

Extreme Fabric Automation

Hyper-V Integration Guide, 2.2.0

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Preface

This section describes the text conventions used in this document, where you can find additional information, and how you can provide feedback to us.

Text Conventions

Unless otherwise noted, information in this document applies to all supported environments for the products in question. Exceptions, like command keywords associated with a specific software version, are identified in the text.

When a feature, function, or operation pertains to a specific hardware product, the product name is used. When features, functions, and operations are the same across an entire product family, such as ExtremeSwitching switches or SLX routers, the product is referred to as *the switch* or *the router*.

Icon	Notice type	Alerts you to
	Tip	Helpful tips and notices for using the product.
	Note	Useful information or instructions.
-	Important	Important features or instructions.

Table 1: Notes and warnings

lcon	Notice type	Alerts you to
<u> </u>	Caution	Risk of personal injury, system damage, or loss of data.
	Warning	Risk of severe personal injury.

Table 1: Notes and warnings (continued)

Table 2: Text

Convention	Description
screen displays	This typeface indicates command syntax, or represents information as it appears on the screen.
The words <i>enter</i> and <i>type</i>	When you see the word <i>enter</i> in this guide, you must type something, and then press the Return or Enter key. Do not press the Return or Enter key when an instruction simply says <i>type</i> .
Key names	Key names are written in boldface, for example Ctrl or Esc . If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+). Example: Press Ctrl+Alt+Del
Words in italicized type	Italics emphasize a point or denote new terms at the place where they are defined in the text. Italics are also used when referring to publication titles.
NEW!	New information. In a PDF, this is searchable text.

Table 3: Command syntax

Convention	Description	
bold text	Bold text indicates command names, keywords, and command options.	
<i>italic</i> text	Italic text indicates variable content.	
[]	Syntax components displayed within square brackets are optional. Default responses to system prompts are enclosed in square brackets.	
{ x y z }	A choice of required parameters is enclosed in curly brackets separated by vertical bars. You must select one of the options.	
х у	A vertical bar separates mutually exclusive elements.	
< >	Nonprinting characters, such as passwords, are enclosed in angle brackets.	
	Repeat the previous element, for example, <i>member</i> [<i>member</i>].	
\	In command examples, the backslash indicates a "soft" line break. When a backslash separates two lines of a command input, enter the entire command at the prompt without the backslash.	

Documentation and Training

Find Extreme Networks product information at the following locations:

Current Product Documentation Release Notes Hardware/software compatibility matrices for Campus and Edge products Supported transceivers and cables for Data Center products Other resources, like white papers, data sheets, and case studies

Extreme Networks offers product training courses, both online and in person, as well as specialized certifications. For details, visit www.extremenetworks.com/education/.

Getting Help

If you require assistance, contact using one of the following methods:

Extreme Portal

Search the GTAC (Global Technical Assistance Center) knowledge base; manage support cases and service contracts; download software; and obtain product licensing, training, and certifications.

The Hub

A forum for customers to connect with one another, answer questions, and share ideas and feedback. This community is monitored by employees, but is not intended to replace specific guidance from GTAC.

Call GTAC

For immediate support: (800) 998 2408 (toll-free in U.S. and Canada) or 1 (408) 579 2826.

Before contacting for technical support, have the following information ready:

- Your service contract number, or serial numbers for all involved products
- A description of the failure
- A description of any actions already taken to resolve the problem
- A description of your network environment (such as layout, cable type, other relevant environmental information)
- Network load at the time of trouble (if known)
- The device history (for example, if you have returned the device before, or if this is a recurring problem)
- Any related RMA (Return Material Authorization) numbers

Subscribe to Service Notifications

You can subscribe to email notifications for product and software release announcements, Vulnerability Notices, and Service Notifications.

- 1. Go to www.extremenetworks.com/support/service-notification-form.
- 2. Complete the form (all fields are required).

3. Select the products for which you would like to receive notifications.



Note

You can modify your product selections or unsubscribe at any time.

4. Select Submit.

Providing Feedback

The Information Development team at has made every effort to ensure the accuracy and completeness of this document. We are always striving to improve our documentation and help you work better, so we want to hear from you. We welcome all feedback, but we especially want to know about:

- Content errors, or confusing or conflicting information.
- Improvements that would help you find relevant information in the document.
- Broken links or usability issues.

If you would like to provide feedback, you can do so in three ways:

- In a web browser, select the feedback icon and complete the online feedback form.
- Access the feedback form at .
- Email us at .

Provide the publication title, part number, and as much detail as possible, including the topic heading and page number if applicable, as well as your suggestions for improvement.



Introduction

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Introduction to Extreme Fabric Automation

Extreme Fabric Automation (EFA) is a micro-services-based scalable automation application.

EFA orchestrates the following:

- The life cycle of
 - Small Data Center (small DC) fabrics based on Non-Clos topology
 - 3-stage or 5-stage IP Clos Fabric
- Tenant-aware Layer 2 and Layer 3 networks
- Integration with ecosystems that support HCI (Hyper Convergence Infrastructure) Service
 - VMware vCenter
 - OpenStack
 - Microsoft Hyper-V

The key tenets of this orchestration are as follows:

- Conformance to the EVD (Extreme Validated Design) for IP Fabrics: https:// www.extremenetworks.com/resources/extreme-validated-design/extreme-ip-Fabric-architecture/
- Speed of provisioning
- Seamless installation and deployment mechanism
- High in performance, low in resource utilization, with minimal touch points
- Programmable containerized services, through an industry-standard Open API (https://www.openapis.org/)-based programmable interface
- Easy-to-use CLI commands to manage devices in an IP Fabric and Tenant networks

Г	
Asset Service	Provides the secure credential store and deep discovery of physical and logical assets of the managed devices, and publishes the asset refresh or change events to other services.
Fabric Service	Helps orchestrate and visualize BGP-EVPN-based 3-stage IP Clos, 5-stage IP Clos and Non-CLOS fabrics
Tenant Service	Helps manage the Tenants, Tenant Networks, and end points, fully leveraging the knowledge of assets and the underlying fabric.
Inventory Service	Acts as an inventory of all the necessary physical and logical assets of the fabric devices. All other EFA services rely on inventory service asset data for their respective configuration automation.
System Service	Provides EFA system utilities such as support- save, backup, and restore.
Notification Service	Sends events, alerts, and task updates to external entities.
Authentication Service	Enforces a security boundary between northbound clients and downstream operations between EFA and SLX.
Authorization Service	Validates users and their credentials.
Vcenter Service	The vCenter integration provides connectivity between EFA and vCenter using a REST API as documented in the VI SDK. EFA does not connect to individual ESXi servers. All integration is done through vCenter.
OpenStack Service	OpenStack is a cloud operating system that controls large pools of compute, storage, and networking resources throughout a data center.
HyperV Service	The Hyper-V integration supports networking configuration for Hyper-V servers in a data center, manual and automated configuration updates when VMs move, and visibility into the VMs and networking resources that are deployed in the Hyper-V setup.

EFA consists of core containerized services that interact with each other and with other infrastructure services to provide the core functions of fabric and tenant network automation.

The following figure illustrates the application functionality in provisioning and discovery.

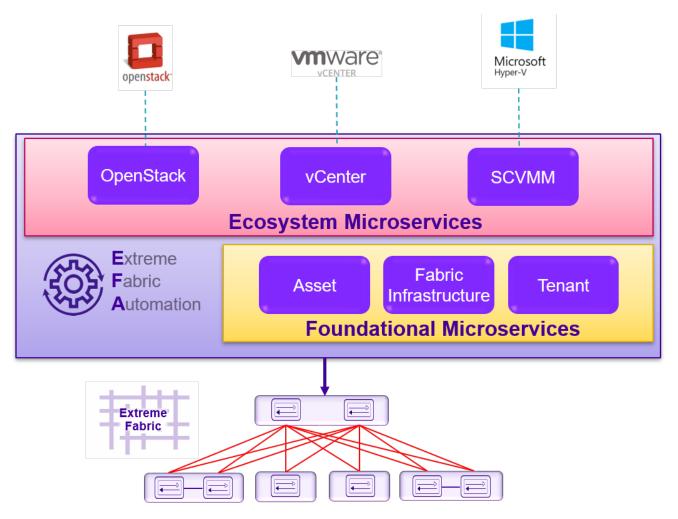


Figure 1: Fabric Automation Microservices

Supported Platform Matrix

EFA provides seamless support for upgrade and downgrade of SLX devices across pre-20.1.x and 20.1.x images to keep the device and application configuration in sync.

Extreme Fabric Automation: Deployment Models

Table 4: EFA Deployment on an External Server

Version	Deployment	Managed SLX Devices	Multi-Fabric Support	Ubuntu Version	Server Requirement
EFA 2.1.0	External server (Bare metal or OVA)	More than 24	Yes	16.04	CPU: 4 cores Storage: 50 GB RAM: 8 GB
EFA 2.2.0	External server (Bare metal)	More than 24	Yes	16.04, 18.04	RAM. 8 GB
EFA 2.2.0	External server (OVA)	More than 24	Yes	18.04	

Table 5: EFA Deployment on a TPVM

Version	Deployment	Managed SLX Devices	Multi-Fabric Support	Ubuntu Version	Minimum SLX- OS version
EFA 2.1.0	SLX 9150, SLX 9250, or SLX 9640 TPVM	Up to 24	Yes	16.04	20.1.1
EFA 2.2.0	SLX 9150, SLX 9250, or SLX 9640 TPVM	Up to 24	Yes	18.04	20.1.2

Table 6: TPVM Versions

TPVM Version	SLX-OS 20.1.1	SLX-OS 20.1.2	Ubuntu Version	EFA Version
3.0	Yes	Yes	16.04	2.1.0
4.0	No	Yes	18.04	2.2.0

Extreme IP Fabric: Topologies and PINs

Table 7: Extreme IP Fabric: Topologies and PINs

Platforms	SLX-OS Release	Leaf	Spine	Super Spine	Border Leaf	Small DC Fabric
SLX 9150	20.1.1, 20.1.2a	~				v
SLX 9250	20.1.1, 20.1.2a	v	v			v

Platforms	SLX-OS Release	Leaf	Spine	Super Spine	Border Leaf	Small DC Fabric
SLX 9540	18r.1.00aa, 18r.1.00b,18r. 1.00c, 18r. 1.00cc, 20.1.1, 20.1.2a	v			V	
SLX 9640	20.1.1, 20.1.2a				 	
SLX 9140	18s.1.01, 18s. 1.01a, 18s. 1.01c, 18s.1.03	~				۲
SLX 9240	18s.1.01, 18s. 1.01a, 18s. 1.01c, 18s.1.03	>	v	v		
SLX 9030	18x.1.00, 18x. 1.00a, 18x. 1.00b	~				
SLX 9850	18r.1.00aa, 18r.1.00b, 18r. 1.00c		~	~		

Table 7: Extreme IP Fabric: Topologies and PINs (continued)

Microsoft Hyper-V

Microsoft's *Hyper-V* is a virtualization product that enables you to create and run multiple *virtual machines* (VM) on supported hardware. You can create multiple operating systems on one physical computer. Each installed operating system can interact with each other while being isolated from each other. Virtualization is used to optimize and increase the efficiency in the use of your resources. This frees up hardware resources for other uses.

Hyper-V Server is an inbuilt feature of *Microsoft Widows Server Datacenter Edition* and must be enabled before you can use it. Once enabled, Hyper-V Manager and associated PowerShell commands also become available.

Hyper-V Servers are managed using the inbuilt Hyper-V Manager or using the *System Center Virtual Machine Manager* (SCVMM) software installed on a different device. With the Hyper-V Manager, you can manage virtual machines on a single instance of Hyper-V Server on which the Hyper-V Manager is installed . SCVMM is used to manage a larger setup containing a large number of Hyper-V Servers.

System Center Virtual Machine Manager

Microsoft's *System Center Virtual Machine Manager* (SCVMM) is a tool that provides a single location from which you can configure and manage your datacenters. Datacenter components such as virtualization servers, networking components, and storage resources can be managed through the SCVMM tool. You can manage multiple instances of Microsoft's *Hyper-V Server* virtualization platform and those virtual machines that are hosted on them from within SCVMM.

SCVMM is installed on a device that is different from those hosting your Hyper-V Servers.

How the EFA Hyper-V Service Works

Use ' Extreme Fabric Automation to automate the configuration of the datacenter's physical network hardware once you have finished configuring your Hyper-V Servers and their associated virtual machines.

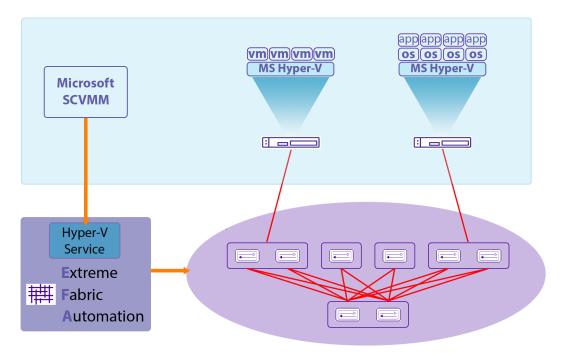


Figure 2: Hyper-V Service Overview

EFA polls the *System Center Virtual Machine Manager* (SCVMM) tool to fetch the hardware configurations from the Hyper-V Servers managed by it.

SCVMM communicates with the Hyper-V servers, that it manages, using PowerShell commands and through proprietary communication mechanisms. SCVMM also provides a set of PowerShell commands that EFA's Hyper-V service uses to fetch information from it.

The following information is queried from the SCVMM server.

- Hyper-V Servers
- Virtual Machines
- VM Networks
- Logical Networks
- Uplink Port Profiles
- Virtual Switches
- vNIC
- pNIC
- VLANS

EFA fetches (pulls) the above configuration information from SCVMM periodically. It then interacts with *EFA Tenant Service* to configure the *End Point Groups* (EPG). Once configured, this step configures the appropriate VLANs on the connected ports on the switches.

Before you can use EFA Hyper-V Service to configure your physical hardware, the following configurations must be performed on the various Hyper-V Servers and on SCVMM. Datacenter Admins must configure local entities in their setups. These entities are:

- Virtual Machines
- Virtual Network Adapters
- Virtual Switches
- Logical Networks
- Virtual Machine Networks

Admins should also configure the Physical Network Adapters on their Hyper-V Servers to provide physical network connection ports to the fabric switches.



Before You Begin

Limitations of the Hyper-V Service on page 15 Microsoft Hyper-V and SCVMM Configurations on page 15

Limitations of the Hyper-V Service

EFA Hyper-V Service has the following limitations and restrictions:

- EFA does not manage Microsoft licenses. Users are responsible for the compliance with Microsoft's licensing terms and compliance.
- EFA cannot detect and fix Hyper-V connection issues.

Microsoft Hyper-V and SCVMM Configurations

No configuration changes are required on either the hosts running Hyper-V or on the server running SCVMM.

You must create a *Windows* local user on the Microsoft SCVMM server with the following characteristics:

- The user name must be same as the one used when you registered the Microsoft SCVMM server using the efa scvmm register command.
- This user should have the same password as the Windows domain user.
- This user must have privileges to run remote powershell commands on the Microsoft SCVMM server.



EFA Hyper-V Service Configuration

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Integrating EFA Hyper-V Service

To integrate your Microsoft Hyper-V hosts with the EFA Hyper-V service, you need to do the following steps.

- 1. Create or modify your fabric as required.
- 2. Create or modify your tenant information as required.
- 3. Register your new Microsoft System Center Virtual Machine Manager (SCVMM) as a tenant of the fabric.
- 4. Verify your integration.

Managing Microsoft Hyper-V Tenants

The primary task of managing your existing Microsoft Hyper-V hosts as tenants would be to update them periodically or when you add new devices to your network. Another task would be to delete these servers when not required.

Example Network

The following network diagram will be used throughout this section to explain the various configurations.

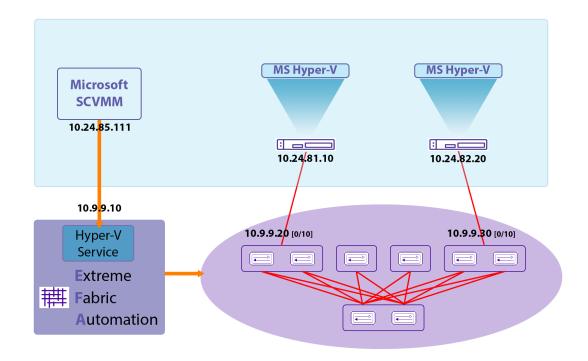


Figure 3: Sample Network Diagram

This table lists the devices, their IP/Port information, and their role within the example network.

IP Address & Port	Device & Role
10.24.85.111	Microsoft System Center Virtual Machine Manager
10.24.81.10	Microsoft Hyper-V Host #1
10.24.82.20	Microsoft Hyper-V Host #2
10.9.9.10	EFA Server
10.9.9.20 [0/10]	Fabric Leaf Node #1. This node is connected to the Microsoft Hyper- V host with IP address 10.24.81.10 on port 10.
10.9.9.30 [0/10]	Fabric Leaf Node #2. This node is connected to the Microsoft Hyper-V host with IP address 10.24.82.20 on port 10.

Verify Fabric Topology

About This Task

Verify that the fabric devices that you wish to add are present in your fabric, and once verified, fetch additional information for each of these devices.

Procedure

Execute the efa fabric show command.

efa fabric show

The command returns information for all the spine and leaf devices in your fabric.

Example

The following example lists the devices that make up your fabric.

```
$ efa fabric show
Fabric Name: efa-fabric-1, Fabric Description: Fabric #1, Fabric Stage: 3, Fabric Type:
clos
+----+
| IP ADDRESS | POD | HOST NAME | ASN | ROLE | DEVICE STATE | APP STATE | CONFIG
GEN REASON | PENDING CONFIGS | VTLB ID | LB ID |
+----+
| 10.10.10.10 | | SLX | 64512 | spine | provisioned | cfg in-sync |

      NA
      | NA
      | NA
      | provisioned
      | cfg in-sync |

      | 10.10.10.20
      | SLX
      | 64512 | spine | provisioned
      | cfg in-sync |

      NA
      | NA
      | NA
      | 1
      |

              | NA | I |
| FRE-134 | 65001 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
| 10.9.9.20 |
              | NA
                             | 2
                                      | 1
NA
| 10.9.9.30 | | FRE-135 | 65001 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
                             | 2
              | NA
NA
                                     | 1
                                             | 10.9.9.40 |
                | Orca-74 | 65000 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
              | NA
NA
                             | 2
                                      | 1
                                             | Orca-76 | 65000 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
| 10.9.9.50 |
              | NA
NA
                              | 2
                                      | 1
| 10.9.9.60 |
                 | Avalanche-11 | 65002 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
NA
               | NA
                             | 2
                                       | 1
| 10.9.9.70 |
                | Avalanche-46 | 65002 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
NA
               | NA
                             | 2
                                     | 1
  _____+
+----+
CONFIG GEN REASON:
LD - Link Delete, LA - Link Add, IU - Interface Update
MD - MCT Delete, OD - Overlay Gateway Delete, OU - Overlay Gateway Update, ED - Evpn
Delete
DD - Dependent Device Update, DA - Device Add, DR - Device ReAdd, ASN - Asn Update, HN -
HostName Update, NA - Not Applicable
PENDING CONFIGS:
MCT - MCT Cluster, O - Overlay Gateway, SYSP - System Properties, INTIP - Interface IP
C/D/U - Create/Delete/Update, PA/PD - Port Add/Port Delete
For App or Device Error/Failure reason, run "efa fabric error show" for details
For config refresh reason, run "efa fabric debug config-gen-reason" for details
--- Time Elapsed: 6.1824056s ---
```

What to Do Next

If needed, create a new fabric and/or add new devices to an existing fabric.

Add Devices To Your Fabric

About This Task

Add devices to a new fabric or to an existing fabric. Do the following:

Procedure

1. Use the efa fabric device add command to add a single device. To add multiple devices in a single command, use the add-bulk option instead.

efa fabric device add efa fabric device add-bulk

2. Use the efa fabric configure command with the --force option to force the fabric to update itself by removing and adding all devices that make up the fabric. When the fabric comes up again, it will include the newly added devices.

Example

The following command adds two leaf devices and a spine device to an existing fabric.

```
$ efa fabric device add-bulk --name efa-fabric-1 --leaf 10.9.9.80,10.9.9.90 --spine
10.10.10.30 --username
administrator@mshyperv.local --password 'aBc123#'
$ efa fabric show
Fabric Name: efa-fabric-1, Fabric Description: Fabric #1, Fabric Stage: 3, Fabric Type:
clos
+----+
| IP ADDRESS | POD | HOST NAME | ASN | ROLE | DEVICE STATE | APP STATE | CONFIG
GEN REASON | PENDING CONFIGS | VTLB ID | LB ID |
+----+
| 10.10.10.10 | | SLX | 64512 | spine | provisioned | cfg in-sync |

NA | NA | NA | 1 |

| 10.10.10.20 | | SLX | 64512 | spine | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
| 10.10.10.30 | | SLX | 64512 | spine | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
NA | NA | NA
                           | NA | 1
             | NA
NA
| 10.9.9.20 | | FRE-134 | 65001 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
                           | 2 | 1
NA
              | NA
| 10.9.9.30 | | FRE-135 | 65001 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
NA
              | NA
                            | 2 | 1
NA | 10.9.9.40 | | Orca-74 | 65000 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
NA | NA | 2 | 1 |
NA

      NA
      | Orca-76
      | 65000 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |

      NA
      | NA
      | 2
      | 1

| 10.9.9.60 |
               | Avalanche-11 | 65002 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
             | NA
                    | 2
NA
                                   | 1
                                          | 10.9.9.70 | | Avalanche-46 | 65002 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
             | NA
NA
                           | 2
                                    | 1
               | Orca-78 | 65002 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
| 10.9.9.80 |
                                    | 1
NA
              | NA
                            | 2
| 10.9.9.90 |
               | Avalanche-72 | 65002 | leaf | provisioned | cfg in-sync |
NA
             | NA
                           | 2
                                   | 1
                                          +----+
```

CONFIG GEN REASON: LD - Link Delete, LA - Link Add, IU - Interface Update

```
MD - MCT Delete, OD - Overlay Gateway Delete, OU - Overlay Gateway Update, ED - Evpn
Delete
DD - Dependent Device Update, DA - Device Add, DR - Device ReAdd, ASN - Asn Update, HN -
HostName Update, NA - Not Applicable
```

```
PENDING CONFIGS:
MCT - MCT Cluster, O - Overlay Gateway, SYSP - System Properties, INTIP - Interface IP
C/D/U - Create/Delete/Update, PA/PD - Port Add/Port Delete
For App or Device Error/Failure reason, run "efa fabric error show" for details
For config refresh reason, run "efa fabric debug config-gen-reason" for details
---- Time Elapsed: 6.1824056s ---
```

Example

This command forces all the devices to be removed and added back to the fabric. This step is necessary to ensure that the overlay and underlay information for the newly added devices are propagated throughout the fabric.

```
$ efa fabric configure --name efa-fabric-1 --force
```

Create the SCVMM Tenant

About This Task

Add the SCVMM server to the EFA Hyper-V Service instance. Do the following:

Procedure

- 1. Use the efa tenant create command to create your tenant entry. When creating your tenant, ensure that you provision adequate number of VLANs that are available for use.
- 2. Once you have created the new tenant, verify that the devices you added are added to the correct fabric. Use the efa inventory device list command to do so.

Results

This command will create a tenant entry that is used when registering a SCVMM server with EFA.

Example

This command creates a tenant entry with the name scvmm-10.24.85.111.

```
$ efa tenant create --name scvmm-10.24.85.111 --vlan-range 2-4096 --port 10.9.9.20[0/10],
10.9.9.30[0/10]
```

Use this command to verify if the devices that you have added to the fabric are associated with the correct fabric.

Register Microsoft SCVMM Server With EFA

About This Task

Register the Microsoft SCVMM server with EFA. Do the following:

Procedure

1. Use the efa scvmm register command to register the Microsoft SCVMM server with this EFA instance.

Before you register the Microsoft SCVMM server, verify that the Microsoft SCVMM entry is created. Use the efa tenant show command to do so.

2. Once you have registered your Microsoft SCVMM, verify that the Microsoft SCVMM server was registered successfully and know the status of discovery of Hyper-V hosts managed by it.

Example

This example shows the use of the efa tenant show command to view a list of registered tenants for this instance of the EFA Hyper-V service.

```
$ efa tenant show
+----+
| Name
          | L2VNI-Range | L3VNI-Range | VLAN-Range | VRF-Count | Enable-BD |
Ports |
       _____+
+----
+----+
                        | 2-4096 | 0
| scvmm-10.24.85.111 |
                 | False
   _+____+
+--
+----+
Tenant Details
--- Time Elapsed: 948.4093ms ---
```

Use this command to register a Microsoft SCVMM server with the IP address of 10.24.85.111 as a tenant with this instance of EFA Hyper-V service.

Use this command to verify the status of discovery of your newly added Microsoft SCVMM server.

This example shows the same Microsoft SCVMM server after the discovery process is complete.

```
$ efa scvmm list
+---+
| ID | Host Name | Version | Discovery Status | Host Count | VM Count |
+---+
| 1 | 10.24.85.111 | 4.0.1662.0 | Completed Discovery | 4 | 13 |
+---+
SCVMM Server Details
--- Time Elapsed: 1.3625964s ---
```

Verify Microsoft SCVMM Host Registration

About This Task

To verify that your Microsoft SCVMM host has been successfully registered and that its data has been synchronized with the local EFA Hyper-V service database:

Procedure

- 1. Use the efa scvmm list command to view a list of registered Microsoft SCVMM servers. If your Microsoft SCVMM server is successfully registered, it will appear in this list.
- 2. Changes to the managed Hyper-V hosts or Virtual Machines on the registered Microsoft SCVMM server are periodically updated with the EFA Hyper-V service. Use the efa scvmm list command to view these changes. If the changes are not updated, run the efa scvmm update command to force an update, followed by the efa scvmm list command to view the updated information.



EFA Hyper-V Service Commands

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efa scvmm

The base command for all EFA scvmm actions

Syntax

efa scvmm { register | delete | list | update | links | settings }

Command Default

There are no defaults for this command

Parameters

register

Command to register Microsoft SCVMM server with EFA.

delete

Command to delete or de-register the specified Microsoft SCVMM server registered with EFA Hyper-V service.

list

Command to list all the Microsoft SCVMM servers registered as tenants with EFA HyperV Service.

update

Command to update the local EFA database with topology changes on the virtual machines managed by the Microsoft SCVMM tenants.

links

Command to list the links on a Microsoft SCVMM server or any Microsoft Hyper-V device that is managed through this tenant. This command can display link information for physical and virtual NICs.

settings

Command to configure or view the *Polling Frequency* setting for fetching topology changes from Microsoft SCVMM tenants.

Examples

This command lists the Microsoft SCVMM servers registered as tenants with this instance of EFA.

efa scvmm register

The command to register Microsoft SCVMM server as a tenant with the EFA instance. Tenant details must be registered before running this command.

Syntax

efa scvmm register --host string --username string --password string -tenant string

Command Default

This command has no defaults.

Parameters

--host string

The IP address or hostname of the Microsoft SCVMM server to register as a tenant of EFA.

--username string

Username to connect to the SCVMM Server.

--password string

Password to connect to the SCVMM Server.

--tenant string

Tenant associated with the SCVMM Server host.

Examples

This example registers a Microsoft SCVMM server as a tenant with EFA Hyper-V service.

efa scvmm delete

Deletes the Microsoft SCVMM server registered as a tenant with this EFA instance. When the -- *cleanup_epgs* parameter is supplied, deletes the EPGs configured for the Microsoft SCVMM tenant.

Syntax

efa scvmm delete --host string [--cleanup_epgs]

Parameters

```
--host string
```

IP address or hostname of the SCVMM server to connect to.

--cleanup_epgs

When included, the EPGs associated with the Microsoft SCVMM Server are deleted. When not included, the EPGs associated with the Microsoft SCVMM Server are not removed when the server is removed.

Examples

This example deletes the Microsoft SCVMM Server with host IP 10.24.85.111 while retaining the associated tenants and EPGs.

```
$ efa scvmm delete --host 10.24.85.111
```

This example deletes the Microsoft SCVMM Server with host IP 10.24.85.111 and removes the associated tenants and EPGs too.

\$ efa scvmm delete --host 10.24.85.111 --cleanup_epgs

efa scvmm list

Lists the Microsoft SCVMM servers registered as tenants. If the --host parameter is supplied, lists the Microsoft Hyper-V hosts managed by the Microsoft SCVMM server with the specified IP address.

Syntax

efa scvmm list [--host string]

Parameters

```
--host string
```

IP address or hostname of the SCVMM server to connect to.

Examples

This example lists a Microsoft SCVMM Server that has just been added as a tenant with this EFA instance.

This example lists a Microsoft SCVMM Server with its status updated to this EFA instance.

```
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ efa scvmm list
        -----
                 ----+-
                               ----+---------+----
+----
| ID | Host Name | Version | Discovery Status | Host Count | VM Count |
       _____+
+-
 ____
| 1 | 10.24.85.111 | 4.0.1662.0 | Completed Discovery | 4
                                         | 13
                                                 1
SCVMM Server Details
--- Time Elapsed: 99.048181ms ---
```

This example lists the Microsoft Hyper-V hosts managed by the Microsoft SCVMM server with IP address 10.24.81.10.

\$ efa scvmm list --host 10.24.81.10

efa scvmm update

Updates the local database with configuration changes made to the Microsoft SCVMM server tenants and the Hyper-V hosts managed by them.

Syntax

efa scvmm update --host string --username string --password string

Command Default

This command has no defaults.

Parameters

--host string

IP address or Hostname of the Microsoft SCVMM Server from which the local EFA Hyper-V service database needs to be updated.

--host string

IP address or hostname of the SCVMM server to connect to.

--password string

Password to connect to the SCVMM Server.

Examples

This example updates the local EFA HyperV service database with the latest state of the Microsoft SCVMM Server with the IP address 10.24.85.111.

```
$ efa scvmm update --host 10.24.85.111 --username administrator@mshyperv.local --password
'aBc123#'
```

efa scvmm links

Displays the links for Microsoft SCVMM tenants and their Microsoft Hyper-V hosts. For Microsoft SCVMM server tenants, only physical links are displayed. For Microsoft Hyper-V hosts, physical and virtual links are displayed.

Syntax

efa scvmm links physical { --host string | --hyperv string }
efa scvmm links virtual --hyperv string

Parameters

physical

Displays the physical links for the selected device. Device can be a Microsoft SCVMM Server or a Hyper-v Server.

virtual

Displays the virtual links created on a Microsoft Hyper-V server.

--host string

The IP address or host name of the Microsoft SCVMM Server for which to view the physical links.

--hyperv string

The IP address or host name of the Microsoft Hyper-V host for which to view the physical and virtual links.

Examples

This example is list of Microsoft Hyper-V device managed by the SCVMM Server with the IP 10.24.85.111.

This example is a list of virtual machines and their virtual links on the Hyper-V host with the IP 10.24.81.10.

ubuntu@ubuntu:~\$ efa scvmm links virtual --hyperv 10.24.81.10

```
Virtual Links for Hyper-V host 10.24.81.10
+-----+
+
| HyperV Host | VM Name | VNIC MAC | VSwitch Name | VMNetwork Name | Logical Network Name
|
+-----+
+
Virtual Link Details
--- Time Elapsed: 9.66121ms ---
```

efa scvmm settings

A set of commands for viewing and configuring EFA Hyper-V settings.

Syntax

efa scvmm settings update --poll-frequency string

efa scvmm settings show

Command Default

This command has no defaults.

Parameters

update

Updates the poll frequency value used when polling the Microsoft SCVMM servers registered as tenants of this EFA instance. This is a global value and is applicable to all the SCVMM tenants.

show

Displays the configured *poll frequency* value for this EFA instance.

--poll-frequency string

The polling frequency value in hours. Enter a value in the range 1-24 hours.

Examples

This example configures the *poll frequency* to five (5) hours.

```
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ efa scvmm settings update --poll-frequency 5
SCVMM service settings updated successfully
--- Time Elapsed: 41.740442ms ---
```

This example shows the current configuration of the *poll frequency* setting.

```
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ efa scvmm settings show
SCVMM Service Settings
+-----+
| Poll Frequency Hours |
+-----+
| 5 |
+-----+
Setting Details
--- Time Elapsed: 5.942588ms ---
```