

# Extreme SLX-OS Software Upgrade Guide, 18r.1.00a

Supporting the ExtremeRouting SLX 9850 and ExtremeSwitching 9540 Devices

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## **Preface**

•	Conventions
	Documentation and Training
•	Getting Help
•	Providing Feedback to Us

This section discusses the conventions used in this guide, ways to provide feedback, additional help, and other Extreme Networks publications.

### Conventions

This section discusses the conventions used in this guide.

### Notes, cautions, and warnings

Notes, cautions, and warning statements may be used in this document. They are listed in the order of increasing severity of potential hazards.

#### NOTE

A Note provides a tip, guidance, or advice, emphasizes important information, or provides a reference to related information.

#### ATTENTION

An Attention statement indicates a stronger note, for example, to alert you when traffic might be interrupted or the device might reboot.



#### **CAUTION**

A Caution statement alerts you to situations that can be potentially hazardous to you or cause damage to hardware, firmware, software, or data.



#### **DANGER**

A Danger statement indicates conditions or situations that can be potentially lethal or extremely hazardous to you. Safety labels are also attached directly to products to warn of these conditions or situations.

### Text formatting conventions

Text formatting conventions such as boldface, italic, or Courier font may be used to highlight specific words or phrases.

Format	Description
<b>bold</b> text	Identifies command names.
	Identifies keywords and operands.
	Identifies the names of GUI elements.
	Identifies text to enter in the GUI.
italic text	Identifies emphasis.
	Identifies variables.
	Identifies document titles.

Format Description

Courier font Identifies CLI output.

Identifies command syntax examples.

### Command syntax conventions

Bold and italic text identify command syntax components. Delimiters and operators define groupings of parameters and their logical relationships.

Convention	Description
bold text	Identifies command names, keywords, and command options.
italic text	Identifies a variable.
[]	Syntax components displayed within square brackets are optional.
	Default responses to system prompts are enclosed in square brackets.
{ x   y   z }	A choice of required parameters is enclosed in curly brackets separated by vertical bars. You must select one of the options.
x   y	A vertical bar separates mutually exclusive elements.
<>	Nonprinting characters, for example, passwords, are enclosed in angle brackets.
	Repeat the previous element, for example, member[member].
\	Indicates a "soft" line break in command examples. If a backslash separates two lines of a command input, enter the entire command at the prompt without the backslash.

## **Documentation and Training**

To find Extreme Networks product guides, visit our documentation pages at:

Current Product Documentation www.extremenetworks.com/documentation/

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legacy products)

Release Notes www.extremenetworks.com/support/release-notes

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## **Getting Help**

If you require assistance, contact Extreme Networks using one of the following methods:

- GTAC (Global Technical Assistance Center) for Immediate Support
  - Phone: 1-800-998-2408 (toll-free in U.S. and Canada) or +1 408-579-2826. For the support phone number in your country, visit: www.extremenetworks.com/support/contact
  - Email: support@extremenetworks.com. To expedite your message, enter the product name or model number in the subject line
- Extreme Portal Search the GTAC knowledge base, manage support cases and service contracts, download software, and
  obtain product licensing, training, and certifications.
- The Hub A forum for Extreme Networks customers to connect with one another, answer questions, and share ideas and feedback. This community is monitored by Extreme Networks employees, but is not intended to replace specific guidance from GTAC.

Before contacting Extreme Networks for technical support, have the following information ready:

- · Your Extreme Networks service contract number and/or serial numbers for all involved Extreme Networks products
- · A description of the failure
- · A description of any action(s) already taken to resolve the problem
- A description of your network environment (such as layout, cable type, other relevant environmental information)
- Network load at the time of trouble (if known)
- The device history (for example, if you have returned the device before, or if this is a recurring problem)
- Any related RMA (Return Material Authorization) numbers

### Subscribing to Service Notifications

You can subscribe to email notifications for product and software release announcements, Vulnerability Notices, and Service Notifications.

- 1. Go to www.extremenetworks.com/support/service-notification-form.
- 2. Complete the form with your information (all fields are required).
- 3. Select the products for which you would like to receive notifications.

#### NOTE

You can modify your product selections or unsubscribe at any time.

4. Click Submit.

## Providing Feedback to Us

Quality is our first concern at Extreme Networks, and we have made every effort to ensure the accuracy and completeness of this document. We are always striving to improve our documentation and help you work better, so we want to hear from you! We welcome all feedback but especially want to know about:

- Content errors or confusing or conflicting information.
- Ideas for improvements to our documentation so you can find the information you need faster.

• Broken links or usability issues.

If you would like to provide feedback to the Extreme Networks Information Development team, you can do so in two ways:

- Use our short online feedback form at https://www.extremenetworks.com/documentation-feedback/.
- Email us at documentation@extremenetworks.com.

Please provide the publication title, part number, and as much detail as possible, including the topic heading and page number if applicable, as well as your suggestions for improvement.

## **About This Document**

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### What's new in this document

On October 30, 2017, Extreme Networks, Inc. acquired the data center networking business from Brocade Communications Systems, Inc. This document has been updated to remove or replace references to Brocade Communications, Inc. with Extreme Networks., Inc., as appropriate.

"Brocade Communications, Inc." was replaced with "Extreme Networks., Inc." in the **show version** command output in the "Obtaining the firmware version" section.

This document is released with Extreme SLX OS 18r.1.00a.

For complete release information, refer to the SLX OS Release Notes.

#### **TABLE 1** Additional changes

Feature	Description	Described in
Firmware download CLI through USB	Added note on decompressing firmware in the Obtaining and decompressing firmware section.	Installing and Maintaining Firmware
	Added note on downloading firmware through USB3.0 in the Downloading firmware from a USB device section.	
	Added note on USB-based firmware upgrade from SLX-OS 17r.1.01b in the Upgrading to 64-bit systems section.	

## Supported hardware and software

In those instances in which procedures or parts of procedures documented here apply to some devices but not to others, this guide identifies exactly which devices are supported and which are not.

Although many different software and hardware configurations are tested and supported by this release, documenting all possible configurations and scenarios is beyond the scope of this document.

The following hardware platforms are supported by this release:

- ExtremeRouting SLX 9850-4 router
- ExtremeRouting SLX 9850-8 router
- ExtremeSwitching SLX 9540 switch

To obtain information about other releases, refer to the documentation specific to that release.

### Interface module capabilities

The following table lists the supported capabilities for the following SLX 9850 interface modules:

- BR-SLX9850-10Gx72S-M
- BR-SLX9850-100Gx36CQ-M

- BR-SLX9850-10Gx72S-D
- BR-SLX9850-100Gx36CQ-D
- BR-SLX9850-100Gx12CQ-M

#### TABLE 2 SLX 9850 interface modules capabilities

Capability	Modular interface module
MPLS	Yes
Packet buffer memory per interface module	12GB (BR-SLX9850-10Gx72S-M)
	36GB (BR-SLX9850-100Gx36CQ-M)
	8GB (BR-SLX9850-10Gx72S-D)
	24GB (BR-SLX9850-100Gx36CQ-D)
	8GB (BR-SLX9850-100Gx12CQ-M)

# Installing and Maintaining Firmware

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## Firmware management overview

Extreme firmware upgrades consist of multiple firmware packages listed in a .plist file. The .plist file contains specific firmware information (time stamp, platform code, version, and so on) and the names of the firmware packages to be downloaded. These packages are made available periodically to add features or to remedy defects in the firmware. In SLX-OS, the firmware upgrade is performed incrementally. The **firmware download** command compares the new firmware packages against the current installation and only downloads the packages that contain new features or have been modified.

You can download the firmware from a remote server by means of the File Transfer Protocol (FTP), SSH File Transfer Protocol (SFTP), Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP), or Secure Copy Protocol (SCP). If you want to download firmware from a remote server, you must connect the management Ethernet port of the router to the server. In a modular chassis, both management Ethernet ports must be connected. Downloading from an Extreme proprietary USB drive is also supported.

If a firmware download session is interrupted by an unexpected reboot, SLX-OS attempts to recover the previously installed firmware. Success depends on the state of the firmware download. You must wait for the recovery to complete before initiating another firmware download.

### Preserving the configuration

To preserve the configurations, back up the configuration using the **copy running-config** *filename* command before the firmware download. After the upgrade is completed, run the **copy** *filename* **running-config** command.

## Automatic firmware synchronization

When you replace or insert a second management module into a chassis, the active management module automatically synchronizes the hot-plugged standby management module with the same firmware version. The standby management module restarts with the upgraded firmware. The automatic firmware synchronization takes place only if all of the following conditions are met:

- The standby management module is inserted while the chassis is already up (hot-plugged insert).
- There was no firmware download process running when the standby management module was inserted.
- The active and standby firmware versions must be different.

#### NOTE

Automatic firmware synchronization is intrinsic to SLX-OS and no corresponding **enable** or **disable** commands are associated with automatic firmware synchronization. As a result, the automatic firmware synchronization cannot be disabled.

## Connecting to the device

When you upgrade firmware in default mode, you connect to the device through the management IP address.

Use the **show system** command to display the management IP address for the chassis.

```
device# show system
                              : 60:9c:9f:b0:92:00
Stack MAC
  -- UNIT 0 --
Unit Name
                             : cedar-spine-2
                             : 32
Ethernet Port(s)
                             : up 17 days 0:33
Up Time
Current Time
                             : 23:20:38 GMT
SLX-OS Version
                             : 17s.1.0017s.1.00 bld63
Jumbo Capable
                             : yes
                             : 60:9C:9F:B0:93:1A
Burned In MAC
Management IP
                             : 10.20.234.119 <- Chassis Management IP address
Management Port Status
  -- Power Supplies --
PS1 is faulty
PS2 is OK
  -- Fan Status --
Fan 1 is Ok, speed is 6409 RPM
Fan 2 is Ok, speed is 6225 RPM
Fan 3 is Ok, speed is 6225 RPM
Fan 4 is Ok, speed is 6409 RPM
Fan 5 is Ok, speed is 6409 RPM
Fan 6 is Ok, speed is 6409 RPM
```

#### NOTE

You must configure the gateway and default route that is pointing to the management interface within the management VRF and address-family unicast context.

## Upgrading considerations and restrictions

Consider the following when upgrading your firmware version:

- Upgrading SLX-OS is automatically allowed because the Telnet server and SSH server status are enabled by default.
- Upgrading SLX-OS is a disruptive event and reboots the device.

## Prerequisites for firmware download

To prepare for a firmware download, perform the following tasks. In the unlikely event of a failure or timeout, you will be able to provide your router support provider the information required to troubleshoot the firmware download.

- 1. Verify the current firmware version. Refer to Obtaining the firmware version on page 13.
- 2. Download the firmware package from the Extreme website to an FTP server.
- 3. Decompress the firmware archive. Refer to Obtaining and decompressing firmware on page 13.
- 4. Decide on a migration path. Check the connected devices to ensure firmware compatibility. Refer to the "SLX-OS Compatibility" section of the SLX-OS Release Notes for the recommended firmware version.
- 5. In a modular system, if you are to download firmware from a file server, verify that the management ports on both MMs are connected to the firmware file server.

- 6. Back up your router configuration using the copy running-config filename command before the firmware download.
- 7. For additional support, connect the router to a computer with a serial console cable. Ensure that all serial consoles and any open network connection sessions, such as Telnet, are logged and included with any trouble reports.
- 8. Enter the **copy support** command to collect all current core files prior to executing the firmware download. This information helps to troubleshoot the firmware download process in the event of a problem. Once the **copy support** command is issued collects the files, you can use the **clear support** command to remove the files from the list.
- 9. Enter the clear logging raslog command to erase all existing messages in addition to internal messages.

## Obtaining the firmware version

Enter the show version command to obtain the firmware version for both primary and secondary partitions of each module.

## Obtaining and decompressing firmware

Firmware upgrades are available for customers with support service contracts and for partners on the Extreme Networks website at www.extremenetworks.com.

You must download the firmware package to the protocol variant server, such as FTP or SCP, and decompress the package *before* you can use the **firmware download** command to upgrade the firmware on your equipment.

#### NOTE

Extreme recommends 7zip or WinRAR to decompress the SLX-OS tar file

You may also download the firmware from a USB drive using the firmware download usb command.

When you unpack the downloaded firmware, it expands into a directory that is named according to the firmware version. When issued with the path to the directory where the firmware is stored, the **firmware download** command performs an automatic search for the correct package file type associated with the device.

The following firmware download command options are available:

- coldboot: Downloads the firmware to the system and reboots the device.
- default-config: Removes all configuration and is similar to an initial installation and configuration.

- fullinstall: Downloads a larger file selection to cover the differences between 32-bit and 64-bit firmware when upgrading or downgrading the device.
- usb: Downloads the firmware to the system without activating it, so the device is not automatically rebooted.

Refer to the Extreme SLX-OS Command Reference for complete information on all of the available options for the firmware download command.

#### NOTE

To be able to address the FTP or SCP server by its name, ensure that a Domain Name System (DNS) entry is established for

#### NOTE

SLX-OS does not support the use of special characters (such as &, !, %, or #) in FTP, TFTP, SFTP, or SCP passwords. If your password contains special characters, the download fails.

### Standard method for downloading firmware

The firmware download command has several options for downloading firmware for your device that help control the process. For complete information on the firmware download command options, refer to the Extreme SLX-OS Command Reference.

By default, if you enter the firmware download command without any options, the command invokes ISSU to upgrade the entire system. ISSU involves a High Availability failover of the active management module and is non-disruptive. In contrast, both the coldboot and default-config options involve system reboots and are disruptive to traffic.

If the firmware download command is interrupted because of an unexpected reboot, such as the result of a software error or power failure, the command automatically recovers the corrupted secondary partition. Wait for the recovery to complete before beginning another firmware download.

The follow example shows a typical firmware download:

```
device# firmware download ftp directory /slxos/17r.1.00 host 10.31.2.27 user releaseuser password
releaseuser
Performing system sanity check...
This command will use the ISSU protocol to upgrade the system. It will cause a WARM reboot and will require
that existing telnet, secure telnet or SSH sessions be restarted.
Do you want to continue? [y/n]y
```

Once the process completes, log in to the device and enter the show version command. Both partitions on the device or on the modules should contain the new firmware.

```
device# show version
SLX-OS Operating System Software
SLX-OS Operating System Version: 17r.1.00
Copyright (c) 1995-2017 Extreme Networks, Inc.
Firmware name:
                   17r.1.0017r.1.00
Build Time:
                    21:24:13 Mar 7, 2017
                   21:46:10 Mar 9, 2017
Install Time:
Kernel:
                    2.6.34.6
Host Version:
                   Ubuntu 14.04 LTS
                   Linux 3.14.17
Host Kernel:
Control Processor:
                   QEMU Virtual CPU version 2.0.0
                16days 23hrs 48mins 7secs
System Uptime:
Slot
                Primary/Secondary Versions
                                                                   Status
       Name
```

```
SW/0 SLX-OS 17r.1.0017r.1.00 ACTIVE*
```

### Downloading firmware using the default-config option

The **firmware download default-config** command allows you to download new firmware onto the router, clean up the configuration, and then force the router to perform a cold reboot.

This option is useful to prevent issues caused by incompatible configurations between the old and the new firmware.



#### CAUTION

When you use firmware download default-config, traffic is disrupted and the configuration is lost. You must save the configuration information before you execute the command and then restore it afterwards.

1. Download the firmware from the source directory with the default-config option.

```
device# firmware download default-config ftp host 10.xx.xx.3 user fvt password pray4green directory dist

Performing system sanity check...

This command will set the configuration to default.

This command will cause Cold reboot on both psrtitionss at the same time and will require that existing telnet, secure telnet or SSH sessions be restarted.

Do you want to continue? [y/n]: y
```

- 2. Log back into the device.
- 3. Enter the **firmware commit** command to commit the new firmware. If you entered **y** after the prompt, the device will commit the firmware automatically upon booting up.

```
device# firmware commit
Validating primary partition...
Doing firmwarecommit now.
Please wait ...
Replicating kernel image
..........
FirmwareCommit completes successfully.
```

4. Enter the **show version** command. Both partitions on the device or on the modules should contain the new firmware.

```
device# show version
SLX-OS Operating System Software
SLX-OS Operating System Version: 17s.1.00
Copyright (c) 1995-2017 Extreme Networks, Inc.
Firmware name: 17s.1.0017s.1.00
Build Time: 21:24:13 Mar 7, 2017
              21:46:10 Mar 9, 2017
2.6.34.6
Install Time:
Kernel:
Host Version: Ubuntu 14.04 LTS
Host Kernel:
                   Linux 3.14.17
Control Processor: QEMU Virtual CPU version 2.0.0
System Uptime: 16days 23hrs 48mins 7secs
              Primary/Secondary Versions
Slot
       Name
                                                                    Status
SW/0 SLX-OS 17s.1.0017s.1.00
                                                                    ACTIVE*
                17s.1.0017s.1.00
```

### Downloading firmware using the coldboot option

The **coldboot** option of the **firmware download** command allows you to download new firmware onto a device and forces the device to perform a cold reboot. For complete information on the **firmware download** command options, refer to the *Extreme SLX-OS Command Reference*.

After the firmware completes downloading, the device reboots. This ensures that both partitions reboot with the same firmware, and prevents any firmware compatibility issues that may exist between the old and the new firmware.



#### **CAUTION**

When you use firmware download coldboot, traffic is disrupted and the configuration is lost. You must save the configuration information before you execute the command and then restore it afterwards.

1. Download the firmware from the source directory with the **coldboot** option.

```
device# firmware download coldboot ftp host 10.xx.xx.3 user fvt password pray4green directory dist Performing system sanity check...
This command will set the configuration to default.
This command will cause Cold reboot on both psrtitionss at the same time and will require that existing telnet, secure telnet or SSH sessions be restarted.

Do you want to continue? [y/n]: y
```

- 2. Log back into the device.
- 3. Enter the **firmware commit** command to commit the new firmware. If you entered **y** after the prompt, the device will commit the firmware automatically upon booting up.

```
device# firmware commit
Validating primary partition...
Doing firmwarecommit now.
Please wait ...
Replicating kernel image
..........
FirmwareCommit completes successfully.
```

4. Enter the **show version** command. Both partitions on the device or on the modules should contain the new firmware.

```
device# show version
SLX-OS Operating System Software
SLX-OS Operating System Version: 17s.1.00
Copyright (c) 1995-2017 Extreme Networks, Inc.
                  17s.1.0017s.1.00
Firmware name:
                  21:24:13 Mar 7, 2017
21:46:10 Mar 9, 2017
Build Time:
Install Time:
                  2.6.34.6
Kernel:
Host Version:
                  Ubuntu 14.04 LTS
Host Kernel:
                  Linux 3.14.17
Control Processor: QEMU Virtual CPU version 2.0.0
System Uptime: 16days 23hrs 48mins 7secs
Slot
              Primary/Secondary Versions
       Name
                                                                Status
                                  _____
SW/0
       SLX-OS 17s.1.0017s.1.00
                                                                ACTIVE*
               17s.1.0017s.1.00
```

### Downloading firmware from a USB device

Extreme Network devices support firmware download from a USB device. Before you can access the USB device, you must enable the device and mount it as a file system. The firmware images to be downloaded must be stored in the factory-configured firmware directory. Multiple images can be stored under this directory.

#### NOTE

USB3.0 used for firmware download can be in VFAT or EXT4 format

- 1. Ensure that the USB device is connected to the device.
- 2. Enter the **usb on** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
device# usb on
Trying to enable USB device. Please wait...
USB storage enabled
```

3. Enter the usb dir command. In this sample output, the "SLX-OS\_vX.X.X" refers to the current version number.

```
device# usb dir
firmwarekey\ 0B 2016 Dec 15 15:13
support\ 106MB 2016 Dec 24 05:36
config\ 0B 2016 Dec 15 15:13
firmware\ 380MB 2016 Dec 15 15:13
SIX-OS_vX.X.X\ 379MB 2016 Dec 15 15:31
Available space on usbstorage 74%
```

4. Enter the **firmware download usb** command followed by the relative path to the firmware directory, where the "SLX-OS\_vX.X.X" refers to the current version number.

```
device# firmware download usb directory SLX-OS vX.X.X
```

5. Enter the usb off command to unmount the USB storage device for safe removal.

```
device# usb off
Trying to disable USB device. Please wait...
USB storage disabled.
```

### Upgrading to 64-bit systems

SLX-OS supports a limited range of 32-bit and 64-bit hardware. This task downloads a larger file selection to cover the differences between 32-bit and 64-bit firmware when upgrading or downgrading the device.

For complete information on the firmware download command options, refer to the Extreme SLX-OS Command Reference.

#### NOTE

USB-based firmware upgrade from SLX-OS 17r.1.01b (32-bit) to SLX-OS 17r.2.01 (64-bit) or later is supported with the fullinstall option.

1. Download the firmware from the source directory with the **fullinstall** option.

```
device# firmware download fullinstall ftp user releaseuser password releaseuser file release.plist host 192.168.1.100 directory /release/SLX_17r.2.01 /dist Performing system sanity check...
```

You are running firmware download on dual MM system with 'fullinstall' option.

This command will preserve startup-config and license across Firmware download but will require manual re-play of configuration once after User verifies if configurations are compatibile to the new image. Manual replay of configs could be achieved using 'copy flash://startup-config running-config' command or 'copy <file> running-config' command.

This command will cause a cold/disruptive reboot and will require that existing telnet, secure telnet or SSH sessions be restarted.

Do you want to continue? [y/n]:

- 2. Log back into the device. The **fullinstall** option retains the startup configuration file, and upon the automatic reboot of the device, the startup configuration file is reloaded automatically.
- 3. Enter the **show version** command. Both partitions on the device or on the modules should contain the new firmware.

## Peripheral firmware upgrades

Some device peripherals can have their firmware upgraded through a Linux shell.

### SLX 9850 fpga upgrade

This procedure updates the fpga (Field Programmable Gate Array) flash with the latest image from the installation package.

1. After the device boots, log in to a Linux shell using the **start-shell**.

```
device# start-shell
```

- 2. Check the FPGA version. If FPGA version is not latest then use following example to upgrade it.
  - # fpga version
- 3. Use the **sysfpga\_upgrade** help command to display the upgrade options and execute the **sysfpga\_upgrade** <option> command, where the option is selected from the list below.

```
# sysfpga_upgrade help
          to upgrade sysfpga on local MM card to the latest image file:
          sysfpga upgrade mm
   to upgrade sysfpga on a remote F4 LC lc1/lc2/lc3/lc4 card to the latest image file:
          sysfpga_upgrade lc1
          sysfpga upgrade 1c2
          sysfpga upgrade 1c3
          sysfpga_upgrade lc4
   to upgrade sysfpga on a remote F8 LC lc1/lc2/../lc8 card to the latest image file:
          sysfpga_upgrade lc1
          sysfpga upgrade 1c2
          sysfpga_upgrade lc8
   to upgrade sysfpga on a remote SFM s1/s2/.../s6 card to the latest image file:
          sysfpga_upgrade s1
          sysfpga upgrade s2
          sysfpga_upgrade s6
   to upgrade entire chassis fpga:
          sysfpga upgrade all
   to retrieve chassis/slot/fpga info:
          sysfpga upgrade show
   to get help:
          sysfpga_upgrade help
```

4. Optional: Upgrade the FPGA firmware for the linecard (LC) using the sysfpga\_upgrade lc<slot#> command.

The range of valid slot values is from 1 through 4 for the SLX 9850-4.

The range of valid slot values is from 1 through 8 for the SLX 9850-8.

For example:

```
# sysfpga_upgrade lc3
```

 Optional: On the active MM, upgrade the FPGA firmware for the Switch Fabric Module (SFM) using the sysfpga\_upgrade sfm<slot#> command.

The range of valid slot values is from 1 through 4 for the SLX 9850-4.

The range of valid slot values is from 1 through 8 for the SLX 9850-8.

For example:

```
# sysfpga upgrade sfm3
```

- 6. Once the FPGA upgrade is complete, issue the exit command to return to the privileged EXEC mode prompt.
- 7. Reboot the chassis with the **reload system powercycle** command.

```
device# reload system powercycle
```

8. Once the chassis reboots, verify the FPGA version using the **oscmd fpga version** command to ensure the version is correct. For additional information, refer to the *FPGA version mismatch correction* topic.

device# oscmd fpga version

#### FPGA version mismatch correction

Checks the FPGA versions on the SLX 9850 hardware family.

A version mismatch between FPGA applications and hardware results in system failure and continuous reboot on every module initialization failure. This procedure corrects FPGA version mismatch issues.

#### NOTE

Extreme Networks recommends that you confirm the FPGA version after doing an upgrade or downgrade between firmware releases.

1. Execute the **oscmd FPGA version** command. Verify that the dates shown in the "Version" column match the dates shown in the "Latest Version" column.

device# oscmd fpga version				
Blade	Version	Туре	Latest Version	 
MM1	08/25/2016(52)	2001	8/25/2016	 
MM2	08/25/2016(52)	2001	8/25/2016	 
LC1	08/30/2016(54)	2017	8/30/2016	
LC2	08/30/2016(54)	2017	8/30/2016	<b>,</b>
LC3	Vacant	N/A	N/A	<b>,</b>
LC4	Vacant	N/A	N/A	r    -
LC5	Vacant	N/A	N/A	 
LC6	Vacant	N/A	N/A	
LC7	Vacant	N/A	N/A	-   <del> </del>
LC8	Vacant	N/A	N/A	 
SFM1	05/25/2016(48)	N/A	8/04/2016	<=====Example here
SFM2	08/04/2016(50)	N/A	8/04/2016	 
SFM3	08/04/2016(50)	N/A	8/04/2016	 
SFM4	08/04/2016(50)	N/A	8/04/2016	 
SFM5	08/04/2016(50)	N/A	8/04/2016	    -
SFM6	Vacant	N/A	N/A 	 <del> </del>
	•	•	•	•

- 2. If the versions do not match, log into the SLX via the SSH or serial console as an administrator.
- 3. Execute the start-shell command.

4. Perform the steps in the SLX-9850 fpga upgrade section. Execute the **sysfpga\_upgrade <option>** command, where the option is selected from the list below.

```
# sysfpga upgrade help
  to upgrade sysfpga on local MM card to the latest image file:
          sysfpga upgrade mm
   to upgrade sysfpga on a remote F4 LC lc1/lc2/lc3/lc4 card to the latest image file:
          sysfpga upgrade lc1
          sysfpga_upgrade lc2
          sysfpga_upgrade 1c3
          sysfpga upgrade 1c4
   to upgrade sysfpga on a remote F8 LC lc1/lc2/../lc8 card to the latest image file:
          sysfpga upgrade lc1
          sysfpga_upgrade 1c2
          sysfpga upgrade 1c8
   to upgrade sysfpga on a remote SFM s1/s2/.../s6 card to the latest image file:
          sysfpga upgrade s1
          sysfpga_upgrade s2
          sysfpga upgrade s6
   to upgrade entire chassis fpga:
          sysfpga_upgrade all
   to retrieve chassis/slot/fpga info:
          sysfpga upgrade show
   to get help:
          sysfpga upgrade help
```

- 5. Once the FPGA upgrade is complete, issue the exit command to return to the privileged EXEC mode prompt.
- 6. Execute the **reload system powercycle** command to reboot the device.

7. Once the chassis is back online, connect and execute the **oscmd FPGA version** command. Verify that the dates shown in the "Version" column match the dates shown in the "Latest Version" column.

device# oscmd fpga version			
Blade	Version	Type	Latest Version
MM1	08/25/2016(52)	2001	8/25/2016
MM2	08/25/2016(52)	2001	8/25/2016
LC1	08/30/2016(54)	2017	8/30/2016
LC2	08/30/2016(54)	2017	8/30/2016
LC3	Vacant	N/A	N/A
LC4	Vacant	N/A	N/A
LC5	Vacant	N/A	N/A
LC6	Vacant	N/A	N/A
LC7	Vacant	N/A	N/A
LC8	Vacant	N/A	N/A
SFM1	08/04/2016(50)	N/A	8/04/2016
SFM2	08/04/2016(50)	N/A	8/04/2016
SFM3	08/04/2016(50)	N/A	8/04/2016
SFM4	08/04/2016(50)	N/A	8/04/2016
SFM5	08/04/2016(50)	N/A	8/04/2016
SFM6	Vacant	N/A	N/A
T	T		T

### SLX 9540 fpga upgrade

This procedure updates the fpga (Field Programmable Gate Array) flash with the latest image from the installation package.

1. Confirm the peripheral firmware requires an upgrade using the **show firmware peripheral fpga** command. If the dates are not identical, the firmware must be upgraded.

device# show firmware peripheral fpga

Type	Current Version	Latest Version Availalble
sysfpga	02/09/2017(92)	02/09/2017(92)

2. Update the firmware using the **firmware peripheral-update fpga** command.

3. Reboot the device using the reload system command.

```
device# reload system
```

### SLX 9540 CPLD image upgrade

Updates the Complex Programmable Logic Device (CPLD) flash with the latest image from the installation package.

1. Confirm the peripheral firmware requires an upgrade with the **show firmware peripheral cpld** command. If the dates are not identical, the firmware must be upgraded.

de	vice# show :	firmware peripheral cp	ld
	Туре	Version	Latest Version
į	cpld0	09/25/2016(92)	9/26/2016(92)
	cpld1	09/25/2016(92)	8/26/2016(92)

2. Update the firmware with the firmware peripheral-update cpld command. Both units are upgraded automatically.

3. Reboot the device with the **reload system** command.

```
device# reload system
```

4. Confirm the units were upgraded with the show firmware peripheral cpld command. The dates should be identical.

device# show firmware peripheral cpld		
++		
Type	Current Version	Latest Version
CPLD0	02/09/2017(92)	
CPLD1	02/09/2017(92)	02/09/2017(92)

## Downgrading considerations and restrictions

Consider the following when downgrading your firmware version:

- If a feature is new for the current version of your firmware, it does not function if you downgrade your firmware version.
- · Firmware downgrades to previous versions are prohibited when security parameters are configured for HTTPS support.
- CFM configurations are not compatible with versions prior to SLXR 17r.2.01.
- If you are downgrading from a 64-bit to a 32-bit system, use the **fullinstall** option when you execute the **firmware download** command.

- Before downgrading to a version that doesn't support RADIUS accounting, both login and command accounting must be disabled.
- Before downgrading to a version that doesn't support RADIUS accounting, the source interface for the RADIUS configuration must be removed.

Always refer to the release notes for compatibility information and take note of restrictions that may exist regarding upgrades and downgrades under particular circumstances.

# **SLX-OS Capabilities**

## Viewing software capabilities

To display information about the software capabilities, enter the **show license** command. The command output displays the currently installed licenses for Extreme SLX-OS.

device# show license Slot 1 Port Upgrade license Feature name: PORT 100G 40G UPGRADE Capacity:  $30 \times 100 \text{G}$  or  $50 \times 40 \text{G}$ License is Node-Lock and valid xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx MPLS license Feature name: MPLS License is Node-Lock and valid Slot 2 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Port Upgrade license Feature name: PORT 10G UPGRADE Capacity: 36x10G License is Node-Lock and valid