



Avaya Virtual Services Platform 7000 Series Installation

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Chapter 1: Safety Precautions

Chapter 1: Safety messages

Safety messages are an important part of the technical documentation. The messages alert you to hazards to personnel and equipment and provide guidance for the safe operation of your equipment. Failure to comply with the safety messages could result in equipment damage and personal injury.

Following are the most common types of safety messages.



Warning:

Installation must be performed by qualified personnel only. Read and follow all warning notices and instructions marked on the product or included in the documentation.



Voltage:

This equipment relies on the building's installation for overcurrent protection. Ensure that a fuse or circuit breaker no larger than 120 VAC, 15 A U.S. (240 VAC, 16 A International) is used on the phase conductors.



Caution:

This device is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this device can cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take appropriate measures.



Caution:

When mounting this device in a rack, do not stack units directly on top of one another in the rack. Each unit must be secured to the rack with appropriate mounting brackets. Mounting brackets are not designed to support multiple units.



Voltage:

Use only power cords that have a grounding path. Without a proper ground, a person who touches the switch is in danger of receiving an electrical shock. Lack of a grounding path to the switch can result in excessive emissions.



Warning:

Disconnecting the power cord is the only way to turn off power to this device. Always connect the power cord in a location that can be reached quickly and safely in case of an emergency.



Warning:

Fiber optic equipment can emit laser or infrared light that can injure your eyes. Never look into an optical fiber or connector port. Always assume that fiber optic cables are connected to a light source.



Chapter 2: New in this release

Chapter 2: New in this release

The Avaya Virtual Services Platform 7000 (VSP 7000) Series is introduced. VSP 7000 are high performance 10 Gigabit switches designed for enterprise customers.

Release 10.0 supports the VSP 7024XLS. The VSP 7024XLS hardware features the following:

- High density, capacity, and performance with lowest possible packet latency.
- Compact 1U chassis design.
- Dual field replaceable high efficiency AC and DC load-sharing power supplies.

 **Note:**

Secondary power supply is optional. Installing a secondary power supply enables redundancy, hot-swap, and load-sharing.

- Dual field replaceable fan trays to support front to back, or back to front airflow modes.
- 24 Small Form Factor Pluggable Plus (SFP+) ports support fibre connectivity at Gigabit or 10 Gigabit speeds.

 **Note:**

SFP transceivers support 1 Gbps, SFP+ transceivers support 10 Gbps.

- Front status LEDs, RJ45 console port, Out of Band Management port, and USB 2.0 port.

 **Note:**

USB functionality in Release 10.0 is a technology demonstration feature only. Avaya has determined that some USB devices can cause the USB port to become unresponsive or unusable. For more information, see *Avaya Virtual Services Platform 7000 Series Release 10.0 Release Notes*, NN47202–400.

The VSP 7000 Series also contains hardware scalability features to be supported in future software releases.

- Media Dependent Adaptor (MDA) module for flexible expansion and connectivity.
- Fabric Interconnect (FI) up and down connections for Terabit stacking.
- Master Unit select switch for stacking configurations.

New in this release

Chapter 3: Installation preparation

Chapter 3: Environmental requirements

Your switch requires a suitable environment.

To protect your switch and operate it safely, see the following table and list for a description of environmental ranges and requirements.

Acceptable environmental operating ranges

Criteria	Range
Temperature	0 to 50 degrees C
Humidity	0 to 95% non-condensing
Altitude	-200 to 13,000 feet
Acoustic noise	less than 50 dBA typical Sound pressure level measurement methods are based on ISO 7779.

Additional environmental requirements

- no nearby heat sources such as hot air vents or direct sunlight
- no nearby sources of severe electromagnetic noise
- no excessive dust
- adequate power source within six feet; one circuit required for each power supply
- at least 2 inches (5.08 cm) on all sides of the switch unit for ventilation
- adequate space at the front and rear of the switch for access to cables

Related topics:

[Verifying environmental suitability](#) on page 10

[Power specifications](#) on page 10

Verifying environmental suitability

The following section describes how to verify environmental suitability for the switch.

About this task

Perform the following procedure to verify environmental suitability before installing the switch.

Procedure

1. Determine the physical location and placement of the switch.
 2. Test and assess the physical location to gather environmental ranges for temperature, humidity, altitude, and acoustic noise.
 3. Verify that the installation environment meets all environmental requirements, see [Environmental requirements](#) on page 9.
-

Power specifications

The VSP 7000 series switches support the following power supply configurations:

- one AC power supply
- one DC power supply
- two AC power supplies
- two DC power supplies
- one AC power supply and one DC power supply

When you operate the switch with two power supplies, the switch supports redundancy, load sharing, and full hot-swap replacement of a power supply for uninterruptible operation. The power supply is location independent, you can install an AC or DC power supply into either power supply slot on the switch.

For cooling, the switch supports two air flow patterns: front to back or back to front. The air flow direction is determined by the main power supply. All power supplies and fan trays must match the air flow direction. A switch can operate for a brief period with one fan tray, but one fan may not be able to achieve maximum environmental conditions.

Each switch is shipped with two fan trays and can support up to two power supplies.

Important:

Power supply and fan tray direction must match. If you require front to back cooling, you must ensure that the power supply is designated for front to back cooling. Or, if you require

back to front cooling, you must ensure that the power supply is designated for back to front cooling.

The following table describes the AC and DC power specifications for the VSP 7024XLS switch.

Parameter	Input voltage	Maximum power rating
AC Input	100–240 VAC +/- 10%, 3.7A Max, 50/60 Hz	300 W
DC Input	48 VDC, 8.0A Max	300 W

Chapter 3: Cooling fans and power supplies

VSP 7000 switches require and support two field replaceable fan trays for switch cooling. VSP 7000 switches support two field replaceable AC or DC power supplies for redundant power configurations.

Cooling fan trays

Cooling fan trays support hot-swap and are available in two models to support front to back, or back to front airflow modes. Cooling fan trays are included and must be installed before operating the switch.

Power supply compatibility with cooling fans

Power supplies support hot-swap and are available in two models to support cooling fan airflow modes.

If you are using front to back cooling or back to front cooling, ensure that you use compatible power supplies that match the cooling fan airflow.

Redundant power supply configurations

If you install two power supplies for redundancy, the switch can perform load sharing.

You can hot-swap power supplies for non stop, uninterrupted switch operation.

Power supply monitoring

For enhanced monitoring, power supplies send information to the switch software about the type (AC or DC, and airflow mode).

Related topics:

[Installing the fan trays and power supply](#) on page 11

Installing the fan trays and power supply

Your switch supports a combination of field-replaceable power supplies and cooling fan trays. Two fan trays and one power supply are included with your switch. You must install the two

fan trays and at least one power supply before using the switch. The switch supports an optional second power supply for redundancy and load sharing.

 **Important:**

Supported cooling air flow directions are: front to back or back to front. The air flow direction of fan trays and power supplies are labelled and fixed. The fan trays and power supplies do not support the ability to change their air flow direction. Avaya recommends that you install the first power supply in PSU1 to determine the airflow direction.

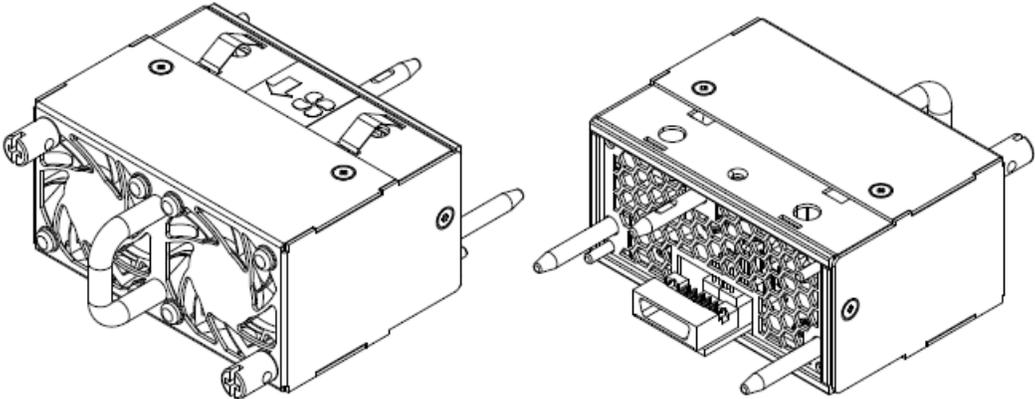


Figure 1: Fan trays

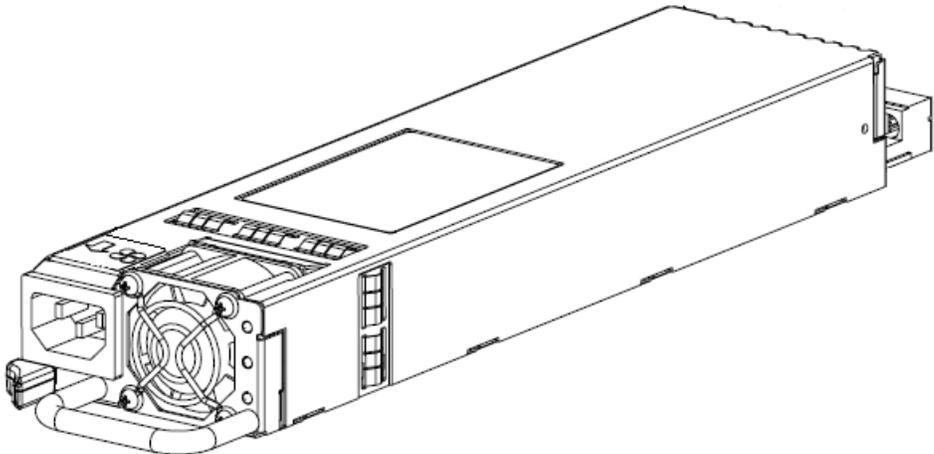


Figure 2: AC power supply

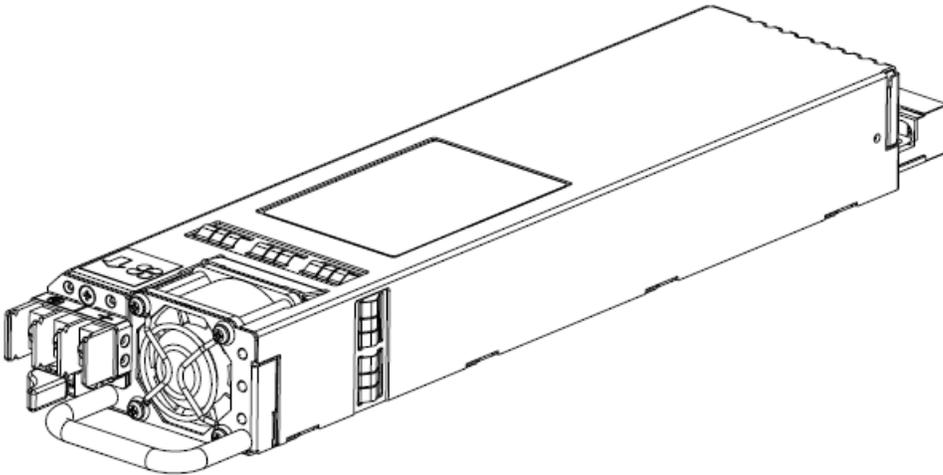


Figure 3: DC power supply

Before you begin

Verify that the fan trays and power supply are compatible—ensure that the air flow direction for all fans and power supplies match.

About this task

To install the fan trays and power supplies to your switch, use the following procedure.

Procedure

1. Insert each fan tray into a rear fan tray slot.
2. Verify that each fan tray is fully seated in the slot and secure each fan tray with two thumb screws.
3. Insert each power supply into a rear power supply slot.
If a blanking plate covers the required power supply slot, remove the plate before inserting the power supply.
4. Verify that each power supply is fully seated in the slot and securely clipped in place.

Example

The following figures illustrate how to properly insert the cooling fan trays and power supplies into your switch.

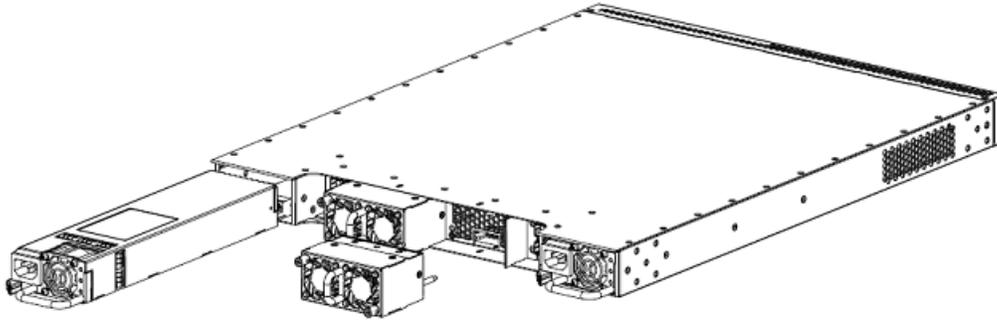


Figure 4: Installing the fan trays and power supplies

Next steps

Once you have installed the two fan trays and at least one power supply, you can install and connect power to the switch.

Chapter 3: Power connections

The following sections describe the steps to connect power sources to the switch. Depending on your type of installation, perform the AC or DC power connection procedure.

Related topics:

[AC power connections](#) on page 15

[Connecting AC power](#) on page 17

[DC power connections](#) on page 18

[Connecting DC power](#) on page 19

AC power connections

To connect your switch to AC power you require an AC power cord that meets the requirements of your local electrical code.

International power cord specifications

Refer to the following table for power cord plug specifications.

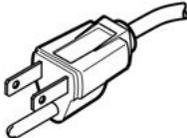
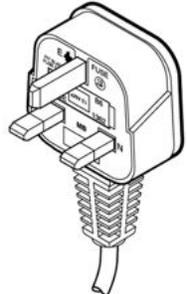
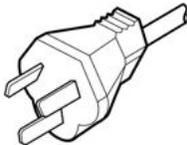
 **Voltage:**

Risk of injury from electric shock

Before working on this equipment, be aware of proper safety practices and hazards involved with electrical circuits. Use only power cords that have a grounding path. Ensure the switch is properly grounded before connecting a power source.

*** Note:**

VSP 7000 series switches do not have a power switch. When you connect the AC power cord to a suitable AC power outlet, the switch powers up immediately. Ensure that you connect the AC power cord to the back of the switch, and then connect the cord to a power outlet. You must use the correct power cord for the switch and power supply.

Country and plug description	Specifications	Typical plug
Continental Europe <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CEE7 standard VII male plug • Harmonized cord (HAR marking on the outside of the cord jacket to comply with the CENELEC Harmonized Document HD-21) 	220 or 230 VAC 50 Hz Single phase	 <p style="text-align: center;">228FA</p>
U.S./Canada/Japan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NEMA5–15P male plug • UL-recognized (UL stamped on cord jacket) • CSA-certified (CSA label secured to the cord) 	100 or 120 VAC 50/60 Hz Single phase	 <p style="text-align: center;">227FA</p>
United Kingdom <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BS1363 male plug with fuse • Harmonized cord 	240 VAC 50 Hz Single Phase	 <p style="text-align: center;">229FA</p>
Australia AS3112–1981 male plug	240 VAC 50 Hz Single phase	 <p style="text-align: center;">230FA</p>

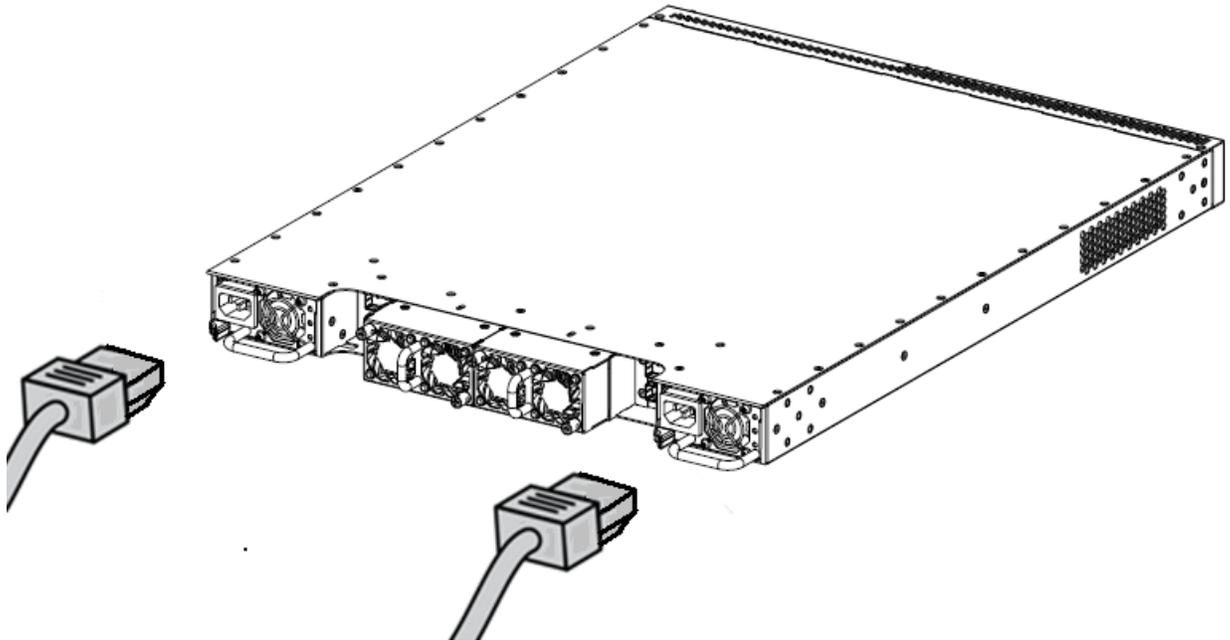


Figure 5: Connecting AC power cord to the switch

*** Note:**

Secondary power supply is optional for redundancy and load sharing.

Connecting AC power

Perform the following procedure to connect an AC power source to the switch.

Before you begin

To connect AC power to the switch an appropriate AC power cord is required. Ensure the switch power supply supports AC power input.

About this task

Connecting the AC power source to the switch.

⚠ Danger:

Use only power cords with a grounding path. Without a proper ground, a person who touches the switch is in danger of receiving an electrical shock. A switch without a proper grounding path can result in excessive emissions

Procedure

1. Plug the female end of the AC power cord into the back of the switch power supply.

 **Important:**

The switch will power on immediately once connected to a suitable AC power source. The switch does not have a power switch.

2. Plug the male end of the AC power cord into a suitable AC power outlet.

 **Caution:**

Ensure you only use an appropriately rated AC power cord. Do not use an extension cord.

 **Warning:**

The only way to turn off the switch is to disconnect the power. Always connect the AC power cord in a location that can be reached quickly and safely in case of an emergency.

DC power connections

To connect your switch to DC power you require DC power cables and ground cables that meet the requirements of your local electrical code. Avaya does not supply the cables for connecting the DC power supply to the DC power source. Select cables that comply with the electrical code of the country where you use the DC power supply.

DC power supply connections

 **Caution:**

Risk of equipment damage

Make sure that the connection cables used with the DC power supply are appropriate for use with your DC power source. Consider gauge, flammability, and mechanical serviceability when determining the type of cables to use.

 **Voltage:**

Risk of injury from electric shock

Before working on this equipment, be aware of proper safety practices and hazards involved with electrical circuits. Use only power cords that have a grounding path. Ensure the switch is properly grounded before connecting a power source.

 **Note:**

VSP 7000 series switches do not have a power switch. Ensure that your DC power source is off when connecting DC power cables to the back of the switch power supply. Verify all terminal connections, then connect the DC power cables to your DC power source. When

you connect the DC power supply to a suitable DC power source, the switch powers up immediately.

You must prepare the cables by stripping insulation from the end of the cable approximately 0.81 inch (2.1 cm) before you fasten each cable to a power supply terminal. The following figure shows the DC power supply terminals and DC power supply status LEDs.

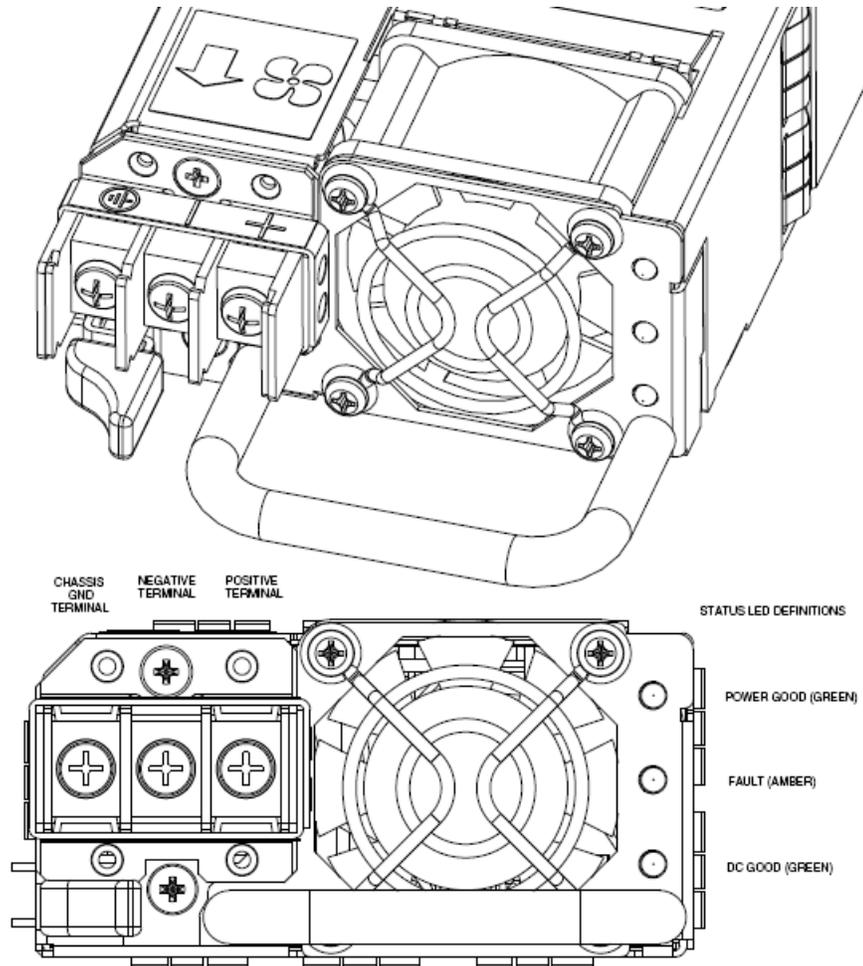


Figure 6: DC power supply terminals

Connecting DC power

Perform the following procedure to connect a DC power source to the switch.

Before you begin

Ensure the DC power source is switched off. Ensure the switch power supply supports DC power input.

Ensure the cables ends are stripped and that the cables are an appropriate length and gauge for the installation.

About this task

Connecting the DC power source to the switch.

Procedure

1. Connect a grounding cable from ground to the DC power supply ground terminal.
 2. Connect the DC leads to the positive and negative DC power supply terminals.
 3. Tighten the screws on the terminal blocks to secure all cables.
 4. Attach the opposite ends of the DC leads to a 48V DC power source.
-

Chapter 4: Switch installation

Chapter 4: Switch placement options

You can install the switch in an equipment rack using the brackets provided. The included brackets allow for two-post equipment rack front mount or rear mount installations. If you are installing the switch into a four-post equipment rack, you can use an optional four-post extended bracket kit (sold separately).

You can also install a single switch on any flat surface that can safely support the weight of the switch and attached cables. A switch with two power supplies installed weighs approximately 27 lbs (12.25 kg). Cable weight varies for each installation.

Ensure the area where you install and use the switch meets all environmental requirements.

Environmental requirements

The following list describes the requirements for the switch environment.

- ambient temperature between 32°F and 106°F (0°C and 50°C)
- relative humidity between 10% and 90% noncondensing
- no nearby heat sources such as hot air vents or direct sunlight
- no nearby sources of severe electromagnetic noise
- no excessive dust
- adequate power source within six feet; one circuit required for each power supply
- at least 2 inches (5.08 cm) on all sides of the switch unit for ventilation
- adequate space at the front and rear of the switch for access to cables

Note:

The switch supports thermal protection and immediately shuts down if the internal temperature reaches 185°F (85°C).

The switch software monitors the internal temperature and generates log and SNMP traps to indicate that the switch is running above the high temperature threshold and is approaching a critical over temperature fault.

Chapter 4: Installing the switch in an equipment rack

Before you begin

Tool requirements

- a Phillips screwdriver to attach brackets to the switch and the switch to the rack.
- a Hex wrench to attach the optional four-post rack mount brackets (sold separately).

Rack requirements

- space of 2.8 inches (7.1 cm) for each switch in an E1A or 1EC standard 19 inch (48.2 cm) equipment rack and T1A 23 inch (58.5 cm) equipment rack.
- appropriate rack space to accommodate 1U switch height (44 mm).
- rack bolted to floor and braced if necessary
- rack must be grounded to the same grounding electrode used by the power service in the area. The ground path must be permanent and must not exceed 1 Ohm of resistance from the rack to the grounding electrode.

About this task

Perform the following procedure to install your switch in an equipment rack.

Procedure

1. Ensure power is disconnected from the switch.
2. Attach a bracket to each side of the switch with the included screws.
The included mounting bracket allows for many different options for front and rear mounting positions, see the following figures. Attach the brackets in the best position for your specific equipment rack.

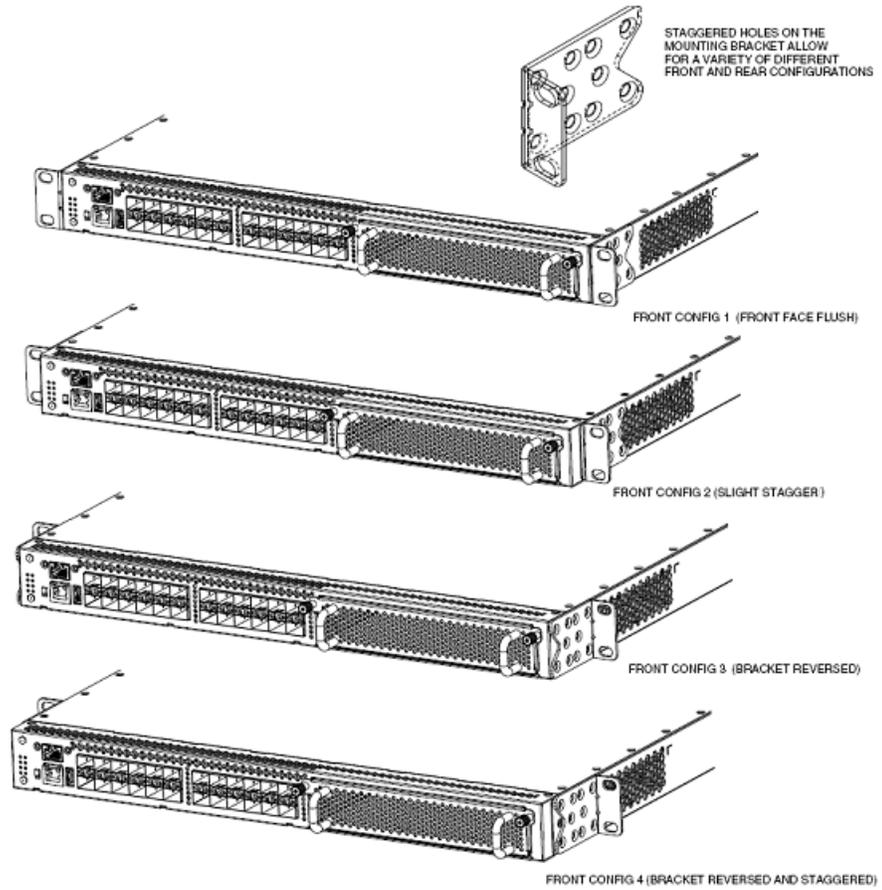


Figure 7: Front-mounted rack bracket installation options

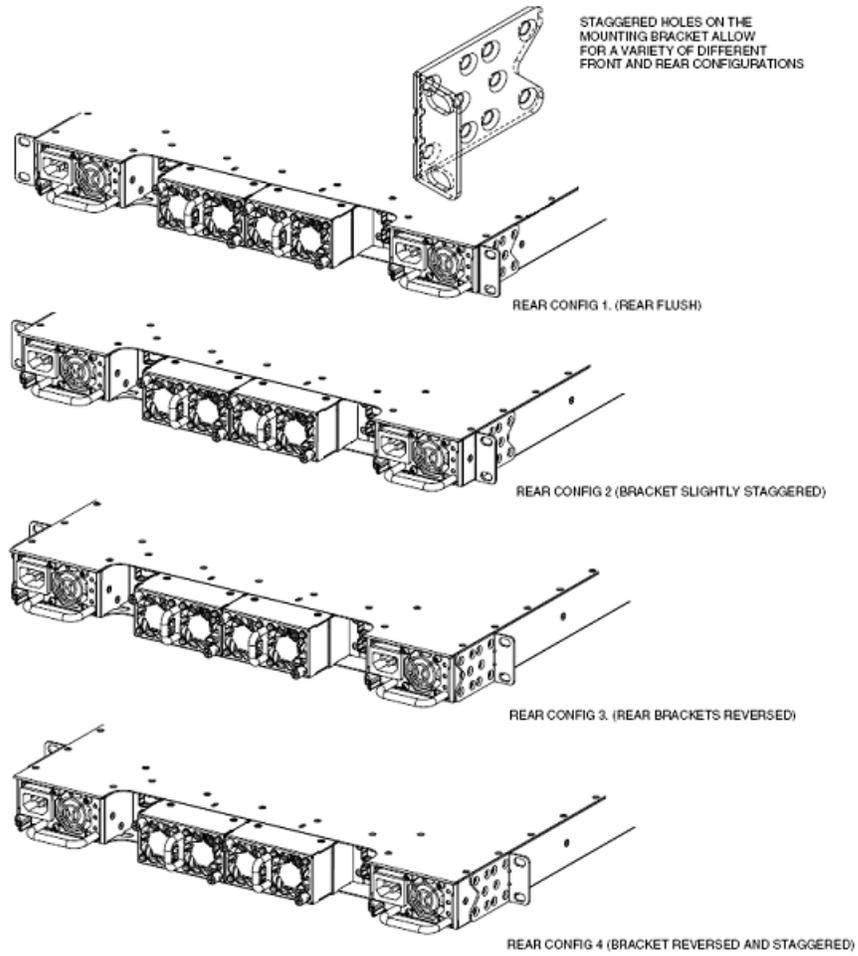


Figure 8: Rear-mounted rack bracket installation options

For four-post equipment rack installations, an optional four-post rack mounting kit (sold separately) is available that includes adjustable rear brackets and clamps. Slide the adjustable rear brackets into channels of the fixed front brackets.

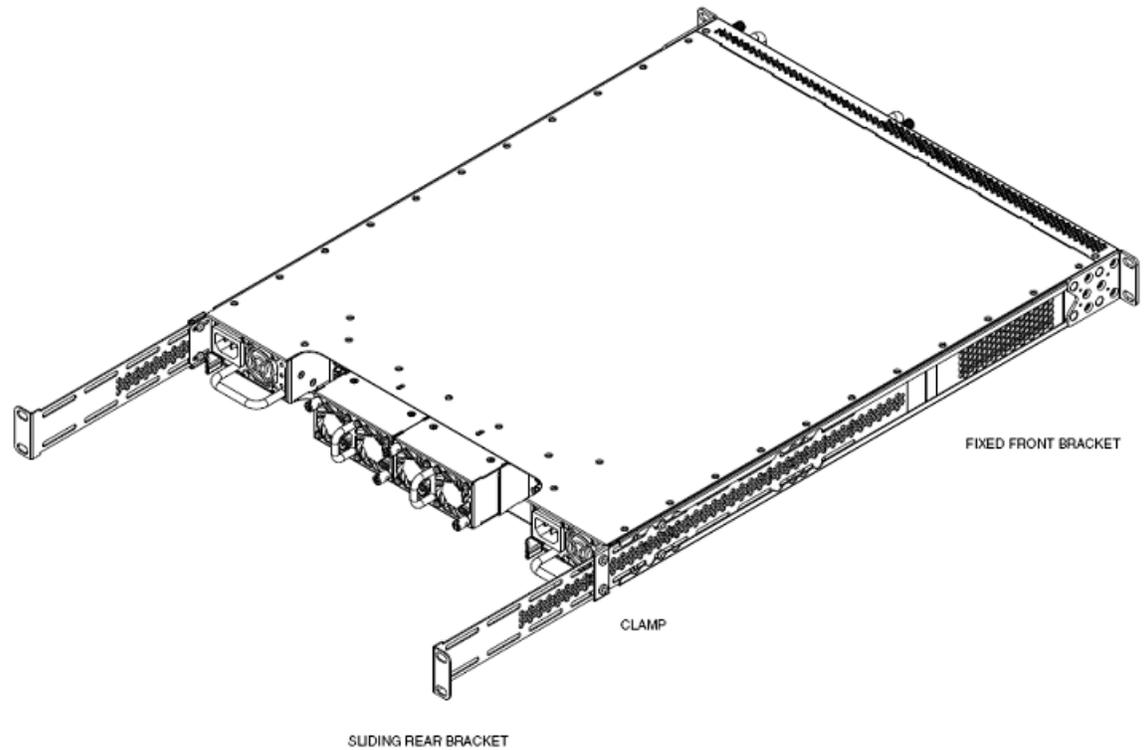


Figure 9: Optional four-post rack mount brackets

3. Slide the switch into the rack.
4. Fasten the switch to the equipment rack with rack mount screws.
For four-post equipment rack installations, fasten the switch to the equipment rack with rack mount screws on all four corners, then secure and tighten the rear bracket with the included clamps.
5. Verify that the switch is securely fastened to the rack.
You can proceed with the installation by connecting power and network connections to the switch.

Chapter 4: Checking LEDs to verify switch installation

You can view the eight status LEDs on the front of the switch to verify the installation and operation of the hardware.

Before you begin

Perform the following tasks before checking the status LEDs.

- Install the fan trays and power supplies.
- Install the switch in an equipment rack or on a shelf.
- Connect power to the switch.

About this task

Perform the following procedure to verify the hardware installation and operation of the switch.

Procedure

1. Locate the eight status LEDs on the front of the switch, see the following figure.

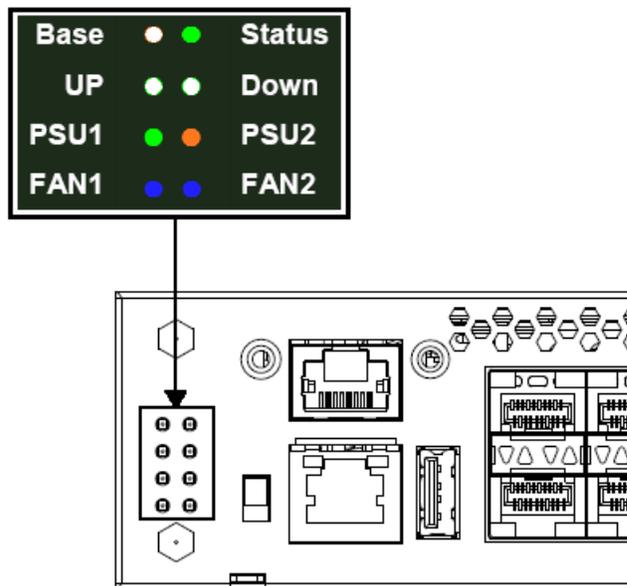


Figure 10: Status LEDs

2. View the status LED states to verify that the fan trays and power supplies are installed and operating correctly. You can also verify the status and operating mode of the switch.

For status LED state descriptions, see the following table.

Table 1: Status LED descriptions

LED	State	Description
Base  Note: Release 10.0 supports standalone mode only. The LED is Off.	Off	The switch is operating in standalone mode. If in a virtual fabric, the switch is not a Master Unit or a Temporary Master Unit.
	Amber (Solid)	The switch is operating as the Temporary Master Unit.
	Amber (Blinking)	The switch has a Master Unit election problem. Multiple switches are configured with the Master Unit switch on, or no switch has the Master Unit switch on.
	Amber (Fast Flashing)	The switch did not join the virtual fabric. Refer to the switch log for more information.
	Emerald (Solid)	The switch is operating as the Master Unit in a virtual fabric.
	Emerald (Blinking)	The switch joined the virtual fabric and Automatic Unit Replacement is upgrading the diagnostics, agent, or configuration file.
Status	Off	The switch is not operating.
	Amber (Solid)	The switch encountered an error during diagnostics.
	Amber (Blinking)	The switch is booting. During boot the switch executes the boot loader and diagnostics.
	Emerald (Solid)	The switch is operating normally. Agent software is loaded.
	Emerald (Blinking)	The switch is loading the agent software.
Up / Down  Note: Release 10.0 supports standalone mode only. The LED is Off.	Off	The switch Fabric Interconnect Up / Down cable is not detected or connected to an adjacent switch.
	Amber (Solid)	The switch Fabric Interconnect Up / Down cable is detected and connected to an adjacent switch, but adjacency with the neighbor is not complete.
	Emerald (Solid)	The switch Fabric Interconnect Up / Down cables are detected and

LED	State	Description
		connected to an adjacent switch. Adjacency with the neighbor is complete.
	Emerald (Blinking)	The switch Fabric Interconnect formed a partial neighbor with an adjacent switch. Check the Fabric Interconnect Up / Down cable connections.
PSU1 / PSU2	Off	The power supply in slot 1/2 is not connected to a power source.
	Amber (Solid)	The power supply in slot 1/2 is removed after operating (Non-Service Effecting).
	Amber (Blinking)	The power supply in slot 1/2 is installed, but not providing power to the switch (Non-Service Effecting).
	Emerald (Solid)	The power supply in slot 1/2 is operating normally.
	Emerald (Blinking)	The power supply in slot 1/2 is disconnected from power after operating (Non-Service Effecting).
	Emerald / Amber (Alternating)	The power supply in slot 2 is operating, but the airflow mode does not match the power supply in slot 1. You must replace the power supply to match the airflow.
FAN1 / FAN2	Ruby (Solid)	<p>If both FAN LEDs are ruby, the switch shut down from an over voltage fault or an over temperature fault.</p> <p>For an over voltage fault, the switch shuts down within four seconds. For an over temperate fault, the switch shuts down immediately.</p> <p> Note: The switch software monitors the internal temperature and generates log and SNMP traps to indicate that the switch is running above the high temperature threshold and is approaching a critical over temperature fault.</p>
	Ruby (Blinking)	The fan tray in position 1/2 is missing. You must install a fan tray,

LED	State	Description
		and the fan tray must match the airflow mode of the power supply.
	Ruby (Fast Blinking)	The fan tray in position 1/2 is connected but is not operating. Replace the failed fan tray.
	Sapphire (Solid)	The fan tray in position 1/2 is front to back airflow and is operating normally.
	Sapphire (Blinking)	The fan tray in position 1/2 is front to back airflow and has degraded. Check for a fan failure and replace if necessary.
	Amethyst (Solid)	The fan tray in position 1/2 is back to front airflow and is operating normally.
	Amethyst (Blinking)	The fan tray in position 1/2 is back to front airflow and has degraded. Check for a fan failure and replace if necessary.
	Amethyst / Ruby (Alternating)	The fan tray in position 1/2 does not match the front to back airflow mode of the switch power supply. You must replace the fan tray with a front to back airflow model.
	Sapphire / Ruby (Alternating)	The fan tray in position 1/2 does not match the back to front airflow mode of the switch power supply. You must replace the fan tray with a back to front airflow model.
	Sapphire (Blink x3) / Ruby (Solid)	The fan tray in position 1/2 has degraded and does not match the front to back airflow mode of the switch power supply. You must replace the fan tray with a front to back airflow model.
	Amethyst (Blink x3) / Ruby (Solid)	The fan tray in position 1/2 had degraded and does not match the back to front airflow mode of the switch power supply. You must replace the fan tray with a back to front airflow model.

Chapter 5: Preparations for network connectivity

Chapter 5: Console and management connections

The left front panel of the switch contains the Status LEDs, Console port, Out of Band Management port, and a USB 2.0 port.

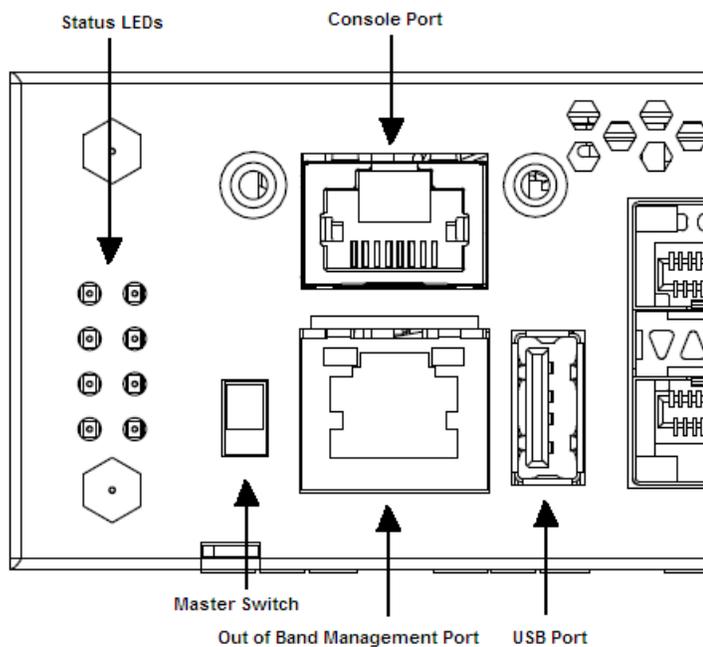


Figure 11: Console and management ports

See the following sections for more information.

Console port

The console port is the RJ45 port with a blue border outline. The port is labelled console, and can be used to establish a management terminal connection to the switch. You can use an RJ45 to DB-9 cable, or a DB-9 to RJ45 adapter to connect the switch console port to your management terminal. The maximum length of a console cable is 25 feet (8.3 meters). The following figure and table describe the RJ45 console port pin-out information. You can use the

pin-out information to verify or create a console cable for use with your maintenance terminal.

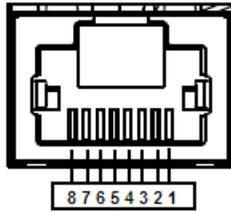


Figure 12: RJ45 console port pin-out

Table 2: Console port pin-out

RJ45 console port pin-out	Signal	Requirement
1	RTS (ready to send)	Optional (can be swapped or linked with pin 8)
2	DTR (data terminal ready)	Optional
3	TXD (transmit data)	Mandatory
4	DCD (carrier detect)	Optional
5	GND (ground)	Mandatory
6	RXD (receive data)	Mandatory
7	DSR (data set ready)	Optional
8	CTS (clear to send)	Optional (can be swapped or linked with pin 1)

Out of Band Management port

The Out of Band Management port is the RJ45 port directly below the console port. The port is labelled management, and can support 10/100/1000 Ethernet connections in future software releases.

USB port

The USB port is a Standard Type-A female USB 2.0 port. The switch provides USB host functionality, and can support USB flash drives.

*** Note:**

USB functionality in Release 10.0 is a technology demonstration feature only. Avaya has determined that some USB devices can cause the USB port to become unresponsive or unusable. For more information, see *Avaya Virtual Services Platform 7000 Series Release 10.0 Release Notes*, NN47202–400.

Chapter 5: Small form factor pluggable transceivers

The switch supports Avaya Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) and Small Form Factor Pluggable Plus (SFP+) transceivers. SFP and SFP+ transceivers are devices designed to allow Gigabit connection speeds over various media types and distances. SFP transceivers support connection speeds of 1 Gbps, and SFP+ transceivers support connection speeds of 10 Gbps.

SFP and SFP+ support

The switch ports allow you to use SFP or SFP+ transceivers to interface the switch to fiber optic or unshielded twisted pair network cabling. Pluggable transceivers can support various media types, modes, and cable distances of up to 70 km. Any cable reach over 100 m requires fiber optic cable. You must select appropriate transceivers and cabling that can support your required cable distances and network architecture.

The following tables show the supported SFP and SFP+ transceivers.

Table 3: Supported SFP+ transceivers

SFP+ device	Order code
1-PORT 10GIGABIT-ER SFP+ (LC) SINGLE MODE up to 40 km	AA1403013-E6
1-PORT 10GIGABIT-LR SFP+ (LC) SINGLE MODE up to 10 km	AA1403011-E6
1-PORT 10GIGABIT-SR SFP+ (LC) MULTI-MODE FIBRE up to 300 m	AA1403015-E6
1-PORT 10GIGABIT-LRM SFP+ (LC) MULTI-MODE FIBER up to 220 m	AA1403017-E6
SFP+ DIRECT ATTACH CABLE — 10 m	AA1403018-E6
SFP+ DIRECT ATTACH CABLE — 5 m	AA1403020-E6
SFP+ DIRECT ATTACH CABLE — 3 m	AA1403019-E6

Table 4: Supported SFP transceivers

SFP device	Order code
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1470NM up to 40 km	AA1419025-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1490NM up to 40 km	AA1419026-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1510NM up to 40 km	AA1419027-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1530NM up to 40 km	AA1419028-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1550NM up to 40 km	AA1419029-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1570NM up to 40 km	AA1419030-E5

SFP device	Order code
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1590NM up to 40 km	AA1419031-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1610NM up to 40 km	AA1419032-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1470NM up to 70 km	AA1419033-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1490NM up to 70 km	AA1419034-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1510NM up to 70 km	AA1419035-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1530NM up to 70 km	AA1419036-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1550NM up to 70 km	AA1419037-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1570NM up to 70 km	AA1419038-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1590NM up to 70 km	AA1419039-E5
1-PORT SFP CWDM (LC) - 1610NM up to 70 km	AA1419040-E5
1-PORT 1000BASE-T SFP (RJ-45)	AA1419043-E6
SFP SX SFP DDI (LC)	AA1419048-E6
SFP LX SFP DDI (LC)	AA1419049-E6
1-PORT 1000BASE-XD SFP DDI (LC) - 1310NM	AA1419050-E6
1-PORT 1000BASE-XD SFP DDI (LC) - 1550NM	AA1419051-E6
1-PORT 1000BASE-ZX SFP DDI (LC) - 1550NM	AA1419052-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1470NM up to 40 km	AA1419053-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1490NM up to 40 km	AA1419054-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1510NM up to 40 km	AA1419055-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1530NM up to 40 km	AA1419056-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1550NM up to 40 km	AA1419057-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1570NM up to 40 km	AA1419058-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1590NM up to 40 km	AA1419059-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1610NM up to 40 km	AA1419060-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1470NM up to 70 km	AA1419061-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1490NM up to 70 km	AA1419062-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1510NM up to 70 km	AA1419063-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1530NM up to 70 km	AA1419064-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1550NM up to 70 km	AA1419065-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1570NM up to 70 km	AA1419066-E6
1-PORT SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1590NM up to 70 km	AA1419067-E6

SFP device	Order code
1-PORST SFP CWDM DDI (LC) - 1610NM up to 70 km	AA1419068-E6
1-PORST 1000BASE-BX SFP (LC) - 1310NM (pair with AA1419070-E6)	AA1419069-E6
1-PORST 1000BASE-BX SFP (LC) - 1490NM (pair with AA1419069-E6)	AA1419070-E6
1-PORST 1000BASE SFP DDI (LC) - 1550NM	AA1419071-E6
1-PORST 1000BASE-BX SFP (LC) - 1310NM up to 40 km (pair with AA1419077-E6)	AA1419076-E6
1-PORST 1000BASE-BX SFP (LC) - 1490NM up to 40 km (pair with AA1419076-E6)	AA1419077-E6

 **Note:**

LC = Lucent Connector

Chapter 5: Standalone switch SFP cabling

Perform the following procedure to add SFP or SFP+ transceivers and cabling to a standalone switch.

Before you begin

Perform the following tasks before adding SFP or SFP+ transceivers and cabling to a standalone switch.

- Install the fan trays and power supplies.
- Install the switch in an equipment rack or on a shelf.
- Connect power and verify the switch is operating normally.
- Plan the cabling installation for efficient routing and future maintenance accessibility.
- Verify that the SFP or SFP+ transceivers and network cabling support your network configuration.

About this task

 **Important:**

The VSP 7024XLS supports SFP and SFP+ as the primary network interface. You must use a supported Avaya SFP or SFP+ transceiver.

 **Warning:**

Risk of eye injury by laser

Fiber optic equipment can emit laser or infrared light that can injure your eyes. Never look into an optical fiber or connector port. Always assume that the fiber optic cables are connected to a light source.

 **Caution:**

Risk of equipment damage

To prevent damage to devices from electrostatic discharge, always wear an antistatic wrist strap connected to an ESD jack.

Procedure

1. Follow all safety instructions for your SFP or SFP+ transceiver.
2. Remove the pluggable transceiver from its protective packaging.
3. Grasp the pluggable transceiver connector between your thumb and forefinger.
4. Insert the pluggable transceiver into a switch port. Apply a light pressure until the device clicks and locks into position.

 **Caution:**

Risk of equipment damage

The switch ports are keyed to prevent incorrect insertion. If the pluggable transceiver resists insertion, do not force it; turn it over, and reinsert it.

5. Remove the network interface cover from the pluggable transceiver (if applicable), and insert an appropriate network interface cable into the transceiver.
6. Connect the opposite end of the network interface cable into the required network device.
7. Repeat all steps until you have completed your transceiver and network cabling installation.

Related topics:

[SFP port LEDs](#) on page 36

SFP port LEDs

The switch front panel contains transmit (Tx) and receive (Rx) LEDs for each port. The following table describes the SFP port LED status.

LED	State	Description
Tx	Off	No SFP or SFP+ transceiver detected.

LED	State	Description
	Emerald (Solid)	SFP+ detected and link established.
	Emerald (Flashing)	SFP+ link established and transmitting.
	Amber (Solid)	SFP detected and link established.
	Amber (Flashing)	SFP link established and transmitting.
	Amber (Blinking)	Tx and Rx blink slow indicating port is disabled.
Rx	Off	No SFP or SFP+ transceiver detected.
	Emerald (Solid)	SFP+ detected and link established.
	Emerald (Flashing)	SFP+ link established and receiving.
	Amber (Solid)	SFP detected and link established.
	Amber (Flashing)	SFP link established and receiving.
	Amber (Blinking)	Rx and Tx blink slow indicating port is disabled.

Chapter 6: How to get help

Chapter 6: Customer service

Visit the Avaya Web site to access the complete range of services and support that Avaya provides, see www.avaya.com.

Getting technical support

You can get technical support and technical documentation for Avaya products from the Avaya technical support Web site, see www.avaya.com/support. You can also get product training from the Avaya technical support Web site, see www.avaya.com/support and locate the training contacts link.

Getting help from a distributor or reseller

If you purchased a service contract for your Avaya product from a distributor or authorized reseller, contact the your distributor or reseller technical support staff for assistance.

How to get help

Appendix A: Hardware reliability

Mean time between failures

Mean time between failures (MTBF) is the average value of the time intervals between successive outages of the system. This average value is calculated from, and based on, a large population of nominally identical items. The following table provides MTBF values for VSP 7000 series hardware.

 **Important:**

You must install the switch and its components correctly and operate the hardware within the supported environmental conditions. The MTBF values in the following table do not include failure caused by software or human error.

Hardware	MTBF
VSP7024XLS base unit (no fans, no power supplies)	261,500 hours
Fan tray (Back to Front, or Front to Back)	1,000,000 hours
Power supply	300,000 hours

