Port Usage report for the devices you select on a scheduled basis.
  - Port Usage Details Creates a Port Usage Details report for the devices you select on a scheduled basis.
  - **Reporting** Emails a report you select (created on the **Report Designer** tab) on a scheduled basis.
  - Scripting Task Runs a script saved on the Saved Tasks tab on a scheduled basis.
  - Support Emails debugging data on a scheduled basis that provides information to Extreme Networks Support in the event of an issue with your network. Only select this option if instructed to do so by Extreme Networks Support.
  - Site Runs a device discover for a site (created on the Site tab) on a scheduled basis.
  - Workflow Task Runs a workflow saved on the Saved Tasks tab on a scheduled basis.
- 6. Select the report, saved task, support task, or site you want to schedule in the **Report** Name, Saved Task Name, Support Task Name, or Site to Discover drop-down list,

respectively. Depending on what you select, you may need to make other selections such as specifying the source engine or controller.

- 7. Edit the task name and description, if desired.
- 8. Select or deselect the **Enabled** checkbox to enable or disable the task, respectively. A disabled task is not performed.
- 9. Select whether you want the task to occur on an hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis.
  - Hourly specify the minute each hour you want the task performed.
  - Daily specify the time each day you want the task performed.
  - Weekly specify the day or days of the week and the time you want the task performed.
  - Monthly specify the day of the month and the time you want the task performed.
- 10. Specify a start and end date and time for the task, if desired.
- 11. Enter an email address or list of email addresses (separated by semicolons) to which generated PDF reports are sent in the **To** field, if desired.
- 12. Select a list of email addresses to which PDF reports are sent in the **Email List** field, if desired.

Click the **Edit** button to create a new email list or edit an existing email list.

- 13. Enter the subject line and body text for the email, if desired.
- 14. Click Save.

The task appears in the Scheduled Tasks table.

Additionally, use the toolbar buttons to edit, copy, or delete the task. The **Refresh** button updates the Scheduled Tasks table to display any recent changes. Clicking the **Disable** button causes a task not to run without deleting it from the Scheduled Tasks table.

Click the **Run** button to run the scheduled task immediately, if desired.

Click the **SMTP** button to open the SMTP Email Server window to edit your outgoing email options.

# **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

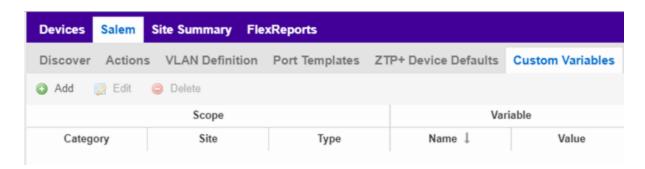
- <u>Tasks</u>
- <u>SMTP Email Options</u>

# How to Create a Variable

Use the **Custom Variables** tab on the **Sites** tab to configure variables. Variables you create serve as a placeholder for a specific value. Use variables you create in a configuration template, script or workflow, in a CLI command, or in a third-party application via the Northbound Interface.

To create a variable:

- 1. Access the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 2. Use the left-panel drop-down list and select Sites.
- 3. Select the site in which you are adding the variable.
- 4. Select the tab displaying the site name in the right-panel.
- 5. Select the Custom Variables tab.



- 6. Click Add to add a new row to the table.
- 7. Select a Category, Site, and Type in the Scope section of the table.
- 8. Enter a Name, select a Type, and enter a Value in the Variable section of the table.
- 9. Click **Update** to save the new variable to the table.
- 10. Click Save to save the new variable to the site.

#### **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Sites</u>
- <u>Scripts</u>

- <u>Workflows</u>
- Northbound Interface

# **Creating Scripts**

This chapter describes the scripting functionality built into Extreme Management Center and describes how to use Extreme Management Center to create scripts.

# Extreme Management Center Scripts Overview

Extreme Management Center scripts are files containing CLI commands, control structures, and data manipulation functions. Extreme Management Center scripts can be executed on one or more devices or ports: simultaneously on multiple devices or ports, or on one device or port at a time.

Extreme Management Center allows you to create Extreme Management Center tasks, which run a script on specified devices or ports at specified times, either on a one-time or recurring basis. Tasks execute the script according to a schedule you configure.

Extreme Management Center scripts are similar to ExtremeXOS scripts in that they are collections of ExtremeXOS CLI commands and control structures. Extreme Management Center scripts add some additional commands specific to Extreme Management Center.

In general, Extreme Management Center scripts support syntax and constructs from the following sources:

• ExtremeXOS CLI commands — ExtremeXOS CLI commands in an Extreme Management Center script are sent to the device or port and the response can be used by the script. Abbreviated ExtremeXOS commands do not work unless you prefix the shortened command with CLI.

For example, to abbreviate show vlan, type CLI sh vlan.

• ExtremeXOS CLI scripts — Control structures such as IF..ELSE and DO..WHILE can be used in Extreme Management Center scripts. See "CLI Scripting" in the *ExtremeXOS User Guide* for more information on ExtremeXOS script functionality and syntax.

- Python scripting language Create scripts using the python programming language.
- TCL scripting language version 8.1 For general information about the TCL scripting language, see <u>www.tcl.tk</u>.

Syntax and constructs from these sources work seamlessly within Extreme Management Center scripts. For example, the response from a switch to an ExtremeXOS CLI command issued from a script can be processed using TCL functions.

# Bundled Extreme Management Center Scripts

Extreme Management Center includes a number of sample scripts you can use as templates for your own Extreme Management Center scripts. These scripts perform such tasks as enable/disable ports, apply ACLs, restart engines, and configure VLANs.

The sample scripts included with Extreme Management Center are available to users with an Administrator role. The XML source files for the scripts are located at *<install directory*>\appdata\scripting\bundled\_scripts.

# The Extreme Management Center Script Interface

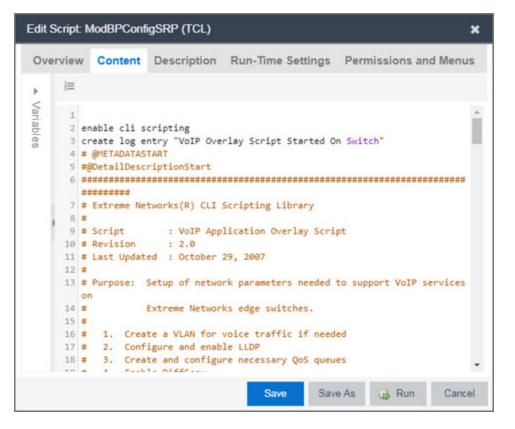
To display the scripts configured in Extreme Management Center, select the **Tasks** tab, then select the **Scripts** tab.

O All *	Cat: G Rat. 4	Colora D Reta	sh import.	Capit			P. Store Cilleri	1
Script Type	Name 1	Category	Seved Tesks	Workflow	Modified By	Comments	Oute Modified	
Python	App Telemetry Poller	System			system	Factory script to return statistics on App Telemetry configure .	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
TCK.	Apply Blackhole Host ACL	Security			system	Factory script to apply access-lists to blackhole the specified	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
ICIL.	Apply Block Traffic ACL	Security			system	Factory script to apply access-lists to block both incoming an	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
CL.	Apply Minor Traffic ACL	Security			system	Factory script to apply access-lists to mirror both incoming a	2018/04/11 8:45:02	
CL.	Associate VPLS peers	VPLS			system	Factory script to associate VPLS peers	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
101.	Conditional statements	Example			system	Example script to demonstrate if then, else syntax	2010/04/11 8:45:02	
101.	Configure EAPS Basic	Corifig			system	The script assists in the configuration of Various switch para.	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
ython	Configure LLDP Support	-			system	Factory script to setup LLDP support on a device	2018/05/01 12:05:45	
CL	Configure SFlowPlus	System			system	Factory script to setup show plus on a device	2018/04/11 8:45:02	
ytton	Configure SLX Sysleg	System			system	Factory script to setup syslog on a SLX device	2018/04/11 8:45:02	
ython	Configure SNMP Profile	-			system	Factory script to setup SNMP profile on a device	2018/05/01 12:05 45	
01	Configure Sensor	System			system	Factory script to setup Mirroring and GRE Tunneling for Anal	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
CL.	Configure Switch Basic	Config			system	The script assists in the configuration of various switch para.	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
CL.	Configure VolP services	Config			system	The script assists in the configuration of various switch para.	2010/04/11 8 45:02	
C3,	Create VLAN	VLAN			system	Factory script to Create and provision new VLAN	2018/04/11 8 45 02	
CL.	Create VPL5	VPLS			system.	Factory script to Create and provision new VPLS	2010/04/11 8 45:02	
0,	Create vian protocol litter	VLAN.			system	Factory script to create new protocol filter and configure prot.	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
OL .	Delete Protocol Filter	VLAN			system	Eactory script to delete or remove a protocol type from a Prot.	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
CL.	Delete VLAN	VLAN	1		system	Factory script to delete a vian	2010/04/11 8 45:52	
0.	Disable Selected Ports	Macro			system	Factory script to disable selected ports	2018/04/11 8 45:02	
whon	Download Configuration				tusten	Factory script to download a configuration to a device	2018/05/01 12:05:45	

The **Scripts** tab contains the following information:

- Script Type The language in which the script is written.
- Category The script category, if configured.
- Saved Tasks Indicates whether the script is configured as a saved task and is available on the Saved Tasks tab.
- Name The name of the script. The script Name is defined when adding the script and can not be edited.
- Workflow Indicates if the script is included in a workflow.
- Comments Comments or a description of the script.
- Modified By The name of the last user to modify the script.
- Date Modified The date the script was last modified.

Double-click a script or select a script and select the **Edit** button to open the **Edit Script** window.



The Extreme Management Center **Edit Script** window allows you to add content to a script, set values for parameters, specify runtime settings, and specify the Extreme Management Center users with permission to run the script. Depending on the type of script you are editing, the following tabs may appear in the Extreme Management Center **Script Editor** window:

- **Overview** Displays fields to enter script parameters. The contents of this tab are derived from the metadata specified in the script.
- **Content** Displays the script in a text editor window, where you can modify it directly.
- **Description** Contains descriptive information about the script. The script description is specified in the metadata section of the script.
- Runtime Settings Specifies script settings applied when the script is run.
- **Permissions and Menus** Specifies Extreme Management Center user roles with the ability to run the script, and whether or not, and where, the option to run the script appears in the Extreme Management Center interface, such as on a menu or in a shortcut menu.
- Network OS Allows you to select the Network Operating Systems that support the script. The script is available on a device's Tasks submenu when the device's Network OS matches one of the Network Operating Systems defined for the script.

# Managing Extreme Management Center Scripts

With scripting, you can:

- Create an Extreme Management Center Script
- Specify Runtime Settings for a Script
- Specify Permissions and Run Locations for Scripts
- Run a Script
- View Script Results
- Edit a Script
- Delete a Script
- Import Scripts into Extreme Management Center
- Export a Script
- Save Script as a Task

# Create an Extreme Management Center Script

- 1. Select **Scripts** on the **Tasks** tab.
- 2. Select the Add button.
- 3. Select the type of script you are creating:
  - TCL A Tool Command Language script. Proceed to <u>step 5</u>.
  - Python A Python script. Proceed to step 5.
  - JSON-RPC-Python Machine to Machine Interface (used to send a Python script to an ExtremeXOS device). Proceed to <u>step 5</u>.
  - JSON-RPC-CLI Machine to Machine Interface (used to send CLI commands to an ExtremeXOS device). Proceed to <u>step 5</u>.
  - CLI A CLI command script. Proceed to step 4.
- 4. When selecting CLI from the Add drop-down list, the Add Script window opens, where you can enter the CLI commands for the script. Select Variables to open the Select Variables window, from which you can select variables you define on the Custom Variables tab.

ariables Selec	t Vari	iables				×	
Scope	All		~ X	1			
Name		Value	Scope	Туре	Category	Scope T	
server	Na		System	String			
server	IP		System	String			
server	HT		System	String			
server	Ve		System	String			
time			System	String			
date			System	String			
					Insert	Cancel	

Use the **Scope** drop-down list to select either **All**, **Custom**, or **System** from the dropdown list, depending on how you configured the variable you are inserting. Select **Insert** to add the variable to your script.

Select **Save** to save the CLI script on the **Scripts** tab or select **Save As** to save the script to the Extreme Management Center server.

Select **Run** to run the CLI script immediately.

- 5. When selecting the TCL, Python, JSON-RPC-Python, and JSON-RPC-CLI script types, the Add Script window also opens, but contains the following tabs:
  - **Overview** Use to enter script parameters. The contents of this tab are derived from the metadata specified in the script.
  - Content Use to modify the script directly in a text editor window.
  - **Description** Add descriptive information about the script. The script description is specified in the metadata section of the script.
  - Runtime Settings Specify script settings applied when the script is run.

- Permissions and Menus Specify Extreme Management Center user roles with the ability to run the script, and whether or not, and where, the option to run the script appears in the Extreme Management Center interface, such as on a menu or in a shortcut menu.
- Select the **Network OS** tab to select the select the Network Operating Systems that support the script.

**NOTE:** Select **Unknown** when creating scripts or workflows that include devices before their Network OS has been determined (e.g. onboarding new devices).

dd 1	TCL Scr	ipt					×
Ove	rview	Content	Description	Runtime Settings	Permissions and Menus	Network OS	
	j≡						
Variahlas	1						
Do							
					Save Save	As 🔒 Run	Cancel

- 6. Type the metadata tags #@DetailDescriptionStart and #@DetailDescriptionEnd between the tags #@MetaDataStart and #@MetaDataEnd, and then type a detailed description between these detailed description tags. This description appears on the **Description** tab.
- Place variable definition statements in the metadata section (between #@MetaDataStart and #@MetaDataEnd tags).

Select a variable by expanding the Variables menu on the left of the **Content** tab. A

list of system variables appears under Variables. To add a variable to the script, double-click the variable.

8. Enter script commands after the metadata section of the script.

The following are examples of types of script commands supported in Extreme Management Center:

- ExtremeXOS 12.1 and later CLI scripting commands
- TCL commands
- Constructs
- 9. Select the Runtime Settings tab to specify runtime settings.
- 10. Select the **Permissions And Menus** tab to specify which Extreme Management Center user roles have permission to run the script, and whether or not, and where, the script appears in the menu or in a shortcut menu.
- 11. Select the **Network OS** tab to select the select the Network Operating Systems that support the script.

**NOTE:** Select **Unknown** when creating scripts or workflows that include devices before their Network OS has been determined (e.g. onboarding new devices).

12. Select Save. The Save Script window appears.

Save Scr	pt		×
Save the so	ript to the server with a	a unique name	ŝ
Name:	1		
Comment:			
		Save	Cancel

- 13. Type a name for the script file in the **Name** field and a comment about the script in the **Comment** field, if necessary.
- 14. Select Save.
- 15. Select **Run** to run the script now or **Cancel** to run the script at a later time.

# Specify Runtime Settings for a Script

To specify the runtime settings for a script, select the **Runtime Settings** tab.

Add TCL Scr	ipt					×
Overview	Content	Description	Runtime Settings	Permissions and Menus	Network OS	
These settings	are editable	at runtime by:				
All users:						
Script Comments	:					
Timeout if:	script is not c	ompleted on each	device (sec):			
60	\$					
				Save Save	As 😡 Run	Cancel

Use this tab to specify the following settings:

- Script Comments Use this field to enter comments or a description of the script.
- Timeout if script is not completed on each device (in seconds) Select the maximum length of time the script runs on each device or port (in seconds) before the process ends. This timeout value applies to each device or port independently.

# Specify Permissions and Run Locations for Scripts

Specify which Extreme Management Center user roles have permission to run the script, and whether or not, and where, the script appears in the menu or in a shortcut menu.

Select the **Permissions and Menus** tab to set permissions and menu locations for the script.

Add TCL Script			×
Overview Content Desc	ription Runtime Settings Permissions and Menus Network OS		
Authorization Groups (Roles):		*	ж
Category:	Example		•
Menus:	None	•	×
Groups:	Select Groups Remove All Groups		
Selected Groups:	Group		

Save	Save As	强 Run	Cancel

#### Authorization Group (Roles)

Select the Authorization Group credentials required to execute the script from the drop-down list.

#### Category

Select the **Category** group from the drop-down list, which defines the Tasks submenu in which the script is grouped throughout Extreme Management Center. The default category is Example.

#### Menus

Select the Tasks submenus in Extreme Management Center in which you want the script to display from the drop-down list. Select **Multi-Device** for User Device Group scripts.

#### Groups

Select the Select Groups to select the device groups on which the script displays.

#### Selected Groups

Displays the Groups in which the script is included.

# Specify Network Operating System

Select the **Network OS** tab to select the Network Operating Systems that support the script.

**NOTE:** Select **Unknown** when creating scripts or workflows that include devices before their Network OS has been determined (e.g. onboarding new devices).

Overview Content Description	Runtime Settings	Permissions and Menus	Network OS	
Add <a>Remove</a>				
Network OS				
ExtremeXOS				-
ERS-3600				-
ERS-4800				
ERS-4900/5900				
ESXI				
Extreme Workflow Composer				
ExtremeCloud Appliance				
ExtremeXOS				
Extremeware				
FastPath				
HP				-

# Run a Script

#### From the **Network** tab

**NOTE:** The **Runtime Settings** tab is unavailable for scripts run via the **Network** tab. To save a script as a saved task or configure a timeout when running the script, run the script via the <u>Tasks tab</u>.

- 1. Right-click the device in the Devices table or in the Device Groups left-hand panel on the **Devices** tab.
- 2. Select a script in the Tasks menu. The Run Script window opens.
- 3. On the **Device Selection** tab, select the device or devices against which you want to run the script. Use the arrows to add/remove devices and to control the order of the selected devices.
- 4. Select Next.
- 5. On the **Overview** tab of the **Device Settings** tab, set the configuration properties for the script. The options available on this tab vary depending on the script selected. If desired, select the **Description** tab to view the description defined for the script.
- 6. Select Next.

The Verify Run Script tab opens.

- 7. Verify your script selections, and then select Run.
- 8. On the **Results** tab, you see the results of the script including any errors.
- 9. Select Close.

## From the Tasks tab

- 1. Select Scripts.
- 2. On the **Scripts** tab, find the script in the list. If needed, filter the list by typing search terms in the **Search** field.
- 3. Select the script by selecting its row and then select **Run**. The Run Script window opens.

**NOTE:** Only select one script. The **Run** button is unavailable if two or more scripts are selected.

4. On the **Device Selection** tab, shown below, select the device or devices against which you want to run the script. Use the arrows to add/remove devices and to control the order of the selected devices.

Device Selection 2. Device Settings     he script will run against the devices selected		
<ul> <li>My Network (103 devices)</li> <li>All Devices (103 devices)</li> <li>Grouped By (103 devices)</li> <li>Wireless Controllers (1 device)</li> <li>ewc 109 extremenetworks.com</li> </ul>	Name	Туре

- 5. Select Next.
- 6. On the **Overview** tab of the **Device Settings** tab, set the configuration properties for the script. The options available on this tab vary depending on the script selected. If desired, select the **Description** tab to view the description defined for the script.
- 7. Select Next.
- 8. On the Runtime Settings tab, configure the runtime settings for the script.
  - Timeout if script is not completed on each device (in seconds) Use to set a maximum amount of time for the script to run on each device (in seconds). This timeout value applies to each device independently.
  - Run now, don't save as task Select to run the script immediately without saving the script as a task.
  - Save as a task and run now Select to run the script immediately and save it as a task on the Saved Tasks tab. Type a name for the task in the Task Name field.

- Save as a task. I'll run later Select to <u>save the script</u> as a task you can run later. Type a name for the task in the **Task Name** field. The task appears on the **Saved Tasks** tab.
- 9. Select **Next**. On the **Verify Run Script** tab, verify your script selections, and then select **Run**.
- 10. On the **Results** tab, you see the results of the script including any errors.
- 11. Select Close.

# View Script Results

Once a script is run, results are stored in the *<install directory>/appdata/scripting/tmp* folder. The folder in which script results are stored cannot be configured.

An event is stored in the console.log file in the *<install directory*/appdata/logs folder each time a script is executed. The event in the log contains the location of the audit file. These audit logs reside in the tmp directory and remain for two weeks (per user), or until the next server restart, whichever comes first. The number of audit files written to the folder is limited to 1,000 files. Once the number of files exceeds 1,000, the oldest 100 are deleted.

# Edit a Script

To edit a script:

- 1. In the Tasks tab, select Scripts.
- 2. In the scripts table, select the script you want to edit.
- 3. Select the **Edit** button. The script opens in the Edit Script window, where you can edit the script.
- 4. Save the script:
  - a. Select the **Save** button to save your changes to the script.
  - b. Select **Save As** to save a copy of this script with a new name.

The Save Script As window appears.

Save Script As					
Scripts can	be saved to the server for distribution to	o devices.			
Name:	1				
Comment:	Example script to print hello world				

- i. Type a name for the script file in the **Name** field and a comment about the script in the **Comment** field, if necessary.
- ii. Select **Save**.

The script is saved.

# Delete a Script

To delete a script:

- 1. In the Tasks tab, select Scripts.
- 2. In the scripts table, select one or more scripts you want to delete.
- 3. Select the **Delete** button.
- 4. Select **Yes** to confirm the script deletion.

# Import Scripts into Extreme Management Center

Import XML-formatted scripts into Extreme Management Center.

To import a script:

- 1. In the Tasks tab, select Scripts.
- 2. Select the **Import** button.

Import S	Script				×
Import a r	new script.				
Select I	File				
Overw	vrite existing sc	ripts			
Remove	File Name	Override Script Name (optio	Size	Status	Information
move	File Name	Override Script Name (optio	Size	Status	Information
40	r ne name	Overnue Script Hame (opuo	3120	Juius	momaton
				Impo	xt Close

- 3. Select **Select File** to navigate to the location of the script. The script appears in the grid.
- 4. Enter a new Script Name in the **Override Script Name (optional)** field if you want to change the name of the script.
- 5. Select the **Overwrite existing scripts** checkbox, if necessary.
  - When **Overwrite existing scripts** is not selected and the script name displayed in the **File Name** field (if you did not use the **Override Script Name (optional)** field) or the **Override Script Name (optional)** field matches the name of a script in Extreme Management Center, the new script is not imported.
  - When **Overwrite existing scripts** is selected and the script name displayed in the **File Name** field (if you did not use the **Override Script Name (optional)** field) or the **Override Script Name (optional)** field matches the name of a script in Extreme Management Center, the new script is imported and overwrites the existing script.
- 6. Select Import.
- 7. Verify the script is imported and select **Close**.

**NOTE:** Exported EPICenter 6.0 telnet macros cannot be imported as XML scripts.

# Export a Script

To export a script:

- 1. From the **Tasks** tab, select a script.
- 2. Select the **Export** button.

The script is exported in XML format to your browser download directory.

## Save Script as a Task

When you run a script, you can save it as a task that appears in the **Saved Tasks** tab. This saves your device selections and runtime settings, and then allows you to manually run the script task at a later time or schedule it to run in the future either once, or on a regular basis.

To save a script as a saved task:

- 1. Select a <u>script</u>.
- 2. <u>Run the script</u> and designate it as a task by selecting either **Save as a task and run now** or **Save as task. I'll run later** on the **Runtime Settings** tab.
- 3. Enter a new name for the task in the Task Name field.

Extreme Management Center saves the script to the Saved Tasks tab.

# **Extreme Management Center Script Reference**

This section contains reference information for Extreme Management Center scripts. It contains the following topics:

- Metadata Tags
- Extreme Management Center-Specific Python Scripting Constructs
- Extreme Management Center-Specific TCL Scripting Constructs
- <u>TCL Support in Extreme Management Center Scripts</u>
- Entering Special Characters
- Line Continuation Character
- <u>Case Sensitivity in Extreme Management Center Scripts</u>
- <u>Reserved Words in Extreme Management Center Scripts</u>
- <u>ExtremeXOS CLI Scripting Commands Supported in Extreme Management Center</u>
   <u>Scripts</u>
- Extreme Management Center-Specific System Variables

An Extreme Management Center script may contain a metadata section, which can serve as a usability aid in the script interface. The metadata section, if present, is the first section of an Extreme Management Center script, followed by the script logic section, which contains the CLI commands and control structures in the script. The metadata section is delimited between #@MetaDataStart and #@MetaDataEnd tags. A metadata section is optional in an Extreme Management Center script.

Use metadata tags to specify the description of the script, as well as parameters that the script user can input. The information specified by the metadata tags appears in the **Overview** tab for the script.

# Extreme Management Center-Specific Python Scripting Constructs

#### Specifying the Wait Time Between Commands

After the script executes a command, the time.sleep command causes the script to wait a specified number of seconds before executing the next statement.

Syntax

time.sleep(10)

#### Example

# sleep for 10 seconds after executing a command

time.sleep(10)

## Metadata Tags

#### #@MetaDataStart and #@MetaDataEnd

Indicates the beginning and end of the metadata section of the script. In order for description information and variable input fields to appear in the **Overview** tab for a script, the corresponding metadata tags must appear in the metadata section.

#### Example

#@MetaDataStart

```
#@SectionStart (description = "Protocol Configuration
Section") Set var protocolSelection eaps
```

#@SectionEnd

```
#@SectionStart (description = "vlan tag section") Set var
vlanTag 100
```

#@MetaDataEnd

#### #@ScriptDescription

Specifies a one-line description of the script. The description specified with this tag cannot contain a newline character.

#### Example

```
#@ScriptDescription "This is a VLAN configuration script."
```

#### #@DetailDescriptionStart and #@DetailDescriptionEnd

Specifies the beginning and end of the detailed description of the script. The detailed description can be multiple lines or multiple paragraphs. The detailed description is shown in the **Script View** tab in the script editor window.

#### Example

```
#@DetailDescriptionStart
```

#This script performs configuration upload from Extreme Management Center to the switch.

#The script only supports tftp.

#This script does not support third party devices.

#@DetailDescriptionEnd

#### #@SectionStart and #@SectionEnd

Specifies the beginning and end of a section within the metadata part of a script. You do not need to end with a #@MetaDataEnd tag, then the #@SectionEnd tag if this is the last section of the metadata. Once a section starts with the #@SectionStart tag, the previous section automatically ends.

#### Example

```
#@SectionStart (description = "Protocol Configuration
Section") Set var protocolSelection eaps
```

#@SectionEnd

## #@VariableFieldLabel

Defines user-input variables for the script. For each variable defined with the #@VariableFieldLabel tag, you specify the variable's description, scope, type, and whether it is required.

#### Description

Label that appears as the prompt for this parameter in the **Overview** tab.

### Scope

Whether the parameter is global (uses the same value for all devices) or device-specific. Valid values: global, device. Default value is global.

### Туре

Parameter data type. This determines how the parameter input field is shown in the **Overview** tab. Valid value: String (the parameter input field on the **Overview** tab displays as a drop-down list if **validValues** are listed or as a text field if **validValues** are not listed).

### readonly

Whether the parameter is read-only and cannot be modified by the user. Valid values: Yes, No. Default value is No.

## validValues

Lists all possible values for a parameter. Separate each value using a comma and put into a square bracket.

## Required

Indicates whether specifying the parameter is required to run the script. Valid values: Yes, No.

## Example

```
#@VariableFieldLabel (description = "Partition:", scope =
custom,
```

```
#required = yes, validValue = [Primary,Secondary],
readOnly=false)
```

```
set var partition ""
```

# Extreme Management Center-Specific TCL Scripting Constructs

This section describes the TCL scripting constructs specific to Extreme Management Center:

- Specifying the Wait Time Between Commands
- Printing System Variables
- <u>Configuring a Carriage Return Prompt Response</u>
- Synchronizing the Device with Extreme Management Center
- Saving the Configuration on the Device Automatically
- Printing a String to the Output File

## Specifying the Wait Time Between Commands

After the script executes a command, the sleep command causes the script to wait a specified number of seconds before executing the next statement.

Syntax

sleep 5

## Example

# sleep for 5 seconds after executing a command

sleep 5

## Printing System Variables

The printSystemVariables command prints the current values of the system variables. Specifically, values for the following variables are printed:

- devicelP
- deviceName
- serverName
- deviceSoftwareVer
- serverIP
- serverPort
- date
- time
- abort\_on\_error
- CLI.OUT

Syntax

### printSystemVariables

## Example

# Display values for system variables

printSystemVariables

## Configuring a Carriage Return Prompt Response

A special string within the script, <cr>, indicates a carriage return in response to a prompt for a command.

Syntax

<cr>

## Example

# cancel download

download image 10.22.22.22 t.txt <cr>

## Synchronizing the Device with Extreme Management Center

The PerformSync command manually initiates a synchronization for specified Extreme Management Center feature areas and scope.

Syntax

PerformSync [-device <ALL | deviceIp>] [-scope <EAPSDomain |
VPLS> ]

If -device is not specified, the current device (indicated by the \$deviceIP system variable) is assumed.

The PerformSync command is executed in an asynchronous manner so when the command is executed, Extreme Management Center moves on to the next command in the script without waiting for the PerformSync command to complete.

## Examples

PerformSync -scope VPLS

## Printing a String to the Output File

Example

# Write Device IP address to file

ECHO "device ip is \$deviceIP"

## TCL Support in Extreme Management Center Scripts

The following TCL commands are supported in Extreme Management Center scripts:

after	concat	flush	info	Irange	puts	set	unset
append	continue	for	interp	Ireplace	read	split	update
array	global	foreach	join	lsearch	regexp	string	uplevel
binary	eof	format	lappend	lsort	regsub	subst	upvar
break	error	gets	lindex	namespace	rename	switch	variable
catch	eval	history	linsert	open	return	tell	vwait
clock	expr	if	list	package	scan	time	while
close	fblocked	incr	llength	proc	seek	trace	

See <u>www.tcl.tk/man/tcl8.2.3/TclCmd/contents.htm</u> for syntax descriptions and usage information for these TCL commands.

## **Entering Special Characters**

In an Extreme Management Center script, use the backslash character (  $\setminus$  ) as the escape character if you need to enter special characters, for example:

- quotation marks ("")
- colon(:)
- dollar sign (\$).

#### Example

```
set var value 100
set var dollar \$value
```

**NOTE:** The TCL puts and ECHO commands have the same function. However, the ECHO command is not case-sensitive (unless <u>referenced</u> inside another command), while the puts command is case-sensitive.

show var dollar >>> \$value

**NOTE:** Do not place the backslash character at the end of a line in an Extreme Management Center script.

## Line Continuation Character

The line continuation character is not supported in Extreme Management Center scripts. Place each command statement on a single line.

## Case Sensitivity in Extreme Management Center Scripts

The commands and constructs in an Extreme Management Center script are not case-sensitive. However, if a command is referenced inside another command, the inner command is case-sensitive. In this instance, the inner command case matches how it appears in the Extreme Management Center documentation.

### Example (Usage of the Extreme Management Center command ECHO)

echo hi (valid) echo [echo hi] (error) echo [ECHO hi] (valid)

## Reserved Words in Extreme Management Center Scripts

The following words are reserved by Extreme Management Center and cannot be used as variable names in a script:

- Names of system variables (see <u>Extreme Management Center-Specific System</u> <u>Variables</u>)
- Names of Extreme Management Center command extensions (see <u>Extreme</u> <u>Management Center-Specific Scripting Constructs</u>)
- Names of ExtremeXOS CLI commands
- Names of TCL functions

Also, do not use a period (.) within a variable name, use an underscore (  $\_$  ).

## ExtremeXOS CLI Scripting Commands Supported in Extreme Management Center Scripts

Extreme Management Center scripts support the CLI commands in this section.

- <u>\$VAREXISTS</u>
- <u>\$TCL</u>
- <u>\$UPPERCASE</u>
- <u>show var</u>
- <u>delete var</u>
- configure cli mode scripting abort-on-error

### **\$VAREXISTS**

- Checks if a given variable is initialized.
- Switch Compatibility Devices running ExtremeXOS 12.1 and higher support this command.
- Example if (\$VAREXISTS(foo)) then show var foo endif

## \$TCL

- Evaluates a given TCL command. The following constructs support the \$TCL command:
  - set var if
  - while
- See <u>TCL Support in Extreme Management Center Scripts</u> for a list of supported TCL commands.
- Switch Compatibility Devices running ExtremeXOS 11.6 and higher support this command.
- Example set var foo \$TCL(expr 3+4) if (\$TCL(expr 2+2) == 4) then

## **\$UPPERCASE**

- Converts a given string to upper case.
- The following constructs support the \$UPPERCASE command:
  - set var
  - if
  - while
- Switch Compatibility Devices running ExtremeXOS 11.6 and higher support this command.

**NOTE:** The \$UPPERCASE command is deprecated in ExtremeXOS 12.1 CLI scripting. Use the \$TCL (string toupper <string>) command instead. Example: set var foo \$TCL ("foo").

### show var

- Prints the current value of a specified variable.
- Switch Compatibility Devices running ExtremeXOS 11.6 and higher support this command.
- Example show var foo

### delete var

- Deletes a given variable. Only local variables can be deleted; system variables cannot be deleted.
- Switch Compatibility Devices running ExtremeXOS 11.6 and higher support this command.
- Example set var foo bar delete var foo if (\$VAREXISTS (foo)) then ECHO "this should NOT be printed" else ECHO "Variable deleted." endif

## configure cli mode scripting abort-on-error

- Configures the script to halt when an error occurs. If there is a syntax error in the script constructs (set var / if ..then / do..while ), execution stops even if the abort\_ on\_error flag is not configured.
- Switch Compatibility Devices running ExtremeXOS 11.6 and higher support this command.
- Example enable cli scripting \\$UPPERCASE uppercase # should not print show var abort on error

## Extreme Management Center-Specific System Variables

The following system variables can be set in Extreme Management Center scripts:

## \$abort\_on\_error

Whether the script terminates if a CLI error occurs: 1 aborts on error; 0 continues on error.

## \$CLI.OUT

The output of the last CLI command.

## \$CLI.SESSION\_TYPE

The type of session for the connection to the device, either Telnet or SSH.

**NOTE:** Variables with TCL special characters must be enclosed in braces. For example, when using the system variables \$CLI.SESSION\_TYPE and \$CLI.OUT in a script, they must be entered as \${CLI.SESSION\_TYPE} and \${CLI.OUT}, respectively.

### \$date

The current date on the Extreme Management Center server.

## \$deviceIP

The IP address of the selected device.

## \$deviceLogin

The name of the login user for the selected device.

## \$deviceName

The DNS name of the selected device.

## \$deviceSoftwareVer

The version of ExtremeXOS running on the selected device.

## \$deviceType

The product type of the selected device.

## \$netsightUser

The name of the Extreme Management Center user running the script.

## \$isExos

Indicates whether the device is an ExtremeXOS device. Possible values are True or False.

## \$port

Selected port numbers, represented as a string. If the script is not associated with a port, this system variable is not supported.

## \$serverIP

The IP address of the Extreme Management Center server.

## \$serverName

The host name of the Extreme Management Center server.

## \$serverPort

The port number used by the Extreme Management Center web server; for example, 8080.

## \$STATUS

The execution status of the previously executed ExtremeXOS command: **0** if the command executed successfully; non-zero otherwise.

### \$time

The current time on the Extreme Management Center server.

## \$vendor

Vendor name of the device; for example, Extreme.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Scripts</u>
- Workflows
- Saved Tasks
- <u>Scheduled Tasks</u>

## **FlexViews**

FlexViews provide a convenient way for Operations people to view device data. These views are accessible from Extreme Management Center Devices and do not require the installation of any software (including Extreme Management Center) other than the browser itself.

You can also add your own custom FlexViews in Extreme Management Center.

Configure the options on the **Administration** > **Options** > <u>FlexView tab</u> to determine the behavior of FlexViews in Extreme Management Center.

To launch a FlexView, you must be a member of an authorization group that is assigned the OneView > FlexView > OneView FlexView Read Access capability. To launch and edit a FlexView, you must be a member of an authorization group that is assigned the OneView > FlexView > OneView FlexView Read/Write Access capability.

This Help topic provides information on the following topics:

- Browser Requirements
- Launching FlexViews
- Using FlexViews
  - <u>Setting the Auto Refresh Interval</u>
  - Editing Writable Values
  - Exporting Table Data

## **Browser Requirements**

The following web browsers are supported:

- Microsoft Edge and Internet Explorer version 11
- Mozilla Firefox 34 and later
- Google Chrome 33.0 and later

Enable JavaScript in your browser for the views to function. To avoid impaired functionality, enable cookies for your browser. This includes (but is not limited

to) the ability to persist table configurations such as filters, sorting, and column selections.

## Launching FlexViews

Use the following steps to launch and open a FlexView from the **Network** tab.

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center and click on **Network > Devices**.
- 2. Select one or more devices in the **Devices** tab left panel or from within the Devices list.

When you select multiple devices, a FlexView may take additional time to populateNOTE: with data, depending on the number of rows displayed in the particular view. Because of this, we recommend that, for interface-based FlexViews, you select five devices or fewer.

3. Click the **Menu** icon (≡) and select **View** > **FlexView** from the menu.

The Select FlexView window opens.

**NOTE:** The location and availability of FlexViews in the **Select FlexView** window changes depending on the configuration of the options on the **Administration > Options >** <u>FlexView tab</u>.

Select FlexView		×Q	×
★ Bookmarks	+	☆ Interface \ ELIN Open	*
Root Bridge Entity MIB Interface		A Interface \ Interface Statistics This view displays MIB-II statistical information for interfaces.	•
LLDP RMON RMON2 Standard VLAN		A Interface \ Interface Summary This view displays MIB-II interface information.	*
		A Interface \ Port Utilization in Bytes This view displays MIB-II statistical information for interfaces.	*
		Interface \ Port Utilization in Percent This view displays MIB-II statistical information for interfaces in graphical format.	*
¢	•		

- 4. Select a FlexView in one of the following ways:
  - Expand the Bookmarks folder in the left panel to view the FlexViews that are bookmarked.
  - Expand the Categories folder in the left panel. Select a **Category** from the left panel, depending on the type of FlexView you want to open.

**NOTE:** Extreme Management Center saves user-created Custom FlexViews in the My FlexViews Category.

5. Locate a FlexView in the right panel.

**NOTE:** Click the **Star** icon next to a FlexView in the right panel and select the device types for which it is applicable to save it in the <u>Bookmarks folder</u> in the left panel of the **Select FlexViews** window. This allows you to quickly find frequently used FlexViews.

6. Click the **Open** drop-down list and select whether you want to open the FlexView in a new tab or window.

The FlexView opens in a new tab or window, depending on what you select.

## **Using FlexViews**

FlexViews let you manipulate the table data in several ways to customize the view for your own needs:

- Click on the column headings to sort column data in ascending or descending order.
- Hide or display different columns by clicking on a column heading drop-down arrow and selecting the column options from the menu.
- Rearrange columns by dragging a column heading to the desired position.
- Use the Search field to filter on and search for specific FlexView data.
- Set a Refresh Interval, which automatically refreshes the data at the specified interval.
- Edit the values in FlexView table columns containing a writable MIB object.

**NOTE:** Row creation and data exports are not currently supported in FlexViews.

## Setting the Refresh Interval

Use the Refresh drop-down list to specify an interval (in seconds) at which the FlexView data is automatically refreshed. To stop auto refresh, select the **Refresh Off** option.

💎 Show Filters	▦	B	Q	R	efresh Off 👻
					Refresh Off
					Refresh 30s
					Refresh 1m
					Refresh 5m
					Refresh 10m
					Refresh 30m

## Editing Writable Values

You can change the value in FlexView table columns that contain a writable MIB object.

1. Select one or more rows in the FlexView that contain columns with writable MIB objects, right-click and select **Edit Selected Rows**.

Edit Selected Rows		×								
Apply the following editable column values to the selected devices. Check the Enable boxes to select which values to apply.										
S Admin Link:	up	*								
🗹 Alias:	1									
	ОК	Cancel								

The Edit Selected Rows window opens.

2. Select the writable objects you are changing and enter the appropriate values as needed.

**NOTE:** Adding an alias to a port configures both Extreme Management Center and the CLI of the switch to display the character string.

3. Click **OK** to enter your changes into the selected rows. The new values are written directly to the device.

## Bookmarking FlexViews

You can save frequently used FlexViews for each device type in the Bookmarks folder of the **Select FlexView** window. Bookmarks are shared among all Extreme Management Center users and provide your organization with the ability to select a FlexView without searching.

To add a FlexView to the Bookmarks folder, select the **Category** from the left panel and click the **Star** icon next to the appropriate FlexView in the right panel. Select the device types for which the FlexView is applicable and click **Save**. The FlexView is accessible from the Bookmarks folder when you access the Select FlexView window for a device that matches the device type configured for the FlexView.

## Exporting Table Data

There are two methods of exporting the data in the table:

## **Export to CSV**

Click to export all of the data in the table to a .CSV file. The exported data displays with any sorting, filtering, and searching applied.

## Export Selected to CSV

Click to export the data in the currently selected row in the table to a .CSV file.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- Adding Custom FlexViews and MIBs
- <u>Network</u>

# **VLAN Concepts**

The following concepts will assist you in configuring VLAN and port template definitions in Extreme Management Center.

### Information on:

- Egress Rules (Transmitting Frames)
  - Dynamic Egress
    - <u>GVRP</u>
    - GARP Timers
- Enforcing
- Frame Types
- <u>IGMP</u>
  - Interface Robustness (Robustness Variable)
  - Last Member Query Interval
  - Query Interval
  - Query Response
- Ingress Filtering
- Priority Classification
  - Weighted Priority
- <u>Verifying</u>
- VLAN Identification
  - Port VLAN ID (PVID)
  - VLAN ID (VID)
- VLAN Model
- VLAN Learning

## **Egress Rules (Transmitting Frames)**

A device determines which frames can be transmitted out a port based on the Egress List of the VLAN associated with it. Each VLAN has an Egress List that specifies the ports out of which frames can be forwarded, and specifies whether the frames will be transmitted as tagged or untagged frames. You can add or remove ports to or from a VLAN's Egress List, thereby controlling which VLAN's frames can be forwarded out which ports.

When a frame is transmitted out a port, the device first checks the Egress List. If the port is listed on the Egress List of the VLAN associated with it, the frame is then transmitted according to the priority assigned to the frame. The frame is transmitted as tagged or untagged according to the specification in the Egress List. If the port is not on the Egress List, or if the port is not operational, the frame is discarded.

## **Dynamic Egress**

In Extreme Management Center, you can control whether or not Dynamic Egress is enabled for a VLAN in the VLAN Definitions table. When Dynamic Egress is enabled for a VLAN, any time a device tags a packet with that VLAN ID, the ingress port is automatically added to the VLAN's egress list, enabling the reply packet to be forwarded back to the source. This means that you do not need to add the ingress port to the VLAN's egress list manually. (See Example 1, below.)

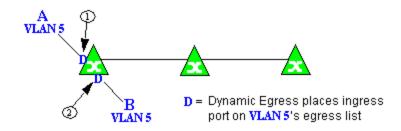
Dynamic Egress affects only the egress lists for the source and destination ingress ports. You can enable <u>GVRP</u> (GARP VLAN Registration Protocol), which automatically adds the interswitch ingress ports to the egress lists of VLANs. (See <u>Example 2</u>, below.)

When you disable Dynamic Egress for a VLAN, the VLAN effectively becomes a discard VLAN. Since the destination port is not added to the egress list of the VLAN, the device discards the traffic. If you want a VLAN to act as a discard VLAN, disable Dynamic Egress for that VLAN. (See <u>Example 3</u>, below.)

If an endstation is talking to a "silent" endstation which does send responses, like a printer, you will need to add the silent endstation's ingress port to the VLAN's egress list manually with a tool like NetSight Device Manager, or local management. Dynamic Egress and GVRP take care of adding the other ingress ports to the VLAN's egress list. (See <u>Example 4</u>, below.) **CAUTION:** If no packets are tagged with the applicable VLAN on a port within five minutes, Dynamic Egress list entries will time out. The result is that an endstation will appear "silent" if the VLAN has not been used within that time period. For example, if there is a "telnet" rule and two users (A & B) are on ports whose role includes a service containing the "telnet" rule, if User B has not utilized the "telnet" rule within the five minute time frame, User A will not be able to telnet to User B. For this reason, the best application of Dynamic Egress is for containing undirected traffic on "chatty" clients which utilize, for example, IPX, NetBIOS, AppleTalk, and/or broadcast/multicast protocols such as routing protocols.

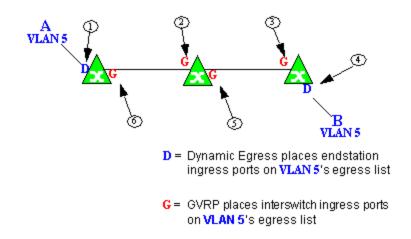
## Example 1: Dynamic Egress Enabled

In this example, Dynamic Egress is enabled for VLAN 5. When source endstation A is tagged with VLAN 5, Dynamic Egress places A's ingress port (1) on VLAN 5's egress list. When destination endstation B's traffic is tagged with VLAN 5, Dynamic Egress places B's ingress port (2) on VLAN 5's egress list. The device can then forward traffic to both endstations.



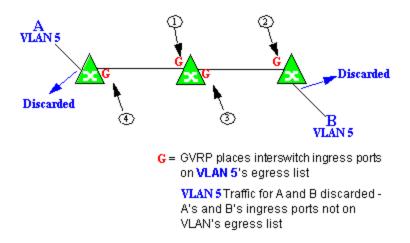
## Example 2: Dynamic Egress + GVRP

In this example, Dynamic Egress is enabled for VLAN 5, and the destination endstation, B, is on a different device from the source endstation, A. When A is tagged with VLAN 5, Dynamic Egress places A's ingress port (1) on VLAN 5's egress list. GVRP then places interswitch ingress ports (2) and (3) on VLAN 5's egress list. When B's traffic is tagged with VLAN 5, Dynamic Egress places B's ingress port (4) on VLAN 5's egress list. GVRP then places interswitch ingress ports (5) and (6) on VLAN 5's egress list. The devices can then forward traffic to both endstations.



## Example 3: Dynamic Egress Disabled

In this example, Dynamic Egress is disabled. When source endstation A is tagged with VLAN 5, A's ingress port is not placed on VLAN 5's egress list. GVRP places interswitch ingress ports (1) and (2) on VLAN 5's egress list. When B's traffic is tagged with VLAN 5, B's ingress port is not placed on VLAN5's egress list. GVRP places interswitch ingress ports (3) and (4) on VLAN 5's egress list. But VLAN 5 traffic for both A and B is discarded, because VLAN 5 is not aware of the ingress ports for A and B.



## Example 4: Silent Endstation

In this example, Dynamic Egress is enabled for VLAN 5, but the destination endstation, B, is a "silent" endpoint, like a printer. Endstation B does not send responses, so the Administrator must place B's ingress port on VLAN 5's egress list manually (1). When A is tagged with VLAN 5, Dynamic Egress places A's ingress port (2) on VLAN 5's egress list. GVRP then places interswitch ingress ports (3) and (4), then (5) and (6) on VLAN 5's egress list. Endstation A is then able to communicate with the printer.

## GVRP

GVRP (GARP VLAN Registration Protocol) dynamically adds interswitch ingress ports to the egress lists of VLANs across a domain.

**NOTE:** If you do not want GVRP enabled on your network, you can disable it, then manually configure the interswitch ports to do what GVRP does automatically, using MIB Tools or local management to set up your interswitch links as Q trunks. The trunk ports will be automatically added to the egress lists of all the VLANs at the time of trunk configuration.

## GARP Timers

Set GARP timers on the device to control the timing of dynamic VLAN membership updates to connected devices. The timer values must be identical on all connected devices in order for GVRP to operate successfully.

- Join Time Frequency of messages issued when a new port has been added to the VLAN. Possible values are 1 through 1488800 milliseconds.
- Leave Time Frequency of messages issued when a single port no longer belongs to the VLAN. This value must be at least three times greater than the Join Time. Possible values are 1 through 1488800 milliseconds.
- Leave All Time Frequency of messages issued when all ports no longer belong to the VLAN and the VLAN should be deleted. This value must be greater than the value for Leave Time. Possible values are 1 through 1488800 milliseconds.

## Enforcing

When working with VLANs in Extreme Management Center, write the definitions in the VLAN model to selected devices or ports by clicking the **Enforce** button in the <u>Configure Device window</u>.

**NOTE:** On the X-Pedition router, enforcing will not overwrite the "System Static" VLAN (SYS\_L3\_ Interface Name).

## **Frame Types**

Incoming frames are processed according to ingress rules which determine the VLAN membership and transmission priority of a frame received on a port by checking for the presence of a VLAN tag. A VLAN tag is a field within a frame that identifies the frame's VLAN membership and priority.

Frames can be tagged or untagged. A tagged frame is a frame that contains a VLAN tag. An untagged frame does not have a VLAN tag, but will be tagged when it is received on a port. A tagged frame may have already been processed by an 802.1Q switch or originated at an endpoint capable of inserting a VLAN tag into a frame. A VLAN tag may or may not contain a VLAN ID (VID), but it will always contain priority information. End systems are allowed to transmit frames with only a priority in the VLAN tag. When switches transmit a tagged frame, the VLAN tag will always include a VID along with the priority.

Tagged and untagged frames are assigned VLAN membership and transmission priority differently:

## **Untagged Frame - VLAN Membership**

When an untagged frame is received on a port, if a VLAN Classification rule exists for the frame's classification type, the frame will gain membership in the associated VLAN. If not, the frame will be assigned to the VLAN identified as the port's VLAN ID (PVID).

## **Untagged Frame - Priority Assignment**

When an untagged frame is received on a port, if a Priority Classification rule exists for the frame's classification type, the frame will be assigned the associated priority. If not, the frame will be assigned the port's default priority.

## Tagged Frame - VLAN Membership

If a tagged frame includes a VID (VLAN ID), it will gain membership in the VLAN indicated by the VID. If not, and a VLAN Classification rule exists for the frame's classification type, the frame will be put into the associated VLAN. If there is no VID or classification rule, the frame will be put in the VLAN associated with the port's VLAN ID (PVID).

#### **Tagged Frame - Priority Assignment**

When a tagged frame is received on a port, it is assigned the priority contained in the VLAN tag.

You can set the acceptable frame type for a port in Ports.

## IGMP

IGMP (Internet Group Management Protocol) is a protocol used by IP hosts and their immediate neighbor multicast agents to support the allocation of temporary group addresses and the addition and deletion of members of a VLAN. You can enable and disable IGMP in VLAN Definitions.

## **IGMP Intervals**

You can control the following IGMP query settings in VLAN Definitions:

- Query Interval Interval (in seconds) between general IGMP queries sent by the device to solicit VLAN membership information from other devices. By setting this interval, you can control the number of IGMP messages on a subnet. Larger values cause queries to be sent less often. The Query Interval must be greater than the Query Response interval. Valid values: 1 through 300 seconds.
- Query Response Maximum amount of time allowed for responses to general IGMP queries. By setting this value, you can control the burstiness of IGMP messages on a subnet. Larger values result in less bursty traffic, because host responses are spread over a larger interval. This value must be less than the Query Interval. Valid values: 1 through 300.
- Interface Robustness (Robustness Variable) Indicates the susceptibility of the subnet to lost packets. If a subnet is particularly susceptible to losses, you may wish to increase this value. IGMP is robust to (Robustness Variable-1) packet losses. The Interface Robustness value is used in the calculation of IGMP message intervals. Valid values are 2 thru 32767.
- Last Member Query Interval Maximum amount of time (in seconds) between group-specific query messages, including those sent in response to leave-group messages. By setting this value, you can control the "leave latency" of the network. You might lower this interval to reduce the amount of time it takes the device to detect the loss of the last member of a group. Valid values: 10 through 32767 seconds.

## **Ingress Filtering**

Ingress Filtering is a means of filtering out undesired traffic on a port. When Ingress Filtering is enabled, a port determines if a frame can be processed based on whether the port is on the Egress List of the VLAN associated with the frame. For example, if a tagged frame with membership in the Sales VLAN is received on a Port 1, and Ingress Filtering is enabled, the switch will determine if the port is on the Sales VLAN's Egress List. If it is, the frame can be processed. If it is not, the frame is dropped. You can set ingress filtering for a VLAN in Ports.

## **Priority Classification**

Priority Classification is used to assign frames transmission priority over other frames. Priority is a value between 0 and 7 assigned to each frame as it is received on a port, with 7 being the highest priority. Frames assigned a higher priority will be transmitted before frames with a lower priority.

Each of the priorities is mapped into a specific transmit queue by the switch or router. The insertion of the priority value (0-7) allows all 802.1Q devices in the network to make intelligent forwarding decisions based on its own level of support for prioritization.

Frames can be assigned a transmission priority ;based on the default priority of the receiving switch port, regardless of the frame's classification type. However, with the addition of classification rules, frames can be assigned a priority based on the frame's classification type. Using priority classification rules, network administrators can classify a frame based on Layer 2/3/4 information to have higher or lower priority than other frames on a per port basis, allowing for better defined Class of Service configurations.

You can set the default priority for incoming frames in Ports.

## **Weighted Priority**

Weighted priority, available on certain devices, is a way to further refine <u>priority</u> <u>classification</u>. You can control this setting in Ports.

Some devices support four transmit queues (0-3) per port. These queues can be serviced based on a strict method, meaning that all frames in Queue 3 will be transmitted before the frames in Queue 0, or based on a fair weighted method. The weighted method allows the network administrator to give a certain percentage or weight to each queue, preventing a lower priority queue from being starved.

Forwarding priority can be tuned to allocate a percentage of a port's transmit resources to the each traffic queue. This lets you adjust a strict priority scheme to guarantee that some percentage of frames from lower priority queues will always be sent. Weighted priority settings divide each port's transmit resources into 16 equal parts, which can be allocated to traffic queues in increments of 6.25% (1/16th). The total resource allocation for a port must always add up to 100%.

To understand the effect of weighted priorities, consider a device port with strict priority settings. In this case, all of the frames from the highest priority traffic queue are sent before frames are sent from any of the lower priority queues. Now, assuming four traffic queues, assign weighted priorities for the port giving 50% of the transmit resources to Queue 3, 25% to Queue 2, and 25% to Queue 1 and 0% to Queue 0. With these settings, at least 50% of the frames will be transmitted from Queue 3, at least 25% from Queue 2, at least 25% from Queue 1 and frames will only be transmitted from Queue 0 when Queue 1, 2, and 3 are empty.

## Verifying

Verifying retrieves the VLAN settings on the selected devices and compares them with the settings in the selected VLAN Definitions or Ports.

Differences are indicated by a red not-equals symbol ≠. A green exclamation point **!** is displayed when you select a ≠ line in the table to the model setting that will be written to the device when you <u>enforce</u>. You can review the differences and make modifications to your model as needed, including updating the definitions in your model using the definitions from the selected devices.

## **VLAN Identification**

VLAN identifiers include VLAN ID's and Port VLAN ID's.

## VLAN ID (VID)

802.1Q VLANs are defined by VLAN IDs (VIDs) and VLAN names.

VID

A unique number between 1 and 4094 that identifies a particular VLAN. VID 1 is reserved for the Default VLAN.

#### **VLAN Name**

An alphanumeric name associated with a VLAN ID, used to make VLANs easier to identify and remember (up to 64 characters).

## PVID (Port VLAN ID)

You can change a port's VLAN membership to reflect the specific needs of your network by assigning new VLAN membership to the port. When you assign VLAN membership to a port, that VLAN's ID (VID) becomes the Port VLAN ID (PVID) for the port and the port is added to the VLAN's Egress List.

### **PVID**

The PVID (Port VLAN ID) represents a port's VLAN assignment. Possible values are 1 through 4094.

### **Egress List**

The Egress List specifies which ports can transmit the frames associated with the VLAN.

**NOTE:** On the X-Pedition Router, you cannot assign a PVID to a port that has an interface assigned to it.

## **VLAN Model**

In Extreme Management Center, you can create VLAN models and enforce them across multiple network devices. A VLAN model consists of at least one VLAN Definition and one VLAN Port Template.

Extreme Management Center provides you with one VLAN model (the Primary VLAN Model) which is pre-populated with a Default VLAN (VID 1). You can further define this VLAN model, and/or you can create other VLAN models. (The Default VLAN for a model cannot be deleted.)

Once a VLAN model has been created, you can utilize it in the following ways:

• Enforce the properties of a port template on selected devices. You can also make custom edits for selected ports.

 Perform a more detailed analysis of the differences between the definitions in the VLAN model and the VLAN settings on selected devices and their ports. Using these views in the Network > Device tab, you can review the differences and make modifications to your VLAN model and/or device or port VLAN configuration as required, including updating any or all of the definitions in the model with the settings on selected devices and their ports, and writing (enforcing) a model's VLAN definitions and/or VLAN port templates to selected devices or ports.

See <u>Create and Edit a VLAN on a Device</u> for more information.

## **VLAN Learning**

VLAN learning allows the creation of groups of VLANs that will share Filtered Database information (MAC address, port, and VLAN ID) according to 802.1Q Shared Learning Constraints (IEEE Std 802.1Q-1998). This helps to speed MAC to port lookups and reduce flooding, because MAC addresses will be in the same Filtering Database.

# **Create and Edit a VLAN on a Device**

This section outlines how to create and edit a VLAN. From the **Network** tab, you can:

- Create a new VLAN
- Edit the ports of an existing VLAN
- Edit the name of an existing VLAN
- Remove devices from an existing VLAN

## To create a new VLAN:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- Select the device from the devices list. Right-click the device and select Device > Configure Device. The Configure Device window opens.

Configure D	evice								×
IP Address	Device Type	Poll Type	Site	Firmware		Serial Number			
8.8.8.8		Ping	/World						
Device (	Device Annota	tion Ports	Custor	Attributes	s Ven	dor Prof	ile Definition		
System Name	E			Default Site	c		/World		*
Contact:				Poll Group:			Default		*
Location:				Poll Type:			Ping		•
Administration	n Profile:		•	SNMP Time	eout:		5		÷
Replacement Number:	Serial Ente	r Value		SNMP Retr	ies:		3		÷
Remove from	Service:			Topology La	ayer:		L2 Access		*
								_	_
					Sync f	rom Site	Save	Cano	el

4. Select the VLAN Definition tab.

Configure Device				×
IP Address	Device Type	Poll Type	Site	Firmware
	B3G124-48	SNMP	/World	06.61.12.0005
(				•
Device Devic	e Annotation VLAN	Definition Ports	Custom Attributes	Vendor Profile
🗿 Add 🛛 🍃 Ed	it 🤤 Delete			
Name	VID Always Wri	te to Device(s)		
Default	1 🖌			
		Sync fro	m Site 🧛 Enforce Pre	eview Cancel

- 5. Click the Add button.
- 6. Enter the Name and the VID for the new VLAN.

Configure Device								×
IP Address	Device 1	уре	Poll Type		Site		Firmware	
	B3G124-48		SNMP		/World		06.61.12.0	005
4					_			•
Device Device	Annotati		Definition	Porte	Custom Attri	huter	Vendor P	rofile
			Dennition	Ports	Custom Attri	butes	vendor P	rome
🔾 Add 🎲 Edit	O Del	ete						
Name	VID	Always Writ	e to Device(	s)				
2	2		1					
Derault	1	*		Updat	e Cancel			
				Updat	Gancei			
					Sync from Sit	to I	Save	Cancel
					Sync from Si	10	Gave	Cancel

7. Select Update.

The new VLAN is added to the list.

- 8. Select Enforce Preview.
- 9. Under the Enforce Options, select the VLAN Definition checkbox and select Enforce.

Compare Device Configuration										
Enabled	IP Addr		Site		Matcl	h		Statu	15	
Enabled	IP Addi	055	5100	System	VLAN Definition	Port Alias	Port VLAN	Action	Progress	
1			/World	۲	0	۲	•	Verify Success	100	
Enforce Op	otions:		System	VI.	AN Definition 🗌 Po	ort Alias	Port VL/	NN .		
Device	VLAN	l Def	initions	Ports						
Device	T LPAN	Desi		Ports			Current			
euchlama		Desi	160			~	Current			
sysName										
sysContac						~				
sysLocatio	n					~				
4								_		
							Refre	s <b>i Enforce</b>	Cancel	
							rione		Sancer	

**NOTE:** By default, the checkboxes in the Enforce Options section of the window are not selected. To configure Extreme Management Center to select the checkboxes by default, open the NSJBoss.properties file and change **false** to **true** in the following lines:

- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.system=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.vlanDefinition=fals e
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.portAlias=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.portVlan=false

The VLAN is now created and assigned to the device.

## To configure the VLAN(s) on the ports

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.

- 3. Select the device from the devices list.
- 4. Right-click the device and select **Device > Configure Device**. The **Configure Device** window opens.
- 5. Select the **Ports** tab.

Configure D	)evice								×
IP Address		Device Type		Poll Type		Site	Fin	mware	
		B3G124-48		SNMP		/World	06.	61.12.0005	
4									•
Device	Device A	nnotation	VLAN I	Definition	Ports	Custom Attribu	tes Ver	ndor Profi	le
🔯 Edit									
Name †	Alias			Configuration	on	PVID		Policy	
ge.1.1		_ge.1.1		Access		Default [1]		None	^
ge.1.2		_ge.1.2		Access		Default [1]		None	
ge.1.3		_ge.1.3		Interswitch		Default [1]		None	
ge.1.4		_ge.1.4		Access		Default [1]		None	
ge.1.5		_ge.1.5		Access		Default [1]		None	
		_ge.1.6		Access		Default [1]		None	*
ge.1.6									
ge.1.6									•

- 6. Select the Port on which you are configuring the VLAN.
- 7. Select Edit.

The Port is now configurable.

- 8. Change the **PVID**, **Tagged**, and **Untagged** options to configure the VLAN onto the port.
- 9. Click Enforce Preview.
- 10. Under the Enforce Options, select the Port VLAN checkbox and select Enforce.

**NOTE:** By default, the checkboxes in the Enforce Options section of the window are not selected. To configure Extreme Management Center to select the checkboxes by default, open the NSJBoss.properties file and change **false** to **true** in the following lines:

- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.system=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.vlanDefinition=fals e
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.portAlias=false
- site.enforceOption.autoEnable.portVlan=false

The VLAN is now configured to the Ports.

## To edit the name of a VLAN:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- 3. Select the device from the devices list.
- 4. Right-click the device and select **Device > Configure Device**. The **Configure Device** window opens.

Configure [	Device							×
IP Address	Device Typ	e Poll Type	Site	Firmware		Serial N	umber	
8.8.8.8		Ping	/World					
Device	Device Ann	otation Ports	Custor	Attributes	Vend	dor Prof	ile Definition	
System Nam	e:			Default Site:			/World	*
Contact:				Poll Group:			Default	-
Location:				Poll Type:			Ping	•
Administratio	on Profile:		•	SNMP Time	out:		5	¢
Replacemen Number:	t Serial E	Enter Value		SNMP Retri	es:		3	¢
Remove from	n Service: 🗌			Topology La	iyer:		L2 Access	*
					Sync fr	om Site	Save	Cancel

5. Click the VLAN Definition tab.

Configure I	Device								×
IP Address		Device T	ype	Poll Type		Site		Firmware	
		B3G124-	48	SNMP		/World		06.61.12.0005	
4									
Device	Device /	Annotati	on VLAN	Definition	Ports	Custom /	Attributes	Vendor Profile	9
Add	波 Edit	Oel	ete						
Name		VID	Always Writ	e to Device(	5)				
Default		1	~						
					0 (				
					Sync from	n site	Enforce Pro	eview Ca	ncel

- 6. Select the VLAN to edit and then select the **Edit** button.
- 7. Enter the new name for the VLAN.
- 8. Click **Update**. The Edit pane closes.
- 9. Click Save to exit the VLAN Definition window. The VLAN is updated.

## To remove devices from a VLAN:

- 1. Launch Extreme Management Center.
- 2. Open the **Network > Devices** tab.
- Select the device from the devices list. Right-click the device and select Device > Configure Device. The Configure Device window opens.
- 4. Click the VLAN Definition tab. The VLAN Definition pane opens.

Configure Device				×
IP Address	Device Type	Poll Type	Site	Firmware
	B3G124-48	SNMP	/World	06.61.12.0005
4				
				ŕ
Device Device	Annotation VLAN	Definition Ports	Custom Attributes	Vendor Profile
🔾 Add 🛛 🔯 Edit	🤤 Delete			
Name	VID Always Wr	ite to Device(s)		
Default	1 🖌			
		Sync from	n Site 🏼 🍄 Enforce Pre	view Cancel

5. Select the VLAN and click **Delete**.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- <u>Maps</u>
- Devices tab

# **Add Custom FlexViews and MIBs**

Use the instructions in this topic to add custom FlexViews and MIBs in Extreme Management Center.

To add a new FlexView to Extreme Management Center:

- Create the following directory on the Extreme Management Center server: /usr/local/Extreme\_ Networks/NetSight/appdata/VendorProfiles/Stage/MyVendorPro file/FlexViews/My FlexViews if it does not already exist.
- Add your custom FlexView files (.TPL) to the /usr/local/Extreme\_ Networks/NetSight/appdata/VendorProfiles/Stage/MyVendorPro file/FlexViews/My FlexViews directory on the Extreme Management Center server.
- 3. Add the MIB files that correspond to your custom FlexView files to the /usr/local/Extreme\_ Networks/NetSight/appdata/VendorProfiles/Stage/MyVendorPro file/MIBs directory on the Extreme Management Center server.
- 4. Log into the system shell (via the local console or SSH) on the Extreme Management Center server as root on a Linux operating system or open a CMD prompt by selecting **Run as administrator** on a Windows operating system.
- 5. Restart the Extreme Management Center server:
  - a. Enter service nsserver stop.
  - b. Enter service nsserver start.

## **Related Information**

For information on related topics:

- FlexViews
- <u>Network</u>

# Troubleshooting

This troubleshooting guide provides a list of items to check when Extreme Management Center functionality is failing to perform correctly. Locate a problem in the left column and then review the troubleshooting information in the right column.

Problem	Troubleshooting Steps
Error contacting a wireless controller. The controller shows a Warning icon. 	<ol> <li>Verify that the Configuration password in the CLI Credential used for this device is properly configured.</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>a. From Extreme Management Center, access Administration &gt; Profiles tab.</li> </ul>
	b. Select the CLI Credentials subtab.
	c. Select the CLI Credential being used by the controller's Profile, and click <b>Edit</b> .
	d. Verify the user name and password used in the credential. For wireless controllers, add the Login password to the Configuration password field instead of the Login password field. The username and Configuration password specified here must match the username and Login password configured on the controller.
	e. Verify the SSH connection type is selected.
	f. Click <b>OK</b> .
	g. Use this CLI Credential in the controller's Profile.
	<b>NOTE:</b> When configuring profiles for ExtremeWireless Controllers, you must ensure that controllers are discovered using an SNMPv2c or SNMPv3 profile. The profile must also contain SSH CLI credentials for the controller. Wireless Manager uses the controller's CLI to retrieve required information and to configure managed controllers.
	<ol> <li>Verify that the following ports are accessible through firewalls for the Extreme Management Center Server and Wireless Controllers to communicate: SSH: 22</li> <li>SNMP: 161, 162</li> <li>Langley: 20506</li> </ol>