

July 2019



# SLX-OS 18r.1.00b for SLX 9850 and SLX 9540

## Release Notes v5.0

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# Document history

<b>Version</b>	<b>Summary of changes</b>	<b>Publication date</b>
1.0	Initial Release	March 4 <sup>th</sup> , 2019
2.0	Update to the Upgrade and downgrade considerations section. IP MTU section added to the section, Behavior changes in release 18r.1.00b and Behavior changes in release 18r.1.00a. Added, "Parent Defect ID: SLX-22544 AND SLXOS-38397" to the Closed with code changes 18r.1.00b.	March 27, 2019
3.0	The Limitations and restrictions section is updated for "Routing over VPLS".	April 15, 2019
4.0	Minor typo in section, "MCT upgrade process from SLX-OS 17r.1.01x to SLX-OS 18r.1.00b".	April 22, 2019
5.0	Defect SLXOS-38263 is added to the Closed with code changes 18r.1.00b.	July 8 <sup>th</sup> , 2019

# Preface

## Contacting Extreme Technical Support

As an Extreme customer, you can contact Extreme Technical Support using one of the following methods: 24x7 online or by telephone. OEM customers should contact their OEM/solution provider.

If you require assistance, contact Extreme Networks using one of the following methods:

- GTAC (Global Technical Assistance Center) for immediate support
- Phone: 1-800-998-2408 (toll-free in U.S. and Canada) or +1 408-579-2826. For the support phone number in your country, visit: [www.extremenetworks.com/support/contact](http://www.extremenetworks.com/support/contact).
- Email: [support@extremenetworks.com](mailto:support@extremenetworks.com). To expedite your message, enter the product name or model number in the subject line.
- GTAC Knowledge - Get on-demand and tested resolutions from the GTAC Knowledgebase or create a help case if you need more guidance.
- The Hub - A forum for Extreme customers to connect with one another, get questions answered, share ideas and feedback, and get problems solved. This community is monitored by Extreme Networks employees but is not intended to replace specific guidance from GTAC.
- Support Portal - Manage cases, downloads, service contracts, product licensing, and training and certifications.

Before contacting Extreme Networks for technical support, have the following information ready:

- Your Extreme Networks service contract number and/or serial numbers for all involved Extreme Networks products
- A description of the failure
- A description of any action(s) already taken to resolve the problem
- A description of your network environment (such as layout, cable type, other relevant environmental information)
- Network load at the time of trouble (if known)
- The device history (for example, if you have returned the device before, or if this is a recurring problem)
- Any related RMA (Return Material Authorization) numbers

## Extreme resources

Visit the Extreme website to locate related documentation for your product and additional Extreme resources.

White papers, data sheets, and the most recent versions of Extreme software and hardware manuals are available at [www.extremenetworks.com](http://www.extremenetworks.com). Product documentation for all supported releases is available to registered users at <https://www.extremenetworks.com/support/documentation/>.

## Document feedback

Quality is our first concern at Extreme, and we have made every effort to ensure the accuracy and completeness of this document. However, if you find an error or an omission, or you think that a topic needs further development, we want to hear from you.

You can provide feedback in two ways:

- Use our short online feedback form at <https://www.extremenetworks.com/documentation-feedback/>
- Email us at [documentation@extremenetworks.com](mailto:documentation@extremenetworks.com)

Provide the publication title, part number, and as much detail as possible, including the topic heading and page number if applicable, as well as your suggestions for improvement.

# Overview

SLX-OS 18r.1.00b has multiple customer found defect solutions, along with new software features. Refer to the section, **New software features in 18r.1.00b** for more information.

SLX-OS 18r.1.00a supports the following solutions and features:

- L2 Exchange
  - Egress ACL rate-limiting: This is a key feature for IXP customers to flexibly rate-limit ACL filtered traffic on port/VLAN/BD
  
- vSLX\*
  - IP fabric BGP EVPN VXLAN control plane
  - L2 Exchange control plane

Note:

vSLX is community supported in the Extreme “The Hub” Community pages for Switching and Routing Data Center products.

[https://community.extremenetworks.com/extreme/categories/extreme\\_switchingrouting](https://community.extremenetworks.com/extreme/categories/extreme_switchingrouting)

Details of support process for vSLX is available in the vSLX guide and release note.



# New SKUs

No new SKUs are introduced in this release.

# Behavior changes

## Behavior changes in release 18r.1.00b

The following system behaviors have changed in this release:

The management module for the SLX9850 product family has been upgraded from 16GB of memory to 32GB of memory. The deprecated version of the management module with 16GB of memory is supported up to software release SLX-OS 18r.2.00.

### **Extreme highly recommends upgrading to the 32GB version of the management module.**

If the combination of the 16GB (standby) and 32GB (active) management modules are installed in an SLX 9850, the following RAS log message will appear once the 32GB module becomes active:

M1 | Active | FFDC, WARNING, SLX9850-8, Detected system memory size mismatch on dual MM - active has 32GB and standby has 16GB.

**NOTE:** A RAS log message will not appear on the console if the 32GB management module is in standby mode.

### TCAM profiles

Statistics are supported for all rate-limiting subtypes in the "layer2-ratelimit" TCAM profiles. Also, with this profile, services such as ACLs, BUM traffic, and port rate-limiting share the same TCAM space with L2/L3 ACLs and therefore have a lower priority. Therefore, if traffic matches an ACL entry, rate-limiting is not applied.

### VC-Mode Tag

In the previous, "VC-Mode Tag" mode, the ingress PE original packet's PCP is used only to classify packet to the appropriate traffic class (queue) on the ingress PE; egress PE does not use this value. Therefore, with this change in effect, the ingress PE received packet's original PCP is now forced to be stamped on the outgoing AC endpoint at the egress PE. In addition, the PE that is configured with this mode forces all locally switched traffic to *always* honor the original ingress packet's PCP value and uses that value as its outgoing AC endpoint's PCP value.

For example, in a BD setup, there are 2 AC LIFs and a VPLS peer. One AC LIF is configured with a single tagged, and the other AC LIF is configured as a dual tagged AC LIF. If the packet is received from the single tagged LIF and destined to the dual tagged AC LIF, then its PCP is copied to the outgoing packet to both outer and inner VLAN TAGs. If the packet is received from the dual tagged, and destined to the single tagged AC LIF, then the inner tag's PCP will be copied to the outgoing packet's VLAN tag. If the packet is received from the remote peer, then the VLAN tag's PCP that was sent over by the peer will be used towards the destination AC LIF. This case is similar to the single tagged case as mentioned in the above scenario. With this change in effect, the internal TC will no longer be used for stamping onto the outgoing packet at the egress PE.

## IP MTU

In 18r.1.00a, the hardware only supports three MTU values, including the default value of 1500 and two user-defined values. If the limit is reached, the following error message is displayed:

```
%Error: Maximum limit of allowed different IP MTUs reached.
```

**Note:** This behavior change applies to both global and interface MTU.

In releases prior to 18r.1.00a, the recommendation was to use one of the following three values: 1300, 1500 and 9194. If the user configuration did not match these values, the previous lower value is selected, i.e. if 1400 is configured HW will be programmed with 1300, similarly if 9000 is configured HW will be programmed with IP MTU of 1500. However, this created a mismatch between the user-configured value and hardware-programmed value.

**Note:** The `ipv6 mtu` command is deprecated in this release.

## Behavior changes in release 18r.1.00a

The following system behaviors have changed in this release:

- Unknown unicast Storm control feature will bypass VLL (bridge-domain p2p) traffic in L2-optimized profile starting this release.
- If the user tries to bind the policer with configured CIR/EIR value is less than 22000 bps in Fusion/Avalanche the operational CIR/EIR will be zero and the same will be notified to the user via syslog on console.
- When working with different rate-limiting subtypes, the precedence order will be as follows in layer2-rate-limit profile:  
ACL RL -> VLAN/BD RL -> Port RL -> BMU storm-control
- The management module for the SLX9850 product family has been upgraded from 16GB of memory to 32GB of memory. The deprecated version of the management module with 16GB of memory is supported up to software release SLX-OS 18r.2.00.

**Extreme highly recommends upgrading to the 32GB version of the management module.**

If the combination of the 16GB (standby) and 32GB (active) management modules are installed in an SLX 9850, the following RAS log message will appear once the 32GB module becomes active:

```
M1 | Active | FFDC, WARNING, SLX9850-8, Detected system memory size mismatch on dual MM  
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```

**NOTE:** A RAS log message will not appear on the console if the 32GB management module is in standby mode.

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**Note:** The `ipv6 mtu` command is deprecated in this release.

## Behavior changes in release 18r.1.00

The following system behaviors have changed in this release:

- DNS improvement: Now we do not need to configure a domain name using command “ip dns domain-name ...”, along with “ip dns name-server <ip>” command. Previously, we had to configure domain name for DNS resolving to happen.
- Multi-VRF support for NTP client and server: Previously, NTP client tried to reach the server via mgmt-vrf instead of default-vrf. Support for default-vrf was added in this release.
- A defect in the firmware of the SSD used in the SLX 9540 may cause the SSD to stop responding. This is not corrected in the 18r.1.00 release. When this defect happens, the Extreme SLX-OS places the file system into a read-only mode to indicate that the file system is hung. A power-cycle fully recovers the device. An SSD controller firmware update is available, and GTAC can assist you in applying this to your systems. Please refer to Field Notice, FN-2018-422 for more information.

# Software Features

## New software features in 18r.1.00b

The following software features are new in this release:

- BUM storm control is now supported at the global and interface-level mode for Ethernet interfaces.
- Extreme VLAN MIB - Supported Enterprise MIB Objects – VLAN extended statistics MIB support
- Q-Bridge - Updated SNMP Q-Bridge MIB details – Q-BRIDGE-MIB is supported for read-only access
- Upgrading to release 18r.1.00b from 2.6 kernel 32-bit systems
- Upgrading to release 18r.1.00b from 2.6 kernel 64-bit systems
- Endpoint tracking enhancements

## New software features in 18r.1.00a

The following software features are new in this release:

- Egress ACL-based Rate-limiting
- Source Interface for SNMP Trap/Notification/Inform
- SNMP MIB set support for sysContact, sysName, sysLocation, and ifAdminStatus objects
- vSLX

## New software features in 18r.1.00

The following software features are new in this release:

- Endpoint tracking:
  - Minimizes the configuration and management of VLANs on switches in the data center
  - Supports authentication of macs using 802.1x protocol
  - Supports assignment of VLAN using NAC to authenticated mac, dynamic VLAN creation of the same and port vlan assignment
  - Can be used for dynamic VLAN management per host using NAC configuration
- Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol (MVRP):
  - Layer 2 protocol allows the dynamic propagation of VLAN information from device to device; manually configure an MVRP-aware access device with all desired VLANs for the network and all other MVRP-aware devices on the network learn these VLANs
- Layer 2 Loop Detection:
  - In Loose Mode, the LD shutdown action is changed from physical port level shutdown to LIF (Logical Interface) level shutdown. This keeps the physical port up and prevents other VLANs on the same physical port from being impacted.
- Data streaming Enhancements:
  - JSON encoding support
  - TM VoQ statistics

- Line card CPU and Memory Statistics
- MPLS traffic statistics data streaming
- Increase scale support for class-maps under the service policy:
  - Number of class maps per policy-map has been changed from 128 to 4K.
- Host and the SLX VM image snapshots:
  - Creates snapshot image of the currently running Host and the SLX VM images
- MPLS Enhancements:
  - Syslog enhancement for LDP session down events
  - Logging LSP down reason in syslog
  - Sort the output of “show mpls ldp tunnel” command by FEC address

## BGP EVPN VxLAN based IP Fabric\*\*

BGP EVPN IP Fabric is a controller-less architecture that simplifies data center operations by leveraging open, standards-based protocols to abstract network control plane, data plane, and automation functions from the underlying physical platforms. BGP EVPN Network Virtualization builds upon underlying infrastructure platforms, fabrics, and automation to deliver simplified and secure network operations.

The following features are supported:

- BGP EVPN support: Support for EVPN route types (Inclusive Multicast, MAC/MACIP routes, IPv4/v6 prefix routes, ES routes, AD routes)
- Dynamic tunnel (VxLAN) discovery: Supports Dynamic Tunnel discovery using BGP EVPN
- Bridge Domain Support: BGP-EVPN is supported over basic VLAN and Bridge-Domain
- ARP Suppression: Suppress/reduce the ARP broadcast traffic in an IP fabric.
- Static Anycast Gateway: Static Anycast Gateway allows configuring Static Anycast MAC as gateway for multiple tenant systems in a virtualized data center fabric. Same Gateway address is configured across all TORs for a given Tenant/VLAN combination, thus enabling seamless VM mobility across the leaf switches in an IP Fabric deployment without any need for host gateway configuration changes.
- IP Unnumbered Interfaces: Reduces consumption of IP Address space. Leaf to spine inter-switch point-to-point L3 links are configured as ip unnumbered to conserve IP addresses and optimize hardware resources.
- L2VNI capability: The L2VNI is the MAC/NVE mapping table
- L3VNI/routing capability: Default and non-default VRF routing/L3VNI are supported with BGP-EVPN. Symmetric and Asymmetric IRB are supported
- Logical VTEP: A logical VXLAN tunnel end point (LVTEP) is supported for both Layer 2 and Layer 3 for SLX 9540 only. SLX 9850 is not supported as leaf in VXLAN IP fabric.

REST API Support: All configuration operations supported in CLI are supported via REST. Selected BGP show commands for EVPN are supported with REST.

**\*\*Please note that the support for the L3VNI comes with limitations, which will be resolved in the patch release of 18r.1.00. Extreme recommends using 18r.1.00 for evaluation or controlled deployments of L3VNI.**

# CLI commands

## CLI commands introduced in R18r.1.00b

### New commands

The following commands are new in this release:

- storm-control ingress (global)
- endpoint-tracking timeout reauth-period
- qos port-speed-up

### Modified commands

The following commands have been modified for this release:

- ip mtu
- show storm-control

### Deprecated commands

- ipv6 mtu

## CLI commands introduced in R18r.1.00a

### New commands

The following command is new in this release:

- service-policy out <policy-name>

### Modified commands

The following command have been modified for this release:

- snmp-server host

### Deprecated commands

- ipv6 mtu

## CLI commands introduced in R18r.1.00

### New commands

The following commands are new in this release:

- bypass-lsp (Telemetry)
- clear ip arp suppression-cache
- clear ip arp suppression-statistics
- clear ipv6 nd suppression-cache
- clear ipv6 nd suppression-statistics



- clear mrvp statistics
- endpoint-tracking enable
- fec (telemetry)

### Modified commands

The following commands have been modified for this release:

- show arp
- show arp summary
- show ipv6 neighbor
- show ipv6 neighbor summary

### Deprecated commands

There are no deprecated commands in this release.

# RFCs, Standards, and Scalability

For RFCs, standards, and scale numbers supported in this release, refer to the [Extreme SLX-OS Scale and Standards Matrix for SLX 9850 and SLX 9540](#).

# Hardware support

## Supported devices

The following devices are supported in this release:

Supported Hardware	Description
BR-SLX9850-4-BND-AC	Extreme SLX 9850 4-slot chassis with 1 management module, 5 switch fabric modules, 2 3000W AC power supplies, 3 fan modules, and accessory kit. Power cord not included.
BR-SLX9850-4-BND-DC	Extreme SLX 9850 4-slot chassis with 1 management module, 5 switch fabric modules, 2 3000W DC power supplies, 3 fan modules, and accessory kit. Power cord not included.
BR-SLX9850-8-BND-AC	Extreme SLX 9850 8-slot chassis with 1 management module, 5 switch fabric modules, 4 3000W AC power supplies, 3 fan modules, and accessory kit. Power cord not included.
BR-SLX9850-8-BND-DC	Extreme SLX 9850 8-slot chassis with 1 management module, 5 switch fabric modules, 4 3000W DC power supplies, and 3 fan modules, and accessory kit. Power cord not included.
BR-SLX9850-10GX72S-M	Extreme SLX 9850 72-port 10 GbE/1 GbE dual-speed (M) interface module with IPv4/IPv6/MPLS hardware support. Requires SFP+ optics for 10 GbE connectivity and SFP optics for 1 GbE connectivity. Supports up to 750,000 MAC. Supports up to 1,500,000 IPv4 routes, 140,000 IPv6 routes with OptiScale™ Internet Routing.
BR-SLX9850-100GX36CQ-M	Extreme SLX 9850 36-port 100 GbE, 60-port 40 GbE, or 240-port 10 GbE flex-speed (M) interface module with IPv4/IPv6/MPLS hardware support. Requires QSFP28 optics for 100 GbE, QSFP+ optics for 40 GbE, and 40 GbE to 10 GbE breakout for 10 GbE connectivity. Supports up to 750,000 MAC. Supports up to 1,500,000 IPv4 routes, 140,000 IPv6 routes with OptiScale™ Internet Routing.
BR-SLX9850-10GX72S-D	Extreme SLX985072-port 10GbE/1GbE (D) interface module with IPv4/IPv6 hardware support. Requires SFP+ optics for 10GbE connectivity and SFP optics for 10GbE connectivity. Supports 750K MAC, 256K IPv4 routes and 64K IPv6 routes with up to 8GB packet buffers
BR-SLX9850-100GX36CQ-D	Extreme SLX 9850 36-port 100GbE, 60-port 40GbE, or 240-port 10GbE flex-speed (D) interface module with IPv4/IPv6 hardware support. Requires QSFP28, QSFP+ optics & 40GbE to 10GbE
BR-SLX9850-100GX12CQ-M	Extreme SLX 9850 12-port 100 GbE, 20-port 40GbE, or 80-port 10GbE flex-speed (M) interface module with IPv4/IPv6/MPLS hardware support. Requires QSFP28, QSFP+ optics & 40GbE to 10GbE breakout (for 10 GbE) connectivity. Supports up to 750,000 MAC. Supports up to 1,500,000 IPv4 routes, 140,000 IPv6 routes with OptiScale™ Internet Routing.
BR-SLX9850-100GX6CQ-M-UPG	6x100G POD SW license to be used with SLX9850-100Gx12CQ-M 100G blade only
XBR-SLX9850-4-S	Extreme SLX9850 Spare 4-slot chassis
XBR-SLX9850-8-S	Extreme SLX9850 Spare 8-slot chassis
BR-SLX9850-MM	Extreme SLX 9850 management module for 4-slot and 8-slot systems, includes 16GB RAM, 2 internal Solid State Drives, 4-Core Intel CPU, 2 USB 3.0 ports, 2 RJ-45 console ports, and 10GbE Services port
BR-SLX9850-4-SFM	Extreme SLX 9850 switch fabric module for 4-slot chassis
BR-SLX9850-8-SFM	Extreme SLX 9850 switch fabric module for 8-slot chassis
XBR-SLX9850-ACPWR-3000	Extreme SLX 9850 AC 3000W power supply for 4- and 8-slot chassis, 90-270V AC input
XBR-SLX9850-DCPWR-3000	Extreme SLX 9850 DC 3000W power supply for 4- and 8-slot chassis
XBR-SLX9850-4-FANM	Extreme SLX 9850 fan module for 4-slot chassis. Fan module has 2 fans
XBR-SLX9850-8-FANM	Extreme SLX 9850 fan module for 8-slot chassis. Fan module has 4 fans
XBR-SLX9850-4-CAB	Extreme SLX 9850 Cable Combo Kit for 4-slot chassis
XBR-SLX9850-8-CAB	Extreme SLX 9850 Cable Combo Kit for 8-slot chassis
XBR-SLX9850-4-SFMPNL	Extreme SLX 9850 switch fabric module blank panel for 4-slot chassis
XBR-SLX9850-8-SFMPNL	Extreme SLX 9850 switch fabric module blank panel for 8-slot chassis
XBR-SLX9850-PWRPNL	Extreme SLX 9850 power supply blank panel for 4-slot and 8-slot chassis
XBR-SLX9850-IMPNL	Extreme SLX 9850 interface module blank panel for 4-slot and 8-slot chassis
XBR-SLX9850-MMPNL	Extreme SLX 9850 management module blank panel for 4-slot and 8-slot chassis
XBR-SLX9850-4-4PRM-KIT	Extreme SLX 9850 four-post rack mounting kit for 4-slot chassis. Include 27-31" flush and recessed mounting
XBR-SLX9850-4-2PRM-KIT	Extreme SLX 9850 two-post rack mounting kit for 4-slot chassis. Include telco flush and midplane mounting
XBR-SLX9850-8-4PRM-KIT	Extreme SLX 9850 four-post rack mounting kit for 8-slot chassis. Include flush and recessed mounting
XBR-SLX9850-8-2PRM-KIT	Extreme SLX 9850 two-post rack mounting kit for 8-slot chassis. Include telco flush and midplane mounting
BR-SLX-9540-24S-AC-F	Extreme SLX 9540-24S Switch AC with Front to Back airflow. Supports 24x10GE/1GE + 24x1GE ports

Supported Hardware	Description
BR-SLX-9540-24S-DC-F	Extreme SLX 9540-48S Switch DC with Front to Back airflow. Supports 48x10GE/1GE + 6x100GE/40GE
BR-SLX-9540-24S-AC-R	Extreme SLX 9540-24S Switch AC with Back to Front airflow. Supports 24x10GE/1GE + 24x1GE ports
BR-SLX-9540-24S-DC-R	Extreme SLX 9540-24S Switch DC with Back to Front airflow. Supports 24x10GE/1GE + 24x1GE ports
BR-SLX-9540-48S-AC-F	Extreme SLX 9540-48S Switch AC with Front to Back airflow. Supports 48x10GE/1GE + 6x100GE/40GE
BR-SLX-9540-48S-DC-F	Extreme SLX 9540-48S Switch DC with Front to Back airflow. Supports 48x10GE/1GE + 6x100GE/40GE
BR-SLX-9540-48S-AC-R	Extreme SLX 9540-48S Switch AC with Back to Front airflow. Supports 48x10GE/1GE + 6x100GE/40GE
BR-SLX-9540-48S-DC-R	Extreme SLX 9540-48S Switch DC with Back to Front airflow. Supports 48x10GE/1GE + 6x100GE/40GE
BR-SLX-9540-24S-COD	Upgrade 24x1GE to 24x10GE/1GE
BR-SLX-9540-2C-POD	Ports on Demand for 2x100GE/40GE Uplinks
BR-SLX-9540-ADV-LIC-P	Advanced Feature License for MPLS, BGP-EVPN, CE2.0, NSX, OptiScale™ Internet Routing (for Extreme SLX 9540-24S and 9540-48S)

## Supported power supplies

- Extreme SLX 9850 AC 3000W power supply for 4- and 8-slot chassis, 90-270V AC input
- Extreme SLX 9850 DC 3000W power supply for 4- and 8-slot chassis, 48V DC input

## Supported optics

Part Number	Description
1G-SFP-TX	MODULE, MINI-GBIC, TX, 1000BASE, RJ45
1G-SFP-SX-OM	1000BASE-SX SFP OPTIC, MMF LC
1G-SFP-SX-OM-8	1000BASE-SX SFP OPTIC, MMF LC 8
1G-SFP-LX-OM	1000BASE-LX SFP OPTIC, SMF LC
1G-SFP-LX-OM-8	1000BASE-LX SFP OPTIC, SMF LC 8
1G-SFP-LHA-OM	1000BASE-LHA SFP OPTIC, SMF, LC CONN
1G-SFP-BXD	1000BASE-BXD SFP OPTIC SMF
1G-SFP-BXU	1000BASE-BXU SFP OPTIC SMF
10G-SFP-USR	10G USR SFP+ TRANS 100M OVER MMF
10G-SFP-SR	10G SR SFP+ TRANS 300M OVER MMF
10G-SFP-SR-8	10G SR-8 SFP+ TRANS 300M OVER MMF 8
10G-SFP-LR	10G LR SFP+ TRANS 10KM OVER SMF
10G-SFP-LR-8	10G LR SFP+ TRANS 10KM OVER SMF 8
10G-SFP-ER	10G ER SFP+ TRANS 40KM OVER SMF
10G-SFP-ZR	10GBASE-ZR SFP+ optic (LC), for up to 80km over SMF
10GE-SFP-AOC-0701	10GE SFP+ Direct Attach Cables 7m - Active Optical cables
10GE-SFP-AOC-1001	10GE SFP+ Direct Attach Cables 10m - Active Optical cables
10G-SFP-TWX-0101	10 GbE SFP+ optics Twinax Active Copper cable: 1m
10G-SFP-TWX-0301	10 GbE SFP+ optics Twinax Active Copper cable: 3m
10G-SFP-TWX-0501	10 GbE SFP+ optics Twinax Active Copper cable: 5m
40G-QSFP-SR4	40G QSFP+ SR4 TRANS 100M OVER MMF
40G-QSFP-SR4-INT	40G QSFP+ 100M OVER MMF 10G BREAKOUT
40G-QSFP-ESR4-INT	40G QSFP+ 300M OVER MMF 10G BREAKOUT
40G-QSFP-LR4	40G QSFP+ LR4 TRANS 10KM OVER SMF
40G-QSFP-QSFP-C-0101	40G QSFP+ TO QSFP+ ACTIVE COPPER 1M
40G-QSFP-QSFP-C-0301	40G QSFP+ TO QSFP+ ACTIVE COPPER 3M

Part Number	Description
40G-QSFP-QSFP-C-0501	40G QSFP+ TO QSFP+ ACTIVE COPPER 5M
40G-QSFP-QSFP-AOC-1001	40G QSFP+ to QSFP+ ACTIVE OPTICAL CABLE 10M
40G-QSFP-4SFP-C-0101	4X10GE QSFP+TO4SFP+ COPPER BREAKOUT 1M
40G-QSFP-4SFP-C-0301	4X10GE QSFP+TO4SFP+ COPPER BREAKOUT 3M
40G-QSFP-4SFP-C-0501	4X10GE QSFP+TO4SFP+ COPPER BREAKOUT 5M
40G-QSFP-4SFP-AOC-1001	4X10GE QSFP+TO4SFP+ Fiber BREAKOUT 10M
100G-QSFP28-CWDM4-2KM	100GBASE CWDM4 QSFP TRANS LC 2KM OVER SM
100G-QSFP28-SR4	100G QSFP28 SR4 TRANS 100M OVER MMF
100G-QSFP28-LR4L-2KM	100G QSFP28 LR4 LITE TRANS 2KM OVER SMF
100G-QSFP28-LR4-10KM	100G QSFP28 LR4 TRANS 10KM OVER SMF
100G-QSFP28-LR4-LP-10KM	100G QSFP28 LR4 LOWPOWER 2KM OVER SMF
100G-QSFP-QSFP-P-0101	100G QSFP Passive Direct Attach Copper Cable, 1M
100G-QSFP-QSFP-P-0301	100G QSFP Passive Direct Attach Copper Cable, 3M
100G-QSFP-QSFP-P-0501	100G QSFP Passive Direct Attach Copper Cable, 5M
100G-QSFP-QSFP-AOC-1001	100G QSFP Direct Attach Active Optical Cable, 10M
10G-SFP-USR-E	10GE USR SFP+,HIGH RX SENSITIVITY
10G-SFP-USR-8-E	10GE USR SFP+,HIGH RX SENSITIVITY (8-pack)
10G-SFP-USR-SA	10GE USR SFP+ OPTIC (LC),RANGE 100M MMF, TAA
10G-SFP-SR-S	10GBASE-SR, SFP+OPTIC(LC), 300M MMF, 70C
10G-SFP-LR-SA	10GBASE-LR, SFP+ OPTIC (LC),10KM OVERSMF, TAA, 70C
10G-SFP-BXU-S	10GE LR SFP+ OPTIC (LC) BIDIRECTIONAL UP
10G-SFP-BXD-S	10GE LR SFP+ OPTIC (LC) BIDIRECTIONAL DO
*Methode SP7051	Methode SP7051-BRCD SFP+ 10G-Base-T (10G speed only)
*Inphi IN-Q2AY2-XX	Inphi 100G QSFP-28 ColorZ DWDM (80km)

\*Optics reference qualified and should be purchased from the respective vendors. Extreme doesn't sell these.

# Software upgrade and downgrade

## Image file names

Download the following images from [www.extremenetworks.com](http://www.extremenetworks.com).

Image file name	Description
slxos18r.1.00b.tar.gz	SLX-OS 18r.1.00b software
slxos18r.1.00b all mibs.tar.gz	SLX-OS 18r.1.00b MIBS
slxos18r.1.00b.md5	SLX-OS 18r.1.00b md5 checksum

## Upgrade/downgrade considerations using firmware download CLI through fullinstall

The fullinstall CLI option is supported through the firmware download when upgrading from release SLX-OS 17r.1.01a to SLX-OS 17r.2.01. The fullinstall CLI option is NOT supported with USB.

## Upgrade and downgrade considerations

- Upgrade from a 32-bit to 32-bit SLX-OS is performed using 'coldboot' option
- Upgrade from a 32-bit to 64-bit SLX-OS is a two-step sequential process as shown below:
  - 1) Upgrade using 'coldboot' to 17r.1.01a
  - 2) Upgrade using 'fullinstall' to 64-bit SLX OS
- Upgrade/Downgrade using 'fullinstall' takes up to 60 minutes for completion as compared to 25 minutes for 'coldboot'
- Upgrade from a 64-bit to 64-bit SLX-OS is performed using 'coldboot' option
- It is recommended to use 7zip or WinRAR to Un-compress the SLXOS tar file
- When firmware upgrade or downgrade is performed, following matrix can be used as a reference.

To	16r.1.0 (32-bit)	17r.1.0 (32-bit)	17r.1.01 (32-bit)	17r.1.01a (32-bit)	17r.2.0 (64-bit)	18r.1.0 (64-bit)
From						
16r.1.0 (32-bit)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Two Step Process: 1. Upgrade to 17r.1.01a 2. Upgrade to 17r.2.0	Two Step Process: 1. Upgrade to 17r.1.01a 2. Upgrade to 18r.1.0
17r.1.0 (32-bit)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Two Step Process: 1. Upgrade to 17r.1.01a 2. Upgrade to 17r.2.0	Two Step Process: 1. Upgrade to 17r.1.01a 2. Upgrade to 18r.1.0
17r.1.01 (32-bit)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Two Step Process: 1.Upgrade to 17r.1.01a 2.Upgrade to 17r.2.0	Two Step Process: 1. Upgrade to 17r.1.01a 2. Upgrade to 18r.1.0
17r.1.01a (32-bit)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	fullinstall	fullinstall
17r.2.0 (64-bit)	Two Step Process: 1. Downgrade to 17r.1.01a 2. Coldboot to 16r.1.0	Two Step Process: 1. Downgrade to 17r.1.01a 2. Coldboot to 17r.1.0	Two Step Process: 1.Downgrade to 17r.1.01a 2. Coldboot to 16r.1.0	fullinstall	coldboot	coldboot
18r.1.0 (64-bit)	Two Step Process: 1. Downgrade to 17r.1.01a 2. Coldboot to 16r.1.0	Two Step Process: 1. Downgrade to 17r.1.01a 2. Coldboot to 17r.1.0	Two Step Process: 1.Downgrade to 17r.1.01a 2.Coldboot to 17r.1.01	fullinstall	coldboot	coldboot

## Upgrade Steps from 32-bit to 64-bit SLX-OS

1. Make sure the device is running SLXOS 17r.1.01a or later, if not, please see the 17r.1.01 documentation on how to upgrade to that release.
2. Upgrade to SLX-OS 18r.1.00 using fullinstall
3. Save Configuration

To save the config, run

**copy running-config startup-config**

4. Firmware download with “fullinstall” option from source directory

```
device# firmware download fullinstall ftp user releaseuser password releaseuser file  
release.plist directory <path> host <host_ip>
```

### Notes:

Firmware download with the “fullinstall” option will retain the startup configuration file, and upon auto reboot of the device, it will replay the startup configuration file automatically.

Firmware [download] upgrade support from SLXOS 18r.1.00b [Linux Kernel 2.6] to SLXOS 19.1.0 [Linux Kernel 4.14] is available from SLXOS 18r.1.00b onwards using "fullinstall" additional keyword.

### Upgrade/downgrade using firmware download CLI through USB:

- Upgrade from SLX-SLX 17r.1.01a to SLX-OS 17r.2.01 is supported via firmware download CLI with “fullinstall” option.
- Upgrade from SLX 17r.1.01b to SLX-OS 17r.2.01a or later is supported via firmware download CLI with “fullinstall” option.
- USB based FWD upgrade from SLX-OS 17r.1.01a (32-bit) to SLX-OS 17r.2.01 (64-bit) or later is supported with “fullinstall” option.
- USB3.0 used for firmware download can be in VFAT or EXT4 format.



## Instruction to check and upgrade FPGAs/CPLDs:

Refer to the *SLX-OS Upgrade Guide* for all variations on upgrading SLX-OS.

### ***FPGA/CPLD versions:***

<b>SLX-9850</b>	<b>Release Date</b>
MM sys FPGA	08/25/2016
LC sys FPGA	08/30/2016
SFM sys FPGA	08/04/2016
<b>SLX-9540</b>	<b>Release Date</b>
Sys FPGA	02/09/2017
CPLD 0	02/09/2017
CPLD 1	02/09/2017

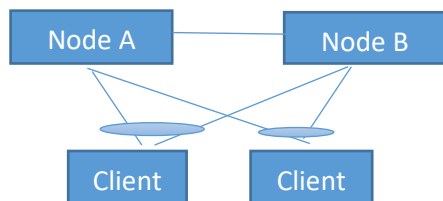
## MCT Upgrade Process

This section describes the process to upgrade MCT cluster nodes with minimum traffic loss disruption.

The MCT upgrade process is divided into the following sections:

1. MCT upgrade process from SLX-OS 17r.1.01x to SLX-OS 18r.1.00b (32-bit OS to 64-bit OS)
2. MCT upgrade process from SLX-OS 18r.1.00 to SLX-OS 18r.1.00b (64-bit OS to 64-bit OS)

The steps in the MCT upgrade process use the following nomenclature for MCT nodes: Node A and Node B.



### MCT upgrade process from SLX-OS 17r.1.01x to SLX-OS 18r.1.00b

This section describes the procedure to upgrade MCT cluster nodes from SLX-OS 17r.1.01x to SLX-OS 18r.1.00b and later releases with minimal traffic loss disruption.

This is a **32-bit OS to 64-bit OS upgrade** and hence uses the **firmware download** command with **fullinstall** option in order to perform the upgrade.

1. Configure client isolation mode under the cluster to be loose on Node A and on Node B respectively using the client-isolation loose command. For example:

```
Device(config)# cluster <Name of the cluster> <cluster-id>
Device(config-cluster-1)# client-isolation loose
```

2. Isolate Node A from the network using the following steps:
  - a. Disable the MCT client-interfaces on Node A using client-interfaces-shutdown command under cluster configuration section.

```
Device-A(config-cluster-1)# client-interfaces-shutdown
```

- b. Disable the link connected to MCT peer node and uplink to the core network.

This would result in all CCEP traffic to switch to Node B within 30 seconds depending on scale and other parameters.

3. Copy running-configuration to startup-configuration on node A.
4. Upgrade Node A to the 18r.1.00b release using the **firmware download fullinstall** command. While the upgrade on node A is in progress, the traffic would continue to pass through node B.
5. Verify that once the node comes UP, the member-vlan configuration under the cluster section is removed.
6. Create an evpn template and add to the existing configuration on Node A. For example:

```
Device(config)# evpn <evpn-instance-name>
route-target both auto ignore-as
rd auto
vlan add <NUMBER: 1-4090>                (If VLAN config is present)
bridge-domain add <NUMBER: 1-4090>      (If L2VPN config is present)
```

7. Perform 'no deploy' and 'deploy' under Node A cluster configuration section. For example:

```
Device-A(config)# cluster <Name of the cluster> <cluster-id>
Device-A(config-cluster-1)# no deploy
Device-A(config-cluster-1)# deploy
```

8. Wait for 120 seconds for processing. (There is no traffic loss induced by this wait time here since client interfaces are still in shutdown state on Node A. The traffic would continue to pass through Node B.)
9. Isolate Node B from the network using the following steps.

**Note:** There is complete traffic loss at this step.

- a. Disable the MCT clients from the Node B using **client-interfaces-shutdown** command under cluster configuration section.

```
Device-B(config-cluster-1)# client-interfaces-shutdown
```

- b. Disable the link connected to MCT peer node and uplink to the core.

**Note:** This step is suggested at this stage in order to avoid traffic duplication if L2VPN configuration is present. If L2VPN config is not present, enter the **no client-interfaces-**

**shutdown** command on Node A before isolating Node B in order to minimize traffic loss.  
(Swap Step 9 and 12)

10. Copy running-configuration to startup-configuration on Node B.
11. Enable the interface towards the peer MCT node (ICL interface) and the uplink to the core network on Node A. (The ICL link would still be down since Node-B is isolated before this step. This is performed so that after Node B gets upgraded, the ICL link will come up once no shut is performed on the ICL link on Node-B.)
12. Bring Node A back to the network by entering the **no client-interfaces-shutdown** command under cluster configuration.

```
Device-A(config-cluster-1)# no client-interfaces-shutdown
```

This would result in all CCEP traffic to switch to Node A within 30 seconds depending on scale and other parameters.

13. Upgrade Node B to the 18r.1.00b release using the **firmware download fullinstall** command. While the upgrade on node B is in progress, the traffic would continue to pass through node A.
14. Verify that once the Node B comes UP, the member-vlan configuration under the cluster section is removed.
15. Create an evpn template and add to the existing configuration on Node B. For example:

```
Device-B(config)# evpn <evpn-instance-name>  
route-target both auto ignore-as  
rd auto  
vlan add <NUMBER: 1-4090> (If VLAN config is present)  
bridge-domain add <NUMBER: 1-4090> (If L2VPN config is present)
```

16. Perform 'no deploy' and 'deploy' under Node B cluster configuration section. For example:

```
Device-B(config)# cluster <Name of the cluster> <cluster-id>  
Device-B(config-cluster-1)# no deploy  
Device-B(config-cluster-1)# deploy
```

17. Wait for 120 seconds for processing. (There is no traffic loss induced by this wait time here since client interfaces are still in shutdown state on Node B. The traffic will continue to pass through Node A.)

18. Enable the interface towards the peer MCT node (ICL) and the uplink to the core network on Node B.
19. Verify if the BGP session between the MCT peers is established and the cluster is up.
20. Bring Node B back to the network by entering the **no client-interfaces-shutdown command** under cluster configuration.

```
Device-B(config-cluster-1)# no client-interfaces-shutdown
```

21. Copy running-config to startup-config on both the nodes.

### **Additional upgrade considerations for upgrading SLX9850 from 17r.1.01a or 17r.1.01b to 18r.1.00**

When upgrading a SLX9850 from 17r.1.01a or 17r.1.01b to 18r.1.00, if TPVM is installed in the system, you must un-install it by running the “tpvm uninstall” command before starting firmware download. Otherwise, it will cause system initialization issue. After the system is upgraded, you can install the TPVM image from 18r.1.00 by running the “tpvm install” command.

### **MCT upgrade process from SLX-OS 18r.1.00 to SLX-OS 18.1.00b**

This section describes the procedure to upgrade MCT cluster nodes from SLX-OS 18r.1.00 GA or ax patch to SLX-OS 18r.1.00b patch and later releases with minimal traffic loss disruption.

This is a **64-bit OS to 64-bit OS upgrade** and hence uses the **firmware download** command with **coldboot** option to perform the upgrade.

1. Configure client isolation mode under the cluster to be loose on Node A and Node B respectively using the client-isolation loose command. For example:

```
Device(config)# cluster <Name of the cluster> <cluster-id>
```

```
Device(config-cluster-1)# client-isolation loose
```

2. Isolate Node A from the network using the following steps:
  - a. Disable the MCT client-interfaces on Node A using **client-interfaces-shutdown** command under cluster configuration section.

```
Device-A(config-cluster-1)# client-interfaces-shutdown
```

- b. Interface connected to MCT peer node (ICL interface) must be left in **no shut** state.
- c. Disable uplink to the core network.

This causes all CCEP traffic to switch to Node B within 30 seconds depending on the scale and other parameters.

3. Copy running-config to startup-config on node A.
4. Upgrade Node A using **firmware download** command with **coldboot** option to the 18r.1.00b image. While the upgrade on node A is in progress, the traffic would continue to pass through node B.
5. Verify if Node A is back online after the upgrade and has completed initialization.
6. Isolate Node B from the network using the following steps. Please note that there is complete traffic loss at this step.
  - a. Disable the MCT client-interfaces on Node B using **client-interfaces-shutdown** command under cluster configuration section.

```
Device-B(config-cluster-1)# client-interfaces-shutdown
```

- b. Interface connected to MCT peer node (ICL interface) must be left in **no shut** state.
- c. Disable uplink to the core network.

**Note:** This step is suggested at this stage in order to avoid traffic duplication if L2VPN configuration is present. If L2VPN configuration is not present, perform **no client-interfaces-shutdown** on Node A before isolating Node B in order to minimize traffic loss. (Swap Step-6 and Step-9)

7. Copy running-configuration to startup-configuration on Node B.
8. Enable the uplink to the core network on Node A. (The ICL interface would be up by now since we did not shut it prior to upgrade.)
9. Bring Node A back to the network by configuring the **no client-interfaces-shutdown** command under cluster configuration on Node A. This would result in all CCEP traffic to switch to Node A within 30 seconds depending on the scale and other parameters.

```
Device-A(config-cluster-1)# no client-interfaces-shutdown
```

10. Upgrade Node B to 18r.1.00b release using the **firmware download** command with **coldboot** option. While the upgrade on node B is in progress, the traffic would continue to pass through node A.
11. Verify that once the Node B comes UP, the uplink to the CORE network on Node B is configured to come up.
12. Verify if BGP session between MCT peers is established and the cluster is up.
13. Bring Node B back to the network by bringing the client-interfaces UP using the following command under cluster configuration.

```
Device-B(config-cluster-1)# no client-interfaces-shutdown
```

14. Copy running-config to startup-config on both the nodes.

## Limitations and restrictions

**L2 ACL:** Unintentional traffic leaking can occur in a short period time (within 10 ms) during the adding of an L2 and L3 ACL.

### Egress ACL-based Rate Limiting:

- Support in “layer2-ratelimit” TCAM profile only
- Support CE ports only (that is, not support for MPLS uplinks)
- Broadcast, multicast and unknown unicast packets not supported
- Port channel is not supported
- Rate limit counters (conform/violate) not supported

### **Additional Limitations**

- Egress RL is designed to support the packet receiving at one physical port but transmitting on the different physical port. If the packets are received and transported on the same physical port, ingress rate-limit should be deployed.
- If multiple VLANs on the same ingress port belong to the same BD, and the egress ACL rate limiting is configured to rate limit one of the VLANs, all VLAN traffic is rate limited. A workaround is to add matching source or destination MAC address along with the VLAN in the ACL.
- Ingress ACL RL and egress ACL RL do not work together on the same flow of traffic.

### Cos to TC mapping

- “qos map cos-traffic-class cosTC” command has known issue in this release and not taking effect for port channel.

### VPLS VC

- In certain situations, VC peer flaps can happen in the VPLS network due to excessive amount of multicast traffic. To protect the control plane protocols, the following configuration is recommended on all ingress interfaces.
  - Apply BUM rate limit per interface

```
storm-control ingress broadcast limit-bps <rate in bps>
storm-control ingress multicast limit-bps <rate in bps>
storm-control ingress unknown-unicast limit-bps <rate in bps>
```

Rate limit values should be calculated based on amount of multicast traffic expected on the interface. Unknown-unicast should be as low as possible.

- Apply MCAST rate limit per forwarding ASIC

```
qos rx-queue multicast best-effort-rate <rate in kbps>
```

Command must be configured on one interface per ASIC. Actual rate depends of amount of expected MCAST traffic per forwarding ASIC.

**BFD:**

- Sessions with less than 300ms timer may flap in scale conditions
- Known issues with BFD when BFD is configured over multi-slot LAG, or multi-hop session over ECMP paths

**L3VPN: Known issues with Peer-group, RR-group and Prefix-list ORF****FRR facility backup**

- VPLS/VLL Bypass traffic will not work when router/untagged VE interfaces configured as MPLS uplink ports

**MCT L3 cases are not supported when ICL interface is configured as router/untagged VE**

it is required for all MPLS uplinks to be tagged interfaces to use FRR bypass for VLL/VPLS/L3VPN applications

**Routing over VPLS**

- pw-profile must be configured with tagged mode only under the bridge-domain instance for routing with VPLS
- It is required for all MPLS uplinks to be tagged VE interfaces to support VEoVPLS.

**Internet Routes Scaling**

- It is recommended that the internet routes scaling features be enabled with internet peering configurations, as qualified by Extreme
- Feature is supported with default VRF only; default VRF and non-default VRF should not be co-existing when default VRF is configured with Internet routes scaling feature

**L3VPN jumbo limitation**

- The IPMTU value configured in CLI is applicable, if outgoing routing interface is an undelay IP interface (VE or L3 port); the IPMTU value configured in CLI is not applicable if the outgoing interface is uplink for IPoMPLS, L3VPN traffic, or ICL for MCT peers. Jumbo frames over MPLS/L3VPN tunnels can be accepted based the port L2MTU values.

**EVPN IP Fabric**

- IPv6 Static Anycast Gateway is not supported.

**Storm-control**

- Counters for Broadcast and Multicast storm-control are not supported in layer2-optimized-1 profile.

**Increase scale support for class-maps under the service policy**

- The ACL/VLAN/BD Rate Limiting scale numbers are dependent on tcam profile configured. Basically, based on the tcam entries reserved for the feature, user can scale number of policers/stats for appropriate application.



Consider below example with tcam profile “layer2-optimised-1”.

- Create 2K Vlan/BD based class-maps and 2K ACL based class-maps associate those with policy-map pmap1.
- Configure 1k distinct policer attributes (cir/cbs/eir/ebs) for all the policy-map/class-map combination and bind the policy-map pmap1 to any interface.
- Now overall there will be 4K policers active for that interface with 4k distinct class-maps (match criteria).
- Note: The 4K policers (class-maps) scale will not be applicable to port-channel. There are only 1,215 policers are reserved for port-channels.
- Based on the requirement user must set the tcam profile and must reboot the box for activating the same.

## Closed with code changes 18r.1.00b

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed with a code change as of **07/08/2019** in 18r.1.00b.

**Note: Parent Defect ID is the customer found Defect ID. The Issue ID is the tracking number uniquely used to check in the fix for each major release.**

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-35902	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-38263
<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium		
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01a	<b>Technology:</b>	Hardware Monitoring
<b>Symptom:</b>	"HA failover" command will cause the "blue" LED to be lighted up on the newly activated MM card, as its original design.		
<b>Condition:</b>	"HA failover" command will cause the "blue" LED to be lighted up on the newly activated MM card.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLX-22544	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37259
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	LAG - Link Aggregation Group
<b>Symptom:</b>	Port-channel flap		
<b>Condition:</b>	Change (remove/update) in storm-control configuration on physical interface, when port-channel member is configured with "LACP timeout short" (port-channel should configured with storm-control ).		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-38397	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-38796
<b>Priority:</b>	High	<b>Severity:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	17r.2.01a	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4+ - IPv6 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Unexpected reload of device can be expected when IPv6 BFD packets are received.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When an IPv6 BFD packets are received with non-supported length, system reloads unexpectedly.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	N/A		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25961	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-25961
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	Unexpected dot1ag daemon termination.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Configuring port-channel and executing "show interface status".		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-20016	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-30291
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	IP Addressing
<b>Symptom:</b>	Some switches have been programmed default gateway (most often 10.0.0.66) from factory. Prior to release 18r.2.00, this default gateway can't be removed by CLI, and the default gateway comes up after each reload.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Switch which has been programmed default gateway from factory		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Need to set default GW and management IP address [if not configured we need to configure] in the same subnet first and then try to remove default gateway		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-21708	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-30421
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	Empty response will be seen for "show ntp" command via restconf.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When show ntp status command executed in restconf query.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Use CLI command to get desired output.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-22181	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-30489
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	IP Addressing
<b>Symptom:</b>	If the customer creates more than 1024 prefix list rules within a list the "error" of exceeding the maximum number supported is generated. The system now supports a larger number of rules.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Exceeding the number of rules per prefix list results in the error being generated.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	No		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-22186	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-30492
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	None of the routes getting matched or redistributed		
<b>Condition:</b>	When match protocol bgp command executed.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	None		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-22514	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-30535
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Traffic Management
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01a	<b>Technology:</b>	Rate Limiting and Shaping
<b>Symptom:</b>	100G interfaces on SLX 9850 may not achieve line rate egress throughput.		
<b>Condition:</b>	On a L2VPN network 100G interfaces on SLX 9850 may not achieve line rate of egress throughput.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Augment performance with additional interfaces as required.		
<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25763	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-31116
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	After clear BGP session, some of NHIDs are in down state which can cause MAC learning failure on those NHIDs. This can be recovered by flapping the specific tunnel which has the issue.		
<b>Condition:</b>	After clear BGP session, some of NHID are in down state which can cause MAC learning failure on those NHIDs. This can recovered by flapping the specific tunnel which has the issue.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25862	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-31276
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 19.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	MCT Tunnel client remote state show down		
<b>Condition:</b>	"clear bgp evpn neighbor" on spine on large scale in terms of EVPN VLAN/BD, client triggers this issue.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-26273	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-31279
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 19.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	After clearing BGP EVPN Neighbors, I am seeing DF discrepancy where is being elected in both the nodes for some of the VLANs and BD.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Seen on high VLAN/BD scale setup after executing multiple BGP EVPN clear command.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-27861	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-31292
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 19.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	VPLS traffic will dropped for some PWs and remote mac not learned for the specific PW.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Reload of the box will occasionally cause this issue.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-28068	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-31335
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01b	<b>Technology:</b>	LDP - Label Distribution Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	There is a policy in the code of : setting the LDP max PDU size to the minimum of the interface MTUs. In some cases, the MTU of the loopback, which is typically less, was considered when a new interface was enabled. This caused the existing LDP adjacencies to be reset, flapping all the tunnels; which caused the VCs to flap.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Enabling a new routing interface.		
<b>Solution:</b>	Ignore the loopback interface when calculating the ldp max pdu size.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-29273	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-31696
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	extremePortVlanUnicastReceivedPacketsCounter and extremePortVlanTotalReceivedBytesCounter counters are cleared after "clear counters all".		
<b>Condition:</b>	When CLI Command "clear counters all" is issued.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-22431	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37181
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Network Automation and Orchestration
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	NETCONF - Network Configuration Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	On execution of NetConf RPC 'get-interface-detail' the details of Ve interfaces are not displayed. The details of Ve interfaces should also be part of result of execution of this RPC.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Issue is seen on execution of 'get-interface-detail' RPC.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Issue is fixed in 18r.2.00 release.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-26011	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37195
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	The loop detection happens on MCT CCEP port, however the CCEP shutdown does not happen by ELD.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This is seen with MCT Loop Detection enabled.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-33783	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37214
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	Re-enabling NTP server via "no ntp disable serve" command may return "Application communication failure" and may cause loss of further CLI access.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When NTP peers are configured and user tries to disable and re-enable NTP server via the following sequence of commands, it may return error and cause loss of further CLI access.  ntp disable serve no ntp disable serve		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Since, NTP server mode is enabled by default, do not try to disable it and re-enable it. You could either leave it in default (enabled) mode or disable it permanently. Avoid re-enabling it.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-26555	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37228
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18x.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Most of VRF import/export map for EVPN route filtering is not working.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Applying VRF import/export map for EVPN route.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-26556	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37229
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18x.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic impact after deleting/modifying VRF RD value.		
<b>Condition:</b>	VRF BGP instance (all v4 and v6 routing tables) are deleted as part of RD delete, hence BGP is not operational.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-27983	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37302
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01ah	<b>Technology:</b>	ACLs - Access Control Lists
<b>Symptom:</b>	IP address is showing negative in ACL logging output.		
<b>Condition:</b>	IP is showing negative for some IP addresses, and when terminal monitor is enabled. For normal telnet session or console correct IP address is showing.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-24110	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37310
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Incorrect output for OID ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When we execute snmpwalk -v2c -c <community-name> <ip-address> ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress.		



<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-28689	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37314
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	VLAN add config under evpn instance fails during the config copy from server to switch.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When the vlan add has max chars exceeding 253 and and config copy done from server to switch.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Re-add the VLAN add config under evpn instance.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25714	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37316
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	OSPFv3 - IPv6 Open Shortest Path First
<b>Symptom:</b>	Few external -LSAs that are generated for connected interfaces redistributed into OSPF may be found missing after switch reload, causing the corresponding routes missing (or deletion) in the peer switches.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When connected routes are redistributed into OSPF, the corresponding external routes may be found missing after the reload.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	clear ospf process.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25721	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37324
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Network Automation and Orchestration
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	NETCONF - Network Configuration Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Inappropriate values are seen for field rate-percent under storm-control even though no value is configured for it.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Storm-control config in present under interface with either bps or percent and netconf query is performed.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25701	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37343
<b>Priority:</b>	P4 - Low	<b>Severity:</b>	S4 - Low
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01a	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	Route-map sorts based on the action (permit or deny) and then the sequence number instead of just sequence number.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Show running route-map not display the route-map in sequence order.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25426	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37355
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17s.1.02	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	"show cluster management" command displays node which is not configured as MCT peer.		
<b>Condition:</b>	"show cluster management" command execution.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-27332	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37366
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Switch can experience sudden unexpected reload.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Frequent BGP connection resets between MCT peers.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25910	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37377
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Static Routing (IPv4)
<b>Symptom:</b>	Stale EVPN L3 routes are present in BGP RIB-IN Table, when overlay-gateway instance is removed.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Deleting overlay-gateway EVPN Instance configuration.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Trigger the "clear bgp evpn neighbor all" after removing the overlay-gateway configuration.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-27274	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37379
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	CFM connectivity failure is seen for UP MEP. when bridge-domain vc-mode is tagged and the main interface(physical or LAG) TPID is configured other than 0x8100,		
<b>Condition:</b>	Configure Interface TPID other than default 0x8100 Configure Logical interface under this main interface Bind logical interface to a bridge-domain. Configure pw-profile with vc-mode as tag. Bind pw-profile to the same bridge-domain. Configure CFM with Maintenance Association(MA) binded to the same main interface. Configure MEP with direction as UP within the MA. Remote MEP here would not be learnt leading to connectivity failure.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	None.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25306	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37383
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Mcdsd daemon can terminate when the ICL connectivity between leaf nodes in a management cluster is toggled multiple times.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The ICL between leaf nodes in a management cluster is toggled multiple times.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-27083	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37384
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BFD - BiDirectional Forwarding Detection
<b>Symptom:</b>	Unexpected reload of the system.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Route addition in an MCT setup over a lag can cause unexpected reload .		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-29235	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37386
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	Static Routing (IPv4)
<b>Symptom:</b>	Under certain route programming sequence, /24 routes from Hardware may be missing		
<b>Condition:</b>	<p>When hw-opt is on. And Following route add sequence occurs.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. /24 route add with NH1</li> <li>2. /22 route add with NH1</li> <li>3. /23 route Add with NH1</li> </ol>		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-29236	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37387
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	IP Addressing
<b>Symptom:</b>	If both IPv4 and IPv6 MTU are configured, last configured MTU will be taking precedence for both ipv4 and ipv6 mtu. This can cause problem like in configuration where IP MTU is JUMBO and IPv6 is regular size (but configured after IPv4), hardware will be picking up IPv6 mtu causing jumbo sized IPv4 packets to be dropped, but running configuration still showing JUMBO MTU for IPv4.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Internal chipset doesn't support separate MTU for IPv4 and IPv6. However CLI still allows to configure both IPv4 and IPv6 MTU, causing last configured MTU to be over written. IPv6 MTU CLI is blocked and IP MTU CLI updates for both, taking care of this condition.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25962	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37390
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	CRC errors were seen on both 10G and 100G interfaces with some control protocol packet generation		
<b>Condition:</b>	When there is a high rate of data traffic and control protocols configured, small amount of interface errors were seen.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-29009	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37393
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00aa	<b>Technology:</b>	RADIUS
<b>Symptom:</b>	NSM lif bind error message was seen		
<b>Condition:</b>	With switchport configuration and endpoint tracking, NSM lif bind error message was sometimes observed.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25900	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37395
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	The command 'show vlan detail' implemented to filter the output based on VLAN ID.		
<b>Condition:</b>	<p>The command 'show vlan detail' throws the output for all the VLANs configured for the system and cannot be filtered based on the VLAN ID.</p> <p>This makes the output cumbersome to look with too many VLANs and many ports on each VLAN. A filter based on VLAN ID is required to display the output per VLAN basis.</p>		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-29413	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37400
<b>Priority:</b>	P1 - Urgent	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	VRRPv2 - Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol Version 2
<b>Symptom:</b>	Termination of vrrpd daemon when IPv6 addresses are added and removed in a specific sequence of steps		
<b>Condition:</b>	If a link down happens when an IPv6 address is in tentative state, and the interface later got attached to another VRF and assigned same address.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Avoid the sequence of steps if used in any scripts/manual config steps.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-29067	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37401
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	BD ve MAC got leaked into vlan 1 due to stale entry in arp suppression mgid table		
<b>Condition:</b>	When arp-suppression updates were being sent, non operational interfaces were erroneously programmed as egress members. Due to this packets to invalid encap were going out as untagged and the other end classified as native VLAN traffic and flooding it in VLAN 1.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-29129	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37404
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	Software Installation & Upgrade
<b>Symptom:</b>	Line Processor will hit an unexpected reload or set to faulty. Console will be displayed with reload prints.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When user power-off/on the line card multiple times, this issue will be seen		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Workaround is to reload the system and ensure all the system is UP and Online.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25974	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37405
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	On execution of operational command "debug internal l2mgr debug mac dump vlans" - operating system reload happens. This is a transient issue and sudden reload is not seen every time.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The issue can be see on execution of command "debug internal l2mgr debug mac dump vlans".		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-29218	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37407
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	LAG - Link Aggregation Group
<b>Symptom:</b>	hslagt daemon termination on 72x10 Line card when flap mpls interface trigger.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Unexpected reload of LP (Line Processor) when a LAG member interface is down or flaps, specifically when the LAG has more than 16 member interfaces.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Reduce the number of member interfaces of LAG. Lesser than 16 members on a LAG will avoid causing this issue.		
<b>Solution:</b>	Minimize the number of member interface configuration on the LAG, lesser than 16 members will not create this issue.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-25613	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37422
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18x.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MBGP - Multiprotocol Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic for VRF will be dropped.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When RD is removed and re-added for a VRF.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Remove and add the address-family ipv[4/6] unicast vrf <vrf-name>		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-26470	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37424
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18x.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Not all MAC or Hosts move is detected in EVPN IP Fabric.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Host or MAC move event.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-27437	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37732
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
<b>Symptom:</b>	Debugging information for some OSPF events not present in current RASLOGs.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Add additional debug information in RASLOG and traces for easier debugging.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-37485	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37737
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	User will observe that the Cluster Gateway MAC is not installed in hardware, after reloading BGP MCT nodes.		
<b>Condition:</b>	User will observe this issue after reloading BGP MCT configured device.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-27105	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37745
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01ag	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Some port-channel interfaces fail to appear in "show port-security" after switch reload		
<b>Condition:</b>	When port-security is configured at port channel interfaces and system reload is done repeatedly.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-28347	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37746
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01ag	<b>Technology:</b>	Syslog
<b>Symptom:</b>	Syslog servers stop receiving syslog messages.		
<b>Condition:</b>	After multiple system fail-over.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Add new syslog-server or unconfigure and configure the existing syslog-server.		



<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-28700	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37747
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	DoS (Denial of Service) protection
<b>Symptom:</b>	The CLI configuration response message go to the RASLOG and serial console. In case the configured storm-control limit is less than the minimum supported value of ASIC chip set i.e.22kbps, the operational rate is set to zero.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Configure the storm-control limit to less than 22000 bps.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Use "Show Logging" to check the warning if user has used telnet session.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-36052	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37749
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 17s.1.03	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	[PI-RESTAPI] Device is getting "application communication failure" after shutdown http server with user-defined vrf		
<b>Condition:</b>	Shutdown http server with user-defined vrf		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-37457	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37752
<b>Priority:</b>	P3 - Medium	<b>Severity:</b>	S3 - Medium
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	Dcm daemon termination while applying the following "http server" command with default-vrf.		
<b>Condition:</b>	While configuring the" http server" commands with default-vrf .		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-24911	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37754
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	Remote state of client pw stays down.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Router reload.		

<b>Parent Defect ID:</b>	SLXOS-37631	<b>Issue ID:</b>	SLXOS-37755
<b>Priority:</b>	P2 - High	<b>Severity:</b>	S2 - High
<b>Product:</b>	SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported in Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00a	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	MPLS packets will not get load-balanced in transit router in default TCAM profile. This may cause single interface in port-channel to be oversubscribed while the other are still carrying very less traffic.		
<b>Solution:</b>	Changed the pre-selector type for the MPLS Load balancing Group/DB in HW.		

## Closed with code changes 18r.1.00a

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed with a code change as of **11/02/2018** in 18r.1.00a.

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661051		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS
<b>Symptom:</b>	During High availability Management Module fail-over, Layer 2 MAC addresses from a remote VPLS peer are learnt on a different Bridge Domain.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The user has issued High availability MM failover command so that the standby MM becomes an active MM		
<b>Workaround:</b>	MAC learned unexpectedly will be aged out after MAC age timer expires. Also, Configuring MAC age timer to a smaller value will help to age out the unexpected MAC faster.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661763		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Symptom:</b>	Switch may undergo unexpected reload		
<b>Condition:</b>	With scale and stress conditions with endpoint tracking enabled, if admin does clear mac-address-table dynamic multiple times		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662794		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Management
<b>Symptom:</b>	Device is not able to accept user commands and displays "application communication failure".		
<b>Condition:</b>	This can happen in a rare case in which an user command is unable to complete and this prevents the device from accepting more commands.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	The device will time out and will reboot automatically for recovery.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664451		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Traffic Queueing and Scheduling
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Traffic Management
<b>Symptom:</b>	ARP flooding with high rate(1G) can cause CPU Protocol Queue Congestion. This could cause RSVP flap, Fix will be included in next release.		
<b>Condition:</b>	ARP flooding with high rate(1G) is unlikely user scenario.Workaround is to apply shaper if this issue happens.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664491		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS
<b>Symptom:</b>	Incorrect MAC address may briefly appear after HA failover at peer in the network. The traffic loop is extremely brief but it may cause misdelivery of a few packets. This causes the mac table to be incorrect for 30 minutes, though the traffic recovers within a few milliseconds.		
<b>Condition:</b>	MM HA failover or MPLS process restart with MPLS tunnels; unless LDP tunnels are used for transport and GR is enabled.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664496		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Symptom:</b>	slowpath MAC stays as CCR on MCT nodes		
<b>Condition:</b>	no deploy/deploy under client		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664612		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Symptom:</b>	User may observe that dot1ag daemon may get blocked when significant number of SNMP notifications are triggered instantaneously for large number of CFM session, when the timeout interval parameter changes for these CFM sessions, from a higher timeout value to lower timeout value .		
<b>Condition:</b>	User may observe this issue when he is changing CCM interval for 300 or more sessions and timeout interval value from higher to lower.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Before changing the CCM interval, bring DOWN CFM sessions, followed by configuring the CCM timeout interval on both local and remote systems and then bring them UP.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664673		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Symptom:</b>	One of the client state is shown as un-deploy.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Multiple deploy/no deploy done at both the MCT peers.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664710		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Symptom:</b>	l2sysd terminates unexpectedly and switch is reloaded.		
<b>Condition:</b>	With stress and scaled endpoint enabled scenarios if admin does "clear mac-address-table" multiple times		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664718		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Addressing
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Symptom:</b>	MPLS ping and trace route will not work via L2 switch in between.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This is usability scenario; MPLS ping and traceroute will not work via L2 switch in between.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664969		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Management
<b>Symptom:</b>	Error like "% Error: VRF does not exist & %Error: Given vrf is not configured." will be seen while doing config replay and could not retain the syslog related configuration with this user defined VRF.		
<b>Condition:</b>	1) Bring up the device and do the configuration as "logging syslog-server 5.5.5.1 use-vrf red", where "red" is the user defined VRF. and then copy the running configuration to remote server. 2) Copy default config to startup config and reload system 3) After reload and system is up and running do config replay by copying the config from remote server to switch.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664986		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Symptom:</b>	After clearing BGP EVPN neighbors VXLAN tunnel traffic sent out with zero DA MAC. This is seen rarely does not happen always. Need to reload the box to recover.		
<b>Condition:</b>	After clearing BGP EVPN neighbors VXLAN tunnel traffic sent out with zero DA MAC. This is seen rarely does not happen always.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664990		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS
<b>Symptom:</b>	Console messages indicating encap failure appear on the standby console. During HA failover; even when LDP GR is enabled; there may be traffic loss until the correct hardware ids are reallocated.		
<b>Condition:</b>	LDP tunnel framework with dual MMs. Problem was seen during upgrade.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665081		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Symptom:</b>	While using IP Fabric, the cluster gateway MAC Address may not be correctly programmed in the Hardware . It has no functional impact.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Using IP Fabric with BGP-EVPN		
<b>Recovery:</b>	execute the below CLI commands in the following order : no evpn irb ve <ve-id> evpn irb ve <ve-id> cluster-gateway		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665159		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS Traffic Engineering
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS
<b>Symptom:</b>	User may hit traffic drop on MPLS transit node.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Interface(Port-channel) flaps on mpls transit node.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clear arp for on mpls transit node for the problematic tunnel.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665177		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Symptom:</b>	Without a reboot, if cluster is reformed like more than 150 times, you see that the management cluster formation takes huge time. Initially after a reboot (1st time), cluster will form in 60 to 80 seconds, but after 150 iterations, the performance might degrade and go up to 6-7 mins.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The ICL should be continuously flapping without any reboots. Then we can hit this performance issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665195		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	LAG - Link Aggregation Group
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Symptom:</b>	Port Mac Security violation will not occur after HA failover operation. Port Mac Security violation occurred and port is brought up with no shutdown command. After HA failover , violation will not occur even for violating traffic.		
<b>Condition:</b>	when admin up performed on Port Mac Security violated port. all flags related to PMS are set , but not synced to standby MM.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	perform shut and no shut on port under port mac security		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665218		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS
<b>Symptom:</b>	"show mpls ldp fec vc <ID>" output repeats		
<b>Condition:</b>	Observed when LDP session was in Non-existent state, but the correlation between this bug and that condition is not verified.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665328		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	BGP4+ - IPv6 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Symptom:</b>	Cluster-Gateway Remote MAC is not programmed.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Cluster-Gateway Remote MAC is not programmed.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Configure allow-as to accept, prefix routes from LVTEP peer.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Configure allow-as to accept, prefix routes from LVTEP peer.		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665430		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Management
<b>Symptom:</b>	SNMPWALK on OSPF MIB causes the switch to reload unexpectedly.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Configure OSPF area and basic SNMP. Do SNMPWALK under the table "ospfAreaTable".		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665493		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS
<b>Symptom:</b>	In stress scenarios, this may show as MAC out of sync in MM and LC but has no functional impact as traffic gets forwarded normally.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Seen in stress scenarios and has no impact on forwarding of traffic.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665494		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Symptom:</b>	Cluster management is in a degraded state after removing and adding back an EVPN instance on one cluster peer.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Removing and adding back an EVPN instance on one cluster peer.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Execute "clear bgp evpn neighbor <neighbor ip address>" on degraded leaf node to reform the management cluster.		

## Closed with code changes 18r.1.00

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed with a code change as of **09/27/2018** in 18r.1.00.

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000632766		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17s.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	SNMP get of MIB ifHighSpeed for 100G interface returns value 99999		
<b>Condition:</b>	SNMP get response for MIB ifHighSpeed on 100G interface will return 99999 instead of 100000		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000635924		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Layer 3 traffic forwarding is affected for few Layer 3 interface on enabling RSTP.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Enable RSTP with 512 VLAN/VE and 512 BGP sessions.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Enable RSTP before configuring or enabling Layer 3 interfaces.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clear the ARP associated with the route's nexthop IP address. (or) Clear the mac table associated with the VLAN/VE interface.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000640298		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic drop observed for a BD in MCT-VLL scenario.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Deleting peer IP and re-adding it multiple time may lead to this issue.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Bridge-Domain flap or Deploy/Un-deploy of Cluster will recover the issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000643147		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17s.1.02	<b>Technology:</b>	Software Installation & Upgrade
<b>Symptom:</b>	Observe "NOT A KNOWN ResourceId" error message		
<b>Condition:</b>	Making configuration updates before ZTP process is complete.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Do not perform configuration changes until "ZTP Complete" message is seen.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Disable ZTP with "dhcp ztp cancel" and reboot the switch.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000643918		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	IPv4 Multicast Routing
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic loss for the SG entries which are not registered with any cast RP,		
<b>Condition:</b>	This issue happens when we have mixed topology with RP and anycast RP in the same domain.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	configure all the nodes with anycast RP this issue will not be seen.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000644746		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17s.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	ifHighSpeed values are seen incorrect for 100G Physical Interfaces		
<b>Condition:</b>	Run SNMP to see ifHighSpeed of 100G Physical Interfaces		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000648772		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Jumbo frames are not supported in BGP		
<b>Condition:</b>	Running BGP with jumbo frame configuration		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000649765		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	LAG - Link Aggregation Group
<b>Symptom:</b>	During reload with LAG configuration, some unnecessary logs are coming on console. There is no impact on functionality.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Logs comes during reload with LAG configuration.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	No workaround		
<b>Recovery:</b>	No impact on functionality		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000651113		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Multi-VRF
<b>Symptom:</b>	Duplicate RT in IMR route of L3VRF if IPv4 and IPv6 address-family have the same RT configured		
<b>Condition:</b>	Only if entering same export RT value for IPV4 and IPV6 address family, it will be repeated in IMR route. It does not affect the functionality, as in the remote end, route will be accepted even if the first RT value matches.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000652789		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	"show ip arp suppression-cache" has invalid port number for the entries which were learnt locally		
<b>Condition:</b>	Issue would be hitting after HA, and only for the locally learnt entries		
<b>Workaround:</b>	"show ip arp" which also displays the local entries will have proper output		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000653068		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Mac is shown as learnt on CCL though the underlying interface is down. CLI command : "show mac-address vlan <number>"		
<b>Condition:</b>	A VXLAN tunnel is configured for the vlans and an underlying port-channel is shut.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	"clear mac-address-table cluster" will clear the mac.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000653500		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	During copy support, the following message may be seen, "ls: cannot access /var/log/brocade/kmem/kmem_*: No such file or directory"		
<b>Condition:</b>	During copy support, in some rare scenario, this message may be displayed.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	none is needed.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	none is needed.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000653929		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	BGP operational commands from NETCONF are not available.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000654324		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic doesn't recover after all MPLS interfaces flap in Layer 2 VPN MCT case.		
<b>Condition:</b>	All MPLS interfaces flaps		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Re-apply Layer 2 2VPN MCT. configuration		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000654902		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	Following will not work. 1) L3 protocols over MCT will not come up. 2) CFM 3) Logical vtep bum traffic 4) ELD protocol		
<b>Condition:</b>	Following features are not supported if the tcam profile set to "Layer-2 optimized" 1) L3 protocols over MCT will not come up. 2) CFM 3) Logical vtep bum traffic 4) ELD protocol		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Tcam profile should be set to default profile.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000654981		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
<b>Symptom:</b>	If we try to learn 100k routes through OSPF in scaled scenario with 200 Neighbors spanning across 200 Areas in single VRF, then some routes may not be learned.		
<b>Condition:</b>	OSPF adjacency is FULL with 200 Neighbors spanning across 200 Areas.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000655079		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Certain Filtering options with command - 'show mac-address mdb' like 'show mac-address mdb client <id>' or 'show mac-address mdb bridge-domain <id>' do not display the expected result		
<b>Condition:</b>	Always seen for these commands.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Alternate commands such as 'show mac-address client <id>' or 'show mac-address bridge-domain <id>' can be used		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000655195		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols
<b>Symptom:</b>	After removing the port-channel, Show command still has the port-channel ID displayed		
<b>Condition:</b>	Not an function impact nor getting reproduced easily		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000655803		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	Y1731 SLM/DM session will not start when the bridge domain (VPLS/VLL) configuration is changed to peer load-balance.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Using Y1731 with Bridge domain (VPLS/VLL), followed by change in bridge domain configuration.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Workaround is to delete and add back the MEP on A/C LIF so as to make CFM learn the Remote MEP on the updated PW LIF.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000655853		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	Y1731 DM/SLM session will not start when peer config is assigned with lsp in bridge-domain (VPLS/VLL).		
<b>Condition:</b>	Using 8021ag/Y1731 DM/SLM sessions with VPLS/VLL Bridge domain		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Workaround is to delete and add back the MEP on A/C LIF so as to make 8021ag learn the Remote MEP on the updated Pseudowire LIF.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000656127		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Tunnel down syslog message is not observed on syslog server.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Unconfiguring Auto Route distinguisher configuration with cli command "rd auto" .		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000656211		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Dot1qvlancurrentegressports and Dot1qvlancurrentuntaggedports mib object values are not populated under Q-Bridge root@ubuntu14-237-4:~# root@ubuntu14-237-4:~# snmpwalk -v 2C -c cm2 10.20.100.25 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.2.1.4 -t 5iso.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.2.1.4 = No Such Instance currently exists at this OIdroot@ubuntu14-237-4:~#		
<b>Condition:</b>	snmpwalk/snmpget on Dot1qvlancurrentegressports and Dot1qvlancurrentuntaggedports		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000656319		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	LAG - Link Aggregation Group
<b>Symptom:</b>	Running configuration not cleaned properly once we switch the hardware profile.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Not impact for the issue, as the backend is cleaned properly and works as expected, only when HW profile change happens.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000656392		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	Netconf session gets closed when sending the request to get the chassis details.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Netconf command to get the chassis details is issued		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Avoid using the netconf command to get the chassis details.		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000656988		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	IPv6 over MPLS
<b>Symptom:</b>	VPLS Traffic drop observed		
<b>Condition:</b>	When VPLS peer load balanced with multiple LSPs/path, traffic drop will seen rarely when continuously flapping two different paths.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	"clear mpls lsp all" will recover from this issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657033		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Licensing
<b>Symptom:</b>	Memory leak observed while license is being added to the system.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657219		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	There could be traffic loss for IPv6 host.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When the anycast IPv6 address is delete and added again.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657354		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	All evpn mac addresses will be displayed irrespective of filter option		
<b>Condition:</b>	When show mac-address command for evpn with tunnel id as filter option is executed.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657672		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Multi-VRF
<b>Symptom:</b>	Multiple leaked routes are not present in routing table		
<b>Condition:</b>	When same route is leaked from multiple vrfs , route is updated with the last leaked route.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657752		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	IP Addressing
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic not routed after ICL is shut in the cluster		
<b>Condition:</b>	Traffic not routed after ICL is shut in the cluster		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657856		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	LAG - Link Aggregation Group
<b>Symptom:</b>	Link aggregation group(LAG) comes up as Link UP with back to back connected links on the same switch.		
<b>Condition:</b>	LAG links are connected back to back to ports on the same switch.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Keep individual links instead of configuring LAG.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658005		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP/MPLS VPN
<b>Symptom:</b>	VPNv4 routes after HA failover are missing if GR is enable		
<b>Condition:</b>	VPNv4 routes are not learnt after Switchover if GR is enable in Address family IPv4 unicast.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Disable BGP GR in in Address family IPv4 unicast.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	clear bgp neighbor		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658043		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	IGMP - Internet Group Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	snooping switch does not remove the OIF under (S, G) which is inherited from (*, G) after this OIF left		
<b>Condition:</b>	OIF is not removed from (S, G) which is inherited from (*, G) after this OIF left. (*,g) removed the oif but not the (s,g)		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658056		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	High Availability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Both MMs may be stuck in standby state.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This will happen if a daemon can't come up properly in the early device boot up phase.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Reboot the device again.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658390		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Software Installation & Upgrade
<b>Symptom:</b>	LC becomes faulty momentarily during firmware download		
<b>Condition:</b>	It is a rare case when the LC takes too long to boot up with the new firmware.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	None is needed. The blade will recover automatically		
<b>Recovery:</b>	It will recover automatically		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658576		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	BGP process termination is observed upon adding a large prefix list to the running config and applying it to BGPv4 neighbors inbound , performing a soft clear to take effect		
<b>Condition:</b>	BGP process terminated after making filter changes and performing soft clear		
<b>Recovery:</b>	BGP deamon will restart		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658622		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	RAS - Reliability, Availability, and Serviceability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Switch reloads when doing a REST query for MPLS operational state with resource-depth greater than 10 from multiple sessions.		
<b>Condition:</b>	LSPs/Cross-connects count exceeding 1024		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Execute REST query from one session only		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658672		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	L3 traffic drop on ARP suppression enabled VE's.		
<b>Condition:</b>	In L3VNI configured node, when ARP suppression is enabled on VE, sometime MACs are not synced from MAC manager to ARP.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Executing "clear mac-address dynamic" will flush the MACs and resolve the ARP cache.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658862		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	show media optical-monitoring and show media optical-monitoring supported-interfaces don?t display values for admin shutdown port		
<b>Condition:</b>	Port is in admin down mode and pluggable media is present		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659128		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	"show cluster x client y", displays bridge domain twice.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Addition of logical interfaces of same underlying main interface under Bridge-Domain.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659344		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Access endpoint traffic is flooded to other access endpoints and VPLS peers in the bridge-domain.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When message processing channel utilization is high within MAC manager, the MCT client interface status is not synced and affects the MAC learning. In this case MAC programming is not performed in the hardware and traffic is flooded on ports in the bridge-domain.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Performing shutdown and no shutdown on the physical interface of MCT client interface resolves the status and update MAC programming.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659358		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	CFM Connectivity fails.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Pseudo-wire is configured as LAG interface, and LAG is part of an VE interface, and MEP is configured for this Pseudo-wire. In nutshell, AC LIF and LAG are part of same VLAN.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659427		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Sometimes fib compression is not enabled on loading config from flash		
<b>Condition:</b>	Running fib compression		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659439		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	MAC learned with VLAN 1 when the MCT ICL interface is flapped and traffic is running on BD ( Logical interface with one vlan configured). The workaround for the issue is to configure the ICL VE interface without default-vlan		
<b>Condition:</b>	MAC learned with VLAN 1 when the MCT ICL interface is flapped and traffic is running on BD ( Logical interface with one vlan configured). The workaround for the issue is to configure the ICL VE interface without default-vlan		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659567		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	QinQ - IEEE 802.1Q
<b>Symptom:</b>	'fwd' process unintended termination may be seen during port initialization phase while booting up SLX9850 with startup-configuration.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When tag-type configuration is present in the startup-configuration and user tries to boot up SLX9850 with this startup-configuration. Example:- interface ethernet 2/42 tag-type 0x9200 switchport switchport mode trunk switchport trunk allowed vlan add 4060,4070,4080 no switchport trunk tag native-vlan switchport trunk native-vlan 4080 no shutdown !		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Since this issue is not consistent, reloading the device may resolve the issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659761		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic drop and user may see a LSP down.		
<b>Condition:</b>	High availability failover followed by MCT cluster configuration of removal and re-add.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659766		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	IGMP - Internet Group Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	When systems learn more than 16384 IGMP snooping multicast entries, "Memory Alloc Error: SNP Group Create" error messages will be displayed on console.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When IGMP join messages are sent for more than 16384 IGMP groups, "Memory Alloc Error: SNP Group Create" error messages will be seen on console.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Do not learn more than 16384 IGMP snooping multicast entries.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Stop sending IGMP join messages for the IGMP groups that exceeds 16384 multicast entries.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659798		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Multi-VRF
<b>Symptom:</b>	OSPF adjacency would stuck in LOADING state for around 30 minutes before becoming FULL.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Modifying OSPF area configuration multiple times in OSPF topology with an ASBR could trigger this issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659832		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Flooding of packets is being observed for traffic targeted to the client in MCT node		
<b>Condition:</b>	Removal and addition of MCT - cluster configuration.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Clear the macs on other node in MCT set-up, so that macs are learnt freshly.		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659852		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	The single instance trap of bfdSessDown has same instance identifier (as expected) but different values (not correct).		
<b>Condition:</b>	When bfdSessDown trap is received on a trap receiver.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659857		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	"system is about to reload" message is not sent to syslog server consistently.		
<b>Condition:</b>	On reload "system is about to reload" message may not be sent to syslog server.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	This message will show up inconsistently in syslog depending on how soon the system is rebooted. The user can monitor other messages to determine whether the system has rebooted.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659924		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	Timing issue which leads to unexpected reload.		
<b>Condition:</b>	CFM enabled bridge domain configuration is removed.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Remove the MEP configuration before removing the bridge-domain configuration.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659931		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Evpn-static mac is not removed from mac table after the client port is shut.		
<b>Condition:</b>	MCT Client is down on both the peers,Evpn static mac in the vlan is still seen in mac table of both the peers. This issue is seen when the interior gateway protocol was ISIS, The behaviour is not seen when the interior gateway protocol is OSPF.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659952		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Running failover tests may cause MAC tables to go out of synchronization		
<b>Condition:</b>	Running failover tests		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659954		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	Higher average and max frame delay in scheduled DMM tests.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When system exchanges high number of control frames.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660008		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	VRRPv3 - Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol Version 3
<b>Symptom:</b>	Virtual IPV6 configuration rejected on VE		
<b>Condition:</b>	When VRRP extended group is configured on VE.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660082		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	During Multiple HA failover operation, sometimes some LSP might get stuck in the DOWN state. This problem is not easily reproducible.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This condition might happen after multiple HA switchover.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660104		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	BGP sessions configured under BGP user-vrf stuck at OPENS state.		
<b>Condition:</b>	BGP peers are configured under BGP user-vrf and HA failover is triggered manually using CLI command		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660231		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	When executing the noscli "beacon enable interface eth " cause unexpected system reload		
<b>Condition:</b>	Incompatible functions are used on slx platform that cause the issue.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	NO workaround if it is not fixed		
<b>Recovery:</b>	To recover, system need to reboot		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660265		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	BGP terminates while getting EVPN operaton status using REST API.		
<b>Condition:</b>	EVPN REST API are not tested completely, Limited EVPN REST API support for EVPN.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660343		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	VPLS PW will be down		
<b>Condition:</b>	After HA failover, VPLS PW status will be down		
<b>Recovery:</b>	"clear mpls lsp" will recover from the issue. clear mpls lsp all		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660402		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	PIM - Protocol-Independent Multicast
<b>Symptom:</b>	The display output for the command 'show ip pim settings' shows the extra characters in the IP prefix range, for SSM groups.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This cosmetic display issue is observed when PIM SSM group range is configured and the switch is reloaded. The Display output shows extra '/0' in the IP prefix.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660424		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Cluster client Remote status may be down when configuration with manual RD and RT is downloaded form server.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Vlan or BD when converted from Manual to Auto or vice versa, BGP sends a refresh request, some reason refresh request is not sent.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	clear bgp evpn neighbor <MCT-PEER> soft in		
<b>Recovery:</b>	To recover please issue the following command: clear bgp evpn neighbor <MCT-PEER> soft in		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660428		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	IGMP - Internet Group Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Hslagtd terminates on FHR after reloading LHR		
<b>Condition:</b>	This happens only in rare scenario. not likely to happen. Hslagtd terminates on FHR after reloading LHR		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660525		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	RADIUS
<b>Symptom:</b>	When the REST query is executed using Radius/Tacacs users, with authentication-token in query, REST query fails as Unauthorized.		
<b>Condition:</b>	With authentication-Token in the REST request.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660551		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Display issue for default command.		
<b>Condition:</b>	"Show running config all" doesn't display qos default mode for VxLAN.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660578		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	ACLs - Access Control Lists
<b>Symptom:</b>	In rare cases, ssagtd at line card reloaded unexpectedly with removal of mac acl based policing		
<b>Condition:</b>	It was found when cam profile "openflow-optimised-2" and counter profile "counter-profile-2" were used.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660607		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols
<b>Symptom:</b>	SLX did not set agreement flag on BPDU sent out by itself.		
<b>Condition:</b>	SLX connected to MLX and has `spanning-tree shutdown?` configured on any interface.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660698		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Cannot forward frames since MAC addresses are not relearned on 100G interface		
<b>Condition:</b>	Shutting down the interface and then bringing it up again		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660823		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VLL - Virtual Leased Line
<b>Symptom:</b>	User may observe "hslagt_lif_brcm_delete_lag_lif: unable to find xconnect partner LIF" on LC console.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Bridge domain is removed from EVPN MCT.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660878		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	After rapid cluster 'no deploy' & 'deploy' on a cluster peer, BUM traffic to certain clients connected via LACP port-channel may not reach the client for half the VLANs or bridge domains.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Configuring 'no deploy' followed by 'deploy' rapidly without sufficient time gap and clients connected through active LACP port-channel during cluster 'no deploy'/'deploy'.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Workaround to avoid running into this issue 1. Provide sufficient gap between 'no deploy' and 'deploy'. 2. If there are multiple clients using LACP port-channel, perform client-interface-shutdown before 'no deploy' & 'deploy'. Remove 'client-interface-shutdown' after the cluster is deployed		
<b>Recovery:</b>	client interface shutdown followed by 'no shutdown' for the client where the issue is seen		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661053		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	NTP - Network Time Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	NTP client on the device can't sync up with external NTP servers in default-vrf and user defined VRF.		
<b>Condition:</b>	External NTP server is reachable only via mgmt-VRF, not via default-vrf or user defined VRF.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Configure external NTP servers only in mgmt-vrf.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661097		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	VXLAN stripping may not work as expected in some cases		
<b>Condition:</b>	VXLAN stripping may not work as expected in some cases when "strip-vlan" is configured		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661115		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17s.1.02	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Multi Chassis Trunking management cluster may not be up on an Multi Chassis Trunking network involving SLX 9140 or SLX 9240.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Multi Chassis Trunking management cluster may fail to come up when the Multi Chassis Trunking source IP (used as the peer IP on the remote node) is changed from IP_address1 to IP_address2 and back to IP_address1.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Avoid changing Multi Chassis Trunking source IP address during the life of the Multi Chassis Trunking cluster.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	SLX switch may have to be reloaded if the same source IP which was configured earlier has to be used again.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661125		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	During chassis reload or firmwaredownload, linecard goes faulty(97).		
<b>Condition:</b>	One of the possible interrupts generated by system FPGA was not handled in the interrupt handler. This causes the system FPGA interrupt handler to be called continuously and vCPU to be almost 100% busy. Eventually linecard is faulted.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	The faulty linecard is usually recovered automatically by the internal reset recovery logic. If the reset-recovery logic doesn't kick-in, user can power cycle the linecard to recover.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661132		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	LAG - Link Aggregation Group
<b>Symptom:</b>	traffic floods across VPLS peer		
<b>Condition:</b>	MAC present in software but not present in HW		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661167		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	High Availability
<b>Symptom:</b>	'reload system' or "reload" CLI issued on SLX its taking upto 3 mins for the links on neighbor cisco device directly connected to SLX box to go into DOWN state.		
<b>Condition:</b>	'reload system' or "reload" CLI execution.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661168		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	High Availability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic loss due to port-channel member ports in UP state after execution of CLI command "shutdown" under interface port-channel on SLX		
<b>Condition:</b>	Execution of CLI command "shutdown" under interface port-channel on SLX.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661227		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	Unexpected reload		
<b>Condition:</b>	This is very rare to hit when an LDP socket got closed.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661274		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	802.1x Port Authentication
<b>Symptom:</b>	L2sys daemon terminated with sudden reload		
<b>Condition:</b>	Execution of "sh port-security addresses" command		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661315		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	VLAN extension is removed when IRB VLAN is removed		
<b>Condition:</b>	Same as above		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Clear BGP EVPN neighbor all		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clear BGP EVPN neighbor all		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661330		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	IPv6 Addressing
<b>Symptom:</b>	IPv6 Prefix filter may not work as expected in BGP route filtering.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When the IPv6 Prefix is not configured with the prefix length as multiples of 8.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661357		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	High Availability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Restconf queries for GET methods gives output in non standard format where comma comes at the beginning of the output in leaf, list and container cases.		
<b>Condition:</b>	when the media type is given as JSON		
<b>Workaround:</b>	RESTCONF xml queries will give correctly		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661384		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	VPLS BUM packets are sent out on the interface for primary path even though LSP is on the secondary.		
<b>Condition:</b>	VPLS BUM traffic flow.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661454		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Hardware Monitoring
<b>Symptom:</b>	Incorrect port LED status		
<b>Condition:</b>	Shut down the faulty port.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661490		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	SSH - Secure Shell
<b>Symptom:</b>	Won't be able to login to device via console or telnet/SSH		
<b>Condition:</b>	Issue is seen after firmware upgrade, but it is not seen always		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661509		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	RAS - Reliability, Availability, and Serviceability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Different outputs of 'show loop-detect' and 'show interface' CLI will be observed. The output of 'show loop-detection' cli will indicate the interface is DOWN while the output of 'show interface' will indicate it is UP. There will be no impact on functionality as it is a display issue only in CLI 'show loop-detect'.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The issue will be observed when the loop-detect feature is enabled on a PO interface .		
<b>Workaround:</b>	User can rely on the output of 'show interface' CLI as that depicts the correct behavior when loop-detect is enabled on the interface or otherwise.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661576		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	When RESTCONF queries are run with namespaces in URI, The response sometimes may not be correct.		
<b>Condition:</b>	If there are more than 2 namespaces in URI .		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661583		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Critical	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	LAG - Link Aggregation Group
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic flooded to all the vpls peers		
<b>Condition:</b>	Frequent MAC move and shut down relevant interface can potentially land up in the issue condition.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661670		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	Unexpected reload.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When we pass "any" for VLAN during L2 ACL configuration.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661710		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	sFlow
<b>Symptom:</b>	?show sflow? CLI shows the negative numbers.		
<b>Condition:</b>	After reaching to 10-digit number example, 2147483647		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661736		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	LDP - Label Distribution Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	In the current implementation LDP session UP/DOWN are logged in the syslog, but the reason of session going down is not displayed. Unless the user had enabled other LDP debug logs the reason for the LDP session down is lost. This RAS enhancement tries to address this shortcoming by adding the session down reason to the syslog output.		
<b>Condition:</b>	LDP sessions UP/DOWN events		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661769		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	ICMP - Internet Control Message Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	disable "root enable" is not persistent after reload.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When reload system is done in switch when "no root enable" is configured.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661901		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	LLDP - Link Layer Discovery Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	LLDP session establish fail.		
<b>Condition:</b>	1) Peer nodes connected with 17r.1.01 version (other peer with 17r.2.01 or higher version) having single letter interface description. 2) Peer node upgraded from 17r.1.01(x) to 17r.2.01(x) with single letter interface description.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Change the interface description to more than one letter at 17r.1.01(x) version node before upgrade.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Make sure both the peers configured with more than 2 letter interface description.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661915		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Unexpected reload		
<b>Condition:</b>	Adding a large prefix list to the running config and applying it to BGPv4 neighbors inbound , performing a soft clear to take effect. Example: route-map DIRECT-PEER-IN permit 5 neighbor xx.xx.xx.xx route-map in ATRATO-PEER-IN neighbor xx.xx.xx.xx route-map out ATRATO-PEER-OUT		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661937		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	confd core-file is placed under different paths and difficult to get from SS logs		
<b>Condition:</b>	Difficult to get the confd core-file from SS logs		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661968		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	IP Addressing
<b>Symptom:</b>	L3 outgoing traffic was getting corrupted on Dual tagged outgoing interface,		
<b>Condition:</b>	BD with Dual tag as outgoing interface, L3 traffic		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Fixed in SLXOS 18r.1.00 Release.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661970		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	The below CLI or REST query reloads the switch with DCM daemon termination. SLX# beacon enable interface ethernet 0/1 REST query curl -v -X POST -d "<ethernet><eth_option><ethernet>0/1</ethernet></eth_option></ethernet>" -k -u admin:password https://10.24.12.131/rest/operations/beacon/enable/interface/ethernet/		
<b>Condition:</b>	Execute 'beacon enable interface ethernet' REST query		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662003		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	VxLAN tunnel goes down.when link between two EVPN-VXLAN neighbors is down via CLI "shutdown".		
<b>Condition:</b>	When link between two EVPN-VXLAN neighbors is down via CLI "shutdown".		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Fix provided for 17r.2.00 Baseline and same is delivered in 18r.1.00 branch as well.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662020		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	REST API throws "HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found" Error.		
<b>Condition:</b>	REST: PUT or PATCH for vrf on loopback interface OR bfd interval on bgp container		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662039		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Sysmon
<b>Symptom:</b>	Incorrect ifHighSpeed values for 100G Physical Interfaces		
<b>Condition:</b>	Run SNMP to see ifHighSpeed of 100G Physical Interfaces		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662055		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	SNMP polling for cpStatus and swOperStatus OIDs returns incorrect values.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When SNMP get/walk request done for cpStatus and swOperStatus OIDs.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662161		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	The command output may be misaligned in the console window,		
<b>Condition:</b>	This issue may happen when the console window is resized after the device boots up.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Resize the console window to 24 lines, or resize the console window to the proper size and reboot the device.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662166		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	High Availability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Enabling/disabling latch detection would cause the LC to be permanently faulty. Extreme GTAC Support can restore previously affected LCs by using a tool copied to the chassis in question.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This was a side effect of the 64-bit porting process.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662211		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Specific MPLS packets with inner TCP sequence number matched to VRRP protocol entry 112 will get dropped at PHP node which in turn will result BGP connections to drop		
<b>Condition:</b>	Issue seen while running BGP traffic over IP over MPLS		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662238		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Security Vulnerability
<b>Symptom:</b>	NFS port was open on management interface in earlier releases. The NFS port on management VRF should be closed.		
<b>Condition:</b>	NFS port was open on management interface in earlier releases.		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662239		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Security Vulnerability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Enhancement to disable the port 9110 for management vrf.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Port 9110, was exposed via management interface.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662394		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	L2 Mac learning does not happen on a L2 interface.		
<b>Condition:</b>	If there is a "spanning-tree shut" configuration on a L2 interface and the Spanning Tree protocol is configured as RSTP/MSTP, the MAC learning will not happen on this L2 port. Also this behavior will be observed when HA failover is executed.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Do "no spanning-tree shut / spanning-tree shut" or "no switchport/ switchport" or "no protocol spanning-tree/ protocol spanning-tree xstp" to recover the mac learning issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662501		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	The BGP daemon terminates unexpectedly and produces core file, when unconfiguring BGP EVPN instance by removing RD and RT.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This will be observed while RD and RT are removed from EVPN instance.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662565		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	The output of CLI "show bgp evpn route type inclusive-multicast ethernet-tag 0 ipv4-address <IP>" misses some routes while using BGP EVPN for IP Fabric.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This will happen when using BGP EVPN for IP Fabric and the number of IMR routes received or originated with same IMR Key are more than 25.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	"show bgp evpn routes type inclusive-multicast" or "show bgp evpn routes type inclusive-multicast ethernet-tag 0 ipv4-address <IP> I2-label <value>" can be issued to check for routes alternatively.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662753		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	High Availability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Process hslagtd terminated. LC restarted		
<b>Condition:</b>	Support Save initialization		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662785		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	For an interface user can configure MTU locally, apart from global MTU. If user configures default value of MTU (1548) as local MTU then it's not shown in output of "show running-config". It should be shown if it's user configured value even though it's default value.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Configuration of local MTU for an interface.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662899		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VLL - Virtual Leased Line
<b>Symptom:</b>	Control Protocols pkts can get dropped if there is CPU Queue Congestion with sflow traffic.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Control Protocols pkts can get dropped if there is CPU Queue Congestion with sflow traffic, although this is very rare case.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662980		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18s.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Unexpected reload seen under certain config combinations. The box has to be reloaded with the following config- < file config1> After box reboots, configure evpn default vlan 5 Box reload when this CLI is issued after reload.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Node reloads when VLAN is added to EVPN under certain configuration combinations.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Avoid adding VLAN to EVPN default after reload. Add it as a part of reload config.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	reload the node.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663072		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	Y1731 Scheduled SLM cannot interop with CES device when SLX device is configured as responder.		
<b>Condition:</b>	SLX device is configured as responder.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663150		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	import/export commands for normal L3 VPN do not work.		
<b>Condition:</b>	import/export commands for normal L3 VPN do not work.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663195		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
<b>Symptom:</b>	OSPF Hello packets will be sent on OSPF Ve interface even though it is administratively down.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Issue is seen when OSPF Ve interface is administratively down and this Ve is bound to a VLAN.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Toggling the administrative state of OSPF Ve interface by using 'no shutdown' & 'shutdown' commands will resolve the issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663315		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	xSTP - Spanning Tree Protocols
<b>Symptom:</b>	Customer may experience Mac inconsistency between Management Module and Line Card Module .		
<b>Condition:</b>	When there is STP loop while doing ?spanning tree shutdown?, triggers mac move.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663391		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	sFlow
<b>Symptom:</b>	At run time, after sFlow source interface is configured, any IP changes or link UP/DOWN events does not effect the sFlow source IP.		
<b>Condition:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. sFlow source interface IP address is used even when the interface is down.</li> <li>2. sFlow doesn't pick up run time IP address changes to an already configured source interface.</li> </ol>		
<b>Workaround:</b>	To effect any run-time IP address changes to sFlow source interface, unconfigure and then reconfigure sFlow source interface.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663422		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	SNMP – Simple Network Management Protocol
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Management
<b>Symptom:</b>	When SNMP query is sent to switch inband loopback IP, switch sends SNMP replies with outgoing interface IP as source IP instead of the loopback IP.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The issue is seen only for inband interfaces in mgmt.-vrf. For default-vrf and user-defined vrf, we don't see the issue. That is, we see loopback IP as source IP in SNMP replies.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663425		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	When the remote LVTEP up link port is shut, traffic did not reach the destination as the VXLAN VNI lookup is failed.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This can happen when there is change in tunnel next hop happened before this trigger		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663449		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	VPLS traffic drop observed		
<b>Condition:</b>	When flapping more than 2 MPLS uplink interfaces, VPLS PWs configured with load balance occasionally hit this issue.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Flapping of multiple MPLS uplink interface at same time can be avoided.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clearing MPLS LSPs used by the specific VPLS PW or reconfiguring the specific peer will recover this issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663621		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Traffic Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	QoS - Quality of Service
<b>Symptom:</b>	During SS Prior to SLXOS 17r.2.01, TM Commands are not be collected.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Support save collection for TM commands.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663635		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Static Routing (IPv4)
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic drop is observed while using BGP EVPN for IP Fabric as the router MAC is not installed on MCT peer node.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This issue happens when using MCT with BGP EVPN for IP Fabric deployments.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	User can recover from this situation by Issuing command "clear bgp evpn neighbor all"		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663637		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Traffic Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	QoS - Quality of Service
<b>Symptom:</b>	LDP T-Hello/KA pkts can get dropped if there is CPU Queue Congestion.		
<b>Condition:</b>	LDP T-Hello/KA pkts can get dropped if there is CPU Queue Congestion although this is not common case.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663638		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	During Debug, LDP Protocols pkts will be counted based on new Socket AF_MPLS_LDP via debug cmd. hslagt pkt show stats Earlier, there was only common counter for IP traffic and no specific counter for LDP pkt in HSLUA during debug.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This is only for LDP debug counters and is applicable only when debugging LDP pkts drop.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663676		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18x.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	TACACS & TACACS+
<b>Symptom:</b>	Switch doesn't send Tacacs+ exec accounting message when AAA authentication is configured as "radius local".		
<b>Condition:</b>	Tacacs+ exec accounting doesn't work when AAA authentication method is configured as "radius local".		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663739		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Static Routing (IPv4)
<b>Symptom:</b>	IPv6 prefix routes are not present in BGP IPv6 VRF table for MPLS encap in MCT deployments.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This issue happens only for IPV6 routes in BGP VRF context while using over MCT		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663838		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Static Routing (IPv4)
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic loss is observed on MCT deployed setup.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Enabling and disabling "statistics" under the Vlans and Bridge-Domains which are part of MCT.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663879		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	High Availability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Some of the port LEDs are off even though the port links are UP after HA failover.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This issue only happens if the HA failover is a controlled failover via "ha failover" command.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663894		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Few MACs can be seen in Pending Authentication		
<b>Condition:</b>	With Stress and scale testing, sometimes admin can observe this		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663894		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Few MACs can be seen in Pending Authentication		
<b>Condition:</b>	With Stress and scale testing, sometimes admin can observe this		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663904		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	User Accounts & Passwords
<b>Symptom:</b>	Config-replay from a backup file will fail for rule cli commands.		
<b>Condition:</b>	If rules are configured and then config-replay from a backup config file happens. Config replay from database has no issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664250		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	A few MAC leaning failed because the staled MAC entries left in HW.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The issue might be seen in scaling system. After the system image upgrade, replay the MCT configuration with traffic running, then the issue might be seen.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Stop traffic while replay the configuration; Start traffic after system configuration is completed; then the issue can be avoided.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Run CLI command "clear mac-address-table dynamic..." may recover the issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664753		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Mcdsd daemon can terminate when changing configuration that disrupts the ICL between leaf nodes in a management cluster.		
<b>Condition:</b>	A configuration change which disrupts the ICL between leaf nodes in a management cluster.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664838		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	NTP - Network Time Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Dcmd terminates when more than 1 NTP server is configured and removes one of them.		
<b>Condition:</b>	More than one NTP server configured.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Issue is fixed in this release (18r.1.00).		

## Closed without code changes 18r.1.00

This section lists software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity closed without a code change as of **09/27/2018** in 18r.1.00.

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000627194	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17s.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	Switch terminates while executing REST requests		
<b>Condition:</b>	This happens in a stressed out environment where the switch is pounded with the REST requests from multiple sources simultaneously for a long time.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000639618	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	PIM - Protocol- Independent Multicast
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic loss for non programmed flows.		
<b>Condition:</b>	LC reload is the trigger for this issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000650998	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Will Not Fix	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	MEP can timeout in a highly scaled setup, With more than 7000 MEPs configured over VLL.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When more than 7000 MEPs on both ends of the VLL service are configured.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Spread the session across multiple Line cards in such scale scenarios.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000651543	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	MPLS tunnels could be programmed as DOWN in LC after multiple HA failovers.		
<b>Condition:</b>	MPLS tunnels could be programmed as DOWN in LC after multiple HA failovers.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000652589	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Firmwaredownload might fail		
<b>Condition:</b>	When HA state is not in sync and firmwaredownload is triggered then firmwaredownload might fail.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000652954	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Will Not Fix	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Syslog
<b>Symptom:</b>	Date format in ACL logging is not correct.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When ACL is enabled with logging and 'show access-list-log buffer' is issued.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000653531	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	The VPLS MACs are not removed from the MAC table		
<b>Condition:</b>	When traffic is stopped after HA failover in scaled setup, VPLS MACs are not aging out.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Executing "clear mac dynamic" cli command will remove the MACs.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000653869	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Will Not Fix	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	The command "show bridge-domain <id> logical-interface" will show more information than is required for some field.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The FLAG value in the o/p is greater than 0x7, in the output of the command, "show bridge-domain <id> logical-interface".		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000653893	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Unlikely unexpected reload of switch due to termination of vrrpd when switch is reloaded with VRRPE config		
<b>Condition:</b>	Termination of vrrpd can happen under unlikely scenarios when VRRPE configuration is present on the switch and switch is reloaded.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000654559	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	LAG - Link Aggregation Group
<b>Symptom:</b>	ARP is not being resolved		
<b>Condition:</b>	A LAG has a single interface and the router is reloaded		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Remove the lag and using the physical interface as a stand alone interface, as LAG has a single port.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000655266	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	After cluster split/join, there is a possibility of VXLAN tunnels having inconsistent tunnel id (for a given tunnel destination) across the 2 nodes of the cluster.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Cluster split/join.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Deletion and recreation of the overlay-gateway		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000655278	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Will Not Fix	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Vxlan Tunnels take longer time to come up.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When VLAN-VNI mapping is deleted and re-configured.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	clear bgp evpn neighbor soft <i n   out>		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000656624	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Sometime HOST move is not detected.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When host is moved frequently.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clear mac table should recover from this state.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000656825	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
<b>Symptom:</b>	OSPF adjacency flaps after configuring OSPF area range & OSPF summary-address in 100k routes scale scenario		
<b>Condition:</b>	OSPF adjacency is FULL with 50k Intra Area routes and 50k external routes		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657071	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Will Not Fix	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	Ping was not functional between 2 loopback addresses after interface flap.		
<b>Condition:</b>	IP enabled interfaces on the router.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657107	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	When BD to VNI mapping changed to different values for the same BD, tunnel is not discovered		
<b>Condition:</b>	When BD to VNI mapping changed to different values for the same BD, tunnel is not discovered		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657538	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic loss is seen after HA failover, even when OSPF Graceful restart is enabled.		
<b>Condition:</b>	OSPF Graceful restart is enabled & Adjacency is FULL with the neighbor.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657687	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Mac learning bridge domain interface from remote leaf node is delayed.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Timing condition that can be observed on mac's learned on a bridge domain in logical VTEP topology		
<b>Recovery:</b>	clear the mac in the node issue is seen and allow to relearn it again		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657753	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic drop over the EVPN Pseudo wires.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Reloading the line card when MCT cluster is up		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657819	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Design Limitation	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	While using CFM with LAG with UP MEP, sometime Remote MEP flaps is observed when the member port is administratively shut down.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This issue happens while using 8021ag with UP MEP over a LAG interface.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657873	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	Remote MEP does not recover from failed state when LAG interface is brought up and down administratively..		
<b>Condition:</b>	8021ag UP MEP configured with LAG.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Bring down port-channel and bring it back up administratively.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658164	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	MCT VPLS Traffic will dropped over MCT link		
<b>Condition:</b>	With High EVPN vlan range, Reloading of the MCT peer with EVPN configuration will rarely cause this issue		
<b>Recovery:</b>	clear ip bgp neighbors <peer-ip>		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658661	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Some of the MAC routes missing when BGP neighborship is changed form V4 to V6.		
<b>Condition:</b>	BGP neighborship is changed from V4 to V6		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clear bgp evpn neighbor all		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659056	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	AAA - Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting
<b>Symptom:</b>	LDAP authentication is failing on default-vrf with the certificates.		
<b>Condition:</b>	LDAP authentication failure		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Do not use certificate		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659662	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Client Pseudo wire stays down once router comes back up after reload		
<b>Condition:</b>	Router reload		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Undeploy and deploy the MCT. -> "no deploy" followed by "deploy" under client-pw		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660012	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Will Not Fix	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	VPLS data traffic loss seen for an average of 230 seconds after MM failover.		
<b>Condition:</b>	MCT doesn't support hitless failover and hence it will tear down and recreate all the BGP. MPLS RSVP sessions which the time taken for programming is proportional to the total scale number. This is expected as per current design.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660020	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Will Not Fix	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	User may observe traffic drop in a flooding domain for very short time, approx 200 pkt.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When bridge domain is part of MCT and a peer is removed and added to a bridge domain.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660084	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	MGID membership may be incorrect causing BUM traffic being flooded by non-DF nodes.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This issue can occur when tunnel is flapped.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660103	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Will Not Fix	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	For a non-MCT node, the remote PW preferential status may have a different value than the actual remote node status.		
<b>Condition:</b>	For a non-MCT VPLS peer, irrespective of the remote role, the PW will get programmed in the hardware. From forwarding perspective, it will not have any impact on the traffic forwarding.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Ignore the remote PW preferential status if the local node is non-mct.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660301	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Software Installation & Upgrade
<b>Symptom:</b>	Sometimes after firmware upgrade 72x10G linecard stays in LOADING state for 25-30 mins and then eventually faults. The software auto-recovery logic power cycles the line card to recover it.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Firmware upgrade on 72x10G linecard.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	The software auto-recovery logic automatically power cycles the line card to recover it.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660326	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Layer 3 traffic drops over MCT link		
<b>Condition:</b>	After HA failover, remove and add EVPN configuration will intermittently cause Layer 3 traffic to drop over MCT		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clear mpls lsp will resolve the issue. Clear mpls lsp all		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660511	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic is flooded on the VLAN mapped to MCT cluster		
<b>Condition:</b>	In scaled MCT setup when line card is reloaded the database sync-up between MAC manager component is incomplete and affects MAC learning.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Reload the line card once again to allow database sync to complete.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660584	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Unexpected reload of the system.		
<b>Condition:</b>	High availability fail-over of MM.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660609	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VLL - Virtual Leased Line
<b>Symptom:</b>	MPLS daemon restarted due to software fault.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The TPID of the port-channel interface where 4000 VE interfaces was configured.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660612	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Design Limitation	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	While deploying CFM, user might occasionally observed that MEPs configured on port channel move to failed state, when member-ports are added or removed		
<b>Condition:</b>	CFM deployment with port-channel and then Addition or deletion of member interfaces to port-channel		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Port channel shutdown and 'no shutdown' should help recover from the situation		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660617	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Cluster client status may not be UP, when evpn instance is removed and re-added after the HA. There will be traffic loss due to cluster status.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When EVPN instance is removed and re-added after HA.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clear bgp evpn neighbor <mct-peer> should resolve this condition.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660831	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Linecard (36x100) goes out of Memory and reboots		
<b>Condition:</b>	Continuos BGP session flaps for a long time using a script on a system with Scaled routes(1 M)		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660921	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	PIM - Protocol-Independent Multicast
<b>Symptom:</b>	After line card reload, the out going interface will be deleted from the entry and it shows as number of OIFs as ZERO.		
<b>Condition:</b>	1. This issue can be seen when a port-channel has member ports from multiple line cards and 2. This port channel should be bound to a VE interface which is out going interface of PIM entry and 3. One of the mentioned line card is reloaded.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clear the affected PIM entry using "clear ip pim mcache"		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661059	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	In some rare case, EVPN routes might not be ex-changed between peers.		
<b>Condition:</b>	After deactivating and activating the l2vpn EVPN address family		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Use clear bgp evpn neighbor soft in command		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661754	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Already Fixed in Release	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	"Error: This Speed is not supported on this port." pops up while executing "speed 100" command under interface.		
<b>Condition:</b>	CLI execution of "speed 100" under interface.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664763	<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Critical
<b>Reason Code:</b>	Not Reproducible	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Software Installation & Upgrade
<b>Symptom:</b>	System fails in early booting stage with below error on MM causing LCs Faulty. BPSWITCH-ERR:service_port_get_config_status():500:Error fgets() failed errno:2		
<b>Condition:</b>	After performing FWDL from 17r.2.01 to release 18r.2.00.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	When upgrading a SLX9850 from 17r.1.01b or 17r.2.01 to 18r.1.00, if TPVM is installed in the system, you must un-install it by running the ?tpvm uninstall? command before starting firmware download. Otherwise, it will cause system initialization issue. After the system is upgraded, you can install the TPVM image from 18r.1.00 by running the ?tpvm install? command.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. In linux shell run following command to bring MM eth1 interface Up ifconfig eth1 up</li> <li>2. In SLX OS CLI run following command to uninstall TPVM SLX-OS# show tpvm status TPVM is installed but not running, and AutoStart is disabled on this host. SLX-OS# tpvm uninstall uninstallation succeeds SLX-OS# show tpvm status TPVM is not installed</li> <li>3. Powercycle setup. Once system comes up fine and user should not see bpswitch_init() failure.</li> <li>4. Optional : Refer TPVM user guide to upgrade system to 18r.1.00 build TPVM package.</li> </ol>		

## Known issues 18r.1.00

This section lists open software defects with Critical, High, and Medium Technical Severity as of **09/27/2018** in 18r.1.00.

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000639016		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	PIM - Protocol-Independent Multicast
<b>Symptom:</b>	Mcache entries may keep fluctuating causing traffic loss for some SG entries.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This happens only when there are more than 20k mcache entries.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000639074		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	In case of vpls scenario, packets may egress out on the PW uplink as corrupted, without an mpls label.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When a large no of PW are configured, packets on some PW may egress out corrupted if the underlying interface is either vlan untagged or router port. This will happen when protected path configured as strict, while vpls traffic is riding on bypass path.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Using vlan tagged port for the PW underlying interface would resolve the issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000639445		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic drop observed for some BD in MCT-L2vpn senario.		
<b>Condition:</b>	If HA is performed with explicit isolation mode configured in cluster.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Deploy/Un-deploy will resolve the issue.		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000639584		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	PIM - Protocol-Independent Multicast
<b>Symptom:</b>	This issue may cause transient traffic loss until all the missing S G entries are re-converged back. max upto 60 sec for the affected flows.		
<b>Condition:</b>	ECMP enabled and having multiple paths between two devices. if one of link is flap this issue could be seen.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000644556		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	During MM failover, while the standby MM becomes active, process L2sysd may be terminated and restarted.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The issue may happen with MCT VPN scaling configuration.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	After process L2sysd is restarted, the system will work fine.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000645924		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MBGP - Multiprotocol Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Total number of BGP EVPN Routes includes valid routes and filtered routes		
<b>Condition:</b>	BGP EVPN routes are filtered with mismatch Route Target.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000648649		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	The "show slots" command does not work when requested using rest.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This issue occurs when the user uses rest operation to display "show slots" output.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	The noscli has support for "show slots" to display the output. So in order to view the desired data the user can use "show slots" cli command through noscli.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000650830		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	No method to clear SNMP statistics.		
<b>Condition:</b>	snmpget/snmpwalk on ifMIB objects representing interface statistics.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000651257		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	LLDP - Link Layer Discovery Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Setting clock backwards using SLXCLI "clock set" will cause SDK linkscan to stop polling links. If a port is enabled after this clock set, the link will not come up. Links already up will not be affected. Also, setting clock forward doesn't have this issue.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Setting clock backward will introduce this issue.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	1. Setting clock forward to the original date/time will recover the SDK linkscan and bring up the link. Or 2. more cleanly, reload the system after setting clock backwards.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Reload the system.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000651851		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	BFD - BiDirectional Forwarding Detection
<b>Symptom:</b>	Single hop BFD sessions flap on switching to multislot with 200ms timer		
<b>Condition:</b>	When BFD sessions are over multi-slot LAG interfaces with several members links, then change of topology can cause BFD sessions to flap.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Keep the number of member links of the LAG less than 6-8		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Once flapped, session should come back online by itself.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000653738		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	port-channel is up even though different cluster id is configured on both mct nodes.		
<b>Condition:</b>	configuring different cluster id at both mct nodes		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000653739		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	MCT Client LAG interface goes to online state on SLX switch, which connected to an MLX switch, even though the client-id is mismatched.		
<b>Condition:</b>	SLX switch configured with MCT Client LAG Interface with different client ID on both MCT peer switches. Note: LACP protocol on MCT LAG interface.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	It is negative test case. Keep same client-id for MCT Client LAG interface on both MCT peer nodes		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000654558		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	IP Addressing
<b>Symptom:</b>	Ping not going through a TRANSIT node on a VE bounce with proxy-arp enabled and protocol applications (MULTICAST) running.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Running proxy arp under conditions of scale with triggers		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000655147		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	IGMP - Internet Group Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Multicast information for Bridge Domain is not shown in the REST output.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Multicast information for Bridge Domain is not available when REST is used.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000656016		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Daemon bgpd would terminate and restart on HA even with BGP process restart configured		
<b>Condition:</b>	Significant routing configuration changes are made to observe the problem		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000656206		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Security Vulnerability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Nmap tool found unknown tcp open ports that are vulnerable to attack from mgmt interface.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Unknown tcp open ports can be seen when Nmap tool is run on the device.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000656360		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	ACLs - Access Control Lists
<b>Symptom:</b>	For "mac access-list" rules, providing 'count' option only works if provided before 'copy-sflow', 'mirror' and 'log' option.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Occurs when configuring rules under mac access list		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Workaround is to provide 'count' option before 'copy-sflow', 'mirror' and 'log' options.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000656979		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	NTP - Network Time Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	In this release, 'ntp disable all' configuration command is not available. It will be added in a later release.		
<b>Condition:</b>	If NTP has to be configured, then it earlier disable command is not available.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000656999		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	IS-IS utilizes 2.5% of system memory		
<b>Condition:</b>	This issue happens when IS-IS process comes up		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657101		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	IGMP - Internet Group Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Non existing logical interface if used in "ip igmp snooping mrouter" configuration, will be stored in the running-config but not activated in the backend. Cosmetic issue, with no impact to functionality.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This happens if mrouter is configured with a non existing logical interface.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657223		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	The configuration will fail with an error message "%Error: LIF missing VLAN Classification"		
<b>Condition:</b>	1, Change the switch mode to trunk-no-default-native. 2. Change the vlan mode of logical interface from tagged to untagged without removing the tagged vlan configuration under the logical interface.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Delete the tagged vlan configuration under the logical interface and delete the logical interface before changing the switch mode and vlan mode.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Delete the logical interface and bridge domain configuration and re-configure.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657261		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	IGMP - Internet Group Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	In a high scale scenario of 4k LIFs configured on a Bridge Domain, and sending Multicast or unknown unicast traffic traffic will not be flooded to all the LIFs.		
<b>Condition:</b>	High scale of LIFs configured on a Bridge Domain		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657299		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic duplication for certain VLANs on LACP enabled MCT client ports after cluster deploy/'no deploy' or cluster re-configuration		
<b>Condition:</b>	Cluster re-configuration or 'no deploy and 'deploy' with active LACP clients		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Shutdown of client ports before cluster re-configuration		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Re-configuration of problematic VLANs i.e. no vlan <id> followed by 'vlan <id>'		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657443		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	ACLs - Access Control Lists
<b>Symptom:</b>	no warning message generated for identical acl on physical and bd interface		
<b>Condition:</b>	no warning message generated for identical acl on physical and bd interface		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657490		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	"show ip bgp summary vrf <user-vrf-name>" would timeout without any output		
<b>Condition:</b>	1199 IPv4 and 1199 IPv6 BGP sessions are UP in non-default vrf (user-vrf)		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000657689		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	With 650K IPv4 Internet routes and 42K IPv6 Internet routes in BGP, the router would take more than 60 minutes to converge.		
<b>Condition:</b>	<p>BGP neighbors are configured with keep-alive timer: 30 seconds and hold-down timer: 90seconds</p> <p>There are 2 RIB-IN neighbors(1 IPv4 neighbor and 1 IPv6 neighbor) from which the internet routes(650K IPv4 routes from neighbor-1 and 42k IPv6 routes from neighbor 2) are learned.</p> <p>There are 1115 inactive peering sessions to which all the Internet routes are blocked through a deny route-map</p> <p>After the router converges for the first time, when "clear ip route all" is executed the symptom is observed</p>		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Issue is not observed when BGP neighbors are configured with keep-alive:60 seconds and hold-down timer:180 seconds		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658242		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Traffic Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Rate Limiting and Shaping
<b>Symptom:</b>	Rate limit will not be operational as per the configured values and the operational CIR/EIR values will be zero.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Bind the policy-map/storm-control to an interface which has information rates (CIR/EIR) less than the 22000 bps.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658790		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	ACLs - Access Control Lists
<b>Symptom:</b>	ACL with logging enabled causes error message sometimes		
<b>Condition:</b>	ACL with logging enabled causes error message sometimes		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000658871		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	Empty response will be seen for "show ntp" command via restconf		
<b>Condition:</b>	When show ntp status command executed in restconf query		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Use CLI command to get desired output.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659154		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	"Message Generic Error" is returned for various SLX CLIs.		
<b>Condition:</b>	File system errors on the SSD results in the file system becoming read-only. Console shows "read-only file system" error when the condition occurs.		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659269		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Traffic Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Rate Limiting and Shaping
<b>Symptom:</b>	100G interfaces on SLX 9850 may not achieve line rate egress throughput.		
<b>Condition:</b>	On a L2VPN network 100G interfaces on SLX 9850 may not achieve line rate of egress through put.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Augment performance with additional interfaces as required.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659400		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	IP over MPLS
<b>Symptom:</b>	LSP down and traffic drop is observed.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Very huge scale of LSP and a bypass LSP tunnel is used by multiple LSPs as secondary path. Excute "clear lsp all" multiple times.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659492		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	When routing is enabled over a Bridge Domain, for VEOVPLS, and if the PW profile on that Bridge Domain is in Raw mode then forwarding may not work as intended.		
<b>Condition:</b>	User has enabled routing over a Bridge Domain in earlier release, and upgraded the setup to SLXOS17r.2.01.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Disable routing on the Bridge Domain.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659846		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	The order of peer-ip address under ' address-family ipv4 unicast ' is different from order under 'address-family ipv4 unicast ' , when executing " show run router bgp". This doesn't have any functional impact. This is just a cosmetic issue		
<b>Condition:</b>	Multiple peer-ip address are configured for bgp.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659847		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Adding BGP peers manually (pasting cli config on telnet/ssh sessions) taking a couple of minutes, same applies to making filter changes to many peers at once. In our testing it took more than 2 to 3 minutes to add 250 peers		
<b>Condition:</b>	Router configured with peer which learns full internet RIB IN (both IPv4 and IPv6)		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000659856		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	High Availability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Loss of traffic for 275 seconds between MCT peers, when ve is disabled.		
<b>Condition:</b>	In some topologies, when the outgoing ve link for an LSP is disabled at ingress, the LSP is not able to route around the failure until the RSVP state downstream times out.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660148		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Syslog
<b>Symptom:</b>	Issue only happens after reboot and before DCMD config replay completes. Once the switch is fully up, the hostname will be reflected in the syslog message properly.		
<b>Condition:</b>	when ever new hostname is configured and the device is rebooted.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660188		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Some of the VXLAN MACs are not installed in the hardware when EVPN configuration is removed and re-added		
<b>Condition:</b>	Some of the VXLAN MACs are not installed in the hardware when EVPN configuration is removed and re-added		
<b>Workaround:</b>	clear all the bgp evpn sessions		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660423		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	Description CLI in interface submode can be used to configure a brief description of the interface. This CLI is not present for VE and loopback interfaces.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Configuration submode for VE and loopback interfaces.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660446		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	IP Multicast
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	IPv4 Multicast Routing
<b>Symptom:</b>	The symptoms involve reboot of the switch due to Layer 2 Multicast process termination.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The issue is observed when the PIM SSM group range is configured with the same IP Prefix as of the IGMP SSM map group prefix.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000660519		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	In an MCT setup, MAC address is learnt as "CR" (Cluster remote MAC) on both the MCT peers.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When a MAC moves between MCT peers even after the MAC ages out the MAC is shown as CR MAC (Cluster Remote MAC) on both the MCT peers		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661016		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	ACLs - Access Control Lists
<b>Symptom:</b>	Additional ACL hardware entries programmed on ports which are not member of Bridge Domain. Functionality is not impacted only more hardware entries used.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Binding L3 ACL on Bridge Domain.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661026		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	LAG - Link Aggregation Group
<b>Symptom:</b>	SLX brings up the different speed interfaces among the port channel.		
<b>Condition:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.We have to configure the port-channel</li> <li>2.All the configured interfaces should be administratively UP prior to configure those interfaces into port-channel.</li> <li>3.We have to add 1G,10G &amp; 40G interface to the port-channel.</li> </ol>		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661051		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	During High availability Management Module fail-over, Layer 2 MAC addresses from a remote VPLS peer are learnt on a different Bridge Domain.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The user has issued High availability MM failover command so that the standby MM becomes an active MM		
<b>Workaround:</b>	MAC learned unexpectedly will be aged out after MAC age timer expires. Also, Configuring MAC age timer to a smaller value will help to age out the unexpected MAC faster.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661116		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17s.1.02	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	MCT cluster formation takes a very long time(>4 mins) or cluster formation fails.		
<b>Condition:</b>	If MCT cluster peer is added and removed repeatedly for more than 100 times, then the issue is seen.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Reload of switch is required to recover from the condition.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661129		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	At times, following VRRP debug messages will be displayed on the oncole: VRRP: in vrrp_sr_notify, evt: 16391 VRRP_FABRIC_READY : 0 VRRP: fabric ready received is_vrrp_cold_recover : 1 VRRP: Reset hold timer for all sessions These are normal operations and shouldn't cause a concern.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Messages are seen at boot up time		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661444		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	Port on line card goes down after 35 to 60 sec , when MM is plugged off from the chassis.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The ports are disabled when the component on linecard get heartbeat (with Management Moudule) timeout. The delay is due to the existing timeout delays in the infrastructure.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	'reload system' CLI will bring down the front end ports immidiately. User can execute the CLI and then plug out the active Management Module in a single Management Module chassis.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661488		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	BFD may flap after executing "clear loop-detection" multiple times.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Executing "clear loop-detection" multiple times. It is unlikely to happen.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	It is not recommended to perform "clear loop-detection" multiple times that may result in BFD flap.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661571		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	One of the node in L-VTEP cluster topology, may observe unexpected reload, when Cluster is disrupted by unconfiguring and re-configuring.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Issue is only seen with scale configuration on L-VTEP topology, with 4K EVPN BD VLANS		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661684		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	LVTEP Loop may not be detected if Loop Detection is enabled only on one MCT node but not on the MCT peer node.		
<b>Condition:</b>	the issue is only happened with MCT LVTEP and Loop Detection only enabled on one of the MCT nodes. Although LVTEP loop detection is not officially supported in the current release.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661685		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	VPLS traffic loss observed		
<b>Condition:</b>	Reloading one of the MCT nodes will result to this traffic loss.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	If it is planned reload, shutting down the CCEP interface in the MCT node will avoid this traffic loss		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Disable CCEP interface after the MCT node up and can enable it back after all VPLS PWs are up.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661732		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Unexpected reload.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When MAC updates crossed the scale limit(~750k).		
<b>Workaround:</b>	MAC updates to be on allowable salable limit.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661746		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Hardware Monitoring
<b>Symptom:</b>	Incorrect output at "Local Fault detected"		
<b>Condition:</b>	When we execute "flex-cli show local-fault slot X"		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661763		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Switch may undergo unexpected reload		
<b>Condition:</b>	With scale and stress conditions with endpoint tracking enabled, if admin does clear mac-address-table dynamic multiple times		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661772		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	IP Addressing
<b>Symptom:</b>	VE interface protocol status shows down after reload.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When there is no online interfaces associated with VE interface.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Make sure we have one online interface associated to VE interface before reload.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000661828		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	RAS - Reliability, Availability, and Serviceability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Message "VERIFY - Failed expression: probe(peerDesc),file = public.c, line = 6663, user mode Call backtrace:" logged on console.		
<b>Condition:</b>	It's rare scenario, VERIFY message logged along with "BUG: MAX_LOCKDEP_KEYS too low!"		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662058		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	LACP LAG interface does not display the reason for LAG down when minimum links criteria not met on SLX switch It is interoperable issue between SLX to MLX.switches.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When the LAG members are made administratively down on remote switch (MLX) against LACP LAG minimum link configured on SLX.		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662140		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	The slot info is missing in these two raslog messages and this happens only during the switch reboot. This issue is not seen once the switch is up and running.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Issue happens on reboot only.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662181		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	High Availability
<b>Symptom:</b>	Bridge Domain statistics will not displayed though the configuration has statistics enabled in hardware profile "counter-profile-1". It doesn't have any functionality impact.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Enable statistics under Bridge Domain in default profile and reload box by changing the hardware profile to "counter-profile-1"		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Display issue and no service impact.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662189		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	"WHEM: alloc failed" messages might be seen. No functionality impact.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The error message comes when the trace buffer memory runs below a threshold, and the requested memory size is larger.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662335		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	NHID is created with local VTEP.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This is internal design issue, no functionality impact.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	No work around need.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662358		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	show-ntp netconf/REST RPC call execution does not provide corresponding NTP status output.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Issue exists for all "show-ntp" RPC function calls via netconf/REST.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Use "show ntp status" CLI command instead for getting the respective status output.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662373		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	ARP - Address Resolution Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Incorrect output for OID ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress		
<b>Condition:</b>	When we execute snmpwalk -v2c -c <community-name> <ip-address> ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662378		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	IP Addressing
<b>Symptom:</b>	Cosmetic issue.IP address displayed in reverse order.		
<b>Condition:</b>	1.NOS CLI mode "debug nsm dump globals"		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662384		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	VLAN tagged packets coming in on access port are not dropped		
<b>Condition:</b>	Endpoint tracking is enabled on the layer 2 interface with access-port configuration enabled.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662410		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	VLL data traffic between 2-node MCT cluster is disrupted when VPLS instances are deleted on one node.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Deleting VPLS instances on one of the MCT node.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662432		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	removing and adding route-map's to BGP peers caused bgpd to terminate unexpectedly		
<b>Condition:</b>	Multiple BGP peers are configured with in/out route-maps		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662567		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	Show command for VE shows the operational state. But no reason is provided in the show command if the operational state is down.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Configure a VE and enable it but do not associated with a VLAN. VE in this case will be operational down but the reason why it was "operational down" could not be determined via show commands..		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662569		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	ping/traceroute commands may fail when issued using host name instead of IP address.		
<b>Condition:</b>	DNS lookups are done in the same VRF context as the application's (ping/traceroute) VRF context. So, the DNS lookup will fail if the DNS server is not reachable via the same VRF as the application VRF.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Provide DNS server which is reachable via the same VRF as the application's VRF (or)</li> <li>2. Use IP address instead of host name for ping/traceroute commands.</li> </ol>		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662574		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	Help strings for ping, traceroute and trace-l2 are all conform to the unified format. However, when these commands have options, their help strings don't conform to the unified format.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When options are specified for Ping, traceroute, and trace-l2 commands. For examples: ping google.com count traceroute google.com maxttl trace-l2 vlan 1		
<b>Workaround:</b>	No functional impact		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662698		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
<b>Symptom:</b>	OSPF stays in INIT state		
<b>Condition:</b>	Reload both MCT nodes when scale number is high		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662739		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	A VE can be configured even though it does not have a vlan association		
<b>Condition:</b>	Configuring a VE		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662750		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Syslog
<b>Symptom:</b>	switch does not send IPV6 syslog messages to external syslog server.		
<b>Condition:</b>	when syslog server is configured with both IPV6 IP and RFC-5424 format.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662794		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	Device is not able to accept user commands and displays "application communication failure".		
<b>Condition:</b>	This can happen in a rare case in which an user command is unable to complete and this prevents the device from accepting more commands.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	The device will time out and will reboot automatically for recovery.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000662840		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	On every bootup we can see below error message on console Failed :: register_for_publisher_notification failed from QOS client There is no functionality impact		
<b>Condition:</b>	During system boot up		
<b>Workaround:</b>	No functional impact		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663076		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	L2sysdd terminates unexpectedly on MCT peer with scaled system with 2000 VLANs advertised from CCEP client and 1900 of them are withdrawn.		
<b>Condition:</b>	L2sysd may terminate unexpectedly on MCT peer with scale configuration.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Reduce the scale configuration.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663241		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	CCR MAC shows under the local MAC count		
<b>Condition:</b>	CCR MACs synced from the peer using BGP-EVPN control plane on MCT node		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663247		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VXLAN - Virtual Extensible LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Virtual system MAC display under Ports/LIF/PW/ column		
<b>Condition:</b>	Virtual System MAC presence on system using VRRP etc.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663298		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Hardware Monitoring
<b>Symptom:</b>	Fan failure will not be displayed in 'show system monitor'.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Fan monitor state in 'show system monitor' will not change from healthy to marginal in case of any fan failure.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663349		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	User may hit traffic loss in MCT VLL scenarios.		
<b>Condition:</b>	If below sequence of triggered is tried in scale scenarios. Client-interface-shut->undeploy-> Deploy-> no client-interface-shut.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Deploy cluster after removing client interface shut.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Any further flap will recover from issue. Like: BD delete/add, Cluster deploy/no deploy.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663351		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Static Routing (IPv4)
<b>Symptom:</b>	Packets get fragmented even their sizes are smaller than the L3 MTU configured.		
<b>Condition:</b>	There are only three supported L3 MTU values: 1300, 1500, 9194. If the configured L3 MTU doesn't match one of the three values, the actual MTU programmed in HW will take one of the three values that is smaller than the configured one. For example, if configuring L3 MTU as 9100, the actual L3 MTU programmed in HW will be 1500. Any packets with sizes more than 1500 will be fragmented.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Configure the recommended MTU value		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663386		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Static Routing (IPv4)
<b>Symptom:</b>	Stale EVPN L3 routes are present in BGP RIB-IN Table, when overlay-gateway instance is removed.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Deleting overlay-gateway EVPN Instance configuration.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Trigger the "clear bgp evpn neighbor all" after removing the overlay-gateway configuration.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663489		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	Serial Number is not getting displayed in show cluster management detail.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This issue is seen always due to some application logical error.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	The serial number can still be seen from other command like "show chassis"		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663490		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Telemetry
<b>Symptom:</b>	The warning messages are displayed on device console . These warning messages are displayed from GRPC library and it will not have any impact on working of telemetry server operations.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When telemetry server is activated for the first time after device boot up.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663523		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Static Routing (IPv4)
<b>Symptom:</b>	CCEP physical main interface shows admin down state even though interface is UP		
<b>Condition:</b>	Adding interface as client interface under cluster		
<b>Workaround:</b>	perform no deploy/deploy under client		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663525		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	"show running-config all cluster" reports a default setting of "client-interfaces-shutdown" which is not correct.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When doing "show running-config all cluster"		
<b>Workaround:</b>	No work-around, No functional impact		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663580		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Static Routing (IPv4)
<b>Symptom:</b>	When there exist very high rate traffic and very low rate traffic together, the counter for the very low rate traffic increments very very slowly.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When there exist very high rate traffic and very low rate traffic together.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663667		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	When a large route-map consisting of several instances of match/set statements is added to BGP peer in and out(same route-map configured both for route-map in and route-map out) BGP daemon would terminate and cause the router to reload.		
<b>Condition:</b>	A large route-map consisting of several instances of match/set statement should be configured and added to BGP peer in and peer out		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663692		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	After the devices boots up, the user will see the dcmd.sh, ccmd.sh, and netstat defunct processes.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The defunct processes will show up when the user runs the "ps aux" command.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	None. They are not harmful and so the user can just ignore them.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663745		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	CFM connectivity failure is seen for UP MEP. when bridge-domain vc-mode is tagged and the main interface(physical or LAG) TPID is configured other than 0x8100,		
<b>Condition:</b>	<p>Configure Interface TPID other than default 0x8100</p> <p>Configure Logical interface under this main interface</p> <p>Bind logical interface to a bridge-domain.</p> <p>Configure pw-profile with vc-mode as tag.</p> <p>Bind pw-profile to the same bridge-domain.</p> <p>Configure CFM with Maintenance Association(MA) binded to the same main interface. Configure MEP with direction as UP within the MA.</p> <p>Remote MEP here would not be learnt leading to connectivity failure.</p>		
<b>Recovery:</b>	<p>Remove the vc-mode configuration in pw-profile to reset to default as raw mode.</p> <p>Another recovery is to remove the interface TPID so that it is reset to default of 0x8100.</p> <p>In both these scenarios, the CFM connectivity will be restored with Remote MEP learnt.</p>		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663929		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
<b>Symptom:</b>	This issue is seen with Multi-Hop ICL MCT topology and reloading inter-node router and HA Failover multiple times.		
<b>Condition:</b>	With this topology and also combination of Reload and HA Failover, some OSPF session will go down on the MCT nodes and also the MCT cluster will go down.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	<p>Identify the VE interfaces that are between MCT nodes and then on the inter-node MCT router, clear ARP entry for that IP address. Enter the following command after figuring out the Remote IP address on the MCT nodes as following :</p> <p>"clear arp ip 1.2.3.4 no-refresh"</p> <p>During failure, this command was executed and all OSPF session came up and also Cluster state and ll its clients came up.</p> <p>Second work around could be shut &amp; no shut command on the VE interface on the Inter-node Router.</p>		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663934		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Static Routing (IPv4)
<b>Symptom:</b>	User may experience the traffic loss for more than one minute on LACP LAG interfaces connected to another Switch.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When user shutdown the LACP Port-Channel interface connected another switch, the traffic loss would be seen.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	User can shutdown the Port-Channel members manually to get ride of traffic loss for more than minute.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000663937		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	User may hit traffic loss in MCT VLL scenarios.		
<b>Condition:</b>	HA failover will cause this issue in VLL scaled scenarios		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Any further flap will recover from issue. Like: BD delete/add, Cluster deploy/no deploy.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664059		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	LSP doesn't failover properly.		
<b>Condition:</b>	dynamic bypass ISP configuration has to be present		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Changing the MPLS interface to tagged VE		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664088		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	Traffic drop over MPLS tunnels.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Reload of the MPLS uplink line card multiple times may occasionally cause this issue.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Reload problematic line card(s).		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664170		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	Endpoint may be authenticated using older radius configured.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Client interface, configured with endpoint tracking, shutdown under cluster configuration can lead to issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664210		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	LDP - Label Distribution Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	LDP sessions will flap		
<b>Condition:</b>	With a configuration of Bridge Domain having multiple VC peers, flaps can be seen when any of the peer continuously receives unknown unicast traffic		
<b>Workaround:</b>	TM tuning can be done to limit unknown unicast traffic to workaround this issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664211		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Syslog
<b>Symptom:</b>	"show slot" indicates MM enabled but console log indicates MM is rebooting		
<b>Condition:</b>	The MM status is being updated at an earlier stage, during MM bootup.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	The MM state will eventually corrected once the MM fully boots up.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664212		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	"show mpls statistics tunnel rsvp destination " output is not clear. some fields are missing or messed up into other.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When this command is executed from console session, output may not be clear. The root cause is still unknown.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Use telnet session to see the output of this command		
<b>Recovery:</b>	There is no side effect of this issue		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664309		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VLL - Virtual Leased Line
<b>Symptom:</b>	VLL MACs will get learned incorrectly on VPLS BDs		
<b>Condition:</b>	Removing VLL peers will occasionally results VLL traffic MAC addresses to learn on wrong VPLS BDs		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clear mac will delete the wrongly learned mac.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664356		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	When bpdu-block is enabled, LACP is enabled on the port and STP packets are sent only in that case we see the mac learning. This has no functional issue.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This has no functional issue and seen in a specific condition. This will not cause any mis-forwarding or any functional issue.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Disabling STP on remote link will recover this issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664451		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Traffic Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Traffic Queueing and Scheduling
<b>Symptom:</b>	ARP flooding with high rate(1G) can cause CPU Protocol Queue Congestion. This could cause RSVP flap, Fix will be included in next release.		
<b>Condition:</b>	ARP flooding with high rate(1G) is unlikely user scenario.Workaround is to apply shaper if this issue happens.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664456		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	The command "write erase all" throws some errors while it is issued.		
<b>Condition:</b>	when issuing the command "write erase all".		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664459		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	Hardware Monitoring
<b>Symptom:</b>	The output of "show media" command shows wrong calculation for Aggregate TX power. This issue do not have any impact to functionality.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The user issues the command "show media".		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664491		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	Incorrect MAC address may briefly appear after HA failover at peer in the network. The traffic loop is extremely brief but it may cause misdelivery of a few packets. This causes the mac table to be incorrect for 30 minutes, though the traffic recovers within a few milliseconds.		
<b>Condition:</b>	MM HA failover or MPLS process restart with MPLS tunnels; unless LDP tunnels are used for transport and GR is enabled.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664496		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	slowpath MAC stays as CCR on MCT nodes		
<b>Condition:</b>	no deploy/deploy under client		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664497		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	Minor cosmetic issue in help. When user enters '?' or '<TAB>' after command 'ip access-list extended <acl-name>', help does not show '<cr>'. The command works as expected if user hits '<ENTER>'. Issue is only with help string.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When using IP ACL.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664545		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	MCT Tunnel client remote state show down		
<b>Condition:</b>	"clear bgp evpn neighbor" on spine on large scale in terms of EVPN VLAN/BD, client triggers this issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664551		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Deleting and re-adding ESI value under MCT client in cluster configuration. User will see BCM error message. Hard to reproduce. Reload the system to recover.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This problem has been observed only once and several attempts to reproduce it failed.		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664554		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	Relearning of MACs takes more time when all dynamics are cleared with high number of MACs learnt in the system like 32k MACs. There is no disruption to the traffic.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Executing the command "clear mac dynamic" to clear all MACs from the system.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	It is auto recovered within 4-5 mins.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664612		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	User may observe that dot1ag daemon may get blocked when significant number of SNMP notifications are triggered instantaneously for large number of CFM session, when the timeout interval parameter changes for these CFM sessions, from a higher timeout value to lower timeout value .		
<b>Condition:</b>	User may observe this issue when he is changing CCM interval for 300 or more sessions and timeout interval value from higher to lower.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Before changing the CCM interval, bring DOWN CFM sessions, followed by configuring the CCM timeout interval on both local and remote systems and then bring them UP.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664624		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	DoS (Denial of Service) protection
<b>Symptom:</b>	When Bridge Domain based Rate Limiting and ACL are applied on the same port, both Bridge Domain RL counter and ACL counter increment. Only ACL counter should increment.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When Bridge Domain RL and ACL are applied to the same port.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664627		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Prefix routes are not installed.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Prefix route sources are from MCT (IBGP) and non-MCT (EBGP) peer. When MPLS tunnel is brought down and IP reach ability is available. The prefix route from NON-MCT peers are not installed.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Shutdown the MCT Peer,there should not be any functionality impact as ICL down is down.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Shutdown the MCT Peer,there should not be any functionality impact as ICL down is down.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664673		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	One of the client state is shown as un-deploy.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Multiple deploy/no deploy done at both the MCT peers.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664676		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	several minutes traffic drops might be seen with a batch of remote VPLS MACs movement		
<b>Condition:</b>	The issue might be seen with over 5K remote VPLS MACs movement. The traffic drops will be recovered in 5 minutes.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664679		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	IP Addressing
<b>Symptom:</b>	Next hop IP address is displayed in wrong format in debug internal command. There is not functionality impact.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The regular user CLI command displayed in the correct format.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664710		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	l2sysd terminates unexpectedly and switch is reloaded.		
<b>Condition:</b>	With stress and scaled endpoint enabled scenarios if admin does "clear mac-address-table" multiple times		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664718		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	IP Addressing
<b>Symptom:</b>	MPLS ping and trace route will not work via L2 switch in between.		
<b>Condition:</b>	This is usability scenario; MPLS ping and traceroute will not work via L2 switch in between.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664774		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	BGP daemon would terminate and cause router to reload		
<b>Condition:</b>	BGP peer in/out route-maps where added/removed in a loop using a script.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664787		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Security
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	HTTP/HTTPS
<b>Symptom:</b>	Successful login information is not recorded under Audit log while login through NETCONF and HTTP		
<b>Condition:</b>	No login information logged to audit log while login through NETCONF and HTTP.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664790		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	Username is shown as default name "ADMIN" instead of the TACACS user name in audit log.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Configure TACACS server and authenticate via TACACS user. Do VLAN configuration and deletion through TACACS user Validate username under the audit log for the specific configuration		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664792		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	SSH/Telnet detail is updated as "console" instead of SSH/Telnet under Audit log if configuration changes is done by Tacacs user.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When a Tacacs user make configuration changes, SSH/Telnet details is not updated correctly under Audit log.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664794		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	In TACACS+, accounting log 'device type' will be shown as "unknown".		
<b>Condition:</b>	When REST or NETCONF query is issued, the TACACS+ accounting log will show device type as "unknown".		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664801		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Mcdsd daemon can terminate when the ICL connectivity between leaf nodes in a management cluster is toggled multiple times.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The ICL between leaf nodes in a management cluster is toggled multiple times.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664811		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	FEC resource exhaust error on console		
<b>Condition:</b>	when total number of CCEP LIFS presents in system exceeds 28k		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664817		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	BGP daemon would terminate and cause router to reload		
<b>Condition:</b>	Add/remove in/out route-map for all BGP peers in a loop using a script		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664819		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	BGP daemon would terminate and cause router to reload		
<b>Condition:</b>	BGP process restart is configured. Add/remove in/out route-map for all BGP peers in a loop using a script.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664821		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	1. LIF HW programming error messages shown on LP Console. 2. Traffic associated with the HW programming error LIFs will be dropped.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When the number of MCT LIF configured exceeds HW resource at a scaled configuration environment. The exact threshold depends on other feature that may also be using the same EED HW resource.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664825		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	After HA failover, BD MAC exists under "show mac-address-table" CLI though the PW is not operational		
<b>Condition:</b>	This will be observed after HA failover		
<b>Recovery:</b>	No impact to the traffic and the MAC will eventually get aged out.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664840		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Syslog
<b>Symptom:</b>	The VLAN id displayed in logs is the port default VLAN ID which is not matching with the VLAN ID in the packet		
<b>Condition:</b>	When interface is dual tagged and traffic coming on interface is single tagged traffic.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664849		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	Syslog messages are received with source IP as Chassis IP instead of the in-band. if we have chassis IP configured in the device.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Bring up the device and configure chassis IP. Configure in-band configuration through MGMT-VRF. Configure syslog server with in-band IP.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664851		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	SNMP traps are received with source ip as device Mgmt IP instead of the in-band mgmt ip when the in-band interface is in mgmt-vrf		
<b>Condition:</b>	Seen only when the in-band interface is in mgmt-vrf. No such issue exists for default-vrf and <user VRF>.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664867		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	'snmp-server enable trap' and its no command do not show up in show running-config		
<b>Condition:</b>	by default 'snmp-server enable trap' is enabled and it can be disabled by no form of its command. In both cases the command does not show in 'show running-config'		
<b>Workaround:</b>	'snmp-server enable trap' can be seen in the show command for default values i.e "show running-config all"		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664912		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	'show user' command won't show the correct role for the user.		
<b>Condition:</b>	When AAA authentication method is tacacs+ and REST query is issued, 'show user' won't show correct role for the user.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664923		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	May experience little delay while collecting SupportSave.		
<b>Condition:</b>	While collecting System Supportsave. it would be seen with scaled configuration.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664969		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	CLI - Command Line Interface
<b>Symptom:</b>	Error like "% Error: VRF does not exist & %Error: Given vrf is not configured." will be seen while doing config replay and could not retain the syslog related configuration with this user defined VRF.		
<b>Condition:</b>	1) Bring up the device and do the configuration as "logging syslog-server 5.5.5.1 use-vrf red", where "red" is the user defined VRF. and then copy the running configuration to remote server. 2) Copy default config to startup config and reload system 3) After reload and system is up and running do config replay by copying the config from remote server to switch.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664982		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Critical	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	BGP terminates unexpectedly while configure/modifying prefix-list, applied to IPv6 peer.		
<b>Condition:</b>	BGP terminates unexpectedly while configure/modifying prefix-list, applied to IPv6 peer.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Perform the reload system, if process restart is configured.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Perform the reload system, if process restart is configured.		



<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664985		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	After clearing BGP EVPN Neighbors, I am seeing DF discrepancy where is being elected in both the nodes for some of the VLANs and BD.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Seen on high VLAN/BD scale setup after executing multiple BGP EVPN clear command		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Remove and re-add VLAN under EVPN on both nodes		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664986		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	After clearing BGP EVPN neighbors VXLAN tunnel traffic sent out with zero DA MAC. This is seen rarely does not happen always. Need to reload the box to recover.		
<b>Condition:</b>	After clearing BGP EVPN neighbors VXLAN tunnel traffic sent out with zero DA MAC. This is seen rarely does not happen always.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664990		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	Console messages indicating encap failure appear on the standby console. During HA failover; even when LDP GR is enabled; there may be traffic loss until the correct hardware ids are reallocated.		
<b>Condition:</b>	LDP tunnel framework with dual MMs. Problem was seen during upgrade.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000664993		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	After clear BGP session, some of NHIDs are in down state which can cause MAC learning failure on those NHIDs. This can recovered by flapping the specific tunnel which has the issue		
<b>Condition:</b>	After clear BGP session, some of NHID are in down state which can cause MAC learning failure on those NHIDs. This can recovered by flapping the specific tunnel which has the issue		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665036		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	OSPF - IPv4 Open Shortest Path First
<b>Symptom:</b>	Ping is not working for MCT peer VE interface defined IP. OSPF is not coming up.		
<b>Condition:</b>	issue was reported first time and same issue existed from very early kernel EVPN support (VDX as well) - happens due to timing		
<b>Workaround:</b>	shut/no-shut interface to recover from this condition		
<b>Recovery:</b>	shut/no-shut interface to recover from this condition		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665046		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Configuration Fundamentals
<b>Symptom:</b>	While system is coming up, sometimes following error message is displayed: VERIFY - Failed expression: shmid != -1, file = sfmps_utils.c, line = 272, user mode args = 22 or following: VERIFY - Failed expression: SFMPS_OK == status, file = sfmps_pub.c, line = 88, user mode args = 4294967295		
<b>Condition:</b>	Sometimes, we don't generate unique keys used to created shared memory.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665081		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	While using IP Fabric, the cluster gateway MAC Address may not be correctly programmed in the Hardware . It has no functional impact.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Using IP Fabric with BGP-EVPN		
<b>Recovery:</b>	execute the below CLI commands in the following order : no evpn irb ve <ve-id> evpn irb ve <ve-id> cluster-gateway		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665159		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS Traffic Engineering
<b>Symptom:</b>	User may hit traffic drop on MPLS transit node.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Interface(Port-channel) flaps on mpls transit node.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clear arp for on mpls transit node for the problematic tunnel.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665171		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	VLAN - Virtual LAN
<b>Symptom:</b>	FFDC files get generated.		
<b>Condition:</b>	FFDC gets generated on LC		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665177		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Without a reboot, if cluster is reformed like more than 150 times, you see that the management cluster formation takes huge time. Initially after a reboot (1st time), cluster will form in 60 to 80 seconds, but after 150 iterations, the performance might degrade and go up to 6-7 mins.		
<b>Condition:</b>	The ICL should be continuously flapping without any reboots. Then we can hit this performance issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665183		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Low	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	Hardware Monitoring
<b>Symptom:</b>	Below bogus error messages may be displayed: "Ic faulty on slot ....." after issue "reload system powercycle".		
<b>Condition:</b>	Issuing "reload system powercycle". It is timing related. Sometimes it happens.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	No work-around needed as it doesn't affect functionality.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665195		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.1.01	<b>Technology:</b>	LAG - Link Aggregation Group
<b>Symptom:</b>	Port Mac Security violation will not occur after HA failover operation. Port Mac Security violation occurred and port is brought up with no shutdown command. After HA failover , violation will not occur even for violating traffic.		
<b>Condition:</b>	when admin up performed on Port Mac Security violated port. all flags related to PMS are set , but not synced to standby MM.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	perform shut and no shut on port under port mac security		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665215		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Its a negative scenario. During the cluster formation there should be some errors and it should rollback to its original state. During which MCDS forgets all the Tunnels discovered and hence conflicts would be seen.		
<b>Condition:</b>	ICL flaps during cluster formation can lead to this.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665218		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	"show mpls ldp fec vc <ID>" output repeats		
<b>Condition:</b>	Observed when LDP session was in Non-existent state, but the correlation between this bug and that condition is not verified.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665239		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Low
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	Some of the unrelated VE MAC addresses may not be present when one PO is flapped. Does not have any functional impact		
<b>Condition:</b>	This does not have any functional impact as the MAC will be relearnt and traffic will be normal.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665296		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Monitoring
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 17r.2.01	<b>Technology:</b>	OAM - Operations, Admin & Maintenance
<b>Symptom:</b>	User might observe that CFM sessions do not come up upon reload with MAs configured with Long MAID in scaled scenarios		
<b>Condition:</b>	Configure MEPs within MA that uses Long MAID. With Remote MEPs learnt, perform a reload. User will observe that the CFM remote MEPs would not be learnt after reload. This is typically seen with MA scale of 20 or more.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Remove and Configure back the MAs with Long MAID and the MEPs within.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665328		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	Medium	<b>Probability:</b>	High
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4+ - IPv6 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	Cluster-Gateway Remote MAC is not programmed.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Cluster-Gateway Remote MAC is not programmed.		
<b>Workaround:</b>	Configure allow-as to accept, prefix routes from LVTEP peer.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Configure allow-as to accept, prefix routes from LVTEP peer.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665403		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS Traffic Engineering
<b>Symptom:</b>	mplsd terminated and restarted,		
<b>Condition:</b>	High scale of FRR LSPs , combined with stressful events.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665422		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	VPLS or VLL traffic loss will be seen		
<b>Condition:</b>	HA failover will intermittently lead to this issue due to MPLS tunnel not programmed in the hardware		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clear arp will resolve the issue		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665424		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	VPLS BD learned unknown MAC addresses from remote peer		
<b>Condition:</b>	This issue will be seen intermittently when HA failover triggered after MPLS core uplink flap		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Clear wrongly learned MAC address to resolve the issue.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665430		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Management
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	SNMPWALK on OSPF MIB causes the switch to reload unexpectedly.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Configure OSPF area and basic SNMP. Do SNMPWALK under the table "ospfAreaTable".		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665489		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 3 Routing/Network Layer
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	BGP4 - IPv4 Border Gateway Protocol
<b>Symptom:</b>	L3 Traffic might be sent out on a wrong tunnel in EVPN/VxLAN scenario.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Sometimes when ?clear bgp evpn neighbor all? or "reload" is triggered on a peer router.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	clear bgp evpn neighbor all		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665493		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	MPLS
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MPLS VPLS - Virtual Private LAN Services
<b>Symptom:</b>	In stress scenarios, this may show as MAC out of sync in MM and LC but has no functional impact as traffic gets forwarded normally.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Seen in stress scenarios and has no impact on forwarding of traffic.		

<b>Defect ID:</b>	DEFECT000665494		
<b>Technical Severity:</b>	High	<b>Probability:</b>	Medium
<b>Product:</b>	Brocade SLX-OS	<b>Technology Group:</b>	Layer 2 Switching
<b>Reported In Release:</b>	SLXOS 18r.1.00	<b>Technology:</b>	MCT - Multi-Chassis Trunking
<b>Symptom:</b>	Cluster management is in a degraded state after removing and adding back an EVPN instance on one cluster peer.		
<b>Condition:</b>	Removing and adding back an EVPN instance on one cluster peer.		
<b>Recovery:</b>	Execute "clear bgp evpn neighbor <neighbor ip address>" on degraded leaf node to reform the management cluster.		