

9036088-02

Network OS 7.4.0 for Extreme VDX

Release Notes v3.0



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Document History

Version	Summary of Changes	Publication Date
1.0	Initial Release	30 April 2019
2.0	Added info about NOS-66321 and NOS-38127 defects	17 May 2019
3.0	Updated info for Defect- 38127	21 May, 2019



Preface

Contacting Extreme Technical Support

As an Extreme customer, you can contact Extreme Technical Support using one of the following methods: 24x7 online or by telephone. OEM customers should contact their OEM/solution provider.

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- Email: support@extremenetworks.com. To expedite your message, enter the product name or model number in the subject line.
- GTAC Knowledge Get on-demand and tested resolutions from the GTAC Knowledgebase, or create a help case if you need more guidance.
- The Hub A forum for Extreme customers to connect with one another, get questions answered, share ideas and feedback, and get problems solved. This community is monitored by Extreme Networks employees, but is not intended to replace specific guidance from GTAC
- Support Portal Manage cases, downloads, service contracts, product licensing, and training and certifications.

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You can provide feedback in two ways:

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- Email us at internalinfodev@extremenetworks.com

Provide the publication title, part number, and as much detail as possible, including the topic heading and page number if applicable, as well as your suggestions for improvement.

- Your Extreme Networks service contract number and/or serial numbers for all involved
 Extreme Networks products
- A description of the failure
- A description of any action(s) already taken to resolve the problem
- A description of your network environment (such as layout, cable type, other relevant environmental information)
- Network load at the time of trouble (if known)



- The device history (for example, if you have returned the device before, or if this is a recurring problem)
- Any related RMA (Return Material Authorization) numbers



OVERVIEW

NOS7.4.0 is next major software release for VDX6740, VDX6940 and VDX8770.

Hardware

The following section lists new hardware introduced with this release as well as hardware that are no longer supported with this release.

New devices

None

New interface modules

None

Deprecated Hardware

None

Software Features

The following section lists new, modified, and deprecated software features for Network OS 7.4.0. For information about which platforms support these features, refer to the *Network OS Features and Standards support Matrix*.



Deprecated Software Features

None

New Software Features for Network OS v7.4.0

The following software features are new or enhanced in this release:

- IP MTU mismatch handling Do not Fragment Message
- Static Multicast routes
- Port-channel going into error/disable vs. Admin Down
- More than 15 ACL entries for SNMP host
- Increase IGMP snooping interface to 4K
- Granular AAA CLI authorization
- Hold down mechanism for BGP peering for leaf node vLAG in IP fabric
- Errdisable automated recovery for speed-duplex mismatch in Port channels
- Console does not timeout when pagination is used
- SNMP OIDs monitoring IPv6 BGP sessions MIB
- SNMP MIB for transmit and receive power on sfp/sfp+
- Show log RASlog enhancement
- Show statistics access-list does not allow management interface to be specified
- OpenSSL vulnerabilities CVE- 2017-3737
- DHCP Relay Trusted DHCP Server
- Entity MIB support
- RBAC support for top level global commands
- Management ACL to block ICMP type 13 /14
- AMPP support with vCenter 6.5/6.7

The following software features are enhanced in this release note:

L3 features

 VDX identifies IPv4 and IPv6 MTU violation and violated packets can be trapped to software for further processing. Traps on IPv6 MTU violation was enabled from initial NOS releases. Similarly, traps for IPv4 MTU is enabled starting NOS 7.4.0 release and backported to NOS 7.2.0b patch.

Control plane has all the necessary support in place to handle such MTU violation [trapped packets] which generates ICMP notification and sends it to source to alert about this violation hit.

Note: Extreme VDX 6740 and Extreme VDX 8770 are the only supported platform for IP MTU changes in NOS 7.2.0b release.

• IGMP snooping is supported on 4k VLANs from this release and there in no change in the total number groups, which is 6k in all default profile.



CLI Changes

The following section lists new, modified, and deprecated commands for this release. For details, refer to the Network OS Command Reference.

New Commands for Network OS v7.4.0

The following configuration commands are new in this release:

- aaa authorization command
- clear counter access-list
- clear ip mroute all
- clear ip mroute prefix
- ip dhcp relay trusted-server ip
- ip mroute
- reload-delay
- reload-delay enable
- show ip dhcp relay trusted-server ip
- show ip mroute
- show ip mroute detail
- show ip mroute connected
- show ip mroute static
- show ip mroute summary
- show ip mroute prefix
- show ip static mroute
- show media optical-monitoring
- show media optical-monitoring interface
- show running-config aaa authorization

Modified Commands for Network OS v7.4.0

The following commands have been modified in this release:

- tunable- optics
- vcs replace rbridge-id
- show statistics access-list

Deprecated Commands for Network OS v7.4.0

The following configuration commands have been deprecated in this release:

• None Network OS v7.4.0 Release Notes 9036088-02



API Changes

Network OS follows the YANG model for CLI and NETCONF/REST API. Hence relevant changes in above CLI Changes will get mirrored in API Changes as well.

Newly supported standards and RFCs

The following section lists RFCs and other standards newly supported in this release.

- RFC 5280 TLS client authenticating the server certificate
- RFC 6960 TLS client authentication doing X.509v3 certificate revocation check dynamically using Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP)
- RFC 6187 SSH authentication using X.509v3 certificates
- RFC 7474: OSPFv2 HMAC-SHA Cryptographic Authentication
- RFC 7166: Supporting Authentication Trailer for OSPFv3 instead of IPsec

This software generally conforms to Ethernet standards in a manner consistent with accepted engineering practices and procedures. In certain cases, Extreme might add proprietary supplemental functions to those specified in the standards, or choose to implement modifications to the standards for performance or behavioral improvements.

Software Upgrade

Network OS 7.4.0 can only be upgraded using default configuration, which will wipe out the configuration.



HARDWARE SUPPORT

Supported devices

Extreme Network OS v7.4.0 supports following VDX Switches:

- ExtremeSwitching VDX 6740-48
- ExtremeSwitching VDX 6740T
 - ExtremeSwitching VDX 6740T-64
 - o ExtremeSwitching VDX 6740T-1G
- ExtremeSwitching VDX 6940-144S
- ExtremeSwitching VDX 6940-36Q
- ExtremeSwitching VDX 8770
 - ExtremeSwitching VDX 8770-4
 - ExtremeSwitching VDX 8770-8

Deprecated Devices

None

Extreme VDX 6740

The Extreme VDX 6740 offers 48 10GbE SFP+ ports and 4 ports of 40 Gigabit quad small form-factor pluggable plus (QSFP+), each can be broken out into four independent 10 GbE SFP+ ports, providing an additional 16×10 GbE SFP+ ports. No 40 GbE ports are enabled as part of the base license. Four 40 GbE ports can be upgraded via the Ports on Demand (PoD) software license. These ports support the following:

- Available in 24, 48 and 64 port SKU.
- 850-ns microsecond latency for any port to port to assure rapid response for latencysensitive applications.
- The base SKU is available with 24 ports and can be upgraded up to 48 ports via 10Gbe DPOD license of 8 ports.
- Of the 48 10GbE SFP+ ports, 32 ports can be configured as FlexPorts (FC/Ethernet).
- It has 4 X 40Gbe QSFP ports which can be used for the uplink and VCS fabric formation.
- Each 40GbE port is capable of doing a breakout of 4 X 10GbE ports.
- Additional 4X40GbE ports can be added to base version with 2X40GbE POD license increments.
- 100Mb Support Refer to "Support for 100-Mb interfaces" sections below.

Extreme VDX 6740T

The VDX 6740T offers 48 10GbE Base-T ports and 4 ports of 40-gigabit quad small form-factor pluggable plus (QSFP+), each can be broken out into four independent 10GbE SFP+ ports,



providing an additional 16×10 GbE SFP+ ports. No 40 GbE ports are enabled as part of the base license. Four 40 GbE ports can be upgraded via the Ports on Demand (PoD) software license.

- Available in 24, 48 and 64 port SKU.
- 3 microsecond latency for any port to port to assure rapid response for latency-sensitive applications.
- The base SKU is available with 24 10GbE Base-T ports and can be upgraded up to 48 ports via 10Gbe DPOD license of 8 ports.
- It has 4 X 40 GbE QSFP ports which can be used for uplink and VCS fabric formation.
- Each 40GbE port is capable of doing a breakout of 4 x 10GbE ports.
- Each 40GbE port is also capable of doing a FC breakout of 4*8G or 4*16G. These ports can be used to connect to the FOS switches.
- Each 40GbE port is also capable of doing an FC breakout of 4 x 8G/16G.
- Additional 4X40GbE ports can be added to base version with 2X40GbE POD license increments.
- 100Mb Support Refer to "Support for 100-Mb interfaces" below.

Extreme VDX 6740T-1G

The Extreme VDX 6740T-1G offers 48 1000BASE-T ports and two 40 GbE QSFP+ ports in base version. Each 40 GbE port can be broken out into four independent 10 GbE SFP+ ports, providing an additional eight 10 GbE SFP+ ports for uplink. All 48 1000BASE-T ports can be upgraded to 48 10GBASE-T ports via a Capacity on Demand (CoD) software license. Two 40 GbE ports are enabled as part of the base license. The additional two 40 GbE ports can be upgraded via the Ports on Demand (PoD) software license.

- Base version is available with 48 x 1000BASE-T ports and 2 x 40 GbE QSFP+ ports.
- 3-microsecond latency for any port to port to assure rapid response for latency-sensitive applications.
- All 48 x 1000BASE-T ports can be upgraded to 10Gbase-T port with capacity on demand license.
- Additional 2X40Gbe ports can be added to base version with 2X40Gbe POD license.
- It has 4 X 40Gbe QSFP ports which can be used for the uplink and VCS fabric formation.
- Each 40GbE port is capable of doing a breakout of 4 X 10GbE ports.
- Each 40GbE port is also capable of doing a FC breakout of 4 x 8G/16G.

100Mb Support – Refer to "Support for 100-Mb interfaces" below. Extreme VDX 6940-144S

The Extreme VDX 6940-144S is a 2U platform that offers 96×10 GbE SFP+ downlink ports for server connectivity and also 12×40 GbE QSFP+ uplink ports to connect to the aggregation layer. These ports support the following:

Available in 64, 96 and 144 ports SKU.



- Each 40GbE port can be broken into 4 independent 10GbE ports, providing a total of up to 144 x 10GbE ports in a 2RU form factor.
- 64 port SKU can be upgraded up to 144 ports with Ports On Demand (POD) software license. There are two POD licenses 16x10GbE for 10GbE server connecting ports and 6x40GbE for the 40GbE uplink ports. The same 6x40GbE POD license can be used to upgrade up to 12x40GbE uplink ports in both 64 and 96 port SKUs.
- Deployable as high-density 10GbE switch for the Top of Rack (TOR) or Middle of Row (MOR) or for End of Row (EOR) configurations.
- Provides optimized on-chip buffer (24MB) and latency (800ns), making it an ideal switch for a wide variety of workloads.
- Interface 97, 98 103 and 104 are dual personality ports. These ports can be configured in 40GbE or 100GbE mode.

Extreme VDX 6940-36Q

The Extreme VDX 6940-36Q is a 1U platform that offers 36×40 GbE QSFP+ ports. Each 40 GbE ports can be further broken out into 4 independent 10 GbE SFP+ ports providing a total of 144 x 10 GbE SFP+ ports. These ports support the following:

- Available in 24 and 36 ports SKU.
- Each 40GbE port can be broken into 4 X 10GbE ports, providing up to 144 x 10GbE ports in a 1RU form factor.
- The 24 port SKU can be upgraded up to 36 ports via 40GbE DPOD license of 12 ports.
- It can be used as a high-density 40GbE spine switch or it can also be used as a leaf switch with dynamic breakout capability.
- It provides optimized on-chip buffer (24MB) and latency (800ns), making it an ideal switch for a wide variety of workloads.

•

Extreme VDX 8770-4 and VDX 8770-8

The Extreme VDX 8770 is available in two form factors; a 4-I/O slot system and an 8 I/O slot system with line-card support for 1-GbE, 10-GbE, 10GbE-T, 40GbE, and 100GbE ports. The Extreme VDX 8770 delivers a high-performance switch to support the most demanding data center networking needs, capable of supporting:

- 4 Tbps per slot line-rate design for substantial capacity and headroom.
- ~4-microsecond latency to assure rapid response for latency-sensitive applications.
- Up to 384,000 MAC addresses per fabric for extensive virtualization scalability.
- More than 8000 ports in a single VCS Fabric with Extreme Fabric Multipathing technology, enabling the switch to serve extremely large-scale deployments with the best-possible network utilization.



Supported Blades for VDX 8770

The flexible, modular switch design offers interconnection with other Extreme switches, traditional Ethernet switch infrastructures, and direct server connections. Modular 4-slot and 8-slot chassis options are available to match the switch to the needs of the organization. These include:

- Extreme VDX 8770-4: Supports up to 192 1/10 GbE ports, or 108 40 GbE ports and 24 100 GbE ports, or a combination.
- Extreme VDX 8770-8: Supports up to 384 1/10 GbE ports, or 216 40 GbE ports and 48 100 GbE ports, or a combination.

The switches support two Management Modules in an active standby configuration. The 4 slot chassis can hold up to 3 Switch Fabric Modules (SFM) and 4 Power supply Units (PSU) while the 8 slot chassis can hold 6 SFMs and 8 PSUs. The switch supports a variety of wire-speed line cards to offer maximum flexibility in terms of port bandwidth as well as cable and connector technology:

- 1 GbE: LC48×1G line card provides up to 48 SFP/SFP-copper ports.
- 10 GbE: LC48×10G line card provides up to 48 SFP+ ports .
- 10 GbE-T: LC48×10GT line card provides up to 48 RJ-45 ports.
- 40 GbE: LC12×40G line card provides up to 12 x 40 GbE QSFP ports.
- 40 GbE: LC27×40G line card provides up to 27 x 40 GbE QSFP ports.
- 100 GbE: LC6×100G line card provides up to 6 x 100 GbE CFP2 ports.

Support for 100-Mb interfaces

- Full duplex speed support only for P2P connections
- Limited L2 configuration supported. For example Switchport, LLDP, MTU size, L2 ACL and L3 ACL.
- No support for adding a 100 Mbit/s shared media/hub.
- L3, FCoE, TRILL, PFC configuration are NOT supported on 100 Mbit interfaces.
- Examples for 100 Mbit/s usage are as follows:
 - o 100 Mbit/s Host device requirement with IPv4/v6 Connectivity.

Supported power supplies

The following table lists the power supplies that are available for the devices supported in this release:

Part number	Description	Compatible devices
XBR-ACPWR-3000	FRU,3000W AC POWER SUPPLY	VDX 8770-4, VDX 8770-8
XBR-DCPWR-3000	FRU,3000W DC POWER SUPPLY	VDX 8770-4, VDX 8770-8



Part number	Description	Compatible devices
XBR-250WPSAC-F	FRU,250W,ACPS/FAN,NONPORTSIDE	VDX 6740
	EXHAUST	
XBR-250WPSAC-R	VDX 6740 AC RTF PWR SUPPLY FAN	VDX 6740
XBR-250WPSDC-F	FRU,250W,DCPS/FAN,NONPORTSIDE	VDX 6740
	EXHAUST	
XBR-250WPSDC-R	FRU,250W,DCPS/FAN,PORT SIDE	VDX 6740
	EXHAUST	
XBR-500WPSAC-F	FRU 500W ACPS	VDX 6740T, VDX 6740T-
		1G, VDX 6940-36Q
XBR-500WPSAC-R	FRU 500W ACPS	VDX 6740T, VDX 6740T-
		1G, VDX 6940-36Q
RPS9DC+E	FRU,500W DC PSU PORT SIDE	VDX 6740T, VDX 6740T-
	EXHAUST	1G, VDX 6940-36Q
RPS9DC+I	FRU,500W,DCPS/FAN,NONPORTSIDE	VDX 6740T, VDX 6740T-
	EXHAUST	1G, VDX 6940-36Q
XBR-1100WPSAC-R	FRU,1100W PSAC,PORTSIDE	VDX 6940-144S
	EXHAUST AF	
XBR-1100WPSAC-F	FRU,1100W PSAC,NON-PORT SIDE	VDX 6940-144S
	EXHAUST AF	
XBR-1100WPSDC-01-R	FRU 1100W DCPS,PORTSIDE	VDX 6940-144S
	EXHAUST	
XBR-1100WPSDC-01-F	FRU 1100W DCPS,NON PORTSIDE	VDX 6940-144S
	EXHAUST	

The VDX 8770 switches ship with multiple, field replaceable, load-sharing AC or DC power supplies based on the configuration selected. The PSU SKU is shared by both 4- and 8-slot systems. The VDX 8770-4 ships with a minimum of 2 AC or DC PSU. Additional 2 PSU can be ordered for redundancy. The VDX 8770-8 system ships with a minimum of 3 PSU and additional PSU may be ordered for redundancy:

- XBR-ACPWR-3000 3000 W power supply unit AC
- XBR-DCPWR-3000 3000 W power supply unit DC



The VDX -6740 switches are both delivered with two internal, redundant, field-replaceable, load-sharing AC or DC power supplies:

- XBR-250WPSAC-F FRU 250 W AC power supply/fan, non-port-side exhaust airflow
- XBR-250WPSAC-R FRU 250 W AC power supply/fan, port-side exhaust airflow
- XBR-250WPSDC-F FRU 250 W DC power supply/fan, non-port-side exhaust airflow
- XBR-250WPSDC-R FRU 250 W DC power supply/fan, port-side exhaust airflow

The VDX -6740T switches ship with two internal, redundant, field-replaceable, load-sharing AC or DC power supplies:

- XBR-500WPSAC-F -FRU 500 W AC power supply/fan, non-port-side exhaust airflow
- XBR-500WPSAC-R FRU 500 W AC power supply/fan, port-side exhaust airflow
- XBR-500WPSDC-F -FRU 500 W DC power supply/fan, non-port-side exhaust airflow
- XBR-500WPSDC-R FRU 500 W DC power supply/fan, port-side exhaust airflow

The VDX -6940-36Q switches ship with two internal, redundant, field-replaceable, load-sharing AC or DC power supplies:

- XBR-500WPSAC-F -FRU 500 W AC power supply/fan, non-port-side exhaust airflow
- XBR-500WPSAC-R FRU 500 W AC power supply/fan, port-side exhaust airflow
- XBR-500WPSDC-F -FRU 500 W DC power supply/fan, non-port-side exhaust airflow
- XBR-500WPSDC-R FRU 500 W DC power supply/fan, port-side exhaust airflow

The VDX -6940-144S switches ship with two internal, redundant, field-replaceable, load-sharing AC or DC power supplies:

- XBR-1100WPSAC-F -FRU 500 W AC power supply/fan, non-port-side exhaust airflow
- XBR-1100WPSAC-R FRU 500 W AC power supply/fan, port-side exhaust airflow
- XBR-500WPSDC-01-F -FRU 500 W DC power supply/fan, non-port-side exhaust airflow
- XBR-500WPSDC-01-R FRU 500 W DC power supply/fan, port-side exhaust airflow



Supported Optics for Network OS v7.4.0

For a list of supported fiber-optic transceivers that are available from Extreme, refer to the latest version of the Extreme Optics Family Data Sheet available online.

The VDX switches support following optics types listed below. The FC SFP+ optics are supported only on VDX 6740switches. Breakout optics are supported only for the VDX 8770 (40G line-card), 6740/T and 6940 platforms. The Mellanox (MAM1Q00A) optic is only supported on the VDX 8770, 6740/T and 6940 platforms. The tunable DWDM optics is supported only on VDX 8770, 6740 and 6940-144S platforms 10G ports.

Speed	FRU and Optics SKU	Description	Part Number
	XBR-000190 (1-pack)	1 GbE copper	57-1000042-01
	E1MG-SX-OM (1-pack)*	1000Base-SX	33211-100
1GbE	E1MG-SX-OM-8 (8-pack)*		
	E1MG-LX-OM (1-pack)*	1000Base-LX	33210-100
	E1MG-LX-OM-8 (8-pack)*		
	10G-SFPP-SR (1-pack)	10 Gbps SR	57-0000075-01
	10G-SFPP-SR-8 (8-pack)		
	10G-SFPP-LR (1-pack)	10 Gbps LR (10km)	57-0000076-01
	10G-SFPP-LR-8 (8-pack)		
	10G-SFPP-ER (1-pack)	10 Gbps ER (40km)	57-0000085-01
	10G-SFPP-ER-8 (8-pack)		
	10G-SFPP-ZR	10 Gbps ZR (80km)	57-1000180-01
	10G-SFPP-ZRD-T	10 Gbps tunable DWDM SFP+ (80km)	57-1000266-01
	10G-SFPP-TWX-0101 (1-pack)	1m Twinax copper cable	58-1000026-01
10GbE	10G-SFPP-TWX-0108 (8-pack)		
	10G-SFPP-TWX-0301 (1-pack)	3m Twinax copper cable	58-1000027-01
	10G-SFPP-TWX-0308 (8-pack)		
	10G-SFPP-TWX-0501 (1-pack)	5m Twinax copper cable	58-1000023-01
	10G-SFPP-TWX-0508 (8-pack)		
	10G-SFPP-AOC-0701	10GbE SFP+ Direct Attached Active Optical Cable, 7m, 1-pack	57-1000273-01
	10G-SFPP-AOC-1001	10GbE SFP+ Direct Attached Active Optical Cable, 10m, 1-pack	57-1000274-01
	10G-SFPP-USR	10GE USR SFP+ optic (LC), target range 100m over MMF, 1-pack	57-1000130-01
	10G-SFPP-BXD-S	10GBase-BXD 10GE Bidi Downstream	57-1000349-01
	10G-SFPP-BXU-S	10GBase-BXU 10GE Bidi Upstream	57-1000348-01
	10GE USR SFP+ Low temp		57-1000343-01
	10GE SR SFP+ TAA		57-1000344-01
	10GE SR SFP+ Low Temp		57-1000340-01
	10GE LR SFP+ TAA		57-1000345-01
	10GE LR SFP+ Low Temp		57-1000341-01
	40G-QSFP-QSFP-C-0101	40GbE Direct Attached QSFP+ to QSFP+ Active Copper cable, 1m, 1-pack	58-0000041-01
40GbE	40G-QSFP-QSFP-C-0301	40GbE Direct Attached QSFP+ to QSFP+ Active Copper cable, 3m, 1-pack	58-0000042-01
	40G-QSFP-QSFP-C-0501	40GbE Direct Attached QSFP+ to QSFP+ Active Copper cable, 5m, 1-pack	58-0000043-01
	40G QSFP+ -> 4x10G LR		57-1000477-01



Speed	FRU and Optics SKU	Description	Part Number
	40G-QSFP-4SFP-C-0101	4x10GbE Direct Attached QSFP+ to 4 SFP+ Copper Breakout Cable, 1m, 1-pack	58-0000051-01
	40G-QSFP-4SFP-C-0301	4x10GbE Direct Attached QSFP+ to 4 SFP+ Copper Breakout Cable, 3m, 1-pack	58-0000052-01
	40G-QSFP-4SFP-C-0501	4x10GbE Direct Attached QSFP+ to 4 SFP+ Copper Breakout Cable, 5m, 1-pack	58-0000053-01
	40G-QSFP-SR4	40 GbE SR4 optic	57-1000128-01
	40G-QSFP-SR4-INT	40 GbE SR4 (4×10 GbE SFPP break-out capable) Breakout optical cable is not included with this optics	57-1000129-01
	40G-QSFP-SR-BIDI	40 GbE QSFP+ Bi-Directional 100m optics	57-1000339-01
	40G-QSFP-ESR4	40GBase-eSR4 QSFP+ optic (MTP 1x12) 300m over MMF, (10GBASE-SR compatible, breakout), 1- pack	57-1000296-01
	40G-QSFP-ER4	40 GbE 40Km optic	57-1000327-01
	40G-QSFP-LR4	40 GbE 10Km optic	57-1000263-01
	40G-QSFP-LM4	40 GbE 140m multi-mode or 2km single-mode optic	57-1000325-01
	40G-QSFP-QSFP-AOC-1001	40GE Direct Attached QSFP+ to QSFP+ Active Optical Cable, 10m, 1-pack	57-1000306-01
	40G-QSFP-4SFP-AOC-1001	4x10GE Direct Attached QSFP+ to 4 SFP+ Active Optical Breakout Cable, 10m, 1-pack	57-1000307-01
	XBR-000163 (1-pack) XBR-000164 (8-pack)	8G FC SWL	
8G FC	XBR-000153 (1-pack) XBR-000172 (8-pack)	8G FC LWL	
	XBR-000174	8G FC ELWL	
16G FC	XBR-000192 (1-pack) XBR-000193 (8-pack)	16G FC SWL	
10010	XBR-000198 (1-pack) XBR-000199 (8-pack)	16G FC LWL	
FC QSFP	XBR-000245	4x8G or 4x16G FC QSFP breakout. VDX 6740T, 6740T-1G only (not applicable for VDX 6740).	
	100G-CFP2-SR10 (1-pack)	100 GbE CFP2 optic, SR10, for distances up to 100 m over MMF	57-1000284-01
	100G-CFP2-LR4-10KM	100 GbE CFP2 optic, LR4, for distances up to 10 km over SMF	57-1000285-01
	100G-CFP2-ER4-40KM	100 GbE CFP2 optic, ER4, for distances up to 40 km over SMF	57-1000328-01
	100G-QSFP28-SR4	100 GbE SR4 QSFP28 optic for distances up to 100m over MMF.	57-1000326-01
100GbE		Supported on VDX6940-144S and VDX8770-4/8 platforms.	
	100G-QSFP28-LR4L-2KM	100 GbE QSFP28 optic for distances up to 2 km over SMF. Supported on VDX 6940-144s and VDX 8770 platforms.	57-1000329-01
	100G-QSFP28-LR4-10KM	100 GbE QSFP28 optic for distances up to 10 km over SMF.	57-1000334-01
		Supported on VDX 6940-144s and VDX 8770 platforms.	

Note: 100G QSFP28 SR4 optic use core-12 cables, same cables that are used for 40G QSFP optics.



The following 10GbE CWDM optics from Smartoptics are supported on VDX 6740, 6940-144S and 8770. Please note that these are not Extreme parts and is a reference sale. So, the parts needs to be purchased directly from SmartOptics. **The mark * one is qualified by Extreme.**

Smartoptics 10GbE CWDM SKU	Description
SO-10GE-ZR-C47	10 Gbps CWDM 1470 nm wavelength (70 km)*
SO-10GE-ZR-C49	10 Gbps CWDM 1490 nm wavelength (70 km)
SO-10GE-ZR-C51	10 Gbps CWDM 1510 nm wavelength (70 km)
SO-10GE-ZR-C53	10 Gbps CWDM 1530 nm wavelength (70 km)
SO-10GE-ZR-C55	10 Gbps CWDM 1550 nm wavelength (70 km)*
SO-10GE-ZR-C57	10 Gbps CWDM 1570 nm wavelength (70 km)
SO-10GE-ZR-C59	10 Gbps CWDM 1590 nm wavelength (70 km)
SO-10GE-ZR-C61	10 Gbps CWDM 1610 nm wavelength (70 km)*

Note: The Smartoptics require at least 20km distance or the appropriate attenuation in order for ISL to form.

10GBase-T Copper SFP+

The 10GBase-T Copper SFP+ optic is supported on VDX 6740, 6940-144S and 8770. Please note that this optic is not Extreme part, and must be purchased from Methode Electronics or their partners. Its Methode part number is SP7051-BRCD.

The VDX 6940x, VDX 8770, and VDX 6740x switches also support the following Quad to Serial Small Form Factor Pluggable Adapters:

Mellanox MAM1Q00A-QSA	Quad to Serial Small Form Factor Pluggable Adapter which can be used with following Extreme P/Ns: 10G-SFPP-SR (10G SR) 10G-SFPP-USR (10G USR) 10G-SFPP-LR (10G LR) 10G-SFPP-ER (10G ER) 10G-SFPP-AOC-0701 (10G AOC 7m) 10G-SFPP-AOC-1001 (10G AOC 10m) 10G-SFPP-TWX-0101 (10G 3m Twinax cable) 10G-SFPP-TWX-0301 (10G 5m Twinax cable)
CFP2 to QSFP28 conversion module (PN: 80-1008646-01)	CFP2 to QSFP28 conversion module connects the QSFP28 optic (100G optic) in a CFP2 capable port of 2/6x100G line cards in VDX8770-4/8 chassis.

^{*}Note: Legacy Foundry Networks branded optics are not supported

<u>Note</u>: 100G QSFP28 SR4 optic used in the CFP2 to QSFP28 conversion module uses core-12 cables, same cables that are used for 40G QSFP optics.



SOFTWARE UPGRADE AND DOWNGRADE

Image filenames

Download the following images from www.extremeportal.force.com

Image Filename	Description	Supported Device or Module	
nos7.4.0.tar.gz	Network OS v7.4.0 for unix	NA	
nos7.4.0.zip	Network OS v7.4.0 for Windows	NA	
nos7.4.0_all_mibs.tar.gz	Network OS v7.4.0 MIBS	NA	
NOS_7.4.0	Network OS v7.4.0 Release	NA	
_v2_0_Release_Notes	Notes v2.0 (PDF)		
nos7.4.0.md5	Network OS v7.4.0 MD5	NA	
	Checksum		

Upgrade/Downgrade considerations

Starting with Network OS v6.0.0, a Extreme 4GB USB drive is required for firmware installation using USB. Extreme 2GB USB drives are not supported.

Migration Path

Recommended upgrade/downgrade migration paths in logical chassis cluster modes are summarized in table below.

Note: Firmware download is not available for identical release numbers, such as Network OS 7.0.0 to Network OS 7.0.0.

To	7.0.0	7.0.1x	7.1.0x	7.2.0x	7.3.0x	7.4.0
7.0.0	NA	ISSU*	coldboot	default-config	default-config	default- config
7.0.1x	coldboot	ISSU for upgrade;	coldboot	default-config	default-config	default- config



		Coldboot for downgrade				
7.1.0x	coldboot	coldboot	ISSU for upgrade; Coldboot for downgrade	coldboot	default-config	default- config
7.2.0x	default- config	default- config	coldboot	ISSU for upgrade; Coldboot for downgrade	coldboot	default- config
7.3.0x	default- config	default- config	default- config	coldboot	ISSU for upgrade; Coldboot for downgrade	coldboot
7.4.0	default- config	default- config	default- config	default-config	coldboot	NA

NOTES

- 1. ** CFP2 to QSFP28 conversion module (PN: 80-1008646-01) Version3 downgrade to any release prior to Network OS7.0.1 will cause CRC errors on the link.
- 2. Before downgrading to lower releases, it is recommended to disable all new features that are not supported on lower releases by using the "no" version of the CLIs. Stray configurations left out before downgrade can cause undesired behavior.
- 3. While upgrading chassis based system, under stress condition (e.g. due to excessive processing load on the processor), some linecards may become faulty during firmware download. To recover, run "power off sinecard>" followed by "power on command."
- 4. You must remove the IGMP snooping static mrouter configuration from all VLANs before upgrading or downgrading from or to the Network OS 6.0.2x release.
- 5. Firmware download from Network OS7.0.1a to Network OS6.x or Network OS5.x with default-config option needs AG mode disabled.
- 6. **Limitations:
 - a) In rare occurance, 40G links may not come up online after upgrade to 7.1.0, need to do shut/no shut to recover



- b) In VDX 8770 platforms, After upgrade from 6.0.2 to 7.1.0 with coldboot, SNMP V3 traps are not received for the V3host which is under Rbridge.
- c) Dport test between VDX 6740T and VDX 6940-144S breakout link may fail in upgrade to 7.1.0 and above.
- 7. Nos7.3.0aa can only be upgraded using coldboot from any earlier versions.
- 8. Coldboot or ISSU upgrade works fine from NOS7.3.0 to NOS 7.3.0aa.

Management IP connectivity

In regards to SNMP, firmware downgrade from Network OS v7.1.0 to v7.0.x/v6.0.x/v5.0.x that do not support "use-vrf" keyword, the host/v3host with use-vrf value as "default-vrf" or "user-defined vrf" is not supported. The host/v3host configuration should set the use-vrf value as "mgmt-vrf" before downgrade.

Also, firmware downgrade from Network OS v7.1.0 and above to v7.0.x/v6.0.x/v5.0.x with use-vrf option in host/v3host set to user-defined vrf is not supported. The host/v3host configuration should set the use-vrf value as "mgmt-vrf" or "default-vrf" before downgrade.

Firmware upgrade to Network OS v7.1.0 and above from v7.0.x/v6.0.x/v5.0.x that do not support "use-vrf" keyword will modify the host/v3host configuration to append "use-vrf" keyword with value of mgmt-vrf and all the existing host/v3host entries will be assigned to mgmt-vrf.

Similarly on downgrade, the "use-vrf" keyword will be automatically removed from the configuration & depending upon the version, it will be put into mgmt-vrf.

The above downgrade/upgrade restrictions holds good for other IP services like Syslog-server, sFlow, NTP, Radius, TACACS and LDAP.

For users in 5.x that have configured Inband Management over VE interfaces, may expect to see the configuration fall into Default VRF, however, as noted above, the "use-vrf" keyword pointing to mgmt-vrf will be appended & applied. Thus such customers would need to modify the configuration after upgrade to adapt it according to their needs.

For HTTP services, firmware upgrade to v7.0.1 will add two entries by default under http configuration with "use-vrf" keyword appended with value as "mgmt-vrf" and other entry as "default-vrf".

Firmware downgrade to v6.0.1/6.0.2 with http server on user-defined vrf is not supported. Http server configuration on user-defined vrf should be removed before downgrade.

Firmware downgrade to v6.0.0 or v5.0.x that do not support "use-vrf" keyword, the http server configuration on default-vrf and user-defined vrf are not supported. Http server configuration on default-vrf and user-defined vrf should be removed before downgrade.

Firmware Installation

In logical chassis cluster mode



- The "firmware download logical-chassis" command can be used from the principal node to upgrade one or more nodes in the cluster.
 - Under certain stress conditions firmware download might time out on some nodes, (e.g. due to excessive processing load on the processor) it is recommended to re-run the logical-chassis firmware download command to upgrade these failed nodes and bring their firmware level to be the same as the rest of nodes first before activating any of them.
 - While upgrading the cluster, it is recommended not to make any configuration changes in the cluster until all of the nodes have been upgraded to the same firmware. Otherwise, it may cause cluster segmentation.
 - The firmware download command can also be executed on individual nodes.

This section includes special considerations and caveats to be aware of when upgrading to or from this version of Extreme Network OS, as well as recommended migration paths to use to reach this version of Extreme Network OS.

Note: Installing Extreme Network OS may be service disruptive and any unsaved running configuration may be lost during the process. In Logical Chassis mode, running-config is always preserved across reboots. The firmware version migration path determines if the configuration across upgrade/downgrade shall be preserved.

Upgrading to this Release (Best Practices)

In logical chassis cluster mode it is required to upgrade Principal switch at the end if all nodes in the cluster are not upgraded at the same time.

A. Upgrade all nodes in the cluster at same time -- Service Disruptive Cluster Wide

- Download the firmware on all the switches running Network OS v7.1.0 using the coldboot option.
- After all switches complete the firmware download, they will be automatically rebooted.
- Since all nodes reboot at the same time, this procedure is service disruptive.

B. Upgrade Odd/Even Nodes (one segment at a time)—Lossless Upgrade:

- This is the most recommended procedure for lossless upgrade. This requires servers to be dual homed.
- Download the firmware in all the odd nodes running Network OS with the coldboot option.
- After these switches complete the firmware download, they will be rebooted automatically. After they boot up, half of the cluster is now on the latest version.
 Traffic resumes and passes through the other half of the cluster.
- Now download the firmware in all even nodes with the coldboot option.
- After these switches complete the firmware download, they will be rebooted automatically. After they boot up, the entire cluster is loaded with latest image and up and running

C. Upgrade one node at a time -- Service Disruptive at Node level in the Cluster

- Download the firmware in the switch nodes one node at a time in cluster running Extreme Network OS 7.2.0 using the coldboot option. Principal node in a cluster should be last to be upgraded.
- After a node is upgraded, it will join the existing Network OS v7.3.0 cluster.
 Eventually, when all the nodes are upgraded, they will form one Network OS 7.3.0
 VCS Cluster. [Note that no configuration changes are allowed during this time.]

Downgrading to a Previous Release

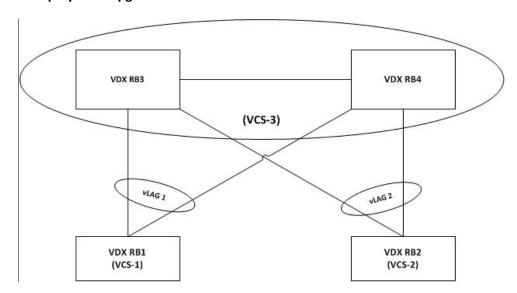
- In normal circumstances, the SW/0 partition is Active. When an ISSU performed, the SW/1 partition becomes active. In order to ensure config is retained during coldboot downgrade, it is important to have SW/0 partition Active before downgrade. The SW/0 partition can be made Active by reloading the switch before initiating firmware downgrade.
- Alternative: Execute a coldboot downgrade with SW/1 Active.
 - Back-up the config to external server by "copy running file" (for logical chassis cluster)
 - Execute a coldboot downgrade.

Upgrade/downgrade Considerations for vLAG deployments

There are 2 approaches by which vLAG nodes can be upgraded.

- **Approach 1**: Graceful shutdown of vLAG ports on one node at a time.
- Approach 2: Static vLAGs and Dynamic vLAGs without configuration changes.

vLAG deployment upgrade Illustration



Approach 1: Graceful shutdown of vLAG ports on one node at a time.

Step 1: With LC mode, shutting down port-channel takes down entire port-channel including port-channel interfaces on remote RBs. Therefore, if in LC mode, shut all the member ports of the vLAG 1 on RB3.

Step 2: This reduces the vLAG into a single node vLAG/port-channel on RB4. Note: if the vLAG is in static mode, all members of the port-channel should be shutdown. This is due to the static LAG behavior where it may bring up the member links even if the port-channel is admin shut.

Step 3: Upgrade RB3 to the desired Network OS version.

Step 4: After RB3 has rebooted from the Network OS upgrade and is operational, repeat step 1 and 2 on RB4. **Warning:** there will be a complete impact to the data path on vLAG 1 at this time.

Step 5: Promptly perform "no shutdown" on all the interfaces that were shut in step 1 and 2 on RB3. **Note:** if the vLAG is in static mode, it is required to perform "no shutdown" on all the shutdown members of the port-channel.

Step 6: Upgrade RB4 to the desired Network OS version.

Step 7: After RB4 has rebooted after Network OS upgrade and is operational, promptly perform "no shutdown" on all the interfaces that were shut in step 1 and 2 on RB4.

Step 8: Verify RB3 and RB4 were successfully upgraded to the desired Network OS version and the vLAG on RB3 and RB4 was re-established and operational with traffic forwarding.

Step 9: If VCS is in FC mode, perform a "copy running-configuration startup-configuration" on RB3 and RB4 to return the startup-configuration back to the original configuration.

Advantages

- Clean upgrade
- No duplicate primary port issues
- Works well for both static and dynamic vLAGs.

Disadvantages

- Requires manual execution by administrator to perform shutdown/no shutdown on port-channel, allowing for human errors particularly with large numbers of vLAGs.
- Requires precise and efficient execution.
- Impact to the data path for a very small period of time when the vLAG is shut on the second node (RB4).

Approach 2: Static vLAGs and Dynamic vLAGs without configuration changes.

Step 1: Upgrade RB3 to the desired Network OS version and reboot. There are two possible behaviors depending on the *ignore-split* configuration as follows:

Ignore-split on (default): No impact/reconvergence to Static or Dynamic vLAGs. Minimal data path impact observed.

Ignore-split off: For Dynamic vLAGs,

- if RB3 is the primary vLAG node, observe vLAG flap and a few seconds of data path impact.
- if RB3 is not the primary vLAG node, there will be minimal data path impact but no vLAG reconvergence.

Step 2: After RB3 has rebooted from the Network OS upgrade and is operational, RB3 will re-join the vLAG.

Step 3: Upgrade RB4 to the desired Network OS version and reboot. There are two possible behaviors depending on the *ignore-split* configuration as follows:

Ignore-split on (default): No impact/reconvergence to Static or Dynamic vLAGs. Minimal data path impact observed.

Ignore-split off: For Dynamic vLAGs:

- If RB4 is the primary vLAG node, observe vLAG flap and a few seconds of data path impact.
- If RB4 is not the primary vLAG node, there will be minimal data path impact but no vLAG reconvergence.

Step 4: After RB4 has rebooted from the Network OS upgrade and is operational, RB4 will re-join the vLAG with the three possible behaviors as follows:

Advantages:

- No manual administrative configuration required.
- Straightforward upgrade process, no special handling for vLAGs.

Disadvantages:

Data path impact as detailed above.

Upgrade/downgrade with default configuration

Step 1: Copy and save the running configuration to the RBridge flash or FTP server.

Step 2: If default-config option is available in firmware download command in the active Network OS version on the switch, execute firmware download using default-config. If default-config option is not available perform copy default configuration to startup configuration.

Step 3: If the VCS is in LC mode, all the RBridge(s) in the VCS will reboot automatically.

Step 4: Downgrade the RBridge(s) to the desired Network OS version and reboot the RBridge(s).

Step 5: Restore the original configuration file by copying the configuration saved in step 1 back to the running-configuration (Individually on each RBridge in FC mode, and from principal RBridge if in LC mode)

Step 6: In LC mode, configuration is automatically saved and is persistent.

Management Gateway IP changes

VDX Fixed-form switches (No L3 license required)

Starting with Network OS v5.x, Management Gateway IP can only be configured under Rbridge-Id context/vrf mgmt-vrf as follows:

```
SW(config) # rbridge-id <RBridge#>
SW(config-rbridge-id-<RBRidge#>) # vrf mgmt-vrf
SW(config-vrf-mgmt-vrf) # address-family ipv4 unicast
SW(vrf-ipv4-unicast) # ip route 0.0.0.0/0 <GW IP Address>
```

Note:

After upgrading to Network OS v5.x or above, remove the old Gateway using "no ip route" command and configure the new route with higher metric to avoid forming ECMP with old and new gateways.

VDX 8770 (with L3 license/without L3 license)

Prior to Network OS v4.0.0, Management Gateway could be configured in two ways based on the availability of L3 license on the node.

- L3 license installed: Configure using command "ip route 0.0.0.0/0 <gateway ip>". Using the command "ip gateway-address" under the management interface will display an error.
- L3 license not installed: Configure using command "ip gateway-address" under the management interface.

In Network OS v4.0 there is only one option to configure the gateway that is "ip route 0.0.0.0/0 <gateway ip>".

Note:

After upgrading to Network OS v4.0.1 or above, it is required to remove the old Gateway using "no ip route" command and configure the new route with higher metric to avoid forming ECMP with old and new gateways.

Management Services

Telnet, SSH and AAA VRF support

Starting with Network OS 7.0.0, support for TELNET, SSH and AAA (RADIUS, TACACS+ and LDAP) on user defined / default vrf is provided.

CLI Changes for Telnet, SSH, AAA

The following CLI has an additional parameter "use-vrf" to support these features.

[no] ssh server use-vrf <vrf-name> [shutdown]

[no] telnet server use-vrf < vrf-name > [shutdown]

[no] Idap-server host <IPv4|IPv6|hostname> [use-vrf <VRF name>]

[no] tacacs-server host < IPv4|IPv6|hostname > [use-vrf < VRF name>]

[no] radius-server host < IPv4|IPv6|hostname > [use-vrf < VRF name >]

HTTP VRF support

HTTP/HTTPS services are supported on user-defined VRF and default-vrf in addition to mgmt-vrf. CLI option use-vrf is introduced to enable/disable HTTP/HTTPS services on user-defined/default-vrf.

[no] http server use-vrf < vrf-name > shutdown

NTP VRF support

Starting with Network OS 7.0.0, support for NTP on user defined / default vrf and MGMT-VRF in Inband is provided

CLI Changes for NTP

The following CLI has an additional parameter "use-vrf" to support this feature.

[no] ntp server < IPv4|IPv6|hostname > [use-vrf] < mgmt-vrf | default-vrf | non-default-vrf >]

SNMP- Community string maximum length increased to 64:

Maximum length for community string is increased from 16 to 64 characters.

SNMP - Support for traps during hafailover:

Cpstatuschange trap will be triggered during hafailover with cpLastEvent as hafailoverstart and hafailoverdone to notify that hafailover is started and hafailover is completed in the switch.

SNMP-Trap Source IP support:

CLI option source-interface is introduced in host/v3host commands to select the loopback/ve interface IP as source IP in traps.

[no] snmp-server host ip-address <community-string> source-interface {

loopback number | ve vlan_id}]

[no] snmp-server v3host ip-address <username> source-interface {

loopback number|ve vlan_id}]

snmp-server host ip-address <community-string> source-interface management?

Possible completions:

chassis-ip Use chassis IP as source address

mm-ip Use local MM IP as source address

SNMP context based query:

A single SNMP agent can be supported by multiple instances of the same MIB module by mapping the context name to a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance created within the switch. Each VRF is mapped with a specific key called context name. The context name is used to identify the VRF and fetch the MIB details of the mapped VRF from the underlying modules. In case of snmp v1 and v2c, we need to map the community with the context name.

[no] snmp-server context <context_name> vrf <vrf_name>

[no] snmp-server mib community-map <community-name> context <context-name>

SNMP MIB – VLAN update

During an snmpwalk or snmpgetbulk, all the VLAN interfaces are filtered out from the IF MIB output. Similarly, there is an object "ifNumber" that tells the number of interfaces in the system. The "ifNumber" object is also correspondingly reduced by this number.

SNMP Trap VRF Support

SNMP is able to receive the packets from any VRF including mgmt-vrf/default-vrf and respond to the corresponding VRF from where the SNMP packet is received. The support is also added to send the Network OS v7.4.0 Release Notes 9036088-02

notification (trap) to the host/v3host configured in the switch through the vrf-name mapped with the host/v3host.

SNMP-Trap CLI

CLI option use-vrf is introduced to get the vrf-id for each client. This option is applicable for both SNMP V1/V2c and V3 versions in host/v3host commands.

[no] snmp-server host ip-address community <comm-string> use-vrf <vrf-name>

[no] snmp-server v3host ip-address <username> [notifytype traps | informs] use-vrf <vrf-name>

To disable per link TRAP under interface

[No] snmp trap link-status

SNMP - IF MIB

To display Interface details when linecard is powered-off

[No] snmp-server offline-if enable

Sflow VRF Support

Sflow can be configured to point to collector in either default-vrf, mgmt-vrf, or non-default vrf..

Sflow-CLI

CLI option use-vrf is introduced to assign the vrf-id for each client.

[no] sflow collector <ipv4/ipv6 address> <port> [use-vrf] <mgmt-vrf | default-vrf |
non-default-vrf >

Syslog VRF Support

Syslog servers logging can be configured to point to syslog servers in default-vrf, mgmt-vrf, or non-default vrf.

Syslog-CLI

CLI option use-vrf is introduced to get the vrf-id for each client.

[no] logging syslog-server <ipv4/ipv6 address> use-vrf <mgmt-vrf | default-vrf | nondefault-vrf > [secure [port <xxxx>]]

Firmware download, Copy support, Copy config

The use-vrf option is introduced to these commands to specify the name of VRF where the server resides.

Other Management Services

Other management services like REST, Netconf, HTTP, SNMP MIB's would be available in default, user defined and management VRFs.

SCALABILITY AND INTEROPERABILITY

Scalability numbers

All scalability limits are subject to change. The limits noted in this section apply to all the platforms listed unless otherwise specified.

Network OS v7.4.0 Scalability Numbers	VDX 6740, 6740T, 6740T-1G	VDX 8770	VDX 6940- 36Q	VDX 6940- 144S
Maximum # of dot1Q VLANs (Virtual-Fabric Disabled)	4096	4096	4096	4096
Maximum # of VLANs (dot1Q + Virtual-Fabric)	6000	8192	8192	8192
Maximum # of Service Virtual Fabric VLANs	2000	4096	4096	4096
Maximum # of Transport Virtual Fabric VLANs	1000	1000	1000	1000
Maximum # of MAC addresses per Switch	120000	256000	75000	75000
Maximum # of MAC addresses per Fabric (with CML)	512000	512000	512000	512000
Maximum # of MAC addresses across VxLAN tunnels per VCS cluster for VMware NSX	8000	N/A	8000	8000
Maximum # of MAC addresses across VxLAN tunnels per VCS cluster for Virtual-Fabric Extension	120000	N/A	75000	75000
Maximum # of MAC-based Virtual-Fabric VLAN Classification per switch	256	1024	1000	1000
Maximum # of Classified Virtual Fabric VLANs per Trunk Interface	2000	4096	4096	4096
Maximum # of port profiles (AMPP)	1000	1,000	512	512
Maximum # of VLANS in port profiles	3500	4000	3500	3500
Maximum # of sites (tunnels) in Virtual-Fabric Extension	50	N/A	50	50
Maximum # of dot1q VLANs that can be attached on VxLAN GW for Virtual-Fabric Extension	4000	N/A	4000	4000
Maximum # of Virtual-Fabric (Service + Transport) VLANs that can be extended via Virtual-Fabric Extension	2000	N/A	4000	4000
Maximum # of dot1q VLANs + Virtual-Fabric VLANs enabled on edge-interfaces that can be attached to VxLAN GW and extended via Virtual-Fabric Extension	(2000+1000)	N/A	(2000+100 0)	(2000+100 0)
Max # of IGMP groups over Tunnels via Virtual- Fabric Extension	6000	N/A	6000	6000

Network OS v7.4.0 Scalability Numbers	VDX 6740, 6740T, 6740T-1G	VDX 8770	VDX 6940- 36Q	VDX 6940- 144S
Max # of BFD sessions over Virtual-Fabric Extension Tunnels	10	N/A	10	10
Maximum # of dot1q VLANs that can be attached on VxLAN GW for VMware NSX	2000	N/A	2000	2000
Maximum # of VLANs (dot1q VLANs attached to VxLAN GW for NSX + Virtual Fabric VLANs enabled on edge-interfaces)	(2000+1,000	N/A	(2000+100 0)	(2000+100 0)
Maximum # of VxLAN tunnels with VMware NSX	250	N/A	250	250
Maximum # of service-nodes with VMware NSX	5	N/A	5	5
Maximum # of MAC Associations for AMPP	8000	4000	8000	8000
Maximum # of per priority pause levels	3	8	3	3
Maximum # of VMware vCenters per Fabric	4	4	4	4
Maximum # of ELD instances in the fabric	2000	2000	2000	2000
Maximum # of IGMPv2v3 Snooping Interfaces supported	4000	4000	4000	4000
Learning rate for IGMP snooping (groups/second)	512	512	512	512
Maximum # of L2 (IGMPv2 Snooping) multicast groups	6000	6000	6000	6000
Maximum # of L2 (IGMPv3 Snooping) multicast groups	4000	4000	4000	4000
Maximum # of MLD Interfaces	256	256	256	256
Maximum # of MLD Groups	4000	4000	4000	4000
Learning rate for MLD snooping (groups/second)	512	512	512	512
# of L3 (S,G) forwarding Entries	2000	2000	2000	2000
# of L3 (*,G) forwarding Entries	256	256	256	256
# of L3 (*,G) joins per RP	256	NA	256	256
PIM Interfaces Supported	32	32	32	32
IGMP interfaces supported	32	32	32	32
Learning Rate for PIM-SM (flows/second)	32	32	32	32
Maximum # of L2 ACL(ingress/egress) *	3000/120	12000/200 0	6128/496	6128/496
Maximum # of L3 ACL ipv4 (ingress/egress) *	1500/1000	12000/200 00	3064/200 0	3064/200 0
Maximum # of class-maps	2048	2048	2048	2048
Maximum # of policy-maps	2048	2048	2048	2048
Maximum # of class-maps per policy map	50	50	50	50
Maximum Total # of L3 ACL ipv6 (ingress/egress) *	500/120	4000/2000	1000/500	1000/500
Maximum # of VF/FCoE interfaces/Logins (Per switch)	1000	1000	1000	1000
Maximum # of Enodes/FCoE Devices per Fabric	2000	2000	2000	2000

Network OS v7.4.0 Scalability Numbers	VDX 6740, 6740T, 6740T-1G	VDX 8770	VDX 6940- 36Q	VDX 6940- 144S
Maximum # of NPIV per Port	64	64	64	64
Maximum # of MSTP instance	32	32	32	32
Maximum # of VLAN in PVST	128	128	128	128
Maximum # of LAGs (Port Channels)	64	288	144	144
Maximum # of members in a standard LAG	16	16	16	16
Maximum # of members in a Extreme Trunk (10G)	16	8	12	12
Maximum # of members in a Extreme Trunk (40G)	2	NA	3	3
Maximum # of members in a Extreme Trunk (100G)	NA	NA	NA	NA
Maximum # of switches in Logical cluster mode **	48	48	48	48
Maximum # of L2 ECMP Paths	16	8	16	16
Maximum # of vLAGs in a fabric	2000	2000	2000	2000
Maximum # of member ports in a vLAG	64	64	64	64
Maximum # of nodes in a vLAG	8	8	8	8
Maximum # of member ports per vLAG per Node	16	16	16	16
Maximum # of Management ACL	256	256	256	256
Maximum # of ARP Entries *	16000	126000	72000	72000
Maximum # of OSPF areas	20	64	20	20
Maximum # of OSPF routers in a single area	64	200	64	64
Maximum # of OSPF adjacencies	100	200	100	100
Maximum # of OSPF routes *	8,000	64,000	10000	10000
# of OSPF Interfaces	100	1,000	100	100
# of OSPF enabled subnets	100	1,000	100	100
# of local subnets in a single area	100	1,000	100	100
Maximum # of OSPFv3 areas	9	9	9	9
Maximum # of OSPFv3 routers in a single area	64	200	64	64
Maximum # of OSPFv3 adjacencies	100	200	100	100
Maximum # of OSPFv3 routes *	1500	64000	1500	1500
# of OSPFv3 Interfaces	100	256	100	100
# of OSPFv3 enabled subnets	100	256	100	100
Maximum # of IPv4 routes in SW *	8000	280000	10000	10000
Maximum # of IPv6 routes in SW *	1500	64000	1500	1500
Maximum # of IPv4 static routes *	2000	40,000	2000	2000
Maximum # of IPv6 static routes *	500	20,000	500	500
Maximum # of VRRP instances per system	255	1024	512	512
Maximum # of VRRP v3 instances per system	255	1024	512	512
Maximum # of VRRP instances per interface	32	32	32	32

Maximum # of routers participating in a VRRP-E session 8 8 8 8 Maximum # of virtual IP addresses per VRRP instance 16 16 16 16 Maximum # of FVG instances per system 256 4096 1024 1024 Maximum # of FVG instances per interface 1 1 1 1 Maximum # of FVG multiple subnets in Session 32 32 32 32 Maximum # of FVG multiple subnets in Session 32 32 32 32 Maximum # of IPV4 routes with ECMP supported * 8000 20000 10000 10000 Maximum # of IPV4 routes with ECMP supported * 1500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPV4 routes with ECMP supported * 1500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPV4 routes with ECMP supported * 150 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPV4 routes with ECMP supported * 150 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPV6 interfaces per system *(Ve intf) 200 4000 512 512 Maximum # of IPV6 in	Network OS v7.4.0 Scalability Numbers	VDX 6740, 6740T, 6740T-1G	VDX 8770	VDX 6940- 36Q	VDX 6940- 144S
Instance Maximum # of FVG instances per system 256 4096 1024 1024 Maximum # of FVG instances per interface 1 1 1 1 1 Maximum # of routers participating in a FVG session 32 32 32 32 Maximum # of Gateway IP addresses per FVG instance 16 16 16 16 Maximum # of FVG multiple subnets in Session 32 32 32 32 Maximum # of IPv4 routes with ECMP supported * 8000 20000 10000 10000 Maximum # of IPv6 routes with ECMP supported * 1500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv6 routes with ECMP supported * 16 32 32 32 Maximum # of IPv6 routes with ECMP supported * 1500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv6 routes with ECMP supported * 1500 64000 2000 2000 Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 200 4000 2000 2000 Maximum # of VRFs per node 512 512 512 512 512	· · · · ·	8	8	8	8
Maximum # of FVG instances per interface 1 1 1 1 Maximum # of routers participating in a FVG session 32 32 32 32 Maximum # of Gateway IP addresses per FVG instance 16 16 16 16 Maximum # of FVG multiple subnets in Session 32 32 32 32 Maximum # of IPv4 routes with ECMP supported * 8000 20000 10000 10000 Maximum # of IPv6 routes with ECMP supported * 1500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system *(Ve intf) 16 32 32 32 Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system *(Ve intf) 512 4000 2000 2000 Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system *(Ve intf) 512 4000 512 512 Maximum # of IPv6 INFs support protocols per node 312 128 128 128 Maximum # of IPv6 BGP peers 256 512 256 256 256 Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW * 1,500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of	·	16	16	16	16
Maximum # of routers participating in a FVG session 32 32 32 32 Maximum # of Gateway IP addresses per FVG instance 16 16 16 16 16 Maximum # of FVG multiple subnets in Session 32 32 32 32 Maximum # of IPvG routes with ECMP supported * 8000 200000 10000 10000 Maximum # of IPvG routes with ECMP supported * 1500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPvG interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 16 32 32 32 Maximum # of IPvG interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 512 4000 2000 2000 Maximum # of IPvG interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 512 4000 512 512 Maximum # of IPvG interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 512 4000 512 512 Maximum # of IPvG interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 512 4000 512 512 Maximum # of IPvG interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 512 4000 512 512 Maximum # of IPvG interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 32 128 128	Maximum # of FVG instances per system	256	4096	1024	1024
Maximum # of Gateway IP addresses per FVG instance 16 12 20000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500	Maximum # of FVG instances per interface	1	1	1	1
Instance Imaximum # of FVG multiple subnets in Session 32	Maximum # of routers participating in a FVG session	32	32	32	32
Maximum # of IPv4 routes with ECMP supported * 8000 200000 10000 1500 Maximum # of IPv6 routes with ECMP supported * 1500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv6 routes with ECMP supported * 16 32 32 32 Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 2000 4000 2000 2000 Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 512 4000 512 512 Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 512 4000 512 512 Maximum # of IPv6 per node 512 512 512 512 512 Maximum # of IPv6 Sep peers 256 512 256 25	•	16	16	16	16
Maximum # of IPv6 routes with ECMP supported * 1500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of L3 ECMP 16 32 32 32 Maximum # of IPv4 interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 2000 4000 2000 2000 Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 512 4000 512 512 Maximum # of VRF per node 512 512 512 512 Maximum # of VRFs support protocols per node 32 128 128 128 Maximum # of I-BGP peers 256 512 256 </td <td>Maximum # of FVG multiple subnets in Session</td> <td>32</td> <td>32</td> <td>32</td> <td>32</td>	Maximum # of FVG multiple subnets in Session	32	32	32	32
Maximum # of L3 ECMP 16 32 32 32 Maximum # of IPv4 interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 2000 4000 2000 2000 Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 512 4000 512 512 Maximum # of VRF per node 512 512 512 512 Maximum # of VRFs support protocols per node 32 128 128 128 Maximum # of I-BGP peers 256 512 256 256 Maximum # of I-BGP peers 256 256 256 256 Maximum # of IPv4 BGP poetrs 256 256 256 256 Maximum # of IPv4 BGP peers 256 256 256 256 Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW * 8000 200000 10000 10000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of BFD sessions per node 100 100 100 100	Maximum # of IPv4 routes with ECMP supported *	8000	200000	10000	10000
Maximum # of IPv4 interfaces per system *(Ve intf) 2000 4000 2000 2000 Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 512 4000 512 512 Maximum # of VRF per node 512 512 512 512 512 Maximum # of VRFs support protocols per node 32 128 128 128 Maximum # of I-BGP peers 256 512 256 256 256 Maximum # of I-BGP peers 256 256 256 256 256 Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW * 8000 20000 10000 10000 Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW * 1,500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW * 1,500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW * 1,500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW * 1,500 64000 1500 110000 110000 110000 110000 110000 110000 110000 110000 110000 110000 <	Maximum # of IPv6 routes with ECMP supported *	1500	64000	1500	1500
Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system * (Ve intf) 512 4000 512 512 Maximum # of VRF per node 512 512 512 512 Maximum # of VRFs support protocols per node 32 128 128 128 Maximum # of I-BGP peers 256 512 256 256 Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW * 8000 200000 10000 10000 Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW * 1,500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 1000 Maximum # of BFD sessions per node 100 100 100 100 Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported <td>Maximum # of L3 ECMP</td> <td>16</td> <td>32</td> <td>32</td> <td>32</td>	Maximum # of L3 ECMP	16	32	32	32
Maximum # of VRF per node 512 512 512 512 Maximum # of VRFs support protocols per node 32 128 128 128 Maximum # of I-BGP peers 256 512 256 256 Maximum # of I-Pv4 BGP routes in HW * 8000 200000 10000 10000 Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW * 1,500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 1000 Maximum # of BFD sessions per node 100 100 100 100 Maximum # of VLAN domain supported 1000 1000 1000 1000 Maximum # of primary VLANs per PVLAN supported in pr	Maximum # of IPv4 interfaces per system *(Ve intf)	2000	4000	2000	2000
Maximum # of VRFs support protocols per node 32 128 128 128 Maximum # of I-BGP peers 256 512 256 256 Maximum # of E-BGP peers 256 256 256 256 Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW * 8000 200000 10000 10000 Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW * 1,500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv6 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 1000 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 1000 Maximum # of BFD sessions per node 100 100 100 100 Maximum # of DLD enabled interfaces 64 384 144 108 Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported 1000 <td>Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system * (Ve intf)</td> <td>512</td> <td>4000</td> <td>512</td> <td>512</td>	Maximum # of IPv6 interfaces per system * (Ve intf)	512	4000	512	512
Maximum # of I-BGP peers 256 512 256 256 Maximum # of E-BGP peers 256 256 256 256 Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW * 8000 200000 10000 10000 Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW * 1,500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv6 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # BGP IPv4/IPv6 Peer Group 100 250 100 100 Maximum # of BFD sessions per node 100 100 100 100 Maximum # of DULD enabled interfaces 64 384 144 108 Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported 1000 1000 1000 1000 Maximum # of Primary VLANs per PVLAN supported in promiscuous mode 24 24 24 24 DHCP IP Helper Addresses per interface 16 16 16 16 DHCP IP Helper VE interfaces 256 1,000 2	Maximum # of VRF per node	512	512	512	512
Maximum # of E-BGP peers 256 256 256 256 Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW * 8000 200000 10000 10000 Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW * 1,500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv6 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv6 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # BGP IPv4/IPv6 Peer Group 100 250 100 100 Maximum # of BFD sessions per node 100 100 100 100 Maximum # of UDLD enabled interfaces 64 384 144 108 Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported 1000 1000 1000 1000 Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported 24 24 24 24 supported 24 24 24 24 Maximum # of primary VLANs per PVLAN supported in promiscuous mode 24 24 24 24 DHCP IP Helper Addresses per interfaces 256 1,000 256 256 DHCP IP Helper physical ports 60 384	Maximum # of VRFs support protocols per node	32	128	128	128
Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW * 8000 200000 10000 10000 Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW * 1,500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv6 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # BGP IPv4/IPv6 Peer Group 100 250 100 100 Maximum # of BFD sessions per node 100 100 100 100 Maximum # of UDLD enabled interfaces 64 384 144 108 Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported 1000 1000 1000 1000 Maximum # of Secondary VLANs per PVLAN 24 24 24 24 supported 24 24 24 24 24 Maximum # of primary VLANs per PVLAN supported in promiscuous mode 24 24 24 24 24 DHCP IP Helper Addresses per interfaces 256 1,000 256 256 256 DHCP IP Helper physical ports 60 384 60 60 DHCP IP Relay	Maximum # of I-BGP peers	256	512	256	256
Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW * 1,500 64000 1500 1500 Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv6 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # BGP IPv4/IPv6 Peer Group 100 250 100 100 Maximum # of BFD sessions per node 100 100 100 100 Maximum # of UDLD enabled interfaces 64 384 144 108 Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported 1000 1000 1000 1000 Maximum # of Secondary VLANs per PVLAN 24 24 24 24 supported 24 24 24 24 24 Maximum # of primary VLANs per PVLAN supported in promiscuous mode 26 16 16 16 16 DHCP IP Helper Addresses per interfaces 256 1,000 256 256 DHCP IP Helper physical ports 60 384 60 60 DHCP IP Relay Addresses per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 Max Number of configurable PBR route map	Maximum # of E-BGP peers	256	256	256	256
Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # of IPv6 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # BGP IPv4/IPv6 Peer Group 100 250 100 100 Maximum # of BFD sessions per node 100 100 100 100 Maximum # of UDLD enabled interfaces 64 384 144 108 Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported 1000 1000 1000 1000 Maximum # of Secondary VLANs per PVLAN supported 24 24 24 24 Maximum # of primary VLANs per PVLAN supported in promiscuous mode 24 24 24 24 DHCP IP Helper Addresses per interface 16 16 16 16 DHCP IP Helper VE interfaces 256 1,000 256 256 DHCP IP Relay Addresses per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 DHCP IPv6 Relay Address per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 Max Number of configurable PBR route maps 64 64 64 64 Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas	Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW *	8000	200000	10000	10000
Maximum # of IPv6 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes * 110000 1300000 110000 110000 Maximum # BGP IPv4/IPv6 Peer Group 100 250 100 100 Maximum # of BFD sessions per node 100 100 100 100 Maximum # of UDLD enabled interfaces 64 384 144 108 Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported 1000 1000 1000 1000 Maximum # of Secondary VLANs per PVLAN 24 24 24 24 supported 24 24 24 24 Maximum # of primary VLANs per PVLAN supported in promiscuous mode 16 16 16 16 DHCP IP Helper Addresses per interface 16 16 16 16 16 DHCP IP Helper Physical ports 60 384 60 60 DHCP IP Relay Addresses per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 DHCP IPv6 Relay Address per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 Max Number of configurable PBR route maps 64 64 64 64 Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas 1024 1024	Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW *	1,500	64000	1500	1500
Maximum # BGP IPv4/IPv6 Peer Group 100 250 100 100 Maximum # of BFD sessions per node 100 100 100 100 Maximum # of UDLD enabled interfaces 64 384 144 108 Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported 1000 1000 1000 1000 Maximum # of Secondary VLANs per PVLAN 24 24 24 24 supported 24 24 24 24 Maximum # of primary VLANs per PVLAN supported in promiscuous mode 16 16 16 16 DHCP IP Helper Addresses per interface 16 16 16 16 DHCP IP Helper VE interfaces 256 1,000 256 256 DHCP IP Helper physical ports 60 384 60 60 DHCP IP Relay Addresses per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 DHCP IPv6 Relay Address per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 Max Number of configurable PBR route maps 64 64 64 64 Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas 1024 1024 1024 1024 </td <td>Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes *</td> <td>110000</td> <td>1300000</td> <td>110000</td> <td>110000</td>	Maximum # of IPv4 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes *	110000	1300000	110000	110000
Maximum # of BFD sessions per node 100 100 100 100 Maximum # of UDLD enabled interfaces 64 384 144 108 Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported 1000 1000 1000 1000 Maximum # of Secondary VLANs per PVLAN 24 24 24 24 supported 24 24 24 24 24 Maximum # of primary VLANs per PVLAN supported in promiscuous mode 16 16 16 16 16 DHCP IP Helper Addresses per interface 16 16 16 16 16 DHCP IP Helper physical ports 60 384 60 60 DHCP IP Relay Addresses per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 DHCP IPv6 Relay Address per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 Max Number of configurable PBR route maps 64 64 64 64 Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas 1024 1024 1024 1024	Maximum # of IPv6 RIB (IN + OUT) Routes *	110000	1300000	110000	110000
Maximum # of UDLD enabled interfaces 64 384 144 108 Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported 1000 1000 1000 1000 Maximum # of Secondary VLANs per PVLAN supported in promiscuous mode 24 24 24 24 DHCP IP Helper Addresses per interface 16 16 16 16 DHCP IP Helper VE interfaces 256 1,000 256 256 DHCP IP Helper physical ports 60 384 60 60 DHCP IP Relay Addresses per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 DHCP IPv6 Relay Address per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 Max Number of configurable PBR route maps 64 64 64 64 Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas 1024 1024 1024 1024	Maximum # BGP IPv4/IPv6 Peer Group	100	250	100	100
Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported 1000 1000 1000 1000 Maximum # of Secondary VLANs per PVLAN supported in promiscuous mode 24 24 24 24 Maximum # of primary VLANs per PVLAN supported in promiscuous mode 24 24 24 24 DHCP IP Helper Addresses per interface 16 16 16 16 DHCP IP Helper VE interfaces 256 1,000 256 256 DHCP IP Helper physical ports 60 384 60 60 DHCP IP Relay Addresses per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 DHCP IPv6 Relay Address per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 Max Number of configurable PBR route maps 64 64 64 64 Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas 1024 1024 1024 1024	Maximum # of BFD sessions per node	100	100	100	100
Maximum # of Secondary VLANs per PVLAN supported 24	Maximum # of UDLD enabled interfaces	64	384	144	108
supported 24 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 258 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 <	Maximum # of PVLAN domain supported	1000	1000	1000	1000
in promiscuous mode 16 16 16 16 DHCP IP Helper Addresses per interface 256 1,000 256 256 DHCP IP Helper physical ports 60 384 60 60 DHCP IP Relay Addresses per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 DHCP IPv6 Relay Address per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 Max Number of configurable PBR route maps 64 64 64 64 Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas 1024 1024 1024 1024	, ,	24	24	24	24
DHCP IP Helper VE interfaces 256 1,000 256 256 DHCP IP Helper physical ports 60 384 60 60 DHCP IP Relay Addresses per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 DHCP IPv6 Relay Address per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 Max Number of configurable PBR route maps 64 64 64 64 Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas 1024 1024 1024 1024	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	24	24	24	24
DHCP IP Helper physical ports 60 384 60 60 DHCP IP Relay Addresses per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 DHCP IPv6 Relay Address per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 Max Number of configurable PBR route maps 64 64 64 64 Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas 1024 1024 1024 1024	DHCP IP Helper Addresses per interface	16	16	16	16
DHCP IP Relay Addresses per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 DHCP IPv6 Relay Address per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 Max Number of configurable PBR route maps 64 64 64 64 Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas 1024 1024 1024 1024	DHCP IP Helper VE interfaces	256	1,000	256	256
DHCP IPv6 Relay Address per Node 2000 4000 2000 2000 Max Number of configurable PBR route maps 64 64 64 64 Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas 1024 1024 1024	DHCP IP Helper physical ports	60	384	60	60
Max Number of configurable PBR route maps64646464Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas1024102410241024	DHCP IP Relay Addresses per Node	2000	4000	2000	2000
Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas 1024 1024 1024 1024	DHCP IPv6 Relay Address per Node	2000	4000	2000	2000
_	Max Number of configurable PBR route maps	64	64	64	64
Max Number of HW entries available for PBR 512 8192 512 512	Max Number of configurable PBR stanzas	1024	1024	1024	1024
	Max Number of HW entries available for PBR	512	8192	512	512

Network OS v7.4.0 Scalability Numbers	VDX 6740, 6740T, 6740T-1G	VDX 8770	VDX 6940- 36Q	VDX 6940- 144S
Max Number of configurable next hops within a single PBR stanza	128	128	128	128
Max # of OpenFlow Active Connections	1	1	1	1
Max # of OpenFlow Passive Connections	1	1	1	1
Maximum # of OpenFlow L2 flows	1000	4000	879	879
Maximum # of OpenFlow L3 flows	1000	4000	879	879
Maximum # of Total OpenFlow GROUP	768	768	768	768
Maximun # of OpenFlow GROUP Type ALL	256	256	256	256
Maximun # of OpenFlow GROUP Type SELECT	256	256	256	256
Maximun # of OpenFlow GROUP Type INDIRECT	256	256	256	256
Max # of Buckets per GROUP ALL	16	16	16	16
Max # of Buckets per GROUP SELECT	8	8	8	8
Max # of Buckets per GROUP INDIRECT	1	1	1	1
Max # of ACTIONS per Bucket	3	3	3	3
Max # METERS	1024	4096	1024	1024
Maximum # of MAPS policy	10	10	10	10
Maximum # of MAPS rules	250	250	250	250
Maximum # of MAPS groups	64	64	64	64
Maximum # of MAC's supported for 802.1x MAC authentication	3000	3000	3000	3000

^{*} Parameters mentioned are applicable on specific HW profiles. Please check the Network *OS* documentation for the specific HW profiles.

IP Fabric Scalability:

IP Fabric Scalability Numbers	VDX- 8770	VDX-6			VDX 6740, VDX 6740T	
	Spine	Spine	Leaf	Spine	Leaf	Leaf
VLANS extended with VxLANs (no. of tunnels * VLANs * ECMP)	NA	NA	16k	NA	16k	16k
Software MAC entries (CML)	NA	200k	200k	200k	200k	200k
Software ARP entries (Conversational						
ARP)	NA	100k	100k	100k	100k	100k
Software ND entries (Conversational-						
ND)	NA	50k	50k	50k	50k	50k

^{**}Please consult your Extreme SE for best practices when designing a 48-node VCS Fabric. In Hybrid cluster environment (a cluster involving various VDX platforms), the scalability limit of the cluster is determined by the scalability limit of the lowest denominator. For instance, in such a fabric, if the MAC scalability limit on one VDX platform is lower than the other, then the fabric supports the lower scale value.

BGP eVPN IPv4 routes	200k	200k	200k	200k	200k	200k
BGP eVPN IPv6 routes	64k	2k	2k	2k	2k	2k
BGP eVPN MAC-IP routes	100k	100k	100k	100k	100k	100k
BGP eVPN MAC routes	200k	200k	200k	200k	200k	200k
Max # of IP Unnumbered interface	384	36	36	144	144	52
Max # of IP Port channel interface	384	36	36	144	144	52
Max # of members per IP Port-Channel						
Interface	8	8	8	8	8	8
Max # of Leaf – Spine ECMP	16	16	16	16	16	16
Max # of SAG addresses per interface	64	64	64	64	64	64

HW Profile and Platorm Specific Scale Numbers

Route Profile Scale:

	VDX 6740, 6740T								
Network OS v7.x Scalability Numbers		R	OUTE PRFIL	E					
	DEFAULT	IPV4- MAX- ROUTE	IPV4- MAX- ARP	IPV4- MIN-V6	IPV6-MAX- ROUTE	IPV6- MAX-ND			
Maximum # of IPv4 routes with ECMP supported *	4000	8000	8000	6000	2000	2000			
Maximum # of IPv6 routes with ECMP supported *	1000	0	0	500	1500	1500			
Maximum # of OSPF routes *	4000	8000	8000	6000	2000	2000			
Maximum # of OSPFv3 routes *	1000	0	0	500	1500	1500			
Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW *	4000	8000	8000	6000	2000	2000			
Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW *	1000	0	0	500	1500	1500			
Maximum # of IPv4 routes in SW *	4000	8000	8000	6000	2000	2000			
Maximum # of IPv6 routes in SW *	1000	0	0	500	1500	1500			
Maximum # of ARP Entries *	16000	16000	16000	16000	16000	16000			
Maximum # of IPv6 neighbor cache Entries *	4000	0	0	4000	4000	4000			

VDX 6940-36Q, VDX 6940-144S

Network OS v7.x Scalability Numbers		RC	OUTE PRFILE			
	DEFAULT	IPV4- MAX- ROUTE	IPV4- MAX- ARP	IPV4- MIN-V6	IPV6-MAX- ROUTE	IPV6-MAX- ND
Maximum # of IPv4 routes with ECMP supported *	6000	10000	10000	8000	2500	2500
Maximum # of IPv6 routes with ECMP supported *	1000	0	0	500	2000	2000
Maximum # of OSPF routes *	6000	10000	10000	8000	2500	2500
Maximum # of OSPFv3 routes *	1000	0	0	500	2000	2000
Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW *	6000	10000	10000	8000	2500	2500
Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW *	1000	0	0	500	2000	2000
Maximum # of IPv4 routes in SW *	6000	10000	10000	8000	2500	2500
Maximum # of IPv6 routes in SW *	1000	0	0	500	2000	2000
Maximum # of ARP Entries *	43000	49000	73000	49000	6000	6000
Maximum # of IPv6 neighbor cache Entries *	12000	0	0	10000	30000	30000

VDX 8770									
Network OS v7.x Scalability Numbers		ROUTE PROFILE							
	DEFAULT	IPV4- MAX- ROUTE	IPV4- MAX- ARP	IPV4- MIN-V6	IPV6-MAX- ROUTE	IPV6-MAX- ND			
Maximum # of IPv4 routes with ECMP supported *	65000	280000	198000	163000	20000	12000			
Maximum # of IPv6 routes with ECMP supported *	16000	2000	2000	8000	64000	12000			
Maximum # of OSPF routes *	64,000	64,000	64,000	64,000	20000	12,000			
Maximum # of OSPFv3 routes *	16000	2000	2000	8000	64000	12000			
Maximum # of IPv4 BGP routes in HW *	65000	280000	198000	163000	20000	12000			

Maximum # of IPv6 BGP routes in HW *	16000	2000	2000	8000	64000	12000
Maximum # of IPv4 routes in SW *	65000	280000	198000	163000	20000	12000
Maximum # of IPv6 routes in SW *	16000	2000	2000	8000	64000	12000
Maximum # of ARP Entries *	98000	40000	129000	98000	12000	20000
Maximum # of IPv6 neighbor cache Entries *	28000	2000	2000	12000	12000	65000

L2 L3 Multicast Scale :

TCAM PROFILE DEFAULT				
Network OS v7.x Scalability Numbers	VDX6740	VDX-8770	VDX-6940- 36Q	VDX- 6940-144S
Maximum # of L2 (IGMPv2 Snooping) multicast groups	1000(openflow)	6000	6000	6000
Maximum # of MLD Groups	0	512	512	512
# of L3 (S,G) forwarding Entries	2000	2,000	2000	2000
# of L3 (*,G) forwarding Entries	256	256	256	256

TCAM PROFILE IPV4-IPV6-MCAST						
Network OS v7.x Scalability Numbers	VDX6740	VDX-8770	VDX-6940- 36Q	VDX-6940- 144S		
Maximum # of L2 (IGMPv2 Snooping) multicast groups	1000	6000	6000	6000		
Maximum # of MLD Groups	512	4000	4000	4000		
Maximum # of L2 (IGMPv3 Snooping) multicast groups	4000	4000	4000	4000		
# of L3 (S,G) forwarding Entries	2,000	2,000	2000	2000		
# of L3 (*,G) forwarding Entries	256	256	256	256		

NOTE: IGMPV3 snooping configurations should use TCAM PROFILE IPV4-IPV6-MCAST

NOTE: IGMPv3 scale on VDX6940 is 4,000 entries shared between PIM (2000 entries max) and IGMPv3 (4000 max, with no PIM). First Come First Serve basis.

ACL Scale:

	VDX8770-4
Network OS v7.x Scalability Numbers	TCAM PROFILES

	DEFAULT	DNY- ARP- INSP	ACL		IPV4- V6- PBR	 	L2-IPV4- ACL	OPEN FLOW
Maximum # of L2 ACL(ingress/egress) *	16000/ 2000	12000/ 2000	512/1016	500/ 1000	500/ 1000	32000/ 2000		12000/ 2000
Maximum # of L3 ACL ipv4 (ingress/egress) *	16000/ 2000	16000/ 2000	51000/ 20000	500/ 2000	8000/ 2000	1		12000/ 2000
Maximum # of L3 ACL ipv6 (ingress/egress) *	500/2000	500/2000	0/2000	500/ 2000	4000/ 2000			500/ 2000

	VDX6940								
Network OS v7.x Scalability Numbers		TCAM PROFILES							
	DEFAULT	DNY- ARP- INSP	-ACL		V6-PBR		L2-ACL- QOS		OPENFLO W
Maximum # of L2 ACL(ingress/egress) *	500/256	500/256	NA	500/25 6	0/0	0/0	3000/25 6	1500/25 6	500/256
Maximum # of L3 ACL ipv4 (ingress/egress) *	1000/25 6	1000/25 6	NA	500/25 6	500/25 6	500/25 6	1000/25 6	1500/25 6	500/256
Maximum # of L3 ACL ipv6 (ingress/egress) *	500/256	500/256	NA	500/25 6	500/25 6	500/25 6	0/256	500/256	0/256

	VDX6740								
Network OS v7.x Scalability Numbers		TCAM PROFILES							
	DEFAULT	DNY- ARP- INSP	IPV4-ACL		V6-		ACL-	L2- IPV4- ACL	OPENFLOW
Maximum # of L2 ACL(ingress/egress) *	500/120	500/120	500/120	0/0	0/0			1000/ 120	500/120
Maximum # of L3 ACL ipv4 (ingress/egress) *	500/120	500/120	500/120	500/ 120	500/ 120	500/ 120		1500/ 120	500/120

Maximum # of L3	500/120	500/120	500/120	500/	500/	500/	0/	0/	0/120
ACL ipv6				120	120	120	120	120	
(ingress/egress) *									

Compatibility and Interoperability

The following tables list the devices tested for IP storage and host adapters for VDX as of Network OS v7.4.0. This is a representative list of devices, Network OS v7.4.0 supports all standards-based devices connected to it for these types of storage.

IP Storage

Vendor	Storage Array Model	Protocol	Switch Model	Initiator
EMC	Isilon	NAS	6740	Windows 2008 R2, Windows 2012 R2, ESXi
				5.5u2, RHEL 6.6
EMC	VG2	NAS	6740	Windows 2008 R2, Windows 2012 R2, ESXi
				5.5u2, RHEL 6.6
EMC	VNX 5300	iSCSI	6740	Windows 2008 R2, Windows 2012 R2, ESXi
				5.5u2, RHEL 6.6
EMC	VMAX 40K	iSCSI	6740	Windows 2008 R2, Windows 2012 R2, ESXi
				5.5u2, RHEL 6.6
HDS	4060	NAS	6740	Windows 2008 R2, Windows 2012 R2, ESXi
				5.5u2, RHEL 6.6
HDS	4060	iSCSI	6740	Windows 2008 R2, Windows 2012 R2, ESXi
				5.5u2, RHEL 6.6
NetApp	3170	NAS	6740	Windows 2008 R2, Windows 2012 R2, ESXi
				5.5u2, RHEL 6.6

ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

Limitations and Restrictions

Command Line Interface

- Break command is not supported. ctrl-c can be used as an alternative.
- Few commands may not display paginated output.
- For few clear and show commands "?" will not show all options for VRF. Tab completion will give all possible values.
- For certain commands (including "no" form with some commands), "?" shows unsupported additional options.
- Some CLI commands will generate an "Error: Access denied" message upon failure. This means the operation failed on the switch and may not be related to permissions.
- Tab completion and <ctrl>-c (cancel) does not work for some commands.
- Incorrect range might be displayed in the help text for some of the show commands.
- Range support is available for all the interfaces in Network OS v7.1.0. Following limitations are applicable:
 - Interface range command is supported on breakout ports of same connector. Range is not supported involving breakout ports of multiple connectors.
 - o Interface range command does not support mix of regular ports and breakout ports.
 - Range command is not supported across multiple slots of the chassis.
 - o Range command for rbridge-id is not supported.
 - o In some instances, there could be a delay in starting of operation specified in the range command after being issued.
 - When range issued for very large subset (e.g 4k VLAN, 2k port-channels, etc.), timeout can occur or user may temporarily see switch being unresponsive or with high CPU utilization. Extreme recommends using range in smaller chunks. Especially, while configuring VLANs/VEs and Port-channels, Extreme recommends range to be less than 500.
 - Range prompt doesn't get updated when few or all of interface in that range are deleted. Therefore, user should exit from Range submode if few or all interfaces are deleted that are part of that range. New configuration performed on same range submode may give unpredictable results.
 - On a large VCS cluster, configurations performed on Range of physical interfaces and port-channels may spike high memory usage.
- System does not warn user on deleting the IP config when VRF is configured.
- If "switchport trunk allowed vlan all" is already configured on any interface, then VLAN creation using range command will be slow as each VLAN will get provisioned individually.
- Some unsupported debug commands may be seen in Network OS v7.4.0. Extreme recommends not to run them on switches:
 - Show confd-state –, for debugging purpose only.

- Show parser dump –, for debugging purpose only.
- Show notification stream –, for debugging purpose only.
- Autoupgrade command in config mode
- During "copy running-config startup-config" or "copy support" user might see occasional and temporary CPU spikes (up to ~30-40%).
- show mac-address-table command on console with include option can not be aborted with a break/ctrl-C. Use a telnet session for the same.
- Short form of MAC-Address is not supported as filter in "show running-config".
- For IP access lists, display filtering based on sequence number alone does not work as expected.
- Certain oscmd commands may not work or give a different output under admin login
- If an alias exactly matches a partial keyword anywhere in the command line, pressing the TAB key for CLI command completion will claim that the input is invalid, and pressing the ENTER key will first replace the partial keyword with the alias expansion string. To avoid this, make sure that any partial keywords are not an exact match for an alias name.
- The authentication mode with primary & secondary sources of authentication cannot be
 updated to a configuration containing only the primary source. For example, the
 authentication mode cannot be changed from "radius local or radius local-auth-fallback" to
 'radius'. The workaround is to remove the existing configuration and then configure it to the
 required configuration.
- The "logging syslog server" command returns an error on the "secure" keyword. Use "secure port" to assign a nondefault port number.
- OSPFv3 on default VRF can be created without mentioning VRF name but while removing default VRF user needs to enter "no ipv6 router ospf vrf default-vrf".
- The "show ip interface ve xx" displays "ICMP unreachables are always sent" even though it is disabled.

Platform

- After "chassis disable" it is recommended to wait for 60 seconds for VDX fixed-form switches and 300 seconds for VDX 87xx before performing the next "chassis enable".
- Chassis-name is limited to 15 characters.
- 1G copper SFPs do not support exchanging flow-control settings during the auto-negotiation process. It is recommended to configure static mode of configuration of flow-control on both the ends of the desired link.
- 1G Optical ports should use the same speed config (speed auto or speed 1000) on both sides of the link for a proper link up.
- The VDX6940-36Q and VDX6940-144S requires 40 seconds between the removal and insertion of the 100G QSFP28 optics in order to establish a stable link.
- System verification/ offline diagnostics tests need "chassis disable" before the test and "chassis enable" followed by immediate reboot.

- After "power-off line-card <x>" please wait for 120 seconds before doing the next "power-on line-card <x>" to avoid hitting a known defect where some interfaces might remain in administratively shut state.
- The speed on the management interface for VDX 8770 can be hardset to desired speed after configuring speed as auto. The speed on VDX 6740x and 6940x is supported only in auto mode.
- Multiple OIR (Online insertion and removal) of 40G LR optics when connected to ICX/FCX
 may cause link to remain down. Performing "shutdown" followed by "no shutdown" of the
 interface will recover the link.
- VDX 6740/6740T/6740T-1G/6940 platforms do not support IP fragmentation. MTU errors are reported in "show interface" as "Errors" under the "Transmit Statistics".
- When a switch fan or PSU is removed or is faulty, switch status LED will blink green on VDX6940-144S and amber-green on VDX6940-36Q and VDX6740.
- For 6940 platform family, if all ports in a given trunk-group are used as ISLs, it is recommended to configure only 1 lossless priority on the switch.

Line cards

- The VDX 8770 supports following line-cards only on Network OS v4.1.2 and above:
 - o LC48×10G
 - o LC12×40G
 - o LC48×10GT
 - o LC27×40G
 - LC6x100G
- It is required to upgrade the chassis to the line-card's supported Network OS version before plugging the line-card into the chassis.
- If there exists a configuration for a line-card on the slot of VDX8770, before inserting a new line-card of other type in the same slot, it is required to remove the configuration of the old line-card from that slot. The "no line-card" command should be used to remove the old line-card configuration from the slot where the new line-card is to be inserted. The new line card may be faulted with appropriate code if the new line-card is plugged into the slot which has configuration of a line card of other type.

USB

• Starting with Network OS v6.0.0, Extreme 4GB USB drive support is added. But, Extreme 2GB USB drives should still work as before.

Licensing

- On VDX platforms that have Flexport FC capable interfaces, enabling FibreChannel ports
 requires only the FCoE license to be installed and does not require any Port Upgrade license.
 The Port Upgrade license only controls Ethernet ports (number of ports or speed supported).
- An Integrated Routing license is NOT required on FOS-based SAN platforms running FOS 7.0.1 or above for FCR interoperability connectivity with VCS fabrics and the VDX6740x. Please refer

- to the FOS v7.0.1 Admin Guide documentation on configuring FOS platforms for connectivity to VDX 674x switches and VCS fabrics.
- The Layer 3 license is required on VDX8770 switches to enable Layer 3 feature set including OSPF, VRRP, BGP, VRF etc. A separate Layer 3 license is not required on VDX fixed-form factor switches as Layer 3 features are included in the default license.
- The Advanced Services License provides a single upgrade option to enable Layer 3 features on VDX8770 switches.

VCS

- Loopback connection is not supported in VCS mode. If a loopback connection is done (either using loopback plugs or port to port connections on the same switch), those interfaces become ISL interfaces.
- A node with default configuration will not join a cluster if the intermediate nodes between
 the node being defaulted and rest of the cluster are also undergoing reload. If the node
 boots up earlier than the intermediate nodes, it will form its own VCS and not join the
 parent cluster. In such situations, reload the node that is required to join the cluster.
- Logical Chassis Cluster Mode:
 - When a new switch is added to an existing VCS Fabric and if the new switch takes the role of principal node, the other switches in the fabric will receive the configuration of the distributed features such as Virtual IP and VM-Aware Network Automation from the newly added switch. This will cause the existing distributed configuration to be overwritten by the newly added switch in the principal role. This can be avoided by following the new switch addition procedures in the Network OS Management Configuration Guide.
 - After a cluster reboot, Extreme recommends to do both "show fabric all" and "show vcs" to ensure that cluster is entirely formed without any issue. User might see that 'show vcs' takes an additional 2-3 minutes to show all participating switches. This is an existing behavior and doesn't affect data path functionality in most cases.
- "show fabric isl" & "show fabric trunk" may show the interfaces in random order without sorting.
- The default-configuration behavior may be different depending on the default-configuration triggers.
- The snapshot restore feature in VCS should be used to restore the local configuration and not the global configurations.
- Usage of Rbridge-range option to configure Rbridge context specific configurations is not recommended.
- Fastboot option is not recommended as a preferred method of reloading the switch.
- VCS for Network OSv7.0.1:
 Note the following results for the given actions.

Default-config trigger	Global Config (i.e. virtual-fabric)	Local Config (i.e. SFP breakout)
copy default-config startup-config	Preserved	Preserved
VCS-ID and/or Rbridge-ID change	Preserved	Removed
firmware download default-config	Removed	Removed

write-erase Removed Removed

Logical Chassis

- Configurations are not auto preserved on mode transitions (between Fabric Cluster and Logical Chassis mode). Please follow the mode transition procedure as outlined in the Network OS Management Configuration Guide.
- User should not make configuration change during Logical Chassis firmware upgrade or while ISL toggling to prevent the switch segmenting from the cluster due to configuration mis-match.
- Upon Node segmentation from the cluster, user should run "copy default start" or exercise the default-config boot feature on the segmented switch to bring it back to the cluster.
- For Netconf and SNMP, user has to poll using individual node Management IP.
- Creating a snapshot with "\" in snapshot-id creates the snapshot file with incorrect name.
- Config snapshot cannot be restored on pizza box platform when SW1 is active.
- There will not be any raslog to the user when replacement of a node fails.
- With large configs, while a switch is rejoining a fabric with default config, "%Error:Could not find Interface" may be printed temporarily. The switch will recover and join the fabric.
- Config changes during principal switch-overs are not supported and may segment the
- Disabling virtual-fabric may take up to 10 minutes depending on the number of ISLs and VLAN interfaces configured in the VCS.

Extreme Trunks

- The VDX 6740, VDX 6740T Extreme trunk (BTRUNK) can support up to 16 member links with a maximum throughput of 160G using 16x10G ports in the same trunk group. On these platforms traffic may not be distributed evenly across all member of a trunk at lower traffic rates.
- The VDX 6740, VDX 6740T and VDX 6740T-1G Extreme trunk (BTRUNK) can support up to 2x40G member links in the same trunk group for a maximum throughput of 80G.
- The VDX 8770 Extreme trunk (BTRUNK) can support up to 8 member links with a maximum throughput of 80G using 8x10G ports in the same trunk group. Full link utilization of 8 ports in a trunk group is achievable with larger packet size (>128 Bytes).
- In the VDX 6940-36Q and VDX 6940-144s, only 63 port-channels are supported including LACP and Extreme PO.
- The VDX 6940-36Q Extreme trunk (BTRUNK) can support up to a maximum throughput of 120G using 3x40G or 120G using 12x10G breakout ports in the same trunk group.
- The VDX 6940-144S Extreme trunk (BTRUNK) can support a maximum throughput of 120G using 3x40G or 12x10G links in the same trunk group.
- In order for two 40G ports on VDX 8770 to form Extreme trunk, it is required that the ports be in breakout mode and in same trunk group. Breakout optics with a single QSFP optical cable must be used.

Breakout Interfaces

- VDX 8770 supports only static breakout of 40G ports. It is required to power OFF and ON linecard for the 40G ports on it to be converted into 10G breakout ports and vice versa.
- VDX 6940-36 and 6940-144S supports only static breakout of 40G ports. It is required to reboot the switch for the 40G ports on it to be converted into 10G breakout ports
- For VDX 6740, 6740T and 6740T-1G platforms, the LED state for a breakout interface is deterministic. For all other supported platforms, the LED state for a breakout interface is nondeterministic.
- In breakout mode, the 'show media' CLI will display the same media information for all breakout interfaces, except for temperature, Tx voltage, Tx bias current and Rx power. These parameters would be displayed on per line basis. The TX Power Field in the show media command is not supported by the 40G optics.
- On 40G native mode Breakout configuration is not blocked. If configured on one side, other side of link won't able be identify peer port config is breakout and link won't be stable.
- On VDX 6740T/6740T-1G, the breakout ports are FlexPort capable, and may be configured to connect to FC switches with 4x16G breakout supported cables and optics.
- On VDX6940-144S, breakout connection using non-breakout cable is not supported.

Dual-personality Ports

- Interface can be brought up in 100GbE or 40GbE mode. This feature is supported on VDX 6940-144S.
- Only static configuration is supported, the switch need to be rebooted for the dual personality mode change to take effect.
- Configuring 40GbE dual personality interface in 100GbE mode would result in the other two 40GbE interface in the port-group being disabled.

1G Mode

- RMON stats are calculated incorrectly for packet sizes 64-127 bytes.
- 1G ports cannot form ISL links. Only 10G ports can be used to form ISL links.
- Extreme Trunks cannot be formed with 1G. Extreme Trunks are only supported on 10G.
- A LAG cannot be created between 1G and 10G ports.
- DCBX configuration for FCoE is not supported on 1G ports.
- For 1G optics used in VDX6740 and VDX6940-144S, port speed should be set to Auto on both sides. If one side is speed 1000 and other side is Auto, link may not come online.

vI AG

- LAGs are created with default speed of 10G. Therefore Extreme recommends end user to set required speed manually based on member speed using "speed" command.
- When configuring LACP LAG between VDX and non-Extreme switches it is highly recommended to enable the vLAG ignore-split on the VDX. Ignore split option is enabled by default.

- The port-channel interface "load-balance" is not the same as "fabric port-channel <#> load-balance"
 - The port-channel interface "load-balance" command configures load-balancing on the actual vLAG member links (effective on Rbridges directly participating in the vLAG).
 - The "fabric port-channel <#> load-balance" configures load-balancing on Rbridges NOT participating in the vLAG, but connecting to neighboring vLAG participating Rbridges.

Virtual IP Address Support

- A separate gateway cannot be configured for Virtual IP address. Default gateway will be the same as the gateway address for the management port of this switch.
- For VCS Virtual IP address to work correctly, the management port's IPv4 or IPv6 address should be assigned, functional and both address should be in same subnet.
- There is no Virtual MAC address associated with the Virtual IP address, physical MAC will be used.
- Chassis Virtual-IP is only supported on the VDX 8770.

Security, Management ACLs, Authentication, Authorization

- Login authentication service (aaa authentication login cli):
 - With "local" option specified as secondary authentication service, local authentication will be tried only when the primary authentication service (TACACS+/RADIUS/LDAP) is either unreachable or not available.
 - Behavior of "local" option in pre-4.1.0 releases is changed to the "local-auth-fallback" option.
 - When login authentication configuration is modified, the user sessions are not logged out. All connected user sessions can be explicitly logged out using "clear sessions" CLI.
- ACLs are not supported for egress traffic flows on management interfaces.
- Configuring TACACS+ or RADIUS without a key is not supported. If no key is configured, the switch uses a default key of "sharedsecret". The use-vrf option should be used to enter any additional parameters such as retries, timeout or key.
- Same NTP server configuration with different vrf not supported.
- There is a possibility that locked user accounts will get unlocked after a reboot if the running-config (before reboot) is different from startup-config of user accounts.
- Encrypted text (taken from running-config of any user account password with encryption turned on) should not be used as input for clear-text password for the same user. This may result in login failure of the user subsequently.

- When the ACL is applied to a management interface, only the top 256 rules will be applied if the ACL contains more than 256 rules.
- It is advised to not to apply ACL with 12k rules to management interface.
- When more than 250 rules ACL's are configured (over supported scale), they may be partially installed & effective.
- Access to ONLY the following Active Directory (AD) servers is supported by Extreme LDAP client:
 - o Windows 2000
 - O Windows 2003
 - Windows 2008 AD
- IPv6 RA Guard feature is not supported on VDX 8770 although the CLIs are visible.

SPAN & RSPAN

- CPU-originated packets cannot be output spanned.
- If SPAN has to be supported to multiple locations, please use RSPAN on VLAN.
- On VDX 8770 and SPAN in VCS feature, ISL can be source port, but the destination has to be on the same RBridge.
- Spanning of LAG port is not supported. To span a LAG, user should individually enable spanning on all the member ports of the LAG. However flow based SPAN is supported on LAG port.
- A profiled port cannot be a SPAN destination.
- After ISSU upgrade on VDX 8770, Port Based SPAN may not work.
- SPAN destination port statistics will keep incrementing even when port is operational or admin down.

MAC Learning Considerations in VCS

- Under rare circumstances, end user might see mac address sync up issues on few nodes of a cluster (where 1 or more MAC addresses might be missing in some nodes). Extreme recommends to do "clear mac-address-table dynamic" in such cases.
- Static mac addresses will be displayed even when interfaces are down. This may cause blackholing of the traffic.
- Under certain conditions, MAC addresses may not be learnt even though ARP's may be learnt for those same MAC addresses.
- Under certain conditions, multicast traffic destined for static multicast address will flood on to other VLANS.

PVLAN

- Following PVLAN features are not supported:
 - IGMP on PVLANs but there is no error message displayed if operator configures
 IGMP snooping on PVLAN

- o ARP & Routing in PVLAN domain
- Enabling Routing in Primary and Secondary Vlans.
- o CLI to enable Local Proxy ARP on primary VLAN.
- IP Configuration on PVLANs
- Ve Configuration on both Primary and Secondary Vlans
- o AMPP on PVLANs
- In case of MSTP if a primary VLAN is added to the instance automatically secondary VLAN also added to the instance.
- When the operator wants to delete the host association on a host port recommended to use "no switchport" rather than "no switchport private-VLAN host-association". This is applicable only when the host port is untagged. When the host port is tagged both the commands can be used.
- Primary VLAN ID needs to be lower than the secondary VLAN IDs. If primary VLAN ID
 is greater than secondary there is an issue with config replay.
- In Logical Chassis mode source macs may not learn on PVLAN configured ports, after deleting some of the secondary VLANs for which the traffic is not flowing.

UDID

- The UDLD protocol is not supported on the members of a Extreme trunk.
- The UDLD protocol is not compatible with Cisco's proprietary UDLD protocol.
- UDLD needs to use the higher timeout in Scale and Stress environment. UDLD may flap during HA failover and ISSU.

STP/DiST

- VDX does not support tunneling non-standard BPDUs and thus IEEE BPDUs
 (0180:C200:0000) generated as tagged packets in STP/RSTP/MSTP modes may not be
 tunneled successfully across VCS Fabric. However, VDX supports tunneling standards' based
 BPDUs such as untagged IEEE BPDUs and tagged or untagged PVST BPDUs
 (0100:0CCC:CCCD). Post 3.0.1, the tagged IEEE BPDU can be tunneled across VCS fabric using
 command: "tunnel tagged-ieee-bpdu" under interface configuration.
- By default global spanning-tree and interface level spanning-tree will be disabled, user has to explicitly enable on the desired ports. VLAN spanning-tree state is default enabled.
- BPDU tunnel configurations are permitted only when spanning-tree is disabled in VCS.
- For Cisco proprietary Per Vlan Spanning Tree protocols (PVST and RPVST) user needs to configure Extreme switch to send BPDU on Cisco multicast destination mac address "0100.0ccc.cccd" for non-native VLANs. By default, Network OS 6.0.1 software uses Extreme "0304.0800.0700" multicast mac to send BPDU's on non-native VLANs.
 Since Cisco boxes use Cisco multicast mac address to send spanning tree BPDU on non-native VLANs, this configuration is needed in VDX switches to interoperate. This is an interface specific configuration.

Below is the example to configure Cisco BPDU mac for PVST and RPVST under interface mode:

STP Interop with certain vendor switches

To allow for STP interop with certain 3rd party switches that would not accept the BPDU source MAC's with default OUI. The selection can be changed using the below command now:

system-id oui <01.e0.52 | 00.e0.52> (under stp configuration)

IGMPv3 Snooping

- IPv4 PIM is not supported on IGMPv3 enabled VLAN (No error is displayed when user tries to enable PIM on IGMPv3 enabled VLAN or vice-versa).
- When user is enabling IGMPv3 snooping, the fearure restrict-unknown-multicast needs to be enabled on the same VLAN.

Edge Loop Detection (ELD)

- ELD is supported on the edge ports that are connected either by end-hosts OR another switch OR another VCS.
- ELD is also supported for edge interfaces connected to hosts.
- ELD may not be enabled after line-card powercycle.
- The edge-loop-detection port-priority with the higher number takes priority for shutting down the loop interface. If the port-priority is the same, the highest interface ID followed by the highest Rbridge-ID are used as the deciding metric.

Long Distance ISL Ports

- Long distance ISL configuration ("long-distance isl" command) is not allowed if CEE Map/fcoeport is configured on any edge ports in the same port group.
- CEE Map modification is not allowed when long distance ISL is configured.
- A maximum of three PFCs can be supported on a long distance ISL configured platform.
- When long distance ISL is configured on the switches, all ports in the port group will be bounced.
- Both side of long distance link should have long-distance-isl configuration. Otherwise end to end PFC might not work appropriately.

- For 10Km/Extended Range long distance configuration all other ISLs in the port group will be disabled.
- For 2Km/5 Km long distance configuration, one other ISL will be allowed to come online in the port group.
- For 2 km, 5 km and 10 km long-distance, use Extreme supported Long Range (LR) optics for direct connectivity.
- For 30 km long-distance, use Extreme-supported Extended Range (ER) optics for direct connectivity.
- The "long-distance isl" command based extended fabrics are supported only on 10G interfaces.
- The 40G and 100G interfaces do not support "long-distance isl" command, however can extend distances for non-lossless traffic up to 40Km using standard ISLs.
- On standard ISLs, the 10G, 40G and 100G interfaces support lossless traffic up to 1Km.
- The "long-distance-isl" command will not be supported on the SO-10GE-ZR-CX, 10G-SFPP-ZR, and 10G-SFPP-ZRD-T 80km optics.
- The SO-10GE-ZR-CX, 10G-SFPP-ZR, and 10G-SFPP-ZRD-T 80km optics requires a minimum distance of 20km in order to successfully form a standard ISL connection
- To form an ISL between 10G tunable ZR optics (57-1000266-01) when initially inserting the optic and configuring "tunable sfpp channel x", please configure any channel other than 1 on both ends.

AMPP and Port-Profiles

- Port-profile status does not reflect the remote interface info in VCS mode.
- Native VLAN support inside AMPP does not honor the global enable/disable flag.
- SPAN destination port cannot be a profiled port.
 - Extreme recommends deleting all manually created port-profiles when migrating from a legacy AMPP environment to VM Aware Network Automation.
- Vmkernel related port-profiles removed/reapplied during HA operations may result in vmotion failures.
- MAC-based classification allowed only on access port-profile and C-tag classification allowed only on trunk port-profile.
- When a port becomes a profiled-port, all SERVICE VFs in that domain are provisioned on this
 port.
- "Switch trunk allow VLAN all" can only be present in one domain, it cannot co-exist with other c-tag based classifications in that domain.
- User is not allowed to edit/delete the default-profile-domain when Service VF is disabled.
- New port-profile is not auto added to the default domain when Service VF is enabled. It can only be explicitly added to or removed from the default profile-domain.
- On disabling Service VF UpgradedVlanProfile should be re-configured with "switchport trunk allowed VLAN all" in Default-profile-domain if it is removed /modified.

- Newly created port-profiles which is not part of any domain should be added to the default-profile-domain explicitly while disabling the Service VF.
- SERVICE VF classification cannot conflict across port-profiles in the same port-profile domain, but it can conflict across PP in different domains. i.e. a port-profile-domain cannot contain conflicting SERVICE VF classifications.

vCenter

- Receiving more than five vCenter events within a span of 30 seconds, results in asset discovery getting initiated. Post discovery cluster configuration will be in sync with vCenter.
- vCenter auto-profile is automatically added/deleted to the default port-profile-domain in Service VF enabled/disabled mode.
- Modifying/editing the auto port-profiles in the default-domain is not recommended, which may cause auto-pp application failure during vCenter operation and end up in traffic failure.
- Adding/removing the auto-port-profile to the user-created domain when Service VF is enabled is not recommended which may cause auto-pp application failure during vCenter operation and end up in traffic failure.
- vCenter auto-profile does not support SERVICE VF classification.
- Output of show vnetwork vss displays the vmnic against the vSwitch even after the removal
 of the vmnics from the vSwitch through vCenter. Recovery happens in the next autodiscovery cycle.

QoS

- LC27x40G and LC12x40G linecards do not respond to incoming Ethernet pause (802.3x) and PFC frames in native 40G interface mode. This does not impact throttling of incoming traffic in response to PFC or Pause frames transmitted by the linecards. In order for LC27x40G and LC12x40G linecards to respond to pause frames, it is required to configure the 40G interfaces in breakout mode and use 40G breakout optics with regular native 40G cables.
- It is recommended to use the same CoS tail-drop threshold on all members of a port-channel to avoid unpredictable behavior.
- In a hybrid logical-chassis, if a user configures a platform specific feature, it will be configured only on the rbridges which support that feature.
- Asymmetric pause is supported on 1G port interfaces.
- It is recommended to enable maximum 2 PFC s on edge interfaces on VDX 6740/6740T and 6940-36Q platforms. Flow control is disabled by default on all interfaces.
- Priority 7 is reserved for control traffic on VDX switches. User data traffic should use priorities
 0 through 6. Priority 3 is used for the FCoE lossless traffic by default.
- Extreme VDX architecture prioritizes Unicast traffic over Broadcast or Multicast traffic under port congestion.
- The interface queues operate in Strict Priority mode when there are no ISLs online on the switch. This could result in potential starvation of the CPU queue if line-rate traffic flows through an interface.
- Byte count is not supported for match ACL statistics on the VDX 6740/6740-T and 6940-36Q.

- Byte count is not supported for RED statistics on either the VDX 8770 or the VDX 6740/6940-T and 6940-36Q.
- For 6940-36Q its not recommended to configure "log" option in ACL for Flow based QoS and System based QoS as it may lead to throughput issues with larger packet size.
- The "count log" option in ACL is not supported for Flow based QoS and SysFBQ.
- The CLI "qos trust cos" is not applicable in VCS mode. However, "show qos int" will show as cos is trusted on ports on which "cos-mutation" or "cee default" config is applied.
- Configuring an interface with a nondefault DSCP-to-traffic class-map is allowed. However, configuring an interface with a nondefault CoS-to-traffic class-map is not supported.

IP Fabric

Provisioning:

- A new CLI has been introduced in 7.0.1a under Rbridge mode that allows the user to disable
 the ISL capability of all interfaces in the switches using single command. Specific interfaces
 that needs ISL capability can be enable the functionality using "no" form of command under
 interface mode.
 - fabric neighbor-discovery disable (under Rbridge mode)
- Similarly, there are new CLI's added to assist in MTU configuration across all interfaces for a switch using single CLI. This allows quick setting of the jumbo frame capability across the switch for Vxlan / Storage traffic.

BGP eVPN:

- RD should be unique across the VLANs/VRFs and across the leaf nodes.
- If the leaf nodes are in different BGP AS, then ignore-as option should be specified to the route-target configuration under eVPN instance.
- BGP MAC route dampening is applicable only for frequent MAC moves across leaf nodes not part of vLAG pair.
- On a vLAG pair, eVPN instance configuration should be symmetric.
- If the leaf nodes are in the same BGP AS, "allowas-in 1" should be configured.
- On VDX6740, part of a 2 node VCS, remote VTEP destination should not be reachable via another node in the VCS.
- For VRF extended using L3VNI over eVPN, at least one prefix should be advertised by both of the leaf nodes extending the VRF.

- It is recommended to configure different BGP AS numbers on each set of spine nodes when connecting 2 PoDs.
- Traffic tromboning is not supported for IPV6 in IP Fabric with /128 routes.
- In the scale environment with a large number of /32 routes, traffic disruption may be seen upon reload or HA failover.
- Tunnel creation is triggered by BGP NH installation resulting in creating more tunnels than configured which might be seen at the Border Leaf.

ARP/ND Suppression:

- ARP/ND suppression should be configured on the VLAN if IPv4/IPv6 Static Anycast Gateway is being configured.
- Upto 512 VLANs are supported with DAI hardware profile. Default hardware profile supports upto 32 VLANs.
- ARP/ND suppression feature is supported only on VDX 6740, 6940, 6940-144s platforms.

Conversational ARP:

• It is recommended to enable both Conversational-ARP and Conversational-MAC together.

Static Anycast Gateway:

- ARP/ND suppression should be configured on the VLAN if IPv4/IPv6 Static Anycast Gateway is being configured.
- Static Anycast Gateway address/static Anycast MAC configuration should be identical for a given VLAN across leaf nodes in IP Fabric.
- IP services/protocols cannot be enabled on an interface where only Static Anycast Gateway address is configured.
- VRRP/VRRP-E configuration should be identical for a given VLAN across leaf nodes in IP Fabric. But it is recommended to use Static Anycast Gateway.
- All VLANs having Static Anycast Gateway configuration should be extended into eVPN on a vLAG pair.
- In 7.0.1a, the scale support for SAG been increased from 32 to 64 under each interface.

ND/RA

• Proxy ND is not supported.

IPv4

• IP Directed Broadcast is not supported under non-default VRF context. It is supported only in Default-VRf context.

BFD

- Static Route BFD, BGP BFD and OSPFv2/v3 BFD
 - For Single HOP BFD sessions configured with source IP as secondary IP is not supported, since significance of Source IP in BFD configuration is only to determine on which interface BFD session should be started and hence interfaces' Secondary IP is not used as source in BFD PDU.
 - BFD is not supported on leaked routes.
 - BFD for multi-HOP BFD neighbor reachable via multiple paths with equal cost(ECMP) will not be supported since BFD requires BFD session to be created for the neighbor for each ECMP path.
 - o BFD is not supported for OSPFv2 & OSPFv3 virtual links.
 - For single hop BFD sessions, BFD will consider the interval values that are configured on interface, and not the non-default values that are configured within the global command.

BFD for VxLAN tunnels

- OBFD session may not come online or may flap if VCS cluster is in transient state during reload, vLAG failover, fabric split, chassis disable/enable and such scenarios. It is required to have a stable VCS cluster in order for BFD sessions on VxLAN tunnels to work as expected.
- BFD parameters are not configurable on VCS VxLAN Gateway for Type NSX. The parameters are derived from NSX controller.
- Multipath BFD for Unnumbered ECMP
 - Each ECMP link part of Multipath BFD will take up one BFD session in addition there will be one primary session created. The overall BFD scale is consumed accordingly.

VRRP

- VRRP and VRRP-E cannot be enabled together on VDX 6740 and VDX 6740T platforms.
- IPv6 and IPv4 VRRP sessions cannot be configured with the same VRRP group-ID on the same Layer3 interface.
- If an IPv6 VRRP session is configured with only global VIP address without Link-Local VIP, VIP configuration will fail for that session during download of configuration from file.
- VRRP v4 or v6 can be enabled with VRRP-E v4 and v6 on the VDX 6940 family.
- VRRP v4 and v6 cannot be enabled together on an interface on the VDX 6940 family.
- "show vrrp summary" and "show ipv6 vrrp summary" will display all sessions in default vrf. In earlier Network OS versions, these commands displayed sessions across all vrf.

Fabric Virtual Gateway (FVG)

- FVG co-existence with VRRP/VRRP-E in VDX 6740 and VDX 6740T
 - FVG ipv4 or FVG ipv6 with default global mac cannot be enabled with VRRP but can be enabled with VRRPE-E.

- FVG ipv4 or FVG ipv6 with non-default global mac cannot be enabled either with VRRP or VRRPE-E.
- FVG co-existence with VRRP/VRRP-E in VDX 6940
 - FVG ipvx with non-default global mac: when the global gateway-mac-address is changed using the "gateway-mac-address" command to something other than the default mac. for eg. 0000.1111.2222.
 - There are two groups of protocols
 - Group 1:
 - VRRP ipv4
 - VRRP ipv6
 - FVG ipv4 with non-default global mac
 - FVG ipv6 with non-default global mac
 - Group 2:
 - VRRPE ipv4
 - VRRPE ipv6
 - FVG ipv4 with default global mac
 - FVG ipv6 with default global mac
 - A maximum of only two protocols from group 1 can be enabled at a time.
 - All protocols of group 2 can be enabled at a time.
 - If 2 protocols from group 1 are enabled, no protocol from group 2 can be enabled. While if only 1 of the group 1 protocols is enabled, all the group 2 protocols can be enable at the same time.
- Fabric Virtual Gateway (FVG) is not applicable in IP Fabric environment, Static Anycast Gateway to be used to achieve similar functionality.

OSPFv2

 Appendix-e processing for NSSA is not supported on ABR for type7 to type5 translated routes.

OSPFv3

 OSPFv3 HA with Graceful restart is not supported but GR-helper mode functionality is supported. VRF-Lite-Capability CLI and support for Down bit handling is not available in OSPFv3 as in OSPFv2. When the BGP4+ route from the MPLS cloud is redistributed into OSPFv3 domain the redistributed route is always installed in the OSPFv3 routing table.

BGP

- Conditional advertisement of default-route using route-map match prefix not supported.
- Over a link-local eBGP session, updates are not carrying the new nexthop that is set using a route-map.

Layer 2/Layer 3 Multicast

• The following PIM features are not supported in this release:

- o IP version 6
- o VRF

Traffic duplication is seen on Last hop router on shared RP tree initially when new source traffic starts for about 40 seconds in scale scenarios.

Static or Dynamic RP Candidate is not supported on VDX 8770

VRF

Under VRF submode there is a syntax change for the address-family ipv4 command.
 Old format: address-family ipv4 [max-route <value>]
 New format:

address-family ipv4 unicast max-route <value>

Note: "max-route" command is now moved to address-family submode.

- There is no provision to configure "max-routes" for default-vrf.
- There is no use case for "rd" configuration in VRF and this command will be deprecated in next release.
- On configuring VRF on an interface, all previous IP config on that interface will be deleted.
- Removing VRF address family on a non-default VRF will delete all relevant address-family configurations including the interface and protocol configuration for that VRF.

BGP-VRF

- Local-as <num> can be configured for particular VRF under "address-family ipv4 unicast vrf <vrfname>" and is not supported under "address-family ipv6 unicast vrf <vrf-name>".
- "maxas-limit in" can be configured for particular VRF under "address-family ipv4 unicast vrf <vrfname>" and is not supported under "address-family ipv6 unicast vrf <vrf-name>".
- When route-map is applied to BGP, and route-map has multiple 'set ip next-hop' statements in a single instance, BGP will consider the last 'set ip next-hop' in the route-map.

ACL

- L2 User ACL deny rule can prevent trapping of L3 control frames.
- IPv6 ACLs at ingress are not applicable for packets with Link local source address.
- ACL Logging at egress can impact forwarding traffic at high rates.
- Counters for hard-drop ACLs may not count accurately.
- Statistics are not supported for hard-drops at Egress.
- For VDX 8770, IPV6 Egress ACLs, Match on DSCP value compares only 4 LSBs instead of all 6 DSCP Bits.
- ACL with "Routed" keyword functions only for VE/Router Port MACs. It does not work for VRRP Routed.
 - Work-around: Apply default mode ACLs (No "routed" keyword).
- For Private VLANs, Egress ACLs on Primary VLAN is applied only for all traffic which ingresses primary VLAN i.e.

- If the traffic ingresses from Primary VLAN but gets translated to Secondary VLAN at egress, ACL on primary VLAN at egress is still applicable to it.
- If the traffic ingresses from Secondary VLAN but gets translated to Primary VLAN at egress, ACL on primary VLAN at egress is still not applicable to it.

Policy-based Routing (PBR)

• If a PBR route-map is applied to an interface that is actively participating in a control protocol and the ACL specified in the route-map also matches the control protocol traffic the control protocol traffic will be trapped to the local processor and not be forwarded according to the route-map.

Inter-VRF Leaking (Static)

- S+ symbol routes indicates leaked routes.
- VRF route leak cascading is not supported—only one level of indirection.
- User should avoid making Static, dynamic and connected route conflict with routes in target VRF when configuring route leak.
- For bidirectional traffic with router leak, user needs to configure route leak in both direction separately.
- Route leak configuration to next hop IP on the same box on different VRF is not a valid configuration, but CLI will be accepted.
- Precaution needs to be taken when leaking default routes this can result in routing loops.
- Switch management from non-management VRF by leaking route from non-management to management VRF is not supported.

DHCP IP Helper

- There is no HA support for DHCP relay statistics. When a switchover happens, the statistics will not be replicated to the new active MM.
- Clients may not converge in some IP Fabric environment. Care should be taken to not configure DHCP IP helper and Static Anycast Gateway on the same interface.
- Two DHCP OFFER per one DHCP DISCOVER and two DHCP ACK for single DHCP request seen IP fabric setup.
- DHCP relay doesn't work correctly with just Fabric Virtual Gateway (FVG) on thr same VE interface. The workaround is to configure unique IP addresses on VE interfaces simultaneously.

Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)

- The ARPs learnt on trusted ports would be deleted when DAI is enabled or DAI filter changed.
- Static ARPs not permitted by DAI filter would be promoted to active state. Administrator is responsible for configuring static ARPs in sync with DAI ACLs.
- ARP packets more than 190 bytes on a DAI enabled VLAN will be dropped.
- ARP access-list with longer names is not effective (greater than 20 characters)

DHCP-based Firmware Download (DAD – DHCP Automatic Deployment)

- In order for successful version upgrade using DAD method, switch should undergo 2 reloads. For switch in factory default, there is additional reboot to cancel bare metal mode.
- If firmware download is skipped only config download is allowed.
- For dual MM chassis, dual MM must be in sync for DAD to function.
- DAD is a disruptive. ISSU is not supported.
- In FIPS mode, DAD is not supported.
- Cluster principal node failover is not supported.
- DAD over in-band is not supported. Virtual Fabrics is not supported with DAD. You must disable Virtual Fabrics before starting the DAD process in the global configuration file or in the script.
- DAD must complete and succeed on Principal node alone before turn on power for all secondary nodes.
- When the switch is in Factory default, DAD is enabled upon power up the switch
- DAD executes only if the switch configuration is the default configuration. If the configuration on the switch is not the default configuration, DAD exits.
- If the switch is in the default configuration before DAD is triggered, DHCP will remain enabled after the deployment completes. However, this setting can be overwritten by the switch-specific configuration file or the dad.py script.
- You must enable DHCP in the DCMD default configuration to ensure that the switch receives its IP address from the preconfigured DHCP server.
- The factory default DAD runs only once in a DHCP-enabled environment. Irrespective of
 whether this process is a success or failure, DAD will not be triggered again after a reboot or
 power off. You can run DAD manually using the dhcp auto-deployment enable command if
 required.
- Must set ztp=0 in dad configuration file since ZTP (Zero Touch Provisioning) is enabled by default.
- The "vcsmode" value in dad.conf MUST be set to "LC" regardless of whether the existing cluster is in LC or FC mode. If "vcsmode" set to "FC" value in dad.conf, the DAD request can fail
- DAD is enabled automatically upon switch reboot when you use Network OSCLI "write erase" command.

Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) consideration

DAD supports up to two nodes for IP fabric in logical chassis mode All nodes can either be powered up at the same time or enabled from the CLI. This is the key difference vs regular DAD process.

Link State Tracking

• The "track enable/disable" command can only be used to enable or disable the tracking. In order to remove tracking configuration from internal database for a given interface "track remove all" command must be used.

- When there are no uplink interfaces configured, the track disable command will remove tracking configuration from internal database and this behavior is applicable only in 6.0.1a patch and not in prior releases.
- If track min-link number is greater than the number of uplinks, then the downlink will be shutdown with a warning message.
- After toggling the line card using "power-off / on", LC related interfaces that are configured as uplink interfaces are not seen in "show track summary" cli output.

OpenFlow

- Interoperability support only with Extreme Controller aka. BVC/BSC.
- Once an interface becomes OpenFlow enabled, very limited set of conventional commands are allowed which includes some of the QoS related configuration commands. For complete list of allowed commands please refer to "NETWORK OS V6.0.1 SDN Configuration Guide"
- Priority-tagged frames are not supported.
- L3 Generic flows (incoming port as "wildcard") are not supported.
- PUSH/POP operations can only be associated with action type OFPAT_OUTPUT inside a flow-mod.
- Type of an existing GROUP cannot be changed.
- Existing "clear counter all" command applies to OpenFlow ports as well.
- As part of ISSU, all controller driven configurations will be lost. Controller is expected to reprogram after re-connection.
- Uncontrolled Line-Card failover would need power-cycle to recover hardware resources which were in use for the feature to continue to work.
- Uncontrolled failover on 6740 and 6940 would need power-cycle to recover hardware resources for the feature to continue to work.
- Pre-provisioned flow-mods will not be replayed to a new slot coming online. GROUP and METER configurations will be always replayed.
- On the Extreme VDX 8770, queue statistics should be interpreted as wire-vlan (COS) priority statistics.
- For layer 3 rules, switch can't differentiate between tagged and untagged flows when matching against rules. This applies to all supported platforms.
- Filtering options are not supported for show openflow CLIs. Show openflow commands with filter option show the complete output.
- For the port based flow mod, if the ivid reference is active, egress tagging is not cleared. The
 new flow mod will not be installed If the previous flow mod has created the egress tagging
 behavior. This case has to be handled by work-around flow mods or take the port off from
 openflow and bring it back.
- With default rcv-queue and after coldboot, group select traffic may not be correct, need to do shut/no shut on the interface. This issue is not there with non-default rcv-queue.
- With large number of flows, "show openflow flow <>" may take 20 seconds to display packet counts.
- "Module Unknown" is shown for CLI "show open resources" in VDX 6940-144S.
- Openflow is not supported on Lag/vlag or port-channel interface.

Mac Port Based

scenario	# protected ports	# dot1q vlans	# gvlans
min ports, dot1q vlans	1	1024	0
max ports, dot1q vlans	46	80	0
min ports, gvlans	1	0	634
max ports, gvlans	46	0	80
min ports, mixed vlans	1	496	512
max ports, mixed vlans	46	32	40

Authentication

• For Mac Auth Bypass to work, user should configure 'dot1x reauthentication' followed by 'dot1x reauthMax "3 or more".

Uplink Switch Support

- STP should not be enabled on uplink ports
- Transparent vlans are not supported on protected and uplink ports.
- Vlans with the same internal vlan mapping can be used in and both the vlans are treated as different vlans. Traffic from one doesn't flood to the other
- Virtual Fabric should be enabled in the switch in order to enable uplink-switch feature using the global CLI.
- VLANs 7168-8191 would be reserved internally when the global CLI is executed and these VLANs are not allowed to be created by the user using the CLI.
- Without enabling the feature using the global CLI, enabling protected port configuration on interface level will not work and throws an error.
- The VLAN/VF configured should be same on protected and uplink ports.
- By default, all switchports are in unprotected mode which is same as uplink port mode.
- No new CLI is needed to distinguish an uplink port, since by default all switchports are in uplink port mode.
- Enabling protected port configuration is not allowed without any VLAN(s) configured on the interface.
- At least one uplink port should be present in order to have a protected port configuration.
- In case of VCS one uplink port should be present for each r-bridge.
- In case of a vLAG, each node of vLAG should have at least one uplink port in order to have successful protected configuration on vLAG.
- VDX6740 scaling limitations

Layer 2 and Layer 3 ISSU on VDX 6740x

The ISSU functionality on the VDX 6740x (and derivatives) has been added in Network OS 5.0.1. This functionality leverages the HA model that has been delivered on the VDX 8770. It involves running dual-

Network OS images on the multi-core control processor. This allows for non-disruptive (to Layer 2, Layer 3, and FCoE traffic) upgrade/downgrade of Network OS 5.0.1 and subsequent minor releases/patches.

ISSU functionality on the VDX 6740x (and derivatives) covers forwarding of Layer 2, Layer 3, and FCoE traffic through the VDX device. Protocols that involve the sending and receiving of Layer 2 and Layer 3 control packets on the VDX device itself are not covered by ISSU. For example, ISSU covers the forwarding of control packets for protocols such as VRRP and OSPF sent by hosts other than the VDX. ISSU allows for non-disruptive upgrades when the VDX is forwarding control packets for other hosts. ISSU does not currently allow for non-disruptive upgrades when the VDX itself is configured for protocols such as VRRP and OSPF and is sending and receiving control packets.

The implementation is based on a type-1 hypervisor.

REST API

- REST configuration for startup-config datastore is not supported.
- Only one command can be configured with one REST request. Configuring multiple commands in a single request is not supported.
- Versioning in API is not supported
- Pagination and Range is not supported.
- Higher level of resource can be obtained with the header "-H "Resource-Depth: x".
- Action related operational commands are not supported.
- Maximum 30 sessions are supported.
- An FCoE Base license is required for the FCoE device to log in. Each FCoE device must have a VF port to log in.

NetConf

- Netconf configuration for startup-config datastore is not supported
- Configuring multiple commands in a single request is supported for configuration/deletion of vlan, switch port, trunk port, VE and rules under IP ACL only.
- Range is not supported.
- On a large cluster (of 32 nodes or more) and with scaled up configuration, it is recommended to query configuration using rBridge ID filter. In extreme scenario, querying cluster wide configuration without specifying rbridge ID filter might cause switch to run out of memory.
- Maximum 16 sessions supported.

VXLAN Gateway for VMware NSX

- VCS VXLAN Gateway for NSX-MH/NSX-V, is supported only on VDX 6740, VDX 6740T,VDX 6740T-1G, VDX 6940-36Q and VDX 6940-144S
- VCS VXLAN Gateway for NSX-MH/NSX-V, is supported only in the VCS Logical Chassis mode.
- A maximum of 4 RBridges are supported in a VXLAN enabled VCS Cluster. VXLAN Gateway should be enabled on all the RBbridges of the VCS Cluster.
- Only 1 VTEP Gateway is supported in a VXLAN enabled VCS Cluster.

- VxLAN GW for VMware NSX-MH/NSX-V, and VF Extension cannot be enabled in the same VCS fabric.
- VMware NSX-MH vSwitch with vSphere version 5.5 (ESXi 5.5), and KVM on Ubuntu 12.04 are supported as hypervisors.
- Only one-to-one VLAN to VNI mapping is supported.
- Service and Transport VF cannot be attached to VxLAN GW.
- Tunnel interfaces cannot be used as SPAN (Switch port Analyzer) destination.
- Only Ingress ACL can be applied on tunnels.
- Ingress/Egress QoS policies cannot be applied to tunnels.
- Unicast/Multicast routing between VXLAN and VLAN/VXLAN is not supported.
- BFD should be enabled for all Service node tunnels.
- ALL the VE interfaces should run VRRP-E with the same VRID and same virtual-mac to terminate the incoming packets on other VLANs.
- Tunnels egressing/ingressing through an ISL port is supported only on VDX 6940-36Q and VDX 6940-144S.
- Fabric-Virtual-Gateway (FVG) based VTEP is not supported. CLIs for configuring FVG as VTEP are available under overlay-gateway, however these CLIs should not be used as the functionality is not available in this release.

VF Extension using VxLAN

- VF Extension overlay-gateway (VTEP) is supported only on the VDX 6740, VDX 6740T, VDX 6740T-1G, VDX 6940-36Q, and VDX 6940-144S.
- VF Extension overlay-gateway is supported only in the VCS Logical Chassis mode.
- VDX 8770 can be in the same VCS fabric where VF-Extension functionality is enabled.
- VxLAN Tunnels are supported over ISL links.
- VF Extension overlay-gateway can be enabled on maximum 4 Rbridges in a VCS Cluster.
- VxLAN GW for VMware NSX and VF Extension cannot be enabled in the same VCS fabric.
- Only 1 VF Extension overlay-gateway is supported in a VCS Cluster.
- Only one-to-one VLAN to VNI mapping is supported.
- Tunnel interfaces cannot be used as SPAN (Switch Port ANalyzer) destination.
- Only Ingress ACLs can be applied to tunnels.
- Ingress/Egress QoS policies cannot be applied to tunnels.
- Multicast routing between VXLAN and VLAN/VXLAN is not supported.
- L3 routing protocols and static routes over tunnels are not supported.
- Connected subnet L3 forwarding is supported over tunnels.
- Tunnels egressing/ingressing through an ISL port is supported only on VDX 6940 as a VTEP beginning with Network OS v6.0.1. Such topologies and configuration must be removed before downgrading to any version below Network OS 6.0.1.
- Fabric-Virtual-Gateway (FVG) based VTEP is not supported. CLIs for configuring FVG as VTEP are available under overlay-gateway, however these CLIs should not be used as the functionality is not available in this release.

TCAM Profiles

- The TCAM profiles the user can create may not match the max scale number of routes due to reserved routes/entries which are created for internal use.
- Use count field is added to show the number of entries currently in use.

Management VRF

Layer 3 protocols such as OSPF/BGP/PIM/VRRP/VRRPe are not supported on Management VRF. The following are not supported on in-band ports when they are part of Management VRF:

- DHCP Client functionality
- Auto-config address
- Out-of-band management ports can only be part of Management VRF.
- Switch cannot be managed from leaked routes pointing to Management-VRF.
- Address family on Management VRF cannot be removed.

Conversational MAC Learning

• Conversational MAC Learning and 'Disable Source MAC Learning' cannot be enabled simultaneously on VDX 674x platform.

System level Flowbased QoS

- System Flow based QOS is not supported on the Egress direction.
- QoS can operate on either of three modes MLS, CEE and MQC. Hence once service-policy is configured, the interface will be assumed to be in MQC mode and existing MLS and CEE commands will not be supported on the same interface. Un-configuring the policy will put the interface back to default mode which is MLS.
- For Policer, aggregation is possible only within a single chip. Hence when policer is applied on port- channel interface, multi-chip aggregation is not expected.
- SFLOW as action is not supported on Port-Channel interface.
- Any ACL that is used in Flowbased QoS class-map as a match criterion is considered as "QoS ACL" and is special in nature. Hence behavior in some aspects may differ from that of regular "User ACL".
- System based QoS is not supported in egress direction.

Port level Flowbased QoS

- Policer action or SPAN action or both can be applied in egress direction for Port Level Flowbased QoS.
- No other QoS actions are supported in egress direction for port level flowbased QoS.

URPF

uRPF is not supported in VDX8770.

BGP Auto neighbor discovery

• BGP Auto Neighbour Discovery is only supported for IPv4 in default VRF. VE and MULTI HOP supported is also not avaliable

Non-trivial Merge

- Non-trivial merge is not supported for global configuration. There are a few exceptions in local configuration as well which are not supported for non-trivial merge. This is because these configurations modify global configuration indirectly.
- Modifying the local configurations listed below will result in both a local and global configuration change thereby causing configuration mismatch when ISLs are brought up during fabric formation resulting in node segmentation.

Command (Local Configuration)	Description
/hardware/flexport <interface tuple="">/type fibre-channel</interface>	Converting an Ethernet interface to Fibre-Channel causes global configuration changes because the Ethernet interface can have configurations in these global configs L2Sys, SPAN, IGMPs, MLDs.
/rbridge-id <#>/vrf <name></name>	The creation of a VRF on an RBridge will internally create a global partition object which is not visible to the user and used to track the same VRFs created across rbridges in the cluster.

HA on TOR switches

• HA failover is supported when a user-space daemon is terminated. However, HA failover is not supported on kernel panic. When kernel panic happens, the entire switch will be rebooted for recovery.

Logical Chassis HA

- HA failover and unplanned failover is supported on VDX 8770 only.
- When the principal switch in the VCS cluster undergoing MM failover, it will remain as the principal switch after the MM failover. All the secondary nodes will first disconnect from it when the MM failover starts and then rejoin as the VCS cluster is reformed. At the fabric level, the cluster will remain intact and there will be no traffic disruption.
- When the secondary switch undergoing MM failover, the switch will disconnect and rejoin
 the VCS cluster after reestablishing connection with the principal switch and the rest of the
 cluster will stay intact. At the fabric level, the cluster will remain intact and there will be no
 traffic disruption.
- RMON HA is not supported.
- vMotion during HA failover is not supported.
- If UDLD is enabled, HA is supported with a higher range for the UDLD hello time (> ow1 sec)
- HA is not supported for OpenFlow feature, however, system level ISSU is supported. For ISSU, it is recommended that the controller is disconnected first, all flows are cleared using "clear OpenFlow all" command and then perform the upgrade.

Interoperability

- In a VPC environment where the Extreme VDX side has the active LACP settings and the Cisco side has the passive settings on the vLAG, the port-channel takes over 30 seconds to come up.
 - **Workaround:** Reverse the settings and have the Extreme VDX LACP settings passive and the Cisco side set as active. The port channel will then restore after about 10 seconds.
- VDX interop with Cisco Nexus switch with 'peer-switch' enabled on VPC is not supported.
- When interoperating with Extreme 8000, it is recommended to set the *mac-aging* time to 0 on the VDX switch to prevent any adverse impact caused by certain errors generated by the Extreme 8000.
- ADX HA Sync packets use UDLD PDU's which may be dropped by VDX. To enable forwarding, we recommend configuring dot1q tagging to treat UDLD packets as datapackets to be forwarded across VCS. Virtual Fabric.
- PIM-SM is not supported on Virtual Fabric on VDX8770.
- For frames forwarded on a transport fabric, ingress CTAG tagging is preserved at the egress port regardless of the egress tagging classification.
- Default-VLAN can only be configured using TRANSPORT VF IDs.
- The "no vcs virtual-fabric enable" command execution time is dependent on the number of ISLs and VLANs in the VCS.
- To allow for STP interop with certain 3rd party switches that would not accept the BPDU source MACs with default OUI. The selection can be changed using the below command now:
 - system-id oui <01.e0.52 | 00.e0.52> (under stp configuration)
- The virtual-fabric resource allocation are platform dependent as follows:
 - VDX 8770 no limitation
 - o VDX 6740/6740T/6740T-1G uses TCAM table
 - VDX 6940-36Q virtual-fabric transport and service VLANs use TCAM and EXM table respectively.

MAPS

- MAPS is supported on VDX 6740, 6940 and 8770 platforms.
- RX_SYM_ERR MAPS messages are displayed when breakout cable is connected on a 40G interface that is not configured for breakout.
- When line card on the remote end of the link is powered off, MAPS generates Insertion/Removal notification for the SFPs on the local side. These can be ignored.
- 100G SFP threshold monitoring is not supported on VDX6940-144s.

Maintenance Mode

- Port-channel configuration changes while a node is in maintenance-mode is not supported.
- Configuration replay of a saved configuration file or snapshot containing both maintenance-mode and port-channels is not supported.

LACP and individual ports for PXE boot enhancement

- PXE client uses one of its interfaces like eth0, eth1 for initial DCHP discovery communication
 with the PXE server. This interface MAC will be learned in our VDX PO and the same
 interface/MAC needs to be used at the PXE client side for completing the PXE boot sequence
- During Pre-boot stage, when user configures LACP default-up the IF state in the running config remains in "no shut" state even though they are brought down by the PXE mechanism. If HA is triggered this state is changing to "shut" state. User needs to check the interface state in show running once the PXE boot is completed and move the Interface state to "no shut"

Miscellaneous

- Extreme VDX switches load balance internal and external traffic based on hash functions using standard network headers as keys. Due to this implementation, users may experience traffic imbalance depending upon application flow definition.
- Packet drops will be seen for a short duration due to routing changes with link flaps and/or node failovers.
- On both ISL and Edge ports, sFlow sampling is supported only in inbound direction.
- Sflow collectors are not queried in SNMP v1, v2 & v3 versions.
- L2 packets may not be sampled on line-card power OFF & ON.
- If multiple VLANs are configured on a switch, then in order to enable certain features such as IGMP or PVST it is recommended that specific features be enabled on a per-VLAN basis instead of only enabling them globally.
- The VLANs 4087-4095 and 1002 are reserved and used for internal cluster operations.
- "Clear ip route all" need to be issued once the maximum number of routes supported by a router is exceeded.
- SNMP supports 2K OCTET-STRING size for MIB objects.
- Snmpwalk operation on TCP MIB (RFC 4022) may become very slow and timeouts may happen on all VDX platforms. The snmpwalk timeout should be set to at least 3 seconds while walking the TCP MIB.
- Under rare conditions, the switch may bootup with the default configuration upon power-cycling the switch.
- Firmware downgrade is not blocked if the scale configured would not be supported in the downgraded release.
- On rare instances of HA failover, SFM may turn faulty. Workaround is to manually reseat the card.
- On rare instances of ISSU, HA failover, line-card may turn faulty. Workaround is to reset the line-card.
- PCAP utility is not supported on standby MM on VDX 8770.
- Please make sure to not have large no of unreachable tacacs+ accounting server configured, else it might cause unit to reboot. This issue is hit only with large config (4K VLAN etc and 20K lines or config).
- Configuration of more than one In-band management port on a single switch is not recommended.

- Under certain stress conditions the 'copy support' command might time out for some modules. In such cases, it is recommended to retry 'copy support' with a higher timeout multiplier value.
- It is highly recommended to copy the configuration file to running-config and then save the running-config to startup-config, instead of directly copying the external configuration file to startup-config, especially when using fabric distributed features such as Zoning, VM Aware Network Automation and Virtual IP.
- It is recommended to keep same values for Global MTU & Interface value as due to a known defect, change in Global MTU may impact the interface MTU too.
- The fix for DEFECT659781 reduces the number of writes to the CF in order to reduce the occurrence of CF corruption and CPU usage history information will not be available on VDX 6740, and VDX 6740-T.

Defects

TSBs - Critical Issues to Consider Prior to Installing This Network OS Release

Technical Support Bulletins (TSBs) are produced to provide detailed information about high priority defects or issues present in Network OS releases. The following sections specify all current TSBs that have been identified as being a risk to or resolved with this specific version of Extreme Network OS. Please review carefully and refer to the complete TSB for relevant issues prior to migrating to this version of code. TSBs can be found at extremenetworks.com. Note that TSBs are generated for all Extreme platforms and products, so not all TSBs apply to Network OS-based platforms).

Network OS v7.2.0 Caveats

BFD

Although the BFD timer values are allowed to be configured below default values of 200 ms (VDX8770) and below 500 ms (VDX6740, 6940), only default values and above are recommended.

VxLAN

For VXLAN tunnel packets, the IP MTU check on egress is bypassed to allow larger size packets.
 Any fragmentation occurring on the underlay transit nodes will result in failure of VxLAN
 termination at the destination VTEP. So, if a packet of size greater than configured L3 MTU of
 9018 Bytes is forwarded through the tunnel, the packet will pass through and the transit node
 shall fragment or discard the packet based on the fragmentation support on the node and the
 DF bit set on the packet.

Note:

DF bit is set on VDX6940 and not set on packets originating from VDX6740

Packet Fragmentation is supported on VDX8770 and not supported on VDX6740 and 6940 platforms.

- On occurrence of events that may bring down the tunnel on an R-Bridge, there could be few seconds of traffic interruption due to a default de-bounce-timer which is set to 2 secs, this could delay the fail-over of the traffic to redundant path. A debug command "show system internal tnlmgr de-bounce-timer 0 0" can be utilized to reduce the traffic impact, however, the command settings are not persistent across reloads.
- On sending IGMP queries over VF_Extension Tunnel with VLAG as underlay, packets might loop over the tunnel .Queries come back from the same tunnel interface from which its egressed out.
- "show ip igmp groups interface tunnel <tunnel_id>" cli shows all IGMP interfaces instead of
 just the tunnel interface.
- Adding and Removing RBridges under overlay-gatway may take longer than expected time if large number of VLANs are configured in the fabric.

Long Distance ISL

- The "long-distance-isl" functionality on an interface will not be preserved although "long-distance-isl" configuration is displayed in running-config when the following actions are performed:
 - 1. Configuring "long-distance-isl" on an "administratively down" ISL interface.
 - 2. VCS or switch reload/Chassis disable-enable/interface shut-no shut/Firmware download with "coldboot" option
- It is recommended the user configure any "long-distance-isl" configuration while the ISL interface is in the "administratively up" state.
- If the "long-distance-isl" persistent issue is encountered, the user can recover by manually removing the "long-distance-isl" configuration and reconfigure.

Loopback interfaces

• On topologies where same IP address is configured on loopback interfaces on multiple nodes in a cluster, performing admin down of loopback interfaces may result in ping issues.

Route distribution

 When redistribute bgp metric command is unconfigured, the configuration is not completely removed. It is required to configure redistribution without metric and then unconfigure again to unconfigure it completely.

NetConf/REST

- Special character '\$' under the custom RPC "bna-config-cmd" cannot be used for Netconf and REST API for performing copy operation.
- REST API deletion on the main resource will remove all the sub-resources under it. For Example, REST API delete Operation without specifying ACL name will remove all the ACLs in the system.
 Specify the ACL name in the request in order to delete particular ACL from the config.
- For large scale VCS fabrics with more than 4000 ports, querying the cluster with BNA/REST APIs
 may result in switch software exception. For this purpose it is not recommended to enable BNA
 monitoring or querying with REST APIs for large VCS fabrics.

AAA Configuration

• The number of user accounts is limited to 60. Adding any additional accounts and performing add/remove user operations may result in a Switch Software Exception.

Sync Failure Error

• If an error "CRITICAL, VDX8770-4, FSS Error on service component [ethsw1:eswc]: sync-failure: -994" is observed when DHCP IP helper functionality is enabled between 2 different VRFs please contact Extreme Support for defect confirmation and recovery steps.

Mac Loop Detect Feature:

- "Loop detection may not take action of shutting down the interfaces in a high scale environment with greater than 20K macs flapping at a time".
- "MAC-move detect feature may shutdown the Server port under certain conditions".

Port Channel Scalability:

- Under certain circumstances, port-channel configured with Extreme protocol, may limit the maximum scale number to a lower value.
- Port-channel vLAG/LAG may not re-establish after issuing "no vlag-commit-mode disable". User may require to delete and re-configure the port-channel interface and member links.

AMPP/vCenter:

- Event notification is not received for the second host move, when more than one host is moved from one data-center to another in vCenter 6.0.0. The hosts would still be part of old data-center and workaround is to initiate a manual discovery
- Event notification is not received when the VLAN of two identical port-groups are modified and the running config doesn't change. Workaround is to initiate a manual discovery.
- Output of show vnetwork vmpolicy command is not displaying the VM name and datacenter-id for a cloned VM. Workaround is to initiate a manual discovery.

OpenFlow:

• With default rcv-queue and after coldboot group select traffic may not be correct, need to do shut/no shut on the interface. This is not observed with non-default rcv-queue.

- With large number of flows, "show openflow flow <>" may take 20 seconds to display packet counts
- Filtering options (e.g. show | include) will not work for show openflow commands. show commands will display the complete output.
- "Module Unknown" is shown for CLI "show open resources" in VDX 6940-144S.

• Hardware Profile:

• When modifying the route-table profile type and maximum-path using the hardware-profile command, the user should only change one parameter at a time. Otherwise the maximum-path setting will be incorrect. If the issue already occurred, the user can re-run the command to set the maximum-path with the correct value.

• Copy Config command:

• In VDX6940-144S, 100G mode configuration replay can fail when executing "copy <file> running-config" if DPOD license is not reserved. To work around this issue, the user can manually reserve the license and then run "copy <file> running-config".

Syslog:

• Syslog server configured with same IP across the VRFs in inband will not receive the messages.

Closed with code changes for Network OS v7.4.0

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed with a code change in Network OS v7.4.0.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-38127	Issue ID:	NOS-38127
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Traffic Management
Reported in Release:	NOS5.0.2c2	Technology:	Rate Limiting and
			Shaping
Symptom:	VDX normally does not	reject service-policy cor	nfiguration when the
	interface has storm-co	ntrol settings:	
	sw0# show run int ten		
	interface TenGigabitEtl	nernet 1/0/1	
	switchport		
	switchport mode trun		
	switchport trunk allow		
	switchport trunk tag n		
	spanning-tree shutdov	vn	
	fabric isl enable		
	fabric trunk enable	huaadaast liusit waxaast	1
		broadcast limit-percent	
	_	multicast limit-percent 8	
	no shutdown	unknown-unicast limit-p	ercent 1
	I IIO SIIULUOWII		
	sw0# conf t		
	Entering configuration	mode terminal	
	sw0(config)# int ten 1/		
		service-policy in vlan10F	PLC
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	be enabled as storm con	
	sw0(conf-if-te-1/0/1)#		
	However, a customer r	nentions that, they can t	weak configuring both
	on the same interface through a port-channel. They would like to		
	know the expected traffic behavior under this condition. An example		
	below:		
	sw0# show run int po 1	10	
	interface Port-channel	10	
	no vlag ignore-split		
	speed 1000		
	service-policy in vlan1	OPLC	
	switchport		
	switchport mode trun		
	switchport trunk allow		
	switchport trunk tag n		
	spanning-tree shutdov no shutdown	VII	
	no snutdown		

	! sw0# conf t	
	Entering configuration mode terminal	
	sw0(config)# int ten 1/0/1	
	sw0(conf-if-te-1/0/1)# no switchport	
	2018/08/27-01:05:39, [NSM-1010], 1203, SW/0 Active DCE, INFO,	
	sw0, InterfaceMode changed from L2 to None for interface	
	TenGigabitEthernet 1/0/1.	
	sw0(conf-if-te-1/0/1)# channel-group 10 mode on type standard	
	2018/08/27-01:05:46, [NSM-1004], 1204, SW/0 Active DCE, INFO,	
	sw0, Interface Port-channel 10 is created.	
	2018/08/27-01:05:46, [NSM-1017], 1205, SW/0 Active DCE, INFO,	
	sw0, Interface TenGigabitEthernet 1/0/1 is added on interface Port-	
	channel 10.	
	2018/08/27-01:05:46, [NSM-1002], 1206, SW/0 Active DCE, INFO,	
	sw0, Interface TenGigabitEthernet 1/0/1 is protocol down.	
	2018/08/27-01:05:46, [NSM-1003], 1207, SW/0 Active	
Condition:		
Condition:	VDX normally does not reject service-policy configuration when the	
	interface has storm-control settings.	
	If user configure both together which conflicts the expected	
	behaviour.	
Workaround:	Remove storm-control config from each interface before applying	
	service policy in the portchannel	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-47588	Issue ID:	NOS-47588
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2a	Technology:	LAG - Link
			Aggregation Group
Symptom:	Traffic disruption in the cluster due to unresponsive rbridge		
Condition:	In rare conditions, the	ISLs stay up on an unres _l	oonsive rbridge.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-47745	Issue ID:	NOS-47745
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2b	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Management cluster/V	CS goes offline when ISI	between two nodes
	goes down even though the connectivity could have been established		
	through the other node	es' ISL.	
Condition:	It happens rarely when	the new link/connectivi	ity happens slowly.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-47754	Issue ID:	NOS-47754

Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2b	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	System may undergo unexpected reload		
Condition:	Media removal while media data is reading		
Workaround:	shut/ no shut media re	moved interface	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-47790	Issue ID:	NOS-47790
Severity:	S1 - Critical		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2b	Technology:	Management GUI
Symptom:	a result all crontab fund	/var/spool/cron/root croctionality is impacted. file can grow beyond 10	· ·
Condition:	execute "write erase" .		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-47956	Issue ID:	NOS-47956
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2e	Technology:	Hardware Monitoring
Symptom:	Unexpected Line Card reload while collecting SS from BNA		
Condition:	Copy Support save CLI	execution can lead to thi	is issue.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-47966	Issue ID:	NOS-47966
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2e	Technology:	Hardware Monitoring
Symptom:	Slow kernel memory le	ak due to 'aapl_malloc+	0x38/0x8c
	[dce_blade_module]'. I	Leak is 4MB per day.	
Condition:	Memory leak of 4MB per day due to 'aapl_malloc+0x38/0x8c		
	[dce_blade_module]'		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-47970	Issue ID:	NOS-47970
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2e	Technology:	ACLs - Access Control
			Lists
Symptom:	Switch rebooted multiple times due security daemon termination		
	during firmware upgrade from 5.0.1d to 6.0.2e.		
Condition:	Firmware upgrade fron	n 5.0.1d to 6.0.2e	-

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-48005	Issue ID:	NOS-48005
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2g	Technology:	Hardware Monitoring
Symptom:	No asic parity error me	ssages in RASlog.	
Condition:	Switch did not go to faulty state even though there were parity		
	errors.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-52059	Issue ID:	NOS-52059	
Severity:	S3 - Medium	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3	
			Routing/Network	
			Layer	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.0	Technology:	VRRPv2 - Virtual	
			Router Redundancy	
			Protocol Version 2	
Symptom:	Unable to ping some VRRP-E VIP address.			
Condition:	There is no external trigger. The internal FIB (Forwarding Information			
	Base) was out of sync v	vith ARPd data base.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-52732	Issue ID:	NOS-52732
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Cannot configure IPv6 (/126) address on VIP for VRRP-E.		
Condition:	Configuring IPv6 address (/126) for VRRP-E		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53076	Issue ID:	NOS-53076
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.1c	Technology:	Hardware Monitoring
Symptom:	1G port link flapped in VDX6740-T.		
Condition:	On VDX6740-T if the peer end is connected to Intel NIC, auto		
	negotiation will fail, resulting in flapping of 1G port.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53087	Issue ID:	NOS-53087
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.1c	Technology:	VXLAN - Virtual
			Extensible LAN
Symptom:	PBR is applied to only some flows, when it's configured on Ve that		
	terminated VxLAN.		

Condition:	PBR configuration on Ve that terminated VxLAN.
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Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53091	Issue ID:	NOS-53091
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.1c	Technology:	Syslog
Symptom:	After adding a VDX to a	an existing VCS using "vc	s replace", the newly
	added VDX is unable to send messages to a remote syslog server.		
Condition:	The newly added or reconnected VDX will be able to see "logging		
	syslog-server" settings in "show run", but it will not be able to send		
	syslog messages to that remote server		
Workaround:	After this issue has occurred on a newly added non-principal, it is		
	possible		
	to recover by removing and re-applying the "logging syslog-server"		
	setting on		
	the VCS principal rbridg	ge.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53092	Issue ID:	NOS-53092
Severity:	S4 - Low		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.1c	Technology:	OSPF - IPv4 Open
			Shortest Path First
Symptom:	Route summarization does not happen even after configuring it on		
	the device.		
Condition:	This issue is seen when configured route summarization prefix		
	triggers OSPF Appendix E calculation with the existing Type 3 LSAs.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53101	Issue ID:	NOS-53101
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.1c	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Unexpected reload.		
Condition:	This occurs when a physical port is added to a port-channel after an		
	ISSU upgrade was performed (Before VDX reloaded since upgrade).		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53104	Issue ID:	NOS-53104
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.1c	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	unexpected core files fills up disk.		

Condition:	"show logging raslog rbridge-id" CLI execution for multiple rbridge at
	the same time.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53110	Issue ID:	NOS-53110
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.1c	Technology:	Static Routing (IPv4)
Symptom:	BGP route not cleared when VE interface is shut.		
Condition:	VE interface shut		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53138	Issue ID:	NOS-53138
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.2	Technology:	HTTP/HTTPS
Symptom:	HTTPS will be enabled if expired TLS certificate and key is imported to		
	device using scpuser credentials. HTTPs should not be enabled if the certificate is expired.		
	•		
Condition:	When expired TLS certificate is imported to device using scpuser		
	credentials, HTTPS can	be enabled even with ex	cpired TLS certificate.
Workaround:	Expired TLS certificate should not be imported to device.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53143	Issue ID:	NOS-53143
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.2	Technology:	Software Installation
			& Upgrade
Symptom:	Lost configuration during upgrade tsd terminated with core dump		
Condition:	Upgrade from 6.0.2e to 7.0.2		
Workaround:	None		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53165	Issue ID:	NOS-53165
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.2a	Technology:	Hardware Monitoring
Symptom:	Started supporting Extreme optics on VDX devices.		
Condition:	Extreme optics qualification on VDX devices.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54586	Issue ID:	NOS-54586
Severity:	S3 - Medium		

Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Configuration
			Fundamentals
Symptom:	VDX 1G port on "auto/auto" does not come up when remote is set to		
	"100/full".		
Condition:	When remote is set to	"100/full", the VDX 1G li	nk istays down.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54598	Issue ID:	NOS-54598
Severity:	S4 - Low		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0a	Technology:	SSH - Secure Shell
Symptom:	'ssh-server' CLI is unabl etc	e to configure options s	uch as cipher, mac, kex
Condition:	FIPS mode is enabled		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54637	Issue ID:	NOS-54637
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VPN
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0a	Technology:	EVPN - Ethernet VPN
Symptom:	GARP Doesn't flood to hosts to updated their ARP cache irrespective		
	of whether ARP suppression is enabled/disabled.		
Condition:	Ipfabric environment w	here L2VPN is enabled.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54643	Issue ID:	NOS-54643
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0a	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Port does not came online on VDX 6740-T platform		
Condition:	Port didn't came online when the peer server is CentOS was rebooted		
	multiple times.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54648	Issue ID:	NOS-54648
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0a	Technology:	BFD - BiDirectional
			Forwarding
			Detection
Symptom:	Unexpected reload on Line card		
Condition:	When Packet with Destination port 213 is reached to BFD agent		
	Daemon at Line card.		

Workaround:	Disable the BFD agent daemon at Line card by executing the below	
	commands at MM.	
	sw0:FID128:root> chkconfig bfdd off	
	sw0:FID128:root> chroot /mnt chkconfig bfdd off	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54710	Issue ID:	NOS-54710
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0b1	Technology:	TACACS & TACACS+
Symptom:	Tacacs accounting functionality does not work properly.		
Condition:	In VCS cluster node rejoin operation can cause this issue.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55119	Issue ID:	NOS-55119
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Symptom:	"Please check the valid CLI format, host IP address, and the		
	permission and space left on the remote directory." Error message		
	comes on terminal.		
Condition:	Change in RSA host key	of the management ser	ver.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55127	Issue ID:	NOS-55127
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	SNMP - Simple
			Network
			Management
			Protocol
Symptom:	SNMP polling for cpStatus OID returns incorrect values.		
Condition:	When SNMP get/walk	request done for cpStatu	ıs OID.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55768	Issue ID:	NOS-55768
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Consistent DB corruption on sudden power outage		
Condition:	Sudden Power Cycle the device can cause the issue.		
Workaround:	We can use below workaround for planned outrage or power cycle.		
	NOS7.1.0 and Later Releases:		
	1. Execute chassis power-cycle-db-shutdown command through NOS		

CLI. 2. Reload the switch after the below RASLOG: [DCM-1015], SW/0 Active, INFO, VDX6740T, Switch is prepared for power-cycle. No CLIs will work henceforth. Reload or power cycle to make switch fully functional.
Any release prior to NOS 7.1.0: Root level command. root> shutdowndcmdb 2018/09/20-20:58:29 : shutdowndcmdb : Shutting Down Database (New)

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55895	Issue ID:	NOS-55895
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0a	Technology:	Static Routing (IPv4)
Symptom:	BGP route not cleared in secondary node of VCS cluster		
Condition:	Remove ve interface		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-56056	Issue ID:	NOS-56056
Severity:	S1 - Critical		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2c	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	Traffic impact or packet loss between directly connected hosts.		
Condition:	Traffic impact or packet loss between directly connected hosts.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-56057	Issue ID:	NOS-56057
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2c	Technology:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Symptom:	"show system" CLI execution doesn?t display 'Burned In MAC' of secondary MM in VDX 8770. Ex:		
	Burned In MAC : MM1 [50:EB:1A:xx:xx:xx], MM2 []		
Condition:	"show system" CLI exe	cution.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-56100	Issue ID:	NOS-56100
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring

Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Hardware Monitoring
Symptom:	After configuring the inband ve interface in the mgmt-vrf as SNMP		
	trap source, the agent_addr coming up as 0.0.0.0 after a switch		
	reloads.		
Condition:	Inbound ve used as snmp trap source and SNMPv1 used.		
Workaround:	None		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-56142	Issue ID:	NOS-56142	
Severity:	S3 - Medium	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	SNMP - Simple	
			Network	
			Management	
			Protocol	
Symptom:	SW-MIB capability will be set to 'NO' in the snmp config.			
Condition:	When we upgrade from lower versions to the version greater than			
	NOS7.2.0, we will observe "SW-MIB: NO" in the snmp config.			
Workaround:	None	·		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-56156	Issue ID:	NOS-56156
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	ICMP - Internet
			Control Message
			Protocol
Symptom:	VDX doesn;t generate ICMP notification for IP MTU violation		
	[trapped packets].		
Condition:	IP MTU violation		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66321	Issue ID:	NOS-66321
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Network Automation
			and Orchestration
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0a1	Technology:	OpenStack
			Integration
Symptom:	VDX6740T-1G using NOS 7.2.0b will show blinking green and amber		
	port LED when port is o	offline but in "no shutdo	wn" state.
Condition:	VDX6740T-1G using NOS 7.2.0b will show blinking green and amber		
	port LED when port is offline but in "no shutdown" state.		

Workaround:	No workaround
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Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66864	Issue ID:	NOS-66864
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Other
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	Other
Symptom:	NOS version 7.0.2b, 7.2.0b and 7.4.0 will not allow the LC48X10GT to		
	boot up due to a missing file		
Condition:	LC48X10GT will not boo	ot up online	

Closed with code changes for Network OS v7.3.0

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed with a code change in Network OS v7.3.0.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000550982		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS5.0.1	Technology:	SNMP - Simple
			Network
			Management
			Protocol
Symptom:	Switch management port does not generate a ColdStart trap if a		
	Management port is configured to acquire the IP address via DHCP.		
Condition:	when switch is configured to acquire IP address via DHCP, then we		
	will observe this issue.		
Workaround:	If IP is configured static	cally, the issue will not ha	appen.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000596658		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Traffic getting dropped indefinitely after reload.		
Condition:	Due to /32 route functionality the packets are getting trapped twice		
	(on local and remote leaf).		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000618254		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.1	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Unable to use REST API to configure prefix-list out for router bgp.		
Condition:	REST API to configure p	refix-list out for router l	ogp.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000621633		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open
			Shortest Path First
Symptom:	Not able to change the	IPv6 OSPF cost to 1 whe	en auto-cost reference
	bandwidth is configured.		
Condition:	The issue is observed for below sequence of steps:		
	1. Configure auto-cost for IPv6 OSPF using CLI: "auto-cost reference-		
	bandwidth 100000"		
	2. Go to config-rbridge-Ve- <id> interface mode and configure OSPF</id>		
	cost using CLI: "ipv6 ospf cost 1"		
	3. Run show command to display interface OSPF parameters using		
	CLI: "show ipv6 ospf in ve <id> rb <id>"</id></id>		
	It is observed that cost field is not changed.		
Workaround:	Change the cost value to any non default-value and then back to		
	default-value.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000625616			
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low	
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS	
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0 Technology: Metro VCS			
Symptom:	10G ISL using tunable ZR optics (57-1000266-01) does not form			
	between VDX6740 and VDX6940-144s after performing a single			
	"shut/no shut"			
Condition:	Performing "shut/no shut" on 10G ISL using tunable ZR optics (57-			
	1000266-01) between	VDX6740 and VDX6940-	144s	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000626331		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	User configured Vlan names are not displayed after reload of cluster		
	in "show vlan br". It changes to default Vlan name		
Condition:	Execution of "show vla	n brief" CLI after reload.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000631176		
Technical Severity:	Low Probability: High		
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface

Symptom:	Ambiguity in IP MTU field of "show interface" output. Cosmetic issue,
	no functional impact.
Condition:	L3 Interface is configured back to L2.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000631332		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported In Release:	NOS4.0.0	Technology:	Syslog
Symptom:	Some Internal RAS log [Ex: BL-5282] are important and good to		
	monitor those, but we don;t display internal RAS log on Console and		
	we also don;t redirect them to syslog server.		
Condition:	RAS log monitoring thr	ough Console or syslog.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000634913		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	OSPF - IPv4 Open
			Shortest Path First
Symptom:	If distribute-list is configured to filter out local connected routes and same external prefix is advertised by multiple ASBRs to which there is there is no intra/inter area connectivity, then prefix learnt via one ASBR will be present in route table.		
Condition:	Distribute list is configu	red to filter out local co	nnected routes and
	same external prefix re	ceived from multiple AS	BRs.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000636143		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	LAG - Link
			Aggregation Group
Symptom:	Cosmetic issue. some of fields (actor system id, Receive link count,		
	Transmit link count, Individual and ready) won't display properly at		
	"show port-channel detail nomore" output.		
Condition:	Rare scenario. Executio	on of "show port-channe	l detail nomore".

Defect ID:	DEFECT000638197		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer

Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	BGP4 - IPv4 Border
			Gateway Protocol
Symptom:	peer-group configuration may not exist after the firmware upgrade		
Condition:	This happens when the peer-group has only the BFD configuration		
Workaround:	Reconfigure the peer-g	roup	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000639033		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	RAS - Reliability,
			Availability, and
			Serviceability
Symptom:	saving support save may fail some times		
Condition:	VCS fabric with large numbers of nodes and support save is triggered		
	for all the nodes.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000639680		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	When a user tries IPV6 prefix list config under rbridge range config mode and the config happens only on the principal node, but not on other nodes.		
Condition:	IPV6 prefix list config does not happen on nodes other than principal node while the nodes being included in the rbridge range mode.		
Workaround:	User can go to the specific node and do the same config.		
Recovery:	User can go to the specific node and do the same config.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000639723		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	ACLs - Access Control
			Lists
Symptom:	Observing "Internal Error" error message, while enforcing acl		
	configuration on management interface.		
Condition:	Configured ACL names were similar to other enforced ACL name in		
	"case-insensitive" scenario.		
Workaround:	Can create ACL names which is not similar to existing ACL names by		
	not only differentiating	between capital and lov	wer-case letters.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000640057		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium

Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Network Automation
			and Orchestration
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	OpenStack
			Integration
Symptom:	VDX6940-36Q and -144S may cause FFDC (First Failure Data Capture)		
	on 4x10g breakout ports 1:1, 17:1, and 18:1.		
Condition:	When VDX reloads unexpectedly, it might fail over to new active GOS		
	(e.g., SW1) then VDX is vulnerable to this issue.		
Recovery:	Use NOSCLI command "HA Failover" to manually failover (e.g., back		
	to SW0).		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000640199		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	More than 1 protected	d vlan mapped to the san	ne internal vlan, when
	the mod value results	in to same when (protec	ted_vlan % 1024) is
	performed to pick a ne	ew internal isolated vlan.	
Condition:	Above problem occurs	since, available reserved	d internal vlans are
	only 1K and the protected-vlans can be anything in 7K range, since,		
	input is 7K and the available o/p is only 1K, this results in to collision.		
Workaround:	Release note so that only following set of vlans can be used for		
	Protected Vlans to avoid same internal vlan mapping.		
	SI No Vlan Range (dot1q/gvlan) Internal Ivid Allocation		
	Comments		
	1 3K - 3.5K-1	(7168+0) ? (7168+511)	
	2 6.5K - 7K-1	(7168+512) ? (7168+10	023)
Recovery:			

Defect ID:	DEFECT000642475		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	spanning tree Root port state moves to discard state when "ha failover" command is issued.		
	also user would notice the traffic not forwarded on root port		
	interface.		
Condition:	when a break-out port of a switch in VCS cluster connected to root-		
	bridge with rapid spanning tree protocol(RSTP) configured and		
	followed by issuing "ha failover".		
	This issue would occur only with break-out port connected to root-		
	bridge.		
Workaround:	User recommended to use "shutdown" and "no shutdown"		
	command on break-ou	t to resolve the issue.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000642884		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.0	Technology:	Hardware Monitoring
Symptom:	The following warning will be logged on some interfaces which are installed with `SR' SFP+ The mentioned threshold in the logs looks like a 10G LR threshold even though the installed SFP+ is `SR 'Sfp Current for port x/0/y, is below low boundary(High=85, Low=15). Current value is Z mA' on 10G SR SFP+'		
Condition:	This will occur only on interfaces where already inserted 10G `LR? SFP+. are replaced with a 10G `SR? SFP+ and the link is up		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000643696		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open
			Shortest Path First
Symptom:	Occasionally in a VCS consisting of two VDX running as ASBR., a few		
	type7 LSAs are not generated on one of the RBridge after reloading		
	VDXs at times.		
Condition:	A VCS cluster with 2 VDXs and distributing 127 routes their own VE		
	interfaces into OSPF Ar	ea 21 (NSSA).	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000644067		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	PIM neighbor-ship bety	ween L3 interfaces over	extended VLANs
	between leaf switches in IP fabric, may be lost or timed-out.		
Condition:	Issue is only seen when IP Address of the PIM enabled L3 interface		
	over VLAN is changed on one of the leaf acting as PIM neighbor.		
Workaround:	By not modifying the IP address of the interface participating in PIM		
	neighborship between leaves, issue can be avoided.		
Recovery:	Disabling and Enabled the interface admin state can recover the		
	failed state.		
	Reloading the router ca	an also recover the failed	l state.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000644227		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	High

Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	ARP - Address
			Resolution Protocol
Symptom:	mac learning stops after ARP limit is exceeded and then ARP entries		
	are cleared with "clear	arp"	
Condition:	Scaling ARP to limit		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000644324		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	Interface throws error as "Interface not in service" in a scaled configuration.		
Condition:	Interface throws error as "Interface not in service" while trying to enable protected configuration on it with scaled configuration.		
Workaround:	•		
Recovery:	•		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000644331		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	LC of VDX8770-8 goes	to faulty sometimes whe	n 1K VLANsare present
	on few ports and no VLANs on few ports of a line card.		
Condition:	LC of VDX8770-8 goes to faulty while trying to un-configure and configure protected port configuration on all ports of a line card using range command with 1K VLANs on few ports and no VLANs at all on few ports and tried to execute 'no protected enable' and try to configure VLANs on an ISL port and again tried to execute 'no protected enable' multiple times.		
Workaround:			
Recovery:			

Defect ID:	DEFECT000644836		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	Un-tagged traffic will be learnt on protected port, when native-vlan is enabled.		
Condition:		Un-tagged traffic will be learnt on protected port, when native-vlan is enabled at interface level using 'no switchport trunk tag native-vlan'.	

Workaround:	Apply protected port configuration on interface and enable native- vlan globally.
Recovery:	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000645175		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Sometimes DCMDdaemon terminates and system reboots when CLI		
	command "show ip igmp groups" is issued in scaled scenario.		
Condition:	a. Scaled up environment with large number of IGMP groups		
	b. Firmware upgrade was in progress simultaneously.		
Workaround:	Do not run cli " show ip igmp groups" while upgrading firmware with		
	large number of IGMP groups.		
Recovery:	Remove IGMP configur	ations after reboot.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000645982			
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low	
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3	
			Routing/Network	
			Layer	
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	ICMP - Internet	
			Control Message	
			Protocol	
Symptom:	Packet Loss in IP Fabric topology.			
Condition:	ARP/IP moves from on	ARP/IP moves from one mac to another.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000646180		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	IPv6 Addressing
Symptom:	Unexpected reload		
Condition:	Bulk (L3anycast) configuration through NETCONF		
Workaround:	Single configuration in	one query should be do	ne.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000646528		
Technical Severity:	High Probability: Low		
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Unexpected reload		

Condition:	In rare scenarios, MAC address age out results in corrupt data.		
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Defect ID:	DEFECT000646540		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open
			Shortest Path First
Symptom:	Message generic error at CLI console		
Condition:	While removing OSPFv	3 configuration	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000646908		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Hardware Monitoring
Symptom:	The source IP for SNMI	traps is not determinis	tic.
Condition:	When VCS virtual IP address is configured and SNMP traps are		
	enabled.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000647159		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Configuration
			Fundamentals
Symptom:	Interface Ve creation is taking more time		
Condition:	Issue will be seen on cr	eation of rbridge level V	'e interfaces.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000647389		
Technical Severity:	Medium Probability: High		
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	IP Addressing
Symptom:	CLI prohibits user from adding multiple /31 subnets under L3		
	interfaces.		
Condition:	Configuring multiple /3	1 subnets under L3 inte	erfaces.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000647398		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric

Reported In Release:	NOS4.1.3	Technology:	VCS Fabric
Symptom:	Unexpected reload.		
Condition:	Rare scenario. During the cluster formation.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000647433		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	L2 VNI and tunnel IP value in the BGP route update is set to "zero".		
Condition:	In IP fabric topology, when a route-map with set condition is applied		
	to evpn peer.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000647847		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	LAG - Link
			Aggregation Group
Symptom:	Unexpected reload		
Condition:	In rare a case, DB corruption happens at the time of port-channel		
	deletion.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000648164		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	SNMP - Simple
			Network
			Management
			Protocol
Symptom:	SNMP responding on VCS IPv6 instead of management IPv6 address.		
Condition:	Both MM/Chassis IPv6 and virtual vcs IPv6 addresses are configured.		
Workaround:	Have the management	IPv6 configured latest	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000648291		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Symptom:	Help string update for SSH related CLIs. Keyword "etc" got removed.		
Condition:	For the below CLIs		
	sw0(config-rbridge-id-1)# ssh server key-exchange?		
	ssh server cipher		
	ssh server mac		

ssh client key-exchange
ssh client cipher
ssh client mac

Defect ID:	DEFECT000648357				
Technical Severity:	Critical	Probability:	High		
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management		
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0 Technology: Configuration				
			Fundamentals		
Symptom:	REST POST/PUT/PATCH configuration fails and errors out				
Condition:	Issue in REST POST/PUT/PATCH methods if payload has space.				
Workaround:	DO not add space in pa	yload	DO not add space in payload		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000648655		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Symptom:	Displaying generic error message.		
Condition:	When scp fails displayi	ng common error messa	age.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000648729		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	OSPF - IPv4 Open
			Shortest Path First
Symptom:	OSPF vulnerabilities CVE-2017-3224, CVE-2017-3752, CVE-2017-6770		
Condition:	Existing code has above	e vulnerabilities in OSPF.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000649012		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	Unexpected reload		
Condition:	Dampening configuration under BGP		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000649847		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management

Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.1	Technology:	Access Gateway
Symptom:	VDX experiences unexpected reload due to memory leak in AG		
	daemon.		
Condition:	When AG mode is enab	oled.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000650040			
Technical Severity:	Medium Probability: Low			
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring	
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	RAS - Reliability,	
			Availability, and	
			Serviceability	
Symptom:	Suddenly edge port admin down without user/admin action.			
Condition:	CRC error hits to threshold limits.			
Recovery:	Amin no shut	Amin no shut		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000651945		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Hardware Monitoring
Symptom:	Unexpected reload.		
Condition:	Rare scenario. Internal polling of memory statistics.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000651956			
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High	
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management	
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	SNMP - Simple	
			Network	
			Management	
			Protocol	
Symptom:	SNMP traps will not be seen.			
Condition:	Chassis IP and VCS IP n	Chassis IP and VCS IP not configured.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000652192		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	OSPF - IPv4 Open
			Shortest Path First
Symptom:	"OSPF-1003 - Received Invalid LS packet" RASLOGs get flooded.		
Condition:	Unexpected reload of the switch.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000652746		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Network Automation and Orchestration
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	OpenStack Integration
Symptom:	Mac learning won't happen for some of the ports on VDX 6740T-1G platform.		
Condition:	Interface configured with 100MB speed. Seen when connected to certain power-tower units via 100mb interface, or to Avaya CLAN 100mb. May occur on other non-VDX 100mb link partners as well.		
Workaround:	No workaround for 100mb. May try 1gb if link partner supports it.		
Recovery:	May try 1gb if link part firmware for fix.	ner supports it. Recom	mend upgrade VDX

Defect ID:	DEFECT000652749		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	BGP4 - IPv4 Border
			Gateway Protocol
Symptom:	BGP neighbor entries are not created as expected.		
Condition:	BGP Auto neighbor discovery using LLDP on IP Unnumbered		
	interfaces.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000652894		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Unexpected reload.		
Condition:	Execution of CLI(vcs replace rbridge-id) during the cluster re-join.		
Workaround:	Avoid the CLI during cluster re-join		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000653244		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Symptom:	Displaying generic error message.		
Condition:	When ftp and sftp fails	, displaying common err	ror message.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000654900		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Network Automation and Orchestration
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	OpenStack
			Integration
Symptom:	1G Port won't come online.		
Condition:	Connected 1G with 10G at other end.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000655163		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.2	Technology:	RADIUS
Symptom:	Unable to import TLS server certificate and keys without trust point association and use these two to establish TLS connection.		
Condition:	This is a feature enhancement. So customer will hit this scenario every time when they try to import TLS certificate and key without trust point.		
Workaround:	Use crypto functionality (which uses trust point association) to import TLS certificate and key and establish TLS connection.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000659451		
Technical Severity:	Low	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Network Automation
			and Orchestration
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Scripting
Symptom:	A new IP Fabric Underlay and Overlay configuration Automation		
	python script is introduced.		
Condition:	Automate the IP Fabric configuration using a single command/script.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000659778		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	For VDX 6740 and VDX 6740-T, during the firmware upgrade,		
	customer experienced Compact Flash card issue with the following		
	scenario:		
	- Rolling reboot		
	- Console log message of ?SCSI_REQ_SENSE failed cmd 0x03 returned		
	0x70 0x06 0x28 0x00? and/or ?Hypervisor Reset Flush?		
Condition:	Un-correctable internal errors occurred on the Compact Flash card		
	that used to store prog	rams and data.	

Workaround:	Recovery using netinstall is possible, but some units fail again after
	some time even after a netinstall procedure has recovered the
	system.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000659781		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	For VDX 6740 and VDX	6740-T, during the firm	ware upgrade,
	customer experienced Compact Flash card issue with the following		
	scenario:		
	- Rolling reboot		
	- Console log message of ?SCSI_REQ_SENSE failed cmd 0x03 returned		
	0x70 0x06 0x28 0x00? and/or ?Hypervisor Reset Flush?		
Condition:	Un-correctable internal errors occurred on the Compact Flash card		
	used to store programs and data.		
Workaround:	Recovery using netinsta	all is possible, but some	units fail again after
	some time even after a	netinstall has recovered	d the system.

Closed with code changes for Network OS v7.2.0a

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed with a code change as of February 15^{th} , 2018 in Network OS v7.2.0a.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000550982		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	SNMP - Simple
			Network
			Management
			Protocol
Reported In Release:	NOS5.0.1	Technology:	Management
Symptom:	Switch management port does not generate a ColdStart trap if a		ColdStart trap if a
	Management port is configured to acquire the IP address via DHCP.		IP address via DHCP.
Condition:	when switch is configured to acquire IP address via DHCP, then we		
	will observe this issue.		
Workaround:	If IP is configured static	cally, the issue will not ha	appen.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000579904		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low

Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	AAA - Authentication,
			Authorization, and
			Accounting
Reported In Release:	NOS5.0.2	Technology:	Security
Symptom:	Command set field on the Windows based TACACS server is empty		
Condition:	1. When TACACS server is windows based		
	2. Accounting is enable	ed	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000596658		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Logical Chassis
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	VCS
Symptom:	Traffic getting dropped indefinitely after reload.		
Condition:	Due to /32 route functionality the packets are getting trapped twice		
	(on local and remote leaf).		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000615778		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Configuration
			Fundamentals
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Management
Symptom:	snmp-server ? displays all Possible completions, here "view" display		
	as "view Define an SNMPv2 MIB view" which is incorrect as it is also		
	applicable to SNMP v3.		
Condition:	snmp-server ? displays	all Possible completions	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000631176		
Technical Severity:	Low	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Management
Symptom:	Ambiguity in IP MTU field of "show interface" output. Cosmetic issue, no functional impact.		
Condition:	L3 Interface is configur	ed back to L2.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000636143		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	LAG - Link
			Aggregation Group
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Layer 2 Switching

Symptom:	Cosmetic issue. some of fields (actor system id, Receive link count,
	Transmit link count, Individual and ready) won't display properly at
	"show port-channel detail nomore" output.
Condition:	Rare scenario. Execution of "show port-channel detail nomore".

Defect ID:	DEFECT000638197		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	BGP4 - IPv4 Border
			Gateway Protocol
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Symptom:	peer-group configuration may not exist after the firmware upgrade		
Condition:	This happens when the peer-group has only the BFD configuration		
Workaround:	Reconfigure the peer-group		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000640057		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	OpenStack
			Integration
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Network Automation
			and Orchestration
Symptom:	VDX6940-36Q and -144S may cause FFDC (First Failure Data Capture)		
	on 4x10g breakout ports 1:1, 17:1, and 18:1.		
Condition:	When VDX reloads unexpectedly, it might fail over to new active GOS		
	(e.g., SW1) then VDX is vulnerable to this issue.		
Recovery:	Use NOSCLI command	"HA Failover" to manual	ly failover (e.g., back
	to SW0).		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000641485		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Logical Chassis
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Data Center Fabric
Symptom:	Management cluster/VCS goes offline when ISL between two nodes		
	goes down even though the connectivity could have been established		
	through the other nodes' ISL.		
Condition:	It happens rarely when	the new link/connectivi	ty happens slowly.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000643696		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open
			Shortest Path First

Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Symptom:	Occasionally in a VCS consisting of two VDX running as ASBR., a few type7 LSAs are not generated on one of the RBridge after reloading		
	VDXs at times.		
Condition:	A VCS cluster with 2 VDXs and distributing 127 routes their own VE		
	interfaces into OSPF Area 21 (NSSA).		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000645906		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	FCoE - Fibre Channel
			over Ethernet
Reported In Release:	NOS5.0.2	Technology:	Layer 2 Switching
Symptom:	FCOE flapping on some FCOE devices until reloaded server after		
	adding new VDX into VCS		
Condition:	Cluster disturbance		
Recovery:	RecoveryApply "shut/noshut" on problematic physical		
	interfaces		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000645982		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	ICMP - Internet
			Control Message
			Protocol
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Symptom:	Packet Loss in IP Fabric topology.		
Condition:	ARP/IP moves from one mac to another.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000646528		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Logical Chassis
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Data Center Fabric
Symptom:	Unexpected reload		
Condition:	In rare scenarios, MAC address age out results in corrupt data.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000646540		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open
			Shortest Path First

Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
Symptom:	Message generic error at CLI console		
Condition:	While removing OSPFv3 configuration		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000646908		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Hardware Monitoring
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Monitoring
Symptom:	The source IP for SNMP traps is not deterministic.		
Condition:	When VCS virtual IP address is configured and SNMP traps are		
	enabled.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000647389		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Addressing
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Symptom:	CLI prohibits user from adding multiple /31 subnets under L3		
	interfaces.		
Condition:	Configuring multiple /31 subnets under L3 interfaces.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000647398		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS4.1.3	Technology:	Data Center Fabric
Symptom:	Unexpected reload.		
Condition:	Rare scenario. During the cluster formation.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000647433		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Data Center Fabric
Symptom:	L2 VNI and tunnel IP value in the BGP route update is set to "zero".		
Condition:	In IP fabric topology, when a route-map with set condition is applied		
	to evpn peer.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000648098		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low

Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	EVPN - Ethernet VPN
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	VPN
Symptom:	GARP Doesn't flood to hosts to updated their ARP cache irrespective		
	of whether ARP suppression is enabled/disabled.		
Condition:	Ipfabric environment w	here L2VPN is enabled.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000648164		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	SNMP - Simple
			Network
			Management
			Protocol
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Management
Symptom:	SNMP responding on VCS IPv6 instead of management IPv6 address.		
Condition:	Both MM/Chassis IPv6 and virtual vcs IPv6 addresses are configured.		
Workaround:	Have the management	IPv6 configured latest	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000648291		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	Management
Symptom:	Help string update for SSH related CLIs. Keyword "etc" got removed.		
Condition:	For the below CLIs		
	sw0(config-rbridge-id-1)# ssh server key-exchange?		
	ssh server cipher		
	ssh server mac		
	ssh client key-exchange		
	ssh client cipher		
	ssh client mac		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000648357		
Technical Severity:	Critical Probability: High		
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Configuration
			Fundamentals
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Management
Symptom:	REST POST/PUT/PATCH configuration fails and errors out		
Condition:	Issue in REST POST/PUT/PATCH methods if payload has space.		
Workaround:	DO not add space in pa	yload	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000648655		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low

Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Management
Symptom:	Displaying generic error message.		
Condition:	When scp fails displaying common error message.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000648729				
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium		
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	OSPF - IPv4 Open		
			Shortest Path First		
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Layer 3		
			Routing/Network		
			Layer		
Symptom:	OSPF vulnerabilities CVE-2017-3224, CVE-2017-3752, CVE-2017-6770				
Condition:	Existing code has above	e vulnerabilities in OSPF.	Existing code has above vulnerabilities in OSPF.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000649012		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Data Center Fabric
Symptom:	Unexpected reload		
Condition:	Dampening configuration under BGP		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000649847		
Technical Severity:	High Probability: High		
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Access Gateway
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.1	Technology:	Management
Symptom:	VDX experiences unexpected reload due to memory leak in AG		
	daemon.		
Condition:	When AG mode is enabled.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000650040		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	RAS - Reliability,
			Availability, and
			Serviceability
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Monitoring
Symptom:	Suddenly edge port admin down without user/admin action.		
Condition:	CRC error hits to threshold limits.		
Recovery:	Amin no shut		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000651945		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Hardware Monitoring
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Monitoring
Symptom:	Unexpected reload.		
Condition:	Rare scenario. Internal polling of memory statistics.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000651956		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	SNMP - Simple
			Network
			Management
			Protocol
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Management
Symptom:	SNMP traps will not be seen.		
Condition:	Chassis IP and VCS IP not configured.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000652192		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	OSPF - IPv4 Open
			Shortest Path First
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Symptom:	"OSPF-1003 - Received Invalid LS packet" RASLOGs get flooded.		
Condition:	Unexpected reload of t	the switch.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000652746		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	OpenStack
			Integration
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Network Automation
			and Orchestration
Symptom:	Mac learning won't happen for some of the ports on VDX 6740T-1G		
	platform.		
Condition:	Interface configured with 100MB speed. Seen when connected to		
	certain power-tower units via 100mb interface, or to Avaya CLAN		
	100mb. May occur on other non-VDX 100mb link partners as well.		
Workaround:	No workaround for 100mb. May try 1gb if link partner supports it.		
Recovery:	May try 1gb if link part	ner supports it. Recomi	mend upgrade VDX
	firmware for fix.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000652749		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	BGP4 - IPv4 Border
			Gateway Protocol
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Symptom:	BGP neighbor entries are not created as expected.		
Condition:	BGP Auto neighbor discovery using LLDP on IP Unnumbered		
	interfaces.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000652894		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Logical Chassis
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Data Center Fabric
Symptom:	Unexpected reload.		
Condition:	Execution of CLI(vcs replace rbridge-id) during the cluster re-join.		
Workaround:	Avoid the CLI during cluster re-join		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000653244		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Management
Symptom:	Displaying generic error message.		
Condition:	When ftp and sftp fails	, displaying common err	or message.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000654900		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	OpenStack
			Integration
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Network Automation
			and Orchestration
Symptom:	1G Port won't come online.		
Condition:	Connected 1G with 10	G at other end.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000655415		
Technical Severity:	Medium Probability: Low		
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VXLAN - Virtual
			Extensible LAN
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	Layer 2 Switching

Symptom:	PBR is applied to only some flows, when it's configured on Ve that
	terminated VxLAN.
Condition:	PBR configuration on Ve that terminated VxLAN.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000659451		
Technical Severity:	Low	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Scripting
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Network Automation
			and Orchestration
Symptom:	A new IP Fabric Underlay and Overlay configuration Automation		
	python script is introduced.		
Condition:	Automate the IP Fabric	configuration using a si	ngle command/script.

Closed with code changes for Network OS v7.1.0

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed with a code change as November 22, 2016 in Network OS v7.1.0.

Defect ID: DEFECT000440702	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer
Reported In Network OS3.0.1	Technology: Static Routing (IPv4)
Release:	
Symptom: User will be allowed to configure virtual	interfaces for all VLANs except the default VLAN 1
Condition: Configuring virtual interfaces for VLANs	

Defect ID: DEFECT000443595		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: IP Multicast
Reported In	Network OS3.0.0	Technology: IGMP - Internet Group Management
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: The command "show ip igmp groups detail" may not show updated information (uptime &		
last reported values) about the learnt groups.		
Condition: This issue is observed only in the show command output & no functionality is impacted.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000471058		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS3.0.1	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: When SNMP with IPv6 is configured & SNMP Manager sends 2 get-requests divided in		
separate fragments, then "ICMPv6 Destination Unreachable" is returned from the switch.		
Condition: IPv6 & SNMP configuration		

Defect ID: DEFECT000490740		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS4.0.1	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals	
Release:		
Symptom: Setting 'deny ip any any' ACL does not pro	event telnet access via management port as	
expected.		
Condition: Setting following ACL does not prevent telnet access via management port as expected:		
sw0# show access-list ip ACL001 in		
ip access-list ACL001 on Management 1/0 at Ingress (From User)		
seq 10 deny ip any any (Active)		
seq 20 permit tcp any any (Active)		

Defect ID: DEFECT000518780

Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS4.1.3		Technology: VMWare
Release:		
Symptom: NSM crashes while configuring Port Group name with 128 or more character in vCenter.		
Condition: PG is configured and soon after that NSM Daemon crash is observed.		
Workaround: So not configure a port-group name with length more than 127 characters.		
Recovery: Once a NSM crash is seen, immediately delete the PG which was more than 128 characters		
long. Wait for switch to reboot.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000525575		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: IP Multicast
Reported In	Network OS4.1.3	Technology: PIM - Protocol-Independent
Release:		Multicast
Symptom: If there are multiple subnets configured on an interface, PIM First Hop Router mechanism		
only works for the subnet with the highest IP address.		
Condition: PIM with multiple subnets on an interface.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000532352	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open Shortest Path
Release:		First
Symptom: Show IPv6 OSPF neighbor is showing some special characters in the o/p.		
Condition: show IPv6 OSPF neighbor is showing some special characters in the o/p when there is no		
output to be printed.		

Defect ID: DEFI	Defect ID: DEFECT000535663		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In Network OS5.0.1 Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Exte		Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN	
Release:			
Symptom: VDX unexpectedly reloads when it connects to an NSX controller when a high scale of MAC addresses are injected over tunnel. It continues to reload unless booted with factory defaults.			
Condition: VDX connects to NSX controller and discovers more than 70000 MACs.			
Recovery: Boot with factory default configuration.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000548633	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS

Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: IPv6 clients will not be able to fetch IPv6 addresses from DHCP server		
Condition: The issue is observed after re-configuration of IPv6 address on Ve interface		
Workaround: Toggle the Ve interface by "shut" followed by "no shut"		

Defect ID: DEFECT000549174		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extrer	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:		
Symptom: Conf	tinuious reload of switch may be obs	erved on VDX6740 when static MACs are
conf	igured on physical interface	
Condition: The issue is observed in a Logical chassis cluster consisting of VDX6740 and VDX8770, if		
static MACs are configured on the physical interface of a LC of VDX8770. Note that issue is		
not observed when static MACs are configured on port-channels.		
Under these conditions if one of the VDX6740s are reloaded (or any action resulting in		
config replay), the VDX6740 that is reloaded might go into a continuous reload.		
Workaround: Remove any static MACs configured on the VDX8770 pointing to physical interfaces.		
Static MACs towards port-channels will not result in this issue.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000551918	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: Termi	ination of Pimd process when	multicast routes are aging out
Condition: Issue is seen when PIM has learnt multiple group ranges for RP.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000555460		
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: IP Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: 'ICMP	unreachables are always ser	nt' displayed in the configuration even when disabled in
the configuration		
Condition: Default ICMP unreachable is not set		

Defect ID: DEFECT000556411	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching

Reported I	n Network OS6.0.1	Technology: FCoE - Fibre Channel over Ethernet
Release:		
	<u> </u>	nsole wrongly shows interface type as "Fi" instead
	of "Fcoe" with wrong tuple information. Functionality is not broken, only port type in	
	raslog is printed wrongly.	
Condition:	Condition: When logins with Duplicate WWN are attempted on multiple ports at same time with	
	Ethernet port being the port on which second login is attempted.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000560160		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS5.0.1 Technology: Inband Management		Technology: Inband Management
Release:		
Symptom: Pings to VE interfaces are slow after upgrade		
Condition: In rare upgrade scenarios.		
Recovery: Shut/No shut the affected interface where the ping is seen slow or have a reload.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000560868		
Technical Severity: Medium Probability: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: IP Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: IP directed-broadcast feature is not working as expected.		
Condition: With a regular topology, the functionality did not work as expected.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000562543		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: IP ACL for SNMP community and v3 user config lost after loading the config back to		
running-config from back-up config		
Condition: When we do config upload of running configuration with SNMP IP ACL's applied on SNMP		
community/ v3 users.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000562722		
Technical Severity: Medium Probability: Low		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Traffic Management
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: Rate Limiting and Shaping
Release:		

Symptom: ipv6 icmpv6 rate-limiting does not work per interface

Condition: The above situation occurs under two conditions

- 1. More than one ipv6 interface
- 2. Different rate-limiting value configured

When both of the above conditions met, then the recently configured rate-limiting value applied to all interfaces

Defect ID: DEFECT000562737		
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme	e Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and Orchestration
Reported In Release:	Network OS4.0.1	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Symptom: SNMP trap of topology change will be sent from the switch, when switchport configuration is done on an interface where spanning-tree is shutdown.		
Condition: Topology change trap will be observed, when switchport configuration is done on an interface in spanning-tree shutdown state.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000566249		
Technical Severity: High Probability: Low		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Traffic Management
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Rate Limiting and Shaping
Release:		
Symptom: IPv4 and IPv6 ICMP rate-limiting does not work after HA failover.		
Condition: HA is required for this problem and executing CLI will fix issue.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000567339		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: debug arp packet output shows destination mac address of ARP request as ffff:ffff;ffff,		
instead of 0000:0000:0000		
Condition: debug arp packet command is executed		

Defect ID: DEFECT000568542	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: High

Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
Reported In Network OS5.0.2		Technology: Static Routing (IPv4)
Release:		
Symptom: static route and next-hop gateway on a virtual Ethernet interface should work fine		
Condition: proxy ND ipv6 not supported		

Defect ID: DEFE	Defect ID: DEFECT000570331		
Technical Severity: High Probability: High		Probability: High	
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: PIM - Protocol-Independent Multicast	
Release:			
Symptom: Traffic loss will be seen if there is a change in RP(Rendezvous Point) address configuration			
Condition: if there is a change in RP(Rendezvous Point) address configuration in the running system			

Defect ID: DEFECT000570673			
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: UDLD - Uni-Directional Link Detection	
Release:			
Symptom: UDLD blocks links which are connected using certain breakout ports between different			
Extre	Extreme devices such as between VDX and CER.		
Condition: UDLD blocks the link after detecting mismatch between locally stored vs received port			
numl	numbers in UDLD PDUs.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000572393		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS6.0.1	Technology: OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open Shortest Path	
Release:	First	
Symptom: Not able to remove ospf area 0.0.0.0 in ipv6 ospf router user vrf		
Condition: "%Error" mesaage while remove ospf area 0.0.0.0 in ipv6 ospf router under user vrf		
eventhough the interface doesn't have OSPF configuration		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000573107	
Technical Severity: Medium Probability: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:		
Symptom: When	n we applied IP ACL on SNMF	community/user configuration, then wildcard subnet
mask on IP ACL is not working on SNMP. But subnet mask on IP ACL is working fine on		
SNMP.		

Condition: When we have wildcard subnet mask on IP ACL applied for SNMP configuration, then we will observe this issue.

Defect ID: DEFECT000573422		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In Network OS6.0.2	Technology: Port Mirroring	
Release:		
Symptom: SPAN session fails when the destination port is deleted and rejoins the cluster.		
Condition: When an interface(s) of a node is set as a destination in a SPAN session and the node is		
removed from the VCS. Removal of the node leaves the SPAN session in un-defined state,		
causing problems with new SPAN destination configuration.		
Workaround: Remove the SPAN sessions that were monitoring the interfaces whose node was		

removed from VCS, and create sessions.

Defect ID: DEFECT000574438		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and	
	Orchestration	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration	
Release:		
Symptom: VDX 6940-144s 40 GbE ports 97 - 108 may flap after changing frame size and/or nframes		
using noscli "diag dport setargs" command.		
Condition: VDX 6940-144s 40 GbE ports 97 - 108 may flap after changing framesize and/or nframes		
noscli "diag dport setargs" command.		
Workaround: Shut/no shut the port if persistent link flapping occurs.		
Recovery: Shut/no shut the port if persistent link flapping occurs.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000574645		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS6.0.2	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network	
Release:	Management Protocol	
Symptom: The "fruStatusChanged" trap may be received more than once while power ON the line		
cards in VDX8770-4 and VDX8770-8 platforms.		
Condition: The "fruStatusChanged" trap may be received more than once while power ON the line		
cards.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000576391	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management

Reported Ir	n Network OS7.0.0	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network	
Release:		Management Protocol	
Symptom:	Symptom: The HA failover start trap may not be seen for the HA fail over event, for user defined VRF		
	in VDX-6740 platforms.		
Condition:	Condition: The HA failover start trap may not be seen for user defined VRF, for HA fail over event.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000577171		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and	
		Orchestration	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration	
Release:			
Symptom: The Network OSCLI command "show openflow interface" does not reflect the actual			
opera	operating speed of the OpenFlow interface		
Condition: If the interface speed has been manually changed to something else which is not same as			
sugge	suggested via interface name		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000577563	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and Orchestration
Reported In Release:	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: OpenStack Integration

Symptom: On upgrade to nos5.0.2b release, certain interfaces may encounter following error message & will remain admin-down:

<Date-Timestamp>, [NSM-1028], 7885, M2 | Active | DCE, ERROR, <Host-name>, Incompatible SFP transceiver for interface TenGigabitEthernet 1/1/17 is detected.

Condition: Issue encounters on upgrade / downgrade of VDX8770 to nos5.0.2b release using following interfaces:

Linecard 48X10G:

- (a) Links using Copper SFP's (1G) configured with "speed 1000"
- (b) Links using Fiber Optics (1G and 10G) configured with "speed" command
- (c) Links using Twinax cables (10G)

Linecard 48X1G:

- (d) Links using Copper SFP's (1G)
- (e) Links using Fiber Optics (1G only)

Linecard 6X100G:

(f) Links using 100G Optics

Defect ID: DEFECT000577822	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and
	Orchestration

Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: Errors [crc, encoding] on 8G links.		
Condition: The issue is only seen on 8G links to 3Par storage devices using 16G SFPs		
Workaround: Changing the SFP to 8G SFP and running at 8G speed the issue was not seen.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000577928		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: MAPS - Monitoring and Alerting
Release:		Policy Suite
Symptom: Slot number need to be verified while creating groups on VDX8770.		
Condition: Currently the API which converts slot/port to port index doesn't throw error while creating		
group on VDX8770.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000578258		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: IP Fabric
Release:		
Symptom: Traffic loss may be observed for destination subnets under non-default VRF advertised over		
BGP-EVPN using L3VNI.		
Condition: Leaf nodes extending the VRF over BGP-EVPN are not advertising any prefix route.		
Workaround: One of following options may be chosen:		
(1) Redistribute connected routes under VRF into BGP VRF.		
(2) Configure static IP route and redistribute into BGP VRF.		
(3) Configure network or static-network under BGP VRF instance.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000578492		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network	OS5.0.2	Technology: Inband Management
Release:		
Symptom: "show interface status" incorrectly shows the status of some port channels as "connected" even though they are down due to all member interfaces down. No functional impact except the incorrect display.		
Condition: Rarely happens due to a corner case condition for some port channels		
Workaround: "show interface" command can be used to see the correct status.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000578730	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer

Reported I	n Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:			
Symptom:	'Message Generic Error' will be encounted	ered when configuring "extend vlan add <vlan< th=""></vlan<>	
	string>" command with large number of	VLANs on VDX6940 device.	
Condition:	Condition: Adding VLANs with <vlan string=""> exceeding 1000 characters for overlay gateway using</vlan>		
	layer2 extension.		
Workaroui	Workaround: Split "extend vlan add <vlan string="">" into multiple commands so that <vlan string=""> does</vlan></vlan>		
	not exceed 1000 characters in a given command.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000579138			
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:			
Symptom: Very rare case chassis name set CLI fails.			
Condition: After upgrade to 6.0.1			
Recovery: Reload and re-apply the CLI			

Defect ID: DEFECT000579176		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
Release:		
Symptom: BFD may not work over Layer 3 Port Channels when the gateway address and nexthop		
pointing to port channel overlap		
Condition: Running BFD with Layer 3 Port Channels		

Defect ID: DEFE	Defect ID: DEFECT000579234		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:			
Symptom: Multicast traffic destined for static multicast address, will flood, if the mac is configured on remote node of VCS.			
Condition: Static multicast MAC is configured in a remote node within a VCS, with no local interface part of the group.			

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000579664	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		

Symptom: "waiting for pending actions to exit" warning message appears on console session and eventually VDX experience unexpected reload.

Condition: When user query to get any running-configuring netconf and if password contains a specific password.

Condition: When user query to get any running-config using netconf and if password contains a special char like ";", VDX throws "waiting for pending actions to exist" error and DCM gets terminated eventually.

Defect ID: DEFEC	T000579695	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: IP Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: SNMP walk on the IP-FORWARD-MIB may throw an error		
Condition: SNMP operations on IP-FORWARD-MIB		

Defect ID: DEFECT000579835		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network	
Release:	Management Protocol	
Symptom: SNMP Set operation on Port-channel interface for the ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU object in		
ipv6RouterAdvertTable in RFC 4293 will fail. The SNMP Set operation will fail for other		
objects also in this table.		
Condition: The SNMP Set operation will fail only on port-channel interfaces.		
Workaround: In order to configure the ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU, the corresponding CLI "ipv6 nd		

Defect ID: DEFECT000579904		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: AAA - Authentication, Authorization,
Release:		and Accounting
Symptom: Command set field on the Windows based TACACS server is empty		
Condition: 1. When TACACS server is windows based		
2. Accounting is enabled		

Defect ID: DEFECT000580478		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS7.0.0 Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN		Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: Sometimes, SFP removal messages are displayed incorrectly even though the media is		
present, when a chassis disable is executed after failover or ISSU.		
Condition: Media presence check is incorrect on the new active partition after failover or ISSU		

mtu" needs to be used.

Recovery: 'no shut' on the interface would make the correct Media presence state consistent.

Defect ID: DEFECT000581205		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS7.0.0		Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: In rare case, SNMPv3 traps will not be received when any host is configured as SNMPv3		
trap recipient under RBridge mode.		
Condition: Configure SNMPv3 host under RBridge mode.		
Recovery: reconfigure the specific SNMPv3 host config under RBridge mode.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000581259	-
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In Network OS7.0.0		Technology: IP Fabric
Release:		
Symptom: Even though overlay-gateway configuration is deactivated, BGP discovered dynamic tunnels are still present. Traffic loss will be observed if remote Leaf nodes send traffic over dynamic tunnels.		
Condition: Overlay-gateway configuration is deactivated using "no activate" command.		
Workaround: Avoid deactivating the overlay-gateway using "no activate" command. Instead detach the RBridge from overlay gateway configuration.		

Defect ID: DEFE	СТ000582010	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: Under rare conditions, some of the hosts may lost IP connectivity with the VDX switch		
acting as a layer-3 gateway.		
Condition: This would occur if the MAC to the IP association of a VDX learnt ARP changes. ie For the		
same IP address, the MAC changes from say MAc1 to Mac2.		
Recovery: "clear arp no-refresh" would clean the ARP table and recover from the problem state.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000582119	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: IP Multicast
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: IGMP - Internet Group Management
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: The t	unnel terminated IGMP fram	es sent to other nodes can loop back to the source node.
The CPU generated IGMP frames are not getting source suppressed in active-active		
gateway.		

Condition: This happens in specific tunnel topology with multicast root RBridge and BUM forwarder.

The tunnel terminated IGMP frames sent to other nodes are trapped and flood back on the VLAN by control path. These packets can loop back to source node.

Recovery: Shut down the tunnel.

Defect ID: DEFECT000582797		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals	
Release:		
Symptom: Switch does not responds to any user inputs.		
Condition: Using 'PUT' request to update BGP configuration instead of using 'PATCH' request (when		
router BGP has neighbor associated to a peer group) causes switch not to respond to		
further user commands.		
Workaround: Use PATCH request instead of PUT to update any configuration as documented in		
Extreme Network OS REST API Guide.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000582847	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: On a VDX 6940, when a snmpwalk is done on if Table in the IF MIB, only the first 36		
interfaces are fetched. Remaining interfaces are not retrieved.		
Condition: This issue is seen only on VDX 6940.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000583123	
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In Network OS5.0.2		Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: There	e is a time delay(debounce-ti	mer delay) of approximately 1 sec between underlay
network down and tunnel down because of which traffic impact may occur for this		
debounce-timer duration .		
Condition: The a	bove mentioned time delay	happens whenever tunnel goes down. Now customer is
provided with the following knob to suppress the debounce-timer delay. [no] system		
tunnel suppress-debounce		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000583245	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In Network OS7.0.0		Technology: Sysmon
Release:		

Symptom: The event-handler trigger-mode options "on-first-instance" and "only-once" incorrectly allows one more execution of an action to be triggered.

Condition: Activate an event-handler with trigger-mode set to "on-first-instance" or "only-once".

Defect ID: DEFECT000583349		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Licensing	
Release:		
Symptom: In VDX6940-144S, 100G mode configuration replay fails when executing "copy <file></file>		
running-config" because DPOD license has not been reserved.		
Condition: This issue will happen only if the DPOD license has not been reserved.		
Workaround: Manually reserve the DPOD license and then run "copy <file> running-config"</file>		
Recovery: Manually reserve the DPOD license and then run "copy <file> running-config"</file>		

Defect ID: DEFECT000583626		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network	
Release:	Management Protocol	
Symptom: Error message is not thrown, if more than the maximum number of SNMP V3 users		
configured with both global and local configurations combined together.		
Condition: If the SNMP V3 users configured more than the maximum number of supported, for both		
global and local configurations combined together then the error message is not thrown.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000584215	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols
Release:		
Symptom: IEEE BPDU packets are flooded from one VF to another, in the absence of "spanning-tree		
ieee-bpdu limit-vlan-flood" configuration.		
Condition: IEEE BPDU packet are received at the ingress port of a switch configured with VFs.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000584364		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In Network OS7.0.0		Technology: Syslog
Release:		
Symptom: User can configure the user defined VRF in cluster, though the user defined VRF is not		
configured on all the RBridge's.		
Condition: In cluster though the VFR is not configured on all the RBridge's, it is allowing to configure		
syslog-server on user defined VRF.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000584668	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: IP Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: The access-list configured for the interface with "Routed" keyword may not act upon the		
traffic flows on ingress destined towards the VRRP-E VIP.		
Condition: Applicable for the traffic destined to VRRP-E Virtual-mac coming on ingress & access-list		
using "Routed" keyword.		
Workaround: The traffic flows destined towards VE MAC will not be impacted & thus hosts can be		
configured to point to VE IP address as default gateway. Alternatively, remove the		
"routed" keyword in the access-list		

Defect ID: DEFECT000584709			
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:			
Symptom: Physical or port-channel is not added back to normal VLAN in a particular sequence.			
Condition: Physical or port-channel is not added back to normal VLAN after changing a private VLAN to			
a normal VLAN on a primary VLAN			
Workaround: Delete private VLAN and create the same again instead of changing the type on a private			
VL	VLAN.		
Recovery:			

Defect ID: DEFECT000584733		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS5.0.1		Technology: Management GUI
Release:		
Symptom: Firmware downgrade from Network OS6.x to Network OS5.x using BNA display below error in BNA even though firmware download process is successful on VDX.		
Download Failed: (Unknow Error Code: 1) Other Errors: Firmware Image download reboot operation has timed out		
Condition: Firmware downgrade from Network OS6.x to Network OS5.x using BNA cause the issue.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000584922			
Technical Severity: High Probability: Medium			
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security	
Reported In Network OS6.0.2		Technology: SSH - Secure Shell	
Release:			
Symptom: Shutting Telnet server on Active and Standby partition fails			

Condition: High Availability fail over

Defect ID: DEFECT000585043			
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4+ - IPv6 Border Gateway	
Release:		Protocol	
Symptom: When multi-hop BFD session is created, default BFD interval will be shown for loopback			
interface in show BFD output			
Condition: Default BFD interval will be shown for loopback interface in show bfd output			

Defect ID: DEFECT000585337			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0		Technology: NTP - Network Time Protocol	
Release:			
Symptom: Configuring more than one NTP server with same IP address but different VRF name will always use the first VRF name in the list to sync with NTP server. Also removing one of the			
NTP server entry fails to remove it completely			
Condition: This issue is introduced as part of NTP VRF support. Issue will be seen with more than one			
NTP server with same IP address and different VRF name.			
Workaround: Remove all NTP servers and configure the desired servers again			

bility: Medium
nology Group: Management
ology: CLI - Command Line Interface

Symptom: BNA unable to discover Network OS switch, when Network OS switch is connected to a FCR.

Condition: 1. Have a setup with VCS connected to FCR

- 2. Install BNA 14.0.13. Shift to IP tab.
- 4. In Discovery dialog, add IP of one of the VCS switches and click okay.
- 5. Observe the device is not discovered and shows "Discovery Failed" message.

Defect ID: DEFECT000585422			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:			
Symptom: IPv6 traffic loss since neighbor resolution fails, as neighbor solicitation packet forward			
might fail if it is switched over VDX6940			

Condition: IPv6 traffic that ingress on a specific set of ports which are serviced by odd numbered RTEs on VDX6940 platform will not be forwarded properly.

Workaround: Use ports that are part of trunk group 3 and 4 for VDX6940-144s or Use ports that are part of trunk group 1 and 4 for VDX6940-36Q platform.

Defect ID: DEFECT000585445		
		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In Network OS7.0.0		Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: Some 40 GbE ports on VDX 6940-144S may not come online after cold boot.		
Condition: Some 40 GbE ports on VDX 6940-144S may not come online after cold boot.		
Workaround: Execute noscli command shut / no shut on the 40 GbE port to bring it online.		
Recovery: Execute noscli command shut / no shut on the 40 GbE port to bring it online.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000585634			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: VCS Fabric	
Release:			
Symptom: On consecutive reboot certain ports may be shown administratively down.			
Condition: Multiple switch reboots.			
Recovery: Enable the port to administratively up.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000585723		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: MIB walk for IP Forwarding MIB will return with an error with unnumbered interfaces.		
Condition: MIB walk of IP Forwarding MIB and has ECMP routes with unnumbered/L3 VNI interfaces		
will lead to error.		

Defect ID:	Defect ID: DEFECT000585818		
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals	
Release:			
Symptom: REST GET request fails to retrieve an empty leaf			
Condition: When 'cli-show-no' annotation is used along with the cli-run-template to customize the			
	display of an empty leaf in the 'show running config', the same might not be retrieved		
through the REST GET request.			

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Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In Network OS7.0.0		Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: VDX 6940 and 6940-144S ports may not come online after converting from 40 GbE to		
breakout mode 4 x 10 GbE.		
Condition: VDX 6940 and 6940-144S ports may not come online after converting from 40 GbE to		
breakout mode 4 x 10 GbE.		
Workaround: Execute noscli shut / no shut commands		
Recovery: Execute noscli shut / no shut commands		

Defect ID: DEFECT000585903		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: MAPS - Monitoring and Alerting	
Release:	Policy Suite	
Symptom: IPMAPS Custom policy modifications are not reflected.		
Condition: IPMAPS Custom policy modifications are not dynamically reflected.		
Workaround: Revert to default policy, and then reapply custom policy.		
Run CLI "enable policy <policy_name> actions <actions_list>" then we can re-enable the same policy to reflect the changes made. Here actions_list can be same as what was already configured.</actions_list></policy_name>		

Defect ID: DEFECT000585927		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Port Mirroring	
Release:		
Symptom: Mirrored VXLAN packets outer header was getting removed while going out on destination mirror port. This gives misleading information when validating the VXLAN mirroring. The data path traffic goes out properly but mirrored copy has the outer header stripped only in VXLAN frames.		
Condition: The VXLAN packets outer header is not handled properly and causing the stripped packet to go out on destination mirror port		
Recovery: This is not functional data path issue, but mirrored information shows wrong details.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000585960			
Technical Sever	Technical Severity: High Probability: High		
Product: Extren	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: VCS Fabric	
Release:			
Symptom: 40G Interface is administratively (or) protocol down with FFDC raslogs			

Condition: Admin operations on 40G Interface.

Recovery: Shut/no-shut both interfaces on either side of the link

Defect ID: DEFECT000585970		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: VRRPv2 - Virtual Router Redundancy	
Release:	Protocol Version 2	
Symptom: On VDX 8770 switch, maximum VRRPv2 and VRRPv3 sessions supported on an interface are		
16 in Network OS6.0.x. This limit got increased to 32 in Network OS7.0.0. Firmware		
downgrade from Network OS7.0.0 to Network OS6.0.x need to be blocked in case if mor		
that 16 sessions are present on an interface.		
Condition: Issue can be seen if more that 16 VRRPv2 and VRRPv3 sessions are configured on an		
interface and firmware is downgraded from Network OS7.0.0 to Network OS6.0.x. In this		
case only 16 sessions will get enabled and rest will be disabled.		
Workaround: As a workaround user should delete/unconfigure more than 16 VRRPv2/VRRPv3 session		
present on an interface in Network OS7.0.0 before downgrading it to Network OS6.0.x.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000586001	
Technical Severity: High Probability: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: IPv4 DHCP relay packets forwarded through a VxLAN tunnel is trapped but not forwarded		
unless ARP is forcefully resolved.		
Condition: Running DHCP Relay in IP Fabric EVPN.		
Workaround: Resolve ARP forcefully.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000586125		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS Tech		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: ISL between VDX8770 and VDX6940 could be flapping continuously.		
Condition: One side of the link connects to VDX8770 from VDX 6940		
Workaround: Toggle the flapping ISL link by doing "shutdown" and "no shutdown" of the ports.		

Defect ID: DEFE	ECT000586178		
Technical Severity: Medium Probability: Medium			
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:			

Symptom: Non-existent port-channel shows up in "show fcoe interface ethernet"

Condition: 1. Create a port-channel

2. Add members to it and make it fcoe-provisioned

3. Delete the port-channel

Workaround: Remove FCOE provisioning from port-channel before deleting it

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000586205	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Syslog
Release:		
Symptom: Syslog server not working via inband under def-vrf, mgmtvrf and user-vrf, all having		
different IP address		
Condition: Configure inband under def-vrf, mgmtvrf and user-vrf for syslog server.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000586230		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: AMPP - Automatic Migration of Port
Release:		Profiles
Symptom: System goes for unexpected reboot		
Condition: More than 8000 profiled and non-profiled mac addresses are learnt on profiled port and all		
these flows are moving across the ports.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000586252	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		
Symptom: Physical or port-channel is not added back to normal VLAN in a particular sequence.		
Condition: Physical or port-channel is not added back to normal VLAN after changing a private VLAN to		
a normal VLAN on a primary VLAN.		
Workaround: Delete private VLAN and create the same again instead of changing the type on a private		
VLAN.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000586577			
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Multi-VRF	
Release:			
Symptom: VDX:	switch can go for unexpected r	reload after configuring no vrf.	
Condition: If static route leaks exist in system and we configure "no vrf" command.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000586614			
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low		
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching		
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN		
Release:			
Symptom: 100G port-channel displays some junk values after HA failover some times.			
Condition: 100G port-channel may not show proper statistics after HA failover.			
Workaround: .Clear the counters on 100G port-channel.			
Recovery: .shut/no-shut on port-channel followed by clearing counters.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000586638		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: VDX6740 and VDX6740-T are unable to transmit control plane traffic.		
As a side effect, "Fabric Hello Timeout: Inter-switch Frame Delivery problem" may be seen		
in any of the nodes in the VCS cluster		
Condition: ISSU or HA failover on VDX6740 or VDX6740-T		
Workaround: Perform another HA Failover from the Network OSCLI		

Defect ID: DEFECT000586771			
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals	
Release:			
Symptom: Secondary to primary association fails in a particular sequence.			
Condition: Cannot associate secondary vlan to primary vlan, once its type is changed from community			
to isolated or vice versa.			
Workaround: Delete secondary vlan, create, configure secondary type and associate again.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000586852		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme	Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: Chassis enable may fails after ISSU followed by chassis disable in a scaled environment.		
Condition: Chassis enable fails sometimes in a scaled environment with ISSU followed by chassis		
disable because of slow responding clients.		
Workaround: Not to try ISSU followed by chassis disable/enable		
Recovery: Reload the switch		

Defect ID: DEFECT000586856	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low

Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4+ - IPv6 Border Gateway
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: BGP	add path is not showing up all the	4 available paths.
Condition: Sometimes when the RR is reloaded the BGP add path is not showing up all the 4 available		BGP add path is not showing up all the 4 available
path	S.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000586891		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: The CLI command 'show debug ipv6 nd' is not provided to the user		
Condition: When the user tries to issue the CLI command 'show debug ipv6 nd' he won't see an option		
for 'nd'		

Defect ID: DEFECT000586973			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: LDAP - Lightweight Directory Access	
Release:		Protocol	
Symptom: LDAP authentication is not working			
Condition: LDAP authenticaion is not working via inband deafult and non-default-vrf			

Defect ID: DEFECT000587139			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Metro VCS	
Release:			
Symptom: During VDX6940-144S switch bootup, FFDC core is seen.			
Condition: Slow processing of switch during bootup stage leads to core file generation.			
Workaround: Reload the switch again.			

Defect ID:	Defect ID: DEFECT000587154			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low		
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS		
Reported In	Network OS4.1.3	Technology: Logical Chassis		
Release:				
Symptom: Switch may reload when BNA queries with get-config when the config is large OR when I				
ŗ	polls at an aggressive rate (not configured for lazy-polling).			
Condition: Issue can happen when BNA does get-config for large cluster which has more than 4500+				
interface config OR when BNA is polls aggressively.				

Workaround: Please do not use BNA if the cluster is large (with 4200+ interfaces) & ensure it is configured with lazy-polling

Defect ID: DEFECT000587170			
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:			
Symptom: Continuous occurrence of ECC correctable errors			
Condition: This is very rare scenario to occur.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000587208		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: RAS - Reliability, Availability, and
Release: Serviceability		
Symptom: An unexpected reboot of Dcmd might occur while collecting support-save data in a scenario where OSPFv2 config on Loopback interface is missing from protocol while config present in running config		
Condition: collecting support-save while OSPFv2 config on Loopback interface is missing from protocol although config is present in running config		
Workaround: Remove Loopback interface and collect support-save		

Defect ID: DEFECT000587276		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: Hardware Monitoring
Release:		
Symptom: Blocked or stopped fan units may not show up as faulty.		
Condition: This was a defect in the original release of this product.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000587380		
Technical Severity: Low	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS6.0.1	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface	
Release:		
Symptom: "no snmp trap link-status" does not show up in show running config after executing it		
under an interface level.		
Condition: "no snmp trap link-status" under interface is enhanced and it got missed to keep the same		
in running config.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000587419	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring

Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Syslog
Release:		
Symptom: Ipv6 syslog-server not working via inband def-vrf and user-vrf. When multiple server		
configured as default-vrf or user-defined vrf.		
Condition: Was deferred from 7.0.0 but fixed in 7.0.1.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000587463			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade	
Release:			
Symptom: At time of Firmwaredownload, the switch may fail to come back to an online state			
Condition: Issue can happen when the inetd file needs to be updated with a large configuration			
change			
Recovery: An additional reload will recover the switch.			

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000587615	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: The SNMP V3 traps may not be received for the SNMP v3 host recipients configured under RBridge mode.		
Condition: The trap may not be received after upgrade from Network OS6.0.1a to Network OS7.0.0 with cold boot option		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000587617	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: Static leaked VRF route can not be imported into BGP RIB-IN and can't advertise via		
eBGP/iBGP using network/static command.		
Condition: Advertise static leaked VRF route via BGP.		
Workaround: Use "redistribute static" command to leak the static VRF route into BGP RIB-IN and ther		
can advertise it via eBGP/iBGP.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000587637	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: NETCONF - Network Configuration
Release:		Protocol

Symptom: Netconf RPC "get-interface-detail" does not provide physical interfaces details. It provides only port-channel details.

Condition: This issue will happen only when number of port-channels configured are equal to or more than 70. If number of port-channels are less than 70, this issue will not be encountered.

Workaround: Total number of port-channels configured should be less than 70.

Recovery: If total number of port-channels configured are exceeding 70, delete few port-channels to reduce the total count to be less than 70.

Defect ID: DEFECT000587654		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In No	etwork OS7.0.0	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
Release:		
Symptom: The ECMP configuration in the hardware profile shows incorrect values.		
Condition: This will only happen when a user changes both route-table profile type and maximum-		
path at the same time using the hardware-profile command		
Workaround: The user can change the route-table profile type and maximum-path one at a time.		
Recovery: The user can re-run the hardware-profile command to set the maximum-path with the		
correct value.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000587704		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: Traffic is not being forwarded and a member of lag shows up on one side and but show lag/negotiation failed on other side even though the link is shown in LLDP neighbor.		
Condition: LAG hasat least two members and after performing ISSU/reboot sometimes member port goes into LAG negotiating/failed.		
Recovery: Shut./no shut on the member port/LAG.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000587767		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: Possible for Edge port interfaces to stay inactive after chassis enable command.		
Condition: This issue can occur in releases prior to Network OS 7.0. If multiple attempts to issue the		
chassis enable command is failed and the command is retried, it is possible that the		
configuration replay will be blocked after the chassis enable succeeds.		
Recovery: Issue chassis disable then chassis enable.		

Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: IP Fabric
Release:		
Symptom: Even	Symptom: Even though there are no matching EVPN import route-targets configured under VRF,	
imported EVPN routes are present in BGP VRF table.		
Condition: EVPN import route-target(s) is/are removed while matching routes are present in BGP-		
EVPN and imported into BGP VRF table.		
Workaround: Issuing "clear bgp evpn neighbors all soft in" command should cleanup the routes which		
are still imported in BGP VRF instance after matching EVPN import route-targets are		
removed.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000587828	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer
Reported In Network OS7.	.0.0 Technology: BFD - BiDirectional Forwarding
Release:	Detection
Symptom: BFD Session on a tunnel interface, could go down when one of the egress vLAG member node is disabled.	
Condition: This issue could occur only if the underlay egress interface of the tunnel is a vLAG interface and also the vLAG membership exists only in remote RBridge(s), i.e., vLAG membership not exists in RBridges doing tunnel termination.	
Recovery: Disabling and re-enabling of the complete vLAG interface will bring up the BFD session.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000587925		
Technical Severit	t y: High	Probability: High
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS5.0.2		Technology: FCoE - Fibre Channel over Ethernet
Release:		
Symptom: Syslog daemon generates a silent core file as it is restarted to reload configuration. There is		
no crash or loss of traffic in this case.		
Condition: Defect exists in previous releases of Network OS. Core file is generated due to SIGTERM		
signal received by syslog instead of SIGHUP.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000587984		
Technical Severi		Probability: High
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: VDX6940-144S 100GbE port may not come online after fastboot in Network OS release		
7.0.0	•	
Condition: VDX6940-144S 100GbE port may not come online after fastboot Network OS release 7.0.0.		

Workaround: "shut" then "no shut" the 100GbE port to bring it online.

Recovery: "shut" then "no shut" the 100GbE port to bring it online.

Defect ID: DEFECT000588001		
Technical Severi	ty: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	ie Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: AMPP - Automatic Migration of Port
Release:		Profiles
Symptom: Traffi	c may flood though the sour	ce mac was seen behind profiled port
Condition: Port-profile is configured on a VLAG and 'clear-mac-address table' command is executed		
more than 10 times in short interval.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588041		
Technical Severit	ty: High	Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BFD - BiDirectional Forwarding
Release:		Detection
Symptom: BFD session state for tunnels do not come up		
Condition: When tunnel toggles on one RBridge (which has least RBridge ID) in the VTEP, BFD session		
state will not come up for that tunnel.		
Workaround: It is recommended to remove and add the RB-X in overlay gateway configuration.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588062		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open Shortest Path	
Release:	First	
Symptom: OSPFv6 is not coming up when IPSEC authentication is configured on the peers but inbound and outbound are not updated with IPsec authentication value.		
Condition: IPsec authentication to be configured on the switch over OSPFv3. When IPsec authentication key is configured, it will take key roll-over time for the key to get updated on the box.		
Workaround: The neighbor ship will automatically come up after the key rollover time		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588178		
Technical Severi	Technical Severity: High Probability: High	
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: Interface remains protocol down after speed change		
Condition: speed change config performed on an interface which is not in protocol up state.		

Recovery: shut/no-shut the interface

Defect ID: DEFECT000588190		
Technical Severity	/: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In Network OS7.0.0		Technology: IP Fabric
Release:		
Symptom: Aggregate route(s) configured under BGP VRF instance are not exported into BGP-EVPN.		
Condition: BGP VRF address-family is removed and added back.		
Workaround: Remove the aggregate route configuration under BGP VRF instance and configure it		
aga	in.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000588238		
Technical Sever	ity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extren	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: 'Invalid value' error is thrown for 'vni add' command under 'rbridge-id evpn-instance' mode		
Condition: Configure 'vni add' command under 'rbridge-id evpn-instance' mode. If the value falls in		
10000000-15999999 range.		
Workaround: 1. Use a VNI range in 'vni add' command that is less than 10000000-15999999.		
2. Use 'vni <vni-number>' CLI under 'rbridge-id evpn-instance' mode.</vni-number>		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588241		
Technical Severity	: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS7.0.0		Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		
Symptom: breakout lane 1 will not go admin down with incompatible media		
Condition: A QSFP28 media is present in the cage when breakout is configured.		
Workaround: Remove the QSFP28 media from the cage before executing the breakout CLI.		
Recovery: Manually 'shut' first lane on the cage.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588265		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Management GUI
Release:		
Symptom: Gradual increase of memory for process DCMd when REST requests are sent continuously		
for a long period of time.		
Condition: Continuous REST requests are sent to the switch to retrieve operational information such as		
'show interface', 'show running-config', etc.		

Recovery: If standby management module is available, please perform HA failover when DCMd memory consumption crosses 600MB..

Defect ID: DEFECT000588323		
Technical Severity: Critical		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: Switchport configuration may fails in a particular sequence.		
Condition: After having a L3 configuration on a physical interface and upgrading to a particular build mentioned in the defect description switchport configuration may fails.		
Workaround: Save and reboot with default configuration.		
Recovery:		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000588333	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: Switch	th will go for an unexpected reload	when trying to enter into RBridge ID context in
configuration mode.		
Condition: if any special character other than " - " or "," is given for specifying the range of RBridge ID		
will cause and exception and will trigger switch reload.		
E.g. : rbrdige 9*1		
Workaround: For specifying the RBridge ID range, use only '-' or ',' and do not use other special		
ch	characters	

Defect ID: DEFECT000588451			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:			
Symptom: IPv6 traffic may not forward when it received on tunnel			
Condition: When bigger VNI like 10000000 configured as I3vni			

Defect ID: DEFECT000588463		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: For IPv6/v4 Virtual-IP Address stops responding to pings after protocol change from VRRP		
to VRRP-E.		

Condition: Protocol is changed from VRRP to VRRP-E with some enabled sessions, and vice-versa. **Recovery:** Reload system.

Defect ID: DEFECT000588519		
Technical Severity: Medium		robability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		echnology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS6	5.0.1 Te	echnology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
Release:		
Symptom: When the RBridge responsible for Multicast distribution over VXLAN Tunnels is powered off, there is a multi-second delay before the multicast stream changes to the standby RBridge.		
Condition: Issue when the RBridge responsible for multicast distribution is powered off or the ISL cables are physically disconnected.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588610			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer	
Reported In Release:	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Multi-VRF	
Symptom: On removing VRF, clean up of ipv4 prefixes from EVPN database may lead to unexpected restart of routing component (ribmgr daemon)			
Condition: Removing VRF in a controller less IP Fabric environment			

Defect ID: DEFECT000588644			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:			
Symptom: Unwanted message on the console.			
Condition: When removing VLAN's under port-channel or under overlay.			
Recovery:			

Defect ID: DEFECT000588647			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: AAA - Authentication, Authorization,	
Release:		and Accounting	
Symptom: Allocated memory is not freed while log-in to the switch via web browser			
Condition: Login to the switch using web browser			

Defect ID: DEFECT000588730	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium

Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: NETCONF - Network Configuration
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: When querying the VDX netconf server an invalid yang model "ietf-netconf-notificati		erver an invalid yang model "ietf-netconf-notifications-
ann" is advertised.		
Condition: This issue will show up when trying to view the mounted netconf capabilities for a VDX		
mounted with Extreme SDN Controller (BSC).		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588764		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: LAG - Link Aggregation Group
Release:		
Symptom: Error RASLOG related to vLAGs is issued erroneously. The RASLOG indicates vLAG that		
spans RBridges is connected to different end devices. The raslog is issued on RBridges that		
are not connected to the vLAG and only occurs when running in new vlag-commit-mode		
disable configuration.		
Condition: Can occur when change vlag-commit-mode to disable when there are a large number of		
active vLAGs.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588822		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: TRILL - Transparent Interconnection
Release:		of Lots of Links
Symptom: An ISL (Inter Switch Link) flap is seen on VDX6940.		
Condition: This can be seen due to un-handled internal memory parity error interrupts.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588823		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: IGMP - Internet Group Management	
Release:	Protocol	
Symptom: MCASTSS process termination may be seen in standby partition of VDX8770-8.		
Condition: When lag or tunnel is configured on active and standby MM has just come up. When active		
MM sends a LAG dump, the standby may see MCASTSS process termination.		
Workaround: LAG configuration should not be done before send dump is complete.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588837		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extren	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		

Symptom: when min-link value is equal to number of online uplinks, the downlink will go lst down.

Condition: When min-link configured is equal or greater than the number of online uplinks.

Workaround: Config min-link with one less than the number of online uplinks

Recovery: Removing min-link config will bring the downlink online.

Defect ID: DEFE	Defect ID: DEFECT000588918		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: VCS Fabric	
Release:			

Condition: When high rate of TFTP ip_directed broadcast packets are sent destined to known subnets.

Defect ID: DEFECT000589277		
Technical Severi	ty: Medium	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: VLAN is unprovisioned by BGP in the case of unexpected flapping of IMR EVPN routes from		
the peer node.		
Condition: Tunnel discovery option is enabled in BGP EVPN address-family.		
Workaround: Delete and re-create the provisioned VLAN.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000589286		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: UDLD - Uni-Directional Link Detection
Release:		
Symptom: Link of 1G Copper SFP comes up too early during the power-cycle on VDX 6940-144S		
Condition: Power-cycle on VDX 6940-144S with 1G Copper SFP		

IDETECT ID: 1)FFF(.1000589893	Defect ID:	DEFECT000589893
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Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Hardware Monitoring
Release:		
Symptom: Request for Enhancement to optimize the fan speed to achieve better temperature		
distribution for the VDX 6740T & VDX6740T-1G switches		
Condition: Applies only to the VDX6740-T-R & VDX6740T-1G-R switches running port-side exhaust fans		

Defect ID: DEFECT000589911		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In Network OS5.0.2 Technology: VCS Fabric		Technology: VCS Fabric
Release:		
Symptom: Data loss is seen when an ISL port is flapped in a VCS that is employing VXLAN to connect to		
the remote data center VCS fabric.		
Condition: Flapping ISL link in a VCS fabric connecting to remote data center network using		
VXLAN/VTEP technology, would incur 1 to 2 seconds of data loss.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000589967		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: IP Multicast
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: IGMP - Internet Group Management
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: error message seen on console while trying to configure Query-Interval on L3 physical		
interface Or PO. The queries will be generated at default time interval = 125 sec.		
Condition: This issue is seen when user try to configure Query-Interval on PO/Physical interface being		
in shut state. The config will not be applied as long as interface is in "protocol-down state"		
Workaround: Customer should bring the interface in "protocol up" state before applying Query-		
Interval config. Once the interface is up, Config will succeed.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000590101		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:		
Symptom: Configuring remote-as or configuring "neighbor x.x.x.x capability additional path" under		
BGP VRF instance using Netconf can cause unexpected reload.		
Condition: When using Netconf to configure remote-as or configuring "neighbor x.x.x.x capability		
additional path" under the VRF instance and BGP VRF instance is not present then can		
cause unexpected reload.		
Workaround: For any configuration under BGP VRF instance using Netconf first configure BGP VRF		
instance then configure under BGP VRF instance.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000590108		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
Reported In Release:	Network OS4.1.3	Technology: IP Addressing
Symptom: ACL may not work as expected		
Condition: ACL rule configured with /8 (255.0.0.0) mask		
Workaround: Need to apply the specific ACL		

Defect ID: DEFECT000590465		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		
Symptom: channel-group configurations for port-channel member interfaces are lost upon reload.		
Condition: VDX replays configuration through file [startup-config] when configuration has been		
defaulted and it causes channel-group configuration lost.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000590478		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: IP Multicast
Reported In Network OS5.0.2		Technology: IPv4 Multicast Routing
Release:		
Symptom: mcasgt process termination		
Condition: The issue is seen when multicast routes are added and deleted from the system, which		
leaves some amount of memory leak, which grows over time and causes a system crash.		
Workaround: Yes		

Defect ID: DEFECT000590517		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN	
Release:		
Symptom: VLAN flooding on a tunnel will not work.		
Condition: VLAN flooding on the tunnel will not work.		
Workaround: Run the following command - "tunnel replicator bum-VLANs redistribute" in exec mode		
of Network OSCLI.		
Recovery: VLAN's will be distributed to the available SN tunnels.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000590808	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management

Reported I	n Network OS7.0.1	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom:	Hidden commands under debug and fosc	md hide group were not shown as part of show
	running config even after unhiding and co	onfiguring them. Even the copy running to file was
	not having the configuration after copy c	ommand was executed after unhiding.
Condition:	Config commands under hide group "deb	oug" and "foscmd" have to be executed after
	unhiding respective hide group. Post this	, executing "show running config" will not show
	these unhiden configurations.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000591179		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS4.1.3	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: VDX incorrectly sends packets as untagged over trunk port.		
Condition: Network OS4.1.3b can hit the issue.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000591223		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS6.0.1	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network	
Release:	Management Protocol	
Symptom: This is an enhancement that introduces a new CLI under rbridge-id sub-mode to configure the behavior of some IF-MIB attributes: ifName and ifDescr. If this knob is configured to 3-tuple, then the above 2 objects will be of 3-tuple format. Else, they will be of 2-tuple format. These 2 attributes will also be in the same format during Link Up/Down Trap generation.		
Condition: This is applicable only for ifName and ifDescr attributes of IF MIB and the linkUp/Down		
traps.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000591225		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: RAS - Reliability, Availability, and
Release:		Serviceability
Symptom: SNMP IP ACL config mismatch between the Frontend & Backend database.		
Condition: Reload with default config will retain the IP ACL data for SNMP community string.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000591256	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
Release:		

Symptom: ECMP paths through some VE interfaces might not be calculated in a multi node scenario consisting of VLAGs after Port-channel flap.

Condition: This issue can happen when a self originated max-age network LSA is received after Portchannel flap and there is a delay in reforming OSPFv2 adjacency among VLAG end points causing the network LSA to contain only one of the neighbor info for some time.

Workaround: Issue "no shutdown" of port-channel interface after neighbor nodes have flushed the max-age Network LSA.

Recovery: Issue "shutdown/no-shutdown" on VE interfaces which are missing in the ECMP nexthop list. Also can be recovered by issuing "clear ip ospf all".

Defect ID: DEFECT000591616		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Netw	ork OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In Ne	twork OS7.0.1	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: Switch goes for an unexpected reload with the REST request.		
Condition: When the switch is pounded with the REST requests from multiple concurrent sessions		
simultaneously and continuously over a long period of time.		
Workaround: As far as possible, send REST requests to configure the switch from one session only.		
Multiple sessions can be used for retrieving information from the switch with GET		
requests.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000591700		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Traffic Management
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: QoS - Quality of Service
Release:		
Symptom: BUM traffic has higher latency compare to data traffic.		
Condition: BUM traffic use store and forward method and data traffic use cut through method.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000592128		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: IP Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: Software Fault: A rare memory corruption issue in the tty driver caused Kernel Panic and rebooting of the switch.		
Condition: The issue was introduced in the 2.6.34 kernel and the same was addressed by a open source fix in the tty driver.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000592256	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric

Reported In	Network OS4.1.3	Technology: VCS Fabric	
Release:			
Symptom: Downlink ports take long time to come online with the latest FW (10.6) of Hitachi 520X blade LOM.			
Condition: The issue was introduced after the FW upgrade of Hitachi 520X blade LOM.			
Recovery: Upgrade to the new Network OS version.			

Defect ID: DEF	ECT000592398		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extre	ne Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:			
Symptom: During multi-cast tree formation, a RBridge with a configured root priority level may not take effect for the tree's formation. Instead, the configured RBridge behaves as though it has a default or lowest priority configuration. However, when displaying the running configuration, it shows the expected tree root priority configuration. Condition: Following an operation where a RBridge boots up with a default configuration, and then downloads it's configuration from the active cluster, a non-default setting for the RBridge's multi-cast root priority may not take affect. This may happen such as after a 'vcs replace' operation.			
cast then setti	Recovery: Rebooting the affected node forces it to refresh the effective priority value for the multicast tree root priority. Alternatively, explicitly changing the priority to a different value and then setting it back to the original desired value causes the priority to be updated. However setting the root priority to a different value may affect the multi-cast tree formation depending on the temporary priority specified.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000592617		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In Network OS5.0.2	Technology: xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols	
Release:		
Symptom: IEEE BPDU Local VLAN tunnel CLI allowed to be configured when protocol spanning tree is		
already configured or vice versa.		
Condition: When both STP protocol and IEEE BPDU Local VLAN tunnel CLI are enabled at the same		
time.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000592647		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS5.0.1		Technology: NTP - Network Time Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: Timezone set might fail		
Condition: Particular timezone related files got corrupted. It is very rare scenario to hit.		
Recovery: Delete the failed timezone file under /usr/share/zoneinfo/ .		

Configure the timezone .

Defect ID: DEFECT000592669			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported I	n Network OS7.0.0	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First	
Release:			
Symptom:	Symptom: "[no]bfd-shutdown" and "bfd-interval<>" commands are not available under port-channe		
	interfaces.		
Condition:	Condition: Unable to configure BFD commands on L3 port-channel		

Defect ID: DEFECT000592874		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Hardware Monitoring
Release:		
Symptom: In very rare scenario they can observe interface flap		
Condition: Due to excessive symbol errors		

Defect ID: DEFECT000593245		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS6.0.	.2 Technology: Multi-VRF	
Release:		
Symptom: Ping Round-Trip-Times fluctuate between 4 and 16 ms.		
Condition: Happens in 6.0.2a and later releases.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000593285			
Delect ID. DELLE	Defect ID. DEFECT0000393283		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS4.1.3	Technology: Static Routing (IPv4)	
Release:			
Symptom: Move Ethernet cable from one VDX to another which causes the PC to loose connectivity.			
Condition: Moving management eth cables between VDX can cause the issue.			
Recovery: Clear mac-address-table will recover the condition.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000593611		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In Network OS7.0.1		Technology: MAPS - Monitoring and Alerting
Release:		Policy Suite

Symptom: While deleting policy with REST API, actually it is success but an error was thrown. It has been fixed and check-in.Condition: While deleting policy with REST API, actually it is success but an error was thrown. It has been fixed and check-in.

Defect ID: DEFECT000593960			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network	
Release:		Management Protocol	
Symptom: With 3-t	Symptom: With 3-tuple format configured for ifDescr and ifName, the linkUp/Down traps generated		
still contain ifDescr var-bind in 2-tuple format.			
Condition: This is related to ifDescr var-bind in the linkUp/Down trap only.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000594223		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade
Release:		
Symptom: TFTP server/service was enabled by default.		
Condition: Any device from outside can try to connect VDX using TFTP and VDX burn its resources		
unnecessary.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000594682		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security
Reported In Network OS6.0.2		Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:		
Symptom: SNMP walk failure in some scenarios.		
Condition: Creating IP ACL with sequence id as 0 causes this issue.		
Workaround: Avoid using sequence id 0 while creating IP ACL.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000594815		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS6.0.1		Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: The e	xecution of command "show v	lan brief" will cause the box to reboot.
Condition: This issue may be seen when all the following conditions are met.		
1. There are more than 40 nodes in a Logical Chassis.		
2. VFAB is enabled on the cluster.		
3. There are 10 VLAN's configured.		
4. There are more than 1000 ports configured on each VLAN.		
5. show-vlan-brief was executed.		

Workaround: Instead of "show vlan brief", the user can execute "show interface trunk" to check the vlan-port configurations.

Defect ID: DEFECT	000594819	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
Release:		
Symptom: Switch can experience an unexpected reload with HSL kernel backtrace.		
Condition: When VXLAN tunnels are deleted and then added again.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000594867		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS6.0.2 Tech		Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
Release:		
Symptom: Ingress policers not limiting traffic on VDX6740.		
Condition: Ingress policers do not work correctly when traffic needs to be encapsulated for example		
heading into a VxLAN tunnel.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000595049		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Access Gateway	
Release:		
Symptom: If Access Gateway (AG) configuration commands are executed through REST API interface,		
even though command is successfully executed, HTTP error will be reported.		
Condition: This is cosmetic error issue due to different return code used in access gateway.		
Recovery: This is not actual error. Command will be executed successfully. Check the running config to		
confirm the command.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000595071		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS4.1.3 Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN		Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: 'show interface trunk' won't display proper VLAN information in output.		
Condition: If 'switchport trunk native-vlan' configured above 2047 and there is no VLAN configured		
below 2047.		
Workaround: Configure at least one VLAN below 2047 & associate with any physical interface.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000595233	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VPN

Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: EVPN - Ethernet VPN	
Release:			
	ry rare scenarios after ISSU u nated traffic	upgrade traffic drops may be observed for Tunnel	
Condition: ISSU	upgrade is a necessary condi	lition for this issue. But not all ISSU upgrades will results in	
this is	ssue		
Workaround: Perform disruptive firmware upgrades that involve reboots			
Recovery: Reboo	Recovery: Rebooting the switch will recover the system.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000595395		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: DHCP - Dynamic Host Configuration
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: IP DHCP Relay is not working properly when enabled on VRRP-E master interface		
Condition: Operating IP DHCP Relay together with VRRP-E		
Workaround: toggle the VE interface		

Defect ID: DEFECT000595653		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: IP Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: IP Directed broadcast would not work after HA failover, but the CLI configuration may		
present.		
Condition: HA fail-over trigger the issue.		
Recovery: Reconfigure IP directed-broadcast		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000595709	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: System reloads on VDX8770.		
Condition: This occurs with 512 or more VRRP sessions enabled and "debug vrrp packets" is turned on.		
Workaround: "debug vrrp packets" should not be turned on in a scaled environment.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000595754	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer

Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: IPv6 Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: Disa	abling autoconfig (autonomous addre	ss-configuration flag) for an IPv6 prefix in Network
OS (5.0.2 has no impact on router-advert	isement.
Condition: Disa	abling autoconfig	

D-f-+ ID. DEFECT000F0F077		
Defect ID: DEFECT000595877		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Multi-VRF	
Release:		
Symptom: Unexpected reload of switch observed when removing a VRF configuration or removing		
ipv4/ipv6 address family configuration of a VRF.		
Condition: When a custom VRF is unconfigured or IPv4/IPv6 address family of a VRF is unconfigured,		
switch will be reloaded.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000595980		
Technical Severity: High Probability: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In Network OS6.0.2		Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: When tunnel tagged-ieee-bpdu is enabled on any of the interface, protocol spanning-tree is		
allowed to be configured.		
Condition: Tunnel tagged-ieee-bpdu configured before configuring protocol spanning tree.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000596257		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS6.0.2		Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade
Release:		
Symptom: After reload, though the uplink interface is down, the downlink tracking interface is still up.		
Condition: All the downlinks interface are brought up, irrespective of the uplink interface state after		
	reboot.	

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000596280	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: IP Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: Unable to delete an ACL.		
Condition: When ACL is associated to the management interface of one or more switches in the VCS		
and the switch gets removed from VCS.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000596480		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals	
Release:		
Symptom: On execution of CLI "track remove all" co	mplete Link State Tracking (LST) configuration	
should get removed from a port. In case of port-channel interface protocol daemon is not		
clearing the LST configuration hence it is displayed in output of show command.		
Condition: Execution of "track remove all" CLI for a port-channel interface for which Link State		
Tracking (LST) configuration is present.		
Workaround: As a workaround user can remove the configuration one by one by executing respective		
'no' CLIs.		

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Defect ID: DEFE	C1000596496	
Technical Severi	ty: High	Probability: High
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: Protocol spanning-tree configuration will not be allowed even after removing the		
"spanning-tree ieee-bpdu limit-vlan-flood" and "tunnel tagged-ieee-bpdu" configuration.		
Condition: When all the switches in the VCS are configured with "spanning-tree ieee-bpdu limit-vlan-		
flood" and one or more switches are removed from VCS.		
Recovery: Copy running configuration to remote. Reload the switch with default configuration and		
copy back the running configuration.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000596708		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS7.0.1		Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: Unicast frame counter maybe displayed incorrectly while there are Multicast and Broadcast		
traffic concurrently.		
Condition: This is due to HW implementation of the statistics counters.		
Counters are displayed correctly once traffic is idle.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000596720		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS6.0.2		Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: When IPv6 nd prefix is configured with a prefix flag(no-autoconfig/no-onlink/offlink)		
enabled and if the same prefix is updated later with different lifetime values, then the		
already configured prefix flag will not be present in the running configuration of that prefix.		

Condition: This issue happens when an IPv6 prefix configuration is updated with lifetime values provided a prefix flag(no-autoconfig/no-onlink/offlink) was already configured.

Workaround: NA

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000596781	
Technical Severity: Medium Probability: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: IPv6 Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: Lifetime configuration value of VE interface IPv6 nd prefix is reset to infinite.		
Condition: Doing "shutdown" and "no shutdown" configuration on the VE interface		

Defect ID: DEFECT000596868		
Technical Severi	ty: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS7.0.1		Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: The global MTU value cannot be deleted through REST API.		
Condition: Issue happens when the user tries to delete the global mtu using the DELETE request		
through the REST interface.		
Workaround: Using the PATCH request with the default value as a work around. The effect of this is		
same as deleting the config.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000596932		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS5.0.1 Technology: LAG - Link Aggregation Group		Technology: LAG - Link Aggregation Group
Release:		
Symptom: Interfaces may not join into Dynamic LAG.		
Condition: Static lag creation before dynamic LAG.		
Workaround: Configuring dynamic LAG first and then static		
Recovery: Delete the static LAGs and re-add the same.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000597053		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In Network OS5.0.1 Technology: VCS Fabric		Technology: VCS Fabric
Release:		
Symptom: In rare scenario, VDX can send packets with TTL=0. Which can cause the connectivity issues		
Condition: VxLAN packets terminated on VDX6940 & BUM forwarder on other ISL partner.		
Recovery: Configure static MAC address for the specific IP address.		

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Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
Release:		
Symptom: Under rare scenarios of leaking routes between VRF's, the switch may get reloaded due to		
"tern	nination of process ribmgr"	
Condition: When leaking routes from one VRF to another & presence of those same routes in tar		
VRF as connected routes.		
Workaround: Reconfigure to avoid leaking routes between VRF's OR ensure that the leaked routes are		
no	ot present in target VRF as loca	al routes.

Defect ID: DEFECT000597782		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS6.0.2 Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN		Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: The management MAC and one of the VE MACs may conflict.		
Condition: This is a software defect that has affected the VDX6940-36Q and VDX6940-144S since their		
release.		

Defect ID:	Defect ID: DEFECT000597954		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low	
Product: Ex	treme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:			
Symptom: MAC routes are dampened at lesser number of moves than the max-moves threshold			
configured			
Condition: 1. 2-Node VCS leaf in the topology with a misconfiguration of having different AS numbers			
	on the rbridges belonging to the same VCS.		
2. Mac move happening between a 2 node VCS leaf and any other leaf			

Defect ID: DEFECT000598328		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:		
Symptom: when switch is warm recovered (failover state), there may be traffic impact on some		
tunnels. tunnel traffic may not get terminated, and there will be traffic loss.		
Condition: warm recovery may cause it under heavy load conditions.		
it doesn't happen always, but likelihood of happening is more under heavy loaded setu		
Workaround: cold reboot is needed to recover,		

Recovery: powercycle the switch

Defect ID: DEFE	Defect ID: DEFECT000598345		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Traffic Management	
Reported In	Network OS5.0.0	Technology: Rate Limiting and Shaping	
Release:			
Symptom: slow learning of hosts ARP entries in 6740 platform			
Condition: In rare scenarios when there is a sudden burst of routed traffic.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000598508		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
Release:		
Symptom: VxLAN tunnel unexpectedly went down and did not recover resulting in a ping loss between		
end hosts even though tunnel was up on other participating RBs in the fabric.		
Condition: One of the VxLAN tunnel endpoint RBridge is rebooted.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000598524		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Traffic Management
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: Rate Limiting and Shaping
Release:		
Symptom: rte_cap_acl debug tool won't work for 6940 platforms		
Condition: Enable the rte_cap_acl tool support for 6940 platforms		

Defect ID: DEFE	СТ000598641	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
Release:		
Symptom: Customer might experience unexpected reload of the system.		
Condition: This is seen on updating certain set of configuration,		

Defect ID: DEFECT000598657		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: SSH - Secure Shell
Release:		
Symptom: Unexpected reload.		
Condition: Rare scenario where remote host IP becomes NULL.		

Defect	ID.	DEFECT	00059	ጻհհጓ
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Technical So	everity: Medium	Probability: Low		
Product: E>	xtreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring		
Reported Ir	n Network OS5.0.2	Technology: RAS - Reliability, Availability, and		
Release:		Serviceability		
Symptom: DCMd daemon terminated and sudden reload occurred.				
Condition:	Condition: If customer has big cluster and actively executing CLI commands through script or			
monitoring tools [BNA] then Principal node receives too many message to handle and it hit				
1	this issue.			
Workaroun	d: Please reduce any command execution	n frequency.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000598878		
Technical Severi	ty: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals	
Release:			
Symptom: A stale default-route gets applied in the running configuration of the secondary nodes in			
cluster environment during configuration replay.			
Condition: The issue arises when secondary nodes disconnect and re-join the cluster provided DHCP is			
enab	led.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000598972		
Technical Severi	ty: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface	
Release:			
Symptom: Switch	h might go for an unexpected reloa	d when any configuration update is performed on	
a ran	ge of interfaces.		
Condition: On a large cluster with scaled up configurations, performing any configuration on a range o			
interfaces by entering into interface range sub-mode might cause switch to run out of			
memory and thereby causing it to reload.			
Workaround: Required configuration update can be made on individual interfaces one at a time			
in	instead of performing it on a range of interfaces. Configuration update on multiple		
interfaces can still be performed by using comma (,) as separators instead of hyphen (
W	hen specifying the range.		
Fo	r ex, to shutdown interfaces 1 to 5,	use "interface te 1,2,3,4,5" instead of "interface te	
1-	5".		

Defect ID: DEFE	ECT000599289	
Technical Severi	ity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extren	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:		
	ying Access Control List (ACL's 3 minutes to enforce it.	s) with 12K rules on management interface takes more

Condition: When Access Control List (ACL's) is configured with 12K rules.

Defect ID:	Defect ID: DEFECT000599306		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low	
Product: Ex	xtreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported Ir	n Network OS7.0.1	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface	
Release:			
Symptom:	Symptom: Vrf information is missing for some interfaces while displaying output of "show ip interface		
	brief" command.		
Condition:	Condition: This issue is seen, then "show ip interface brief" is executed repeatedly in multiple		
	terminals.		
Workaround: If "show ip interface brief" executed from multiple terminals, then it not should be			
	executed too quickly. Let the command output display completed on one terminal		
	before starting on other terminal.		

Defect ID: DEFE	ECT000599778		
Technical Sever	ity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extren	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: TACACS & TACACS+	
Release:			
Symptom: LDAP/RADIUS/TACACS+ server configurations are not displayed in the same order in which			
they were added.			
Condition: 1. Configure multiple TACACS+/RADIUS/LDAP servers(max 5)			
2. Re	move few server entries		
3. Ac	ld those servers entries back		
Workaround: Re	emove all Server entries and o	configure those servers back in the desired order.	

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000599835		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: AAA - Authentication, Authorization,	
Release:		and Accounting	
Symptom: Switch with ACL policy that has 12K rules and is enforced to the management interface			
causes switch to reload			
Condition: Re-se	Condition: Re-sequence the ACL policy which has 12K rules		

Defect ID: DEFECT000599897			
Technical Severit	y: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme	e Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: Port Mirroring	
Release:			
Symptom: Control frame loss as the SPANed ARP frames trapping on intermediate node			
Condition: If we have huge ARP traffic coming on to a SPANed port which has SPAN destination in			
other RBridge			

Workaround: Make the SPAN session local to that RBridge and remove the SPAN in VCS session **Recovery:** Make the SPAN session local to that RBridge and remove the SPAN in VCS session

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000600002	
Technical Severi	ity: High	Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Metro VCS
Release:		
Symptom: When an optic is removed/ and inserted back too quickly, there is an VERIFY message on		
console that indicate due to media data reading failure.		
Condition: This VERIFY is not needed, since there is a retry to read media data. The media data will be		
succe	essful after retry in this case.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000600022			
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low		
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS		
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Metro VCS		
Release:			
Symptom: When VDX 8770 is in chassis-disabled sta	ite, the far-end 100 GbE link partners using QSFP28		
optics may see intermittent link flaps. After VDX 8770 is chassis-enabled, there is a low			
probability that the 100 GbE port may not come online.			
Condition: When VDX 8770 is in chassis-disabled state, the far-end 100 GbE link partners using QSFP28			
optics may see intermittent link flaps. A	fter VDX 8770 is chassis-enabled, there is a low		
probability that the 100 GbE port may no	ot come online.		
Recovery: Execute "shut" on 100 GbE link partner p	ort connected to VDX 8770 to stop the port from		
flapping intermittently. After the VDX 87	70 is chassis-enabled, execute "no shut" on the		
100 GbE link partner to re-enable the por	t.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000600023		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: SSH - Secure Shell	
Release:			
Symptom: Shutting SSH server on Standby partition fails			
Condition: After High Availability fail over, we may hit the issue.			

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Defect ID: DEFECT000600057		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: Switch might not rejoin the cluster when reloaded using 'fastboot' command.		
Condition: Reloading switch using 'fastboot' command on VDX6940 and VDX6740 platforms when SW1		
partition is active might lead to this issue.		

Workaround: Reload the switch using 'reload' command which is more graceful way of reloading.

Recovery: Bring the switch which failed to join the cluster to default configuration using command 'copy default-config startup-config'. On reload, switch rejoins the cluster and regains older configuration.

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000600066	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: DHCP - Dynamic Host Configuration
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: DHCP IPv4 Relay forwarded DISCOVER packet is not getting forwarded through remote le		
node in BGP-EVPN IP Fabric.		
Condition: While deploying DHCP Relay in BGP-EVPN IP Fabric.		
Recovery: Disable "conversational-arp".		

Defect ID: DEFECT000600169		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: IP MTU configuration is not working for VE interface when IP address or L3 VNI association		
is not present.		
Condition: When IP MTU is configured, it is not applied on the VE interface.		
Workaround: Configure IP MTU followed by the configuration of the IP address.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000600185	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: When VDX-8770 is in chassis-disable state, the "show media" command will not show 100		
GbE ports.		
Condition: When VDX-8770 is in chassis-disable state, the "show media" command will not show 100		
GbE ports.		
Workaround: After the chassis is enabled using "chassis enable" command, "show media" will show		
the 100 GbE ports.		
Recovery: After the chassis is enabled using "chassis enable" command, "show media" will show the		
100 GbE ports.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000600377	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low

Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: The SNMP walk may fail and SNMPV3 trap may not be received for the user configured under RBridge.		
Condition: The SNMP walk may fail and SNMPV3 trap may not be received only for the SNMPV3 user		
configured under RBridge after upgrade from 7.0.0 to 7.0.1.		
Recovery: Reconfigure the user under RBridge after the successful upgrade from 7.0.0 to 7.0.1.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000600579		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1 Release:	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN	
Symptom: Unexpected reload of switch on performing ISSU or ha-failover.		
Condition: With VxLAN tunnel and BFD configured, ISSU from any version prior to 7.0.1 may result in unexpected reload of switch.		
Workaround: Issue is fixed 7.0.1 and hence in 7.1.0 also. No workaround needed.		
Recovery: reload of switch		

Defect ID: DEFECT000600591		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: Logs are dumped on the screen, when there is a read failure on SFPs connected to the port.		
Condition: Accessing information about the SFPs inserted in the ports.		
Recovery: Disable the port and re-enable it.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000600696	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: Hardware Monitoring
Release:		
Symptom: Unab	le to run the RTE tool for CBF	R2 platform
Condition: While executing the RTE tool on CBR2 platforms.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000601145		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: IP Fabric
Release:		
Symptom: If issuing fastboot on a chassis system some modules may crash on the MM that is about to		

Symptom: If issuing fastboot on a chassis system some modules may crash on the MM that is about to reboot. This should have no impact on functionality. **Condition:** A change was made to the reboot procedures that was not propagated to fastboot on chassis systems.

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000601146	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: When user does an upgrade we may see system go down and come up with the same old		
version.		
Condition: This could happen when the ISSU notification to the standby keeps failing.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000601715	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: When copying files to/from VDX switch to TFTP server we are seeing errors when 'use-vrf'		
option is specified.		
Condition: Copying files to/from VDX switch to TFTP server.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000601917		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Multi-VRF
Release:		
Symptom: Change of MAC address of a host connected to VCS is not updated across user defined		
VRF's in ARP table.		
Condition: Incorrect MAC address will be replied for an ARP request.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000601985			
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Low		
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching		
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols		
Release:			
Symptom: VDX switches running in a VCS cluster ma	Symptom: VDX switches running in a VCS cluster may encounter CIST Spanning-tree interoperability		
problem with certain Juniper switches where BPDU's sourced by the VDX may be dropped			
by the partner.			
Condition: When VDX running in VCS cluster running distributed CIST spanning-tree & VDX switches			
are configured as spanning-tree root.			
Workaround: Change the spanning-tree root to partner switch.			

Defect ID: DEFE	Defect ID: DEFECT000602062		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management	
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: Access Gateway	
Release:			
Symptom: Console logs appear when snmpwalk is performed.			
Condition: When snmpwalk is performed for community/user associated with IPv6 ACL.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000602227		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: SNMP OID 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.1.3 displays 'No such instance' in output		
Condition: snmpwalk for SNMP OID 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.1.3		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000602239	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:		
Symptom: VDX experience unexpected reload after configuring permit statement on standard ACL		
applied to management interface.		
Condition: Configuration of permit statement on standard ACL applied to management interface.		
Workaround: NA		

Defect ID: DEFECT000602579		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS6.0.1		Technology: High Availability
Release:		
Symptom: ISSU may fail and result in standby GOS not booting up.		
Condition: This can happen in some corner case where bootenv can not be accessed during ISSU.		
Workaround: reboot the system		
Recovery: reboot the system		

Defect ID: DEFECT000602722		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		

Symptom: VDX 8770 6x100 GbE port may show RX_SYM_ERR after link is administratively flapped due to excessive mac-move detection on the port. In this case, RX_SYM_ERR will not affect traffic after link is up.

Condition: VDX 8770 6x100 GbE port may show RX_SYM_ERR after link is administratively flapped due to excessive mac-move detection on the port. In this case, RX_SYM_ERR will not affect traffic after link is up.

Workaround: RX_SYM_ERR dashboard statistics can be cleared via Network OSCLI.

Recovery: RX_SYM_ERR dashboard statistics can be cleared via Network OSCLI.

Defect ID: DEFECT000602751		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols	
Release:		
Symptom: User tries firmware downgrade and will hit error message as, User need to clean the config		
and then only downgrade can be done.		
Condition: When "system-oui" configuration is done under "protocol spanning-tree" configuration		
mode and subsequently, a downgrade is done.		
Workaround: User needs to remove the config with "no system-oui" command under "protocol		
spanning-tree" mode.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000602764		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS7.0.0		Technology: xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols
Release:		
Symptom: After spanning tree system OUI feature enabled and then disabled, the firmware downloa		
is failed.		
Condition: Doing spanning tree system OUI enable and disable. Then performing the firmware		
download.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000603443		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: LAG - Link Aggregation Group
Release:		
Symptom: Changing LACP timeout option in VDX can cause LACP PDUs to be sent at short intervals when neighboring device is cisco Nexus 7k. Changing LACP timeout option from long to short and again to long in both the devices can cause this behavior.		
Condition: LACP timeout option in VDX internally remains as short though configuration is shown as		
long.	•	

Defect ID: DEFECT000603778	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium

Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: IPv6 Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: When both "IPv6 vrrp-suppress-interface-ra" and "IPv6 VRRP VIP" are configured the IPv6		
RA response to the IPv6 RS contains link-local address instead of the VIP address.		
Condition: Configure both "IPv6 vrrp-suppress-interface-ra" and "IPv6 VRRP VIP"		

Defect ID: D	Defect ID: DEFECT000604049		
Technical Sev	Technical Severity: High Probability: High		
Product: Exti	reme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: VCS Fabric	
Release:			

Symptom: Potential for Name Server fail-over and recovery to the Standby Control Processor if the overall scale of the VCS cluster exceeds the limit described within the "Conditions for Publication" section.

Condition: The maximum number of elements within a cluster cannot exceed 32,767 prior to having this modification to increase scale to 80,000. Entities that contribute to this count are:

- RBridges
- Ports (physical and virtual)
- Devices that appear in the Name Server

The maximum assignable port indexes are listed here by platform type:

Chassis-based systems (Director class) : 1800 VDX 6740/VDX 6740T/VDX 6740T-1G : 1200 VDX 6940 : 1312

For example, one Director-class RBridge accounts for 1 (for the RBridge itself) + 1800 (maximum assignable port indexes) + <FC/FCoE device count>. Thus, if we have 500 devices, this would translate to 1 + 1800 + 500 = 2301 (of the total allowable 32767). Here are some sample combinations in terms of RBridge composition within a cluster, where a cluster-wide FC/FCoE device count is presumed to be 3000:

- 16 Directors
- 14 Directors + 3 VDX 6940/ 3 VDX 6740
- 12 Directors + 5 VDX 6940 / 6 VDX 6740
- 8 Directors + 11 VDX 6940

Workaround: Limit cluster composition in a manner compliant with the maximum values described within the "Conditions for Publication" section.

Recovery: Limit cluster composition in a manner compliant with the maximum values described within the "Conditions for Publication" section.

Defect ID: DEFECT000604054			
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:			
Symptom: Loopback interfaces are showing bogus IP MTU value, when global MTU is configured.			
Condition: Execution of "show ip interface lo <id>" when global MTU is configured.</id>			

Defect ID: DEFECT000604131		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Multi-VRF	
Release:		
Symptom: If local route exists from a route source and a leaked route is added from the same route		
source for the prefix, the routing table is updated with the new leaked route.		
Condition: Issue is seen if dynamic route leak is configured with prefixes matching the local prefixes.		
Workaround: There should not be overlap between local and leaked prefixes		

Defect ID: DEFECT000604714		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: In some rare case, SNMP v1/v2c query with specific community string may not respond.		
Condition: Configure more than one community and do reload or node rejoin.		
Recovery: Reconfigure community string		

Defect ID: DEFECT000604743			
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:			
Symptom: BGP static networks are not advertised to peers.			
Condition: static-network route is configured.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000605042		
Technical Severity: Low Probability: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: 'snmp-server' command doesn't update the values of 3 input parameters.		

Condition: Inputting all the 3 parameters contact, location and sys-descr on a single line of execution. **Workaround:** Configure each of the input parameter separately.

Defect ID: DEFECT000605230			
Technical Severity: High Probability: 1		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer	
Reported In Release:	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: IPv6 Addressing	
Symptom: After ISSU upgrade the configuration "ipv6 nd prefix 2011::/64 2592000 86400 no-autoconfig" no longer works.			
Condition: Internal configuration data didn't sync properly.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000605476			
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:			
Symptom: The route advertised by eBGP peer is not installed in the routing table.			
Condition: This issue occurs only in the self-referencing scenario i.e. when route prefix overlaps with			
the prefix of next hop from where the route is received.			
Workaround: Isolate the bgp peering in a different subnet so that their prefix does not overlap with			
the routes being advertised between them			

Defect ID: DEFECT000605776			
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management	
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface	
Release:			
Symptom: New script will help to clear all the counters with single command			
Condition: It is an enhancement			
Workaround: Use the individual commands to clear the counters			

Defect ID: DEFECT000605899			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In Network OS4.1.3 Technol		Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:			
Symptom: Radius Client connections via fabric to Radius Server failing.			
Condition: This is observed when VDX6740 receives the IP packets with DSCP 63 (0x3F) from the			
Radiu	Radius Clients		

Defect ID) : DEF	ECT00	0605923
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Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme	Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: FCoE - Fibre Channel over Ethernet	
Release:			
Symptom: FCoE V	Symptom: FCoE VLAN creation and subsequent fabric map may fail.		
Condition: When	Condition: When more than 64 ports are configured with 'switchport trunk allowed vlan all'		
configuration and tried to create FCoE VLAN.			
Workaround: Do not configure more than 64 ports with 'swtchport trunk allowed vlan all'			
configuration while creating an FCoE VLAN.			
Recovery: Remove 'switchport trunk allowed vlan all' configuration if it is configured on more than 6		II' configuration if it is configured on more than 64	
interfaces and try creating FCoE VLAN and fabric map.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000605998	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer
Reported In Network OS5.0.2	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
Release:	
Symptom: just once "clear ip ospf all" is dor lasted to pop up forever and net	ne in RB01, a tremendous "LSA flush rcvd Type:5" message work got unstable.
Condition: In huge scale OSPF setups when there are more than 10 neighbors and OSPF peer has to	
retransmit an LSA to all these neighbors this issue is seen as each neighbor is added to	
retransmit queue multiple times	

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000606064	
Technical Severity: Medium Probability: High		Probability: High
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade
Release:		
Symptom: "/bin/cat: /etc/time.conf: No such file or directory:" is seen during firmware download		
Condition: Firmware download		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000608321	
Technical Severit	t y: High	Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade
Release:		
Symptom: Firmware upgrade is initiated on a node which has default-config configured		
Condition: Warning message is given when default config is configured and a non-default option is provided during firmware download		

Defect ID: DEFECT000608446	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High

Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: VDX a	generates FFDC core file and	throws Software 'verify' error on console.
Condition: Execu	ution of copy default-config s	startup-config from VCS primary node.
Workaround: NA		
Recovery: LC get	ts automatically recovered.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000608811		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: An unexpected reload of the switch can occur.		
Condition: If a Network OSCLI show command is left paginated and not exited out or completed within		
a week's time frame, then an unexpected reload of the switch can occur.		
Workaround: Use "terminal length 0" to turn off show command pagination.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000608838	
Technical Severi	ty: Medium	Probability: High
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Cumputana CED I	atarfaca gaas into administra	tively devue state

Symptom: SFP Interface goes into administratively down state.

Ex: [NSM-1028], 5673/2457, SW/0 | Active | DCE, ERROR, <hostname>, Incompatible SFP

transceiver for interface TenGigabitEthernet 1/0/45 is detected

Condition: Execution of "[no] snmp trap link-status" command on an un-tunable SFP interface.

Workaround: Please do not disable "snmp trap link-status" which is enabled by default on all

interface.

Recovery: Enable tunable-optics configuration and then disable it on impacted interface as below:

tunable-optics sfpp channel 1 no tunable-optics sfpp channel

Make interface up again:

no shutdown

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000608995	
Technical Severity: High Probability: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
Release:		

Symptom: Traffic to/from DHCP host is not routed when the DHCP IP is assigned to a new host. The ARP for such host does not age out when age out timer expires.

Condition: DHCP Server is sending ACK packets to relay agent even when the client address is known. Mostly seen with Windows DHCP server.

Workaround: Modify DHCP server settings so that it will send reply directly to dhcp client when client IP is present in the received DHCP message.

Defect ID: DEFECT000610081		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In Network OS7.1.0	Technology: IGMP - Internet Group Management	
Release:	Protocol	
·	(port-channel) when a Layer 2 Static IGMP group loved. The port is still showing in the Layer 3 PIM olem shows up in one of the remote nodes of VCS,	
Condition: During the cleanup of IGMP static group configuration removal for vLAG interface on the		
VLAN the information is not getting conveyed to the PIM protocol.		
Workaround: Avoid IGMP static group configuration	n on a vLAG	

Defect ID: DEFECT000610145		
Technical Severit	ty: Medium	Probability: High
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: Management GUI
Release:		
Symptom: Controllers which rely on multipart-reply(flow-stats) to validate/mark the flow as		
installed/added may get confused and may try to delete the flow again and again		
Condition: Affects the flow-mods where reserved ports are part of action set		

Defect ID: DEFECT000610510		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS5.0.1	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First	
Release:		
Symptom: OSPF routes are uninstalled from one or more VRF's, causing traffic disruption. Router LSA's		
do not refresh.		
Condition: Occurs when there are many OSPF session across many VRF's, with total OSPF routes		
exceeding 1500.		
Recovery: Flap OSPF neighbor sessions.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000610816	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High

Recovery: Disable PIM and enabling it again on the VE.

Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS5.0.2	Technology: LAG - Link Aggregation Group
Release:	
Symptom: VDX throws FVCS-1005 RASLOG message	followed by an unexpected reboot.
Condition: The user may experience this issue when attempting to change or undo the active Port Channel in a Redundancy Group using the 'no port-channel <portchannel id=""> active' command.</portchannel>	
·	el in a Redundancy Group, it is best to avoid using > active' command. It is advisable to delete the en wanting to change the Active Port Channel in a

Defect ID: DEFECT000610937		
Technical Severit	ty: Medium	Probability: High
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: DHCP - Dynamic Host Configuration
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: Gateway for default route obtained through DHCP remains in running configuration under		
mgmt-vrf even after deleting DHCP config and reloading the switch.		
Condition: Invalid gateway for default route may appear after reloading the switch.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000611059	
Technical Severi	Fechnical Severity: High Probability: High	
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In Network OS7.1.0 Technology: Logical Chassis		Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: VDX	experience unexpected reloa	d due to DCMd daemon termination.
Condition: When Principal fail-over occurs, secondary nodes DB transaction cleanup fails on standby		
partition due to timing condition.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000611400		
Technical Severity: High Probability: High		
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Traffic Management	
Reported In Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Rate Limiting and Shaping	
Release:		
Symptom: Switch can go for a reboot when the slot values are provided well outside the permissible		
range in the 'bp-rate-limit command'. Permissible range for slot is '0-16'		
Condition: The issue is seen only when the command is executed by providing the slot values well		
outside the permissible range.		
Workaround: Ensure that slot values are provided only in the valid range '0-16'		
Recovery: Remove any of the slot values provided outside the permissible range of '0-16'		

Technical Severi	ty: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: Getti	ng "% Error: VLAN string lengt	th(1139) is more than maximum length 1023" on reboot.
Condition: VDX with allowed vlan configuration string length more than 1023 can hit the issue at boot		
up & configuration replay time.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000611680		
Technical Severity: High Probability: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS4.1.3	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
Release:		
Symptom: Few OSPF LSA's are not removed from Database when they are withdrawn at the source.		
Condition: When the number of routes are highly scaled and large number of routes are redistributed		
from BGP and OSPF. VRRP -E has VIP configured same as physical interface IP's.		
Workaround: When these anomalies are removed, OSPF LSA's will be flushed properly.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000611688	
Technical Severity: High Probability: High		Probability: High
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Hardware Monitoring
Release:		
Symptom: VDX	6940 and 6940-144S may show CRC	errors on ports cabled with QSFP 40 GbE active
сорр	copper transceiver cables.	
Condition: VDX 6940 and 6940-144S may show CRC errors on ports cabled with QSFP 40 GbE active		
copper transceiver cables.		
Workaround: Re	eplace QSFP 40 GbE active copper to	ansceiver cables with optical QSFP transceivers.
Then reboot the switch.		
Recovery: Repla	ce QSFP 40 GbE active copper trans	sceiver cables with optical QSFP transceivers. Then
reboo	reboot the switch.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000612673		
Technical Severity	Technical Severity: Medium Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme	Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: May see spurious "Too many interrupts" events.		
Condition: Other interrupts come in within a second and first one not cleared.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000612821	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Low

Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: VRRPv2 - Virtual Router Redundancy
Release:		Protocol Version 2
Symptom: VRRP-1002 raslog message is not displayed.		
Condition: When Master to backup change happens.		

Defect ID: DEFECTO	Defect ID: DEFECT000612967	
Technical Severity:	High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme N	Network OS	Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Security Vulnerability
Release:		
Symptom: Shutting down SSH server does not close all existing SSH login sessions		
Condition: Shutdown SSH server		
Recovery: Close all existing login sessions using "clear sessions" command, please note this command		
will close	will close telnet sessions as well.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000613777	
Technical Severity: High Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer
Reported In Network OS6.0.2	Technology: DHCP - Dynamic Host Configuration
Release:	Protocol
Symptom: DHCP request packets are dropped on VDX, and are not relayed to DCHP server(s).	
Condition: This affects only DHCP request packets with option-82. For example, an intermediate layer	
2 node may have inserted option 82 in the packet and then forwarded to the VDX.	
Workaround: A workaround script is available to disable option-82 check on VDX	
Recovery: A workaround script can be used to recover from this issue	

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000614353	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Hardware Monitoring
Release:		
Symptom: After	inserting a media 'SFP transc	eiver for interface XYZ is inserted' RASLOG is missing.
Condition: a med	dia/SFP insertion	

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000614390	
Technical Severity: Critical		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: ICMP - Internet Control Message
Release:		Protocol

Symptom: Very rarely we could see 5% of the ICMP replies are dropped in software and random interval.

Condition: The issue can be happened when we have ARP requests from 1000 different hosts at the rate of 25 ARP's/sec, and at the same time pinging VE or VRRP IP on the same SVI at 1 ICMP/sec

Defect ID: DEFECT0006149	988	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network	OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
Reported In Netwo	ork OS7.0.1	Technology: IPv6 Addressing
lifetime parame	ter.	lays incorrect default value for lifetime and preferred
Condition: Execution of "ipv6 nd prefix" CLI.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000615075		
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS6.0.2		Technology: Licensing
Release:		
Symptom: LED on unlicensed and shutdown VDX 40G ports are slow blinking amber after boot.		
Expected behavior is off since it is unlicensed.		
Condition: After reload, the single QSFP amber LED should only blink slow amber when all the 4		
inter	internal links/ports are offline and the port has a 40G Port Upgrade license reservation;	
otherwise it should be turned off (ie, no color/black).		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000615165	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: IPv6 Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: "ipv6	nd prefix <ipv6> no-autocon</ipv6>	fig" config can get lost.
Condition: Config-replay from backup configuration file when "ipv6 nd prefix <ipv6> no-autoconfig" is</ipv6>		
configured with valid and preferred life time default values.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000615176	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: CLI co	ommand "show support" will	not show few core files from system daemon crash on
usual place which is /core_files		

Condition: When there is crash by one of management daemon then core file doesn't get saved on regular system path /core_files

Defect ID: DEFECT000615242			
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High	
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: AMPP - Automatic Migration of Port	
Release:		Profiles	
Symptom: MACs on Linux Virtual Machines with VMWare Tools installed may not get programmed on			
VDX.			
Condition: When VMWare Tools are installed on Virtual Machines, Both IPV4 and IPV6 address gets			
reported from Vmware to VDX. VDX is unable to handle very long IP Strings and ignores			
such vnics(MACs)			
Workaround: Either disable IPV6 on the Virtual Machines or don't install VMware tools on the Virtual			
М	Machines		
Recovery: Disable IPV6 on Virtual Machines or remove VMware tools and re-run the discovery cycle			

Defect ID: DEFECT000615380		
Technical Severi	ty: High	Probability: High
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: DHCP - Dynamic Host Configuration
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: DHCP packets will be dropped in the box where DHCP Relay is configured.		
Condition: DHCP Relay listens on standard well-known BOOTPS and BOOTPC ports (i.e. 67 and 68). If		
any other ports are used for communication between DHCP Client and DHCP Server can		
cause the issue.		
Workaround: As a workaround, use standard BOOTPS and BOOTPC (i.e. 67 and 68) UDP ports for		
communication between DHCP Relay and DHCP Server.		
Recovery: Use of standard BOOTPS and BOOTPC (i.e. 67 and 68) UDP ports for communication		
between DHCP Relay and DHCP Server will recover the system.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000615564		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In Network OS6.0.2	Technology: LAG - Link Aggregation Group	
Release:		
Symptom: If a port channel interface is configured as tracking interface for an interface which exists before this port channel interface in output of "show running-config" then during replay of this configuration file will cause the issue. It throws the error that it can not find particular port channel interface.		
Condition: This issue can occur during configuration file replay in which a port channel can be configured as tracking interface.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000615646		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: IPv6 Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: Prefix is advertised in the IPv6 RA messages even though it is configured with "no-		
advertise" option.		
Condition: Prefix is configured using "ipv6 nd prefix" with "no-advertise"		
Workaround: Do not configure prefix if it should not be present in IPv6 RA messages.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000615651	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
Reported In Release:	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: IPv6 Addressing
Symptom: ipv6 i	nd prefix <prefix> with "off-lin</prefix>	nk" option does not work.
Condition: execution of ipv6 nd prefix <prefix> CLI with "off-link" option</prefix>		
Workaround: NA	4	

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000616035	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
Reported In Release:	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
Symptom: OSPF adjacency is stuck in ex-start state for some of the Ve interfaces.		
Condition: When OSPF is configured on a SAG enabled interface and the interface is reconfigured, during the re-convergence, some of the OSPF sessions could be stuck in ex-start state.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000616334		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme	Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In Network OS7.1.0		Technology: IP Fabric
Release:		
Symptom: L3 traffics are not forwarded correctly.		
Condition: The environment have lots of flows which generate more than 3K hash results and some		
hash values are shared by 2 or more flows.		
Workaround: Reduce the total flows or consider re-arrange the private subnet prefix if there are		
private subnet.		
Recovery: Clear the host table.		

Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported I	n Network OS6.0.2	Technology: RAS - Reliability, Availability, and	
Release:		Serviceability	
Symptom:	Symptom: In some cases, the problem manifests itself as kernel panic occurs due to "Out Of Memory"		
condition.			
	In other cases, control plane traffic is unable to egress on some of the ports.		
Condition: The problem is known to happen only with 10G edge ports.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000616987		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: BFD - BiDirectional Forwarding	
Release:	Detection	
Symptom: BFD session is not switched over to other available links if existing BFD session is deleted and added back.		
Condition: BFD session remains in INIT state thus causing registered protocols with BFD to converge in		
longer duration.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000617049	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: Static-MACfor multicast-mac address floods the packet after removing static-ARP and		
static-MAC entry and re-configuring.		
Condition: Static multicast MAC configured as static ARP.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000617313	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: TRILL - Transparent Interconnection
Release:		of Lots of Links
Symptom: RTE capture won't work for breakout interface		
Condition: when ingress/trill port is breakout mode		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000617646	
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Syslog
Release:		
Symptom: Under certain conditions Syslog message giving source IP as MGMT-interface IP, when the		
reachability is via inband		

Condition: 1. When both inaband and OOB both IP's are present and active in MGMT-VRF 2. Syslog server is connected through inband

Defect ID: DEFECT000617886		
Technical Severity: Critical		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: VDX experience unexpected reload due to Out-Of-Memory condition.		
Also some of the ports are unable to transmit.		
Condition: Known to happen with 10G ports that have copper-pigtail connector. And the link-partner		
is not a Extreme device.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000617919	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
Reported In Release:	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: IPv6 Addressing
• •	le to configure update-source x error: "xx/x/101" is an inval	•
Condition: Configure update-source for IPv6 interface which is greater than 99.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000618317		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: RAS - Reliability, Availability, and
Release:		Serviceability
Symptom: Termination of raslogd process after upgrading from 7.0.1 to 7.1.0		
Condition: In cluster environment after updating firmware.		
Recovery: Raslogd will restart automatically.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000618713		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and	
	Orchestration	
Reported In Network OS7.1.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration	
Release:		
Symptom: The VDX6940-144S 10G passive cable (1m and 3m) interfaces do not display the interface		
"link down" RASLOG message when the corresponding 10G interface on the remote end is		
shut down		
Condition: Shutting down 10G interfaces when remote switch is a VDX6940-144S connected with 10G		
passive cables (1m and 3m)		
Workaround: Shut the 10G interface on the local interface		

Recovery: Shut the 10G interface on the local interface

Defect ID: DEFECT000619405		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: CRC errors when using 40g DAC (direct attach copper) cable with VDX6940		
Condition: 40g DAC (direct attach copper) cable with VDX6940		

Defect ID: DEFECT000619425		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
Release:		
Symptom: Traffic loss on Port-channel interface		
Condition: If Global MTU is smaller than Port-channel MTU or Global MTU is configured and un-		
configured, user may see traffic loss on port-channel interface.		
Workaround: Configure MTU same as port-channel on Port-channel member interfaces		

Defect ID: DEFECT000619467			
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Inband Management	
Release:			
Symptom: ZR optics are undetected and shows data access errors when connected to edge ports other			
than xx/x/1			
Condition: ZR optic connected to edge ports other than xx/x/1			
Workaround: Connect ZR optic on first interface.			
Recovery: Connect ZR optic on first interface and reseat the other interface ZR optic.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000619719			
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High		
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security		
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: SSH - Secure Shell		
Release:			
Symptom: Telnet/ssh for default-vrf enables though user configured as disabled.			
Condition: If node disconnected and re-joined to the fabric after "no telnet server use-vrf default-vrf"			
OR "no ssh server use-vrf default-vrf"			
Workaround: Disable Telnet/ssh using "telnet server use-vrf default-vrf shutdown" or "ssh server use-			
vrf default-vrf shutdown".			

Recovery: After node rejoins the fabric, to disable the telnet/ssh, execute the CLIs "telnet server usevrf default-vrf" for telnet and "ssh server use-vrf default-vrf" for telnet and "ssh server use-vrf default-vrf".

Defect ID: DEFECT000620197			
Technical Severity: High Probability: Low			
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First	
Release:			

Symptom: Configuration of OSPF authentication key is not applied when done using config-replay.

Condition: The issue is observed for below sequence of steps:

- 1. Configure OSPF authentication key on interface using CLI.
- 2. Save running configuration using command: copy running-config flash://<file-name>
- 3. Remove configured OSPF authentication key using CLI.
- 4. Replay saved configuration by using command: copy flash://<file-name> running-config

It is observed that OSPF authentication key is not applied after step-4 though it was expected to be applied on the interface.

Workaround: After config-replay fails to configure OSPF authentication key on the interface, it is possible to configure authentication key using CLI.

Defect ID: DEFECT000620617			
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High		
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching		
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols		
Release:			
Symptom: VDX6940 device may see traffic loss if HA failover or ISSU operation is performed from			
nos7.0.1 to nos7.0.1a release.			
Condition: 1) RSTP is configured			
2) HA failover or ISSU is performed			
Recovery: Disable/enable spanning-tree protocol on the interface			

Defect ID: DEFECT000620922		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS7.1.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:		
Symptom: 'neighbor peer-group shutdown generate-rib-route' command doesn't generate rib-out for		
peers in the group.		
Condition: When peer-group is used to shut neighbors and generate rib-out, it doesn't generate rib-		
out.		
Workaround: Configure command per peer, for ribout generation as a work around		

Defect ID: DEFECT000621212			
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High		
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network		
	Layer		
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol		
Release:			
Symptom: Routes are advertised to peers with AS that's present in AS path segment of the route,			
though enable-peer-as-check is configured			
Condition: When 4 byte AS number support is enabled for the BGP sessions, the issue shall be seen			
Workaround: Disable 4 byte ASN support if possible			
Recovery: Upgrade to latest firmware or disable 4 byte ASN support to recover			

Defect ID: DEFECT000622620			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and	
		Orchestration	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: OpenStack Integration	
Release:			
Symptom: 4 x 10 GbE breakout ports between VDX 6940-36Q and VDX 6740-1G may flap.			
Condition: 4 x 10 GbE breakout ports between VDX 6940-36Q and VDX 6740-1G may flap.			
Workaround: Perform shut / no shut on ports to stop the flapping.			
Recovery: Perform shut / no shut on ports to stop the flapping.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000622750			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: IPv6 Addressing	
Release:			
Symptom: When the user updates an IPv6 prefix with preferred lifetime alone, valid lifetime changes			
to default value.			
Condition: The issue happens only when the user updates the preferred lifetime value to an already			
configured IPv6 prefix with valid and preferred lifetime.			

Defect ID: DEFE	Defect ID: DEFECT000623309			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High		
Product: Extren	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and		
		Orchestration		
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: OpenStack Integration		
Release:				
Symptom: CRCs occur on VDX 6940-36Q when DAC (direct attached copper) cable is used with DELL				
NIC server, and DELL NIC server is running traffic towards VDX 6940-36Q while the VDX				
switch is booting up.				

Condition: CRCs occur on VDX 6940-36Q when DAC (direct attached copper) cable is used with DELL NIC server, and DELL NIC server is running traffic towards VDX 6940-36Q while the VDX switch is booting up.

Workaround: Reboot VDX switch, with DAC cabled ports administratively down state (save port configuration as "no shut", then reboot); or stop all traffic coming into DAC cabled ports from DELL NIC servers.

Recovery: Reboot VDX switch, with DAC cabled ports administratively down state (save port configuration as "no shut", then reboot); or stop all traffic coming into DAC cabled ports from DELL NIC servers.

Defect ID: DEFECT000623711			
Technical Severity: High Probability: High			
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: VCS Fabric	
Release:			
Symptom: Any packet transmitted from CPU gets dropped on FC port.			
Condition: Can happen only on FC port.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000624394			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In	ported In Network OS7.1.0 Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN		
Release:			
Symptom: Continuous ASIC errors causes chip fault.			
Condition: Heavy ASIC activity can cause the issue.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000624701			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security	
Reported In	Network OS6.0.0	Technology: Security Vulnerability	
Release:			
Symptom: Network OS/SLX kernel (Network OS/Host/TPVM) are all vulnerable. User can overwrite			
the etc/password with root access.			
Condition: CVE-2016-5195 - kernel > 2.6.22 can hit this Dirty COW issue.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000625527			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: PIM - Protocol-Independent	
Release:		Multicast	
Symptom: Multicast functionality daemon "PIMd" goes down with memory leak.			
Condition: On enabling PIM, for every 60 seconds there is a memory leak of 5K bytes.			
Workaround: Do not enable PIM on router.			
Recovery: Disable PIM on router and reboot the router. Do not enable PIM after reboot.			

Closed without code changes for Network OS v7.4.0

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed without a code change in Network OS v7.4.0.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-34097	Issue ID:	NOS-34097
Reason Code:	Feature/Function Not	Severity:	S3 - Medium
	Supported		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS5.0.0	Technology:	BGP4 - IPv4 Border
			Gateway Protocol
Symptom:	Nexthop change using outbound route-map is not allowed for EBGP		
	neighbor connection.		
Condition:	When Route-map with set-nexthop is used as outbound policy for		
	BGP neighbor.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-38054	Issue ID:	NOS-38054
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS5.0.2b1	Technology:	Management GUI
Symptom:	Unexpected reload of standby management module in VDX8770.		
Condition:	Reloading of standby management module without any user		
	intervention.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-38056	Issue ID:	NOS-38056
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S3 - Medium
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported in Release:	NOS5.0.2b1	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	HA sync fails between active and standby management modules in		
	VDX 8770 because of cluster.configuration and VCS.configurations are not synchronized.		
Condition:	HA sync fails occasionally between active and standby management		
	modules.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-47833	Issue ID:	NOS-47833
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer

Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2b1	Technology:	BFD - BiDirectional	
			Forwarding	
			Detection	
Symptom:	Some of the BFD session	Some of the BFD session over Ve interface will be seen as Down state.		
Condition:	One of the system for the BFD session is dropping the packet,			
	resulting in DOWN state.			
Workaround:	Workaround is to do one of the following:			
	- shut / no shut of the interface			
	- un-config/ config of OSPF BFD.			

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-47864	Issue ID:	NOS-47864
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2c	Technology:	VXLAN - Virtual
			Extensible LAN
Symptom:	VDX 6940 can undergo unexpected reload during upgrade from		
	NOS6.0.2c to NOS7.0.1b		
Condition:	VDX6940 is upgraded from 6.0.2c to 7.0.1b		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-48003	Issue ID:	NOS-48003
Reason Code:	Not Reproducible	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2g	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	System may undergo unexpected reload because of kernel panic		
Condition:	This may be seen when VCS id of the neighbour node is changed		
	from primary node		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-48024	Issue ID:	NOS-48024	
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S3 - Medium	
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management	
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2h	Technology:	SNMP - Simple	
			Network	
			Management	
			Protocol	
Symptom:	Unexpected system reload			
Condition:	Reload trigged when polling ipRouteTable (1.3.6.1.2.1.4.21) SNMP			
Workaround:	None			

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-49089	Issue ID:	NOS-49089
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S3 - Medium
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring

Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.0	Technology:	MAPS - Monitoring
			and Alerting Policy
			Suite
Symptom:	device connectivity config should be consistent on all the links in the		
	port-channel		
Condition:	port-channel members configured as different type NAS, iSCSI		
Workaround:	Configure all members to be in same type.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-52514	Issue ID:	NOS-52514
Reason Code:	Insufficient	Severity:	S3 - Medium
	Information		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.0b	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	Host ARP is learnt even when host IP subnet does not match to VE IP		
	subnet.		
Condition:	Host is connected to a VLAN where the Ve IP subnet is different than		
	the host IP subnet.		
Workaround:	Disable proxy ARP on VE		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-52929	Issue ID:	NOS-52929
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.1a	Technology:	ACLs - Access Control
			Lists
Symptom:	"show access-list ip" CLI will list only local node access-list		
	configuration.		
Condition:	Different access-lists are configured on the management interfaces		
	across the cluster.		
Workaround:	"show access-list rbridge-id" or "show access-list interface" CLI can be		
	used to display the acc	ess list of desired RBridg	e/interface.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53060	Issue ID:	NOS-53060
Reason Code:	Not Reproducible	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.1c	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	Traffic forwarding issue seen between two node dual homed Leaf		
	witch in IP Fabric topology.		
Condition:	When we remove one of the nodes from the two node VCS Leaf.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53592	Issue ID:	NOS-53592
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High

Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	ICMP - Internet
			Control Message
			Protocol
Symptom:	VDX does not update its own CurHopLimit.		
Condition:	when the device has been configured to advertise a different		
	AdvCurHopLimit value.		
Workaround:	Currently 2 separate commands exist to achieve needed functionality		
	ipv6 nd reachable-time <millisec> and ipv6 nd cache expire time</millisec>		
	<secs></secs>		
	ipv6 nd hoplimit <hlim< th=""><th>t> and set proc entry.</th><th></th></hlim<>	t> and set proc entry.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54297	Issue ID:	NOS-54297	
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High	
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	IP Fabric	
Symptom:	Some MAC addresses learnt via BGP are not seen in mac-address-			
	table			
Condition:	When "mac-learning protocol bgp" for sites are frequently toggled,			
	some MAC addresses are not seen in the BGP EVPN table.			

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54456	Issue ID:	NOS-54456	
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High	
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	IGMP - Internet	
			Group Management	
			Protocol	
Symptom:	IGMPv2 report will be sent back on same VxLAN tunnel where the			
	report was received from if the tunnel is terminated on TRILL ports.			
Condition:	VxLAN is terminated on TRILL port on VDX6940.			
Workaround:	VxLAN tunnel is termin	VxLAN tunnel is terminated on edge ports that are non-TRILL Ports.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54460	Issue ID:	NOS-54460
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S3 - Medium
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	When the "show ip int brief" CLI is executed on a VDX8770 switch,		
	the output under the column "Protocol" does not contain the reason		
	for a particular interface to be in state "down".		
Condition:	When the "show ip int	brief" CLI is executed on	a VDX8770 switch.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54479	Issue ID:	NOS-54479
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	Switch experience Out Of Memory (OOM) condition and reboots		
Condition:	Using Scaled Configurations		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54606	Issue ID:	NOS-54606	
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High	
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3	
			Routing/Network	
			Layer	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0a	Technology:	IPv6 Addressing	
Symptom:	VDX sends neighbor advertisement(NA) message in response to neighbor solicitation(NS) even after the auto-configured link local IPv6 address has been rejected due to duplicated address detected (DAD).			
Condition:	This behavior is not co	This behavior is not compliant with RFC4862(clause 5.4.5).		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54610	Issue ID:	NOS-54610	
Reason Code:	Not Reproducible	Severity:	S2 - High	
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0a	Technology:	Security Vulnerability	
Symptom:	Switch allows Non-admin user to execute certain operational			
	commands even though it is denied by RBAC Rule.			
Condition:	With view privileges the user is able to execute certain operational			
	commands.			

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54612	Issue ID:	NOS-54612
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0a	Technology:	PIM - Protocol-
			Independent
			Multicast
Symptom:	"BSR-candidate interface" and "RP-candidate interface"		
	configuration is lost during configuration replay from external server.		
Condition:	Configuration replay fr	om external serve	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54657	Issue ID:	NOS-54657
Reason Code:	Already Implemented	Severity:	S3 - Medium

Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3		
			Routing/Network		
			Layer		
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0a	Technology:	OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open		
			Shortest Path First		
Symptom:	Device experienced sudden reload due to DCMd daemon				
	termination.				
Condition:	Execution of "no ipv6 of	spf cost" CLI command.	Execution of "no ipv6 ospf cost" CLI command.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54683	Issue ID:	NOS-54683
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0a1	Technology:	BGP4 - IPv4 Border
			Gateway Protocol
Symptom:	IP Forwarding table shows the stale route entry learned from eBGP		
	source even though the egress interface is in the down state.		
Condition:	BGP advertise/learn Prefix route(x.x.x.x/32) matches exactly with BGP		
	peer address (x.x.x.x).		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54688	Issue ID:	NOS-54688	
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High	
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3	
			Routing/Network	
			Layer	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0b	Technology:	IPv6 Addressing	
Symptom:	IPv6 nd is responding unexpectedly			
Condition:	During shutdown/no shutdown scenario			

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54694	Issue ID:	NOS-54694
Reason Code:	Feature/Function Not Supported	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0b	Technology:	Configuration
			Fundamentals
Symptom:	Sometimes zoning CFG fails to enable		
Condition:	This error is seen when same name is given for both Zoning CFG and		
	member of CFG		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54918	Issue ID:	NOS-54918
Reason Code:	Already Implemented	Severity:	S2 - High

Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	ACLs - Access Control	
			Lists	
Symptom:	Unable to see security violation raslog messages. No functional			
	impact.			
Condition:	Enforcing ACL with permit rules and then changing rule as deny.			

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55025	Issue ID:	NOS-55025
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Network Automation
			and Orchestration
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Scripting
Symptom:	Under rare conditions, the script may not provide the next hop with		
	the required string.		
Condition:	This occurs when the "show ip route detail" command parsing does		
	not yield results.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55100	Issue ID:	NOS-55100
Reason Code:	Already Implemented	Severity:	S3 - Medium
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	SNMP - Simple
			Network
			Management
			Protocol
Symptom:	SNMP sysName query returns hostname instead of FQDN.		
Condition:	When SNMP sysName OID is queried.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55579	Issue ID:	NOS-55579	
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S4 - Low	
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3	
			Routing/Network	
			Layer	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	BFD - BiDirectional	
			Forwarding	
			Detection	
Symptom:	Multipath BFD session will not come up			
Condition:	Multipath BFD provisioned on non-default VRF			
Workaround:	Use default VRF for multipath BFD always.			

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55930	Issue ID:	NOS-55930
Reason Code:	Question Answered	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management

Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0b	Technology:	Software Installation
			& Upgrade
Symptom:	Firmware Download [sanity check] fails with error message as "ISSU is		
	not supported to the target firmware version. Please specify coldboot		
	option in the command-line for download."		
Condition:	Firmware Download from NOS 7.2.0 / NOS 7.2.0a to NOS 7.2.0b using		
	ISSU will fail.		
Workaround:	Please use coldboot firmware download option.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-56053	Issue ID:	NOS-56053
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2a2	Technology:	TRILL - Transparent
			Interconnection of
			Lots of Links
Symptom:	ELD fails to work as expected with speeds lower than 1G when ports		
	from same VCS cluster (different switches and same switch) are		
	connected.		
Condition:	Loop is detected on ELD enabled links when speed on link changed		
	from 10G or 1G to 100Mbps.		
	Note: ELD is not supported on 100MB.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66261	Issue ID:	NOS-66261
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2d	Technology:	Configuration
			Fundamentals
Symptom:	After reload "show ip route vrf mgmt-vrf" showing routes when		
	management port is in shutdown state		
Condition:	Reloading the switch with routes contained in mgmtvrf		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66264	Issue ID:	NOS-66264
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.0	Technology:	PIM - Protocol-
			Independent
			Multicast
Symptom:	Excess amount of traffic seen momentarily, during the HA failover of		
	one of the VCS node, which is acting as FHR + LHR for one of the		
	multicast stream.		
Condition:	If a router is FHR and LHR both, and there happens to be only one		
	path between RP and this router. Assert scenario is hit with duplicate		
	traffic from Source and RP.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66265	Issue ID:	NOS-66265
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S4 - Low
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Introducing a check to verify every time if port-channel count has		
	exceeded 4K or not will bring down the performance. It is already		
	documented that 4K VLAG's are supported.		
Condition:	User is allowed to conf	igure more than 4K port	-channels.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66270	Issue ID:	NOS-66270
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.1c	Technology:	User Accounts &
			Passwords
Symptom:	Configuration of invalid encrypted password for existing user with		
	encryption level as 7 it is getting accepted without throwing error.		
Condition:	VDX switch allows to change password as invalid encrypted password		
	for existing user.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66274	Issue ID:	NOS-66274	
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Severity:	S2 - High	
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	MAPS - Monitoring	
			and Alerting Policy	
			Suite	
Symptom:	MAPS raslog/email is not generated when rule is triggered when CRC			
	counters got incremented after an unexpected system reload.			
Condition:	Issue is seen after unex	Issue is seen after unexpected reload of switch.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-48024	Issue ID:	NOS-66855
Reason Code:	Already Implemented	Severity:	S3 - Medium
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2h	Technology:	SNMP - Simple
			Network
			Management
			Protocol
Symptom:	Unexpected system reload		
Condition:	Reload trigged when polling ipRouteTable (1.3.6.1.2.1.4.21) SNMP		
Workaround:	None		

Closed without code changes for Network OS v7.3.0

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed without a code change in Network OS v7.3.0.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000584685	Technical Severity:	Low
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.1	Technology:	VMWare
Symptom:	Support save collected on the switch would not include vCenter specific outputs.		
Condition:	Support save collected on the switch would not include vCenter specific outputs.		
Workaround:	The same data can be obtained by dumping the sqllite database included as part of the supportsave.		
Recovery:	There is no loss of functionality and hence no recovery. Same data is available in the sqllite database		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000616434	Technical Severity:	High
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	In Cluster, during firmv	vare upgrade, Principal N	Node may experience
	an unexpected reload.		
Condition:	Principal and secondary nodes in the cluster are running different		
	firmware versions.		
	One the node is rebooted as a result of firmware upgrade. On the		
	other node, at the same time user issued "vcs vcsid <id> rbridge-id</id>		
	<id> " command.</id>		
	This sequence of events may cause this issue.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000636297	Technical Severity:	High
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	STP (PVST) protocol on vLAG interface would not be converged properly when bulk vlans are creating. Customer would see the Loop in network for new vlans created and customer also seen Portchannel (vLAG) stuck in DESGINATED role and LISTEN state forever.		
Condition:	when user creating vlans in bulk say "vlan 2-128" with PVST protocol and vLAG is configued in VCS setip.		
Workaround:	Do "shut" and "no shu	t" of vLAG interface to se	olve the issue.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000641514	Technical Severity:	High
Reason Code:	Not Reproducible	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	PIM - Protocol-
			Independent
			Multicast
Symptom:	Multicast Source route	would not get learnt on	PIM router acting as
	Rendezvous Point (RP).		
	May result in traffic loss for affect routes.		
Condition:	Issue can be seen when multiple RP are present in network, and		
	Priority value for non elected RP is updated such that it becomes		
	newly elected RP.		
Recovery:	Clearing affected route	s from FHR router may r	ecover the forwarding
	states		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000642029	Technical Severity:	High
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	When STP is enabled , traffic received on protected port is not		
	egressing from uplink ROOT PORT		
Condition:	Traffic not egressing from uplink port.		
Workaround:		_	
Recovery:			

Defect ID:	DEFECT000644590	Technical Severity:	High
Reason Code:	Already Fixed in Release	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	PIM - Protocol-
			Independent
			Multicast
Symptom:	Multicast Source registration between FHR and RP may fail, and may result in traffic outage.		
Condition:	Issue is seen only when the intermediate router between FHR and RP, is reloaded/rebooted.		
Recovery:	Clearing affected multicast routes from FHR router may recover the failed state.		

Defect ID: DEFECT00064	5359 Technical Severity:	High
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Reason Code:	Feature/Function Not	Probability:	Medium
	Supported		
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VPN
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	EVPN - Ethernet VPN
Symptom:	Multicast Source registration between FHR and RP may fail, and may		
	result in traffic outage.		
Condition:	Issue is seen only when the intermediate router between FHR and RP,		
	is reloaded/rebooted.		
Recovery:	Clearing affected multicast routes from FHR router may recover the		
	failed state.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000645906	Technical Severity:	Medium
Reason Code:	Will Not Fix	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS5.0.2	Technology:	FCoE - Fibre Channel
			over Ethernet
Symptom:	FCOE flapping on some FCOE devices until reloaded server after		
	adding new VDX into VCS		
Condition:	Cluster disturbance		
Recovery:	RecoveryApply "shut/noshut" on problematic physical		
	interfaces		

Closed without code changes for Network OS v7.2.0a

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed without a code change in Network OS v7.2.0a.

NONE

Closed without code changes for Network OS v7.2.0

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed without a code change as of July 10, 2017 in Network OS v7.2.0.

Defect ID: DEFECT000472972	Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In NOS3.0.1	Technology: ARP - Address Resolution Protocol	
Release:		
Symptom: ARP Packet capture gets enabled for all VE interfaces even when the user has enabled it on		
a single VE interface.		
Condition: This issue is seen while enabling ARP PCAP on a single VE interface.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000510114	Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In NOS4.1.2	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:		
Symptom: In VDX 6740, when we have different load balancing scheme configured on the port		
channel, we see unexpected results with respect to load balance.		
Condition: If we have different load balancing schemes applied on VDX 6740, the latest configured		
value will take effect on the switch.		
Workaround: Use the same LB scheme for all PO in VDX 6740.		
Recovery: Re-configure the same LB scheme wherever required.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000546702	Technical Severity: Low	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In NOS5.0.1	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists	
Release:		
Symptom: When user tries to login with wrong credentials using default-vrf, debug messages are seen		
on console.		
Condition: When user tries to login with wrong credentials using default-vrf, debug messages are seen		
on console.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000550982	Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS5.0.1	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network	
Release:	Management Protocol	
Symptom: Switch management port does not generate a ColdStart trap if a Management port is		
configured to acquire the IP address via DHCP.		
Condition: when switch is configured to acquire IP address via DHCP, then we will observe this issue.		

Workaround: If IP is configured statically, the issue will not happen.

Defect ID: DEFECT000562214		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	NOS4.1.3	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: Source MAC may not get learnt on port channel configured with primary VLAN		
Condition: When Secondary VLANs, which are associated with other Primary VLAN are deleted		

Defect ID: DEFECT000568674	Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and Orchestration	
Reported In NOS5.0.2 Release:	Technology: OpenStack Integration	
Symptom: Customer would see references to IPv4 address when running the "ping ipv6" command. This is a cosmetic issue and won't affect the ping functionality.		
Condition: That would happen when running the "ping ipv6" command.		

Defect ID: DEFEC	T000577571	Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme	Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast
Reported In	NOS5.0.2	Technology: IPv4 Multicast Routing
Release:		

Symptom: Configuration: L3 PIM protocol enabled in a scaled topology with 760 sources and are learnt on an interfaces. In addition VRRPE is also enabled.

Symptom: When the specific interface is disabled and enabled back, high CPU utilization is seen for PIM, MCASTSS daemons on the system. In addition, learning of new forwarding entries is delayed by 5 minutes.

Condition: The PIM protocol is busy after the interface is re-enabled. The protocol is busy in processing the route updates within the system.

Workaround: Do not disable the interface.

Recovery: The system is stable 5 minutes after the interface is enabled.

Defect ID: DEFECT000580922	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In NOS5.0.2	Technology: sFlow	
Release:		
Symptom: sFlow samples goes out of switch with SRC-IP as management IP instead of Inband IP		
configured.		
Condition: When 2 sFlow collectors are configured with same IP and different VRFs		

Defect ID: DEFECT000584172	Technical Severity: Low	
Reason Code: Design Limitation	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS5.0.2	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface	
Release:		
Symptom: When using special characters in password with the 'certutil import ssh' command, error		
message are thrown and it fails to configure.		
Condition: Special characters in password can cause the issue.		
Workaround: Please use back slash (\) when use special character in password.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000584634	Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Feature/Function Not Supported	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: VCS Fabric	
Release:		
Symptom: 40G port will notice frequent online and offline events if one side is configured as breakout		
and the other side is not		
Condition: Failure to issue breakout on a QSFP 40G port, which is supposed to work in 4X10G mode.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000585008	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In NOS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4+ - IPv6 Border Gateway	
Release:	Protocol	
Symptom: When config apply error happens, user doesn't know which line of the config had the issue.		
Condition: Upon config replay on VDX devices.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000586790	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In NOS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4+ - IPv6 Border Gateway	
Release:	Protocol	
Symptom: Using RBridge range configuration command, even after BGP VRF instance is deleted,		
configuration under BGP VRF instance is allowed and can cause BGP daemon termination,		
HA failover, and or reboot of the switch.		
Condition: Using RBridge range configuration command, BGP VRF instance is removed using "no		
address-family vrf" command. And immediately after, without exiting from the		
configuration mode, another command applicable under (obsolete) BGP VRF instance		
configuration mode is issued.		
Workaround: After removing the BGP VRF instance while using RBridge range command, exit the		
obsolete configuration mode using "top", "end", or "exit" commands.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000589210	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS5.0.2	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network	
Release:	Management Protocol	
Symptom: SNMP traps may not be received for SNMP-v1/v2/v3 hosts configured with IPv6 address.		
Condition: This issue is observed when IPv6 address is configured as trap recipient and VCS virtual IPv6		
address is removed in the switch.		
Workaround: VCS virtual IPv6 should be configured to receive IPv6 traps.		
Recovery: VCS virtual IPv6 should be configured to receive IPv6 traps.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000591398	Technical Severity: Low
Reason Code: W	/ill Not Fix	Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	NOS5.0.2	Technology: IPv6 Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: IPv6 ping timeout option did not work properly.		
Condition: Execution of IPv6 ping.		

Defect ID: DEFECTOORF03970	Tachnical Coverity, High	
Defect ID: DEFECT000592879	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Design Limitation	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals	
Release:		
Symptom: After LC power on/off in VDX8770, uplink interfaces from the LC are missing on show track		
summary output.		
Condition: When Link State Tracking (LST) configuration is present on a linecard, after slot power		
off/on the uplink configuration will be lost.		
Workaround: Uplinks need to be reconfigured again after slot power on.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000594793	Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade	
Release:		
Symptom: System may display:		
"qman_recovery_exit_local: DEBUG: the FQID 516 has dest_wq as		
chaqman_recovery_exit_local: DEBUG: the WQ lengths for pool channel of portal 1 on cpu1		
are: 0:0:0:0:0:0:0"		
Condition: This bug appears when partitions are switched with heavy traffic.		
Recovery: Reboot the system.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000595199	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: RAS - Reliability, Availability, and	
Release:	Serviceability	
Symptom: Chassis disable may fail, when same is tried with scale configuration.		
Condition: When the scale configuration is present and chassis enable did not complete, subsequent		
chassis disable command may fail due to processing of time consuming events.		

Defect ID: DEFECT	000596774	Technical Severity:	High
Reason Code: Will	Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme I	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3 Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In	NOS5.0.2	Technology: IP Addr	ressing
Release:			
Symptom: Switch reloads with termination of ribmgr daemon			
Condition: Static route is leaked to multiple VRF's			
Workaround: Do not configure a static route more than once with the next-hop belonging to different			
VRF's. If mgmt-vrf has default route, delete default route and reload the VDX.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000596775	Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface	
Release:		
Symptom: When the user configures IPv6 RA interval with the default value 600, the running-config		
shows the default RA value without suppressing it.		
Condition: The issue is seen by the user every time the RA interval is configured with the default value.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000597202	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:		
Symptom: Under certain conditions, show vlan <vid> may output a message as "application communication failure" and later impact the switch stability to go through an unexpected reload.</vid>		
Condition: Only applicable for GVLAN's.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000598248	Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: Port Mirroring
Release:	

Symptom: Span on tunnel is not working after ha failover.

Condition: Span on tunnel after ha failover

Recovery: Unconfigure and configure back monitor session will resolve the issue.

Defect ID: DEFECT000600171	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: VRRPv2 - Virtual Router Redundancy	
Release:	Protocol Version 2	
Symptom: All RBs in a VCS act as VRRP Masters		
Condition: VRRP-E packets are dropping, due to this all RBs in a VCS act as Masters		

Defect ID: DEFECT000600230	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: IP Fabric	
Release:		
Symptom: "show running-config rbridge-id evpn-instance <vni -name=""> vni add <vni-range>" throws an</vni-range></vni>		
error message.		
Condition: Customer doing show running configuration with VNI range in EVPN instance.		
Workaround: Use the following command: "show running-config rbridge-id evpn-instance vni add".		

Defect ID: DEFECT000606036		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	NOS6.0.2	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade
Release:		
Symptom: System reload happen occasionally(very rare occurrence) at the time of firmware upgrade		
Condition: system reload could happen at the time of firmware upgrade in a switch having more no of		
user names and roles.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000607522		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme	Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	NOS7.1.0	Technology: Access Gateway
Release:		
Symptom: FFDC level log may be seen when loading config.		
Condition: This issue can been seen when a port is being monitored while the configuration is		
changing.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000610251	Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low

Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In NOS4.1.3	Technology: ICMP - Internet Control Message	
Release:	Protocol	
Symptom: Dcmd process termination can occur.		
Condition: A script which launches multiple simultaneous "copy running-config <file>" operations can</file>		
trigger the Dcmd process to terminate. Manually invoking simultaneous operations will not		
hit the small time window achievable by a script.		
Workaround: Ensure that the script does not invoke multiple simultaneous "copy running-config		
<file>" operations to a given switch.</file>		

Defect ID: DEFECT00061252	1 Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Not Reproduc	ble Probability : High	
Product: Extreme Network (S Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In NOS7.1	0 Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: Unexpected reload of switch		
Condition: Unexpected reload of switch while taking supportsave when ismd and ssmd core files		
present.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000612542	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Design Limitation	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: sFlow	
Release:		
Symptom: When IPv6 address is not configured on management port, sFlow sampled packets are sent		
OOB management interface with inband Ve interface IP as source IP.		
Condition: IPv6 address is not configured on management port.		

Defect ID: DEFEC	CT000612933	Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme	e Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	NOS7.1.0	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: Audit log is not updated with the user login/logout information		
Condition: This applicable only when the user accesses the device through the REST interface.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000615424	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: MAC Port-based Authentication	
Release:		
Symptom: Interface does not come up after admin shut and no shut operation		

Condition: Interface is enabled with MAC-authentication-bypass and host is not directly connected to switch.

Workaround: Remove the mac authentication configuration

Defect ID: DEFECT000615778		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	NOS6.0.2	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		
Symptom: snmp-server? displays all Possible completions, here "view" display as "view Define an		
SNMPv2 MIB view" which is incorrect as it is also applicable to SNMP v3.		
Condition: snmp-server ? displays all Possible completions		

Defect ID: DEFECT000616966	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:		
Construction to the self-result of the self-result		

Symptom: In extremely rare case, Kernel panic can be seen when VDX6940 is in idle state.

Condition: This has been seen only once and has not been reproducible. The following config was running:

- L2/L3 node with virtual-fabric turned on.
- 200 vlans with ipv4 vrrp-e & 100 with v6.
- In total box had 200 vlans.

Recovery: Reboot the box.

Defect ID: DEFECT000617284	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: BFD - BiDirectional Forwarding	
Release:	Detection	
Symptom: Unassociated BFD session for the IP address change operation may result in BFD session		
Down.		
Condition: BFD packet not reaching the system, resulting in BFD Session going Down.		
Workaround: BFD packet reception is affected on the system when the IP address on an unrelated		
interface is removed. Not definitive on the workaround for this problem.		
Recovery: BFD session recovers itself after going down and comes back to UP state.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000617830	Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management

Reported In	NOS7.1.0	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: VDX6940 takes longer to come up after a reload operation.		
Condition: This can happen when there are loads of configuration done on the switch.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000618553		Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In	NOS7.1.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:			
Symptom: SPAN configuration is not successful with the error ""% Error: Destination port cannot have			
802.1x configuration on it."			
Condition: Dot1x is configured and removed on an interface and now this interface is made as SPAN			
destination	destination		

Defect ID: DEFECT000620205	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS5.0.2	Technology: Management GUI	
Release:		
Symptom: VDX-6740T Interface doesn't linkup as 1G by default and it comes up as 100Mb.		
Condition: VDX-6740T Interface linkup as 100Mb by default when other device has SEMI-CROSS LINK.		
Workaround: Configuration of speed 1000 on both side can make link 1G.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000620577	Technical Severity: Low	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: The output of "show interface description" command for port channel is not displayed in		
sorted order as per port channel interface number.		
Condition: The issue is seen in case of multi node cluster.		

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Defect ID: DEFECT000620878	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN	
Release:		
Symptom: If disk is full due to too many core files, firmware download may not be successful on		
Draco-T device.		
Condition: Draco-T device already has limited disk space due to too many core files.		
Workaround: Delete old core files to free up space and fwdnld will be fine.		
Recovery: Delete old core files to free up space and fwdnld will be fine.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000621191	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade	
Release:		
Symptom: The standby GOS is unable to boot up during ISSU.		
Condition: It is due to a rare QMAN initialization issue during the GOS boot up process.		
Recovery: The switch will need to be rebooted for recovery.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000621696	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade	
Release:		
Symptom: Firmware download fails on standby GOS with error code 26.		
Condition: It can happen due to a rare network connectivity issue between the active and standby GOS		
partitions.		
Recovery: Firmware download will be aborted and filesystems will be recovered automatically.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000622864	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Feature/Function Not Supported	Probability: High	
	. •	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals	
Release:		
Symptom: Unexpected reload of switch while taking support save		
Condition: After diag test, chassis enable command will fail, switch may go through unexpected reload		
while taking supportsave		
Workaround: Reboot the switch after diag test before trying any other command		
Recovery: reboot the switch		

Defect ID: DEFECT000624075	Technical Severity: High		
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low		
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS		
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: Logical Chassis		
Release:			
Symptom: Disruptive firmware upgrade (coldboot) will fail.			
Condition: Number of SNMP communities associated with IPv4/IPv6 ACL configurations is greater than			
20.			
Workaround: Limit the number of SNMP communities associated with IPv4/IPv6 ACL configurations to			
less than 20.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000624729	Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: Low

Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	NOS7.1.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: VDX 6940 40 GbE port may go offline after upgrade from NOS Release 7.0.0x to 7.1.0.		
Condition: VDX 6940 40 GbE port may go offline after firmware upgrade from NOS Release 7.0.0x to		
7.1.0.		
Workaround: Perform shut / no shut on the problem 40 GbE port to bring the port back online.		
Recovery: Perform shut / no shut on the problem 40 GbE port to bring the port back online.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000626712		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: IP Multicast
Reported In	NOS6.0.2	Technology: PIM - Protocol-Independent
Release:		Multicast
Symptom: VDX experience unexpected reload due to pimd daemon termination.		
Condition: Protocol Independent Multicast [PIM] enabling on VDX can cause memory corruption.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000627872	Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Design Limitation	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:		
Symptom: Link won't come online with Auto-negotiation enabled		
Condition: When the other end with 1G Intel NIC		
Recovery: VDX port should be in MASTER mode . Delivered the PEM script to do the same.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000630220	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Design Limitation	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: IGMP - Internet Group Management	
Release:	Protocol	
Symptom: Multicast packet drop on mrouter port for short amount (< 1sec) of time.		
Condition: When igmp snooping is enabled and the last locally connected receiver leaves.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000630676		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: W	ill Not Fix	Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	NOS5.0.2	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade
Release:		
Symptom: NOS BNA 14.0.1 and 14.0.2 throws the error "Firmware image download reboot operation		
has timed out", even the FW downgrade was successful.		
Condition: Firmware Download through BNA on VDX running in FC Cluster mode.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000630819		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: All	ready Fixed in Release	Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	NOS7.0.1	Technology: LAG - Link Aggregation Group
Release:		
Symptom: Execution of "show ip interface brief" CLI has missing default vrf status for port-channel		
Condition: Execution of "show ip interface brief" CLI		

Defect ID: DEFECT000634013	Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: PIM - Protocol-Independent
Release:	Multicast
Symptom: Switch may crash with PIMD termination after executing "clear ip pim mcache" or	
"config/unconfig rp-address".	
Condition: With L3 multicast traffic running, execute "clear ip pim mcache" or "config/unconfig rp-	
address" in loop via script for more than 30 mins.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000637145	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: IP Fabric	
Release:		
Symptom: Debug IPF script, ingress RT check against EVPN route is not matching in the script		
Condition: When debug IPF script is run on border leaf for L3 routed interface.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000638872	Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface	
Release:		
Symptom: Switch throws false alarm, "Configuration not allowed when link speed set to 100Mbps"		
during configuration replay from external server		
Condition: when port-channel is configured on 100mb speed configured port		

Closed without code changes for Network OS v7.1.0

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed without a code change as of November 22, 2016 in Network OS v7.1.0.

Defect ID: DEFECT000386298		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Alre	ady Fixed in Release	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme	Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS2.1.1_sp	Technology: NTP - Network Time Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: Unexpected reload when SYN flood attack is exercised on the switch		
Condition: SYN flood attack on switch		
Workaround: Set the threshold for the burst rate of TCP traffic by using "tcp burstrate" command		

Defect ID: DEFECT000408109	Technical Severity: Low	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS3.0.0	Technology: VRRPv2 - Virtual Router Redundancy	
Release:	Protocol Version 2	
Symptom: On VRRP session for ISL interface track command should not be allowed as this affects		
priority		
Condition: VRRP Track command for VRRP session on ISL port.		
Workaround: Dont enable VRRP track on ISL port.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000420768		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS3.0.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: User may not be able to see the current session privileges when he is authenticated		
through AAA using "Show users".		
Condition: Show users command didn't display user's role when user is authenticated via RADIUS		
authentication.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000431087		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: W	Vill Not Fix	Probability: High
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS3.0.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: set "	deny any" to telnet connectio	n of ACL.
By this setting, VDX denied all telnet connection.		

But the VDX didn't record rasing mas	ssage of telnet-violation even if I connected to the VDX
from denied PC over 2 times.	
Network OS 3.0.0a	
Condition: none	
DEFECT000451282	Technical Severity: Low
Defect ID:	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security
Reported In Network OS4.0.0	Technology: User Accounts & Passwords
Release:	
Symptom: Changing the encryption level of a given	ven username to level 7 with `no service password-
encryption' shows success RASLOG, k	but does not take effect in the config.
Condition: When service password encryption is	s turned off, try to change existing users encryption
level to 7.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000456601		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS4.0.0	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
Release:		
Symptom: "max-metric" config is cleared and not retained after some add/delete operations.		
Condition: On max metric configuration, if clear OSPF is executed and OSPF networks are removed		
and added again, max-metric config is cleared and is not retained.		
Workaround: Reconfigure max-metric after clear operation.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000458128		Technical Severity: Low
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS4.0.0	Technology: Syslog
Release:		
Symptom: Netconf login information not available in auditlog		
Condition: Applications logging into the switch using Netconf.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000519785		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS5.0.0	Technology: AAA - Authentication, Authorization,
Release:		and Accounting
Symptom: When "aaa authentication" command is tried with atleast one parameter same as previous		
command(example:aaa authentication radius local> aaa authentication tacacs+ local),		
Customer may not be able to set the correct aga mode		

Condition: The authentication mode with primary & secondary sources of authentication cannot be updated to a configuration containing only the primary source and configuration with primary & secondary sources of authentication, the primary mode alone cannot be modified.

Workaround: When "aaa authentication" command is tried with at least one parameter same as previous command(example: aaa authentication radius local --> aaa authentication tacacs+ local). Need to remove existing configuration and then configure the required configuration.

example:

(config)# do show running-config aaa authentication aaa authentication login radius local

(config)# no aaa authentication login

(config)# aaa authentication login tacacs+ local (config)# do show running-config aaa authentication aaa authentication login tacacs+ local

Defect ID: DEFECT000521573		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS5.0.0	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:		

Symptom: When copying a file to the running config that contains MAC ACL or IPv4 ACL commands, if some of the keywords are abbreviated, the commands may be treated as invalid, or the commands may execute more slowly than if they were not abbreviated.

Condition: Abbreviating any of the keywords "mac access-list", "ip access-list", "seq", or, if "seq" is not present, "permit", "deny", or "hard-drop", would result in the slowness issue rather than the invalid command issue.

The slowness issue would become more pronounced if the file being copied contains a large number of MAC ACL or IPv4 ACL commands.

Workaround: Avoid using abbreviated keywords in files being copied to the running config.

Defect ID: DEFECT000523640		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS5.0.0		Technology: VMWare
Release:		

Symptom: Traffic is not working through ports connected to servers after doing chassis disable/enable

on the VDX.

Condition: The issue is seen only after chassis disable followed by enable.

Recovery: After chassis enable, Do a "shut" followed by "no shut" on the Port-Channels/Physical Interface connected to servers or do a "no port-profile-port" followed by "profile-port" on the Port-Channels/Physical interface.

Defect ID: DEFECT000524630	Technical Severity: Low	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS5.0.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:		
Symptom: During connection collision, switch is not closing the recent connection request if previous		
connection in established state.		
Condition: Second connection attempt is made after BGP peer is established.		
Recovery: The second connection request will get established automatically in case of collision.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000526209		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS4.1.3	Technology: VMWare
Release:		
Symptom: Series of De-Assocication failure messages may appear when a chassis disable followed by a		
chassis enable command is executed on the cluster.		
Condition: On a live vCenter connection, chassis disable followed by chassis enable is the condition		
under which this error messages may be observed.		
Workaround: Delete the vCenter entry before performing the chassis disable and add back the		
vCenter entry after performing the chassis enable command.		
Recovery: No recovery required, as there is no effect in the functionality of port-profile application.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000528408		Technical Severity: Low	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High	
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:			
Symptom: New	Symptom: New BGP connection is not accepted under following conditions.		
Condition: When the remote BGP identifier is greater than the local BGP identifier and there is a			
connection collision.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000529345	Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management

Reported In	Network OS6.0.0	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		
Symptom: User cannot see all the ISL port information in the port connectivity tab.		
Condition: Attempt to view ISL connection details from port connectivity tab.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000529743		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS4.1.3	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade
Release:		
Symptom: LC may take longer to boot up if system is under heavy load. It will result in LC reboot		
timeout and FFDC.		
Condition: It happens during ISSU.		
Recovery: The user can run "power-off" and "power-on" to recover the LC.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000530965		Technical Severity: Low
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
Release:		
Symptom: When the Helper Router exits helper mode on a given network segment, it should re-		
origi	nate its LSAs based on the curre	nt state of its adjacency to the restarting router over
the s		
Condition: The helper router, on the GR mode exit, is supposed to originate the router/network LSAs		
based on the current adjacency state. This behavior is not yet implemented.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000533582		Technical Severity: Low
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS6.0.0	Technology: AAA - Authentication, Authorization,
Release:		and Accounting
Symptom: No uniformity in alignment and display format in the output of show access-list IP across		
interfaces		
Condition: Customers using the show access-list and expecting same display format across different		
interfaces.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000533953		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol

Symptom: When a SNMP Set request is attempted on the object ospfVirtIfRtrDeadInterval, this object can be set to a value greater than 65535.

Condition: This issue is seen only on doing a SNMP Set request on the MIB object ospfVirtIfRtrDeadInterval.

Defect ID: DEFECT000536442		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS6.0.0		Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		
Symptom: Management IP access list with large number of rules takes around 1 min to enforce the		
policy on management interface.		
Condition: Management IP access list with large number of rules.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000538887		Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In	Network OS4.1.2	Technology: Syslog	
Release:			
Computer the department of the following falls and the production and the production of the computer of the co			

Symptom: Under normal operations, following false-positive raslog message may be seen:

"[FW-3120], ..., WARNING, ... Interface<>,IFGViolation Errors, is above high boundary(High=100, Low=5). Current value is <> Error(s)/minute."

There is no functional impact.

Condition: When there are no interface errors incrementing in the output of "show interface".

Defect ID: DEFECT000540858		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS4.1.0	Technology: NETCONF - Network Configuration
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: Configuration and get config via NetConf are slow compared to CLI and sometime show		
high percentage of CPU utilization.		
Condition: Applicable for all netconf commands.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000541060		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protoco
Release:		

Symptom: With conditional default-origination, default route should be generated only when the route-map matching prefix is present in the IP routing table. When irrespective of whether route-map matching prefix is present in the IP routing table or not, default route is originated to the neighbor.

Condition: On configuring 'default-originate' with route-map in neighbor command

Defect ID: DEFECT000541202		Technical Severity: High
		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS6.0.0		Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		
Symptom: When customer configures high and low threshold values and the actual value is below the		
low threshold, a fabric watch raslog is displayed showing in between high and low		
threshold instead of below threshold.		
Condition: While using fabric watch module to monitor memory usage.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000545603		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS6.0.0		Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		
Symptom: Extended ACL with permit TCP rule does not block ICMP frames.		
Condition: Extended ACL with permit TCP rule does not block ICMP frames.		
Workaround: Add another rule to deny ICMP frames.		
Recovery: Add another rule to deny ICMP frames.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000547747		Technical Severity: Low
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS6.0.0	Technology: VMWare
Release:		
Symptom: Event notification is not received when port-groups with special characters are created on a		
vSwitch. As a result, the corresponding port-profile will not be applied to that interface.		
Condition: Use of special characters for port-groups on a vSwitch.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000548727	Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS5.0.1	Technology: VMWare	
Release:		
Symptom: Port-Groups having the same name (regular , VMKernel , Distributed Port Groups) can get deleted when the vCenter user/administrator deletes any of the above port-groups sharing the same name,		

Condition: This scenario can happen when Port-groups belonging to different class(regular, VMKernel, Distributed Port Groups) use the same name within a data-center.

Workaround: Avoid using the same name for different class of port-groups. vCenter's recommended names with prefixes like dvpg_, pg_, VMKernel_ is good to follow.

Recovery: Rename the port-groups from different class to use different names.

Defect ID: DEFECT000548981	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS5.0.1	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals	
Release:		
Symptom: Access to the switch via management port (out of band) for all IPv6 protocols fails		
Condition: This issue is observed when a IPv6 ACL is configured on the management interface. For		
example "ipv6 permit any any"		
Workaround: Configure another matching entry in the ACL for permit based on protocol. Example		
"permit tcp any any"		

Defect ID: DEFECT000550658		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS6.0.1		Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
Release:		
Symptom: Momentary traffic loss is observed on NSX controller managed tunnels during VCS cluste		
formation.		
Condition: VCS has an overlay-gateway configuration with two or more RBridges attached and tunnel		
configurations are discovered by connecting to NSX controller. One of the RBridges		
attached to overlay-gateway is rebooted or upgraded via ISSU protocol. Traffic loss is		
observed on tunnels when such rebooted or upgraded RBridge rejoins VCS cluster.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000552520		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Static Routing (IPv4)
Release:		
Symptom: Memory leak observed with repeated addition/deletion of VRFs using an automated script		
Condition: Adding and deleting VRFs repetitively		
Workaround: Remove routes before deleting the VRF		

Defect ID: DEFECT000553066		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		

Symptom: Under certain condition, multiple "Invalid InterfaceId." log messages will be seen on the console.

Condition: The symptom will be seen when a node joins the fabric and the fabric starts to rebuild.

Defect ID: DEFECT000553426		Technical Severity: Low	
		•	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:			
Symptom: "This command is not supported on this product." message displayed			
Condition: When trying to execute a dpod command on a VDX 8770 (principal node in VCS cluster) for			
a nor	a non-existent rbridge-id.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000554319		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: Switch does not generate a ColdStart trap on the VE interface configured in mgmt-vrf.		
Condition: When switch is configured with VE interface in mgmt-vrf, then we will observe this issue.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000554351		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols
Release:		
Symptom: On the VDX8770, executing certain Spanning Tree show commands may display the following warning message:		

"% Warning: Output Incomplete, VCS is in transient state"

Condition: 1) Configure MSTP

2) Issue "show spanning-tree brief" or "show spanning-tree mst detail" CLI command

Workaround: This is a cosmetic issue and these messages can be safely ignored. There is no impact to functionality.

Defect ID: DEFECT000554472		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		
Symptom: When booting logical chassis with its default config. the principal Rbridge ends up with		

Symptom: When booting logical chassis with its default config, the principal Rbridge ends up with "system-monitor MM threshold" "down-threshold 0" while non-principal Rbridges end up with "system-monitor MM threshold" "down-threshold 2".

Condition: This issue can be observed when using multiple VDX6740 switches in a logical chassis and booting from the default config.

Recovery: Reconfigure the "system-monitor MM threshold" to make it sync.

Defect ID: DEFECT000555059		Technical Severity: Low
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS5.0.2		Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: SNMP walk should display Interfaces even when linecard is powered-off.		
Condition: When a linecard is powered off, the SNMP walk does not display and reference the		
interface. Fixed it as part of this defect.		efect.

Defect ID: DEFECT000556025		Technical Severity: Low
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		
Symptom: On po	ort channel, Fabric Watch pro	vides incorrect message SFP is absent when link is shut
and SFP is not removed.		
Condition: On Chassis VDX switches, SFP info from Fabric Watch may mislead when port is shut.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000556553		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In Network OS6.0.1		Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: The specific CLI command "no openflow"		without specifying further parameters used to
	execute with default value instead of reje	ecting it.
Condition:	When "no openflow" was executed on Cl	I then it was getting accepted with first default
,	value "enable".	

Defect ID: DEFECT000558082	Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In Network OS6.0.1	Technology: RMON - Remote Network Monitoring	
Release:		
Symptom: when MAPS rules are triggered and MAF	PS is configured to generate e-mails, they are not	
generated		
Condition: MAPS has to be enabled with one of the default policies and e-mail action has to be		
enabled on the switch. Switch IP address needs to be configured as an IPv6 address.		
Workaround: Use IPv4 address for Switch IP if MAPs email action is desired		

Defect ID: DEFECT000558216	Technical Severity: High

Reason Code: Design Limitation		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: VRRPv2 - Virtual Router Redundancy
Release:		Protocol Version 2
Symptom: Attaching VE interface to another RBridge		RBridge is taking more time.
Condition: With more than 2K VE interfaces created, attaching a VE interface to another RBridge		
more 1 sec for each VE interface.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000558937		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: AMPP - Automatic Migration of Port
Release:		Profiles
Symptom: Sometimes, MAC addresses are shown twice in the output of 'show mac port-profile'		wice in the output of 'show mac port-profile'
command.		
Condition: 'show mac port-profile' command is issued		
Workaround: Re-issue to command to see a refreshed display		

Defect ID: DEFECT000559023		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In Network OS6.0.1		Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: The negation of command may be accepted without value if single value is present for the command		
Condition: "no" command will be accepted for single value command. For example - "no ip address" can remove existing IP address without specifying it on CLI.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000560092	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and	
	Orchestration	
Reported In Network OS6.0.1	Technology: OpenStack Integration	
Release:		
Symptom: Unable to execute connector command of	due to config in error state.	
Condition: User did "copy default-config startup-config" on part of the cluster while the rest of the cluster is segmented. When cluster joined, it dynamically replayed back the connector config received from new principal at rejoin. This caused its connector configuration being partially saved to database on the local switch.		
Recovery: Recovery steps:		
 From principal switch, remove this secondary node from cluster by using "no vcs logical chassis enable rbridge-id XX default-config" with XX being the secondary node RBridgeid. On the secondary node, do "write erase" to clean up its config. 		

3. Restore the secondary switch vcs mode, vcsid and RBridgeld and the necessary ISL and see it rejoin the cluster.

Defect ID: DEFECT000561651		Technical Severity: Low
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS6.0.0	Technology: RAS - Reliability, Availability, and
Release:		Serviceability
Symptom: Spelling of the word 'display' in 'rasman' command' help text should be corrected.		
Condition: Help text when 'rasman' command is executed.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000562427		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In Network OS5.0.2		Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: When ISSU upgrade from 5.0.1b->5.0.2 v		.2 with sflow collector config, does not allow to
modify the existing configs.		
Condition: ISSU upgrade with sflow configs.		
Workaround: Remove the sflow config before the ISSU upgrade and the reconfig again.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000562672		Technical Severity: Medium
		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: When we try to associate 6th unique IPv4/IPv6 ACL to SNMP community/v3 user, we observe DB sync issue between front and backend.		
And also we observe unexpected reload of SNMP daemon when we try to associate 6th unique IPv4/IPv6 ACL to SNMP community/user.		
Condition: When we associate 6th unique IPv4/IPv6 ACL to SNMP community/user.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000563295	Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer
Reported In Network OS5.0.1	Technology: ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
Release:	
Symptom: With certain 3rd party devices, VDX learns ARP entries from a host belonging to a different	
subnet due to their GARP replies. This can potentially impact the traffic towards that	
source.	
Condition: When the device sends out GARP reply packet with source IP on different subnet than L	
interface IP.	-

Defect ID: DEFECT000564701		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Cod	de: Will Not Fix	Probability: Medium
Product: E	xtreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In Network OS6.0.1		Technology: Syslog
Release:		
Symptom: Syslog-server secure port option can not be used without using the use-vrf option.		
Condition: CLI usability issue where it shows use-vrf and secure options for syslog-server, where as secure option can be used along with use-vrf option only. Secure port can not be set alone		

Defect ID: DEFECT000565277		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: W	'ill Not Fix	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS5.0.2		Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		
Symptom: Under rare condition, when ACL is applied under management interface, it may not take		
effect and may display "Generic Error" when trying to remove the access-list.		
Condition: When applied under management interface		

Defect ID: DEFECT000565590		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS6.0.1		Technology: xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols
Release:		
Symptom: Kernel panic results in switch reload after PVST configuration		
Condition: This memory corruption has only been observed in SWAT test with -ve test scenarios.		
Recovery: Node will automatically reboot.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000565913		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: W	'ill Not Fix	Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS6.0.1		Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade
Release:		
Symptom: Nodes of same cluster after reboot of all the nodes form cluster islands.		
Condition: This can happen when some nodes of a topology come up first and form their own cluster,		
and do not join the cluster formed by the rest of the nodes.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000567346	Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: W	/ill Not Fix	Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: dot1qTpFdbTable of Q-BRIDGE-MIB does not give any output when queried using a SNMP		
Get/Get-Next or Get-Bulk request.		

for syslog server.

Condition: This issue is specific to dot1qTpFdbTable of Q-BRIDGE-MIB.

Defect ID: DEFECT000568362		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Alı	ready Fixed in Release	Probability: High
Product: Extreme	e Network OS	Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:		
Symptom: VDX r	unning with Network OS5.0.2a e	experience unexpected reload due to pdm
termination.		
Condition: Execution of the script (37 iterations) while config/unconfig the snmp community with ipv4		
ACL aı	ACL and ipv6 ACL configured.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000568380		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Alr	ready Fixed in Release	Probability: High
Product: Extreme	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS5.0.2		Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: VDX ru	unning Network OS5.0.2x, [Pvla	n]-Mac learning is not happening on community port
when	when configured over port-channel.	
Condition: Mac le	earning.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000568854		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Low
Product : Extreme	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
Reported In Release:	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Static Routing (IPv4)
Symptom: Routing Information component (ribmgr) went through an unexpected restart		omgr) went through an unexpected restart
Condition: Running soak tests with routing loop		

Defect ID: DEFECT000569319	Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS6.0.1	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:	
Symptom: The MAC's gets learned on native VLAN f	or the shortest duration during RSTP root RBridge
toggle. There will be loop during RSTP root RBridge toggle and the macs are getting	
classified to native VLAN causing the issue. The macs will be aged out after age time.	
Condition: The MAC's will be learned on native VLAN during RSTP toggle. There will be loop during	
RSTP root RBridge toggle and the macs are getting classified to native VLAN causing the	
issue. The MAC's will be aged out after age time.	
Workaround: Clearing FDB table will recover the mac tables.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000570086	Technical Severity: High
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Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: High
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS7.0.0		Technology: NTP - Network Time Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: Removal of NTP server is failing in the cluster.		
Condition: In rare conditions when multiple NTP servers are configured, removal of NTP server is		
failing.		
Workaround: Delete the NTP server second time if it failed on first time.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000570230		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: VDX running with Network OS5.x throws error messages of NOTAKNOWNResou		
eld		
Condition: Execution of "switchport private-vlan trunk native vlan <id>"</id>		

Defect ID: DEFECT000570284		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols
Release:		
Symptom: Root port of MSTP Instances will become Mast		come Master port after adding a VLAN to an existing
instances after MSTP-I convergence		
Condition: Addition of VLAN to an already converged MSTP Instances.		
Workaround: Shutdown/no shutdown of MSTP		

Defect ID: DEFECT000577094		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: IP Multicast
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: IPv4 Multicast Routing
Release:		
Symptom: When a secondary IP is not configured, VDX sends option 24 in PIMV2 hello header which		
results in PIM adjacency failing to form on other switch.		
Condition: Happens with secondary IP address not configured		

Defect ID: DEFECT000578640		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: RAS - Reliability, Availability, and
Release:		Serviceability
Symptom: Few millisecond packet loss observed while collecting supportsave when multiple data		
stream with high line rate is running.		

Condition: Collecting supportsave when multiple stream of very high rate data is running.

Defect ID: DEFECT000579288		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: High Availability
Release:		
Symptom: A Functional switch hardware faces an abrupt reboot		
Condition: Multiple Chassis Disable/Enable, repeated reboots of switch		

Defect ID: DEFECT000580044	Technical Severity: Low
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:	
Symptom: After installing a new POD license and re	- •
interface output indicates "no 10-G Port	Upgrade License" erroneously.
Condition: When the user has not yet bounced the link (ie, "no shut") and recovered back to an acti	
state after adding the license, the "No 10	OG Port Upgrade license" detail will remain
displayed.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000581124		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Design Limitation		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: 40G In	terface is either protocol down (o	r) administratively down after "no shut" operation.
Condition: Breakout Config operation performed on		1 40G Interface connected to a 40G Interface

Defect ID: DEFECT000581852		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: SNMP query ifDescr output will be partial. This is specific to VDX6940-144S platform.		
Condition: SNMP walk for ifDescr & Ifname table.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000583151		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: RAS - Reliability, Availability, and
Release:		Serviceability

Symptom: panic will be observed when SS is initiated on a chassis with SFM(with HW issue which still has to be identified)

Condition: issue will occur when SFM (with HW issue) is used

Defect ID: DEFECT000583324		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: FCoE - Fibre Channel over Ethernet
Release:		
Symptom: ISL fails to come up due to Trunking Error		
Condition: When port is enabled between VDX8770 LC48x10G and VDX 6940 4x10G breakout		
interfaces		
Recovery: Issue shut followed by no shut on the port.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000583859		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols
Release:		
Symptom: L2 Loop can occur in VDX running with Network OS5.0.2x		
Condition: "tunnel tagged-ieee-bpdu" is not working after removing "bpdu-drop" from the interface.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000585015		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: AMPP - Automatic Migration of Port
Release:		Profiles
Symptom: traffic may flood for the non-profiled macs even if the global knob is disabled.		
Condition: 'no allow non-profiled-macs' is configured.		
Workaround: configure and remove 'allow non-profiled-macs' again.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000585352		Technical Severity: Medium	
		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme I	Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN	
Release:			
Symptom: The VxL	Symptom: The VxLAN traffic drops when the underlay VLAG interface links go through the state		
change.	change. It is further observed that VTEP is not learning the MAC addresses of hosts locat		
across the VXLAN tunnel.			
Condition: The problem occurs when VLAG is VXLAN underlay network AND Loopback IP is configured			
as VTEP IP.			
Workaround: VLAG as undelay and Loopback IP as VTEP IP is not supported. Hence, please use VRRP(-			
E) IP	E) IP as VTEP IP when underlay network is comprised of VLAG(s).		

Defect ID: DEFECT000585934	Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:	
Symptom: Newly joined VRRP-E session preempts c	urrent Master in the group.
Condition: Configure VRRP-E sessions over GVLAN VE with preempt mode disabled.	
Perform chassis disable on Master router. After other router becomes Master, perform	
chassis enable on earlier Master router. ⁻	This router, which was Master initially, again
becomes Master.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000586338		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme	e Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: IN VDX 6940-144S, link flap occurs on 40 G ISL ports if breakout configuration mis-matched		
with any adjacent ports.		
Condition: In VDX 6940-144S, a 40 G Port with breakout QSFP is not configured as breakout may cause		
adjacent 40 G port to flap, whereas its peer port is configured as 40G breakout.		
Workaround: In VDX 6940-144S, configure 40 G port as breakout if the peer port is configured as 40G		
bre	breakout. After that, the link flap on the port will stop.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000586556		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: Switch may panic after enabling maintenance-mode on M4 because of memory corruption.		
Condition: This can happen randomly and inconsistently		
Recovery: None. Switch will reboot and recover automatically.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000587120	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists	
Release:		
Symptom: When a permit rule is added for a specific IP(range), it may not block the other unspecified		
IP(ranges)		
Condition: This might occur for rules having source IP and gateway values.		
Workaround: Adding an additional rule to deny all other IP will block all other unspecified IP(ranges)		

Defect ID: DEFECT000587135	Technical Severity: High
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Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In Network OS5.0.2		Technology: TRILL - Transparent Interconnection
Release:		of Lots of Links
Symptom: Unexpected reload on standby MM in rare scenario.		
Condition: While changing VCS.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000587566		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme I	Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
Release:		
Symptom: Some VLANs that the user is expecting to be provisioned in a BGP EVPN instance get		
unprovisioned.		
Condition: The issue is seen when the user uses some common VNIs between BGP EVPN instance and		
some physical ports and then the user removed the last port from all the VLANs.		
Workaround: The user should avoid configuring common VNIs between BGP EVPN and physical ports.		
Recovery: Deleting those VLANs and configuring them back again, will fix the issue.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000587880		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: IPv6 Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: IPv6 DHCP relay SOLICIT packets are not getting intercepted after coldbooot upgrade.		
Condition: Running DHCP relay in a IP Fabric EVPN environment sometimes.		
Workaround: Delete and re-configure the same L3 interface where relay config is present.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588078		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Virtual Fabrics
Release:		
Symptom: The switch may get rebooted when performing copy scp command		
Condition: This can occur after powercycle of the switch.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588346		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Design Limitation		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Network OS7.0.0		Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
Release:		
Symptom: All tunnels go operationally down when VRF associated with overlay-gateway is deleted.		

Condition: The "ip interface loopback X" or "ip interface ve X vrrp-extended-group Y" is configured for the overlay-gateway and corresponding ve/loopback interface is bound to a non-default vrf.

Recovery: Configure the IP address for the Ve/loopback interface associated with overlay-gateway and then configure "no activate" & "activate" for overlay-gateway.

Defect ID: DEFECT000588355	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: FCoE - Fibre Channel over Ethernet	
Release:		
Symptom: Dcmd may not go through the graceful shutdown process when switch is rebooted.		
Condition: Under some rare condition, Dcmd cannot shut down its database and thus fails to go		
through the graceful shutdown process.		
Workaround: None, the system will be recovered automatically		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588682		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: TRILL - Transparent Interconnection
Release:		of Lots of Links
Symptom: In a two node cluster after shut of the ISL		the ISL port on VDX6740 side the other node in the 2
node VCS goes down; this issue is rarely s		rarely seen.
Condition: 2 nodes must be part of same VCS.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000589040		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:		
Symptom: When a permit/deny rule is added for a specific IP(range), it may not block the other		
unspecified IP(ranges)		
Condition: This might occur for rules having source IP and gateway values.		
Workaround: Adding an additional deny rule with same source IP and current switch IP as destination		
for IP protocol will block all other unspecified IP(ranges)		

Defect ID: DEFECT000589259		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:		
Symptom: Applying a policy having rule with DSCP option will fail internally. Hence no IP ACL rule will be enforced.		
Condition: Applying a policy having rule with DSCP option will fail with internally with a script error.		

Workaround: Remove/Avoid adding the rule having DSCP value/option

Defect ID: DEFECT	T000589297	Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols
Release:		
Symptom: VDX ru	nning Network OS5.0.2 displays i	ssue in STP output, root bridge is wrongly displayed.
Condition: Execution of "spanning-tree ieee-bpdu limit-vlan-flood" command		

Defect ID: DEFECT000590114		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: AMPP - Automatic Migration of Port
Release:		Profiles
Symptom: If user configures two AMPP port-profiles		s, one of them configured with access VLAN x and
other configured with trunk VLAN x, Ther		n ,In that case , It will not be shown as conflicting in
"show port-profile name <pp1-name> name <pp2-name> validate" command output.</pp2-name></pp1-name>		me <pp2-name> validate" command output.</pp2-name>
Condition: When user creates 2 port-profiles, one port-profile with access VLAN x and other port-		
profile with trunk VLAN x and executes "s		show port-profile name <pp1-name> name <pp2-< td=""></pp2-<></pp1-name>
name> validate" CLI.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000590771		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release		Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: High Availability
Release:		
Symptom: The st	tandby MM on 8770-8 went t	o faulty state. This caused switch HA failover not to
work. Also seen on primary MM was DCMD daemon termination, causing primary MM to		
reboo	ot.	
Condition: The primary MM was booted with wrong Model ID, resulting in communication failure with		
secondary MM and database corruption		

Defect ID: DEFECT000591172		Technical Severity: Medium
		Probability: Low
·		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.1	Technology: IP Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: It is s	een that configuration of global VI	interface is missing in output of" show running-
config". Configuration of same global VE was already present in protocol daemon, hence		
configuration of global VE again is not allowed.		llowed.
Condition: In a rare scenario during global VE configuration.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000594276	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In Network OS6.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: Under a high scale of VCS nodes, the configuration applied for a range of interfaces across		
the VDX nodes may cause principal node to encounter an unexpected reload.		
Condition: When issuing a configuration command under an interface range in a large cluster (32+		
nodes)		
Workaround: Avoid using interface range option in large clusters (32+ nodes) & instead configure the		

Defect ID: DEFECT000595226		Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Syslog	
Release:			
Symptom: IPv4 a	and IPv6 syslog servers were	not working when configured together as default/non-	
default VRF.			
Condition: Defec	Condition: Defect exists in 7.0.0 also		

interfaces individually.

Defect ID: DEFECT000595610		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Traffic Management
Reported In	Network OS4.1.3	Technology: Rate Limiting and Shaping
Release:		
Symptom: Customer could not enable the multicast rate-limit CLI as it gives error indicating it is not		
supported for VDX6746 platform.		
Condition: multicast rate-limit CLI throws error.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000597786	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: After ISSU: IP Fabric VXLAN tunnel	s can start flapping continuously.	
Condition: When there exist BGP-EVPN based IP Fabric VXLAN tunnels in the system and an ISSU is		
performed.		
Workaround: Disabling the "vtep-discovery" defined under "address-family I2vpn evpn" submode of		
"router bgp" mode, before ISSU.		
or		
Deletion of the "overlay-gateway" config, before ISSU.		
Recovery: Deletion and recreation of the "overlay-gateway" config.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000598965	Technical Severity: Medium	
Reason Code: Design Limitation	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:		
Symptom: Local configuration related to global configuration may not restore on "config snapshot		
restore".		
Condition: Customer using snapshot feature may see issues when running "attached rbridge-id add 1"		
missing from running-config after "vcs config snapshot restore rbridge-id <rb-id> snapshot</rb-id>		
id <snapshot-id> .</snapshot-id>		
Workaround: Customer should configure the missing configurations again.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000599203		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Not Reproducible		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: The SNMP IPV4 traps may not be received		eceived through in-band interface.
Condition: The SNMP traps may not be received through in-band interface after upgrade from 6.0.1		
7.0.1.		
Workaround: Configure source-interface in the SNMP host / v3host recipients.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000599993	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol	
Release:		
Symptom: Performing back-to-back reload of VDX may result in some of the OSPF sessions getti		
stuck in Exchange state		
Condition: This is observed with a high number of L3 routes of the magnitude ~20K and performing		
back-to-back reload of VDX		
Recovery: Clear the sessions that are in stuck in exchange state		

Defect ID: DEFECT000600197		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Design Limitation		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: "show running-config overlay-gateway <name> vlan <vlan number="">" throws error "%</vlan></name>		eway <name> vlan <vlan number="">" throws error "% No</vlan></name>
entries found " even when VLAN is present.		s present.

Condition: This happens only when a filter is specified after "overlay-gateway <name>". Otherwise command works fine when no filter is specified.

Workaround: Instead of using the filter, use the " | include <string>" for filters like following:

"show running-config overlay-gateway <name> | include "vlan <vlan-number>"

Defect ID: DEFECT000600482		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
Reported In Release:	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
Symptom: Inter-VLAN traffic that is routed on VDX is failing for specific end hosts.		
Condition: Frequent ARP addition/deletion, topology changes, high CPU bound ARP/L3 traffic		
Recovery: 'clear arp no-refresh' command		

Defect ID: DEFECT000601318		Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First	
Release:			
Symptom: Blade may become faulty with error code		le 97 during firmware upgrade with the coldboot	
option.			
Condition: That can happen due to a rare MI/ISC issue during the blade initialization process.			
Workaround: None is required			
Recovery: The bl	Recovery: The blade will be reset and will be recovered automatically.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000601398	Technical Severity: High	
Reason Code: Not Reproducible	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and	
	Orchestration	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: OpenStack Integration	
Release:		
Symptom: VDX 8770 6x100 GbE port, when shut, no shut, may cause link partner VDX 6940-144S 100		
GbE port to go administratively down, and stay administratively down.		
Condition: VDX 8770 6x100 GbE port, when shut, no shut, may cause link partner VDX 6940-144S 100		
GbE port to go administratively down, and stay administratively down.		
Workaround: Perform no shut on VDX 6940-144S 100 GbE port		
Recovery: Perform no shut on VDX 6940-144S 100 GbE port		

Defect ID: DEFECT000602153	Technical Severity: Medium
	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management

Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: Inband Management	
Release:			
Symptom: No re	esponse for SNMP query from	n loopback IP address.	
Condition: If ingress and egress interfaces are different.			
Workaround: co	Workaround: configure route to take ingress and egress path from same interface.		
Recovery: Use the same interface for ingress and egress side.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000602861		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: High disk usage that ended up out of space.		
Condition: Postgres log file(Dcmd.Linux.powerpc.pg_ctl.log) unconditionally growing		
Recovery: Delete Dcmd.Linux.powerpc.pg_ctl.log file.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000604917		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: TRILL - Transparent Interconnection
Release:		of Lots of Links
Symptom: VDX throws Application communication failure error.		
Condition: Execution of VCS ID change CLI.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000613594	Technical Severity: Low	
Reason Code: Will Not Fix	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In Network OS5.0.2	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: show commands couldn't be accepted due to "application communication failure".		
Condition: Deletion of snmp-community config after ISSU upgrade from Network OS 502a to Network		
OS 502b1, can cause the issue of show command.		
Workaround: Remove the snmp community config before the upgrades and apply it back		

Defect ID: DEFECT000615168		Technical Severity: Medium
Reason Code: Will Not Fix		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: User may not be able to login to VDX switch after ISSU upgrade from		vitch after ISSU upgrade from Network OS7.0.0 to
Network OS7.0.1 with no activation option. Existing telnet sessions will not be impacted.		
Cold boot upgrades are not impacted		
Condition: ISSU upgrade from Network OS7.0.0 to Network OS7.0.1 with no activation option		

Workaround: Perform ISSU firmware Install with auto activation. (Don't install firmware on a single node VDX running Network OS7.0.0 to Network OS7.0.1 with "noactivate" option. In case "logical-chassis" keyword used,

don't install firmware on single or multiple nodes in cluster running Network OS7.0.0 to Network OS7.0.1 without "auto-activate" option.)

Existing open telnet sessions will not be impacted. Thus if you really want to perform ISSU firmware install without activation, then keep principal node telnet/ssh/console session open with infinite terminal time out using "terminal timeout 0". This will allow to perform "firmware activate" to recover from the impacted state

Recovery: The user may login using another node in the VCS that is not yet upgraded and carry out principal switchover to make that VDX a Principal switch. Once done, execute "firmware activate".

Alternatively, add a new switch to VCS cluster, make it principal and run command "firmware activate" which would recover all switches in VCS cluster

Defect ID: DEFECT000625386		Technical Severity: High
Reason Code: Already Fixed in Release		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In Network OS6.0.2		Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		

Symptom: Unable to login to the device and customer should do netinstall to bring up the device

Condition: After upgrading the firmware form version nos6.0.2 to nos7.0.0, user unable to login the

switch.

Workaround: Upgrade the firmware version from nos6.0.2 to nos6.0.2c before upgrading it to nos7.0.0 or higher version.

Recovery: Netinstall is required to recover the switch state.

Known Issues for Network OS v7.4.0

This section lists open software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity in Network OS v7.4.0.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-48022	Issue ID:	NOS-48022
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Network Automation and Orchestration
Reported in Release:	NOS6.0.2h	Technology:	OpenStack
			Integration
Symptom:	Unexpected reload.		
Condition:	Due to low memory condition, when links flap during ISL formation.		
Workaround:	Replace/reseat optics/	cable if ISL link flap persi	ists

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53113	Issue ID:	NOS-53113
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Network Automation
			and Orchestration
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.1c	Technology:	YANG
Symptom:	NOS fails to un-escape special characters in passwords received via		
	Netconf XML for config backup upload.		
Condition:	Special characters used in password		
Workaround:	None		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53133	Issue ID:	NOS-53133
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.2	Technology:	IP Addressing
Symptom:	IP direct-broadcast is not working for 40G port		
Condition:	Not able to enable ip directed-broadcast config for 40G physical		
	interface		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-53151	Issue ID:	NOS-53151
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.2	Technology:	VRRPv2 - Virtual
			Router Redundancy
			Protocol Version 2

Symptom:	After VRRP master do "copy running startup" and "reload system", main module may reload because of panic in kernel
Condition:	In a dual main module setup with scaled VRRP setup, copy running config and system was reloaded with 'reload system' command.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54895	Issue ID:	NOS-54895
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	With 512 VRFs, rp_filter error logs may be seen on reload system		
Condition:	Scaling to 512 VRFs		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-54939	Issue ID:	NOS-54939
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	When a user try to unconfigure "export route-map" config under a		
	VRF, while using rbridge range, the error is seen.		
Condition:	When a user enters into rbridge range and try to unconfigure the VRF		
	"export route-map" configure, the error occurs.		
Workaround:	A user can go to the sp	ecific rbridge and try to	unconfigure the config.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55028	Issue ID:	NOS-55028
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	IGMP - Internet
			Group Management
			Protocol
Symptom:	System reboot/reload is observed. It would also affect the traffic		
	forwarding until the system comes up.		
Condition:	The issue is only seen, when IGMPv3 reports are received with		
	Exclude mode for Multicast Source address, in a VLAN domain.		
	Issue is usually observed on a high scale scenario, with around 1000		
	IGMPv3 Multicast Grou	ip addresses joined in a	VLAN domain.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55098	Issue ID:	NOS-55098
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	ARP - Address
			Resolution Protocol

Symptom:	When uRPF is enabled, some packets are not forwarded	
Condition:	NULL route is configured for the source and uRPF is enabled	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55113	Issue ID:	NOS-55113
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching		
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	Physical and port-chan	nel interfaces configured	d for both uplink-
	switch protected-port and switchport mode trunk-no-default-native		
	cannot send or receive frames.		
Condition:	Physical and port-channel interfaces configured for both uplink-		
	switch protected-port and switchport mode trunk-no-default-native		
Workaround:	Don't configure "uplink-switch protected-port" and "switchport mode		
	trunk-no-default-native" on the same interface. If one already has,		
	recovery requires one to first remove "uplink-switch protected-port",		
	remove all switchport settings with "no switchport", and then re-add		
	all switchport settings.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55139	Issue ID:	NOS-55139
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	L2 agent t crashes, while disabling protected port configuration on		
	ports of castor switch.		
Condition:	When Virtual fabric resource limit [4004] is reached and when		
	protected port configuration is tried, it is failing but, due to		
	inconstant state L2 agent crashes.		
Workaround:	Do not try to apply protected port configuration beyond available		
	resource limit on a cast	tor switch.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55243	Issue ID:	NOS-55243
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	Switch panics during cl	eanup of PVLAN configu	ration.
Condition:	When below steps are	tried as part of PVLAN co	onfigurations, switch
	panics during cleanup of the configuration.		
	STEP 2. Associate Vp to STEP 3. Configure A1A isolated, A3A as trunk of	s primary, Vi as isolated, o Vi & Vc on primary vlan as trunk promiscuous po community, A4A as trunl MP snooping on second	Vp. ort, A2A as trunk < PVLAN port.

	STEP 5. Enable PVST/RPVST globally.		
	STEP 6. Try configuring bridge priority for vlan Vi & Vc STEP 7. Now disable spanning-tree globally on all nodes in cluster.		
	STEP 8. Try creating ve interface corresponding to secondary VLANs Vi		
	& Vc.		
Workaround:			

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55380	Issue ID:	NOS-55380
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	SNMP - Simple
			Network
			Management
			Protocol
Symptom:	SNMP MIB counters (a) ifOutUcastPkts (b) ifHCOutUcastPkts (c)		
	ifHCInUcastPkts showing incorrect values		
Condition:	When user sends Multicast/Broadcast L2 traffic, SNMP MIB counters		
	(a) ifOutUcastPkts (b) ifHCOutUcastPkts (c) ifHCInUcastPkts		
	showing incorrect values		
Workaround:	User can use CLI to get	the accurate values for	(a) ifOutUcastPkts (b)
	ifHCOutUcastPkts (c) if	HCInUcastPkts	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55384	Issue ID:	NOS-55384
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	ACLs - Access Control
			Lists
Symptom:	Observing "Detected termination of process secd".		
Condition:	Enabling and disabling operation of DHCPconfiguration in a sequential		
	order with ACL configu	ration.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55403	Issue ID:	NOS-55403
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Traffic disruption for some of the Multicast routes may be observed.		
Condition:	Issue can be seen when multicast routes are scaled to maximum		
	supported by PIM prot	ocol.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55405	Issue ID:	NOS-55405
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS

Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	The port learned via IGMPv2 (*,G) mode will not receive the traffic in		
	specific scenario		
Condition:	When the same Multicast group is learned on 2 different ports, one		
	port in IGMPv2 (*,G) n	node another is inIGMPv	3 (S,G) mode.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55429	Issue ID:	NOS-55429
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	ACLs - Access Control
			Lists
Symptom:	No functional impact.		
	Unable to see security violation raslog messages.		
Condition:	Configuring deny rule f	or IPV6 host.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55451	Issue ID:	NOS-55451
Severity:	S1 - Critical		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0a	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	In rare scenario the MAC is not updated properly in VCS.		
Condition:	When there is a single	link connection to the er	nd host.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55490	Issue ID:	NOS-55490
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0aa	Technology:	IGMP - Internet
			Group Management
			Protocol
Symptom:	IGMP Snooping can be enabled only on 512 with previous releases.		
	From this release onward IGMP snooping can be enabled on 4000		
	vlans.		
Condition:	IGMP Snooping can be	enabled only on 512 wit	th previous releases.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55577	Issue ID:	NOS-55577
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	BGP4 - IPv4 Border
			Gateway Protocol
Symptom:	In IP Fabric topology, traffic may sometimes not get forwarded for		
	VRF leaked routes.		

Condition:	L3VNI routes are leaked across VRFs.
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Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55610	Issue ID:	NOS-55610	
Severity:	S2 - High			
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3	
			Routing/Network	
			Layer	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0 Technology: OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open			
			Shortest Path First	
Symptom:	Termination of ospf6d daemon when continuous BFD flaps are			
	observed for longer period of time.			
Condition:	Continuous BFD flaps in a scaled configuration scenario leading to			
	OOM for ospf6d daem	on		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55654	Issue ID:	NOS-55654
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	ARP - Address
			Resolution Protocol
Symptom:	MAC is UnResolved in show arp command		
Condition:	HA failover and clear arp no-refresh multiple times can lead to this.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55680	Issue ID:	NOS-55680
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	IP Addressing
Symptom:	DHCP traffic sent from VLAG port-channel on VLAN is flooded back on		
	same VLAG port-channel from other peer inside VCS cluster.		
Condition:	DHCP traffic is sent from	m VLAG port-channel on	VLAN

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55684	Issue ID:	NOS-55684
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	BFD - BiDirectional
			Forwarding
			Detection

Symptom:	Multipath BFD session is not coming online/UP.	
Condition:	After un-provisioning and provisioning loopback interface.	
Workaround:	Un-provision and provision Multipath BFD configuration after provisioning loopback interface.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55733	Issue ID:	NOS-55733
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	Unexpected switch reload.		
Condition:	During the shut operation on protected group interfaces.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55788	Issue ID:	NOS-55788	
Severity:	S2 - High			
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	HTTP/HTTPS	
Symptom:	When user imports a certificate using 'crypto ca import' command, certificate import may not succeed always.			
Condition:	When openssl fails to verify the certificate being imported, it leads to			
	this issue.			
Workaround:	Retry 'crypto ca import	Retry 'crypto ca import' and it may import the certificate successfully.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55816	Issue ID:	NOS-55816
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	Switch may undergo unexpected reload.		
Condition:	In scaled scenario, when protected port is disabled on a port.		
Workaround:	•		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55820	Issue ID:	NOS-55820
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	LAG - Link
			Aggregation Group
Symptom:	Partial traffic drop when member port from static LAG is removed.		
Condition:	Issue is seen when Multicast VLAG load balancing (ip igmp snooping vlag-load-balancing, ipv6 mld snooping vlag-load-balancing) is enabled for a VLAN, which has IGMP/MLD member on Static LAG, and one of the LAG member port is later removed.		
Workaround:	Shut/no-shut on any existing member port of the Static LAG, or		
	shut/no-shut on Po into	erface, will recover the t	raffic drop.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55828	Issue ID:	NOS-55828
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	BFD - BiDirectional
			Forwarding
			Detection
Symptom:	Multipath BFD is does not become up		
Condition:	This can happen sometimes when BGP session is established between		
	router ports with Unnu	ımbered configuration.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-55905	Issue ID:	NOS-55905	
Severity:	S2 - High			
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	CLI - Command Line	
			Interface	
Symptom:	[NOS 7.4.0] RESTAPI - Vlan name configuration is failed while doing			
	through RESTAPI			
Condition:	Getting error when wil	Getting error when will configure "name" (vlan) using REST.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-56134	Issue ID:	NOS-56134
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported in Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	TRILL - Transparent
			Interconnection of
			Lots of Links
Symptom:	ARP is not resolved for the IP Fabric Gateway IP address		
Condition:	Same IP address is configured for both IP Fabric Gateway and		
	Loopback interface.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66171	Issue ID:	NOS-66171
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	DHCP - Dynamic Host
			Configuration
			Protocol
Symptom:	DHCP off log are not expected when dhcp is enable on management		
	interface.		

Condition:	When user enable DHCP for management interface
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Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66172	Issue ID:	NOS-66172
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Symptom:	Getting error while app	lying vlan group to the	ports when restoring
	the backup config from	external server	
Condition:	Applying Vlan group to the ports is not working when restoring the		
	same from external ser	ver.	
Workaround:	•		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66196	Issue ID:	NOS-66196	
Severity:	S2 - High			
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3	
			Routing/Network	
			Layer	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	Static Routing (IPv6)	
Symptom:	IPv6 default gate ip is removed from mgmt int after giving shut/no			
	shut on mgmt interface.			
Condition:	If static IPv6 address and default gateway are configured for			
	management interface, after shut/no shut mgmt ip address			
	operation, IPv6 gateway address is deleted in 'show ipv6 route vrf			
	mgmt-vrf'			
Workaround:	User needs re-configur	User needs re-configure IPv6 default gateway to resume Ipv6		
	management connective	vity.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66200	Issue ID:	NOS-66200
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	ICMP - Internet
			Control Message
			Protocol
Symptom:	IPv6 MTU on management interface is not updated accordingly when		
	IPv4 MTU is changed.		
Condition:	Change ipv4 MTU on management interface.		
Workaround:	Change IPv6 MTU acco	rdingly.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66204	Issue ID:	NOS-66204
raient beleet ib.	1103-00204	issue iD.	NO3-0020 4

Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	IP Addressing
Symptom:	IP Mroute configuration automatically gets applied to Management-		
	VRF, after a sequence VCS cluster disruptions.		
Condition:	When Management interface IP address is assigned by DHCP,		
	removing it and configuring Static IP address. If the Node is reloaded,		
	the IP Mroute configured in the system also gets applied to		
	management-vrf.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66224	Issue ID:	NOS-66224
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	Configuration lost is no	t expected for port-char	nnel
Condition:	Swicthport configuration	on is lost when copied fr	om an external server
	to switch for a port-channel.		
Workaround:		·	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66250	Issue ID:	NOS-66250
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	SNMP - Simple
			Network
			Management
			Protocol
Symptom:	For breakout ports, there is a mismatch between the output of		
	"show media optical-monitoring" and SNMP MIB		
	bsciOptMonInfoTable, w.r.t. Bias current and Rx power.		
Condition:	The user is using break	out ports.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66271	Issue ID:	NOS-66271
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported in Release:	NOS7.0.2	Technology:	ACLs - Access Control
			Lists
Symptom:	'Message Generic Erro	r' displayed in the CLI	
Condition:	Very rare to hit, during execution of 'no ip access-group		
	<acl_name>'</acl_name>		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66283	Issue ID:	NOS-66283
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Hardware Monitoring
Symptom:	Extra characters may appear in the output of "show media" in Date-		
	Code field for some int	erfaces.	
Condition:	For some new optics Date-code field in the output of "show media"		
	command may contain	some extra characters.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66284	Issue ID:	NOS-66284
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VPN
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	EVPN - Ethernet VPN
Symptom:	System reboot/reload is observed. It would affect the traffic		
	forwarding until systen	n comes up.	
Condition:	The issue is seen only when Candidate RP is configured with more		
	than 200 group range prefixes.		
	Not a typical scenario.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66290	Issue ID:	NOS-66290
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	"Error: Vlan has only one member interface" will be thrown during		
	configuration restoration from external FTP server.		
Condition:	Protected ports configuration fails during configuration restoration		
	from external FTP server.		
Workaround:	Need to re-apply protected-port configuration after configuration		
	restoration.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66291	Issue ID:	NOS-66291	
Severity:	S3 - Medium	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3	
			Routing/Network	
			Layer	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	BGP4 - IPv4 Border	
			Gateway Protocol	
Symptom:	"show bgp evpn l3vni all-vrf" shows same VRF information two times.			
Condition:	running "show bgp evp	on l3vni all-vrf"		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66295	Issue ID:	NOS-66295
Severity:	S2 - High		

Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS7.2.0a	Technology:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Symptom:	Error message is seen when configuring the vrf under loopback		
	interface.		
Condition:	Sometimes when configuring the VRF under Loopback interface.		
Workaround:			

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66315	Issue ID:	NOS-66315
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	ICMP - Internet
			Control Message
			Protocol
Symptom:	ICMP type 3 code 4 messages are not generated on IPv4 MTU violation		
Condition:	The router is part of an for IP Fabric.	IP Fabric. The functiona	lity is not supported

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66768	Issue ID:	NOS-66768
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Other
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	Other
Symptom:	when use these specia	l characters `\$&(')/	< \" > ?; in password
	with vrf , "copy config"	command will fail, as th	ese characters are not
	supported.		
	RB94# show version		
	Network Operating Sys	tem Software	
	Network Operating Sys	tem Version: 7.4.0_bld0	7
	Copyright (c) 2017-2018 Extreme Networks, Inc.		
	Firmware name: 7.4.0_bld07		
	Build Time: 16:23:15 Jan 16, 2019		
	Install Time: 08:54:24 Jan 17, 2019		
	Kernel: 2.6.34.6		
	BootProm: 1.0.1		
	Control Processor: e50	00mc with 4096 MB of m	emory
	Slot Name Primary/Secondary Versions Status		
	SW/0 NOS 7.4.0_bld07 STANDBY		
	7.4.0_bld07		
	SW/1 NOS 7.4.0_bl	d07	ACTIVE*
	7.4.0_bld07		

	RB94#		
	RB94# copy running-config		
	ftp://sk:zxz\$\#abc@10.20.232.225//home/sk/test use-vrf mgmt-vrf		
	Please check the username or password.		
	RB94# copy running-config		
	ftp://sk:zxz\$\#abc@10.20.232.225//home/sk/test/rb94.cfg		
	RB94# copy running-config		
	scp://sk:zxz\$\#abc@10.20.232.225//home/sk/test.cfg use-vrf mgmt-		
	vrf		
	Please check the username or password.		
	RB94# copy running-config		
	scp://sk:zxz\$\#abc@10.20.232.225//home/sk/test.cfg		
	RB94# copy running-config		
	ftp://sk:zxz\$\#abc@10.20.232.225//home/sk/test/rb94.cfg use-vrf		
	mgmt-vrf		
	Please check the username or password> getting error while		
	uploading the config using mgmt-vrf		
Condition:	When use these special characters `\$&(')/<\">?; in		
	password for copy config command with vrf.		
Workaround:	Avoid using these special characters $\$ (') / < " > ?$; in		
	password for the copy config command with vrf.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66795	Issue ID:	NOS-66795
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Observed panic core fil	es after configuring prin	cipal priority.
Condition:	Panic files are observed when tried to configure principal priority on a		
	logical chassis.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66841	Issue ID:	NOS-66841
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	ICMP - Internet
			Control Message
			Protocol
Symptom:	Switches in same VCS will always be able to ping each other		
Condition:	When acl hard-drop is configured on VE, switch will not be able to		
	ping switches in other VCS as expected, but will be able to ping		
	switches in same VCS.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66849	Issue ID:	NOS-66849
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	PIM - Protocol-
			Independent
			Multicast
Symptom:	The pim bsr command (bsr-candidate interface <interface> mask</interface>		
	<mask-len>) replay is failing.</mask-len>		
Condition:	This issue happens when pim bsr command is configured and saved,		
	the system is rebooted		
Workaround:	After reboot, perform	no pim bsr and re-config	ure the command.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66874	Issue ID:	NOS-66874
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	IPv4 Multicast
			Routing
Symptom:	PIM Mcache entries for	r directly connected sou	rce, does not get
	populated, for those source interfaces where IP address was removed		
	and replied after HA fa	ilover.	
Condition:	Issue is seen only with an unlikely sequence of steps. IP address is		
	removed from an interface where Multicast source is present, and		
	then HA Failover is performed. IP address is configured back on that		
	same interface after systems comes up. PIM fails to program SG		
	entries for sources on that interface.		
Workaround:	Workaround is to disab	ole & enable PIM-SM in t	the affect interface
	after HA failover.		

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66875	Issue ID:	NOS-66875	
Severity:	S3 - Medium			
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3	
			Routing/Network	
			Layer	
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	DHCP - Dynamic Host	
			Configuration	
			Protocol	
Symptom:	When HA failover is initiated, DHCP relay is not able to relay packets			
	properly	properly		
Condition:	HA entries dump from Active to Standby for L3 DHCP relay agent is			
	not happening properly. Due to which, if HA failover is initiated L3			
	DHCP relay may not work properly .			
Workaround:	Re-configuring L3 DHCP Relay address after HA failover will create			
	database properly. L3 [DHCP relay will work pro	perly after that.	

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66891	Issue ID:	NOS-66891
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	IPv6 Addressing
Symptom:	When a new path is added to the existing IPv6 route, newly added		
	path is not taken for traffic forwarding in hardware.		
Condition:	Static configuration of	new IPv6 route path to e	existing IPv6 route.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66909	Issue ID:	NOS-66909
Severity:	S3 - Medium		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	VMWare
Symptom:	On migration a VM from	m one EXSi server to and	other this migration is
	not shown in output of "show vnetwork vms vcenter ESXi1"		
	command. Both of the EXSi servers are manages by same vcenter.		
Condition:	The issue is seen on mi	gration of a VM from on	e EXSi server to other.

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-66961	Issue ID:	NOS-66961
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	on the physical interface reload delay timer is kicking in with slot power off and on.		
Condition:	reload delay timer is configured on the physical interface and slot power off and poweron is triggered		
Workaround:	shut/noshut on the int	erface to cancel the time	er

Parent Defect ID:	NOS-67013	Issue ID:	NOS-67013
Severity:	S2 - High		
Product:	Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported in Release:	NOS7.4.0	Technology:	TACACS & TACACS+
Symptom:	Audit log might show t	he wrong username who	en the user successfully
	logs in		
Condition:	When an user tries to I	ogin using telnet and it f	ails and from the same
	session the user successfully logs in then audit log shows username of		
	the failed login instead	of successful login	
Workaround:	When login fails then try to login from a new session		

Known Issues for Network OS v7.3.0

This section lists open software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity in Network OS v7.3.0.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000517329		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS5.0.0	Technology:	BGP4 - IPv4 Border
			Gateway Protocol
Symptom:	Nexthop change using outbound route-map is not allowed for EBGP		
	neighbor connection.		
Condition:	When Route-map with set-nexthop is used as outbound policy for		
	BGP neighbor.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000577800		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.0	Technology:	MAPS - Monitoring and Alerting Policy Suite
Symptom:	device connectivity config should be consistent on all the links in the port-channel		
Condition:	port-channel members configured as different type NAS, iSCSI		
Workaround:	Configure all members	to be in same type.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000581284			
Technical Severity:	Low	Probability:	Low	
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS	
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis	
Symptom:	Introducing a check to verify every time if port-channel count has exceeded 4K or not will bring down the performance. It is already documented that 4K VLAG's are supported.			
Condition:	User is allowed to conf	User is allowed to configure more than 4K port-channels.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000588886		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.0	Technology:	PIM - Protocol-
			Independent
			Multicast

Symptom:	Excess amount of traffic seen momentarily, during the HA failover of one of the VCS node, which is acting as FHR + LHR for one of the multicast stream.
Condition:	If a router is FHR and LHR both, and there happens to be only one path between RP and this router. Assert scenario is hit with duplicate traffic from Source and RP.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000596415		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	ICMP - Internet
			Control Message
			Protocol
Symptom:	VDX does not update its own CurHopLimit.		
Condition:	when the device has be	een configured to advert	ise a different
	AdvCurHopLimit value		
Workaround:	Currently 2 separate commands exist to achieve needed functionality		
	ipv6 nd reachable-time <millisec> and ipv6 nd cache expire time</millisec>		
	<secs></secs>		
	ipv6 nd hoplimit <hlim< th=""><th>it> and set proc entry.</th><th></th></hlim<>	it> and set proc entry.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000596930		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	TRILL - Transparent
			Interconnection of
			Lots of Links
Symptom:	ELD fails to work as expected with speeds lower than 1G when ports		
	from same VCS cluster (different switches and same switch) are		
	connected.		
Condition:	Loop is detected on ELD enabled links when speed on link changed		
	from 10G or 1G to 100Mbps.		
	Note: ELD is not supported on 100MB.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000616985		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	MAPS - Monitoring
			and Alerting Policy
			Suite

Symptom:	MAPS raslog/email is not generated when rule is triggered when CRC
	counters got incremented after an unexpected system reload.
Condition:	Issue is seen after unexpected reload of switch.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000617251			
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium	
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3	
			Routing/Network	
			Layer	
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	BFD - BiDirectional	
			Forwarding	
			Detection	
Symptom:	Some of the BFD session over Ve interface will be seen as Down state.			
Condition:	One of the system for the BFD session is dropping the packet,			
	resulting in DOWN state.			
Workaround:	Workaround is to do one of the following:			
	- shut / no shut of the interface			
	- un-config/ config of OSPF BFD.			
Recovery:	Recovery is to do one of the following			
	- shut / no shut of the interface			
	- un-config/ config of C	- un-config/ config of OSPF BFD.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000617700		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	ACLs - Access Control
			Lists
Symptom:	"show access-list ip" CLI will list only local node access-list		
	configuration.		
Condition:	Different access-lists are configured on the management interfaces		
	across the cluster.		
Workaround:	"show access-list rbridge-id" or "show access-list interface" CLI can be		
	used to display the access list of desired RBridge/interface.		
Recovery:	This is a cosmetic issue	; no functional impact.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000623446		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	Some MAC addresses learnt via BGP are not seen in mac-address-		
	table		
Condition:	When "mac-learning protocol bgp" for sites are frequently toggled,		
	some MAC addresses are not seen in the BGP EVPN table.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000623618			
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low	
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric	
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.0 Technology: IP Fabric			
Symptom:	Host ARP is learnt even when host IP subnet does not match to VE IP			
	subnet.			
Condition:	Host is connected to a VLAN where the Ve IP subnet is different than			
	the host IP subnet.			
Workaround:	Disable proxy ARP on V	'E		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000624566		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	Switch experience Out Of Memory (OOM) condition and reboots		
Condition:	Using Scaled Configurations		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000625831		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	IGMP - Internet
			Group Management
			Protocol
Symptom:	IGMPv2 report will be sent back on same VxLAN tunnel where the		
	report was received from if the tunnel is terminated on TRILL ports.		
Condition:	VxLAN is terminated on TRILL port on VDX6940.		
Workaround:	VxLAN tunnel is termin	VxLAN tunnel is terminated on edge ports that are non-TRILL Ports.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000625956		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	When the "show ip int brief" CLI is executed on a VDX8770 switch,		
	the output under the column "Protocol" does not contain the reason		
	for a particular interface to be in state "down".		
Condition:	When the "show ip int	When the "show ip int brief" CLI is executed on a VDX8770 switch.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000627564		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching

Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	VXLAN - Virtual
			Extensible LAN
Symptom:	VDX 6940 can undergo unexpected reload during upgrade from		
	NOS6.0.2c to NOS7.0.1b		
Condition:	VDX6940 is upgraded f	rom 6.0.2c to 7.0.1b	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000629684		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS5.0.2	Technology:	Management GUI
Symptom:	Unexpected reload of standby management module in VDX8770.		
Condition:	Reloading of standby management module without any user		
	intervention.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000630331		
Technical Severity:	Low	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	SSH - Secure Shell
Symptom:	'ssh-server' CLI is unable to configure options such as cipher, mac, kex		
	etc		
Condition:	FIPS mode is enabled		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000631934		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS5.0.2	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	HA sync fails between active and standby management modules in		
	VDX 8770 because of cluster.configuration and VCS.configurations are		
	not synchronized.		
Condition:	HA sync fails occasionally between active and standby management		
	modules.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000633313		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS5.0.2	Technology:	FCoE - Fibre Channel
			over Ethernet
Symptom:	Changing fcoe advertisement interval not working sometimes		
Condition:	1. Change advertisement interval to a higher value than default		
	2. Reboot the switch		
	3. Keep alives from swi	tch are still going out ev	ery 8 seconds

Defect ID:	DEFECT000634086		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	IPv6 Addressing
Symptom:	VDX sends neighbor advertisement(NA) message in response to		
	neighbor solicitation(NS) even after the auto-configured link local		
	IPv6 address has been rejected due to duplicated address detected		
	(DAD).		
Condition:	This behavior is not co	mpliant with RFC4862(c	lause 5.4.5).

Defect ID:	DEFECT000634260		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Security Vulnerability
Symptom:	Switch allows Non-admin user to execute certain operational		
	commands even though it is denied by RBAC Rule.		
Condition:	With view privileges the user is able to execute certain operational		
	commands.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000634629		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	PIM - Protocol-
			Independent
			Multicast
Symptom:	"BSR-candidate interface" and "RP-candidate interface"		
	configuration is lost during configuration replay from external server.		
Condition:	Configuration replay from external serve		
Recovery:	Reconfigure after confi	guration replay	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000634672		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Configuration
			Fundamentals
Symptom:	After reload "show ip route vrf mgmt-vrf" showing routes when		
	management port is in shutdown state		
Condition:	Reloading the switch w	rith routes contained in r	mgmtvrf

Defect ID:	DEFECT000637037
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Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Hardware Monitoring
Symptom:	Extra characters may appear in the output of "show media" in Date-		
	Code field for some interfaces.		
Condition:	For some new optics Date-code field in the output of "show media"		
	command may contain	some extra characters.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000638862		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Symptom:	100mb speed cli configured on physical interface in VDX6940-144S		
	platform is not removed when downgraded to 7.1.0		
Condition:	100mb speed configuration on VDX6940-144S platform		
Recovery:	Remove manually after	^r downgrade	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000639398		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	ACLs - Access Control
			Lists
Symptom:	Unable to see security violation raslog messages. No functional		
	impact.		
Condition:	Enforcing ACL with per	mit rules and then chang	ging rule as deny.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000639793		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	When a user try to unconfigure "export route-map" config under a		
	VRF, while using rbridge range, the error is seen.		
Condition:	When a user enters into rbridge range and try to unconfigure the VRF		
	"export route-map" configure, the error occurs.		
Workaround:	A user can go to the specific rbridge and try to unconfigure the config.		
Recovery:	User can go to the spec	cific rbridge and can unc	onfigure the specific
	config.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000640460		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VPN

Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	EVPN - Ethernet VPN
Symptom:	System reboot/reload is observed. It would affect the traffic		
	forwarding until system comes up.		
Condition:	The issue is seen only when Candidate RP is configured with more		
	than 200 group range prefixes.		
	Not a typical scenario.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000641475		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	User Accounts &
			Passwords
Symptom:	Configuration of invalid encrypted password for existing user with		
	encryption level as 7 it is getting accepted without throwing error.		
Condition:	VDX switch allows to change password as invalid encrypted password		
	for existing user.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000641485		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Management cluster/VCS goes offline when ISL between two nodes		
	goes down even though the connectivity could have been established		
	through the other nodes' ISL.		
Condition:	It happens rarely when	the new link/connectivi	ty happens slowly.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000641952		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	ACLs - Access Control
			Lists
Symptom:	No functional impact.		
	Unable to see security violation raslog messages.		
Condition:	Configuring deny rule f	Configuring deny rule for IPV6 host.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000643132		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	BGP4 - IPv4 Border
			Gateway Protocol

Symptom:	IP Forwarding table shows the stale route entry learned from eBGP
	source even though the egress interface is in the down state.
Condition:	BGP advertise/learn Prefix route(x.x.x.x/32) matches exactly with BGP
	peer address (x.x.x.x).

Defect ID:	DEFECT000643177		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	Traffic forwarding issue seen between two node dual homed Leaf		
	witch in IP Fabric topology.		
Condition:	When we remove one of the nodes from the two node VCS Leaf.		
Recovery:	Chassis Disable - wait for 1 min and chassis enable on relevant Leaf		
	node		
	Note: Clearing BGP session, mac address doesn't help.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000644145		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	SNMP - Simple
			Network
			Management
			Protocol
Symptom:	SNMP MIB counters (a) ifOutUcastPkts (b) ifHCOutUcastPkts (c)		
	ifHCInUcastPkts showing incorrect values		
Condition:	When user sends Multicast/Broadcast L2 traffic, SNMP MIB counters		
	(a) ifOutUcastPkts (b) ifHCOutUcastPkts (c) ifHCInUcastPkts		
	showing incorrect values		
Workaround:	User can use CLI to get	the accurate values for	(a) ifOutUcastPkts (b)
	ifHCOutUcastPkts (c) if	HCInUcastPkts	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000644224		
Technical Severity:	High Probability : Medium		
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	L2 agent t crashes, whi	le disabling protected po	ort configuration on
	ports of castor switch.		
Condition:	When Virtual fabric resource limit [4004] is reached and when		
	protected port configuration is tried, it is failing but, due to		
	inconstant state L2 agent crashes.		
Workaround:	Do not try to apply protected port configuration beyond available		
	resource limit on a castor switch.		
Recovery:			

Defect ID:	DEFECT000644252		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	BGP4 - IPv4 Border
			Gateway Protocol
Symptom:	"show bgp evpn l3vni all-vrf" shows same VRF information two times.		
Condition:	running "show bgp evp	n l3vni all-vrf"	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000644612		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	Switch panics during cl	eanup of PVLAN configu	ration.
Condition:	When below steps are	tried as part of PVLAN co	onfigurations, switch
	panics during cleanup of	of the configuration.	
	STEP 1. Configure Vp as primary, Vi as isolated, Vc as community vlan		
	STEP 2. Associate Vp to Vi & Vc on primary vlan Vp.		
	STEP 3. Configure A1A as trunk promiscuous port, A2A as trunk		
	isolated, A3A as trunk community, A4A as trunk PVLAN port.		
	STEP 4. Try enabling IGMP snooping on secondary vlans Vi & Vc.		
	STEP 5. Enable PVST/RPVST globally.		
	STEP 6. Try configuring	bridge priority for vlan \	/i & Vc
	STEP 7. Now disable sp	anning-tree globally on a	all nodes in cluster.
	STEP 8. Try creating ve interface corresponding to secondary VLANs Vi		
	& Vc.		
Workaround:		·	
Recovery:			

Defect ID:	DEFECT000644663		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	"Error: Vlan has only one member interface" will be thrown during		
	configuration restoration from external FTP server.		
Condition:	Protected ports configuration fails during configuration restoration		
	from external FTP server.		
Workaround:	Need to re-apply protected-port configuration after configuration		
	restoration.		
Recovery:			

Defect ID:	DEFECT000644727		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	ACLs - Access Control
			Lists
Symptom:	Observing "Detected termination of process secd".		
Condition:	Enabling and disabling operation of DHCPconfiguration in a sequential		
	order with ACL configu	ration.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000645034		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Traffic disruption for some of the Multicast routes may be observed.		
Condition:	Issue can be seen when multicast routes are scaled to maximum		
	supported by PIM protocol.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000645061		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	The port learned via IGMPv2 (*,G) mode will not receive the traffic in		
	specific scenario		
Condition:	When the same Multicast group is learned on 2 different ports, one		
	port in IGMPv2 (*,G) n	node another is inIGMPv	/3 (S,G) mode.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000645882		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Network Automation
			and Orchestration
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	Scripting
Symptom:	Under rare conditions, the script may not provide the next hop with		
	the required string.		
Condition:	This occurs when the "show ip route detail" command parsing does		
	not yield results.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000646181		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	IP Multicast
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	IGMP - Internet
			Group Management
			Protocol

Symptom:	System reboot/reload is observed. It would also affect the traffic
	forwarding until the system comes up.
Condition:	The issue is only seen, when IGMPv3 reports are received with
	Exclude mode for Multicast Source address, in a VLAN domain.
	Issue is usually observed on a high scale scenario, with around 1000
	IGMPv3 Multicast Group addresses joined in a VLAN domain.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000646314		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	With 512 VRFs, rp_filter error logs may be seen on reload system		
Condition:	Scaling to 512 VRFs		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000647282		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Monitoring
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	Hardware Monitoring
Symptom:	1G port link flapped in VDX6740-T.		
Condition:	On VDX6740-T if the peer end is connected to Intel NIC, auto		
	negotiation will fail, res	sulting in flapping of 1G	port.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000647840		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	System may undergo unexpected reload		
Condition:	Media removal while media data is reading		
Workaround:	shut/ no shut media removed interface		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000648098		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VPN
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	EVPN - Ethernet VPN
Symptom:	GARP Doesn't flood to hosts to updated their ARP cache irrespective		
	of whether ARP suppression is enabled/disabled.		
Condition:	Ipfabric environment where L2VPN is enabled.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000649266		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High

Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	ARP - Address
			Resolution Protocol
Symptom:	When uRPF is enabled, some packets are not forwarded		
Condition:	NULL route is configured for the source and uRPF is enabled		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000649821		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.2	Technology:	IP Addressing
Symptom:	IP direct-broadcast is not working for 40G port		
Condition:	Not able to enable ip directed-broadcast config for 40G physical		
	interface		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000650262		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.2	Technology:	ACLs - Access Control
			Lists
Symptom:	'Message Generic Error' displayed in the CLI		
Condition:	Very rare to hit, during execution of 'no ip access-group		
	<acl_name>'</acl_name>		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000651850		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	SNMP - Simple
			Network
			Management
			Protocol
Symptom:	SNMP sysName query returns hostname instead of FQDN.		
Condition:	When SNMP sysName OID is queried.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000652809		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer

Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	IPv6 Addressing
Symptom:	IPv6 nd is responding unexpectedly		
Condition:	During shutdown/no shutdown scenario		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000653336		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Configuration
			Fundamentals
Symptom:	Sometimes zoning CFG fails to enable		
Condition:	This error is seen when same name is given for both Zoning CFG and		
	member of CFG		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000655415		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	VXLAN - Virtual
			Extensible LAN
Symptom:	PBR is applied to only some flows, when it's configured on Ve that		
	terminated VxLAN.		
Condition:	PBR configuration on Ve that terminated VxLAN.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000655599		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.2	Technology:	VRRPv2 - Virtual
			Router Redundancy
			Protocol Version 2
Symptom:	After VRRP master do "copy running startup" and "reload system",		
	main module may reload because of panic in kernel		
Condition:	In a dual main module setup with scaled VRRP setup, copy running		
	config and system was	reloaded with 'reload sy	stem' command.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000656869		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.1.0	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	Port does not came online on VDX 6740-T platform		
Condition:	Port didn't came online when the peer server is CentOS was rebooted		
	multiple times.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000657045		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.2	Technology:	HTTP/HTTPS
Symptom:	HTTPS will be enabled if expired TLS certificate and key is imported to device using scpuser credentials. HTTPs should not be enabled if the certificate is expired.		
Condition:	When expired TLS certificate is imported to device using scpuser credentials, HTTPS can be enabled even with expired TLS certificate.		
Workaround:	Expired TLS certificate should not be imported to device.		
Recovery:	Import valid TLS certificate.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000657217		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	Physical and port-chan	nel interfaces configured	l for both uplink-
	switch protected-port and switchport mode trunk-no-default-native		
	cannot send or receive frames.		
Condition:	Physical and port-channel interfaces configured for both uplink-		
	switch protected-port and switchport mode trunk-no-default-native		
Workaround:	Don't configure "uplink-switch protected-port" and "switchport mode		
	trunk-no-default-native" on the same interface. If one already has,		
	recovery requires one to first remove "uplink-switch protected-port",		
	remove all switchport settings with "no switchport", and then re-add		
	all switchport settings.		
Recovery:			

Defect ID:	DEFECT000657616		
Technical Severity:	High Probability: Low		
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	VCS
Reported In Release:	NOS6.0.2	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	System may undergo unexpected reload because of kernel panic		
Condition:	This may be seen when VCS id of the neighbour node is changed		
	from primary node		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000657970		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer

Reported In Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open
			Shortest Path First
Symptom:	Termination of ospf6d daemon when continuous BFD flaps are		
	observed for longer period of time.		
Condition:	Continuous BFD flaps in a scaled configuration scenario leading to		
	OOM for ospf6d daemon		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000658704		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Management
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	CLI - Command Line
			Interface
Symptom:	Error message is seen when configuring the vrf under loopback		
	interface.		
Condition:	Sometimes when configuring the VRF under Loopback interface.		
Workaround:			
Recovery:			

Defect ID:	DEFECT000658791		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Medium
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	BGP4 - IPv4 Border
			Gateway Protocol
Symptom:	In IP Fabric topology, traffic may sometimes not get forwarded for		
	VRF leaked routes.		
Condition:	L3VNI routes are leake	d across VRFs.	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000658806		
Technical Severity:	Low	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3
			Routing/Network
			Layer
Reported In Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	BFD - BiDirectional
			Forwarding
			Detection
Symptom:	Multipath BFD session will not come up		
Condition:	Multipath BFD provisioned on non-default VRF		
Workaround:	Use default VRF for multipath BFD always.		
Recovery:	Un-provision Multipath	n BFD provisioned on no	n-default VRF

Defect ID:	DEFECT000659034		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching
Reported In Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN
Symptom:	Unexpected switch reload.		
Condition:	During the shut operation on protected group interfaces.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000659712		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Security
Reported In Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	HTTP/HTTPS
Symptom:	When user imports a certificate using 'crypto ca import' command,		
	certificate import may not succeed always.		
Condition:	When openssl fails to verify the certificate being imported, it leads to		
	this issue.		
Workaround:	Retry 'crypto ca import' and it may import the certificate successfully.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000659860		
Technical Severity:	Medium	Probability:	Low
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.0.1	Technology:	Logical Chassis
Symptom:	VDX got reloaded due	to the termination of the	e ONMD process.
Condition:	This occurs when a physical port is added to a port-channel after an		
	ISSU upgrade was performed and the VDX had not been reloaded		
	since the ISSU upgrade was performed.		
Workaround:	Add the physical port to the port-channel before the ISSU upgrade is		
	performed.		
Recovery:	After the VDX is reloaded due to the termination of the ONMD		
	process, the addition of a physical interface to a port-channel will not		
	result in a VDX reload ι	until another ISSU upgrad	de is done.

Defect ID:	DEFECT000660024		
Technical Severity:	Critical	Probability:	High
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Data Center Fabric
Reported In Release:	NOS7.2.0	Technology:	IP Fabric
Symptom:	In rare scenario the MAC is not updated properly in VCS.		
Condition:	When there is a single link connection to the end host.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000660172			
Technical Severity:	High Probability : Low			
Product:	Extreme Network OS			
Reported In Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	VLAN - Virtual LAN	

Symptom:	Switch may undergo unexpected reload.		
Condition:	In scaled scenario, when protected port is disabled on a port.		
Workaround:			
Recovery:			

Defect ID:	DEFECT000660583				
Technical Severity:	High Probability: Low				
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Layer 3			
			Routing/Network		
	Layer				
Reported In Release:	NOS7.3.0 Technology: IP Addressing				
Symptom:	DHCP traffic sent from VLAG port-channel on VLAN is flooded back on				
	same VLAG port-channel from other peer inside VCS cluster.				
Condition:	DHCP traffic is sent from VLAG port-channel on VLAN				

Defect ID:	DEFECT000660724			
Technical Severity:	High Probability: High			
Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In Release:	NOS7.3.0 Technology:		LAG - Link	
			Aggregation Group	
Symptom:	Partial traffic drop when member port from static LAG is removed.			
Condition:	Issue is seen when Multicast VLAG load balancing (ip igmp snooping vlag-load-balancing, ipv6 mld snooping vlag-load-balancing) is enabled for a VLAN, which has IGMP/MLD member on Static LAG, and one of the LAG member port is later removed.			
Workaround:		kisting member port of the care of the terror will recover the t	•	

Defect ID:	DEFECT000660804			
Technical Severity:	High Probability: Low			
Product:	Extreme Network OS	VCS		
Reported In Release:	NOS7.3.0 Technology: TRILL - Transp			
	Interconnection of			
			Lots of Links	
Symptom:	ARP is not resolved for the IP Fabric Gateway IP address			
Condition:	Same IP address is configured for both IP Fabric Gateway and			
	Loopback interface.			

Defect ID:	DEFECT000660811		
Technical Severity:	High	Probability:	Low

Product:	Extreme Network OS	Technology Group:	Layer 3	
			Routing/Network	
			Layer	
Reported In Release:	NOS7.3.0	Technology:	BFD - BiDirectional	
			Forwarding	
			Detection	
Symptom:	Multipath BFD is does not become up			
Condition:	This can happen sometimes when BGP session is established between			
	router ports with Unnumbered configuration.			

Known Issues for Network OS v7.2.0a

This section lists open software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity as of February 15^{th} , 2018 in Network OS v7.2.0a.

NONE

Known Issues for Network OS v7.2.0

This section lists open software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity as of July 10, 2017 in Network OS v7.2.0.

Defect ID: DEFECT000517329			
Technical Severity: Medium Probability: Low			
Product: Extreme Ne	twork OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	NOS5.0.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway	
Release:		Protocol	
Symptom: Nexthop change using outbound route-map is not allowed for EBGP neighbor connection.			
Condition: When Route-map with set-nexthop is used as outbound policy for BGP neighbor.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000577800			
Technical Severity: Medium Probability: Low			
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring		
Reported In NOS7.0.0 Technology: MAPS - Monitoring and Aler			
Release:	Policy Suite		
Symptom: device connectivity config should be consistent on all the links in the port-channel			
Condition: port-channel members configured as different type NAS, iSCSI			
Workaround: Configure all members to be in same type.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000581284			
Technical Severity: Low	Probability: Low		
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS		
Reported In NOS7.0.0 Technology: Logical Chassis			
Release:			
Symptom: Introducing a check to verify every time if port-channel count has exceeded 4K or not will			
bring down the performance. It is already documented that 4K VLAG's are supported.			
Condition: User is allowed to configure more than 4K port-channels.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000584685			
Technical Severity: Low	Probability: Low		
Product: Extreme Network OS Technology Group: Management			
Reported In NOS6.0.1 Technology: VMWare			
Release:			
Symptom: Support save collected	on the switch would not include vCenter specific outputs.		
Condition: Support save collected on the switch would not include vCenter specific outputs.			
Workaround: The same data can be obtained by dumping the sqllite database included as part of the			
supportsave.			
Recovery: There is no loss of functionality and hence no recovery.			
Same data is available in the sqllite database			

Defect	ID.	DEFECT		22226
Delett	ID.	DLILL	UUUJ	00000

Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In NOS7.0.0	Technology: PIM - Protocol-Independent	
Release:	Multicast	
Symptom: Excess amount of traffic seen momentarily, during the HA failover of one of the VCS node,		
which is acting as FHR + LHR for one of the multicast stream.		
Condition: If a router is FHR and LHR both, and there happens to be only one path between RP and		
this router. Assert scenario is hit with duplicate traffic from Source and RP.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000596415		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: ICMP - Internet Control Message	
Release:	Protocol	
Symptom: VDX does not update its own CurHopLimit.		
Condition: when the device has been configured to advertise a different AdvCurHopLimit value.		
Workaround: Currently 2 separate commands exist to achieve needed functionality		
ipv6 nd reachable-time <millisec> and ipv6 nd cache expire time <secs></secs></millisec>		
ipv6 nd hoplimit <hlimit> and set proc entry.</hlimit>		

Defect ID: DEFECT000596658	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:	
Symptom: Traffic getting dropped indefinitely after reload.	
Condition: Due to /32 route functionality the packets are getting trapped twice (on local and remote	
leaf).	

Defect ID: DEFECT000596930	
	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: TRILL - Transparent Interconnection
Release:	of Lots of Links
Symptom: ELD fails to work as expected with speed	s lower than 1G when ports from same VCS cluster
(different switches and same switch) are	connected.
Condition: Loop is detected on ELD enabled links wh	nen speed on link changed from 10G or 1G to
100Mbps.	
Note: ELD is not supported on 100MB.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000616434	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS

Reported In	NOS7.1.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		

Symptom: In Cluster, during firmware upgrade, Principal Node may experience an unexpected reload.

Condition: Principal and secondary nodes in the cluster are running different firmware versions.

One the node is rebooted as a result of firmware upgrade. On the other node, at the same time user issued "vcs vcsid <id> rbridge-id <id> "command.

This sequence of events may cause this issue.

Defect ID: DEFECT000616985	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: MAPS - Monitoring and Alerting
Release:	Policy Suite
Symptom: MAPS raslog/email is not generated when rule is triggered when CRC counters got	
incremented after an unexpected system reload.	
Condition: Issue is seen after unexpected reload of switch.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000617251	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: BFD - BiDirectional Forwarding
Release:	Detection
Symptom: Some of the BFD session over V	'e interface will be seen as Down state.
Condition: One of the system for the BFD s	session is dropping the packet, resulting in DOWN state.
Workaround: Workaround is to do one of	the following:
- shut / no shut of the interfa	ace
 un-config/ config of OSPF B 	BFD.

Recovery: Recovery is to do one of the following - shut / no shut of the interface

- un-config/ config of OSPF BFD.

Defect ID: DEFECT000617700		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists	
Release:		
Symptom: "show access-list ip" CLI will list only local node access-list configuration.		
Condition: Different access-lists are configured on the management interfaces across the cluster.		
Workaround: "show access-list rbridge-id" or "show access-list interface" CLI can be used to display		
the access list of desired RBridge/interface.		
Recovery: This is a cosmetic issue; no functional impact.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000618254	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In NOS6.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:	
Symptom: Unable to use REST API to configure prefix-list out for router bgp.	
Condition: REST API to configure prefix-list out for router bgp.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000619146	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: IP Fabric
Release:	
Symptom: ISSU upgrade from 7.0.1 to NOS7.0.1a can cause some traffic loss if BFD is configured.	
Condition: ISSU upgrade to NOS7.0.1a when BFD is configured	
Workaround: BFD can be disabled during upgrade.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000621633	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open Shortest Path
Release:	First
l	

Symptom: Not able to change the IPv6 OSPF cost to 1 when auto-cost reference bandwidth is

configured.

Condition: The issue is observed for below sequence of steps:

- 1. Configure auto-cost for IPv6 OSPF using CLI: "auto-cost reference-bandwidth 100000"
- 2. Go to config-rbridge-Ve-<id> interface mode and configure OSPF cost using CLI: "ipv6 ospf cost 1"
- 3. Run show command to display interface OSPF parameters using CLI: "show ipv6 ospf in ve <id> rb <id> "

It is observed that cost field is not changed.

Workaround: Change the cost value to any non default-value and then back to default-value.

Defect ID: DEFECT000621736		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: RAS - Reliability, Availability, and	
Release:	Serviceability	
Symptom: User may see the fewer audit logs instead of the exact count provided to the command		
"show logging audit-log reverse count".		

Condition: This issue might not happen always and the issue is seen in some of the nodes which are in cluster.

Defect ID: DEFECT000622356		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: IPv6 Addressing	
Release:		
Symptom: The running-configuration of port-channel interfaces have IPv6 nd cache expire time configured to 240 on an upgrade from 7.0.1 to 7.1.0, even though the user hasn't explicitly configured it.		
Condition: This issue is seen by the user whenever he upgrades the firmware from 7.0.1 to 7.1.0		

Defect ID: DEFECT000623446		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: IP Fabric	
Release:		
Symptom: Some MAC addresses learnt via BGP are not seen in mac-address-table		
Condition: When "mac-learning protocol bgp" for sites are frequently toggled, some MAC addresses		
are not seen in the BGP EVPN table.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000623618		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In NOS7.0.0	Technology: IP Fabric	
Release:		
Symptom: Host ARP is learnt even when host IP subnet does not match to VE IP subnet.		
Condition: Host is connected to a VLAN where the Ve IP subnet is different than the host IP subnet.		
Workaround: Disable proxy ARP on VE		

Defect ID: DEFECT000624566		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: IP Fabric	
Release:		
Symptom: Switch experience Out Of Memory (OOM) condition and reboots		
Condition: Using Scaled Configurations		

Defect ID: DEFECT000625402	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer

Reported In	NOS7.1.0	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
Release:		

Symptom: OSPF authentication key configured on interface is getting lost after config-replay from backup configuration.

Condition: The issue is observed if configurations are done in below order for RBridge sub-mode:

- 1. Configure router OSPF and create area
- 2. Create VE interface and go to its sub-mode
- 3. Configure authentication-key using CLI: "ip ospf authentication-key 2 <password>"
- 4. Save configuration using copy command
- 5. Delete VE interface
- 6. Run config-replay command using CLI: "copy flash://<file_name> running-config"

Admin can verify that configured authentication-key is lost by using command show running-config for the Ve interface.

Workaround: Configure the OSPF authentication key on the interface using CLI after config-replay is done.

Defect ID: DEFECT000625616		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: Metro VCS	
Release:		
Symptom: 10G ISL using tunable ZR optics (57-1000266-01) does not form between VDX6740 and VDX6940-144s after performing a single "shut/no shut"		
Condition: Performing "shut/no shut" on 10G ISL using tunable ZR optics (57-1000266-01) between		
VDX6740 and VDX6940-144s		

Defect ID: DEFECT000625831		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: IGMP - Internet Group Management	
Release:	Protocol	
Symptom: IGMPv2 report will be sent back on same VxLAN tunnel where the report was received		
from if the tunnel is terminated on TRILL ports.		
Condition: VxLAN is terminated on TRILL port on VDX6940.		
Workaround: VxLAN tunnel is terminated on edge ports that are non-TRILL Ports.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000625956			
Technical Sever	ity: Medium	Probability: Low	
Product: Extren	ne Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In	NOS7.1.0	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:			

Symptom: When the "show ip int brief" CLI is executed on a VDX8770 switch, the output under the column "Protocol" does not contain the reason for a particular interface to be in state "down".

Condition: When the "show ip int brief" CLI is executed on a VDX8770 switch.

Defect ID: DEFECT000626331		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:		
Symptom: User configured Vlan names are not displayed after reload of cluster in "show vlan br". It		
changes to default Vlan name		
Condition: Execution of "show vlan brief" CLI after reload.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000627564		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN	
Release:		
Symptom: VDX 6940 can undergo unexpected reload during upgrade from NOS6.0.2c to NOS7.0.1b		
Condition: VDX6940 is upgraded from 6.0.2c to 7.0.1b		

Defect ID: DEFECT000629684	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In NOS5.0.2	Technology: Management GUI
Release:	
Symptom: Unexpected reload of standby management module in VDX8770.	
Condition: Reloading of standby management module without any user intervention.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000629838	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: IP Fabric
Release:	
Symptom: Traceroute for leaked route in vrf is not supported by Linux.	
Condition: Running traceroute for leaked route in vrf	
Workaround: Reachability can be performed by ping	

Defect ID: DEFECT000631332	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In NOS4.0.0	Technology: Syslog
Release:	

Symptom: Some Internal RAS log [Ex: BL-5282] are important and good to monitor those, but we don;t display internal RAS log on Console and we also don;t redirect them to syslog server.

Condition: RAS log monitoring through Console or syslog.

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000631934	
Technical Severit	y: Medium	Probability: Medium
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	NOS5.0.2	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: HA sync fails between active and standby management modules in VDX 8770 because of		
cluster.configuration and VCS.configurations are not synchronized.		
Condition: HA sync fails occasionally between active and standby management modules.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000633313	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In NOS5.0.2	Technology: FCoE - Fibre Channel over Ethernet
Release:	
Symptom: Changing fcoe advertisement interval not working sometimes	
Condition: 1. Change advertisement interva	l to a higher value than default
2. Reboot the switch	
3. Keep alives from switch are still going out every 8 seconds	

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000634086	
Technical Severi	ty: High	Probability: High
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	NOS7.1.0	Technology: IPv6 Addressing
Release:		
even	•	ment(NA) message in response to neighbor solicitation(NS) d link local IPv6 address has been rejected due to duplicated
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	with RFC4862(clause 5.4.5).

Defect ID: DEFECT000634260	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: Security Vulnerability
Release:	
Symptom: Switch allows Non-ad	Imin user to execute certain show commands even though its denied
by RBAC Rule.	
Condition: when user is moved f	rom Admin role to Non-admin role after Ha Failover.

Defect ID: DEFECT000634629

Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: PIM - Protocol-Independent	
Release:	Multicast	
Symptom: "BSR-candidate interface" and "RP-candidate interface" configuration is lost during		
configuration replay from external server.		
Condition: Configuration replay from external serve		
Recovery: Reconfigure after configuration replay		

Defect ID: DEFECT000634672	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:	
Symptom: After reload "show ip route vrf mgmt-vrf" showing routes when management port is in	
shutdown state	
Condition: Reloading the switch with routes contained in mgmtvrf	

Defect ID: DEFECT000634913	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
Release:	
Symptom: If distribute-list is configured	to filter out local connected routes and same external prefix is
advertised by multiple ASBRs	to which there is there is no intra/inter area connectivity,
then prefix learnt via one ASE	BR will be present in route table.
Condition: Distribute list is configured to	filter out local connected routes and same external prefix
received from multiple ASBRs	5.

Defect ID: DEFECT000636297		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: STP (PVST) protocol on vLAG interface would not be converged properly when bulk vlans		
are creating.		
Customer would see the Loop in network for new vlans created and customer also seen		
Portchannel (vLAG) stuck in DESGINATED role and LISTEN state forever.		
Condition: when user creating vlans in bulk say "vlan 2-128" with PVST protocol and vLAG is configued		
in VCS setip.		
Workaround: Do "shut" and "no shut" of vLAG interface to solve the issue.		

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Defect	ın٠	DFFFCT000637037

Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: Hardware Monitoring	
Release:		
Symptom: Extra characters may appear in the output of "show media" in Date-Code field for some		
interfaces.		
Condition: For some new optics Date-code field in the output of "show media" command may contain		
some extra characters.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000638197		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway	
Release:	Protocol	
Symptom: peer-group configuration may not exist after the firmware upgrade		
Condition: This happens when the peer-group has only the BFD configuration		
Workaround: Reconfigure the peer-group		

Defect ID: DEFECT000638862		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface	
Release:		
Symptom: 100mb speed cli configured on physical interface in VDX6940-144S platform is not		
removed when downgraded to 7.1.0		
Condition: 100mb speed configuration on VDX6940-144S platform		
Recovery: Remove manually after downgrade		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000639033	
Technical Severi	ty: High	Probability: High
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	NOS7.1.0	Technology: RAS - Reliability, Availability, and
Release:		Serviceability
Symptom: saving support save may fail some times		
Condition: VCS fabric with large numbers of nodes and support save is triggered for all the nodes.		

Defect ID: DEFE	СТ000639398	
Technical Severi	ty: High	Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Security
Reported In	NOS7.2.0	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:		
Symptom: Unable to see security violation raslog messages. No functional impact.		
Condition: Enforcing ACL with permit rules and then changing rule as deny.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000639680		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: IP Fabric	
Release:		
Symptom: When a user tries IPV6 prefix list config under rbridge range config mode and the config		
happens only on the principal node, but not on other nodes.		
Condition: IPV6 prefix list config does not happen on nodes other than principal node while the nodes		
being included in the rbridge range mode.		
Workaround: User can go to the specific node and do the same config.		
Recovery: User can go to the specific node and do the same config.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000639723		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists	
Release:		
Symptom: Observing "Internal Error" error message, while enforcing acl configuration on		
management interface.		
Condition: Configured ACL names were similar to other enforced ACL name in "case-insensitive"		
scenario.		
Workaround: Can create ACL names which is not similar to existing ACL names by not only		
differentiating between capital and lower-case letters.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000639793		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: IP Fabric	
Release:		
Symptom: When a user try to unconfigure "export route-map" config under a VRF, while using rbridge		
range, the error is seen.		
Condition: When a user enters into rbridge range and try to unconfigure the VRF "export route-map"		
configure, the error occurs.		
Workaround: A user can go to the specific rbridge and try to unconfigure the config.		
Recovery: User can go to the specific rbridge and can unconfigure the specific config.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000640057	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and
	Orchestration
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:	

Symptom: VDX6940-36Q and -144S may cause FFDC (First Failure Data Capture) on 4x10g breakout ports 1:1, 17:1, and 18:1 if switch crashes and then fails over to new active GOS (e.g., SW1).
 Condition: VDX6940-36Q and -144S may cause FFDC (First Failure Data Capture) on 4x10g breakout ports 1:1, 17:1, and 18:1 if switch crashes and then fails over to new active GOS (e.g., SW1).
 Workaround: Use NOSCLI command "HA Failover" to manually failover (e.g., back to SW0).
 Recovery: Use NOSCLI command "HA Failover" to manually failover (e.g., back to SW0).

Defect ID: DEFECT000640199		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:		
1 ' '	the same internal vlan, when the mod value results (4) is performed to pick a new internal isolated vlan.	
Condition: Above problem occurs since, available r	eserved internal vlans are only 1K and the	
protected-vlans can be anything in 7K range, since, input is 7K and the available o/p is only		
1K, this results in to collision.		
Workaround: Release note so that only following set of vlans can be used for Protected Vlans to avoid same internal vlan mapping.		
SI No Vlan Range (dot1q/gvlan)	Internal Ivid Allocation Comments	
1 3K - 3.5K-1 (7168+0) – (7168+511)	
2 6.5K - 7K-1 (7168+512)	- (7168+1023)	
Recovery:		

Defect ID: DEFECT000640460		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VPN	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: EVPN - Ethernet VPN	
Release:		
Symptom: System reboot/reload is observed. It would affect the traffic forwarding until system comes		
up.		
Condition: The issue is seen only when Candidate RP is configured with more than 200 group range		
prefixes.		
Not a typical scenario.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000641475		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: User Accounts & Passwords	
Release:		
Symptom: Configuration of invalid encrypted password for existing user with encryption level as 7 it is		
getting accepted without throwing error.		
Condition: VDX switch allows to change password as invalid encrypted password for existing user.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000641485		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In NOS6.0.2	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: Management cluster/VCS goes offline when ISL between two nodes goes down even		
though the connectivity could have been established through the other nodes' ISL.		
Condition: It happens rarely when the new link/connectivity happens slowly.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000641514		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: PIM - Protocol-Independent	
Release:	Multicast	
Symptom: Multicast Source route would not get learnt on PIM router acting as Rendezvous Point (RP).		
May result in traffic loss for affect routes.		
Condition: Issue can be seen when multiple RP are present in network, and Priority value for non		
elected RP is updated such that it becomes newly elected RP.		
Recovery: Clearing affected routes from FHR router may recover the forwarding states		

Defect ID: DEFECT000641722		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: VCS Fabric	
Release:		
Symptom: When upgrading an TOR switch with the coldboot option, when the standby GOS is booting up, the customers may see the following message "Error happens on service instance chassis 0: command load failed or timed out (Critical)".		
Condition: This is due to a corner case that causes delay in standby GOS booting up.		
Recovery: The switch will be rebooted and recovered automatically.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000641952	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:	
Symptom: No functional impact.	
Unable to see security violation raslog messages.	
Condition: Configuring deny rule for IPV6 host.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000642029	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching

Reported In	NOS7.2.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: Whe	en STP is enabled , traffic	received on protected port is not egressing from uplink ROOT
POR	Т	
Condition: Traffic not egressing from uplink port.		
Recovery:		

Defect ID: DEFECT000642115	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:	Management Protocol
Symptom: SNMP Traps from principal node is received with source IP as VCS or chassis IP address	
instead of management IP address.	
Condition: SNMP traps enabled in chassis and VCS or chassis IP configured.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000642475	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:	

Symptom: spanning tree Root port state moves to discard state when "ha failover" command is

issued.

also user would notice the traffic not forwarded on root port interface.

Condition: when a break-out port of a switch in VCS cluster connected to root-bridge with rapid spanning tree protocol(RSTP) configured and followed by issuing "ha failover".

This issue would occur only with break-out port connected to root-bridge.

Workaround: User recommended to use "shutdown" and "no shutdown" command on break-out to resolve the issue.

Defect ID: DEFECT000642884	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In NOS7.0.0	Technology: Hardware Monitoring
Release:	

Symptom: The following warning will be logged on some interfaces which are installed with 'SR' SFP+

The mentioned threshold in the logs looks like a 10G LR threshold even though the

installed SFP+ is 'SR

'Sfp Current for port x/0/y, is below low boundary(High=85, Low=15). Current value is Z mA' on 10G SR SFP+'

Condition: This will occur only on interfaces where already inserted 10G 'LR' SFP+. are replaced with a 10G 'SR' SFP+ and the link is up

Defect ID: DEFECT000643696		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In NOS7.0.1	Technology: OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open Shortest Path	
Release:	First	
Symptom: Occasionally in a VCS consisting of two VDX running as ASBR., a few type7 LSAs are not		
generated on one of the RBridge after reloading VDXs at times.		
Condition: A VCS cluster with 2 VDXs and distributing 127 routes their own VE interfaces into OSPF		
Area 21 (NSSA).		

Defect ID: DEFECT000644067		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: IP Fabric	
Release:		
Symptom: PIM neighbor-ship between L3 interfaces over extended VLANs between leaf switches in IP		
fabric, may be lost or timed-out.		
Condition: Issue is only seen when IP Address of the PIM enabled L3 interface over VLAN is changed		
on one of the leaf acting as PIM neighbor.		
Workaround: By not modifying the IP address of the interface participating in PIM neighborship		
between leaves, issue can be avoided.		
Recovery: Disabling and Enabled the interface admin state can recover the failed state.		
Reloading the router can also recover the failed state.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000644145		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network	
Release:	Management Protocol	
Symptom: SNMP MIB counters (a) ifOutUcastPkts (b) ifHCOutUcastPkts (c) ifHCInUcastPkts showing		
incorrect values		
Condition: When user sends Multicast/Broadcast L2 traffic, SNMP MIB counters		
(a) ifOutUcastPkts (b) ifHCOutUcastPkts (c) ifHCInUcastPkts showing incorrect		
values		
Workaround: User can use CLI to get the accurate values for (a) ifOutUcastPkts (b) ifHCOutUcastPkts		
(c) ifHCInUcastPkts		

Defect ID: DEFECT000644224	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:	

Symptom: L2 agent t crashes, while disabling protected port configuration on ports of castor switch.
 Condition: When Virtual fabric resource limit [4004] is reached and when protected port configuration is tried, it is failing but, due to inconstant state L2 agent crashes.
 Workaround: Do not try to apply protected port configuration beyond available resource limit on a castor switch.
 Recovery:

Defect ID: DEFECT000644227	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer
Reported In NOS7.1.0	Technology: ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
Release:	
Symptom: mac learning stops after ARP limit is exce	eded and then ARP entries are cleared with "clear
arp"	
Condition: Scaling ARP to limit	

Defect ID: DEFECT000644252	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway
Release:	Protocol
Symptom: "show bgp evpn I3vni all-vrf" shows same VRF information two times.	
Condition: running "show bgp evpn 3vni all-vrf"	

Defect ID: DEFECT000644324	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:	
Symptom: Interface throws error as "Interface not in service" in a scaled configuration.	
Condition: Interface throws error as "Interface not in service" while trying to enable protected	
configuration on it with scaled configuration.	
Recovery:	

Defect ID: DEFEC	T000644331	
Technical Severity	/: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme	Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	NOS7.2.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: LC of VDX8770-8 goes to faulty sometimes when 1K VLANsare present on few ports and no		
VLANs	on few ports of a line card.	

Condition: LC of VDX8770-8 goes to faulty while trying to un-configure and configure protected port configuration on all ports of a line card using range command with 1K VLANs on few ports and no VLANs at all on few ports and tried to execute 'no protected enable' and try to configure VLANs on an ISL port and again tried to execute 'no protected enable' multiple times.

Recovery:

Defect ID: DEFECT000644590		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: PIM - Protocol-Independent	
Release:	Multicast	
Symptom: Multicast Source registration between FHR and RP may fail, and may result in traffic		
outage.		
Condition: Issue is seen only when the intermediate router between FHR and RP, is		
reloaded/rebooted.		
Recovery: Clearing affected multicast routes from FHR router may recover the failed state.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000644612	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:	

Symptom: Switch panics during cleanup of PVLAN configuration.

Condition: When below steps are tried as part of PVLAN configurations, switch panics during cleanup of the configuration.

- STEP 1. Configure Vp as primary, Vi as isolated, Vc as community vlan
- STEP 2. Associate Vp to Vi & Vc on primary vlan Vp.
- STEP 3. Configure A1A as trunk promiscuous port, A2A as trunk isolated, A3A as trunk community, A4A as trunk PVLAN port.
- STEP 4. Try enabling IGMP snooping on secondary vlans Vi & Vc.
- STEP 5. Enable PVST/RPVST globally.
- STEP 6. Try configuring bridge priority for vlan Vi & Vc
- STEP 7. Now disable spanning-tree globally on all nodes in cluster.
- STEP 8. Try creating ve interface corresponding to secondary VLANs Vi & Vc.

Recovery:

Defect ID: DEFECT000644663	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:	

Symptom: "Error: Vlan has only one member interface" will be thrown during configuration restoration from external FTP server.

Condition: Protected ports configuration fails during configuration restoration from external FTP server.

Workaround: Need to re-apply protected-port configuration after configuration restoration.

Recovery:

Defect ID: DEFECT000644727	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:	
Symptom: Observing "Detected termination of process secd".	
Condition: Enabling and disabling operation of DHCPconfiguration in a sequential order with ACL	
configuration.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000644836		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:		
Symptom: Un-tagged traffic will be learnt on protected port, when native-vlan is enabled.		
Condition: Un-tagged traffic will be learnt on protected port, when native-vlan is enabled at interface		
level using 'no switchport trunk tag native-vlan'.		
Workaround: Apply protected port configuration on interface and enable native-vlan globally.		
Recovery:		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000644854	
Technical Severi	ty: High	Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Security
Reported In	NOS7.2.0	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:		
Symptom: Observing "Internal Error" message on ACL configuration.		
Condition: Configuring IPV6 ACL on management interface.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000645034	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:	
Symptom: Traffic disruption for some of the Multicast routes may be observed.	
Condition: Issue can be seen when multicast routes are scaled to maximum supported by PIM	
protocol.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000645061		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: The port learned via IGMPv2 (*,G) mode will not receive the traffic in specific scenario		
Condition: When the same Multicast group is learned on 2 different ports, one port in IGMPv2 (*,G)		
mode another is inIGMPv3 (S,G) mode.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000645175		
Technical Severity: High Probability: Medium		
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: Sometimes DCMDdaemon terminates and system reboots when CLI command "show ip		
igmp groups" is issued in scaled scenario.		
Condition: a. Scaled up environment with large number of IGMP groups		
b. Firmware upgrade was in progress simultaneously.		
Workaround: Do not run cli " show ip igmp groups" while upgrading firmware with large number of		
IGMP groups.		
Recovery: Remove IGMP configurations after reboot.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000645336		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: PIM - Protocol-Independent	
Release:	Multicast	
Symptom: Symptoms of this issue would include reload or reboot of the router, after a significant		
memory consumption. Reload of the router may affect the traffic forwarding.		
Condition: When PIM protocol is scaled upto near maximum supported number of routes, Null-		
Register packet periodic exchange between FHR and RP, is causing the memory leak on RP		
node and other nodes on RP tree.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000645359		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VPN	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: EVPN - Ethernet VPN	
Release:		
Symptom: Multicast Source registration between FHR and RP may fail, and may result in traffic		
outage.		
Condition: Issue is seen only when the intermediate router between FHR and RP, is		
reloaded/rebooted.		
Recovery: Clearing affected multicast routes from FHR router may recover the failed state.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000645515		
Technical Severity: High Probability: Medium		
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open Shortest Path	
Release:	First	
Symptom: system may undergo unexpected reload after executing the command 'no ipv6 ospf cost'		
Condition: execution of the command 'no ipv6 ospf cost'		

Defect ID: DEFECT000645882		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and	
	Orchestration	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: Scripting	
Release:		
Symptom: Under rare conditions, the script may not provide the next hop with the required string.		
Condition: This occurs when the "show ip route detail" command parsing does not yield results.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000646181		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: IGMP - Internet Group Management	
Release:	Protocol	
Symptom: System reboot/reload is observed. It would also affect the traffic forwarding until the		
system comes up.		
Condition: The issue is only seen, when IGMPv3 reports are received with Exclude mode for Multicast		
Source address, in a VLAN domain.		
Issue is usually observed on a high scale scenario, with around 1000 IGMPv3 Multicast		
Group addresses joined in a VLAN domain.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000646314		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In NOS7.2.0	Technology: IP Fabric	
Release:		
Symptom: With 512 VRFs, rp_filter error logs may be seen on reload system		
Condition: Scaling to 512 VRFs		

Known Issues for Network OS v7.1.0

This section lists open software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity as of November 22, 2016 in Network OS v7.1.0.

Defect ID: DEFECT000472972		
Technical Sever	r ity: Medium	Probability: Low
Product: Extre	me Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS3.0.1	Technology: ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
Release:		
Symptom: ARP Packet capture gets enabled for all VE interfaces even when the user has enabled it on		
a single VE interface.		
Condition: This issue is seen while enabling ARP PCAP on a single VE interface.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000510114		
Technical Severity: Medium Probability: High		
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In Network OS4.1.2	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:		
Symptom: In VDX 6740, when we have different load balancing scheme configured on the port		
channel, we see unexpected results with respect to load balance.		
Condition: If we have different load balancing schemes applied on VDX 6740, the latest configured		
value will take effect on the switch.		
Workaround: Use the same LB scheme for all PO in VDX 6740.		
Recovery: Re-configure the same LB scheme wherever required.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000517329		
Technical Severi	ty: Medium	Probability: High
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS5.0.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: Nexthop change using outbound route-map is not allowed for EBGP neighbor connection.		
Condition: When Route-map with set-nexthop is used as outbound policy for BGP neighbor.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000541449	
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
	Layer

Reported In	Network OS6.0.0	Technology: BGP4+ - IPv6 Border Gateway
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: Peer group configuration is not accepting update-source of IPv6 address		
Condition: Peer group configuration with update-source of IPv6 address		

Defect ID: DE	Defect ID: DEFECT000543579		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: IP Addressing	
Release:			
Symptom: Switch may reload due to low on memory when DHCP relay address and DHCP gateway			
CLIs are repeatedly used to configure and unconfigure.			
Condition: Repeated configure/un-configure of DHCP relay address and DHCP gateway CLI may lead to			
un	unexpected switch reload due to increased memory consumption.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000546702		
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists
Release:		
Symptom: When user tries to login with wrong credentials using default-vrf, debug messages are seen on console.		
Condition: When user tries to login with wrong credentials using default-vrf, debug messages are seen		
on console.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000550982		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS5.0.1	Technology: SNMP - Simple Network	
Release:	Management Protocol	
Symptom: Switch management port does not generate a ColdStart trap if a Management port is		
configured to acquire the IP address via DHCP.		
Condition: when switch is configured to acquire IP address via DHCP, then we will observe this issue.		
Workaround: If IP is configured statically, the issue will not happen.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000562214		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS4.1.3	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: Source MAC may not get learnt on port channel configured with primary VLAN		
Condition: When Secondary VLANs, which are associated with other Primary VLAN are deleted		

Defect ID: DEFE	Defect ID: DEFECT000568674		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and	
		Orchestration	
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: OpenStack Integration	
Release:			
Symptom: Customer would see references to IPv4 address when running the "ping ipv6" command.			
This is a cosmetic issue and won't affect the ping functionality.			
Condition: That would happen when running the "ping ipv6" command.			

Defect ID: DEFEC	T000577571		
Technical Severity	y: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme	e Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: IPv4 Multicast Routing	
Release:			
 Symptom: Configuration: L3 PIM protocol enabled in a scaled topology with 760 sources and are learnt on an interfaces. In addition VRRPE is also enabled. Symptom: When the specific interface is disabled and enabled back, high CPU utilization is seen for PIM, MCASTSS daemons on the system. In addition, learning of new forwarding entries is delayed by 5 minutes. 			
Condition: The PIM protocol is busy after the interface is re-enabled. The protocol is busy in processing the route updates within the system.			
Workaround: Do	Workaround: Do not disable the interface.		
Recovery: The system is stable 5 minutes after the interface is enabled.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000577800		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: MAPS - Monitoring and Alerting
Release:		Policy Suite
Symptom: device connectivity config should be consistent on all the links in the port-channel		
Condition: port-channel members configured as different type NAS, iSCSI		
Workaround: Configure all members to be in same type.		

Defect ID: DEFE	Defect ID: DEFECT000580922			
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low		
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring		
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: sFlow		
Release:				
Symptom: sFlow samples goes out of switch with SRC-IP as management IP instead of Inband IP				
configured.				

Condition: When 2 sFlow collectors are configured with same IP and different VRFs

Defect ID: DEFECT000581284		
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: Introducing a check to verify every time if port-channel count has exceeded 4K or not will		
bring down the performance. It is already documented that 4K VLAG's are supported.		
Condition: User is allowed to configure more than 4K port-channels.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000584172		
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS5.0.2 Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface		Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: When using special characters in password with the 'certutil import ssh' command, error		
message are thrown and it fails to configure.		
Condition: Special characters in password can cause the issue.		
Workaround: Please use back slash (\) when use special character in password.		

Defect ID: DEF	Defect ID: DEFECT000584534		
Technical Seve	rity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extre	me Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
		Layer	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4+ - IPv6 Border Gateway	
Release:		Protocol	
Symptom: A transport-vlan has been configured with multiple ctags on a port, however only a single			
ctag is seen in the command, "show vlan brief"			
Condition: This issue is seen when the following configuration is done in the following order.			
1. c	1. configuring a vni of a vlan in the evpn-instance.		
2. configuring the corresponding vlan as a transport-vlan (TVlan).			
To a	To avoid the issue, do the configuration in the order #2 & #1.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000584634		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: VCS Fabric
Release:		
Symptom: 40G port will notice frequent online and offline events if one side is configured as breakd		
and the other side is not		
Condition: Failur	Condition: Failure to issue breakout on a QSFP 40G port, which is supposed to work in 4X10G mode.	

Defect ID: DEFECT000585008		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4+ - IPv6 Border Gateway
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: When config apply error happens, user doesn't know whic		user doesn't know which line of the config had the issue.
Condition: Upon config replay on VDX devices.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000586790		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: BGP4+ - IPv6 Border Gateway	
Release:	Protocol	
Symptom: Using RBridge range configuration command, even after BGP VRF instance is deleted,		
configuration under BGP VRF instan	nce is allowed and can cause BGP daemon termination,	
HA failover, and or reboot of the switch.		
Condition: Using RBridge range configuration command, BGP VRF instance is removed using "no		
address-family vrf" command. And immediately after, without exiting from the		
configuration mode, another command applicable under (obsolete) BGP VRF instance		
configuration mode is issued.		
Workaround: After removing the BGP VRF inst	ance while using RBridge range command, exit the	
obsolete configuration mode using "top", "end", or "exit" commands.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000588886		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: PIM - Protocol-Independent	
Release:	Multicast	
Symptom: Excess amount of traffic seen momentarily, during the HA failover of one of the VCS nod		
which is acting as FHR + LHR for one of the multicast stream.		
Condition: If a router is FHR and LHR both, and there happens to be only one path between RP and		
this router. Assert scenario is hit with duplicate traffic from Source and RP.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000589210		
Technical Severity: High Probability: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS5.0.2		Technology: SNMP - Simple Network
Release:		Management Protocol
Symptom: SNMP traps may not be received for SNMP-v1/v2/v3 hosts configured with IPv6 address.		

Condition: This issue is observed when IPv6 address is configured as trap recipient and VCS virtual IPv6 address is removed in the switch.

Workaround: VCS virtual IPv6 should be configured to receive IPv6 traps.

Recovery: VCS virtual IPv6 should be configured to receive IPv6 traps.

Defect ID: DEFECT000591398		
Technical Severity: Low	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS5.0.2	Technology: IPv6 Addressing	
Release:		
Symptom: IPv6 ping timeout option did not work pr	operly.	
Condition: Execution of IPv6 ping.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000592597	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade
Release:		
Symptom: Allowing for N+2 version upgrade with default config.		
Condition: It's a RFE to allow upgrade of N+2 version.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000592879		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Configuration Fundamentals	
Release:		
Symptom: After LC power on/off in VDX8770, uplink interfaces from the LC are missing on show track		
summary output.		
Condition: When Link State Tracking (LST) configuration is present on a linecard, after slot power		
off/on the uplink configuration will be lost.		
Workaround: Uplinks need to be reconfigured again after slot power on.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000593537	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: IP Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: Host	ARP is learnt even when host	IP subnet does not match to VE IP subnet.
Condition: Host	is connected to a VLAN where	e the Ve IP subnet is different than the host IP subnet.
Workaround: Di	sable proxy ARP on VE	

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000594793	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS7.0.1		Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade
Release:		
Symptom: Syste	m may display:	
"qman_recovery_exit_local: DEBUG: the FQID 516 has dest_wq as		
chaqman_recovery_exit_local: DEBUG: the WQ lengths for pool channel of portal 1 on		JG: the WQ lengths for pool channel of portal 1 on
cpu1 are: 0:0:0:0:0:0:0"		

Condition: This bug appears when partitions are switched with heavy traffic.

Recovery: Reboot the system.

- 4		
Defect ID: DEFECT000595199		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: RAS - Reliability, Availability, and
Release:		Serviceability
Symptom: Chassis disable may fail, when same is tried with scale configuration.		
Condition: When the scale configuration is present and chassis enable did not complete, subsequent		
chassis disable command may fail due to processing of time consuming events.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000596415		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: ICMP - Internet Control Message
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: VDX does not update its own CurHopLimit.		
Condition: when the device has been configured to advertise a different AdvCurHopLimit value.		
Workaround: Currently 2 separate commands exist to achieve needed functionality		
ipv6 nd reachable-time <millisec> and ipv6 nd cache expire time <secs></secs></millisec>		
ipv6 nd hoplimit <hlimit> and set proc entry.</hlimit>		

Defect ID: DEFE	Defect ID: DEFECT000596658		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:			
Symptom: Traffic getting dropped indefinitely after reload.			
Condition: Due to /32 route functionality the packets are getting trapped twice (on local and remote			
leaf).	leaf).		

Defect ID: DEFECT000596774

Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: IP Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: Switch reloads with termination of ribmgr daemon		
Condition: Static route is leaked to multiple VRF's		
Workaround: Do not configure a static route more than once with the next-hop belonging to different		
VRF's		

Defect ID: DEFECT000596775		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: When the user configures IPv6 RA interval with the default value 600, the running-config		
shows the default RA value without suppressing it.		
Condition: The issue is seen by the user every time the RA interval is configured with the default value.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000596930		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In Network OS6.0.2	Technology: TRILL - Transparent Interconnection	
Release:	of Lots of Links	
Symptom: ELD fails to work as expected with speeds lower than 1G when ports from same VCS clus		
(different switches and same switch) are connected.		
Condition: Loop is detected on ELD enabled links when speed on link changed from 10G or 1G to		
100Mbps.		
Note: ELD is not supported on 100MB.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000598248		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In Network OS7.0.1 Technology		Technology: Port Mirroring
Release:		
Symptom: Span on tunnel is not working after ha failover.		
Condition: Span on tunnel after ha failover		
Recovery: Unconfigure and configure back monitor session will resolve the issue.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000600230	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric

Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: IP Fabric	
Release:			
Symptom: "sho	Symptom: "show running-config rbridge-id evpn-instance <vni -name=""> vni add <vni-range>" throws an</vni-range></vni>		
erro	or message.		
Condition: Cus	Condition: Customer doing show running configuration with VNI range in EVPN instance.		
Workaround: \	Workaround: Use the following command: "show running-config rbridge-id evpn-instance vni add".		

Defect ID: DEFECT000600233		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Traffic Management
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: QoS - Quality of Service
Release:		
Symptom: A red profile and a non-conflicting policy doesn't co-exists		
Condition: red profile and non-conflicting policy are tried to apply to same interface.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000600385		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In Network OS7.0.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:		
Symptom: Duplicate ARP entries are observed.		
Condition: This can happen after an ISSU upgrade and a new IP address is allocated via DHCP for a		
connected host.		
Workaround: Execute "clear arp ip <ip address="">" for the old IP address of host.</ip>		
Recovery: Execute "clear arp ip <ip address="">" for the old IP address of host.</ip>		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000601293	
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS7.0.0	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
Release:		
Symptom: COS Priority tag frames egressed as Untagged frames		
Condition: Over VxLAN tunnel COS Priority tag frames are egressed as untagged frames.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000602319		
Technical Severity: Medium Probability:		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: LAG - Link Aggregation Group
Release:		
Symptom: BPDU packets creates loop in network and the network can become unstable.		
Condition: Network OS5.x with Protected vLAG BPDU received on Backup PO were flooded out from		
Active PO.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000606036			
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management	
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade	
Release:			
Symptom: System reload happen occasionally(very rare occurrence) at the time of firmware upgrade			
Condition: system reload could happen at the time of firmware upgrade in a switch having more no of			
user	user names and roles.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000607522		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Access Gateway
Release:		
Symptom: FFDC level log may be seen when loading config.		
Condition: This issue can been seen when a port is being monitored while the configuration is		
changing.		

Defect ID:	DEFECT000609410	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported I	n Network OS7.1.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: When using 10 GbE CAT-5 twisted-pair SFP cabled between VDX 8770 and 6940 switche		FP cabled between VDX 8770 and 6940 switches,
the link may exhibit CRC errors and/or not form ISL link if the SFP is removed, then inser		ot form ISL link if the SFP is removed, then inserted

Condition: When using 10 GbE CAT-5 twisted-pair SFP cabled between VDX 8770 and 6940 switches, the link may exhibit CRC errors and/or not form ISL link if the SFP is removed, then inserted repeatedly in quick succession.

Workaround: When inserting 10 GbE CAT-5 twisted-pair SFP into either side of VDX 8770 or 6940, please wait 20 seconds before removing and re-inserting the module. 10 GbE CAT-5 twisted-pair SFP links, in general, require more time to stabilize the link than other 10 GbE media. Re-insert the module if needed to recover from CRCs or failed ISL linkup.

Recovery: When inserting 10 GbE CAT-5 twisted-pair SFP into either side of VDX 8770 or 6940, please wait 20 seconds before removing and re-inserting the module. 10 GbE CAT-5 twisted-pair SFP links, in general, require more time to stabilize the link than other 10 GbE media. Reinsert the module if needed to recover from CRCs or failed ISL linkup.

Defect ID: DEFECT000609676	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management

repeatedly in quick succession.

Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Management GUI
Release:		
Symptom: Raslog	for thermal shutdown can	cellation may indicate an incorrect temperature.
Condition: Extensive changes were made to the thermal policy in this release.		
Workaround: This is cosmetic only.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000610251		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS4.1.3	Technology: ICMP - Internet Control Message	
Release:	Protocol	
Symptom: Dcmd process termination can occur.		
Condition: A script which launches multiple simultaneous "copy running-config <file>" operations can</file>		
trigger the Dcmd process to terminate. Manually invoking simultaneous operations will not		
hit the small time window achievable by a script.		
Workaround: Ensure that the script does not invoke multiple simultaneous "copy running-config		
<file>" operations to a given switch.</file>		

Defect ID: DEFEC	Defect ID: DEFECT000611303		
Technical Severity: Medium		Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In	Network OS5.0.1	Technology: AMPP - Automatic Migration of Port	
Release:		Profiles	
Symptom: Unexpected reload.			
Condition: After configuring vCenter and enabling CDP on ESXi vSwitch, due to very mild memory leak.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000611625		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Network Automation and	
	Orchestration	
Reported In Network OS7.1.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration	
Release:		
Symptom: VDX 6740 4x10 GbE port may go offline a	Ifter firmware upgrade to Network OS Release	
7.1.0 due to unstable 4x10 GbE link. User may see FFDC excessive interrupts on the		
problem port resulting in the port going offline.		
Condition: VDX 6740 4x10 GbE port may go offline after firmware upgrade to Network OS Release		
7.1.0 due to unstable 4x10 GbE link. User may see FFDC excessive interrupts on the		
problem port resulting in the port going offline.		
Workaround: Perform shut / no shut to bring the port back online.		
Recovery: Perform shut / no shut to bring the port back online.		

Defect ID:	DEFECTO(00612521
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Technical Severity: High		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:			
Symptom: Une	Symptom: Unexpected reload of switch		
Condition: Une	Condition: Unexpected reload of switch while taking supportsave when ismd and ssmd core files		
present.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000612542		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In Network OS7.0.1 Technology: sFlow		Technology: sFlow
Release:		
Symptom: When IPv6 address is not configured on management port, sFlow sampled packets are sent		
OOB management interface with inband Ve interface IP as source IP.		
Condition: IPv6 address is not configured on management port.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000612933		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: Audit log is not updated with the user login/logout information		
Condition: This applicable only when the user accesses the device through the REST interface.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000615424		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: MAC Port-based Authentication
Release:		
Symptom: Interface does not come up after admin shut and no shut operation		
Condition: Interface is enabled with MAC-authentication-bypass and host is not directly connected to		
switch.		
Workaround: Remove the mac authentication configuration		

Defect ID: DEFECT000616434		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: In Cluster, during firmware upgrade, Principal Node may experience an unexpected reload.		

Symptom: In Cluster, during firmware upgrade, Principal Node may experience an unexpected reload **Condition:** Principal and secondary nodes in the cluster are running different firmware versions.

One the node is rebooted as a result of firmware upgrade. On the other node, at the same time user issued "vcs vcsid <id> rbridge-id <id> "command.

This sequence of events may cause this issue.

Defect ID: DEFECT000616966		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN	
Release:		

Symptom: In extremely rare case, Kernel panic can be seen when VDX6940 is in idle state.

Condition: This has been seen only once and has not been reproducible. The following config was

running:

- L2/L3 node with virtual-fabric turned on.

- 200 VLANs with ipv4 vrrp-e & 100 with v6.

- In total box had 200 VLANs.

Recovery: Reboot the box.

Defect ID: DEFECT000616985		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: MAPS - Monitoring and Alerting
Release:		Policy Suite
Symptom: MAPS raslog/email is not generated when rule is triggered when CRC counters got		
incremented after an unexpected system reload.		
Condition: Issue is seen after unexpected reload of switch.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000617058		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Monitoring	
Reported In Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Sysmon	
Release:		
Symptom: Sometimes hardware will reboot during firmware upgrade, Downgrade or HA failover		
Condition: So far seen only on one hardware. Mostly seen during firmware upgrade, Downgrade or HA		
failover		
Recovery: Will recover after reboot		

Defect ID: DEFE	ECT000617197	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		

Symptom: Warning logs with tag 'FFDC' is displayed during cluster wide reload.

Condition: Cluster reload.

		Probability: Medium
		-
Product: Extrem	ie Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: BFD - BiDirectional Forwarding
Release:		Detection
Symptom: Some	e of the BFD session over Ve ir	nterface will be seen as Down state.
Condition: One of the system for the BFD session is dropping the packet, resulting in DOWN st		sion is dropping the packet, resulting in DOWN state.
Workaround: Workaround is to do one of the following:		
- shut / no shut of the interface		
- un-config/ config of OSPF BFD.		
Recovery: Recovery is to do one of the following		
- shut / no shut of the interface		
- un-config/ config of OSPF BFD.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000617284		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extrem	e Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: BFD - BiDirectional Forwarding
Release:		Detection
Symptom: Unassociated BFD session for the IP address change operation may result in BFD se		iddress change operation may result in BFD session
Down.		
Condition: BFD packet not reaching the system, resulting in BFD Session going Down.		
Workaround: BFD packet reception is affected on the system when the IP address on an unrelated		
interface is removed. Not definitive on the workaround for this problem.		
Recovery: BFD session recovers itself after going down and comes back to UP state.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000617700		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists	
Release:		
Symptom: "show access-list ip" CLI will list only local node access-list configuration.		
Condition: Different access-lists are configured on the management interfaces across the cluster.		
Workaround: "show access-list rbridge-id" or "show access-list interface" CLI can be used to display		
the access list of desired RBridge/interface.		
Recovery: This is a cosmetic issue; no functional impact.		

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Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: CLI - Command Line Interface
Release:		
Symptom: VDX6940 takes longer to come up after a reload operation.		
Condition: This can happen when there are loads of configuration done on the switch.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000617887		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High	
Product: Extrem	ne Network OS	Technology Group: Data Center Fabric	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: IP Fabric	
Release:			
Symptom: On upgrade from 6.x to 7.x, one of the python CLI libraries may not be carried forward with			
all th	all the changes & might impact some of the python scripts.		
Condition: Under certain unknown condition, when upgrading from 6.x to 7.x.			
Recovery: Copy CLI.py file manually to restore the script function.			
After restoration, test using below CLI & it should appear as below with "splitlines()" instead of "split()":			
<pre>sw0:FID128:root> grep -A 2 get_output /etc/fabos/Dcmd/python/CLI.py def get_output(self):</pre>			

Defect ID: DEFECT000618052		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Monitoring
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Hardware Monitoring
Release:		
Symptom: Incorrect units displayed in the o/p of the command, "show media" for Lumentum SFP.		
Condition: In the o/p of "show media" for Lumentum SFP, the units for Wavelength field should be		
displayed as "units 0.025nm" instead of "units nm".		

return (self.output.splitlines())

Defect ID: DEFECT000618553		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: SPAN configuration is not successful with the error ""% Error: Destination port cannot have		
802.1x configuration on it."		
Condition: Dot1x is configured and removed on an interface and now this interface is made as SPAN		
destination		

Defect ID: DEFECT000619578		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In Network OS7.1.0	Technology: ACLs - Access Control Lists	
Release:		
Symptom: Unexpected reload.		
Condition: When below command is used for viewi	ng the enforced IP ACL's:	
"show access-list interface Management <interface id=""> in "</interface>		
Example: "show access-list interface Management 1/0 in"		
Workaround: Use below commands to view the enforced policy		
' show running config ip(v6) access-list'		
'show running-config interface management'		

Defect ID: DEFECT000620205		
Technical Severity: High Probability: Low		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS5.0.2	Technology: Management GUI
Release:		
Symptom: VDX-6740T Interface doesn't linkup as 1G by default and it comes up as 100Mb.		
Condition: VDX-6740T Interface linkup as 100Mb by default when other device has SEMI-CROSS LINK.		
Workaround: Configuration of speed 1000 on both side can make link 1G.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000620577		
Technical Severity: Low		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS6.0.2	Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: The output of "show interface description" command for port channel is not displayed in		
sorted order as per port channel interface number.		
Condition: The issue is seen in case of multi node cluster.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000620878		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching	
Reported In Network OS7.1.0	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN	
Release:		
Symptom: If disk is full due to too many core files, firmware download may not be successful on		
Draco-T device.		
Condition: Draco-T device already has limited disk space due to too many core files.		
Workaround: Delete old core files to free up space and fwdnld will be fine.		

Recovery: Delete old core files to free up space and fwdnld will be fine.

Defect ID: DEFECT000621191		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade
Release:		
Symptom: The standby GOS is unable to boot up during ISSU.		
Condition: It is due to a rare QMAN initialization issue during the GOS boot up process.		
Recovery: The switch will need to be rebooted for recovery.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000621402		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Inband Management
Release:		
Symptom: Telnet access to VDX is blocked via default-VRF and user defined VRF.		
Condition: Firmware install with "no-activate" option.		
Workaround: Activate the firmware which was installed with "no-activate" option.		

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Defect ID: DEFE	Defect ID: DEFECT000621408		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Security	
Reported In	Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Security Vulnerability	
Release:			
Symptom: Though telnet service on MGMT-VRF is shutdown, telnet access to VDX is allowed via			
MGMT-VRF.			
Condition: 1. Shutdown telnet service on MGMT-VRF			
2. Firmware install with "no-activate" option			
3. Recover the firmware using "firmware recover"			
Recovery: Activate the partially installed firmware.			

Defect ID: DEFECT000621633		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network	
	Layer	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open Shortest Path	
Release:	First	
Symptom: Not able to change the IPv6 OSPF cost to 1 when auto-cost reference bandwidth is		
configured.		
Condition: The issue is observed for below sequence of steps:		
1. Configure auto-cost for IPv6 OSPF using CLI: "auto-cost reference-bandwidth 100000"		

- 2. Go to config-rbridge-Ve-<id> interface mode and configure OSPF cost using CLI: "ipv6 ospf cost 1"
- 3. Run show command to display interface OSPF parameters using CLI: "show ipv6 ospf in ve < id > rb < id >"

It is observed that cost field is not changed.

Workaround: Change the cost value to any non default-value and then back to default-value.

Defect ID: DEFECT000621696		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Management	
Reported In Network OS7.0.1	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade	
Release:		
Symptom: Firmware download fails on standby GOS with error code 26.		
Condition: It can happen due to a rare network connectivity issue between the active and standby		
GOS partitions.		
Recovery: Firmware download will be aborted and filesystems will be recovered automatically.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000622093		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In Network OS7.1.0 Technology: Logical Ch		Technology: Logical Chassis
Release:		
Symptom: Line card goes into fault state. one of the line card go to faulty state.		
Condition: After firmware download from 6.0.2c to 7.1.0 one of the line cards go to faulty state with		
reason code 119. What should the customer do now?		

Defect ID: DEFECT000622356		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: IPv6 Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: The running-configuration of port-channel interfaces have IPv6 nd cache expire time		
configured to 240 on an upgrade from 7.0.1 to 7.1.0, even though the user hasn't explicitly		
configured it.		
Condition: This issue is seen by the user whenever he upgrades the firmware from 7.0.1 to 7.1.0		

Defect ID: DEFECT000622864		
Technical Severity: High Probability: High		
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In Network OS7.1.0		Technology: Configuration Fundamentals
Release:		

Symptom: Unexpected reload of switch while taking support save

Condition: After diag test, chassis enable command will fail, switch may go through unexpected reload while taking supportsave

Workaround: Reboot the switch after diag test before trying any other command

Recovery: reboot the switch

Defect ID: DEFECT000623446		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: IP Fabric
Release:		
Symptom: S	ome MAC addresses learnt via BGP are	not seen in mac-address-table
Condition: When "mac-learning protocol bgp" for sites are frequently toggled, some MAC addresses		
are not seen in the BGP EVPN table.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000623579		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
Release:		
Symptom: OVSDB Physical_Switch table incorrectly shows "mac_table_exhaustion" fault status after reboot or ISSU or failover.		
Condition: Switch	ch is rebooted or fails over afte	er it learns around 16000 macs from NSX controller.
Recovery: Remove the NSX controller configuration via "no nsx-controller <name>" command and</name>		
configure it back.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000624075		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In Network OS6.0.2	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: Disruptive firmware upgrade (coldboot) will fail.		
Condition: Number of SNMP communities associated with IPv4/IPv6 ACL configurations is greater than		
20.		
Workaround: Limit the number of SNMP communities associated with IPv4/IPv6 ACL configurations to		
less than 20.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000624561	
Technical Severi	ty: High	Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and Orchestration
Reported In Release:	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration

Symptom: Rebooting host connected to VDX 6940 4x10 GbE breakout port may cause one or more 4x10 GbE ports to become unstable, which could result in port faulting with FFDC excessive interrupts on the port(s).

Condition: Rebooting host connected to VDX 6940 4x10 GbE breakout port may cause one or more 4x10 GbE ports to become unstable, which could result in port faulting with FFDC excessive interrupts on the port(s).

Workaround: Perform shut / no shut on the port to bring it back online. **Recovery:** Perform shut / no shut on the port to bring it back online.

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000624566	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Data Center Fabric
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: IP Fabric
Release:		
Symptom: Switc	h experience Out Of Memory	(OOM) condition and reboots
Condition: Using Scaled Configurations		

Defect ID: DEFECT000624714		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: Excee	dingly rare (not reproduced so	far) error during failover that will cause the system to
becor	me faulted.	
Condition: Exceedingly rare error during failover.		er.
Recovery: Reboot faulted system.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000624729		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: VDX 6940 40 GbE port may go offline after upgrade from Network OS Release 7.0.0x to		
7.1.0.		
Condition: VDX 6940 40 GbE port may go offline after firmware upgrade from Network OS Release		
7.0.0x to 7.1.0.		
Workaround: Perform shut / no shut on the problem 40 GbE port to bring the port back online.		
Recovery: Perform shut / no shut on the problem 40 GbE port to bring the port back online.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000624805	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low

Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: IP Addressing
Release:		
Symptom: Show	v command is not showing "ip icmp	unreachable" under physical interface.
Condition: After configuring the "ip icmp unreachable" under physical interface.		
Workaround: This is a cosmetic issue and can be ignored.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000624872		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Medium	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Zoning	
Release:		
Symptom: In certain cases when joining RBridges together, if one of the RBridges has an empty zone configuration with a default zone mode set to All Access and the other RBridge being joine has an effective zone configuration but a default zone mode set to No Access, this will result in a zone conflict and the cluster will not form. Condition: This issue can be seen when joining RBridges together that have mismatched default zoning policies.		
Recovery: Once in this state, to recover, the customer will need to change the default zone policies so that they match across the RBridges that are being joined and then reattempt joining them together.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000624921		
Technical Severity: High	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: Security	
Reported In Network OS7.1.0 Release:	Technology: MAC Port-based Authentication	
Symptom: After executing "no switchport" on a physical interface with "dot1x mac-auth-enable", dot1x mac-auth-bypass cannot be configured.		
Condition: This scenario occurs only if "dot1x mac-auth-enable" is configured while executing "no swithport"		
Workaround: Remove "dot1x mac-auth-enable" configuration before doing "no switchport"		

Defect ID: DEFECT000625263		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 2 Switching
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: VLAN - Virtual LAN
Release:		
Symptom: system may go for unexpected reload		
Condition: mac-authentication is enabled with more than 1500 source streams getting authenticated		
with layer 2 loop existing in the network. Here also loop detection is disabled.		

Defect ID: DEFE	CT000625402	
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Layer 3 Routing/Network
		Layer
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
Release:		

Symptom: OSPF authentication key configured on interface is getting lost after config-replay from backup configuration.

Condition: The issue is observed if configurations are done in below order for RBridge sub-mode:

- 1. Configure router OSPF and create area
- 2. Create VE interface and go to its sub-mode
- 3. Configure authentication-key using CLI: "ip ospf authentication-key 2 <password>"
- 4. Save configuration using copy command
- 5. Delete VE interface
- 6. Run config-replay command using CLI: "copy flash://<file_name> running-config"

Admin can verify that configured authentication-key is lost by using command show running-config for the Ve interface.

Workaround: Configure the OSPF authentication key on the interface using CLI after config-replay is done.

Defect ID: DEFECT000625616		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: VCS
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Metro VCS
Release:		
Symptom: 10G ISL using tunable ZR optics (57-1000266-01) does not form between VDX6740 and		
VDX6940-144s after performing a single "shut/no shut"		
Condition: Performing "shut/no shut" on 10G ISL using tunable ZR optics (57-1000266-01) between		
VDX6740 and VDX6940-144s		

Defect ID: DEFECT000625670		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: High
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Management
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Software Installation & Upgrade
Release:		
Symptom: On rare occasions a SW error may be seen during HA synchronization.		
Condition: Rare occurrence that is not linked to a specific change.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000625831	
Technical Severity: High	Probability: Low
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: IP Multicast

Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: IGMP - Internet Group Management
Release:		Protocol
Symptom: IGMPv2 report will be sent back on same VxLAN tunnel where the report was received		
from if the tunnel is terminated on TRILL ports.		
Condition: VxLAN is terminated on TRILL port on VDX6940.		
Workaround: VxLAN tunnel is terminated on edge ports that are non-TRILL Ports.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000625956		
Technical Severity: Medium	Probability: High	
Product: Extreme Network OS	Technology Group: VCS	
Reported In Network OS7.1.0	Technology: Logical Chassis	
Release:		
Symptom: When the "show ip int brief" CLI is executed on a VDX8770 switch, the output under the column "Protocol" does not contain the reason for a particular interface to be in state "down".		
Condition: When the "show ip int brief" CLI is executed on a VDX8770 switch.		

Defect ID: DEFECT000626825		
Technical Severity: High		Probability: Medium
Product: Extreme Network OS		Technology Group: Network Automation and
		Orchestration
Reported In	Network OS7.1.0	Technology: OpenStack Integration
Release:		
Symptom: VDX 6740 and 6940 may have linkup issues and/or CRCs after dynamically configuring		
4x10GbE breakout mode.		
Condition: VDX 6740 and 6940 may have linkup issues and/or CRCs after dynamically configuring		
4x10GbE breakout mode. Probability is increased if transceiver is changed from optical to		
copper or vice versa.		
Workaround: Reload switch to recover the links.		
Recovery: Reload switch to recover the links.		