

ExtremeAnalytics[®] User Guide



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ExtremeAnalytics Help

ExtremeAnalytics provides Layer 7 application visibility on your network. Combining ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, S-Series and/or K-Series devices, and the ExtremeAnalytics engine, this feature integrates application, user, and device data to give you a full understanding of the applications on your network and who's using those applications.

ExtremeAnalytics uses deep packet inspection (DPI) and a rich set of application fingerprinting techniques to provide granular control of private applications (SAP, SOA traffic, Exchange, SQL, etc.), public cloud applications (Salesforce, Google, Email, YouTube, P2P, file sharing, etc.), as well as social media applications (Facebook, Twitter, etc.), guaranteeing a quality user experience for business critical applications.

The combination of patent pending application flow sampling, flow statistics collection in hardware, and custom flow-based network processors (CoreFlow2) is at the heart of ExtremeAnalytics. ExtremeAnalytics samples up to 32 packets of every new flow. The CoreFlow2 ASIC identifies those new flows and sends the packets to the ExtremeAnalytics engine where it is combined with the non-sampled NetFlow traffic for the remainder of the flow, allowing the ExtremeAnalytics engine to process traffic at unprecedented scale. The ExtremeAnalytics engine determines the application, aggregates the data, adds additional context, and then sends it to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine for visibility.

In addition, you can collect application telemetry (SFlow) flows on ExtremeXOS devices. This allows you to use your ExtremeXOS devices as flow collectors, providing a more complete picture of the applications access on your network and the performance of those applications.

Document Version

The following table displays the revision history for the ExtremeAnalytics Help documentation.

Date	Revision Number	Description
05-21	21.04.10 Revision -00	ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine 21.04.10 release
06-17	8.0 Revision -00	Extreme Management Center 8.0 release
04-16	7.0 Revision -00	Extreme Management Center 7.0 release

Getting Started with ExtremeAnalytics

This topic provides information to help you get started using ExtremeAnalytics to view network application data in the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine **Analytics** tab. It includes information on ExtremeAnalytics access requirements, configuring the ExtremeAnalytics engine, enabling NetFlow flow collection, and configuring network locations.

ExtremeAnalytics Access Requirements

In order to view the **Analytics** tab, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine ExtremeAnalytics Read Access or Read/Write Access capability. The Read Access capability allows the ability to access the **Analytics** tab and view the ExtremeAnalytics reports. The Read/Write capability adds the ability to configure ExtremeAnalytics engines and NetFlow Collecting devices. It also adds the ability to create and modify fingerprints.

ExtremeAnalytics Engine Configuration

The ExtremeAnalytics engine provides the engine to monitor and classify layer 7 application information based on data from CoreFlow switches and reports that information to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, where it is managed and displayed in the **Analytics** tab.

The ExtremeAnalytics engine must be installed and running on your network. For instructions, see the ExtremeAnalytics Engine Installation Guide. Following installation, the ExtremeAnalytics engine must be added to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine and enforced via the **Configuration** tab in the **Analytics** tab.

Enable Flow Collection

Because the **Analytics** tab displays reports based on NetFlow or Application Telemetry (sflow) flow data, you must enable your network devices that act as the flow sensors, and enable flow collection for their device interfaces. You must also configure your flow sensor devices to send their flow information to the ExtremeAnalytics engine. In addition, the device interfaces you enable for flow collection must match the interfaces configured for analysis by the engine.

Enable Jumbo Frames

When configuring a device as an Application Telemetry source for ExtremeAnalytics, jumbo frames must be enabled on the device and any device or virtual machine between the device and the ExtremeAnalytics engine.

For example, to enable jumbo frames on an ExtremeXOS device, enter the following in the device CLI:

```
enable jumbo-frame ports all
```

Related Information

• Configuration - Analytics

Configuring Enhanced Netflow for Extreme Analytics and Extreme Wireless Controller Version 10.21

When adding a Wireless Controller as a flow source in ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, a mirror port is automatically created. Wireless Controllers on which a firmware version of 10.21 or higher is installed use IPFIX, so the mirror port is unnecessary.

NOTE: Wireless Controllers on which a firmware version lower than 10.21 is installed still require the mirror port be configured.

To remove a mirror port on a Wireless Controller running version 10.21:

1. Access the **Wireless** tab in ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine. The **Wireless** tab opens.

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2. Select the **Controllers** tab. The **Controllers** tab opens.

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3. Click the **IP address** for the controller, located in the **Controller** column. The Wireless Controller Summary page opens.

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Analytics	Bandwidth	0 0	0	•
🗢 Wreless	Clients	0 0	0	•
Lef Reports	APs by Channel	Clients b	y Protocol	Clients by WLAN O
Mainistration	APs by Channel - Today 4 Pt	I Clients b	y Protocol - Today 4 PM	Clients by WLAN - Today 4 PM
Connect	No Date	Available	Protocol A Protocol B Protocol B Protocol O Protocol N 2.4 Linavaltable.	
	Clients			
	0.33	12 13 13 13		Poreign Por
+	[] Lest Updated	1/02017/024/21.PM Uptime 41	Days 07:06:03	Operations 🔞 🛛 🖨 🚺 🖲 🖲

4. Click the **WebView** icon (🛸) at the top right of the Wireless Controller Summary page.

The WebView opens for the controller.

5. Click the VNS tab.

The **VNS** tab opens.

E	Home	Logs	Reports	Controller	AP	VNS	Radar		Help
New		Netflo	w/MirrorN C	onfiguration					Logout
Global				, and the second s					
Authentication	,		Netf	low Export-Desti					
DAS Wireless QoS				Netflo	-	t Interval:		60 seconds)	
Bandwidth Cor Default Role	ntrol			-		ror first N: or L2 Port:		packets/flow)	
Filtering Mode NAC Integratio				Tra	mc Mirro	or L2 Port:	rione		
Client Autologi Topology Grou									
Netflow/Mirro	rN								
real ector of									
Sites									
Virtual Netwo	orks								
WLAN Service	es								
Roles									
Classes of Se	rvice								Save
Topologies									

- 6. Select **Netflow/MirrorN** from the left-panel. The Netflow/MirrorN Configuration page opens.
- 7. Select None from the Traffic Mirror L2 Port drop-down list.
- 8. Click the **Save** button.

NOTE: The Mirror Port in the Wireless Control Flow Sources section of the **Analytics** > **Configuration** > **Configuration** tab is not available once the **Traffic Mirror L2 Port** is disabled.

9. Select **WLAN Services** from the left-panel. The WLAN Services page opens.

New	WLA	N Services							
Global Sites		Name	Туре	Enabled	SSID	Privacy	Auth. Mode	Radio Mode	
		Extreme-Corp	Standard	× .	Extreme-Corp	WPA	802.1x	g/a/n/ac	^
/irtual Networks		Extreme-Corp-Legacy	Standard	× .	Extreme-Corp-Legacy	WPA	802.1x	g/n	
MLAN Services Extreme-Corp Extreme-Corp-Legacy		Extreme-Guest	Standard	*	Extreme-Guest	None	External Captive Portal	g/a/n/ac	
Extreme-Guest		0.000							
rodWDS				•	WDS e last WD5/Mesh assignme	WPA-PSK			Ŧ
rodWDS			ignment or rem	-					Ŧ
		g the first WDS/Mesh ass	ignment or rem	-					×
ProdWDS Roles Classes of Service		g the first WDS/Mesh ass	ignment or rem	-					Ŧ

10. Click a wireless LAN in the table.

The WLAN page opens for the selected wireless LAN.

New	WLAN: Extre		Privacy		Auth & Aco	•	Qo5
Global			Privacy				205
Sites	Core Wreless APs						
/irtual Networks	Name: Extreme-Corp		Se	lect APs: -		•	
WLAN Services	Service St Type: St	andard		Dadia 1	Radio 2	Ports	AP N
xtreme-Corp	SSID: E	dreme-Corp			g/n €	Ports	000012090
xtreme-Corp-Legacy xtreme-Guest	Default E Topology:	xtreme-Corp(23)	۲		ac		143002010
ProdWDS	roporogy:	New Topol	ogy		ac er g/n ac er g/n		1541D2004
	Default N CoS:	lo CoS	•		ac 🗌 g/n		catho-ap01
		New Co	S	✓ a/n/	ac 🗌 g/n		catho-ap02
	Default E Traffic	nable both directio	ns 🔻		ac 🗌 g/n		catho-ap03
	Mirror:*			✓ a/n/	ac 🗐 g/n		catho-ap04
	Application Visibility:	5		🕑 a/n/	ac 🗌 g/n		catho-ap05
	Status			🗹 a/n/	ac 🗌 g/n		catho-ap06
		a		🕑 off	🔲 g/n		catho-ap07
	Replicated when S	 Isynchronize Isynchronize Isynchronize 	tion is		ac 🗌 g/n		catho-ap08
	enabled			1	- · ·		11 P
	Replicated when S	: 🗹 [synchronize ynchronize Configura : 🗹	ed) tion is	✓ a/n/a			catho-ap0
Roles	* Traffic Mirror config	jure in WLAN service	applied to tcp/	udp only			Advanced.
Classes of Service							
Topologies	New	Delete					Save

11. Click the **Advanced** button.

The **Advanced** window opens.

12. Scroll to the bottom of the window and ensure the **Netflow** drop-down list is set to **Enable**.

Advanced	۱×۱
Cuiet IE	^
	J
Egress Filtering Mode	1
Enforce explicitly defined "Out" rules	
Apply "in" rules to "Out" direction traffic " " When "in" filter rules are applied to "Out" traffic, the role of the source and destination address are reversed	
Client Behavior	
Block MU to MU traffic (not supported on Bridged at AP topologies)	J
C802.10	
802.1D Base Port: 102	J
C Remote Service	
Remotable	J
CInter-WLAN Service Roaming	
Permit Inter-WLAN Service Roaming	
Extreme-Corp	
- Unauthenticated Behavior-	(
Discard Unauthenticated Traffic	
Default Non-Authenticated Policy	
	/
Netflow Netflow: Enable)
Apply Cancel	

13. Click the **Apply** button.

The wireless controller is now configured.

NOTE: Rx Packets and Rx Bytes may incorrectly be **0** when flow data is gathered via a wireless controller running version 10.21 or higher. Additionally, application response times and some meta data may be blank. This is a known issue and will be addressed in a future release.

Related Information

For information on related topics:

• <u>Wireless</u>

How to Deploy ExtremeAnalytics in an MSP or MSSP Environment

This Help topic presents instructions for deploying ExtremeAnalytics within an MSP (Managed Service Provider) or MSSP (Managed Security Service Provider) environment. It includes the following information:

- <u>Configuring ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine Behind a NAT Router</u>
- Defining Interface Services

Configuring ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Behind a NAT Router

If the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server is located behind a NAT (Network Address Translation) router, use the following steps to add an entry to the nat_ config.txt file that defines the real IP address for the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server. This allows the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server to convert the NAT IP address received in the ExtremeAnalytics engine response to the real IP address used by the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server. Not adding the real IP address for the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server to the nat_config.txt file results in the ExtremeAnalytics engine incorrectly displaying a state of IMPAIRED (orange) rather than UP (green).

NOTE: The text in the nat_config.text file refers to a remote IP address and a local IP address. For this configuration, the NAT IP address is the remote IP address and the real IP address is the local IP address.

- On the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine server, add the following entry to the <install directory>/appdata/nat_config.txt file.
 <NAT IP address>=<real IP address>
- 2. Save the file.
- 3. If the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine Management server IP address is not configured to use the NAT IP address of the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine server, perform the following steps:
 - a. Enter the following command at the engine CLI: /opt/appid/configMgmtIP <IP address>

Where *<IP address>* is the NAT IP address of the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server.

Press Enter.

- Restart the appidserver once the new IP address is configured by typing: appidctl restart Press Enter.
- 4. On the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine server, add the following text to the <install directory>/appdata/NSJBoss.properties file. In the second to last line, specify the hostname of the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server.

NOTE: The ExtremeAnalytics engine functions as a client computer independent of the server. Both engines and clients must be able to resolve the hostname you specify.

```
# In order to connect to a NetSight server behind a NAT fi
rewall or a
# NetSight server with multiple interfaces you must define
these two
# variables on the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine
server. The java.rmi.server.hostname
# should be the hostname
(not the IP) if multiple IPs are being used
# so that each client can resolve the hostname to the corr
ect IP that
# they want to use as the IP to connect to.
java.rmi.server.hostname=<hostname of NetSight server>
java.rmi.server.useLocalHostname=true
```

- 5. Save the file.
- 6. Add the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine server hostname to your DNS server, if necessary.

Related Information

For information on related windows:

NOTE: ExtremeAnalytics engines, remote ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine clients, and any ExtremeControl engines must be able to connect to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine using this hostname.

• ExtremeAnalytics Engine Advanced Configuration Panel

ExtremeAnalytics Application Data Collection

The ExtremeAnalytics engine provides an application data collection function that collects and records information about network utilization. It includes:

- General Usage Collection High-level application-centric data, collected hourly and in five-minute intervals.
- Extended Application Collection Detailed data about all end-systems in the network, collected hourly.

Application data collection is based on network flow information. Network utilization for various objects in the network (called targets) is measured, collected, and used to create application data reports in ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine.

NOTE: Ensure at least 4GB of swap space is available for flow storage or impaired functionality may occur. Use the free command to verify the amount of available RAM on your Linux system.

This Help topic describes application data collection, including collection targets, statistics, and intervals. It also describes the different collectors used to perform the collection, as well as the sources for flow information.

Data Collection Overview

Application data collection is performed by the ExtremeAnalytics engine. The engine collects flow records from switches in your network. It then augments the collected flow data with detailed application information derived by network packet inspection, resulting in rich analytical data.

For example, if a NetFlow record reports 100 bytes transferred from client Workstation 1 to server Host A, then the collection process would add 100 bytes to the tally for Workstation 1, and 100 bytes to the separate tally for Host A. If the flow is identified as traffic for the Payroll application, then 100 bytes would be added to another tally for Payroll as well. And finally, 100 bytes is added to another tally for the entire network. At the end of a collection interval, the totals for client Workstation 1, server Host A, the Payroll application, and the entire network are written to the database. Data from network flows is collected in an aggregated form for a period of time (called a collection interval), and then stored in the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine database. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine uses this data to provide reports that show how your network is being utilized.

To conserve space on your ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server hard drive, your ExtremeAnalytics engines only collect total flow records when the server hard drive drops below 10 GB of free space. If the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server hard drive drops an additional 1 GB (under 9 GB of free space), your ExtremeAnalytics engines stop collecting all flow data.

NOTE: To change the differential threshold (the additional amount of free space reduction after which all records stop being collected), edit the RM_FREE_SPACE_MINIMUM_ALLOW_SUMMARY_KB value in the NSJBOSS.properties file. The value is set to 1,000,000 KB by default, so ExtremeAnalytics stops collecting all records when free space reaches 10GB - 1,000,000 KB = 9 GB.

Collection Targets

Flow data is collected on objects in your network called targets. Some targets are physical, such as clients and servers, and some are logical, such as applications.

An ExtremeAnalytics engine can track the following target types:

- Client The end-point of a flow that has the client role for that connection.
- Server The end-point of a flow that has the server role for that connection.
- Application An application in ExtremeAnalytics, identified through layer 7 analysis (for example, Facebook).
- Application Group Application categories, such as Cloud Computing or Social Networking.
- Site The client's physical location on the network, based on its IP address. Sites are used by ExtremeAnalytics to identify the physical location for the client of an application flow.
- Device Family The kind of device determined for a client, such as Windows or iOS.
- Profile An ExtremeControl profile assigned to a client.

In some cases, the engine can also track combinations of targets. For example, it can track the total number of bytes transferred from Workstation 1 for the Payroll

application separately from Workstation 2 for Payroll, and from Workstation 1 for Facebook. These target and sub-target pairs provide for ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine drill-down reports, for example, reports to show the top Payroll clients or the top applications for Workstation 1.

This report shows the top 10 applications seen on the network (based on bandwidth) during the last hour.

	Applications	Application Group	Bytes	Sent Bytes	Received Bytes
?	nsbuild-linux3	Internal File Downloads	12.65 GB	202.69 MB	12.44 GB
e,	Microsoft SQL Server	Databases	2.91 GB	479.26 MB	2.43 GB
	CIFS	Storage	2.17 GB	386.53 MB	1.78 GB
1	WASSP	Protocols	1.99 GB	248.98 MB	1.74 GB
	Web	Web Applications	1.75 GB	73.74 MB	1.67 GB
0	Extreme Networks	Corporate Website	1.54 GB	131.88 MB	1.41 GB
<u>e.</u>	SSH	VPN and Security	1.34 GB	217.46 MB	1.12 GB
	Outlook Office365	Mail	1.29 GB	466.91 MB	826.56 MB

Collection Statistics

Collection statistics are quantitative data that can be collected for a target. This includes statistics directly reported in NetFlow records, such as bytes transferred, as well as information that can be derived indirectly, such as the number of unique clients seen using an application.

An ExtremeAnalytics engine can track the following statistics:

- Bytes The number of bytes transferred in both directions, between the client and the server. Also known as bandwidth. You can track sent and received bytes as well as total bytes.
- Flows The number of NetFlow records sent by the switch to report the traffic between the client and the server. You can track inbound and outbound flows as well as total flows.
- Clients The number of unique clients associated with the target.
- Applications The number of unique applications associated with the target.
- Network Response Time The average amount of time to create a connection.
- Application Response Time The average amount of time for a server to respond to a request.

This report shows the average application response times for the top 10 applications during the last hour.

Applications	Application Group	Application Response Time	Network Response Time
lighthousesites	Web Applications		ř.
1	Web Applications		
Acxiom	Advertising		
Google App Engine	Web Content Services		
Parse Push	Real Time and Cloud		
⊾ apigee	Web Applications		
 canalclima 	Web Applications		
1	Web Applications		Ĩ una
alternativeto	Web Applications		
healthline	Web Applications		

Collection Intervals

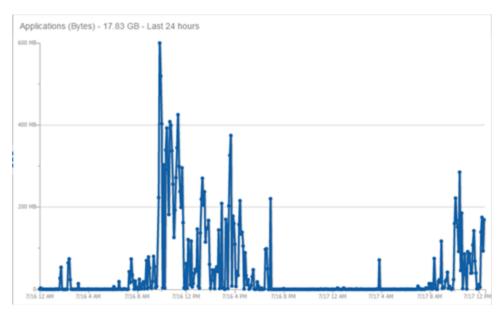
The ExtremeAnalytics engine collects and aggregates flow data for a period of time called an interval. At the end of the interval, the engine writes the totals to the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine database and a new interval begins, with new totals collected starting at zero.

Some statistics are collected and written to the database on an hourly interval. Other statistics are collected at a high-rate interval of every five minutes, providing for a more detailed picture of how traffic changes over time.

This report shows application bandwidth over 24 hours based on an hourly interval.



This report shows application bandwidth over 24 hours based on a high-rate interval.



All statistics can be collected over multiple intervals and averaged. When viewing report data, it is important to know the interval used for any average that is displayed.

Certain statistics, such as bytes and flows, can be collected over multiple intervals to provide a total over time, while other statistics, such as client count, cannot. To illustrate, the number of bytes seen in two hours would be the total of the number of bytes seen in each hour. However, the number of unique clients seen in two hours would not be the total of the number of unique clients seen in each hour, as some clients were probably seen in both hours.

Using Sites to Collect In-Network Traffic

While flow data collection can aggregate data for all flow traffic that is visible, it may be more useful to aggregate data for *in-network* flows only. These are flows used by clients that are located in your internal network. By collecting data for only in-network flows, the overhead of aggregating data over an interval can be reduced.

You can define your internal network by configuring sites. A site is a set of IP masks that defines a well-known portion of your internal network. You can use the World site to identify your entire internal network. If you have already reserved certain IP address ranges for certain physical sites on your network, you can create multiple sites that correspond to these reserved IP ranges. Multiple sites can be created to identify different buildings, sites, or geographical areas of your network. Any IP that matches any site is considered to be in-network. If you define multiple sites, you will be able to analyze data broken down by site.

Data Collector Types

There are two kinds of data collectors used in ExtremeAnalytics.

- General Usage Collectors These are hourly and high-rate collectors that record the top targets during an interval. Many types of targets and target-pairs are supported.
- End-System Details Collector This is an hourly collector that attempts to capture and record data for all in-network clients and servers that it detects. All traffic collected is tagged with site, profile, device family, and other attributes.

Data from these collectors is stored separately in the database. The collector data used in a report depends on the nature of the report. Higher-level information, such as top applications during an hour, will be based on general usage collector data, since it is relatively inexpensive to access. End-system details data might be used when data for a specific client or server is needed, or when the information requested is highly specific, for example, top applications used by Android devices in the London site.

General Usage Collectors

General usage collectors collect data about all instances of a target for the interval, and then record only the most significant targets (typically, the 100 most significant targets).

When the top targets are calculated for a collection interval, several different statistics can be used as a basis for choosing the most significant entries. For example, collectors can record the top applications based on bytes, and also record the top applications based on number of clients. For each type of target collected, there are different sets of bases used.

General usage collectors operate at both hourly and high-rate intervals. They can collect data from all flows or from in-network flows only.

Hourly General Usage Collectors

Target	Target	Bases	Traffic Used
Total			In-Network
			Flows/
			All Flows
Application		Bytes	In-Network
		Received Bytes	Flows
		Transmitted Bytes	
		Flows	
		Receive Flows	
		Transmit Flows	
		Clients	
		Network Response	
		Time	
		Application Response	
		Time	
Application	Client	Bytes	In-Network
			Flows

The following table describes the hourly data collected by the general usage collectors.

Target	Sub- Target	Bases	Traffic Used
Application Group		Bytes Flows Clients	In-Network Flows
Client		Bytes Received Bytes Transmitted Bytes Flows Receive Flows Transmit Flows Applications Network Response Time Application Response Time	All Flows
Device Family		Bytes Flows Clients	In-Network Flows
Site		Bytes Flows Clients Network Response Time Application Response Time	In-Network Flows
Profile		Bytes Received Bytes Transmitted Bytes Flows Receive Flows Transmit Flows Network Response Time Application Response Time	In-Network Flows

Target	Sub- Target	Bases	Traffic Used
		Bytes Flows Application Response Time Network Response Time Received Bytes Sent Bytes Inbound Flows Outbound Flows	In-Network Flows
Threat	Threat End- System Pair	Bytes Flows Application Response Time Network Response Time Received Bytes Sent Bytes Inbound Flows Outbound Flows	In-Network Flows
Server		Bytes Received Bytes Transmitted Bytes Flows Receive Flows Transmit Flows Network Response Time Application Response Time	All Flows
Application	Device Family	Bytes Flows Clients	In-Network Flows
Application	Profile	Bytes Flows Clients	In-Network Flows

High-Rate General Usage Collectors

The following table describes the high-rate data collected by the general usage collectors.

Target	Sub-Target	Bases	Traffic Used
Total			In-Network Flows/ All Flows
Application		Bytes Flows Clients	In-Network Flows
Application Group		Bytes Flows Clients	In-Network Flows
Device Family		Bytes Flows Clients	In-Network Flows
Site		Bytes Flows Clients	In-Network Flows
Profile		Bytes Flows Clients	In-Network Flows

End-System Details Collector

The end-system details collector tracks client/application target pairs.

Unlike general usage collectors, this collector attempts to record data for all innetwork clients and servers it sees during the hour. For each client or server, it records data for up to 10 applications, plus an "other" category to capture the remaining traffic. Information such as location, device family, and profile are also recorded for each end-system.

The large number of targets recorded each hour and the amount of detail recorded for each one, can result in a large volume of data being stored in the database. In order to prevent disk space from being over-utilized, there is a total limit of 50,000 clients which can be recorded each hour across all ExtremeAnalytics engines. There is also a 25,000 client limit per engine for most license types. However, if you have an NMS-ADV license without any ExtremeAnalytics license, the per-hour total limit is 100 clients across all ExtremeAnalytics engines.

Flow Information Sources

The ExtremeAnalytics engine uses NetFlow or SFlow records from the switches and wireless controllers in your network as a source for flow data. Information such as IP addresses, ports, and bytes transferred comes from this flow data source.

This data is augmented with additional layer 7 application information produced by the ExtremeAnalytics engine through deep packet inspection. Information such as application name and network response time comes from this source.

There is additional information that can be obtained from sources other than NetFlow/SFlow records and deep packet inspection.

NOTE: Most of these sources rely on ExtremeControl data. If ExtremeControl is part of your network configuration, then ExtremeControl integration can be enabled (see <u>instructions</u> below) to provide access to these sources. Site data is obtained from sites configured in ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine.

The following is a list of information that can obtained from different sources:

- Hostname The client or server's hostname can be derived using ExtremeControl. ExtremeControl integration must be enabled.
- Site The site for a flow is the site of the client in the flow. Client and server sites are derived from the sites configured on the **Network** tab. If a client does not match a site, then the site is empty. If a flow has a site, the flow is considered to be innetwork.
- Detailed Site Detailed site information is derived from the switch and port information resolved for the client end-system. ExtremeControl Integration must be enabled.
- Device Family The device family is a general description of the operating system detected in the client, for example, Windows, Linux, or Android. The device family is derived from network packet inspection. The device family can also be provided by ExtremeControl, if ExtremeControl integration is enabled.

- Profile The client's profile is derived from the ExtremeControl profile assigned to the client end-system. ExtremeControl integration must be enabled.
- Username The client's username is derived from network packet inspection. The username can also be provided by ExtremeControl, if ExtremeControl integration is enabled.

It is possible that different sources may provide different values for the same information. For example, network packet inspection may provide the device family name of Window 7, whereas ExtremeControl may provide the device family name of Windows.

Enabling ExtremeControl Integration

If your network configuration includes ExtremeControl, ExtremeControl data can be integrated with flow data to provide additional information. ExtremeControl integration is only useful if you are collecting flows for end-systems managed by ExtremeControl.

When ExtremeControl integration is enabled, if a client in a flow matches an end-system in ExtremeControl, then:

- The client hostname in the flow is derived from the end-system.
- The device family in the flow is derived from the end-system.
- The username in the flow is derived from the end-system.
- The profile in the flow is derived from the end-system's ExtremeControl profile.
- The detailed site in the flow is derived from end-system data.

If a server in a flow matches an end-system in ExtremeControl, then:

• The server hostname in the flow is derived from the end-system.

To enable ExtremeControl integration on the ExtremeAnalytics engine:

- 1. If the ExtremeControl distributed end-system cache is not enabled on the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine server, you must enable it using the following steps.
 - a. Select Administration > Options from the menu bar to open the Access Control Options window.
 - b. Click on Advanced Settings.

- c. In the End-System Mobility section, select the **Enable distributed end-system** cache option.
- d. Click the **Reload** button to reload the cache configuration on the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine server. Click **OK**.
- 2. Enable ExtremeControl Integration on each ExtremeAnalytics engine where you want to use ExtremeControl data.
 - a. Access the **Analytics** tab.
 - b. Expand each ExtremeAnalytics engine and select Advanced Configuration. In the right panel under Configuration Options, select the **Enable ExtremeControl Integration** option.
 - c. If your ExtremeControl engines are using Communication Channels, you must select the **ExtremeControl Communication Channel** option and enter the channel name. The ExtremeAnalytics engine is only able to access end-systems in its channel.
 - d. Click Save.
 - e. Enforce your ExtremeAnalytics engines.

Reports

Data gathered from flow usage collection is the basis of many reports in the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine's **Analytics** tab. Once collection is enabled, these reports begin to exhibit data.

Dashboard Report

The following screen-shot shows the main Dashboard report. It contains data produced by the hourly General Usage collectors, and displays data for a specific hour. Across the top are the hour's totals. Below them are Top Application Groups, as a chart, and Top Applications, as a table, for the same hour. There is also Application Group Usage over the last 3 days, as a chart and as a table.

Note that data from different ExtremeAnalytics engines is maintained separately. If you have more than one ExtremeAnalytics engine, you need to select which engine to view, using the engine menu in the top-left corner.

oplications 318 perhad	Bandwidth 34.9G ww	Poes + 2.1M ver	Cler	7 7 per haur	Servers + 65 perhor	Network			plication
		-	-4		-	4			
p Application Groups	- Today 11 AM - 12 PM								0
			al then	Application	Group	Flows(Tutal)	Bytes(Total)	Clerts(Aug	Network Resp
			_	55H	1/PN and Security	5068	1.43 GB	16	17.3ma
			Corporate Telefo	O Oracle Corp	Corporate Hebels	177	194.86 MB	2	10.4ms
			E Patrok	d Google	Search Engines	2545	140.52 MB	29	4.02ma
			Storage .	Amazon	E-connerse	278	71.97 MB	2	37.7ms
			 Whi and Security 						
			Teb Applications						
15 OF-	e - Bandwidth								G
15.08	e - Bandwidth					<u>_</u>			°
	e - Bandwidth		Bendwellt(Ling)	Possible) Pr	ris ret:/http://	Cleris/Mri	Clerts/M	H) CB	4
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	Bandwith(Mr)	Bandwidth(Max)		Flows(Mir) Fit	res(Max) Pitres(Arg) 7.K 2.7.K			11) Cite 4 0	ale a
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Browser Reports

The Browser provides special reports that lets you select the targets, statistics, and collection interval for your report, as well as define search criteria to further filter report data. Using the Browser, you can create custom queries that provide greater flexibility in defining what data to display and how to display it. When you create a Browser report, you select which type of network activity data to use: end-system details (always hourly), application data hourly, or application data high-rate. For additional information, see Applications Browser.

The following screen-shot shows an example of a Browser report showing application/device family bandwidth usage for the last hour.

		Applications (oyies)	- 0.39 GB - Last no	ur		
nd-System Details - Hourly		Applications	Application Group	Bytes	Sent Bytes	Received Bytes
Grid u						28.40 M8
						1.09 GB
						525.14 MB
stinterval 🗠						429.86 MB
						275.90 MB
Statistic						461.05 MB
tes ·						442.91 MB
Sum Average						296.60 MB
						67.79 MB
		Pandora	Streaming	67.90 MB	1.32 MB	66.58 MB
41	-					
Al	× 1					
All	~					
Al	~					
	_					
	= 1					
10	0					
	Orid v plications stituterval v tes Sum Average All All All All	Orid v v pications v stithenal v tes v Surs Average Ali v Ali v Image: Ali v	Ad-System Details - Hourly V Grid J plications Stiftherval V Suff Average Ad Average Ad Average	Ad-System Details - Hourly \v Grid \v glications \v st Interval \v Surf \vertices Surf \vertices All \v All \v All \v All \v All \vertices All \vert	Overlage 2.32 0.8 Ond	Applications Applications Application Group Bytes Sent Bytes Grid U glications V st Interval V Applications Applications Application Group Bytes Sent Bytes Circuit Count Services 232 08 229 08 Protocols 217 08 109 08 St Interval V Minor Applications Application Group Bytes Sent Bytes Applications Applications Application Group Bytes Sent Bytes Protocols 217 08 109 08 State Protocols 217 08 202 4M8 MSRDP Protocols 539 03 M8 202 13 M8 Circuit Application Group Bytes Sent Bytes Main Valo Content Services 407 93 M8 689 M8 Protocols 252 M8 665 M8 Circuit Circuit Services 407 93 M8 67 83 M8 Protocols 252 M8 665 M8 Circuit Circuit Services 135 62 M8 67 83 M8 Protocols 256 M8

Related Information

For information on related ExtremeAnalytics topics:

- Getting Started with ExtremeAnalytics
- Analytics

ExtremeAnalytics Tab Overview

The ExtremeAnalytics tab allows you to view and customize its <u>dashboard</u> and <u>browser</u>, as well as ExtremeAnalytics <u>reports</u>, <u>fingerprints</u>, and <u>application flow</u> data. You can also manage and configure your ExtremeAnalytics engines.

Additionally, the **Menu** icon (=) at the top right of the screen provides links to additional information about your version of ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine.

NOTE: ExtremeAnalytics reports and application flow data is not available unless an ExtremeAnalytics engine is configured and you are a member of an authorization group assigned the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine ExtremeAnalytics Read Access or Read/Write Access capability. The Read Access capability allows the ability to access the **Analytics** tab and view the ExtremeAnalytics reports. The Read/Write capability adds the ability to configure ExtremeAnalytics engines and NetFlow Collecting devices. It also adds the ability to create and modify fingerprints.

Viewing ExtremeAnalytics application data requires certain access requirements and prerequisites. Both the ExtremeAnalytics feature and the **Analytics** tab require the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Advanced (NMS-ADV) license. Contact your sales representative for information on obtaining an ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Advanced license.

Introducing the Application Sensor and Analytics Engine

As of ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, 21.04.10, Extreme Networks is introducing the new Extreme Application Sensor and Analytics Engine Engine. This new Analytics engine combines the sensor and engine into one package, eliminating the need for additional hardware requirements. A new <u>Extreme Application</u> <u>Sensor and Analytics Engine Engine Installation Guide</u>, which includes instructions for the installation and initial configuration of the Extreme Application Sensor and Analytics Engine engine, has been added to ExtremeNetworks.com Support Documentation.

NOTE: The ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, ExtremeControl, and ExtremeAnalytics Virtual Engine Installation Guide includes an overview of ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, ExtremeControl, and ExtremeAnalytics <u>virtual engine deployment requirements</u> and how to deploy a virtual engine on a VMware® and Hyper-V server.

Dashboard

The Dashboard tab displays an overview of application usage on your network through a series of graphs. It allows you to view network activity statistics based on client/server, application, industry, IP reputation, and response time for the specified ExtremeAnalytics engine. Many of the reports are links to more detailed pages.

Browser

The Browser tab lets you query information about recent network activity stored in the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine database and display results in various grid and chart report formats. Using the Browser, you can create custom queries based on selected options including a data target, statistic type, and other search criteria.

Application Flows

You can choose from the **View** drop-down list to show you several options in the table on the Application Flows tab, including the latest flows from the specified ExtremeAnalytics engine, the worst network and application response times, classified and unclassified flows, and flows during a specified time frame. The table presents bidirectional flow data (aggregate flows) or unidirectional flow data (base flows).

Fingerprints

A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. The **Fingerprints** tab provides detailed information about fingerprints used by ExtremeAnalytics to identify application flows. You can choose to view in-use and customized fingerprint data.

Packet Captures

Use the **Packet Captures** tab to analyze the packets from the flows displayed on the **Application Flows** tab. The packet captures you create are presented in a

table, which allows you to view details about the packet capture. Additionally, using this tab you can select a packet capture and view it in a packet analyzer.

Configuration

The **Configuration** tab provides detailed information on the ExtremeAnalytics engines you configure. It also lets you add and enforce your engines, and access engine reports and diagnostics. You must be a member of an authorization group assigned the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine ExtremeAnalytics Read/Write Access capability to view the **Configuration** tab.

Reports

On the **Reports** tab, you can access a selection of reports that provide detailed information on application usage on your network, as well as network activity statistics based on application, user name, client, and site. For many of the reports, you can click on an item in the report to view details or right-click an item to select from other focused reports.

Related Information

- Dashboard Overview
- Browser
- Application Flows
- Fingerprints
- Configuration
- <u>Reports</u>

ExtremeAnalytics Dashboard Overview

Accessible from the **Analytics** tab in ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, the **Dashboard** tab displays an overview of application usage on your network, as well as network activity statistics through a series of real-time reports. The Dashboard is flexible and customizable - you can choose the reports and the design of the page to meet your specific needs. Many of the reports are links to more detailed pages.

The Dashboard includes a drop-down list with links to additional report dashboards:

- Insights
- <u>Client/Server</u>
- Applications Browser
- Industry
- IP Reputation
- <u>Response Time</u>
- Network Service
- Tracked Applications

Several report pages can be launched in the **Reports > Reports Designer** view in ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine by clicking the **Launch in Report Designer** icon (

Insights Dashboard Reports

The Insights dashboard displays graphs with real-time network and application usage and service data, and tools that you can use to customize the dashboard using drag-and-drop capabilities.

Five ring charts display real-time Engines, Disk Usage, Flow Rate, Network, and Application usage and service data. The ring charts are links to additional data. The Network and Application charts link to the <u>Network Service</u> and <u>Response</u> <u>Time</u> report dashboards, respectively, which are also accessible from the **Dashboard** drop-down list.

Use the Custom Dashboard to drag and drop only the graphs you want on your dashboard. Each graph is a real-time preview and many are linked to additional detail reports. You can also choose whether the graphs in the Application Group area are organized in columns or rows in the Custom Dashboard area.

Client/Server Dashboard Reports

This dashboard displays reports on clients and servers seen on the network over the last 24 hours. It also displays reports on top clients by bandwidth, flow, or number of applications, and top servers by bandwidth or flow.

Click on the **Info** icon ([‡]) at the top right of the dashboard page to read a description of each report.

Applications Browser Dashboard Report

The Application Browser Dashboard displays bubble maps for top applications by bytes and flows, top profiles by bytes, and top sites by bytes. Hovering over a bubble displays bandwidth use or the number of flows. Use the drop-down menus to change the start date and time for the reports.

Drill-down for more information by clicking on an application bubble to open a new graph of clients, flows, and usage data for that application. In that graph, click on a client link to view application data for that client.

Industry Dashboards

Enterprise Dashboard

The Enterprise Dashboard displays application information specific to the Enterprise network including social applications, storage applications and cloud, business applications and email, and network applications and protocols.

Education Dashboard

The Education Dashboard displays application information specific to the campus network including learning management systems, P2P, streaming, and social applications.

Healthcare Dashboard

The Healthcare Dashboard displays applications used in the healthcare environment including patient care, medical applications, and HIPAA.

Venue Dashboard

The Venue Dashboard displays data grouped according to sports, social media, news and weather applications, as well as software update applications.

IP Reputation Dashboard

This report displays potential threat activity on your network from IP addresses known to be suspicious. IP addresses can be flagged as suspicious for a variety of reasons, including forced IP anonymity through the use of a Tor exit node, being listed as a threat by the Emerging Threats project, or classified as suspicious by internet users. Additionally, each IP address classification has its own recommended course of action, listed below.

- CiArmy Top Attackers The CiArmy reputation feed is a set of IP addresses tied to
 malicious activity defined by a collaborative network security effort backed by the
 Emerging Threats project. Any IP communications to addresses in this list from the
 local network are suspicious and may indicate that the local IP is involved in various
 activities such as command and control communications with the remote host. IP
 addresses classified as CiArmy Top Attackers require further investigation.
- Compromised Hosts Connecting Into the Network IP addresses that match this classification are on a list of IP addresses maintained by the Emerging Threats project. This list consists of a set of IP addresses that appear to have been compromised by malware, individual actors, worms, botnets, or other means. When ExtremeAnalytics detects application flows that match an IP from the Compromised list, this is a likely indicator that systems in the local network are either under attack or have already been compromised (since the communications may be command and control directives emanating from the compromised host).
- Connections to Bad Hosts IP addresses classified as Connections to Bad Hosts are known to function as command and control nodes for various botnets around the Internet. Any flows to or from such IP addresses have a high probability of being associated with botnet command and control traffic.
- Connections to Bad Hosts Based on Port IP addresses flagged in this classification are known to function as command and control nodes for botnets based on the port

number. For example, a botnet command and control node may be a legitimate webserver, which is not suspicious. However, if there are flows certain botnets are known to use specific ports on a node, these communications cause the IP address to be flagged in this classification.

- DShield Top Attackers The DShield project is a distributed security analysis effort that collects logs, IDS/IPS events, and other data from volunteers around the Internet. This data is analyzed by DShield and a list of the top set of IP addresses that appear to be attacking other systems worldwide is provided by DShield. When application flows appear within ExtremeAnalytics that match any of the IP addresses from the DShield top attackers list, it is likely systems in the local network are being actively attacked.
- Tor Exit Node, Relay or Router This reputation feed provides a listing of known Tor exit nodes, relays, and routers. Tor is a service that provides IP anonymity. It functions as a distributed set of systems on the Internet and builds sets of "virtual circuits" through this set of systems on behalf of users that do not want to reveal their local IP address to destination servers. Typically, Tor is used to mask web browsing communications, but other services can run over the Tor network. Matches against this reputation feed indicate Tor usage on the local network.

NOTE: IP addresses that match multiple classifications (e.g. an IP address is listed as both a CiArmy Top Attacker and a DShield Top Attacker) are only classified in the first category in which they match, not in additional categories.

Response Time Dashboard

The Response Time Dashboard displays the response time in milliseconds of application data grouped by different criteria, selected from the drop-down list. The data is displayed as a line graph, which is updated periodically.

Network Service Dashboard

The Network Service Dashboard displays the response time of network services for the top five worst-performing sites as well as the overall average of all sites. The data for each network service at a site is displayed as a bar and line graph, which is updated periodically.

Tracked Applications Dashboard

The Tracked Applications Dashboard displays the response time of the applications you configure in the **Tracked Applications** field on the **Analytics** > **Configuration** > <u>Configuration tab</u>. The data for each network service at a site is displayed as a bar and line graph, which is updated periodically. You can choose to organize the graphs in either columns (IIII) or rows (III).

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

ExtremeAnalytics Insights Dashboard

Accessible from the **Analytics** tab in ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, the Insights Dashboard displays an overview of application usage on your network, as well as network activity statistics based on client/server, application, industry, IP reputation, and response time.

Use the Insights Dashboard to view graphs that display real-time network and application usage and service data, and tools that you can use to customize your dashboard using drag-and-drop capabilities.

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Insights

The Insights Dashboard displays ring charts and a customizable Application Group Dashboard. You can collapse and expand the ring charts and Application Group Dashboard for flexible display capabilities.

Ring Chart

Six ring charts display real-time <u>Engines</u>, <u>Virtual Sensors</u>, <u>Disk Usage</u>, <u>Flow Rate</u>, <u>Network</u>, and <u>Application</u> usage and service data:



- Engines The number at the center of the ring chart indicates how many engines are represented by the chart. The colors in the graph indicate the states of the configured engines. Hover over a ring color to display a tooltip with the status of that engine. Click the graph to display overview and status details.
- Virtual Sensors The number at the center of the ring chart indicates how many virtual sensors are represented by the chart. The colors in the graph indicate the states of the configured virtual sensors. Hover over a ring color to display a tooltip with the status of that virtual sensor. Click the graph to display overview and status details. Click the graph to open the <u>Virtual Sensors tab</u>.
- Disk Usage The number at the center of the ring chart indicates the percentage of Disk Usage. The colors in the graph display the percentage of disk usage being used. Hover over the ring color to display a tooltip with usage percentage and units of space details.

Click the graph to open the **Configuration** tab, where you can configure the information displayed in the Insights Dashboard.

- Flow Rate The number at the center of the ring chart indicates the flow rate percentage. The colors in the graph indicate the flow rates for the different engines being used. Hover over a ring color to display a tooltip with status, percentage and rate details for each engine. Click the graph to open the Licenses tab.
- Network Response The colors in the graph indicate the network response time for the application/site. Hover over a ring color to display a tooltip with status details and the number of networks at that status. Click a color in the graph to open the Network Service dashboard, which displays network service details.
- Application Response The colors in the graph indicate the application response time for the application/site. Hover over a ring color to display a tooltip with response time details and the number of applications within the expected response time range. Click a color in the graph to open the Response Time dashboard, which displays network and application response time charts and details.

Custom Dashboard

dashboard.

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Default Top Clients Units Unit	• 0 (e ⊘ e .* × Banda >	Application ALL 156ms Loc 150 18 Loc 150 18 PrivateAdd	C All Response .	199ms 100 100ms 100ms 100ms 100ms	Ŷ	 Views Usage Top Applications Top Application Groups Top Clents Performance Application Response Time Location Response Time Locations with Highest Response Trending Application Totals Bandwidth Totals Client Totals Flow Totals 	
			138ms Loc 160 16	izms	178ma 10	Ŧ	Flow Totals Server Totals Analytics Events	

Related Information

- Analytics Tab
- How to Use the Application Group Dashboard

How to Create an ExtremeAnalytics Insights Custom Dashboard

The **Dashboard** > **Insights** view in ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine provides you with graphs that display real-time network and application usage and service data, and tools that you can use to customize the dashboard using drag-and-drop capabilities.

The Custom dashboard in the **Insights** view allows you the flexibility to create your graphs and reports preview area. Choose the graphs you want to view, the

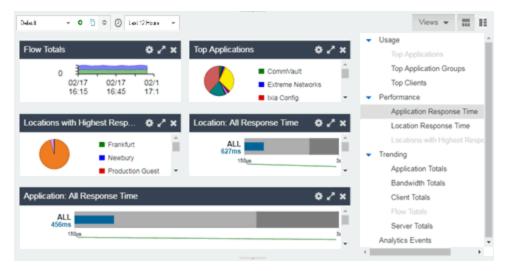
data that is displayed in the graphs, and how the graphs are displayed. You can collapse and expand the Custom dashboard for flexible display capabilities.

Custom Dashboard

The Custom dashboard is a flexible space for viewing graphs that you select from the <u>Views</u> drop-down list. The buttons at the top right of the Custom dashboard (•) allow you to save and copy your dashboard.

- Click the Create button () to create a new, empty dashboard where you can drag and drop the graphs you select from the Views drop-down list. The Create Dashboard window opens to allow you to name your new dashboard. Click the Save button to save the dashboard, which is available to all users in your network.
- Click the Copy button (🛅) to copy the current dashboard, which you can

customize by adding new graphs from the Views drop-down list. Once you have edited the copied dashboard, click the **Save** button to save the new dashboard, which is available to all users in your network.



- 1. Click the **Views** drop-down list at the far right and select from the <u>graphs</u> in the drop-down list.
- 2. Drag and drop the graph(s) to the open area to the left. Once in place, the link will display as a real-time preview of the graph.
- 3. Choose the orientation of your dashboard by clicking either the row (♣) or column (♣) button.
- 4. Hover over the data to display a tooltip with usage data.

- 5. Click the **Gear** button () in each graph to further modify your Application Group graphs data:
 - Top Choose the number of top applications, application groups or clients (depending on the graph) to be displayed in the graph
 - Range Adjust the time frame of the data depicted in the graph by choosing from the drop-down list. The Custom Time option allows you to choose any start time, and the Custom Range option allows you to choose any start and end times.
 - Graph style Select from pie, word cloud, tree map or bubble map graph styles in the drop-down list.
 - Data Select from Bandwidth, Flows, Clients data types from the drop-down list.

Graphs

These graphs are available to be added as real-time previews to your Custom dashboard:

Usage

Top Applications — Displays usage data for the top applications. Click any color in the graph to display an encrypted web detail page for that application.

Top Application Groups — Displays usage data for the top application groups. Click any color in the graph to display an encrypted web detail page for that group.

Top Clients — Displays usage data for the top clients. Click any color in the graph to display application and application group detail page for that client.

Performance

Application Response Time — Displays response times for all applications. You can also create response time reports for individual applications and sites that you define.

Site Response Time — Displays response times for all sites. You can also create response time reports for individual applications and sites that you define.

Sites with Highest Response Time — Displays sites with the highest response times. Click any color in the graph to display network and application response time reports for that site.

Trending

Application Totals — Displays the total number of applications based on the date, time, and duration you choose. Click any color in the graph to display an application detail page.

Bandwidth Totals — Displays bandwidths for the application in a line graph based on the date, time and duration you choose. Click any data point in the graph to display a Top Applications by Bandwidth detail page.

Client Totals — Displays the total number of clients for the application based on the date, time, and duration you choose. Click any data point in the graph to display a Top Clients detail page.

Flow Totals — Displays the total number of outbound and inbound flows for the application based on the date, time, and duration you choose. Click any data point in the graph to display a Top Applications by Flows detail page.

Server Totals — Displays the total number of servers for the application based on the date, time, and duration you choose. Click any data point in the graph to display a Top Servers detail page.

Analytics Events

Analytics Events - This report displays the event log filtered to show only the events related to ExtremeAnalytics

Related Information

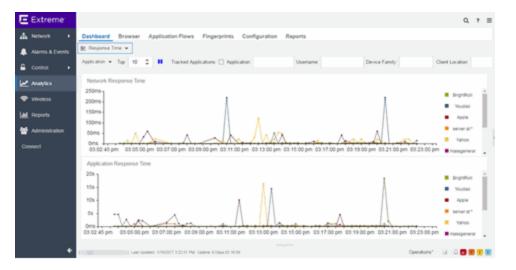
- ExtremeAnalytics tab
- ExtremeAnalytics Insights Dashboard

ExtremeAnalytics Response Time Dashboard

The Response Time Dashboard displays the network and application response time data for the slowest targets on your network based on response time for the last 20 minutes. Use the graph to view response time data for a variety of filters, including application, device family, and username.

Additionally, you can use the dashboard to select the number of targets for which the response time is displayed and you can filter the information based on certain criteria and view flow data specific to the data you select.

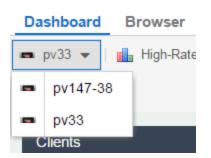
To access the Response Time Dashboard, open the **Analytics** > **Dashboard** tab and select **Response Time** in the dashboard drop-down list.



Overview

The Response Time Dashboard contains two graphs, one displays the <u>network</u> <u>response time</u> and the other displays the <u>application response time</u>. Data is updated every 15 seconds and displays data over the last 20 minutes.

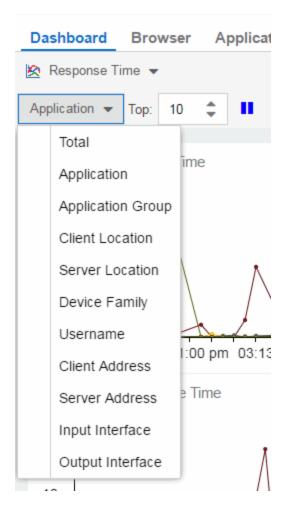
If you have multiple ExtremeAnalytics engines, use the **Engine** drop-down list to select an engine to use as the source for the report data.



Use the toolbar at the top of the window to display data based on criteria you select and updates the two graphs.

Application

Use the **Application** drop-down list to group the data in the Response Time Dashboard by the following criteria:



Тор

Use the **Top** field to limit the results in the graphs to display only the top results based on the number you enter.

For example, you can configure the graphs to display the top 3 slowest applications by response time.

Tracked Applications

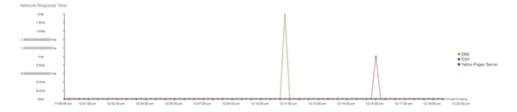
Click the **Tracked Applications** box to add response time results for tracked applications to the Network Response Time and Application Response Time graphs.

Filters

You can also use the filter options at the top of the window to search for specific criteria. Using these fields limits the data to Tracked Applications, Application, Username, Device Family, Client Site, and Server Site. Entering a value in one of these fields filters the results displayed in the graphs below. Clear the data by clicking the **Clear** ([®]) button to the right of the filter options.

Network Response Time Graph

The Network Response Time graph displays the response time (in milliseconds) the TCP request took to complete for the Top N slowest Targets. The data in this graph depends on the criteria you select in the toolbar at the top of the window and can be <u>filtered</u> to match specific criteria. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine displays data collected by the ExtremeAnalytics engine over the previous 20 minutes updated every 15 seconds. Use the **Pause** button in the toolbar to stop the graph from updating. Clicking the **Unpause** button resumes the updates and refreshes the graph with the most up-to-date data.



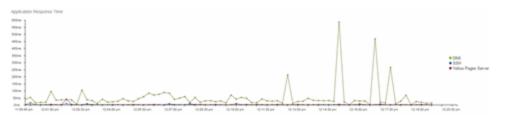
Hover over a point in the graph to see a pop-up with details about that application at that moment in time.

Clicking on a point opens a flow data table for that Target at that time at the bottom of the window, limited to match any <u>filters</u> you applied. Right-click a row in the flow to see additional options for working with that flow. Flows without an identified source are labeled with the device's IP Address.

Click the **Arrow** button (**...**) at the top of the flow data table to collapse the table and click the **Arrow** button (**...**) on the collapsed table to expand the table again.

Application Response Time Graph

The Application Response Time graph displays the response time (in milliseconds) the application request took to complete for the Top N slowest Targets. The data in this graph depends on the criteria you select in the toolbar at the top of the window and can be <u>filtered</u> to match specific criteria. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine displays data collected by the ExtremeAnalytics engine over the previous 20 minutes updated every 15 seconds. Use the **Pause** button in the toolbar to stop the graph from updating. Clicking the **Unpause** button resumes the updates and refreshes the graph with the most up-to-date data.



Hover over a point in the graph to see a pop-up with details about that application at that moment in time.

Clicking on a point opens a flow data table for that Target at that time at the bottom of the window, limited to match any <u>filters</u> you applied. Right-click a row in the flow to see additional options for working with that flow.

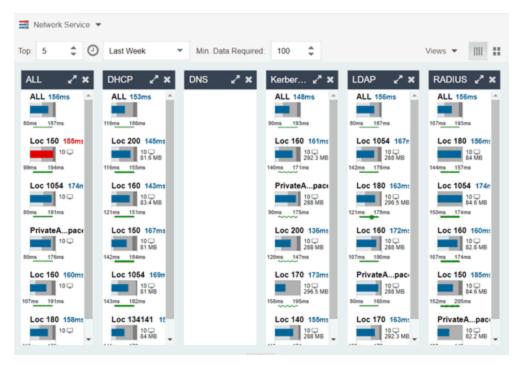
Click the **Arrow** button (**...**) at the top of the flow data table to collapse the table and click the **Arrow** button (**...**) on the collapsed table to expand the table again.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics

ExtremeAnalytics Network Service Dashboard

To access the Network Service Dashboard, open the **Analytics** > **Dashboard** tab and select **Network Service** in the dashboard drop-down list.



Overview

The Network Service Dashboard contains two graphs for each network service: the <u>Expected Response Time</u> bar graph displays the average response time over the selected time period and the <u>Historical Response Time</u> line graph displays the individual response times over that period for each site.

Select the number of sites displayed in each column in the **Top** field.

Use the **Time Period** drop-down list to display the date and time range for which data is displayed. Selecting **Custom** displays additional fields allowing you to indicate a **Start Date** and time and an **End Date** and time.

Use the Minimum Required Response Time Dashboard Data Points to configure the minimum amount of data ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine requires before displaying a given application or site pair. The data below this threshold is not reliable and may set off a false alarm, however, you can adjust how much data is required based on the individual needs of your network.

The Network Service Dashboard displays the performance (in response time) of your network services. Each column in the dashboard represents a service:

- ALL
- DHCP
- DNS
- Kerberos
- LDAP
- RADIUS

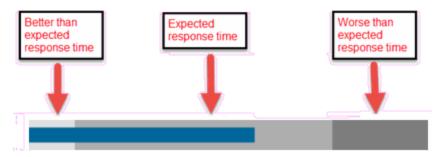
The top graphs for each service displays the average response time of all of the sites for that service, while the following rows indicate the top worst performing sites for that service.

You can display or hide any of the application columns using the **Views** dropdown list. You can also click the **X** at the top of a column to hide the column from the dashboard. Click the **Single Row** icon () to display all columns in a single row, or click the **Double Row** icon () to display the columns in two rows.

The worst performing sites are defined as those whose response time is the slowest when compared to the expected response time observed over the selected time period. For example, a site with an average RADIUS authentication response time of 40 ms over the past seven days that displayed a slowest response time of 50 ms would rank as a better performing site than a site with an average RADIUS authentication response time of 5 ms over the same period that displayed a slowest response time of 30 ms.

Expected Response Time

The Expected Response Time bar graph displays the range of response times, the most recently measured response time, and the expected response time for a network service a specific site during the date range you configure in the Date Range drop-down list. The value displayed on the far right of the graph is the slowest response time observed during the selected time period. The vertical green bar indicates the most recently observed response time for the network service.



Hover over the Expected Response Time graph to display a pop-up with the response time for the network service as well as the date and time the measurement occurred. The Expected Response Time bar graphs also display the client count, represented by a number and a monitor icon (10,), and a client byte count observed as of the most recent measured minute. The client count is the number of clients using the service at the site. The client byte count indicates the amount of storage being utilized by clients. The data used for the client count, the client byte count, and the reported response time are from the same recently observed minute.

NOTE: Client counts and client byte counts are not provided for the bar graphs that display the average response time of all the sites for that service.

ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine uses a standard deviation of the values gathered as response times to determine the expected response time for a network service at a site. In the bar graph, the medium gray color indicates a response time that falls within the "expected" range. A response time in the light gray range is better than expected, while a response time in the dark gray is worse than expected.

When a response time is determined to be worse than expected, the site name and the response time indicator turn red to flag the service. Clicking the Expected Response Time bar graph opens the Response Time dashboard (which is also accessible from the **Analytics > Dashboard** tab) filtered to display the network service. If you click the network service for a particular site, the Response Time dashboard also filters to that site.

Historical Response Time

The Historical Response Time line graph shows all of the response times observed for the network service at a site.

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Hovering over a point in the graph causes a dot on the line graph to appear, indicating the point in the response time at which you are looking. Additionally, a pop-up with the date, time, and response time appears for that point.

This is the data set from which ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine creates the Expected Response Time graph. The wider the expected response time range in the Expected Response Time graph (indicated by the medium gray color), the greater the variance in the values in this graph.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

ExtremeAnalytics Tracked Applications Dashboard

The Tracked Application dashboard displays the performance (in response time) of your network for applications you configure in the **Tracked Applications** field on the **Analytics** > **Configuration** > **Configuration** tab.

To access the Tracked Application dashboard, open the **Analytics** > **Dashboard** tab and select **Tracked Applications** in the dashboard drop-down list.

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Overview

The Tracked Applications dashboard contains two graphs for each application, one displays the average response time over the selected time period and the other displays the individual response times over that period for each site. Data is updated every minute and can be manually refreshed by clicking the **Refresh** button (2).

Select the number of sites displayed in each column in the **Top** field. The Tracked Applications dashboard can display up to 25 sites.

Use the **Time Period** drop-down list to display the date and time range for which data is displayed. Selecting **Custom** displays additional fields allowing you to indicate a **Start Date** and time and an **End Date** and time.

Use the Minimum Required Response Time Dashboard Data Points to configure the minimum amount of data ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine requires before displaying a given application or site pair. The data below this threshold is not reliable and may set off a false alarm, however, you can adjust how much data is required based on the individual needs of your network.

Each column in the dashboard represents an application. The top row displays the average response time of all of the sites for that application, while the following rows indicate the top worst performing sites for that application.

You can display or hide any of the application columns using the **Views** dropdown list. You can also click the **X** at the top of a column to hide the column from the dashboard. Click the **Single Row** icon (IIII) to display all columns in a

single row, or click the **Double Row** icon (**!!**) to display the columns in two

rows.

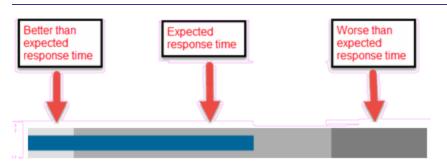
Click the Maximize icon () to expand a single application column.

The worst performing sites are defined as those whose response time is the slowest when compared to the expected response time observed over the selected time period. For example, a site with an average Microsoft Office 365 authentication response time of 40 ms over the past seven days that displayed a slowest response time of 50 ms would rank as a better performing site than a site with an average Microsoft Office 365 authentication response time of 50 ms would rank as a better performing site than a site with an average Microsoft Office 365 authentication response time of 5 ms over the same period that displayed a slowest response time of 30 ms.

Expected Response Time

The Expected Response Time bar graph displays the range of response times, the most recently measured response time, and the expected response time for an application a specific site during the date range you configure in the Date Range drop-down list. The value displayed on the far right of the graph is the slowest response time observed during the selected time period. The vertical blue or red bar indicates the most recently observed response time for the application.





Hover over the Expected Response Time graph to display a pop-up with the most recent response time for the application as well as the date and time the measurement occurred. The Expected Response Time bar graphs also display the client count, represented by a number and a monitor icon (10, and a client byte count observed as of the most recent measured minute. The client count is the number of clients using the service at the site. The client byte count indicates the amount of storage being utilized by clients. The data used for the client count, the client byte count, and the reported application response time are from the same recently observed minute.

NOTE: Client counts and client byte counts are not provided for the bar graphs that display the average application response time of all the sites for that service.

ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine uses the standard deviation of the values gathered as response times to determine the expected response time for an application at a site. In the bar graph, the medium gray color indicates a response time that falls within the "expected" range. This range is the average value of all observed response times plus or minus two standard deviations, or about 95 percent of all response time values. A response time in the light gray range is better than expected, while a response time in the dark gray is worse than expected.

When a response time is determined to be worse than expected, the site name and the response time indicator turn red to flag the application.

Clicking the Expected Response Time bar graph opens the Response Time dashboard filtered to display the application. If you click the application for a particular site, the Response Time dashboard also filters to that site.

Historical Response Time

The Historical Response Time line graph shows all of the response times observed for the application at a site.

NOTE: The values in this graph are an average of all response times observed every hour.

Hovering over a point in the graph causes a dot on the line graph to appear, indicating the point in the response time at which you are looking. Additionally, a pop-up with the date, time, and response time appears for that point.

This is the data set from which ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine creates the Expected Response Time graph. The wider the expected response time range in the Expected Response Time graph (indicated by the medium gray color), the greater the variance in the values in this graph.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

ExtremeAnalytics Browser Overview

The **Browse**r tab lets you query information about recent network activity stored in the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine database and display results in various grid and chart report formats. Using the Browser, you can create custom queries that provide greater flexibility in defining what data to display and how to display it. You can access the Browser from the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine **Analytics** tab.

Overview

The Browser allows you to generate reports in several different formats using data based on selected options including a data target, statistic type, start time, and other search criteria.

For example, you can display application response time for the last hour or the last three days. You can view the results as a grid or a chart. You can filter the results to display data for a specific application or site.

If you have multiple ExtremeAnalytics engines, use the **Engine** drop-down list to select an engine to use as the source for the report data. Then, select the desired options on the left side of the Browser view and click **Submit**. The report is displayed on the right side of the view. Click on an item in the report to view details or right-click an item to select from other focused reports.

After you have generated a report, use the **Gear** menu () (at the bottom left of the options panel) to (save) save it to the Report Designer to use as a custom component, () bookmark the report, or () export it as a CSV file.

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Data Aggregation

Network data displayed in a report is aggregated from your network by the ExtremeAnalytics engine and sent to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine. The data gathering process begins with the ExtremeAnalytics engine, which monitors network activity on the switch or controller you configure using a traffic mirror and NetFlow or application telemetry. The traffic mirror gathers the first (N) packets of a flow to determine the application in use, while NetFlow (a flow-based data collection protocol) provides information about the amount of data sent and received for the application. The engine holds this information in its cache and transmits the aggregated data to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine every five minutes to update the High-Rate data table information and every hour to update the hourly data table information. Creating a report in the Applications Browser displays the information sent from the ExtremeAnalytics engine to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine based on the criteria you select.

NOTE: Information held in the ExtremeAnalytics engine's cache is not saved. Restarting the ExtremeAnalytics engine before the data in the memory cache is sent to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine results in the loss of that information.

Options

Following are definitions of the different options available when creating your custom query.

Data Table

Select which type of network activity data to query. The correct data table to use depends on the nature of the report.

- End-System Details Hourly End-system data collected every hour. Used when data for a specific client or server is needed, or when the information requested is highly specific, for example top applications used by Android devices in the London site.
- Application Data Hourly Application data collected every hour. Used for higher level information, such as top applications during an hour.
- Application Data High-Rate Application data collected at a higher rate (every five minutes). Used for a more detailed picture of how traffic changes over time.
- Application Telemetry Hourly Application Telemetry flow data collected every hour.

Display Format

Select the display format for the report: Grid, Chart Over Time, Word Cloud, Tree Map, or Bubble Map.

Target

Network traffic information is collected on objects in your network called targets. Some targets are physical, such as clients and servers, and some are logical, such as applications. Select the type of target that you want information about. Available targets vary depending on the selected data table. If you want information on a specific target, specify that target in the Search Criteria options.

• Applications – An application in ExtremeAnalytics is identified through layer 7 analysis of network traffic. For example, an application can be identified as Facebook.

- Application/Client Information about applications used by clients, or about clients using an application.
- Application/Device Family Information about applications used by device families, or about device families using an application.
- Application/Interface Information about the applications used by interfaces.
- Application/Profile Information about applications used by profiles, or about profiles using an application.
- Application/Server Information about applications accessed on a particular server, or about severs using an application.
- Application Groups Application categories, such as Cloud Computing or Social Networking, which are implied by the application.
- Device Family The kind of device determined for a client, such as Windows or iOS. Device information is only available for some network traffic.
- Interface/Applications Information about interfaces used by applications.
- Application-Interface Pair/Client Displays the applications and interfaces used by clients.
- Interface/Client Information about the interfaces used by clients.
- Sites <u>Sites</u> are used by ExtremeAnalytics to identify the physical location for the client of an application flow. A site is a set of IP address ranges that identify a portion of your network. Multiple sites can be created to identify different buildings, sites, or geographical areas of your network.
- **Profiles** A profile assigned to a client. Profile information is only collected under certain circumstances.
- Threat Displays a list of the threat classifications that occurred during the Time Period you select.
- Threat/Threat End-System Pair Displays a list of the threat classifications broken down by the IP addresses of the end-systems involved in the flow (the trusted and untrusted hosts) that occurred during the Time Period you select.
- Clients The end-point of a flow which has the client role for that connection.
- Servers The end-point of a flow which has the server role for that connection.
- Total The total values for all detected traffic for the interval used by the data table (hourly or high-rate).

Statistic

Statistics are quantitative data that can be collected for the selected target. Available statistics vary depending on the selected target. Select the desired statistic for the report:

- Bytes The number of bytes transferred in both directions, between the client and the server. Also known as bandwidth.
- Flows The number of NetFlow records sent by the switch to report the traffic between the client and the server.
- Application Response Time The average amount of time for a server to respond to a request.
- Network Response Time The average amount of time to create a connection.
- **Received Bytes** The number of bytes received by clients. This may be an estimated number of bytes if you are using an Application Telemetry flow.
- Sent Bytes The number of bytes sent by clients. This may be an estimated number of bytes if you are using an Application Telemetry flow.
- Inbound Flows The number of NetFlow records sent by the switch to report the server-to-client traffic. This is a rough indication of the duration of client connections.
- Outbound Flows The number of NetFlow records sent by the switch to report the client-to-server traffic. This is a rough indication of the duration of client connections.
- Clients The number of unique clients that have been seen associated with the target.
- Servers The number of unique servers that have been seen associated with the target.
- Application Count The number of unique applications seen for the selected target.

For byte, flow, and application count statistics, if you select a time range that is larger that the interval, specify whether you want the data aggregated as a summation of all the values for that statistic or as an average of all the values for that statistic.

Start Time

Select the start time (duration) for the report: Last Interval, Today, Yesterday, Last 24 Hours, Last 3 Days, or Last Week. You can also specify a custom start time and end time for the report. The Last Interval is the most recent recorded data covering a time period determined by the selected Data Table.

Search Criteria

Defining search criteria allows you to further filter the report data. Available criteria will vary depending on the selected data table and target. If you select either of the Application Data tables, you can only filter based on the selected target. For example, if you select **Sites** as your target, you can only filter on defined sites. If you select the End-System Details data table, you can filter on additional criteria. For example, if you select **Sites** as your target, you can filter on on defined sites as well as flows for iOS devices.

You can enter a partial term in the text field or use the SQL wildcard "%" (as a substitute for multiple characters) or "_" (as a substitute for a single character) for multiple matches. For example, for the Device Family name, you could enter "iPhone %" to match iPhone 3, 4, and 5.

NOTE: Values entered in the text fields that contain multiple, non-alphanumeric characters may cause issues with the returned results. If this happens, alternate values should be used.

- Site Select a site to match or select World. If a site has been added to a map, you will also see a selection for that map. If you select custom, you can enter a partial site name or use the SQL wildcard characters to match one or more sites.
- **Profile** Select an ExtremeControl profile to match or select All. If you select custom, you can enter a partial profile name or use the SQL wildcard characters to match one or more profiles. Profile information is only collected under certain circumstances.
- Application Group Select an application group to match or select All. If you select custom, you can enter a partial application group name or use the SQL wildcard characters to match one or more groups.
- Device Family Select the operating system family to match or select All. If you select custom, you can enter a partial device family name or use the SQL wildcard characters to match one or more families. Device information is only available for some network traffic.
- User Name Enter a client's username to match. Username information is only available for some network traffic.
- Application Enter an application name to match.
- Client Enter a client's IP address or hostname to match.
- Engine Select the ExtremeAnalytics engine for which you are generating the report.
- Limit Select the number of results to return, for example, 10 clients.

Display Options

If you have selected Chart Over Time as your report display format, you can select whether to display the data as a line or an area, and also select the color to use in the chart.

Bookmark

After you have generated a report, click the Gear menu (

left corner to save the options you have currently set. A new window opens for the current report with a link that can be bookmarked in your browser. You can then use the bookmark whenever you want the same search options.

Save to Report Designer

Click the Gear menu (🔹 🗸) in the lower left corner to access the Save to

Report Designer window. This window lets you save the currently defined report to use as a custom component in the Report Designer. The custom component uses the target, statistic, and start time currently defined in the Browser.

Enter a name for the custom component and select any search criteria that you want displayed in the component panel. The search criteria is displayed as fields in the component panel, providing a custom interface that lets you further refine report data. If no search criteria are selected, the saved component only uses the target, statistic, and start time definitions when requesting data, creating a view-only report.

Save to Rep	ort Desig	gner 🗙
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Export to CSV

Click the Gear menu (\bullet) in the lower left corner and click (D) to export the

report data as a CSV file. The currently defined report opens in a spreadsheet, which can then be saved.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

ExtremeAnalytics Application Flows

The Application Flows tab displays tables that present <u>Historical</u>, <u>Bidirectional</u> or <u>Unidirectional</u> client, server, and application flow data. To access the Applications Flows tab, open Analytics > Application Flows.

This Help topic provides information on the following topics:

- Overview
- Application Flows Tables
- <u>Report Features</u>

Overview

The **Application Flows** tab includes several functions that allow you to filter and customize your table data.

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Appliance Engine

If your network uses multiple ExtremeAnalytics engines, use the **Engine** menu to select an engine to use as the source for the flow data.

Туре

Use the **Type** menu to select whether to display <u>Historical</u>, <u>Bidirectional</u> (aggregate flows) or <u>Unidirectional</u> (base flows) flow data.

View

By default, the table displays the latest flows collected. Use the **View** menu to select different display options. The available options vary depending the flow type (bidirectional or unidirectional) selected.

- Latest Displays the latest flows collected by the specified engine.
- Worst Network Response Times Sorts the flows based on the worst TCP response time and displays the flows with the worst time at the top of the chart.
- Worst Application Response Times Sorts the flows based on the worst application response time and displays the flows with the worst time at the top of the chart.
- Show Flows After Allows you to select a start date and time for the flows displayed.
- Show All Show all flows.
- Show Classified Show only flows classified by an application fingerprint.
- Show Unclassified Show only flows not classified by an application fingerprint.
- Show Unclassified Web Traffic Show only web traffic that has not been classified by an application fingerprint.

Application Group

Use the **Application Group** menu to filter the table by application group.

Search

Use the **Search** field at the top right of the table to filter specific flow information. For example, searching on "snmp" or "10.20.30.131/24" filters the table so only flow data related to SNMP or the given subnet is displayed. You can enter one or more filters simultaneously, separated by semicolons. Individual components of a filter is separated by commas. For complete instructions on how to use the Flow Search, rest your cursor on the **Search** field and read the tooltip (select the "more" link in the tooltip). Press the **Reset** button at the bottom left of the window to clear the Search results and refresh the table.

You can also use the **Search** field to search for a specific application, user name, or IP address from your filtered results:

1. Select a user name or IP address from the filtered search results to launch PortView, which provides a detailed topology context for the user.

- Enter meta= before the term for which you are searching includes all variations of that search term in the result set. For example, entering meta=extreme returns extremenetworks.com, www.extremenetworks.com, extreme.boston.com, and any other flows that include the word "extreme".
- 3. Right-click on a flow to access a menu of options including the ability to:
 - Add a new custom fingerprint based on the flow selected in the table.
 - Show all fingerprints associated with the application in the selected flow.
 - Create a UDP or TCP rule using the IP port.
 - Search ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine maps for the selected flow client.
 - Open a Flow Details report for the selected flow (bidirectional flows only).
 - Access a variety of reports for the flow.

Refresh

Use the **Refresh** drop-down list at the top right of the window to specify an interval (in seconds) at which the flows data automatically refreshes. To stop auto refresh, select the **Refresh Off** option.

Application Flows Tables

The columns included in the Application Flows tables vary, depending on the type of data flow you select (Historical, Bidirectional and Unidirectional). Additionally, right-click and select **Start Packet Capture** to save a packet capture of the flow on the **Packet Captures** tab.

Historical Flows

The Historical table displays short-term flow data storage you can use to determine trends in your network.

Bidirectional Flows

The Bidirectional table displays bidirectional flow data stored in memory. It provides aggregated flow data for a given client, server, server port, application, and protocol. All matching flows are aggregated to show the flow count, total duration, amount of data transmitted, and additional information. The bidirectional report presents flow data for real-time troubleshooting purposes, and is not designed for historical long-term flow collection. A checkmark (🗸) in the table denotes a tracked application or a tracked site.

Unidirectional Flows

The Unidirectional table displays unidirectional flow data stored in memory. It provides the raw non-aggregated flow data received from the flow sensors on the network. It presents flow data for real-time troubleshooting purposes, and is not designed for historical long-term flow collection. A checkmark (🖌) in the table denotes a tracked application or a tracked site.

Report Features

The Application Flows tables include several report features and functions that allow you to drill down for more detailed application, site, response time, mapping and policy functions. The report features vary, depending on the type of data flow you select (Historical, Bidirectional and Unidirectional).

Interactive Tables

Manipulate table data in several ways to customize the view for your own needs:

- Select the column headings to **perform an ascending or descending sort** on the column data.
- Hide or display different columns by selecting on a column heading dropdown arrow and selecting the column options from the menu.
- Filter data in each column by selecting on a column heading drop-down arrow and using the Filters option on the menu.

The sort and filter functionality for these two tables behaves differently than for other ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine tables. In these tables, Max <u>Rows</u> are considered for display, and then sorting and filtering is applied to these rows. In other tables, sorting and filtering is applied to the entire table, and then Max Rows of the result is displayed. For example, if the Max Rows value is set to 50 and you create a filter for a specific IP address, only those 50 rows will be filtered for the IP, not all the flows maintained in memory on the server.

CSV Export 📝

The <u>CSV Export button</u> allows you to save report data to a CSV file and to provide report data in table form.

Bookmark Bookmark

Use the **Bookmark button** to save the search, sort, and filtering options you have currently set. It opens a new window for the current report with a link that can be bookmarked in your browser. You can then use the bookmark whenever you want the same search, sort, and filtering options.

Max Rows

By default, the top 100 entries are displayed in the table. However, you can change this value using the Max Rows field at the bottom of the view.

Reset 🔜 Reset

The <u>Reset button</u> enables you to clear the search fields and all filters, and to refresh the table.

Aggregate / Base Flows

Aggregate Flows (bidirectional table) and Base Flows (unidirectional table) data uses an X number of days, hh:mm:ss format and includes Current Load and Peak Load calculations in flows per second.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

ExtremeAnalytics Bidirectional Flow Table

This table on the **Application Flows** tab displays bidirectional flow data that is stored in memory. Use it to view aggregated flow data for a given client, server, server port, application, and protocol. All matching flows are aggregated to show the flow count, total duration, amount of data transmitted, and additional information. The bidirectional report presents flow data for real-time troubleshooting purposes, and is not designed for historical long-term flow collection. A checkmark () in the table denotes a tracked application or a tracked site.

By default, the top 100 entries are displayed in the table. However, you can change this value using the Max Rows field at the bottom of the view.

Text at the bottom of the table shows:

- The CSV Export icon 📧 allows you to save report data to a CSV file and to provide report data in table form
- Aggregate Flows data uses an X number of days, hh:mm:ss format and includes Current Load and Peak Load calculations in flows per second

Following are definitions for the table columns:

Flow Summary

Rest the cursor over the first column in the table and click the \blacksquare arrow to open the **Flow Summary** window. Flow summary information can include response times, Uniform Resource Identifier, and header data for the flow. In the **Flow Summary** window, use the **Menu icon** \equiv to access additional functionality, such as the ability to modify the application fingerprint or create a policy rule.

Flows

The number of base flows included in the aggregate flow. Click on a link in the Flows column to open a **Flow Details** tab that displays the individual flows that contributed to the aggregate flow.

Client Address

The IP address or hostname of the system where the flow originated. Click on the Client address link to open a **PortView** for the client (if it is in the database) or a **PortView** for the switch configured as the NetFlow sensor.

Server Address

The IP address or hostname of the server handling the flow.

Server Port

Either the TCP or UDP port on the server handling the flow.

Application

The name of the application as identified by the ExtremeAnalytics engine using the Fingerprint database.

Application Group

The flow application group to which the application belongs.

Application Info

Additional information about the flow provided by the ExtremeAnalytics engine. Hover over the flow and a table of the information displays.

Туре

The content type of a flow, such as sound, video, or text. Click on the **Type** icon to open the flow's URI.

Network Response

The response time (in milliseconds) that it took for the TCP request to complete.

Application Response

The response time (in milliseconds) that it took the application request to complete.

Site

The name of the site that matches the client's IP address.

Detailed Site

The client's switch IP and switch port (wired), or controller IP, AP, and SSID (wireless).

Device Family

The operating system family for the client end-system.

User

The username used when the client system connected.

Profile

The ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine profile assigned to the client end-system.

Threat

Indicates if the flow contains potential threat activity from IP addresses known to be suspicious. IP addresses can be flagged as suspicious for a variety of reasons, including forced IP anonymity through the use of a Tor exit node, being listed as a threat by the Emerging Threats project, or classified as suspicious by internet users.

Protocol

The connection type protocol used by the flow.

Last Seen Time

The last time a unidirectional (base) flow was aggregated into this bidirectional flow.

Duration

The duration of a bidirectional (aggregate) flow is the sum of the durations of the unidirectional (base) flows that make up the bidirectional flow. The

duration of a bidirectional flow may be greater than or less than the period of time indicated by the **First Seen** and **Last Seen Time**. This is because there may be times during that time period when no flow is active or when several flows are active at the same time.

NOTE: Bidirectional flows may be greater than the period of time between the **First Seen** and **Last Seen Time** columns because they display the sum of all flow records for a client and a server on a server port. For a flow that lasts for 60 seconds, there are two flow records (a client to server flow and a server to client flow), so the total duration may exceed 60 seconds. Multiple simultaneous connections from the client to the same server port (e.g. multiple browser windows open to a web-based email client) can also increase the duration.

Rate

The average bandwidth for the flow based on the total flow duration. Because bandwidth calculations are based on the total duration (not on the **First Seen** and **Last Seen Time**), they represent the average throughput for each flow considered separately, not as an aggregate.

Tx Packets

The number of packets transmitted for this flow. For flows collected via Application Telemetry, this number may be estimated.

Rx Packets

The number of packets received for this flow. For flows collected via Application Telemetry, this number may be estimated.

Tx Bytes

The number of bytes transmitted for this flow. For flows collected via Application Telemetry, this number may be estimated.

Rx Bytes

The number of bytes received for this flow. For flows collected via Application Telemetry, this number may be estimated.

Traffic Records

The number of records received in each flow.

Flow Source

The IP address of the NetFlow source switch, Application Telemetry source switch, or wireless controller sending the NetFlow data to the NetFlow collector.

Input Interface

The interface receiving the flow on the NetFlow sensor.

Output Interface

The interface transmitting the flow on the NetFlow sensor.

Client TOS

The DSCP (Diffserv Codepoint) value for the client to server flow. The TOS/DSCP value is used to configure quality of service for network traffic.

Server TOS

The DSCP (Diffserv Codepoint) value for the server to client flow. The TOS/DSCP value is used to configure quality of service for network traffic.

TTL

The TTL (IP Time to Live) value of the flow. The TTL field indicates the maximum number of router hops the packet can make before being discarded. The TTL field is set by the packet sender and reduced by every router on the route to its destination. When the value hits zero, the packet is dropped.

Related Information

- ExtremeAnalyticstab
- Application Flows tab

ExtremeAnalytics Unidirectional Flow Table

This table on the **Application Flows** tab displays unidirectional flow data stored in memory. It displays the raw, non-aggregated flow data received from the flow sensors on the network. It presents flow data for real-time troubleshooting purposes, and is not designed for historical long-term flow collection. A checkmark (*****) in the table denotes a tracked application or a tracked site.

Hover over an application in the table to display switch data, which is an accumulation of multiple switches into single flow record, as well as the path that flow has taken.

By default, the top 100 entries are displayed in the table. However, you can change this value using the Max Rows field at the bottom of the view.

Text at the bottom of the table shows Base Flows, using X number of days, hh:mm:ss format, and including Current Load and Peak Load calculations in flows per second.

Following are definitions for the table columns:

Flow Summary

Rest the cursor over the first column in the table and click the sarrow to open the **Flow Summary** window for a specific flow. Flow summary information can include response times, Uniform Resource Identifier, and header data for the flow. In the **Flow Summary** window, use the **Gear** menu = to access additional functionality such as the ability to modify the application fingerprint or create a policy rule.

Client/Server Flows

Identifies whether the flow is a Client Flow 💷 or a Server Flow 💷. The client/server direction of a flow is calculated by the ExtremeAnalytics engine. Hover over the icon to see a tooltip with more information.

Source Address

The IP address or hostname of the system where the flow originated. Click on the Source address link to open a **PortView** for the client or server (if it is in the database) or a **PortView** for the switch configured as the NetFlow sensor.

Source Port

Either the TCP or UDP port on the client/server handling the flow.

Destination Address

The IP address or hostname of the system that received the flow.

Destination Port

Either the TCP or UDP port on the system that received the flow.

Application

The name of the application as identified by the ExtremeAnalytics engine using the Fingerprint database.

Application Group

The flow application group to which the application belongs.

Application Info

Additional information about the flow provided by the ExtremeAnalytics engine.

Туре

The content type of a flow, such as sound, video, or text. Click on the **Type** icon to open the flow's URI.

Network Response

The response time (in milliseconds) that it took for the TCP request to complete.

Application Response

The response time (in milliseconds) that it took the application request to complete.

Site

The site where the flow originated.

Detailed Site

The client's switch IP and switch port (wired), or controller IP, AP, and SSID (wireless).

Device Family

The operating system family for the client end-system.

User

The username used when the client system connected.

Profile

The ExtremeControl profile assigned to the client end-system.

Protocol

The connection type protocol used by the flow.

Last Seen Time

The last time the flow was seen.

Duration

The amount of time that the flow was active.

Rate

The average bandwidth for the flow based on the flow duration.

Packets

The number of packets in this flow. For flows collected via Application Telemetry, this number may be estimated.

Bytes

The number of bytes in this flow. For flows collected via Application Telemetry, this number may be estimated.

NetFlow Records

The number of NetFlow records for this flow.

Flow Source

The IP address of the NetFlow source switch, Application Telemetry source switch, or wireless controller sending the Flow data to the Flow collector.

Input Interface

The interface receiving the flow on the Flow sensor.

Output Interface

The interface transmitting the flow on the Flow sensor.

TOS

The DSCP (Diffserv Codepoint) value for the flow. The TOS/DSCP value is used to configure quality of service for network traffic.

TTL

The TTL (IP Time to Live) value of the flow. The TTL field indicates the maximum number of router hops the packet can make before being discarded. The TTL field is set by the packet sender and reduced by every router on the route to its destination. When the value hits zero, the packet is dropped.

Related Information

- ExtremeAnalytics tab
- Application Flows tab

ExtremeAnalytics Historical Flow Table

The Historical Flow table in the **Application Flows** tab displays historical flow data that you can use to analyze trends in your network. The Historical Flow table is not designed for long-term flow collection.

6 -	pva-305 💌	Historical 💌	0	Last 30 Mir	nutes 👻	End-System:		Refre	sh Off 🔻
	Client Address	Client Port	Serve	r Address	Server Por	t Application	Application Group	Application Info	Network
		42042			https	Facebook	Social Networking	DHCP_ClientIP=10.2	
		64972			https	Facebook	Social Networking	DHCP_ClientIP=10.2	
		36486			https	Facebook	Social Networking	DHCP_ClientIP=10.2	
2		43117			5228	Google Talk	Real Time and Cloud C	DHCP_ClientIP=10.2	- 1
		35154			http	Google	Search Engines	User-Agent=Dalvik/1	
		59743		100	https	Facebook	Social Networking	SSLVersion=TLS 1.0	
		50930			https	Facebook	Social Networking	DHCP_ClientIP=10.2	
		52225			https	Facebook	Social Networking	DHCP_ClientIP=10.2	
ι		34934			5228	Google	Search Engines	ClientOS=Android uu	
		62586			https	Apple	Web Content Services	DHCP_ClientIP=10.2	6.96 ms
1		60606			domain	DNS	Protocols	ServerIP=75.75.75.7	
		50304	100		https	Encrypted	Web Applications	DHCP_ClientIP=10.2	
		64168			https	Apple	Web Content Services	SSLVersion=TLS 1.0	
		45108			https	Facebook	Social Networking	DHCP_ClientIP=10.2	
		35591			https	Facebook	Social Networking	DHCP_ClientIP=10.2	
		44034		-	https	Facebook	Social Networking	DHCP_ClientIP=10.2	
		40921			https	Facebook	Social Networking	DHCP_ClientIP=10.2	
		53444			https	Google Use	Cloud Storage	ClientOS=iOS iPhon	
		64447		-	halfing	Values Adv	Aductions	Usar Annatukianilai	
8 H.	0.1.00								
	Max Rov	ws: 100	÷ .	0 🌆 R	eset Histo	rical Flows: 1 Day	s 06:02.46 (Current Load: 1	1,010 tps / Peak 1,273 tps)	Dist >

Hover over an application in the table to display switch data, which is an accumulation of multiple switches into single flow record, as well as the path that flow has taken.

By default, the top 100 entries are displayed in the table. However, you can change this value using the Max Rows field at the bottom of the view.

Text at the bottom of the table shows Base Flows, using X number of days, hh:mm:ss format, and including Current Load and Peak Load calculations in flows per second.

Following are definitions for the table columns:

Client Address

The IP address or hostname of the system where the flow originated. Click on the Client address link to open a **PortView** for the client (if it is in the database) or a **PortView** for the switch configured as the NetFlow sensor.

Client Port

Either the TCP or UDP port on the client handling the flow.

Server Address

The IP address or hostname of the server handling the flow.

Server Port

Either the TCP or UDP port on the server handling the flow.

Application

The name of the application as identified by the ExtremeAnalytics engine using the Fingerprint database.

Application Group

The flow application group to which the application belongs.

Application Info

Additional information about the flow provided by the ExtremeAnalytics engine.

Network Response

The response time (in milliseconds) that it took for the TCP request to complete.

Application Response

The response time (in milliseconds) that it took the application request to complete.

Start Time

The start time.

Duration

The amount of time that the flow was active.

Last Seen

The last time the flow was seen.

Client Site

The name of the site that matches the client's IP address.

Server Site

The site of the server.

Detailed Site

Detailed site information

Protocol

The connection type protocol used by the flow.

Rate

The average bandwidth for the flow based on the flow duration.

Client Bytes

The number of bytes in this flow. For flows collected via Application Telemetry, this number may be estimated.

Client Packets

The number of packets in this flow. For flows collected via Application Telemetry, this number may be estimated.

Server Bytes

The number of bytes in this flow. For flows collected via Application Telemetry, this number may be estimated.

Server Packets

The number of packets in this flow. For flows collected via Application Telemetry, this number may be estimated.

Analytics Appliance

The engine to which the server is assigned.

Related Information

- ExtremeAnalytics
- Application Flows

ExtremeAnalytics Fingerprints Overview

The **Fingerprints** tab provides detailed information about fingerprints used by ExtremeAnalytics to identify application flows. A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. They can be created based on flow, application or application group, or a destination address. For applications such as Facebook and Google, multiple fingerprints are included to capture the different ways these applications can be used.

Fingerprints are created and stored on the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server. When a fingerprint is changed or enabled, a flag is raised on the ExtremeAnalyticsengine to show it needs enforcing. Access the Browser from the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine **Analytics** tab.

There are two types of fingerprints: system fingerprints and custom fingerprints.

System fingerprints are provided by ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine. They cannot be deleted; however, they can be modified or disabled. When a system fingerprint is modified, it results in a new custom fingerprint that overrides the original system fingerprint.

Custom fingerprints are either new user-defined fingerprints or modifications of system fingerprints. Custom fingerprints can be deleted. If a custom fingerprint was overriding a system fingerprint, then deleting the custom fingerprint will reload the original system fingerprint.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

ExtremeAnalytics Custom Fingerprints

Custom fingerprints are either new user-defined fingerprints or modifications of system fingerprints. Custom fingerprints can be deleted. If a custom fingerprint was overriding a system fingerprint, then deleting the custom fingerprint will reload the original system fingerprint.

The <u>Fingerprints</u> view is divided into a left-panel tree and a table with six <u>columns</u>. The left-panel tree displays all the <u>application groups</u> and the fingerprints assigned to that group. The table on the right displays detailed information for each fingerprint. You can filter the information displayed in the table by selecting a single application group or fingerprint in the left-panel.

Fingerprint Table

The Fingerprint table displays detailed fingerprint information. Above the table, in the top left corner, is a <u>Menu</u> icon \equiv , where you can access various system and fingerprint actions.

If you have multiple ExtremeAnalytics engines, an **Engine** menu is available that allows you to select an engine to use as the source for the fingerprint <u>Matches</u> data.

Use the **In Use** checkbox to filter the table to only show fingerprints that have had a match for the selected engine. Use the **Customized** checkbox to filter the table to display only custom fingerprints.

Menu

Use the Menu icon \equiv to access the following system and fingerprint actions. (You must have a fingerprint selected to enable the **Fingerprint** menu options.) Most of the options are also available by right-clicking on a fingerprint.

- Create Fingerprint Add a new fingerprint.
- Modify Fingerprint Change a fingerprint's description.
- Reset Fingerprint Counters Reset the Matches counters.
- Delete Custom Fingerprint Delete custom fingerprints, which can be identified by a ✓ in the Custom column.
- Fingerprint Definition View the XML definition for a fingerprint.

Column Definitions

Following are definitions for the table columns. All columns are sortable in ascending and descending order and can be filtered by text or numeric values.

Application

Name of the application this fingerprint detects. Click on an **Application** link to view client, flow, and usage information for that specific application.

Fingerprint

Name of the fingerprint.

Confidence

Reliability of this fingerprint. Higher confidence fingerprints override lower confidence fingerprints when determining a match for a traffic flow. The values are from 1 to 100, with 100 being absolutely reliable.

Custom

A check mark ✓ indicates the fingerprint is a custom (user-defined) fingerprint. It is custom if it is a new fingerprint that has been added, a system fingerprint that has been modified, or a system fingerprint that has been disabled.

Application Group

The group this fingerprint's application belongs to. Application groups organize fingerprints into different types of applications such as Web applications or Business applications. You can sort the **Application Flows** view by application group, making it easier to view data for a specific type of flow. An application may only belong to one application group.

Matches

The total number of times a traffic flow has matched this fingerprint for the selected engine. A match is an occurrence of the ExtremeAnalytics engine making a final determination that a flow matches a fingerprint after all refinements are completed. The corresponding flow in the opposite direction, if there is one, is also matched. See Notes below.

- **NOTES:** Matches are stored and displayed per engine. If you have multiple engines, use the **Engine** menu to select an engine to use as the source for the Hits and Matches data.
 - If a flow generates hits on multiple fingerprints, and one fingerprint has a higher confidence than another fingerprint, a hit is counted for each fingerprint, but a match is only recorded for the final, highest confidence fingerprint.
 - If you need to reset the Matches counters, use the Reset
 Fingerprint Counters option from the Menu icon (≡).

Туре

The fingerprint type refers to how the fingerprint determines a match.

- FlexFire These fingerprints execute specific matching algorithms encoded into the engine. Disabling the fingerprint disables the specific code that implements the fingerprint.
- PCRE These fingerprints search using Perl Compatible Regular Expressions (PCRE).
- Port-based These fingerprints search for traffic on a specific port (typically, server-only ports). These are very low-confidence fingerprints and are generally just used for wider coverage.
- Web-App Rule These fingerprints search for a specific hostname in the URI of web requests.
- SSL Name These fingerprints search for values in the SSL common name.
- Http Host These fingerprints search for values in the HTTP hostname.
- Decoder These fingerprints extract protocol metadata from a flow that is provided when we generate a match on that flow.
- General Any fingerprint that isn't included in one of the other types. Typically, these fingerprints search for a straight pattern, or for a specific port and/or IP address with custom fingerprints (excluding custom Web-App Rule fingerprints).

Enabled

A ✓ indicates the fingerprint is enabled. When a fingerprint is enabled, it will be used to identify applications. When it is disabled, it will be ignored.

Last Modified

Date that the fingerprint was last modified.

Created

Date that the fingerprint was created.

Description

Description of the fingerprint.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

Delete Custom Fingerprints

ExtremeAnalytics uses fingerprints to identify to which application a network traffic flow belongs. A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine provides thousands of system fingerprints with the ExtremeAnalytics feature. In addition, you can modify these fingerprints and create new custom fingerprints.

Deleting a Custom Fingerprint

Delete a custom fingerprint from the **Fingerprints** tab. A custom fingerprint is either a new user-defined fingerprint, a modification of a system fingerprint, or a disabled fingerprint. (Custom fingerprints can be identified by a \checkmark in the Custom column.)

When you delete a custom fingerprint, it is removed entirely. If you delete a custom fingerprint overriding a system fingerprint, the original system fingerprint is reloaded. System fingerprints that have not been modified cannot be deleted, however, they can be disabled.

Use these steps to delete a custom fingerprint:

- 1. Select the **Analytics** tab in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine and then select the Fingerprints view
- 2. Right-click on the desired custom fingerprint in the Fingerprints table and select **Delete Custom Fingerprint**. The Delete Fingerprint window opens.



- 3. You can delete only the selected fingerprint or select the option to delete all custom fingerprints that match the application name of the selected fingerprint.
- 4. Click **OK**. If a custom fingerprint overrides a system fingerprint, then deleting the custom fingerprint reloads the original system fingerprint.
- 5. Enforce to push the change to your engines.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

Custom Fingerprint Examples

The ExtremeAnalytics feature uses fingerprints to identify to which application a network traffic flow belongs. A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine provides thousands of system fingerprints with the ExtremeAnalytics feature. In addition, you can create new custom fingerprints.

For additional information, see Getting Started with ExtremeAnalytics.

This Help topic provides examples of three different types of custom fingerprints you can create:

- Fingerprints Based on a Flow
- Fingerprints Based on an Application or Application Group
- Fingerprints Based on a Destination Address

For additional information, see Add and Modify Fingerprints.

Fingerprints Based on a Flow

This example demonstrates how to create a custom fingerprint based on X Window System network traffic.

In the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Flows table (with the Show Unclassified View selected) you notice several flows that had an X Window System source port 6049. Since these flows are not currently identified with a fingerprint, you can create a fingerprint for those flows based on the port that x11 traffic normally runs over.

Use the following steps to create the fingerprint.

- 1. Select the Analytics tab.
- 2. Select the Application Flows tab.
- 3. In the table, select the **Show Unclassified View**.
- 4. Right-click on a flow with the x11 Source Port and select Fingerprints > Add Fingerprint.

5. The Add Fingerprint window opens.

Add Fingerprint			\otimes
Create a fingerprint ma	ching the following compo	nents of thi	s flow.
Port x11 [6049]			~
Application Name:	X Windows System		
Application Group:	Protocols		~
Confidence:	60		0
Description:	X Windows System N	etwork traffi	c.
This fingerprint needs to effect.	be enforced to appliance	s before it c	an take
		ОК	Cancel

- 6. Use the drop-down list to select matching Portx11 [6049].
- 7. Set the Application Name to X Window System.
- 8. Set the Application Group to Protocols.
- 9. Set the **Confidence** level to **60** (the default). A fingerprint with a confidence higher than 60 can supersede this fingerprint, if it also matches the flow.
- 10. Click **OK** to create the fingerprint.
- 11. Enforce to push the new fingerprint to your engines.

Fingerprints Based on an Application or Application Group

This example demonstrates how to create a fingerprint for some unclassified web traffic.

In the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Application Flows table (with the Show Unclassified Web Traffic View selected) you noticed several flows for the "yahoo ads" application that are part of the Web Applications group. You want to create a fingerprint that provides an application and application group specifically for this traffic, instead of letting it default to the Web Applications group. The new fingerprint categorizes "yahoo ads" flows into the Yahoo Ads Id application and the Advertising application group.

Use the following steps to create the fingerprint.

- 1. Select the Analytics tab in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine.
- 2. Select the Application Flows tab.
- 3. In the table, select the Show Unclassified Web Traffic View.
- 4. Right-click on a flow with the yahoo ads application and select **Fingerprints** > **Add Fingerprint**.
- 5. The Add Fingerprint window opens.

	tching the following component	
Host yahoo ads		~
Application Name:	Yahoo Ads	
Application Group:	Advertising	~
Confidence:	60	0
Description:		
	o be enforced to appliances bef	

- 6. Use the drop-down list to select matching the "yahoo ads" host.
- 7. Set the Application Name to Yahoo Ads.
- 8. Set the Application Group to Advertising.
- 9. Set the **Confidence** level to **60** (the default). A fingerprint with a confidence higher than 60 can supersede this fingerprint, if it also matches the flow.
- 10. Click **OK** to create the fingerprint.
- 11. Enforce to push the new fingerprint to your engines.

Fingerprints Based on a Destination Address

In both of the previous examples, you created a new custom fingerprint to cover a case where no appropriate fingerprint existed. You may also want to create a new fingerprint for traffic flows already identified as one application, but should be categorized as something else.

For example, let's say you have a Git repository on your network. Git repositories (a source code management system used in software development) are frequently accessed via SSH on port 22 (the standard TCP port assigned for SSH traffic). In this case, the SSH traffic flows is identified using the system SSH portbased fingerprint.

But what if you would like to more closely monitor who is accessing the Git repository? If you know you are running the Git server on a certain system (10.20.117.102 port 22, for our example), you can create a custom fingerprint to identify the Git traffic flows.

The fingerprint is based on one of the SSH flows using the IP address/port of the Git server and have a higher confidence than the system port-based fingerprint. The higher confidence fingerprint will override the lower confidence fingerprint when determining a match for the traffic flow.

Use the following steps to create the fingerprint.

- 1. Select the Analytics tab in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine.
- 2. Select the Application Flows tab.
- 3. In the table, right-click on an SSH port-based flow with the Git server destination address and select **Fingerprints** > **Add Fingerprint**.

4. The Add Fingerprint window opens.

Address proxyserver () on port http [80]	*
Application Name:	Proxy	
Application Group:	Web Applications	~
Confidence:	15	\$
Description:		

- 5. Use the drop-down list to select matching the Git server IP address and port.
- 6. Set the Application Name to Git.
- 7. Select an Application Group that makes the most sense for your network. It might be Web Collaboration, Databases, Business Applications, or Storage. You can also create a new Application Group using the Create Custom Application Group option available from the gear menu in the Fingerprint Details tab. (You would need to do this before you create the custom fingerprint.)
- 8. Set the **Confidence** level to **60**, which is a higher confidence than the current fingerprint which is set at 10.
- 9. Click **OK** to create the fingerprint.
- 10. Enforce to push the new fingerprint to your engines.

Related Information

For information on related ExtremeAnalytics topics:

- <u>Analytics</u>
- Add and Modify Fingerprints

Create Custom Fingerprints Based on Flow

The ExtremeAnalytics feature uses fingerprints to identify to which application a network traffic flow belongs. A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine provides thousands of system fingerprints with the ExtremeAnalytics feature. In addition, you can create new custom fingerprints.

Creating Fingerprints Based on a Flow

This example demonstrates how to create a custom fingerprint based on X Window System network traffic.

In the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Flows table (with the Show Unclassified View selected) you notice several flows that had an X Window System source port 6049. Since these flows are not currently identified with a fingerprint, you can create a fingerprint for those flows based on the port that x11 traffic normally runs over.

Use the following steps to create the fingerprint.

- 1. Select the **Analytics** tab.
- 2. Select the Application Flows tab.
- 3. In the table, select the **Show Unclassified View**.
- 4. Right-click on a flow with the x11 Source Port and select Fingerprints > Add Fingerprint.

5. The Add Fingerprint window opens.

Add Fingerprint		
Create a fingerprint ma	tching the following component	ts of this flow.
Port x11 [6049]		~
Application Name:	X Windows System	
Application Group:	Protocols	~
Confidence:	60	0
Description:	X Windows System Netwo	ork traffic.
This fingerprint needs t effect.	be enforced to appliances be	fore it can take
enec.	ок	Cancel

- 6. Use the drop-down list to select matching Portx11 [6049].
- 7. Set the Application Name to X Window System.
- 8. Set the Application Group to Protocols.
- 9. Set the **Confidence** level to **60** (the default). A fingerprint with a confidence higher than 60 can supersede this fingerprint, if it also matches the flow.
- 10. Click **OK** to create the fingerprint.
- 11. Enforce to push the new fingerprint to your engines.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

Create Custom Fingerprints Based on Destination Address

The ExtremeAnalytics feature uses fingerprints to identify to which application a network traffic flow belongs. A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine provides thousands of system fingerprints with the ExtremeAnalytics feature. In addition, you can create new custom fingerprints.

Creating Fingerprints Based on a Destination Address

Often, you will create a new custom fingerprint to cover a case where no appropriate fingerprint existed. However, you may also want to create a new fingerprint for traffic flows already identified as one application, but should be categorized as something else.

For example, let's say you have a Git repository on your network. Git repositories (a source code management system used in software development) are frequently accessed via SSH on port 22 (the standard TCP port assigned for SSH traffic). In this case, the SSH traffic flows is identified using the system SSH portbased fingerprint.

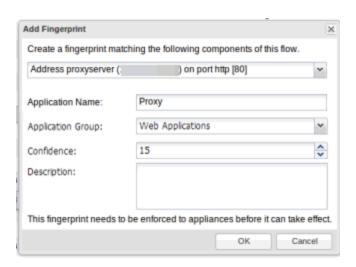
But what if you would like to more closely monitor who is accessing the Git repository? If you know you are running the Git server on a certain system (10.20.117.102 port 22, for our example), you can create a custom fingerprint to identify the Git traffic flows.

The fingerprint is based on one of the SSH flows using the IP address/port of the Git server and have a higher confidence than the system port-based fingerprint. The higher confidence fingerprint will override the lower confidence fingerprint when determining a match for the traffic flow.

Use the following steps to create the fingerprint.

- 1. Select the Analytics tab in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine.
- 2. Select the Application Flows tab.

- 3. In the table, right-click on an SSH port-based flow with the Git server destination address and select **Fingerprints** > **Add Fingerprint**.
- 4. The Add Fingerprint window opens.



- 5. Use the drop-down list to select matching the Git server IP address and port.
- 6. Set the Application Name to Git.
- 7. Select an Application Group that makes the most sense for your network. It might be Web Collaboration, Databases, Business Applications, or Storage. You can also create a new Application Group using the Create Custom Application Group option available from the gear menu in the Fingerprint Details tab. (You would need to do this before you create the custom fingerprint.)
- 8. Set the **Confidence** level to **60**, which is a higher confidence than the current fingerprint which is set at 10.
- 9. Click **OK** to create the fingerprint.
- 10. Enforce to push the new fingerprint to your engines.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

Create Custom Fingerprints Based on Application or Application Group

The ExtremeAnalytics feature uses fingerprints to identify to which application a network traffic flow belongs. A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine provides thousands of system fingerprints with the ExtremeAnalytics feature. In addition, you can create new custom fingerprints.

Creating Fingerprints Based on an Application or Application Group

This example demonstrates how to create a fingerprint for some unclassified web traffic.

In the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Application Flows table (with the Show Unclassified Web Traffic View selected), several flows for the "yahoo ads" application are part of the Web Applications group. The following instructions will allow you to create a fingerprint that provides an application and application group specifically for this traffic, instead of letting it default to the Web Applications group. The new fingerprint categorizes "yahoo ads" flows into the Yahoo Ads Id application and the Advertising application group.

Use the following steps to create the fingerprint.

- 1. Select the Analytics tab in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine.
- 2. Select the Application Flows tab.
- 3. In the table, select the Show Unclassified Web Traffic View.
- 4. Right-click on a flow with the yahoo ads application and select **Fingerprints** > **Add Fingerprint**.

5. The Add Fingerprint window opens.

Host yahoo ads		~
Application Name:	Yahoo Ads	
Application Group:	Advertising	~
Confidence:	60	0
Description:		

- 6. Use the drop-down list to select matching the "yahoo ads" host.
- 7. Set the Application Name to Yahoo Ads.
- 8. Set the Application Group to Advertising.
- 9. Set the **Confidence** level to **60** (the default). A fingerprint with a confidence higher than 60 can supersede this fingerprint, if it also matches the flow.
- 10. Click **OK** to create the fingerprint.
- 11. Enforce to push the new fingerprint to your engines.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

ExtremeAnalytics Packet Captures

Packet Captures (pcaps) consist of data included in flows collected by the ExtremeAnalytics engine you can use to analyze and assess the activity and traffic flow to and from IP addresses accessing devices in your network.

The **Packet Captures** tab displays a table with detailed information about pcaps you create from flows on the **Application Flows** tab. Use the **Download** button to download a pcap file you select in the table you can analyze using a packet analyzer. Use the **Stop** button to stop a currently running packet capture. Use the **Delete** button to remove selected pcap(s) from the table. You can also select **Download** and **Delete** by right-clicking on the pcap file in the table.

Ε	< Dashbo	ard Browser	Application Flow	s Fingerprints P	acket Captures	Configuration	Rep >
#	📥 Download	d 🍦 Stop 🤤	Delete				
•	IP Address	Date/Time ↓	File Size	File Name	Source 8	Engine Status	
+		12/12/2018, 10:09:4	9 1.06 MB	20181213_0304_1.22.9.1	50.pcap pva-305	Completed	^
£		12/5/2018, 3:25:59 F	PM 10.49 MB	20181205_2021_1.25.0.3	pcap pva-305	Completed	
		12/5/2018, 2:58:33 F	PM 119.61 kB	20181205_1948_1.22.23.	188.pcap pva-305	Completed	
₩.		12/5/2018, 2:41:34 F	PM 9.89 MB	20181205_1940_1.28.0.1	pcap pva-305	Completed	
ş		12/5/2018, 2:15:45 F	PM 10.49 MB	20181205_1910_1.25.0.1	1.pcap pva-305	Completed	
~		12/5/2018, 2:09:11 F	PM 5.83 MB	20181205_1906_1.25.0.1	1.pcap pva-305	Completed	
Ø		12/5/2018, 1:23:31 F	PM 1.56 MB	20181205_1813_1.22.10.	177.pcap pva-305	Completed	
		12/5/2018, 12:43:12	171 kB	20181205_1738_1.26.10.2	253.pcap pva-305	Completed	
U		12/4/2018, 10:13:41	159.53 kB	20181205_0309_1.5.18.8	5.pcap pva-305	Completed	
1.64		12/4/2018, 10:12:41	856.23 kB	20181205_0307_1.24.0.9	pcap pva-305	Completed	
<u>.111</u>		12/4/2018, 10:10:21	10.49 MB	20181205_0307_1.28.0.1	pcap pva-305	Completed	
		12/4/2018, 9:46:52 F	PM 24.13 kB	20181205_0244_1.19.2.2	02.pcap pva-305	Completed	
		12/4/2018, 8:58:15 /	M 10.49 MB	20181204_1354_1.28.0.1	pcap pva-305	Completed	
*		12/4/2018, 8:57:57 /	AM 4.91 kB	20181204_1357_1.1.18.2	11.pcap pva-305	Completed	
_		11/1/2018, 9:54:45 /	M 419.01 kB	20181101_1350_1.10.0.1	5.pcap pva-305	Completed	
Ħ		11/1/2018, 9:53:43 A	M 10.49 MB	20181101_1348_1.28.0.3	pcap pva-305	Completed	
		11/1/2018, 9:53:14 #	45.27 kB	20181101_1352_1.24.0.43	3.pcap pva-305	Completed	
		11/1/2018, 9:46:53 A	M 10.49 MB	20181101_1342_1.14.0.4	pcap pva-305	Completed	
		10/17/2018, 4:10:51	24 bytes	20181017_1713_23.3.109	.97.pcap pva-305	Completed	
		10/17/2018, 5:35:44	24 bytes	20181017_0925_1.15.14.	1.pcap pva-305	Completed	
		10/17/2018 5:31-27	21 hutoe	20181017 0031 1 15 14	1 ncan nva 305	Completed	•
•] Uptime: 1 Day	21:40:20		Operatio	ns 💿 🛛 🖓 👩 🚺	3 0

IP Address

The IP address of the client accessing the packet.

Date/Time

The date and time of the packet capture.

File Size

The file size of the captured packet, in bytes.

File Name

The file name and path of the captured packet.

Source Engine

The ExtremeAnalytics engine that captured the packet.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

ExtremeAnalytics Configuration Overview

Use the **Configuration** tab to view detailed information on the ExtremeAnalytics engines you configure. You can also use the tab to add and enforce your engines, and access engine reports and diagnostics. You must be a member of an authorization group assigned the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine ExtremeAnalytics Read/Write Access capability to view the **Configuration** tab.

Use the left panel in the Configuration view to access various engine administrative options and reports. This Help topic provides information on the following operations available in the left panel:

- Engines
 - <u>Status</u>
 - Configuration
- Virtual Sensors
- <u>Overview</u>
- Fingerprints
- Licenses
- <u>Status</u>
- <u>Configuration</u>

Engines

View engine status information, configure web credentials, and configure advanced options for an individual engine.

Add

Adds a new ExtremeAnalytics engine to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine.

Delete

Delete the selected engine.

Enforce

Enforce the selected engine.

Enforce All

Enforces all of the ExtremeAnalytics engines added to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine.

Poll

Poll the selected engine.

Restart Collector

Restarts the ExtremeAnalytics engine's collector process.

Status

Select an engine and expand the menu to select Status, where you can view engine status including flow collector, application sensor, CPU and memory, flow sources, and diagnostic information.

Configuration

Select an engine and expand the menu to select **Configuration**, where you can configure advanced options for the selected ExtremeAnalyticsengine:

- Set privacy levels.
- Add and enforce Engines.
- Enable ExtremeControl Integration.
- Add advanced configuration properties.
- Enable sensor modules and sensor module logging.
- Add or remove devices as Application Telemetry flow sources.

Virtual Sensors

Select to display the <u>Virtual Sensors tab</u>, which lists all of the available Virtual Machines on your network as well as those <u>configured as Virtual Sensors</u>.

Fingerprints

View data for the application fingerprints in use.

Fingerprints	
Update 🎕 Update Settings 🛛 😂	
Statistic	Total
Fingerprints found	10458
Fingerprints customized	0
Fingerprints enabled	10458
Fingerprints utilizing PCREs	3042
Applications	8514
Feature: Decoder fingerprints	18
Feature: FlexFire fingerprints	211
Feature: HTTP Host fingerprints	48
Feature: Port-Based fingerprints	5689
Feature: WebAppRule fingerprints	2979
Feature: General fingerprints	1513

Use the **Menu** icon (\equiv) to access the following system fingerprint actions:

Update

Perform a manual one-time update of the fingerprint database.

Update Settings

Schedule fingerprint updates to be performed automatically on a daily or weekly basis.

Licenses

The Licenses window displays data for each license listed, including flow and end-system capacity totals. Select the **Add** button (③) to increase licensing capacity.

Status

View a collection of ExtremeAnalytics system statistics, including Disk Usage and Approximate Row Counts, as well as Device Families and Profiles.

Configuration

Use the Configuration window to configure the application information displayed in the **ExtremeAnalytics** tab.

Creating Fingerprints Based on an Application or Application Group

~			
	nfigu	100010	nn
	and a la	10.11	

Show Low Confidence Matches: Hide Local Collector When Unused: Application Dashboard Map: /World	
Application Dashboard Map: World	
represent of the sector of the	-
Tracked Applications: Agile PLM × DNS × Face	book × LDAP × -
Microsoft Lync 🛪 Microsoft C	ffice365 × Radius ×
Salesforce 🛪 Skype 🛪	
Tracked Locations: All	-
Dynamic Thresholding	
S Enable Dynamic Thresholding	
Location Threshold Sensitivity: Low	High
End-System Threshold Sensitivity: Low 🔤 📗	High
Data Retention	
Hourly End-System Details: 14 🗘 (Days)	
Hourly Application: 150 🌲 (Days)	
Hourly Interface: 30 🌲 (Days)	
High-Rate Application: 60 🗘 (Days)	
Realtime Application: 7 🗘 (Days)	
App Telemetry	
Sample Rate: 1024	

Show Low Confidence Matches

Check the box to display flows for which ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine has low confidence.

Hide Local Collector When Unused

Check the box to hide local collector information when not in use.

Application Dashboard Map

Select from the drop-down list the map from which to draw application dashboard data.

Tracked Applications

Select the applications to track in the **ExtremeAnalytics** tab.

Tracked Sites

Select the sites to track on the **ExtremeAnalytics** tab. Tracked sites are also indicated on the <u>Network > Devices > Sites > Endpoint Locations</u> tab in the right panel.

Dynamic Thresholding

Use the Dynamic Thresholding section of the window to indicate whether to enable dynamic threshold functionality for the Network Service and Tracked Applications dashboards.

When this functionality is enabled, the expected range for application response time is calculated based on past observed response times and a dynamic threshold is assigned. An alarm occurs when any network service or tracked application has a response time measured above its dynamic threshold.

The sliders allow you to adjust the sensitivity of the dynamic threshold by increasing or decreasing the size of the expected response time range. Selecting a lower sensitivity means more time is required for an alarm to occur. Alarms are displayed on the Alarms & Events > Alarms tab.

Data Retention

Use this section of the tab to configure the amount of time ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine saves flow data.

App Telemetry

This section allows you to configure the default sample rate ExtremeAnalytics uses when configuring ExtremeXOS devices on which Application Telemetry is enabled.

Related Information

- ExtremeAnalytics tab
- Advanced Configuration View
- Add or Enforce Engines in Configuration View
- Add or Remove Devices as Application Telemetry Sources

Virtual Sensors

The Virtual Sensors tab displays all of the available Virtual Machines on your network as well as those <u>configured as Virtual Sensors</u>. The ExtremeAnalytics Virtual Sensor is a virtual machine that monitors application flows across virtual environments.

Virtual Sensors

Use the Virtual Sensors section at the top of the tab to view all of the virtual sensors installed on your network. Click the **Install** button to open the **Install Virtual Sensor on Hypervisor Host** window from which you can add a new virtual sensor. Select a distributed virtual switch from the Virtual Machines section of the window to add it as a virtual sensor. Select a virtual sensor and click **Uninstall** to remove an installed virtual sensor.

Virtual Machines

Use the Virtual Machines section at the bottom of the tab to view all of the virtual machines (VMs) discovered by ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine on your network.

Related Information

- ExtremeAnalytics Virtual Sensor Configuration in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine
- Virtual Sensor Installation Guide

ExtremeAnalytics Engine Advanced Configuration

Use the Advanced Configuration panel to configure advanced options for the selected ExtremeAnalytics engine. To access this panel, select the Configuration view in the Analytics tab in the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine. In the left-panel tree, expand an engine and select Configuration.

If you make any changes in this window, be sure to click **Save** and then enforce the engine.

Configuration -							
low Collection Type	e: NetF	low	▼ Max End-	Systems	s in Hou	urly Details:	25000
collection Privacy L	evel: Maxi	mum Access	▼ Store Slov	w Client	Data:		
lient Aggregation:	IP A	ddress	 Store App 	lication	Locatio	n Data:	V
ensor Log Level:	Infor	mational	~				
ccess Control Ir	ntegration						
low Sources							
🔾 Add 🤤	Remove	🍃 Edit 🞯 Te	st				
Name	IP	Device Fam	Port	S	w	Tunnel	Tunnel IP
maand-appi		S-Series		ge		Disabled	
Export Enabled:	S						
Export Enabled:							
Export IP:							
Export Port:	2056	\$					
/eb Credentials							
onfiguration Pro	operties						
Add	Remove						
Name		Value					
options.FlowSer	verOptions.ki	CloudAnalytics	FlowStream				A
options.FlowSer	verOptions.m	1000000					
options.NameRe	esolutionOptio	. ets.enterasys.c	com,enterasys.com	n,corp.e	extreme	networks.co	m
options.FlowSer							
options.FlowSer	verOptions.ov	. NAC					*
ensor Modules							
DHCP Decoder:							
	🕑 Enab	le Module 🗌 E	nable Logging				
DNS Decoder:			nable Logging				

Flow Collection Type

Select from NetFlow, Application Telemetry or Both from the drop-down list to choose the flow data you are using. Selecting SFlow changes the <u>Flow Sources</u> table to an Application Telemetry Sources table. These tables allow you to select the devices that collect application telemetry data flow by entering the name, IP and device family for that device.

NOTE: Changing an ExtremeAnalytics engine to **Application Telemetry** or **Both** does not update the configuration on the engine. Run the dnetconfig process on the engine to change the configuration.

Collection Privacy Levels

Collection privacy level settings restrict the amount of identifying information collected by the ExtremeAnalytics engine and displayed in the Application Information column of the Application Flows report. (Access this report from the **Analytics** tab. In the Application Flows report, hover over the Application Information column to view the collected information.) This information is also displayed in the Flow Summary window.

Increasing the privacy level protects the end user's identifying information from being viewed by IT staff with access to the Application Flows report. The default privacy level allows maximum access to the information. Increasing the privacy level allows you to restrict the information that is collected and displayed.

There are three privacy levels. For all three levels, passwords are **not** collected or displayed.

- Maximum Access The ExtremeAnalytics engine collects both identifying information and sensitive information. The information displays in the Application Information column.
- Medium Privacy The ExtremeAnalytics engine collects identifying information, but not sensitive information. Identifying information displays in the Application Information column.
- Maximum Privacy The ExtremeAnalytics engine does not collect identifying information or sensitive information. Information does not display in the Application Information column.

Identifying information is data that identifies the end user, such as a username. The ExtremeAnalytics engine collects identifying information when the privacy level is set to Maximum Access or Medium Privacy.

Sensitive information is data an end user may not want to share, such as the caller ID or contact information from an end user's SIP voice call. The ExtremeAnalytics engine collects sensitive information when the privacy level is set to Maximum Access.

Client Aggregation

Use this field to determine how client information is aggregated by the ExtremeAnalytics engine, either by **IP Address** or **MAC Address**.

Slow Client Data

Select **Enabled** in the drop-down list to collect additional information about clients with poor response times by the ExtremeAnalytics engine.

Max End-Systems in Hourly Details

Enter the maximum number of client end-systems stored in the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine database for the ExtremeAnalytics engine. This ensures your client limit is not collected from one engine. Once the value set in this field is met, additional end-system data is not collected from the engine.

Sensor Log Levels

The ExtremeAnalytics sensor runs on the ExtremeAnalytics engine and inspects network traffic to identify applications and other information. The sensor log file records diagnostic information about sensor operations, which is useful for troubleshooting engine issues.

In the **Configuration** view, you can enable different levels of logging for the selected engine. Each logging level is inclusive of the levels above it. The five levels are:

- Informational
- Debug
- Verbose Debug
- Trace
- All

The sensor log level should be set to **Informational** unless you are troubleshooting an engine issue. When troubleshooting an issue, Extreme Networks Support may ask you to change the logging level to provide additional information.

To view the log file directly, log into the engine and navigate to the file /opt/appid/logs/appid.log.

You can also use the engine administration web page to view the sensor log. Access the web page using the following URL: https://<EngineIP or hostname>:8443/Admin. The default user name and password is "admin/Extreme@pp." Once you have accessed the web page, navigate to the Log Files/Sensor Log page.

Store Application Site Data

Select this checkbox to allow the high-rate collector to store client count, flow count, bytes, received bytes, sent bytes, application response time, and network response time by application for a site. If this checkbox is selected, the **Application/Site** option is available as a **Target** in the Applications Browser when **Data Table** is **Application Data - High-rate** to display the information.

ExtremeControl Integration

If your network configuration includes ExtremeControl, ExtremeControl data can be integrated with flow data to provide additional information. ExtremeControl integration is only useful if you are collecting flows for end-systems managed by ExtremeControl. For additional information, see Enabling ExtremeControl Integration.

• To enable ExtremeControl Integration for the engine, select the **Enable ExtremeControl Integration** checkbox.

• If your ExtremeControl engines are using Communication Channels, select the **ExtremeControl Communication Channel** option and enter the channel name. The ExtremeAnalytics engine is only able to access end-systems in its channel.

Flow Sources/Application Telemetry Sources

This section displays the devices set up as flow sources in ExtremeAnalytics.

To add a device as a flow source:

1. Click the Add button.

The Add Flow Source window opens.

Add Flow Sour	×	
Flow Source:	Select	
	ОК	Cancel

- 2. Click the **Ellipsis** icon and select a device from the Select Flow Source Device window.
 - **NOTES:** When selecting a controller, only Wireless Controllers that support ExtremeAnalytics and have available L2 ports are listed. Selecting a Wireless Controller set up as part of a controller pair automatically selects the paired Controller.
- 3. Select an available L2 port for mirroring in the Mirror Port drop-down list.
- 4. Select a mirror port for the Paired Controller, if necessary.
- 5. Select the appropriate WLANs, if necessary.
- 6. Click OK.
- 7. Verify the L2 ports selected for mirroring are monitored by ExtremeAnalytics.

The configuration is complete.

NOTE: Packets routed through GRE tunnels on an ExtremeAnalytics virtual engine are incorrectly reported as dropped in the ifconfig output on the GRE interface. This scenario was tested and while these packets are reported as dropped, they are being inspected by the ExtremeAnalytics engine.

To remove a device as a flow source, select the device in the Flow Sources section of the window and click the **Remove** button.

Web Credentials

Enter a new Username and Password for web service requests between the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server and the ExtremeAnalytics engine. Click the Show Password checkbox to display the Password field unencrypted.

NOTE: By default, the Username and Password are admin and Extreme@pp, respectively.

Configuration Properties

Use this section to add properties that provide a solution for a specific problem or task. These properties are supplied directly by Extreme Networks Support. Contact Extreme Networks Technical Support for guidance on using this section.

Sensor Modules

The ExtremeAnalytics sensor uses sensor modules to analyze different types of network traffic. For example, the HTTP decoder decodes HTTP traffic to acquire data needed to match fingerprints against that traffic.

In most cases, it is best to leave the decoders and detectors enabled. For better sensor performance, you can disable decoders for traffic rarely seen on the network; however, doing so prevents some fingerprints from triggering.

You can enable logging for any of the decoders and detectors for debugging purposes. As logging can impact disk space and performance, turn it on only for troubleshooting purposes. Do not enable logging during normal operation.

Auditing

Use this section to enable auditing of users connected to the ExtremeAnalytics engine CLI via SSH.

Enable Auditing

Selecting the **Enable Auditing** option enables the **Auditing Rules** field, where you can configure ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine to store all commands entered by a user connected to the ExtremeAnalytics engine CLI via SSH in the engine's local syslog file.

Auditing Rules

Remove the # symbol from the beginning of a command line to enable the command and store user commands entered using the ExtremeAnalytics engine CLI.

Network Settings

Manage DNS Configuration

Use the Network Settings section of the window to configure the network settings on an ExtremeAnalytics engine. Selecting a checkbox opens a new section from which you can configure the options for the setting. Click the **Save** button and the bottom of the panel to save your changes.

DNS

Select the **Manage DNS Configuration** checkbox to open the DNS Servers area. This allows you to enter a search domain or add or remove search domains and DNS server IP addresses.

DNS

Host Domain:	
Search Domains:	
DNS Servers	
Add	
	V

Search Domains

A list of search domains used by the ExtremeAnalytics engine when doing lookups by hostname. When an attempt to resolve a hostname is made, these domain suffixes are appended to the hostname of the device. For example, if someone does a ping to server1, ExtremeAnalytics appends the search domains in an attempt to resolve the name: server1.domain1 server1.domain2, and so on.

DNS Servers

A list of DNS servers the ExtremeAnalytics engine sends DNS lookups to for name resolution. The list is used by both hostname resolution and by the DNS proxy. Click the **Add** button to open a blank box in which you can enter an IP address. Select an IP address in the table and click the **Delete** button to remove an IP address. You can enter multiple servers for redundancy. Use the **Up** and **Down** arrows to list the servers in the order they should be used.

NTP

Select the Manage NTP Configuration checkbox to open the NTP (Network Time Protocol) Servers area. NTP configuration is important for protocols such as SNMPv3 and RFC3576 which incorporate playback protection. In addition, having accurate time configured on the ExtremeAnalytics engine is essential for event logging and troubleshooting.

NTP

ïme Zone:	GMT-05:00 - America/New_York - Eastern Standard Time	
NTP Servers		
Add		

Time Zone

Select the appropriate **Time Zone** from the drop-down list to allow ExtremeAnalytics to manage date/time settings.

NTP Servers

A list of NTP servers. You can enter multiple servers for redundancy. Click the **Add** button to open a blank box in which you can enter an IP address. Select an IP address in the table and click the **Delete** button to remove an IP address. Use the **Up** and **Down** arrows to list the servers in the order they should be used.

SSH

Select the Manage SSH Configuration checkbox to open the SSH Users area. SSH configuration provides additional security features for the ExtremeAnalytics engine.

SSH

Port:	22	
Disable Remote root Access:		
SSH Users		
📀 Create 🔯 E	Edit 🥥 Delete	
Username	Туре	Administrative User

Port

The port field allows you to configure a custom port used when launching SSH to the engine. The standard default port number is 22.

Disable Remote root Access

Select this option to disable remote root access via SSH to the engine and force a user to first log in with a real user account and then su to root (or use sudo) to

perform an action. When remote root access is allowed, there is no way to determine who is accessing the engine. With remote root access disabled, the /var/log/message file displays users who log in and su to root. The log messages looks like these two examples:

sshd[19735]: Accepted password for <username> from 10.20.30.40 port 36777 ssh2 su[19762]: + pts/2 <username>-root

Enabling this option does not disable root access via the console. Make sure that you don't disable root access unless you have configured RADIUS authentication or this disables remote access to the ExtremeAnalytics engine.

SSH Users

Use the toolbar buttons to create a list of users allowed to log in to the ExtremeAnalytics engine using SSH. Click the **Add** button to open a blank box in which you can enter an IP address. Select an IP address in the table and click the **Delete** button to remove an IP address. You can add Local and RADIUS users and grant the user Administrative privileges, if appropriate. A user that is granted administrative rights can run sudo commands and commands that only a root user would be able to run.

SNMP

Use the SNMP configuration section to deploy SNMP credentials for the ExtremeAnalytics engine. The credentials can include different read/write credentials, for example, use "public" as the read credential and "private" as the write credential. In addition, basic host traps can be enabled from the ExtremeAnalytics engine. Select the Manage SNMP Configuration checkbox and provide the following SSH information.

SNMP

Manage SNMP Configuratio	n	
Profile:	EXTR_v2_Profile	•
Trap Mode:	Disabled	•
Trap Community Name:		
System Contact:		
System Location:		

Profile

Use the drop-down list to select a device access profile to use for the ExtremeAnalytics engine.

Trap Mode

Use the drop-down list to set the trap mode.

Trap Community Name

Enter the trap community name.

Interfaces

Use the Interfaces section to configure the ExtremeAnalytics engine interface ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine uses to monitor applications accessed on your network.

Interfaces

Monitor Mode:	Interface Mirrored		Separate interfaces are configured for management and
			monitoring traffic. The monitoring interface will put into tap

Monitor Mode

Use the drop-down list to configure the ExtremeAnalytics engine interface used to monitor network traffic.

Related Information

For information on related ExtremeAnalytics topics:

- Analytics Tab
- Enabling ExtremeControl Integration

ExtremeAnalytics Reports

The **Analytics** tab lets you view and customize ExtremeAnalytics reports and application flow data, as well as manage and configure your ExtremeAnalytics engines.

NOTE: ExtremeAnalytics reports and application flow data is not available unless an ExtremeAnalytics engine is configured and you are a member of an authorization group assigned the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine ExtremeAnalytics Read Access or Read/Write Access capability.

Reports

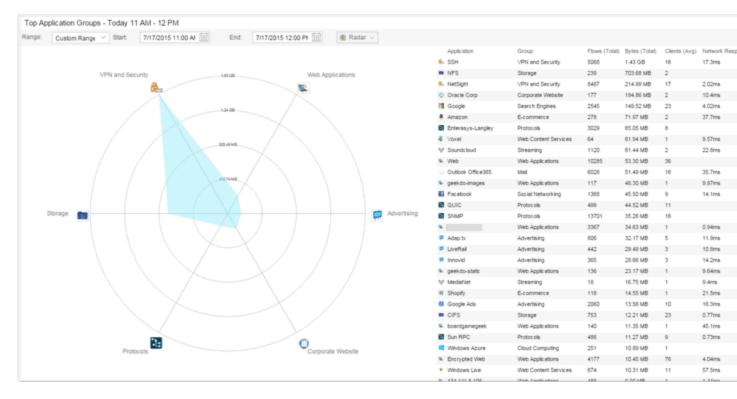
In the **Reports** tab, you can access a selection of reports that provide detailed information on application usage on your network, as well as network activity statistics based on application, user name, client, and site. For many of the reports, you can click on an item in the report to view details or right-click an item to select from other focused reports.

If you have multiple ExtremeAnalytics engines, use the **Engine** drop-down list to select an engine to use as the source for the report data. Then use the Report drop-down list to the right to access the different reports:

- Analytics Events
- Bandwidth for a Client Over Time
- Interface Top Applications Tree Map
- Sites Using the Most Bandwidth
- Most Popular Applications
- Most Used Applications for a Client
- Most Used Applications for a User Name
- Network Activity by Site
- Network Activity by Client
- Network Activity by Application
- Slowest Application by Site
- Top Applications Group Radar

- Top Applications Radar
- Top Applications Tree Map
- Top Clients by Interface
- Top Interfaces by Application
- Top N Applications
- Top N Clients
- Top N Servers

In most of the reports, use the **Gear** button (on the right side of the view) to display a **Start Time** option that allows you to change the length of the reporting period displayed. Depending on the report, you can also change the type and/or format of the data reported, and the number of results to return.



Some of the reports are based on a specific object (target), such as a user name, client, application, or site. In those reports, enter the required information and then click the **Submit** button to generate the report. You can enter a partial value in the text field or use the SQL wildcard "%" (as a substitute for multiple characters) or "_" (as a substitute for a single character) to generate a report with multiple matches.

NOTE: Values entered in the text fields that contain multiple, non-alphanumeric characters may cause issues with the returned results. If this happens, use alternate values.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

ExtremeAnalytics Report Descriptions

The **Analytics** tab lets you view and customize ExtremeAnalytics reports and application flow data, as well as manage and configure your ExtremeAnalytics engines.

NOTE: ExtremeAnalytics reports and application flow data is not available unless an ExtremeAnalytics engine is configured and you are a member of an authorization group assigned the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine ExtremeAnalytics Read Access or Read/Write Access capability.

Report Descriptions

In the <u>Reports</u> tab, you can access a selection of reports that provide detailed information on application usage on your network, as well as network activity statistics based on application, user name, client, and site. For many of the reports, you can click on an item in the report to view details or right-click an item to select from other focused reports.

If you have multiple ExtremeAnalytics engines, use the **Engine** drop-down list to select an engine to use as the source for the report data. Then use the Report drop-down list to the right to access the different reports:

- Analytics Events
- Bandwidth for a Client Over Time
- Interface Top Applications
- Sites Using the Most Bandwidth
- Most Popular Applications
- Most Used Applications for a Client
- Most Used Applications for a User Name
- Network Activity by Site
- Network Activity by Client
- Network Activity by Application
- Slowest Application by Site
- <u>Top Applications Group Radar</u>

- Top Applications Radar
- <u>Top Applications Tree Map</u>
- <u>Top Applications for Interface</u>
- <u>Top Applications for Server</u>
- Top Clients by Interface
- Top Interfaces by Application
- <u>Top N Applications</u>
- <u>Top N Clients</u>
- Top N Servers

Analytics Events

This report displays the event log filtered to show only the events related to ExtremeAnalytics.

Bandwidth for a Client Over Time

This report displays the bandwidth used by the specified client, provided as a line chart showing average bytes used over time. Enter a client's IP address or hostname and then click the **Submit** button to generate the report.

Interface Top Applications Treemap

This report displays the top applications for the top switch interfaces (devices) with application telemetry enabled.

NOTE: You need to first enable the application telemetry feature on ExtremeXOS switches from the **Analytics > Configuration** tab.

Sites Using the Most Bandwidth

This report displays the network sites with the highest bandwidth, provided as a bubble map.

Most Popular Applications

This report displays the applications used the most, based on the number of unique client IP addresses associated with them. Click on an application name to

open a report showing the top clients for that application. Click on a client from the report to display an End-System Applications Summary for that client

Most Used Applications for a Client

This report displays the applications used the most by the specified client, based on bandwidth. Enter a client's IP address or hostname and then click the **Submit** button to generate the report.

Most Used Applications for a User Name

This report displays the applications used the most by the specified user, based on bandwidth. Enter a client's user name and then click the **Submit** button to generate the report.

Network Activity by Site

This report displays network traffic statistics and application and network response time for each site.

Network Activity by Client

This report displays network traffic statistics for the specified client. Enter a client's IP address or hostname and then click the **Submit** button to generate the report.

Network Activity by Application

This report displays network traffic statistics for the specified application. Enter an application name and then click the **Submit** button to generate the report.

Slowest Applications by Site

This report displays the applications with the highest application response times for the specified site. Select a site from the drop-down list to match or select All and then click the **Submit** button to generate the report. If a site has been added to a map, you also see a selection for that map. If you select custom, you can enter a partial site name or use the SQL wildcard characters to match one or more sites.

Top Applications Group Radar

In the **Top Applications Group Radar** report, the info bar provides an overview of application group usage in a radar format. Use the **Start** calendar to select the start date and time and the format to display.

Top Applications Radar

In the **Top Applications Radar** report, the info bar provides an overview of application usage in a radar format. Use the **Start** calendar to select the start date and time and the format to display.

Top Applications TreeMap

This report displays hierarchical data on application bandwidth usage, grouped by application group and displayed in sets of colored nested rectangles. This design allows you to easily see patterns of bandwidth usage that might otherwise be difficult to spot. Click on an application group to zoom in and view data for that group. Hover over an application cell to view bandwidth for a particular application. Right-click on an application cell to access additional reports for that application.

Use the **Gear** button to change the start date and time to display. Set the scale to Linear to view the data scaled proportionately; set the scale to Log to make smaller rectangles of data more visible. Use the combo box to change how the data is displayed: by bandwidth, client count, or flow count.

Top Applications for Interface

This report displays the top applications for a specified interface (device) with application telemetry enabled (wildcards allowed).

NOTE: You need to first enable the application telemetry feature on ExtremeXOS switches from the **Analytics > Configuration** tab.

Top Applications for Server

This report displays the top applications for a device configured as a server with application telemetry enabled (wildcards allowed).

NOTE: You need to first enable the application telemetry feature on ExtremeXOS switches from the **Analytics > Configuration** tab.

Top Clients by Interface

This report displays the top clients for a specified switch interface (device) with application telemetry enabled (wildcards allowed).

NOTE: You need to first enable the application telemetry feature on ExtremeXOS switches from the **Analytics > Configuration** tab.

Top Interfaces by Application

This report displays the top interfaces (device) for a specified application with application telemetry enabled (wildcards allowed).

NOTE: You need to first enable the application telemetry feature on ExtremeXOS switches from the **Analytics > Configuration** tab.

Top N Applications

This report displays application information, provided as a bar graph. Use the fields in the menu to configure the information displayed in the report:

- $\operatorname{Top} N$ Select the number of clients displayed in the chart.
- Start Select the start date and time.
- **# Hours** Select the amount of time for which data is displayed from the date and time selected in **Start**.
- Statistic Select the statistic by which the top clients are listed.
 - Bandwidth
 - Flows
 - Client Count

Top N Clients

This report displays client information, provided as a bar graph. Use the fields in the menu to configure the information displayed in the report:

- Top N Select the number of clients displayed in the chart.
- Start Select the start date and time.

- **# Hours** Select the amount of time for which data is displayed from the date and time selected in **Start**.
- Statistic Select the statistic by which the top clients are listed.
 - Bandwidth
 - Flows
 - Number of Applications

Top N Servers

This report displays server information, provided as a bar graph. Use the fields in the menu to configure the information displayed in the report:

- Top N Select the number of clients displayed in the chart.
- Start Select the start date and time.
- **# Hours** Select the amount of time for which data is displayed from the date and time selected in **Start**.
- Statistic Select the statistic by which the top clients are listed.
 - Bandwidth
 - Flows

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

Add and Modify Fingerprints

ExtremeAnalytics uses fingerprints to identify to which application a network traffic flow belongs. A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine provides thousands of system fingerprints with the ExtremeAnalytics feature. In addition, you can modify these fingerprints and create new custom fingerprints.

For additional information, see Getting Started with ExtremeAnalytics.

This Help topic provides the following information:

- Adding a Fingerprint
- Modifying a Fingerprint
- Enabling or Disabling a Fingerprint
- Deleting a Custom Fingerprint
- <u>Updating Fingerprints</u>

In order to add and modify fingerprints, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine ExtremeAnalytics Read/Write Access capability.

Adding a Fingerprint

Use the following steps to add a new custom fingerprint based on an existing flow in the Applications Flows view.

1. Select the **Analytics** tab and then select the **Application Flows** view.

	NOC 5	lensor • Type:	Bidrectional +	Vex: V Late	nt · Application Group	AL	· Search:	X Q Refrest	h Off 👻
1	Flows	Client Address	Server Address	Server Port	Application	Application Group	Application Info Typ		Appli
	47	drougs.pc2		https	synapsys	Vieb Applications	uvid=dc7b/2dc Servert	15 ms	15.7
	1	drouxs.pc2		https	Encrypted Web	Web Applications	SwitchType=CoreFlow		
2	39	dnoyee-pc2		https	eum-appdynamics	Vieb Applications	IssueridAtCommonNam	16 ms	18.3
▶	2			cddbp-alt	cddbp-alt port	Protocols	SwitchType=CoreFlow	0.59 ms	2.66
	6	dmurphy-ma.		http	Verisign CRL	Certificate Validation	URI+/ Content-Type=ap	10.7 ma	
٤.	87			ms-wbt-server	MSRDP	Protocols	SwitchType=CoreFlow	0.84 ms	1.83
	160	motague-real		Mps	Outlook Office365	Mai	IssueridAtCommonNam	76.7 ms	79.3
	99	mctague-ws1		https	Outlook Office365	Mail	IssueridAtCommonNam	19 ma	22.1
:	8	dmurphy-wa		https	AdRoll	Advertising	IssueridAl/CommonNam	4.01 ms	5.74
	62	inasel-ws1		https	Outlook Office365	Mail	IssueridAtCommonNam	56 ma	71.9
	87			ms-wbt-server	MSRDP	Protocols	ServerOS=Windows Sw	1.03 ms	1.86
	65	tmarcott-mac		Mps	Outlook Office365	Mail	IssueridAtCommonNam	60.4 ms	63.3
	996	iomchall-pc		https	Outlook Office365	Mal	SwitchType=CoreFlow	75.7 ms	79.4
2.2					A. 11.7.	101.1.M. 1		11.A	177

- 2. Select the flow in the table that you want to base your new custom fingerprint on.
- 3. Right-click on the flow and select the **Fingerprints** > **Add Fingerprint** option. The Add Fingerprint window opens.

Add Fingerprint		×
Create a fingerprint ma flow.	atching the following components	of this
Port https [443]		•
Application Name:		
Application Group:		*
Confidence:	60	\$
Description:		
This fingerprint needs take effect.	to be enforced to engines before	it can
	ок	Cancel

- 4. Use the drop-down list to select the flow components on which to base the fingerprint. The options vary depending on the fingerprint you initially selected.
 - Port <port number> Creates a fingerprint that identifies traffic either coming from or going to the specified port.
 - Address <IP address> on port <port number> Creates a fingerprint that identifies traffic either coming from or going to this IP address on the specified port.

- Address <IP address> with mask on port <port number> Creates a fingerprint that identifies traffic either coming from or going to the specified subnet on the specified port. For example, an IP address of 192.168.0.0 with a mask of 16 would result in all traffic either coming from or going to the 192.168 subnet on the specified port to be identified by the fingerprint.
- Host <host name> Creates a fingerprint that identifies a specific hostname in the URI of web traffic.
- HTTP Header Creates a fingerprint that identifies traffic containing specified HTTP header information, if HTTP header information is included in the flow's metadata.

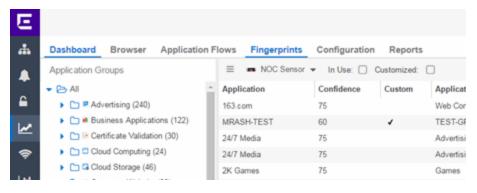
Note that there may be two port number or IP address options listed: one for the flow's source port/IP address and one for the flow's destination port/IP address.

- 5. If you selected an IP address with mask option, you need to specify a subnet of IP addresses. Enter the IP CIDR mask, which is a mask on the flow IP, with 0-32 for IPv4 and 0-128 for IPv6.
- 6. Enter the name of the application for which the fingerprint is defined.
- 7. Use the drop-down list to select the application group to which the application belongs. If none of the existing groups are appropriate, you can enter a new group name and the new group is automatically created.
- 8. Select the fingerprint's confidence level. The confidence level defines the reliability of this fingerprint. Higher confidence fingerprints override lower confidence fingerprints, if multiple fingerprints match a flow. Values are 1-100, with 100 being absolutely reliable.
- 9. Enter a description of the fingerprint, if desired.
- 10. Click **Save**. The new fingerprint is created on the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine server.
- 11. Enforce to push the new fingerprint to your engines.
- TIP: You can also create a custom fingerprint from the Fingerprints tab. Click the Menu icon and select Create Fingerprint. The Add Fingerprint window opens where you can select all the flow components you want for the fingerprint. The new fingerprint is not based on an existing fingerprint and you need to enter values for all required fields such as IP or Hostname, Application Name, and Application Group. The new fingerprint must be enforced to engines before it can take effect.

Modifying a Fingerprint

Modify a fingerprint's application name, application group, confidence level, and description from the **Fingerprints** tab.

1. Select the Analytics > Fingerprints tab.



2. Right-click on the desired fingerprint and select **Modify Fingerprint** from the menu. The Modify Fingerprint window opens.

Modify Fingerprint		×
Modify Fingerprint Co	omponents for APP:163-COM	
Application Name:	163.com	
Application Group:	Web Content Services	-
Confidence:	75	\$
Description:	HTTP/HTTPS traffic for 163.com.	
Changes will need to take effect.	be enforced to engines before they	can
	OK C	ancel

- 3. Make the desired changes:
 - Application Name The name of the application that the fingerprint detects. If you change the application name, you are prompted to select whether to change the application name for only the currently selected fingerprint or for

all fingerprints that have that same application name.

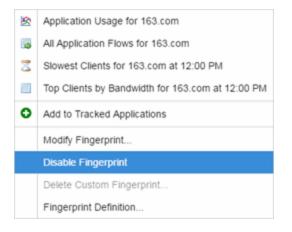
NOTE: If you change both the Application Name and Application Group: If the new Application Name matches an existing name, the application group changes to the new group for all fingerprints with that new name, regardless of whether you choose to change the name for only the selected fingerprint or for all fingerprints with that name.

- Application Group Organizes fingerprints into different types of applications such as Web applications or Business applications. You can sort the Application Flows view by application group, making it easier to view the data. If you change the application group for a fingerprint, it changes the group for all fingerprints with that same application name. If none of the existing groups are appropriate, you can create a new group by entering a new group name.
- **Confidence** Defines the reliability of this fingerprint. Higher confidence fingerprints override lower confidence fingerprints, if multiple fingerprints match a flow. Values are 1-100, with 100 being absolutely reliable. The confidence level only applies to the currently selected fingerprint.
- **Description** A description of the fingerprint. The description only applies to the currently selected fingerprint.
- 4. Click OK.
- 5. Enforce to push the change to your engines.

Enabling or Disabling a Fingerprint

Enable or disable a fingerprint from the **Fingerprints** tab. When a fingerprint is enabled, it is used to identify applications. When it is disabled, it is ignored.

- 1. Select the **Analytics** > **Fingerprints** tab.
- 2. Right-click on the desired fingerprint in the Fingerprints table and select either **Enable Fingerprint** or **Disable Fingerprint**.



3. Enforce to push the change to your engines.

NOTE: If you disable a system fingerprint, it becomes a custom fingerprint. If you then enable the fingerprint, it remains a custom fingerprint. Deleting the custom fingerprint reloads the original system fingerprint.

Deleting a Custom Fingerprint

Delete a custom fingerprint from the **Fingerprints** tab. A custom fingerprint is either a new user-defined fingerprint, a modification of a system fingerprint, or a disabled fingerprint. (Custom fingerprints can be identified by a • in the Custom column.)

When you delete a custom fingerprint, it is removed entirely. If you delete a custom fingerprint overriding a system fingerprint, the original system fingerprint is reloaded. System fingerprints that have not been modified cannot be deleted, however, they can be disabled.

Use these steps to delete a custom fingerprint:

- 1. Select the **Analytics** tab in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine and then select the Fingerprints view
- 2. Right-click on the desired fingerprint in the Fingerprints table and select **Delete Custom Fingerprint**. The Delete Fingerprint window opens.

Delete Fingerprint		×
Do you wish to delete the fingerprint APP Delete all custom fingerprints for applicat		
	ОК	Cancel

- 3. You can delete only the selected fingerprint or select the option to delete all custom fingerprints that match the application name of the selected fingerprint.
- 4. Click **OK**. If a custom fingerprint overrides a system fingerprint, then deleting the custom fingerprint reloads the original system fingerprint.
- 5. Enforce to push the change to your engines.

Updating Fingerprints

New and updated fingerprints are provided via a fingerprint update website. Perform a one-time manual update of the fingerprint database or configure a scheduled update to be performed automatically from the **Configuration** tab. Custom fingerprints are not overwritten when an update is performed.

When a fingerprint update is performed, the fingerprint update server is checked for newer fingerprints than what is available on the ExtremeCloud IQ -Site Engine server. If there are newer fingerprints, they are downloaded, and the fingerprint definitions are updated with any new fingerprint definition files. You need to enforce your engines following an update to push the updated fingerprints to the engines.

Perform a Fingerprint Update

Perform a manual one-time update of the fingerprint database. To access the update website, you need to create an Extranet account at ExtremeNetworks.com and define a username and password for the account. You need the username and password in order to perform updates.

- 1. Select the **Analytics** tab in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine and then select the **Configurations** view.
- 2. In the left-panel tree, expand the System folder and select **Fingerprints**.

3. Click the **Menu** icon (≡) and select **Update Fingerprints**. If you have already configured your Fingerprint Update settings, the update is performed immediately.

If you have not configured your settings, the Fingerprint Update window opens.

Fingerprint Upd	ate	×
Interval:	⊙ Not Scheduled O Daily O Weekly	
Enforce Updates:	Automatically enforce updated fingerprints to all engines	
Update Site:		
Update Site Port:	80 🗘	
Usemame:		
Password:		
Proxy:	No Proxy 👻	
	Save Close	P

- a. Leave the Interval selection as Not Scheduled.
- b. Select the **Enforce Updates** checkbox to automatically update fingerprints on all engines. Not selecting this checkbox requires you to update each engine manually.
- c. The **Update Site** field displays the default path to the official fingerprint update site. Typically, this field does change unless for security reasons the system does not have access to the internet and an internal update site must be used.
- d. The **Update Site Port** is the port on the update site to which the update connects. The port cannot be changed unless you are using a custom update site.
- e. Enter the credentials used to access the fingerprint update website. These are the username and password credentials you defined when you created an Extranet account at ExtremeNetworks.com.
- f. If your network is protected by a firewall, you need to configure proxy server settings to use when accessing the website. In the Proxy field, select Use Proxy or Use Proxy with Credentials and enter your proxy server address and port ID. (Consult your network administrator for this information.) If your proxy server requires authentication, enter the proxy username and password credentials. The credentials you add here must match the credentials configured on the

proxy server.

- g. Click Save. The Fingerprint Update is performed immediately.
- 4. If you did not select the **Enforce Updates** checkbox, enforce to push the changes to your engines when the update is complete.

Schedule Fingerprint Updates

You can schedule fingerprint updates performed automatically on a daily or weekly basis.

To access the update website, you need to create an Extranet account at ExtremeNetworks.com and define a username and password for the account. You need the username and password in order to schedule updates.

- 1. Select the **Analytics** tab in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine and then select the Configuration view.
- 2. In the left-panel tree, expand the System folder and select Fingerprints.
- 3. Click on the **Menu** icon (≡) and select Fingerprint Update Settings. The Fingerprint Update window opens.

Fingerprint Update 3						
Interval:	Not Scheduled O Daily O Weekly					
Enforce Updates:	Automatically enforce updated fingerprints to all engines					
Update Site:						
Update Site Port:	80 🗘					
Usemame:						
Password:	Ø					
Proxy:	No Praxy 👻					
	Save Close					

- 4. Select the update interval which defines how frequently the update is performed: **Daily** or **Weekly**.
- 5. If you have selected **Weekly**, select the day of the week you would like the update performed.
- 6. Enter the scheduled time you would like the update performed.

- 7. Select the **Enforce Updates** checkbox to automatically update fingerprints on all engines. Not selecting this checkbox requires you to update each engine manually.
- 8. The **Update Site** field displays the default path to the official fingerprint update site. Typically, this field does not change unless for security reasons the system does not have access to the internet and an internal update site must be used.
- 9. The **Update Site Port** is the port on the update site to which the update connects. The port cannot be changed unless you are using a custom update site.
- 10. Enter the credentials used to access the fingerprint update website. These are the username and password credentials you defined when you created an Extranet account at ExtremeNetworks.com.
- 11. If your network is protected by a firewall, configure proxy server settings to use when accessing the website. In the Proxy field, select Use Proxy or Use Proxy with Credentials and enter your proxy server address and port ID. (Consult your network administrator for this information.) If your proxy server requires authentication, enter the proxy username and password credentials. The credentials you add here must match the credentials configured on the proxy server.
- 12. Click Save.
- 13. If you did not select the **Enforce Updates** checkbox, enforce to push the changes to your engines when the update is complete.

Related Information

For information on related ExtremeAnalytics topics:

- Analytics
- <u>Custom Fingerprint Examples</u>

Add Fingerprints

ExtremeAnalytics uses fingerprints to identify to which application a network traffic flow belongs. A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine provides thousands of system fingerprints with the ExtremeAnalytics feature. In addition, you can modify these fingerprints and create new custom fingerprints.

In order to add and modify fingerprints, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine ExtremeAnalytics Read/Write Access capability.

Add a Fingerprint

Use the following steps to add a new custom fingerprint based on an existing flow in the Applications Flows view. You can also create a new fingerprint based on an application or application group, or on a destination address.

Ε						Q	? ≡
4	Dashboard Browser Ap	plication Flows Fingerprints	Configuration Rep	prts			
	m NOC Sensor - Type:	Bidrectional 👻 - View: 🛛 🦞 Late	nt Application Group:	AI *	Search:	X Q Refres	n Off 👻
	Flows Client Address Ser	rver Address Server Port	Application	Application Group	Application Info 1	Type Network Response	Αρρίδοι
•	47 dnouxs.pc2	https	synapsys	Vieb Applications	uuid=dc7b/2dc Servert	15 ms	15.7
Lee.	1 drouxs.pc2	https	Encrypted Web	Vieb Applications	SwitchType=CoreFlow		
	39 dhojies-pc2	https	eum-appdynamics	Vieb Applications	IssueridAtCommonNam	16 ma	18.3
-	2	cddbp-alt	cddbp-alt port	Protocols	SwitchType=CoreFlow	0.59 ms	2.66
	6 dmutphy-ma	http	Verisign CRL	Certificate Validation	URI+/ Content-Type=ap	10.7 ms	
Let.	67	ms-wbt-server	MSRDP	Protocols	SwitchType=CoreFlow	0.84 ms	1.83
	960 mctagueura.1	Mps	Outlook Office365	Mai	IssueridAtCommonNam	76.7 ms	79.3
_	99 mctague-es.1	https	Outlook Office365	Mail	IssueridAtCommonNam	19 ma	22.1
=	8 dmurphy-ws	https	AdRoll	Advertising	IssuerldAl/CommonNam	4.01 ms	5.74
	62 jussel-val	https	Outlook Office365	Mail	IssuerldAtCommonNam	56 ma	71.9
	67	ms-wbt-server	MSRDP	Protocols	ServerOS=Windows Sw	1.03 ms	1.86
	65 that stimat	Mps	Outlook Office365	Mail	IssueridAtCommonNam	60.4 ms	63.3
	196 jonchall-pc	https	Outlook Office365	Mai	SwitchType=CoreFlow	75.7 ms	79.4
	4		A. 11.7		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- 12 [*]
	🕅 Max Rove: 100 🗘	O 🌐 Reset Apprepare Flows:	0 Days 02:16:57 (Current Los	ad: 1,912 fps / Peak 2,025 fp	s)	Displaying	100 rows.
•	C Les Upon	ed. 57100171.18.04 PM Uptime: 0 Days 001	59.55			Operations 🛛 🕄 🖓 😡	

1. Click Analytics > Application Flows view.

- 2. Select the flow in the table that you want to base your new custom fingerprint on.
- 3. Right-click on the flow and select the **Fingerprints** > **Add Fingerprint** option. The Add Fingerprint window opens.

Add Fingerprint Create a fingerprint flow.	matching the following	components of this
Port https [443]		•
Application Name:		
Application Group:		*
Confidence:	60	÷
Description:		
This fingerprint need take effect.	is to be enforced to en	gines before it can
		OK Cancel

- 4. Use the drop-down list to select the flow components on which to base the fingerprint. The options vary depending on the fingerprint you initially selected.
 - **Port <port number>** Creates a fingerprint that identifies traffic either coming from or going to the specified port.
 - Address <IP address> on port <port number> Creates a fingerprint that identifies traffic either coming from or going to this IP address on the specified port.
 - Address <IP address> with mask on port <port number> Creates a fingerprint that identifies traffic either coming from or going to the specified subnet on the specified port. For example, an IP address of 192.168.0.0 with a mask of 16 would result in all traffic either coming from or going to the 192.168 subnet on the specified port to be identified by the fingerprint.
 - Host <host name> Creates a fingerprint that identifies a specific hostname in the URI of web traffic.
 - HTTP Header Creates a fingerprint that identifies traffic containing specified HTTP header information, if HTTP header information is included in the flow's metadata.

Note that there may be two port number or IP address options listed: one for the flow's source port/IP address and one for the flow's destination port/IP address.

- 5. If you selected an IP address with mask option, you need to specify a subnet of IP addresses. Enter the IP CIDR mask, which is a mask on the flow IP, with 0-32 for IPv4 and 0-128 for IPv6.
- 6. Enter the name of the application for which the fingerprint is defined.
- 7. Use the drop-down list to select the application group to which the application belongs. If none of the existing groups are appropriate, you can enter a new group name and the new group is automatically created.
- 8. Select the fingerprint's confidence level. The confidence level defines the reliability of this fingerprint. Higher confidence fingerprints override lower confidence fingerprints, if multiple fingerprints match a flow. Values are 1-100, with 100 being absolutely reliable.
- 9. Enter a description of the fingerprint, if desired.
- 10. Click **Save**. The new fingerprint is created on the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine server.
- 11. Enforce to push the new fingerprint to your engines.
- TIP: You can also create a custom fingerprint from the Fingerprints tab. Click the Menu icon and select Create Fingerprint. The Add Fingerprint window opens where you can select all the flow components you want for the fingerprint. The new fingerprint is not based on an existing fingerprint and you need to enter values for all required fields such as IP or Hostname, Application Name, and Application Group. The new fingerprint must be enforced to engines before it can take effect.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

Enable or Disable Fingerprints

ExtremeAnalytics uses fingerprints to identify to which application a network traffic flow belongs. A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine provides thousands of system fingerprints with the ExtremeAnalytics feature. In addition, you can modify these fingerprints and create new custom fingerprints.

Enabling or Disabling a Fingerprint

Enable or disable a fingerprint from the **Fingerprints** tab. When a fingerprint is enabled, it is used to identify applications. When it is disabled, it is ignored.

- 1. Select the Analytics > Fingerprints tab.
- 2. Right-click on the desired fingerprint in the Fingerprints table and select either **Enable Fingerprint** or **Disable Fingerprint**.
 - Application Usage for 163.com
 All Application Flows for 163.com
 Slowest Clients for 163.com at 12:00 PM
 Top Clients by Bandwidth for 163.com at 12:00 PM
 Add to Tracked Applications
 Modify Fingerprint...
 Disable Fingerprint
 Delete Custom Fingerprint...
 Fingerprint Definition...
- 3. Enforce to push the change to your engines.

NOTE: If you disable a system fingerprint, it becomes a custom fingerprint. If you then enable the fingerprint, it remains a custom fingerprint. Deleting the custom fingerprint reloads the original system fingerprint.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

Modify Fingerprints

ExtremeAnalytics uses fingerprints to identify to which application a network traffic flow belongs. A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine provides thousands of system fingerprints with the ExtremeAnalytics feature. In addition, you can modify these fingerprints and create new custom fingerprints.

In order to add and modify fingerprints, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine ExtremeAnalytics Read/Write Access capability.

Modifying a Fingerprint

Modify a fingerprint's application name, application group, confidence level, and description from the **Fingerprints** tab.

1. Select the Analytics > Fingerprints tab.

E									
.	Dashboard	Browser	Applicatio	n Fl	ows	Fingerprints	Configuration	Reports	
	Application G	roups			≡	 NOC Sensor 	• In Use:	Customized:	0
	🔻 🗁 All			4	Applie	cation	Confidence	Custom	Applicat
	🕨 🗀 🖪 Ad	vertising (240)		L	163.co	om	75		Web Cor
	🕨 🗀 🎽 Bus	siness Applicat	ions (122)	н	MRAS	H-TEST	60	*	TEST-GR
~	 Certificate Validation (30) Cloud Computing (24) 		24/7 N	/ledia	75		Advertisi		
?			24/7 N	ledia	75		Advertisi		
1.4	Clo	oud Storage (46)		2K Ga	mes	75		Games

2. Right-click on the desired fingerprint and select **Modify Fingerprint** from the menu. The Modify Fingerprint window opens.

Modify Fingerprint		×			
Modify Fingerprint Cor	mponents for APP:163-COM				
Application Name:	163.com				
Application Group:	Web Content Services	•			
Confidence:	75	\$			
Description:	HTTP/HTTPS traffic for 163.com.				
Changes will need to be enforced to engines before they can take effect.					
	OK Can	cel			

- 3. Make the desired changes:
 - Application Name The name of the application that the fingerprint detects. If you change the application name, you are prompted to select whether to change the application name for only the currently selected fingerprint or for all fingerprints that have that same application name.

NOTE: If you change both the Application Name and Application Group: If the new Application Name matches an existing name, the application group changes to the new group for all fingerprints with that new name, regardless of whether you choose to change the name for only the selected fingerprint or for all fingerprints with that name.

- Application Group Organizes fingerprints into different types of applications such as Web applications or Business applications. You can sort the Application Flows view by application group, making it easier to view the data. If you change the application group for a fingerprint, it changes the group for all fingerprints with that same application name. If none of the existing groups are appropriate, you can create a new group by entering a new group name.
- **Confidence** Defines the reliability of this fingerprint. Higher confidence fingerprints override lower confidence fingerprints, if multiple fingerprints match a flow. Values are 1-100, with 100 being absolutely reliable. The confidence level only applies to the currently selected fingerprint.

- **Description** A description of the fingerprint. The description only applies to the currently selected fingerprint.
- 4. Click OK.
- 5. Enforce to push the change to your engines.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

Update Fingerprints

ExtremeAnalytics uses fingerprints to identify to which application a network traffic flow belongs. A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine provides thousands of system fingerprints with the ExtremeAnalytics feature. In addition, you can modify these fingerprints and create new custom fingerprints.

In order to add and modify fingerprints, you must be a member of an authorization group assigned the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine ExtremeAnalytics Read/Write Access capability.

Updating Fingerprints

New and updated fingerprints are provided via a fingerprint update website. Perform a one-time manual update of the fingerprint database or configure a scheduled update to be performed automatically from the **Configuration** tab. Custom fingerprints are not overwritten when an update is performed.

When a fingerprint update is performed, the fingerprint update server is checked for newer fingerprints than what is available on the ExtremeCloud IQ -Site Engine server. If there are newer fingerprints, they are downloaded, and the fingerprint definitions are updated with any new fingerprint definition files. You need to enforce your engines following an update to push the updated fingerprints to the engines.

Perform a Fingerprint Update

Perform a manual one-time update of the fingerprint database. To access the update website, you need to create an Extranet account at ExtremeNetworks.com and define a username and password for the account. You need the username and password in order to perform updates.

- 1. Select the **Analytics** tab in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine and then select the **Configurations** view.
- 2. In the left-panel tree, expand the System folder and select **Fingerprints**.

3. Click the **Menu** icon (≡) and select **Update Fingerprints**. If you have already configured your Fingerprint Update settings, the update is performed immediately.

If you have not configured your settings, the Fingerprint Update window opens.

Fingerprint Upd	ate	×
Interval:	⊙ Not Scheduled O Daily O Weekly	
Enforce Updates:	Automatically enforce updated fingerprints to all engines	
Update Site:		
Update Site Port:	80 🗘	
Usemame:		
Password:		
Proxy:	No Proxy 👻	
	Save Close	P

- a. Leave the Interval selection as Not Scheduled.
- b. Select the **Enforce Updates** checkbox to automatically update fingerprints on all engines. Not selecting this checkbox requires you to update each engine manually.
- c. The **Update Site** field displays the default path to the official fingerprint update site. Typically, this field does change unless for security reasons the system does not have access to the internet and an internal update site must be used.
- d. The **Update Site Port** is the port on the update site to which the update connects. The port cannot be changed unless you are using a custom update site.
- e. Enter the credentials used to access the fingerprint update website. These are the username and password credentials you defined when you created an Extranet account at ExtremeNetworks.com.
- f. If your network is protected by a firewall, you need to configure proxy server settings to use when accessing the website. In the Proxy field, select Use Proxy or Use Proxy with Credentials and enter your proxy server address and port ID. (Consult your network administrator for this information.) If your proxy server requires authentication, enter the proxy username and password credentials. The credentials you add here must match the credentials configured on the

proxy server.

- g. Click Save. The Fingerprint Update is performed immediately.
- 4. If you did not select the **Enforce Updates** checkbox, enforce to push the changes to your engines when the update is complete.

Schedule Fingerprint Updates

You can schedule fingerprint updates performed automatically on a daily or weekly basis.

To access the update website, you need to create an Extranet account at ExtremeNetworks.com and define a username and password for the account. You need the username and password in order to schedule updates.

- 1. Select the **Analytics** tab in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine and then select the Configuration view.
- 2. In the left-panel tree, expand the System folder and select Fingerprints.
- 3. Click on the **Menu** icon (≡) and select Fingerprint Update Settings. The Fingerprint Update window opens.

Fingerprint Upd	ite 🗙
Interval:	Not Scheduled O Daily O Weekly
Enforce Updates:	Automatically enforce updated fingerprints to all engines
Update Site:	
Update Site Port:	\$ 08
Usemame:	
Password:	•••••• Ø
Proxy:	No Proxy 👻
	Save Close

- 4. Select the update interval which defines how frequently the update is performed: **Daily** or **Weekly**.
- 5. If you have selected **Weekly**, select the day of the week you would like the update performed.
- 6. Enter the scheduled time you would like the update performed.

- 7. Select the **Enforce Updates** checkbox to automatically update fingerprints on all engines. Not selecting this checkbox requires you to update each engine manually.
- 8. The **Update Site** field displays the default path to the official fingerprint update site. Typically, this field does not change unless for security reasons the system does not have access to the internet and an internal update site must be used.
- 9. The **Update Site Port** is the port on the update site to which the update connects. The port cannot be changed unless you are using a custom update site.
- 10. Enter the credentials used to access the fingerprint update website. These are the username and password credentials you defined when you created an Extranet account at ExtremeNetworks.com.
- 11. If your network is protected by a firewall, configure proxy server settings to use when accessing the website. In the Proxy field, select Use Proxy or Use Proxy with Credentials and enter your proxy server address and port ID. (Consult your network administrator for this information.) If your proxy server requires authentication, enter the proxy username and password credentials. The credentials you add here must match the credentials configured on the proxy server.
- 12. Click Save.
- 13. If you did not select the **Enforce Updates** checkbox, enforce to push the changes to your engines when the update is complete.

Related Information

• ExtremeAnalytics tab

Custom Fingerprint Examples

The ExtremeAnalytics feature uses fingerprints to identify to which application a network traffic flow belongs. A fingerprint is a description of a pattern of network traffic which can be used to identify an application. ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine provides thousands of system fingerprints with the ExtremeAnalytics feature. In addition, you can create new custom fingerprints.

For additional information, see Getting Started with ExtremeAnalytics.

This Help topic provides examples of three different types of custom fingerprints you can create:

- Fingerprints Based on a Flow
- Fingerprints Based on an Application or Application Group
- Fingerprints Based on a Destination Address

For additional information, see Add and Modify Fingerprints.

Fingerprints Based on a Flow

This example demonstrates how to create a custom fingerprint based on X Window System network traffic.

In the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Flows table (with the Show Unclassified View selected) you notice several flows that had an X Window System source port 6049. Since these flows are not currently identified with a fingerprint, you can create a fingerprint for those flows based on the port that x11 traffic normally runs over.

Use the following steps to create the fingerprint.

- 1. Select the **Analytics** tab.
- 2. Select the Application Flows tab.
- 3. In the table, select the **Show Unclassified View**.
- 4. Right-click on a flow with the x11 Source Port and select Fingerprints > Add Fingerprint.

5. The Add Fingerprint window opens.

Add Fingerprint			\otimes
Create a fingerprint ma	ching the following compo	nents of thi	s flow.
Port x11 [6049]			\sim
Application Name:	X Windows System		
Application Group:	Protocols		\sim
Confidence:	60		\$
Description:	X Windows System N	X Windows System Network traffic.	
This fingerprint needs to effect.	be enforced to appliance	s before it c	an take
		ОК	Cancel

- 6. Use the drop-down list to select matching Portx11 [6049].
- 7. Set the Application Name to X Window System.
- 8. Set the Application Group to Protocols.
- 9. Set the **Confidence** level to **60** (the default). A fingerprint with a confidence higher than 60 can supersede this fingerprint, if it also matches the flow.
- 10. Click **OK** to create the fingerprint.
- 11. Enforce to push the new fingerprint to your engines.

Fingerprints Based on an Application or Application Group

This example demonstrates how to create a fingerprint for some unclassified web traffic.

In the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Application Flows table (with the Show Unclassified Web Traffic View selected) you noticed several flows for the "yahoo ads" application that are part of the Web Applications group. You want to create a fingerprint that provides an application and application group specifically for this traffic, instead of letting it default to the Web Applications group. The new fingerprint categorizes "yahoo ads" flows into the Yahoo Ads Id application and the Advertising application group.

Use the following steps to create the fingerprint.

- 1. Select the Analytics tab in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine.
- 2. Select the Application Flows tab.
- 3. In the table, select the Show Unclassified Web Traffic View.
- 4. Right-click on a flow with the yahoo ads application and select **Fingerprints** > **Add Fingerprint**.
- 5. The Add Fingerprint window opens.

	tching the following component	
Host yahoo ads		~
Application Name:	Yahoo Ads	
Application Group:	Advertising	~
Confidence:	60	0
Description:		
	o be enforced to appliances bef	

- 6. Use the drop-down list to select matching the "yahoo ads" host.
- 7. Set the Application Name to Yahoo Ads.
- 8. Set the Application Group to Advertising.
- 9. Set the **Confidence** level to **60** (the default). A fingerprint with a confidence higher than 60 can supersede this fingerprint, if it also matches the flow.
- 10. Click **OK** to create the fingerprint.
- 11. Enforce to push the new fingerprint to your engines.

Fingerprints Based on a Destination Address

In both of the previous examples, you created a new custom fingerprint to cover a case where no appropriate fingerprint existed. You may also want to create a new fingerprint for traffic flows already identified as one application, but should be categorized as something else.

For example, let's say you have a Git repository on your network. Git repositories (a source code management system used in software development) are frequently accessed via SSH on port 22 (the standard TCP port assigned for SSH traffic). In this case, the SSH traffic flows is identified using the system SSH portbased fingerprint.

But what if you would like to more closely monitor who is accessing the Git repository? If you know you are running the Git server on a certain system (10.20.117.102 port 22, for our example), you can create a custom fingerprint to identify the Git traffic flows.

The fingerprint is based on one of the SSH flows using the IP address/port of the Git server and have a higher confidence than the system port-based fingerprint. The higher confidence fingerprint will override the lower confidence fingerprint when determining a match for the traffic flow.

Use the following steps to create the fingerprint.

- 1. Select the Analytics tab in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine.
- 2. Select the Application Flows tab.
- 3. In the table, right-click on an SSH port-based flow with the Git server destination address and select **Fingerprints** > **Add Fingerprint**.

4. The Add Fingerprint window opens.

Address proxyserver () on port http [80]	*
Application Name:	Proxy	
Application Group:	Web Applications	~
Confidence:	15	\$
Description:		

- 5. Use the drop-down list to select matching the Git server IP address and port.
- 6. Set the Application Name to Git.
- 7. Select an Application Group that makes the most sense for your network. It might be Web Collaboration, Databases, Business Applications, or Storage. You can also create a new Application Group using the Create Custom Application Group option available from the gear menu in the Fingerprint Details tab. (You would need to do this before you create the custom fingerprint.)
- 8. Set the **Confidence** level to **60**, which is a higher confidence than the current fingerprint which is set at 10.
- 9. Click **OK** to create the fingerprint.
- 10. Enforce to push the new fingerprint to your engines.

Related Information

For information on related ExtremeAnalytics topics:

- <u>Analytics</u>
- Add and Modify Fingerprints

How to Deploy ExtremeAnalytics in an MSP or MSSP Environment

This Help topic presents instructions for deploying ExtremeAnalytics within an MSP (Managed Service Provider) or MSSP (Managed Security Service Provider) environment. It includes the following information:

- <u>Configuring ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine Behind a NAT Router</u>
- Defining Interface Services

Configuring ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Behind a NAT Router

If the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server is located behind a NAT (Network Address Translation) router, use the following steps to add an entry to the nat_ config.txt file that defines the real IP address for the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server. This allows the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server to convert the NAT IP address received in the ExtremeAnalytics engine response to the real IP address used by the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server. Not adding the real IP address for the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server to the nat_config.txt file results in the ExtremeAnalytics engine incorrectly displaying a state of IMPAIRED (orange) rather than UP (green).

NOTE: The text in the nat_config.text file refers to a remote IP address and a local IP address. For this configuration, the NAT IP address is the remote IP address and the real IP address is the local IP address.

- On the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine server, add the following entry to the <install directory>/appdata/nat_config.txt file.
 <NAT IP address>=<real IP address>
- 2. Save the file.
- 3. If the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine Management server IP address is not configured to use the NAT IP address of the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine server, perform the following steps:
 - a. Enter the following command at the engine CLI: /opt/appid/configMgmtIP <IP address>

Where *<IP address>* is the NAT IP address of the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server.

Press Enter.

- Restart the appidserver once the new IP address is configured by typing: appidctl restart Press Enter.
- 4. On the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine server, add the following text to the <install directory>/appdata/NSJBoss.properties file. In the second to last line, specify the hostname of the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server.

NOTE: The ExtremeAnalytics engine functions as a client computer independent of the server. Both engines and clients must be able to resolve the hostname you specify.

```
# In order to connect to a NetSight server behind a NAT fi
rewall or a
# NetSight server with multiple interfaces you must define
these two
# variables on the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine
server. The java.rmi.server.hostname
# should be the hostname
(not the IP) if multiple IPs are being used
# so that each client can resolve the hostname to the corr
ect IP that
# they want to use as the IP to connect to.
java.rmi.server.hostname=<hostname of NetSight server>
java.rmi.server.useLocalHostname=true
```

- 5. Save the file.
- 6. Add the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine server hostname to your DNS server, if necessary.

Related Information

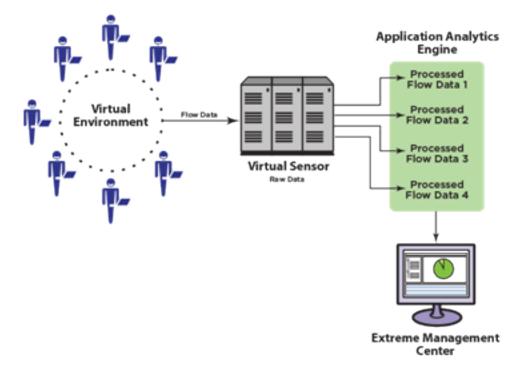
For information on related windows:

NOTE: ExtremeAnalytics engines, remote ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine clients, and any ExtremeControl engines must be able to connect to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine using this hostname.

• ExtremeAnalytics Engine Advanced Configuration Panel

ExtremeAnalytics Virtual Sensor Configuration in ExtremeCloud IQ -Site Engine

The ExtremeAnalytics Virtual Sensor is a virtual machine that monitors application flows across virtual environments. The Virtual Sensor sends network traffic information to your ExtremeAnalytics engine for processing. The ExtremeAnalytics engine then sends the processed information to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, where it is displayed on the **Analytics** tab.



In a typical environment, one Virtual Sensor is deployed on each physical ESX host. Each Virtual Sensor is counted as 1/10 of a device towards your ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine device count license.

Use these instructions to add one or more Virtual Sensors to ExtremeCloud IQ -Site Engine. While it is possible to add the Virtual Sensor without using the VMware vSphere ExtremeConnect module in ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, the first method outlined in this topic is highly recommended. Refer to <u>Virtual</u> <u>Sensor Installation Guide</u> for more information about using the Virtual Sensor. **IMPORTANT:** Configuration of the virtual environment via ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine is limited to distributed virtual switches only.

Configuring a Virtual Sensor includes the following steps:

- 1. Prerequisites
- 2. Installing the Virtual Sensor using the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine Server
- 3. Adding the Virtual Sensor in ExtremeAnalytics
- 4. Configuring vCenter Settings for the Virtual Sensor

Prerequisites

Before attempting to add Virtual Sensors to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, ensure the following:

- Your vCenter vSphere login is configured with an administrative role in at least the following Global Permissions:
 - o Distributed Switch
 - VSPAN operation
 - o Datastore
 - Allocate space
 - Browse datastore
 - o Host
 - Local operations
 - Create virtual machine
 - Delete virtual machine
 - Reconfigure virtual machine
 - o Network
 - Assign network
 - o vApp
 - Import
 - View OVF environment

dranstration					
Access Control	Global Permissions				
Roles	+ / ×				
Clobal Permissions	Verfine 1 Y	Refer	Ŧ	Defined in	
Licensing	A VSPHERE LOCAL Administrator	Administrator		Global Permission	
Licenses	S VSPHERE LOCAL Administration	Adminipator		Globe Permission	
Clerit Pug-Ins	A VEPHERE LOCAL WARKUptere	Autocodenector		Onthe Permanen	
vCenter Server Extensions	A VSPHERE LOCAL THRUSH	vServor Grobel		Online Permanen	
Supplayment.	A V5740RE10CAL16H0 87512287 0009 4725 0040 4045056007	Administrator		Onder Permanen	
System Configuration	A V574ERELOCAL-ond-enterson-8700287-0007-825-0040-014590e.	Administrator		Globel Permission	
Cutomer Experience Improvement Program	A VSPHERELOCAL/usersor	vSamue Admin		Global Parmission	_
happort	VSPHERE LOCAL vsphere webchers #700287-6904-425-8946-60459	Read-only		Gube Permanen	-
upplied File to Service Request.	-				
ingle Sign On					
Users and Groups Configuration					
Carificates					
Certificate Management					
Concess - and and a set					

- Your vCenter vSphere login is configured with an administrative role in at least the following permissions in the cluster the Virtual Sensor is monitoring :
- o Distributed Switch
 - VSPAN operation
 - o Datastore
 - Allocate space
 - Browse datastore
 - Remove file
 - o Host
 - Local operations
 - Create virtual machine
 - Delete virtual machine
 - Reconfigure virtual machine
 - o Network
 - Assign network
 - o Tasks
 - Create task
 - Update task
 - o vApp
 - Import
 - View OVF environment

- o Virtual machine
 - Change Configuration
 - Add new disk
 - Advanced configuration
 - Edit Inventory
 - Create new
 - Remove
 - Interaction
 - Power off
 - Power on

0 0 2	VSensorOluster Actions -			
Costa example org	Summary Monitor Configure Permissions Ho	sts VMs Datastores Networks Updat	es	
Analytics-VSensor VSensorOuster	+ / ×			
10.54.76.75	Unifing 1	v Ros	v Defrects	
10-54-10-15-MonitorPG-VS (\$10-54-10-15-TX-search-PG-V5)	A VSPHERELOCAL Administrator	Administrator	Global Permission	
10-50-110-55-117/startich-PD-V3	A VSP-ERELOCAL Administrations	Administrator	Global Permission	
C DOLADUKAB	S VSPHERE LOCAL Autor/addes	Autocapterie-coar	Global Permission	
(a uburtuit)	VSPHERE LOCAL Instant	vSensor Admin	Dit Analytics Viberson	
C uturtudo	VSPHERE LOCAL value #791247 e389 4/25 8644 ex 45/86424	7 Administrator	Global Permission	
🕞 voersor-alutein	VSPHERE LOCAL vpsd-externation-87302467 eX64 4/25 8/ekb ex	Hols. Administration	Global Permission	
> 10.54.16.51	VSPHERE LOCAL Visional	všenov Agren	This opect and its children	_
V Bengarove Lab V Bengarove Lab V Bengarove Lab V Bengarove Lab V Bengarove J. S D O Stationarovechell D metagert, actorismon, 54 or 54 on Stationarovechell D metagert, accelerator, 54 or 53 o 3 - 5 met (26 stat.) D metagert, accelerator, 54 or 53 o 3 - 5 met (26 stat.)	VIP-ERLLOCAL vanew vescene #352261-689 #23-686	dd. Readony	Gobal Permason	

• The <u>VMware Open Virtualization Format Tool</u> (OVFTool) is installed on the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server.

NOTE: Instructions for this prerequesite are not included. You must be a VMware customer to download the OVF Tool. Please consult the VMware site for download and installation instructions.

Installing the Virtual Sensor Using the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine Server

The Virtual Sensor is installed as an .OVA file using your ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server.

You can install the Virtual Sensor in two different ways:

- Install Using ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine To install using ExtremeConnect functionality in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine, use the instructions in this topic.
- Install Using the vSphere Web Client To install using the vSphere web client, refer to the section "Installing Virtual Sensor using vSphere Web Client" in the <u>ExtremeAnalytics Virtual Sensor 1.0.0 Software Installation Guide.</u>

We recommend installing the Virtual Sensor using ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine unless you do not have the required permissions from your VMware Administrator. When installing the Virtual Sensor using the vSphere client, some information does not populate on the Analytics > Configuration > Virtual Sensors tab in ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, including the **Physical Host**, **Monitored Switch**, **Port Group**, and **VMs Monitored** fields in the Virtual Sensors table at the top of the tab and the Virtual Machines table at the bottom of the tab.

Install Using ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine

Installing the Virtual Sensor using ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine includes two steps:

- 1. Configuring the VMware vSphere Module in ExtremeConnect
- 2. Adding the Virtual Sensor to ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine

Configuring the VMware vSphere Module in ExtremeConnect

Use the following steps to configure your vCenter server:

 Open the Connect > Configuration > <u>Administration tab</u> in ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine. 2. Select VMware vSphere in the Modules list in the left-panel.

Configuration Domains	Services API				Q ? =
Dashboard End-Systems	End-System Gro	ups Adm	inistration Statistic	cs About	
Modules		Service	Configuration		
Name	Enabled 1	Add Serv	ce Remove Service	Save Refresh	
Domain Portal	•	ID serv	er password	ws_url	usemame
Extreme Connect	•	1			administrator@vspher.
Extreme Control	•	2	1	https://	vsensor@vsphere.local
Utilities	0				
VMware vSphere	0				
AirWatch MDM	0				
Aruba ClearPass	0				
Amazon Web Services	0				
Microsoft Azure	0				
Casper	0				
Checkpoint	٥				
ESET Security	٥				
Fiberlink MaaS350	0				
FNT Command	0				
FortiGate SSO	0				
Distributed IPS	0.				

- 3. Open the **Services** tab in the right-panel.
- 4. Click Add Service.

A new row appears.

- 5. Enter the information for your vCenter server in the new row:
 - **username** Username used to access the vCenter server.
 - password Password used to access the vCenter server.
 - server vCenter server IP address.
 - ws_url vCenter server web service URL in the following format: https://<IP Address of vCenter Server>:<Non-Standard Port of vCenter Server>/sdk. For example, https://10.20.30.40:8008/sdk.
- 6. Click Save.
- 7. Open the **Configuration** tab.
- 8. Select **true** in the Value column of the Module enabled row.
- 9. Configure the other settings according to your preferences for your vCenter server.
- 10. Click Save.

The vCenter server is configured in ExtremeConnect.

Adding the Virtual Sensor to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine

After configuring the vCenter server in ExtremeConnect, download and add the Virtual Sensor .OVA file in ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine.

- 1. Access the Network > Devices > Sites > World site.
- 2. Open the **ZTP+ Device Defaults** tab in the right panel.
- 3. Select IP in the Use Discovered drop-down list.
- 4. Select an **Admin Profile** from the drop-down list that uses SNMPv3 and has a CLI credential password that is not empty.
- 5. Select Never in the Firmware Upgrades drop-down list.

scover Actions VRF	WLAN Topologies	Servi	ices Port Templates	ZTP+ Device Defaults	Endpoint Locations	Analytics Custom Var	lables
Basic Management		_					
Use Discovered:	iþ 👻		Domain Name:		System Contact:		
Subnet Address:					System Location:		
			DNS Server 2:		Admin Profile:	snmp_v3_profile	٠
			DNS Server 3:		Poll Group:	Default	÷
			NTP Server:		Poll Type:	SNMP	٠
	Default *						
Management Interface: Configuration/Upgrade	Default	•	NTP Server 2:				
Configuration/Upgrade		•		Never •]		
	Default Always	•	NTP Server 2: Firmware Upgrades: Upgrade Date:	Never •			
Configuration/Upgrade Configuration Updates:	Always	- 1	Firmware Upgrades:				
Configuration/Upgrade Configuration Updates: Update Date:	Always 11/19/2019	- 1	Firmware Upgrades: Upgrade Date:	11/19/2019			
Configuration/Upgrade Configuration Updates: Update Date: Update Time:	Always 11/19/2019 10:30 PM	- 1	Firmware Upgrades: Upgrade Date: Upgrade Time:	11/19/2019			
Configuration/Upgrade Configuration Updates: Update Date: Update Time: Update UTC Offset:	Always 11/19/2019 10:30 PM UTC-05:00	•	Firmware Upgrades: Upgrade Date: Upgrade Time:	11/19/2019 10 10/30 PM + UTC-05/00	bied Error •		

6. Download the Virtual Sensor .OVA file from the <u>Extreme Portal</u> to your local client machine.

You need to access this location in Step 10.

NOTE: Download the **Small** .OVA file if you are using a VS100 license or the **Medium** .OVA file if you are using a VS250 license.

Microsoft Internet Explorer downloads the .OVA file as a .TAR file. Change the file extension back to .OVA once the download is complete. Using Google Chrome avoids this step and downloads the file as an .OVA file.

- 7. Navigate back to ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine.
- 8. Open the **Network** > <u>Firmware tab</u>.
- 9. Click Upload.

The Upload Firmware to Server window displays.

- 10. Add the .OVA file to the **Upload Firmware to Server** window through one of the following methods:
 - Access the location on the local client machine into which you saved the .OVA file in Step 6 and drag and drop the Virtual Sensor .OVA file into the box at the top of the window.
 - Click the box at the top of the window and browse to the location into which you saved the .OVA file in Step 6.
- 11. Use the default transfer type setting in **Directory**.
- 12. Leave the **Subdirectory** field blank.
- 13. Click Upload.

ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine uploads the .OVA file.

Once the .OVA file is installed, proceed to <u>Adding the Virtual Sensor in</u> <u>ExtremeAnalytics</u>

Adding the Virtual Sensor in ExtremeAnalytics

Once you add the Virtual Sensor .OVA file to ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine, install the Virtual Sensor in ExtremeAnalytics.

- 1. Open the **Analytics** > <u>Configuration tab</u>.
- Click Virtual Sensors in the left-panel. The <u>Virtual Sensors tab</u> displays. All of the virtual machines configured in VMware vSphere are listed in the Virtual Machines section of the tab.

- 3. Click **Install** in the Virtual Sensors section of the tab. The **Install Virtual Sensor on Hypervisor Host** window displays.
- 4. Click the ellipsis button (•••) in the **Hypervisor Host** field and select the hypervisor host on which you are installing the Virtual Sensor.
- 5. Click the ellipsis button (•••) in the **Datastore** field and select the datastore, if the field does not automatically populate.
- 6. Select the **License Type** for your Virtual Sensor from the available license types listed:
 - VS100 One virtual CPU core with a capacity of 1Gbps. Select this license type when installing the **Small** .OVA file.
 - VS250 Two virtual CPU cores with a capacity of 2.5Gbps. Select this license type when installing the **Medium** .OVA file.
- 7. Select the Analytics Engine to which the Virtual Sensor sends flow data.
- Click the ellipsis button (***) in the Management Interface Network field and select the network you use for management, The Virtual Sensor must communicate with the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine server and the ExtremeAnalytics engine using this network.
- 9. Click the ellipsis button (•••) in the **Monitored Interface Port Group** field and select the port group for the monitoring interface.

The port group must be on the distributed virtual switch you are monitoring.

IMPORTANT: Select a port group that does not include an uplink port.

10. Change the Name of the Virtual Sensor, if desired.

NOTE: By default, the Virtual Sensor is named using the following format: *<IP Address of host><PortGroupName>-*VS.

- 11. Select **Use DHCP**, if using a DHCP server to dynamically assign an IP address for the Virtual Sensor.
- 12. Enter an **IP Address** and **Default Gateway** for the Virtual Sensor if you are not using DHCP.

NOTE: If you enter an IP address included in a range defined in a site, the **DNS Server** and **NTP Server** are automatically populated from that site, if defined.

- 13. Enter the **Root Password** for the Virtual Sensor.
- 14. Enter the **Domain** name (for example, extremenetworks.com).

- 15. Enter the DNS Server IP address and NTP Server IP address, if applicable.
- 16. Click Install.
 - **NOTE:** The installation may take several minutes. The Operations panel shows the progress of the installation. It is normal for the progress to pause at 89 or 90 percent for a short amount of time. During this time, the OVA is deployed and ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine is waiting for the new Virtual Sensor to be discovered via ZTP+. If ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine is not configured to on-board ZTP+ devices automatically, you need to access to the Network > **Discovered** tab, and configure the new Virtual Sensor for ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine.

The Virtual Sensor is installed and displays in the Virtual Sensors table at the top of the **Analytics** > **Configuration** > **Virtual Sensors** tab.

- **NOTE:** If the installation process takes longer than five minutes, the Operation panel in ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine may incorrectly indicate the installation failed. If the Operations panel indicates a failure, open the Network > **Discovered** tab and look for the Virtual Sensor. Continue to add the Virtual Sensor via this tab. If the Virtual Sensor is NOT listed on the **Discovered** tab, the cause may be one of the following:
 - ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine is not communicating with the management interface of the Virtual Sensor.
 - The Virtual Sensor is configured with the **Use DHCP** option selected (step 11), but the DHCP process did not complete successfully.

Open the **Analytics** > <u>Application Flows tab</u> to ensure the Virtual Sensor is collecting flow data. Any fragmented packets the Virtual Sensor receives out of order are re-ordered for processing and then forwarded in the correct order. Once flows are collected by the Virtual Sensor, you can create <u>packet captures</u> for those flows.

NOTES: If the Virtual Sensor receives traffic as it is initializing, packet drops (reported as mbuf allocation failure) may be observed.

Configuring vCenter Settings for the Virtual Sensor

To ensure the Virtual Sensor is performing optimally, configure the following vCenter settings for your Virtual Sensor:

- 1. In vCenter, power off the Virtual Sensor virtual machine.
- 2. Right-click the virtual machine and select Edit Settings.
- 3. On the **Virtual Hardware** tab, expand **CPU** and allocate the CPU capacity according to the size of the OVA:
 - Medium OVA 4,594 MHz
 - Small OVA 2,297 MHz

The CPU capacity required (Reservation of CPU capacity) is calculated as the number of vCPUs (Small = 1, Medium = 2) * CPU speed of ESXi (2,297 MHz).

- 4. Click OK.
- 5. Right-click the virtual machine and select **Compatibility** > **Upgrade VM Compatibility**.

The virtual machine is upgraded to the latest supported version.

NOTE: If the Virtual Sensor is already running the latest supported version, the **Upgrade VM Compatibility** option is not available.

Related Information

- Virtual Sensors
- Virtual Sensor Installation Guide

Stream Flow Data from ExtremeAnalytics into Splunk

ExtremeAnalytics includes the ability to stream flow data from an Analytics engine to Splunk. To help you use Splunk with ExtremeAnalytics, we added a Splunk directory to the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine NetSight/appdata/Purview directory.

The Splunk directory contains the following:

- A PDF with instructions describing how to add Extreme's enterprise IPFIX fields into the Splunk vocabulary and adjust the Splunk streaming app to process the Extreme IPFIX format.
- Files that you can copy to the Splunk server to facilitate integration, instead of manually editing the files.

Use the procedures in this section to send Splunk-enriched network flow data using IPFIX.

Environment

- ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine 21.04.10
- Extreme Management Center 8.2 and later
- Splunk 7.2.6 (single server deployment) and later
- Splunk Stream 7.1.3 and later

Overview

You can configure the Splunk Stream app to process Netflow/IPFIX flow records and add the data into the Splunk data store. Configure this partly by editing text files on the file system, and partly by using the web UI.

The instance of Splunk Stream at any site may already be configured to import one or more flow sources. Because of this, you must take care to merge the needed changes for ExtremeAnalytics with the existing file contents. After you make the file system changes, restart Splunk. Then, define a new "stream" using the user interface. Finally, enable and deploy the IPFIX exporter of ExtremeAnalytics from the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine user interface.

Part 1 - Making File Level Splunk Modifications

- 1. Connect to the Splunk server via SSH.
- 2. Enter cd \$SPLUNK_HOME/etc/apps/splunk_app_stream/local.
- 3. Copy the streamfwd.conf file. (If there is no streamfwd.conf file present, skip this step.)
- 4. Copy Extreme's version of the streamfwd.conf file and paste it into streamfwd.conf. Alternately, merge Extreme's version of streamfwd.conf settings into the existing streamfwd.conf file.
- 5. Enter cd \$SPLUNK_HOME/etc/apps/Splunk_TA_stream/local.
- 6. Copy the streamfwd.conf file. (If there is no streamfwd.conf file present, skip this step.)
- 7. Copy the streamfwd.conf file from the splunk_app_stream/local directory to this directory.
- 8. Enter cd \$SPLUNK_HOME/etc/apps/splunk_app_ stream/default/vocabulary.
- 9. Copy the extr.xml file to this directory.
- Enter cd \$SPLUNK_HOME/etc/apps/splunk_app_ stream/default/vocabulary/streams.
- 11. Make a copy of the netflow file.
- 12. Merge the contents of our extr.netflow file to the netflow file.

Part 2 – Creating a New Stream using the Splunk web UI

- 1. Log in to Splunk (by default, the web server is on port 8000).
- 2. Navigate to the Splunk Stream App.
- 3. Select **Configure Streams** from the Configuration menu.

- 4. Optionally, disable all existing streams if you installed Splunk Stream solely to integrate Analytics flow data.
- 5. Create a new stream.
 - a. Click on **New Stream > Metadata Stream** to start creating a stream for ExtremeAnalytics.
 - b. Select the **Netflow** protocol.
 - c. Type a name and description for your stream.
 - d. If you are an advanced Splunk user, you can choose an appropriate Aggregation method. This can be changed later, as well. We will leave aggregate off in this topic.
 - e. In the **Fields** dialog box, you do not have to deselect any filters. You can deselect any selected filters you do not need later.
 - f. In the **Filters** dialog box, do not deselect any filters. You can deselect any selected filters you do not need later.
 - g. In the **Settings** dialog box, select **Enabled** for Status.
 - h. In the **Groups** dialog box, leave the default, and click **Create Stream**.
 - i. After you click **Create Stream**, Splunk confirms that your stream was created.

Part 3 – Configuring each Analytics Engine to Export IPFIX Data to the Splunk Server

- 1. Log in to ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine.
- 2. Navigate to Analytics > Configuration.
- 3. Use the following steps for each engine you want exporting flows to Splunk,
 - a. Click on its **Configuration** page.
 - b. Expand the IPFIX/Netflow Exporter section and fill out the required fields.
 - c. Ensure that **Export Enabled** is checked.
 - d. Set the Export IP to the Splunk server IP address.
 - e. Set the Export Port to 2055 unless this has been customized in Splunk.
 - f. Set the **Protocol** to either IPFIX or IPFIX with Padded Strings.
 - g. Select Save.

The Metadata contains some protocol-specific data for the analysis of DNS, HTTP, etc. This additional data can double the size of the records.

 Enforce the changes by expanding Engines in the left-panel of Analytics > Configuration, selecting the engine in the left-panel menu, and clicking the Enforce button. The Splunk Search displays "netflowdata" within a minute or two.

Appendix

Files

\$SPLUNK/etc/apps/splunk_app_stream/local/streamfwd.conf \$SPLUNK/etc/apps/Splunk_TA_stream/local/streamfwd.conf

```
[streamfwd]
port = 8889
ipAddr = 127.0.0.1
netflowReceiver.0.ip = 10.54.116.45
netflowReceiver.0.port = 2055
netflowReceiver.0.decoder = netflow
#netflowElement.997.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.997.id = 96
netflowElement.997.termid = extr.appName
netflowElement.998.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.998.id = 371
netflowElement.998.termid = extr.userName
netflowElement.999.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.999.id = 372
netflowElement.999.termid = extr.appGroupName
netflowElement.1000.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.1000.id = 1000
netflowElement.1000.termid = extr.srcHostName
netflowElement.1001.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.1001.id = 1001
netflowElement.1001.termid = extr.dstHostName
netflowElement.1002.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.1002.id = 1002
netflowElement.1002.termid = extr.netResponseTime
netflowElement.1003.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.1003.id = 1003
netflowElement.1003.termid = extr.appResponseTime
netflowElement.1004.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.1004.id = 1004
netflowElement.1004.termtype = ipaddress
netflowElement.1004.termid = extr.serverAddress
netflowElement.1005.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.1005.id = 1005
netflowElement.1005.termid = extr.nacProfile
netflowElement.1006.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.1006.id = 1006
netflowElement.1006.termid = extr.detailedLocation
```

```
netflowElement.1007.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.1007.id = 1007
netflowElement.1007.termid = extr.oneSidedFlow
netflowElement.1008.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.1008.id = 1008
netflowElement.1009.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.1009.id = 1009
netflowElement.1009.termid = extr.serverLocation
netflowElement.1010.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.1010.enterpriseid = 1916
netflowElement.1010.id = 1010
netflowElement.1010.id = 1010
```

\$SPLUNK/etc/apps/splunk_app_ stream/default/vocabulary/extreme.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<CmConfig xmlns="http://purl.org/cloudmeter/config" version="7.1.1">
       <Vocabulary id="extr">
         <Locked>true</Locked>
         <Name>ExtremeAnalytics Netflow Protocol Vocabulary</Name>
               <Term id="extr.appName">
                       <Type>string</Type>
                       <Comment>Application Name - ExtremeAnalytics</Comment>
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.userName">
                       <Type>string</Type>
                       <Comment>User Name - ExtremeAnalytics</Comment>
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.appGroupName">
                       <Type>string</Type>
                       <Comment>Application Group Name - ExtremeAnalytics</Comme
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.srcHostName">
                       <Type>string</Type>
                       <Comment>Source Host Name - ExtremeAnalytics</Comment>
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.dstHostName">
                       <Type>string</Type>
                       <Comment>Destination Host Name - ExtremeAnalytics</Commen
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.netResponseTime">
                       <Type>uint64</Type>
```

```
<Comment>TCP Response Time - ExtremeAnalytics</Comment>
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.appResponseTime">
                       <Type>uint64</Type>
                       <Comment>Application Response Time - ExtremeAnalytics</Co
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.serverAddress">
                       <Type>shortstring</Type>
                       <Comment>Server IP Address - ExtremeAnalytics</Comment>
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.nacProfile">
                       <Type>string</Type>
                       <Comment>Client NAC Profile - ExtremeAnalytics</Comment>
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.detailedLocation">
                       <Type>string</Type>
                       <Comment>Client Detailed Location - ExtremeAnalytics</Com
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.oneSidedFlow">
                       <Type>uint8</Type>
                       <Comment>One Sided Flow Boolean - ExtremeAnalytics</Comme
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.clientLocation">
                       <Type>string</Type>
                       <Comment>Client Location - ExtremeAnalytics</Comment>
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.serverLocation">
                       <Type>string</Type>
                       <Comment>Server Location - ExtremeAnalytics</Comment>
               </Term>
               <Term id="extr.metaData">
                       <Type>string</Type>
                       <Comment>Extra Data - ExtremeAnalytics</Comment>
               </Term>
       </Vocabulary>
</CmConfig>
```

\$SPLUNK/etc/apps/splunk_app_ stream/default/streams/netflow (additions)

```
{
    "aggType": "value",
    "desc": "Application Name - ExtremeAnalytics",
    "enabled": true,
    "name": "app-name",
```

```
"term": "extr.appName"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
       "desc": "Application Group Name - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "application-group",
       "term": "extr.appGroupName"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
       "desc": "User Name - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "x-user-name",
       "term": "extr.userName"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
       "desc": "Source Host Name - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "src host name",
       "term": "extr.srcHostName"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
       "desc": "Destination Host Name - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "dst host name",
       "term": "extr.dstHostName"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
       "desc": "TCP Response Time - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "tcp-response-time",
       "term": "extr.netResponseTime"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
       "desc": "Application Response Time - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "app-response-time",
       "term": "extr.appResponseTime"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
```

```
"desc": "Server IP Address - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "server-ip-address",
       "term": "extr.serverAddress"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
       "desc": "Client NAC Profile - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "client-nac-profile",
       "term": "extr.nacProfile"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
       "desc": "Client Detailed Location - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "client-detailed-location",
       "term": "extr.detailedLocation"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
       "desc": "One Sided Flow Boolean - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "one-sided-flow",
       "term": "extr.oneSidedFlow"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
       "desc": "Client Location - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "client-location",
       "term": "extr.clientLocation"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
       "desc": "Server Location - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "server-location",
       "term": "extr.serverLocation"
},
{
       "aggType": "value",
       "desc": "Extra Meta Data - ExtremeAnalytics",
       "enabled": true,
       "name": "meta-data",
       "term": "extr.metaData"
```

}

Stream Flow Data from ExtremeAnalytics into Elastic Stack

ExtremeAnalytics includes the ability to stream flow data from an ExtremeAnalytics engine to Elastic Stack (aka ELK stack). To help you use Elastic Stack with ExtremeAnalytics, we added an ELK directory to the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine NetSight/appdata/Purview directory.

The ELK directory contains the following:

- A PDF describing how to add the open-source "Elastiflow" module to an ELK server and how to update this deployment to make Elastiflow aware of Extreme's IPFIX format.
- Files that you can copy to the ELK server to assist with the customization.

Use the procedures in this section to send Extreme Networks-enriched network flow data to Elastic Stack using IPFIX and ElastiFlow.

Environment

- Extreme Management Center 8.2 and later
- Elastic Stack 6.7 (single server deployment) and later
- ElastiFlow 3.4.2 and later (version compatible with Elastic Stack 6.7) running on Ubuntu Server 18.04

Overview

Use ElastiFlow to collect IPFIX flow data and visualize the results using Elastic Stack. ElastiFlow requires a working Elastic Stack and it must be configured by editing text files on the file system and by using the Kibana user interface.

The installation steps assume that IPFIX will only be sent over UDP on port 2055 from ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine. After making the file system and UI changes, you must restart the Elastic Stack components. Finally, enable and deploy the IPFIX exporter of ExtremeAnalytics from the ExtremeCloud IQ - Site Engine user interface.

Part 1 – Installing and Configuring ElastiFlow and Elastic Stack

ElastiFlow installation instructions can be found at:

https://github.com/robcowart/elastiflow/blob/master/INSTALL.md

Other helpful installation links are:

- https://www.catapultsystems.com/blogs/install-elastiflow-on-ubuntu-18-04-part-1/
- <u>https://sadsloth.net/post/elastiflow-ubuntu1804/</u>
- 1. Download and install the Oracle Server JRE 8 in one of the following ways:
 - a. Via the Ubuntu bundle by entering the following commands:

\$ sudo apt install openjdk-8-jre

Verify Oracle Server JRE 8 is installed properly by entering the following:

```
$ java -version
openjdk version "1.8.0_212"
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0_212-8u212-
b03-Oubuntu1.18.04.1-b03)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.212-b03, mixed
mode)
```

- b. Via the external Java web site by following the instructions at: <u>https://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/server-jre8-downloads-</u> <u>2133154.html</u>
- 2. Install Elastic Stack 6.7 (6.7.2 at time of writing) by entering the following commands:

```
wget -q0 - https://artifacts.elastic.co/GPG-KEY-elasticsearch |
sudo apt-key add
echo "deb https://artifacts.elastic.co/packages/6.x/apt stable
main" | sudo tee -a
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/elastic-6.x.list
```

a. Install Elastic Search:

sudo apt update; sudo apt -y install elasticsearch
(You may need to run sudo apt-get -f install to update packages before you

```
can install elasticsearch .)
sudo /bin/systemctl daemon-reload
sudo /bin/systemctl enable elasticsearch.service
sudo systemctl start elasticsearch.service
```

b. Install Kibana:

```
sudo apt -y install kibana
sudo /bin/systemctl daemon-reload
sudo /bin/systemctl enable kibana.service
```

sudo systemctl start kibana.service

c. Install Logstash:

```
sudo apt -y install logstash
```

- 3. Configure Elastic Stack components.
 - a. Configure Elasticsearch:

sudo nano /etc/elasticsearch/elasticsearch.yml

```
Change #network.host: 192.168.0.1 to network.host:
localhost
Save the file.
```

b. Configure Kibana:

WARNING:	The following changes allow external access to Kibana. You					
	must follow best practices to restrict public access to the					
	system.					

```
sudo nano /etc/kibana/kibana.yml
```

```
Change #server.host: "localhost" to server.host: "YOUR_
KIBANA_SERVER_IP".
Save the file.
```

sudo systemctl restart kibana

The default port for the Kibana's server is tcp port 5601. Create a firewall rule to allow users access to the Kibana server. The rule should be something like:

sudo ufw allow from YOUR_MANAGEMENT_SUBNET to any port 5601
proto tcp

c. Configure Logstash:

Edit JVM setting in /etc/logstash/jvm.options.

sudo nano /etc/logstash/jvm.options

Change -Xms1g to -Xms4g. Change -Xmx1g to -Xmx4g. Save the file.

Add required Logstash plugins.

```
sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash-plugin update
logstash-codec-netflow;
sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash-plugin update
logstash-input-udp;
sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash-plugin update
logstash-filter-dns;
sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash-plugin update
logstash-filter-geoip;
sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash-plugin update
logstash-filter-translate
```

4. Download and extract ElastiFlow v3.4.2.tar.gz to /usr/local/src.

```
wget
https://github.com/robcowart/elastiflow/archive/v3.4.2.tar.gz
sudo tar xvzf v3.4.2.tar.gz -C /usr/local/src
```

5. Copy logstash configuration.

```
cd /usr/local/src
sudo cp -arv elastiflow-3.4.2/logstash/elastiflow/.
/etc/logstash/elastiflow
```

6. Merge Extreme Networks specific IPFIX definitions with ElastiFlow.

- a. To prepare for this step, copy the extr_elastiflow_3.4.2.tar.gz file to the /etc/logstash directory.
- b. cd /etc/logstash
 sudo tar xvzf extr elastiflow 3.4.2.tar.gz
- 7. Configure logstash pipelines.yml.
 - a. sudo nano /etc/logstash/pipelines.yml
 - b. Add: - pipeline.id: elastiflow path.config: "/etc/logstash/elastiflow/conf.d/*.conf"
 - **NOTE:** Be careful about spacing and extra blank lines with the following file. Make sure there are no blank lines between the main definition and the elastiflow definition.

```
- pipeline.id: main
path.config: "/etc/logstash/conf.d/*.conf"
- pipeline.id: elastiflow
path.config: "/etc/logstash/elastiflow/conf.d/*.conf"
```

Do not add a <CR> at the end of the file. Save the file.

The following configuration example receives Extreme Networks-enriched IPFIX on UDP port 2055 only. We can modify the Logstash configuration and service parameters to limit the Logstash plugins that are loaded.

To prepare for this step, copy the **extr_udp_2055_logstash.tar.gz** file to the **/** directory.

```
cd /
sudo tar xvzf extr_udp_2055_logstash.tar.gz
cd /etc/logstash/elastiflow/conf.d
sudo mv 10_input_netflow_ipv4.logstash.conf 10_input_netflow_
ipv4.logstash.conf.disabled;
sudo mv 10_input_sflow_ipv4.logstash.conf 10_input_sflow_
ipv4.logstash.conf.disabled;
sudo mv 20_filter_20_netflow.logstash.conf 20_filter_20_
netflow.logstash.conf.disabled;
```

```
sudo mv 20_filter_40_sflow.logstash.conf 20_filter_40_
sflow.logstash.conf.disabled;
```

8. To prevent packet drops:

```
sudo cp -arv /usr/local/src/elastiflow-3.4.2/sysctl.d/87-
elastiflow.conf /etc/sysctl.d/.
```

```
To apply sysctl changes without restart: sudo sysctl --system
```

- 9. Set up Kibana index patterns.
 - a. Download <u>https://github.com/robcowart/elastiflow/archive/v3.4.2.tar.gz</u> to the computer that you will use to view ElastiFlow.
 - b. Extract the files to a temporary directory.
 - c. In the web browser, go to http://YOUR_KIBANA_SERVER_IP:5601.
 - d. In the Kibana UI, select Management on the left side of the screen and then Saved Objects.
 - e. Click Import.
 - f. Selectelastiflow-3.4.2\kibana\elastiflow.kibana.6.7.x.json.
 - g. Click Import.
- 10. Start Logstash:
 - a. sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/system-install sudo systemctl daemon-reload sudo systemctl start logstash
 - b. Run sudo tail -f /var/log/logstash/logstash-plain.logtosee messages from Logstash. It is normal to see info messages such as the following in the log: [INFO][logstash.config.source.local.configpathloader] No config files found in path {:path=>"/etc/logstash/conf.d/*.conf"}

Depending on your system, it can take a few minutes for Logstash to start up. When it starts, you should see a message that says: **Successfully started Logstash API endpoint**.

11. Go to <u>https://github.com/robcowart/elastiflow/blob/master/INSTALL.md</u> and perform "Recommended Kibana Advanced Settings."

Part 2 – Configuring each Analytics Engine to export IPFIX data to the Elastic Stack server

- 1. Log in to the ExtremeCloud IQ Site Engine.
- 2. Navigate to Analytics > Configuration.
- 3. Use the following steps for each engine that you want exporting flows to ElastiFlow:
 - a. Click on the engine's Configuration page.
 - b. Expand the IPFIX/Netflow Exporter section.
 - c. Fill out the required fields:
 - Set Export IP to the Logstash IP address.
 - Set Export Port to 2055.
 - Set Protocol to either IPFIX or IPFIX and Metadata. Metadata contains some protocol-specific data for the analysis of DNS, HTTP, etc. This additional data can double the size of the records.

 Engines 	Configuration - Configuration							
MCC Sensor (1)4 141 5 150) Broke Configuration Configuration Properties Configuration Properties Status Status	Kana Calhohuc1 Calhohuc2 maand appi		Device Family Port Winkes Co. ena? Winkes Co. none S-Sarles	Source Ports ge 11.ge 1.47,	WLANs funnel Extrans Corp. Extrans Corp. Coulted	Tunnel IP		
€ Configuration	PFSCNetFlow Count Pr Equit Pr Equit Print Printed							
	Web Credensals							
	Configuration Properties							
	Q AM Q Farmer							
	Nate			Value				
	options Plandarius/Options manifesius options Name/TassilutionOptions hostPlaneOunsains			100000 els entenaças com, entenaças com, corp. extrementenaños com		194	ŝ.	
						See	Cano	

4. Enforce the changes.

You should see **Ipfixdata** in ElastiFlow within a minute or two.

- 5. Go to Kibana at http://YOUR_KIBANA_SERVER_IP:5601.
- 6. Select Dashboard.
- 7. Click on **ElastiFlow: Overview**. You should see some data.
- 8. The Logstash log file displays the following message:

... [WARN][logstash.codecs.netflow] Can't (yet) decode flowset id xxx from observation domain id xxxx, because no template to decode it with has been received.

This message is normal. It goes away after one minute when Logstash receives the IPFIX data template, and this message will stop being added to the log file.

Appendix: Files

Additions to ipfix.yml in extr_elastiflow_3.4.2.tar.gz

```
# Extreme Networks (formerly 'Enterasys')
  1916:
       0:
       - :skip
       371:
       - :string
       - :extr userName
       372:
       - :string
       - :extr appGroupName
       1000:
       - :string
       - :extr srcHostName
       1001:
       - :string
       - :extr dstHostName
       1002:
       - :uint64
       - :extr netResponseTime
       1003:
       - :uint64
```

```
- :extr appResponseTime
1004:
- :ip4 addr
- :extr serverAddress
1005:
- :string
- :extr nacProfile
1006:
- :string
- :extr detailedLocation
1007:
- :uint8
- :extr oneSidedFlow
1008:
- :string
- :extr clientLocation
1009:
- :string
- :extr serverLocation
1010:
- :string
- :extr metaData
```

Additions to elastiflow.template.json and elastiflow_ dynamic.template.json in extr_elastiflow_3.4.2.tar.gz

```
{
       "ipfix.extr userName": {
       "path match": "ipfix.extr userName",
       "mapping": {
       "type": "keyword"
      }
    }
  },
  {
       "ipfix.extr appGroupName": {
       "path match": "ipfix.extr appGroupName",
       "mapping": {
       "type": "keyword"
      }
    }
  },
  {
       "ipfix.extr_srcHostName": {
       "path match": "ipfix.extr srcHostName",
```

```
"mapping": {
     "type": "keyword"
    }
  }
},
{
     "ipfix.extr dstHostName": {
     "path match": "ipfix.extr_dstHostName",
     "mapping": {
     "type": "keyword"
    }
  }
},
{
     "ipfix.extr netResponseTime": {
     "path match": "ipfix.extr netResponseTime",
     "mapping": {
     "type": "long"
    }
  }
},
{
     "ipfix.extr appResponseTime": {
     "path match": "ipfix.extr_appResponseTime",
     "mapping": {
     "type": "long"
    }
  }
},
{
     "ipfix.extr serverAddress": {
     "path match": "ipfix.extr serverAddress",
     "mapping": {
     "type": "ip"
    }
  }
},
{
     "ipfix.extr nacProfile": {
     "path match": "ipfix.extr nacProfile",
     "mapping": {
     "type": "keyword"
    }
  }
},
{
```

```
"ipfix.extr detailedLocation": {
     "path match": "ipfix.extr detailedLocation",
     "mapping": {
     "type": "keyword"
    }
  }
},
{
     "ipfix.extr oneSidedFlow": {
     "path match": "ipfix.extr oneSidedFlow",
     "mapping": {
     "type": "long"
    }
  }
},
{
     "ipfix.extr clientLocation": {
     "path match": "ipfix.extr clientLocation",
     "mapping": {
     "type": "keyword"
    }
  }
},
{
     "ipfix.extr serverLocation": {
     "path match": "ipfix.extr serverLocation",
     "mapping": {
     "type": "keyword"
    }
  }
},
{
     "ipfix.extr metaData": {
     "path match": "ipfix.extr_metaData",
     "mapping": {
     "type": "keyword"
    }
  }
},
```

Additions to elastiflow_static.template.json in extr_ elastiflow_3.4.2.tar.gz

```
"extr_userName": {
    "type": "keyword"
```

```
},
"extr_appGroupName": {
  "type": "keyword"
},
"extr srcHostName": {
  "type": "keyword"
},
"extr dstHostName": {
  "type": "keyword"
},
"extr netResponseTime": {
  "type": "long"
},
"extr appResponseTime": {
  "type": "long"
},
"extr serverAddress": {
  "type": "ip"
},
"extr nacProfile": {
  "type": "keyword"
},
"extr detailedLocation": {
  "type": "keyword"
},
"extr oneSidedFlow": {
  "type": "long"
},
"extr clientLocation": {
  "type": "keyword"
},
"extr serverLocation": {
  "type": "keyword"
},
"extr metaData": {
 "type": "keyword"
},
```